STATISTICS OF WOMEN AT WORK, BASED ON UNPUBLISHED INFORMATION DERIVED FROM THE SCHEDULES OF THE 12TH CENSUS, 1900

UNITED STATES. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

S. N. D. NORTH, DIRECTOR

STATISTICS OF WOMEN AT WORK

BASED ON UNPUBLISHED INFORMATION DERIVED FROM THE SCHEDULES OF THE TWELFTH CENSUS: 1900

WASHINGTON

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LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR,
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS,
Washington, D. C., May 20, 1907.

SIR:

I have the honor to transmit herewith a report on Women at Work, presenting statistics of the women 16 years of age and over reported at the Twelfth Census as having a gainful occupation. This report was prepared under the supervision of Dr. Joseph A. Hill, chief of the division of revision and results. It is based mainly upon unpublished data compiled from the Census schedules, and its preparation was undertaken in the belief that these data, already in the possession of the Census Office and only partially exploited in the previous Census reports, contained information of great importance, which could be secured in equal completeness only through another census covering the entire population of the United States.

The importance of the subject with which the report deals has been emphasized in the annual messages of the President of the United States and also by the passage at the recent session of Congress of an act providing for a special investigation of the industrial, social, moral, educational, and physical condition of women and child workers in the United States. It was evident, however, that the scope of this proposed investigation would be quite distinct from that of the statistical inquiries conducted by the Census. Among the topics to be covered by that investigation the act referred to specifies the hours of labor, term of employment, health, sanitary and other conditions surrounding the occupations in which the women and child workers are engaged, and the means employed for the protection of their health, person, and morals. These are topics on which the Census possesses no data. But on the other hand the Census ascertains the age, marital condition, race, nativity, parent nativity, illiteracy, and occupation not only of each woman at work but likewise of each member of the family or household in which she lives. While the two classes of data are entirely distinct, the one supplements the other. Indeed, a primary object in preparing the report herewith submitted was that the data obtained by the Census might contribute to the special investigation authorized by Congress.

It might be said that the information supplied by the Census is in answer to the question of who and how many are the women engaged in gainful occupations rather than the question of the influence and conditions of their employment. This distinction was more clearly perceived as the work approached completion. When projected it was referred to as a report on the "occupations of women;" but when the work was completed it was felt that this would hardly be an appropriate title, since the data related not so much to the occupations of women as to the women employed in occupations. Accordingly the title "statistics of women at work" was finally selected as being more descriptive of the character of the report.

In this report women at work are classified by age, race and nativity, nativity of parents, marital condition, and occupation. Statistics of this general character have been presented in more or less detail in the reports of each Census since and including that of 1870. But the present report, making a fuller use of the information found on the Census schedules, presents also statistics in regard to the family relationship of the women at work, classifying them with respect to their relationship to the head of the family and with respect to the number of other breadwinners in the family.

It was my intention at one time to present in this report statistics of the wages paid to women employed in the manufacturing establishments included in the scope of the Census of Manufactures taken in the year 1905, but as another report is in preparation which will present the wage statistics compiled by that census for women as well as for men and children, it was thought inadvisable to repeat the figures in the present publication.

Very respectfully,

S. N. D. North
Director.

HON. OSCAR S. STRAUS,
Secretary of Commerce and Labor.

STATISTICS OF WOMEN AT WORK.

BASED ON UNPUBLISHED INFORMATION DERIVED FROM THE SCHEDULES OF THE TWELFTH CENSUS: 1900.

GENERAL STATISTICS.

INTRODUCTION.

The statistics presented and discussed in this report on women employed in gainful occupations in the United States are derived in part from the published reports of the Twelfth and earlier censuses, but chiefly from the original schedules of the Twelfth Census.

Statistics in regard to women at work or engaged in gainful occupations have been presented in the reports of each decennial population census of the United States since and including that taken in 1870. Those censuses of still earlier date that made inquiry regarding occupations either published the results without distinction of sex or gave figures for males only.

The term "gainful occupation" has never been formally defined by the Census Office. But the printed instructions issued to the enumerators in the Twelfth Census state that the question regarding occupations "applies to every person 10 years of age and over who is at work, that is, occupied in gainful labor, and calls for the profession, trade, or branch of work upon which each person depends chiefly for support, or in which he is engaged ordinarily during the larger part of the time." These instructions also state that a return of occupation is required "for each and every person 10 years of age and over who was engaged in gainful labor during any part of the census year (June 1, 1899, to May 31, 1900, inclusive), or who is ordinarily occupied in remunerative work but during the census year was unable to secure work of any kind." No return was to be made for a retired lawyer, merchant, or manufacturer, or for a wife or daughter living at home and assisting only in the household duties without pay; nor for a child doing domestic errands or family chores out of school hours but regularly attending school.

In discussing occupation statistics it is desirable for brevity and convenience to adopt some single word as a designation for persons reported by the census as engaged in gainful occupations. The term "breadwinners," which has already been introduced in other Census publications, will be used here for this purpose without, however, precluding altogether the use of the longer designation.

PROPORTION OF WOMEN AT WORK.

At the Twelfth Census, taken in the year 1900, the number of women in continental United States 16 years of age and over reported as breadwinners, or as engaged in gainful occupations, was 4,833,630. The total number of women 16 years of age and over was 23,485,559. The proportion of breadwinners, therefore, among women of that age was 20.6 per cent, or approximately 1 in 5. Among men of the same age the proportion was 90.5 per cent. The contrast is probably not greater than would be anticipated. Men take up some occupation almost as a matter of course, and usually follow it the greater part of their lives. With women the adoption of an occupation, although by no means unusual, is far from being customary, and in the well-to-do classes of society is exceptional; and with this sex, moreover, the pursuit of an occupation is probably more often temporary than permanent.

Race and nativity.—As would be expected the percentage of breadwinners among women differs widely in the main classes of population as defined by race and nativity. It is greatest among negro women, and least among the native white of native parentage. It is greater among the native white of foreign parentage—the children of immigrants—than among the foreign born white, or immigrants. The percentages for these classes are shown in Table 1, which for purposes of comparison includes the corresponding figures for males.

TABLE I.—*Number and percentage of breadwinners in the male and female population 16 years of age and over, for continental United States: 1900.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	Male.			Female.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	24,851,013	22,489,425	90.5	23,485,569	4,833,630	20.6
Native white—both parents native	12,647,605	11,265,961	89.1	12,130,161	1,771,960	14.6
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	4,277,137	3,916,970	91.6	4,288,969	1,090,744	25.4
Foreign born white	5,215,356	4,798,863	92.0	4,403,404	840,011	19.1
Negro	2,535,109	2,356,442	93.0	2,589,988	1,119,621	43.2
Indian and Mongolian	175,806	151,189	86.0	72,947	11,288	15.5

The extent to which women in different classes of population engage in breadwinning pursuits is no doubt determined largely by differences in economic welfare. Probably few women take up a remunerative occupation who are so situated that they can live comfortably without it. It is the necessity of supporting themselves wholly or in part, and perhaps contributing to the support of those dependent upon them, that is usually the impelling motive. Of course this economic necessity varies in degree and depends largely upon the standard of living, or of comfort, in the social class to which the woman may belong. Moreover, the economic motive is in many cases strengthened by other motives or considerations and may sometimes have little importance in itself or even be entirely lacking. Doubtless a considerable number of the women who engage in such pursuits as teaching, literary work, or some other of the so-called liberal professions, are not constrained thereto by any necessity of earning a living, but are actuated by the motives that do not differ materially from those which appeal to men in similar circumstances, such as some form of ambition, a love of activity, or a desire for social usefulness. But it is safe to say that while women of this class may be increasing in numbers, they make up only a very small fraction of the total number of women returned by the census as breadwinners. They are not at present numerous enough to affect materially the percentages shown in a comparison of large classes or destroy the presumption that these percentages will reflect to a great extent the economic position of the classes compared, showing a tendency to decline in proportion as women are removed from the necessity of earning a living.

Nevertheless, the percentages for the different classes in Table I appear not to correspond completely with the probable rank of these classes in economic position. It would be expected that, in so far as economic status is the determining factor, the percentage of breadwinners would be greatest among negro women and least among native white women of native parentage; and this is shown to be the case. But it probably would not be expected that the percentage for native white women of foreign parentage would be greater than that for foreign born white women; for it is hardly to be supposed that the present day immigrants are better off in an economic sense than the children of immigrants, or the first generation of native Americans. Therefore, the fact that the women of foreign birth comprise fewer breadwinners in proportion to their numbers than the native women born of foreign parentage must be explained by the presence and influence of some factor which counteracts or disguises the difference in economic position. The factor that has this effect is the age distribution which, as will be shown later, differs very strikingly in the two classes here compared (see page 12).

Another modifying factor which does not readily admit of statistical measurement, but should be referred to in this connection, is the opportunity for employment of women, which varies in different communities and classes and is perhaps increasing in all. This doubtless has an important effect on the extent to which women take up occupations or become breadwinners. Opportunities are in general more abundant in the city than in the country; and the foreign born and their children, being concentrated in cities to a much greater degree than the native population of native parentage, would for that reason also be likely to include a larger percentage of breadwinners among women.

It will be noticed that for men the percentage of breadwinners, as shown in the above table, does not differ materially in the different classes compared, but that such differences as exist correspond to the assumed gradations of economic welfare, the four main classes—the negroes, the foreign born white, the native white of foreign parentage, and the native white of native parentage—ranking in the order in which they are here named. Probably the percentage of men who sooner or later take up an occupation is about the same in all classes of society, and these differences, which appear in the classes as enumerated on a given day arise chiefly from the fact that in the poorer classes men take up occupations earlier in life and perhaps follow them longer.

Age.—Table II gives the number and percentage of breadwinners among males and females classified by age.

TABLE II.—*Number and percentage of breadwinners in the male and female population 16 years of age and over, classified by age, for continental United States: 1900.*

AGE.	POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	Male.			Female.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Total	24,851,013	22,489,425	90.5	23,485,559	4,833,630	20.6
16 to 20 years	3,716,714	2,855,425	76.8	3,837,851	1,237,967	32.3
21 to 24 years	2,888,931	2,689,226	93.1	2,914,591	898,478	30.8
25 to 34 years	6,224,864	5,993,847	96.3	5,890,516	1,168,342	19.8
35 to 44 years	4,872,781	4,704,682	96.6	4,339,166	675,032	15.6
45 to 54 years	3,402,458	3,250,259	95.5	2,994,983	440,825	14.7
55 to 64 years	2,062,424	1,856,181	90.0	1,940,111	256,705	13.2
65 years and over	1,555,418	1,063,856	68.4	1,525,080	138,587	9.1
Age unknown	127,423	75,949	59.6	73,161	17,694	24.2

It is apparent from Table II that young women are engaged in breadwinning pursuits to a much greater extent than women of older years. The maximum percentage of breadwinners for this sex is in fact that shown for the youngest age group, 16 to 20 years, and the percentage declines without interruption in each older age period, the decline being most marked in the ten-year period beginning at 25. This decline reflects the fact that a large proportion of the women who take up an occupation in early life abandon it later when they marry. Indeed, from an economic standpoint, marriage for a woman is in some respects analogous to an occupation for a man; and it has been said with some truth that marriage is woman's occupation or profession. The resemblance is twofold. Through marriage, as from an occupation, a woman usually secures at least a livelihood and perhaps the enjoyment of wealth and luxury; and again marriage, like an occupation, normally and usually imposes upon a woman certain duties and responsibilities, namely, those arising from the care of home and family, involving in the majority of cases more or less labor in the form of housework. Thus under ordinary conditions the married woman lacks the incentive as well as the time or opportunity to engage in a breadwinning occupation. Moreover, there are natural and obvious barriers to the employment of married women in pursuits which take them from their homes, especially in cases where there are children in the home.

Usually, therefore, a woman who may have taken up a breadwinning occupation in early life gives up that occupation when she marries, or soon thereafter, and devotes herself to the duties of domestic life. With the other sex, of course, matrimony does not have that result, but, on the contrary, usually acts as an added incentive for adopting or pursuing a breadwinning occupation. Accordingly the percentage of breadwinners among men shows no marked decline until late in life.

The fact that a large proportion of the women who are breadwinners in early life give up their occupation upon reaching the marriageable—or marrying—age affects the age distribution of the breadwinners of this sex so that it is in marked contrast with that of male breadwinners, as is shown by Table III.

TABLE III.—*Distribution, by age, of the male and female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, for continental United States: 1900.*

AGE.	BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.			
	Male.		Female.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Total	22,489,425	100.0	4,833,630	100.0
16 to 24 years	5,544,651	24.7	2,136,445	44.2
16 to 20 years	2,855,425	12.7	1,237,967	25.6
21 to 24 years	2,689,226	12.0	898,478	18.6
25 to 34 years	5,993,847	26.7	1,168,342	24.2
35 to 44 years	4,704,682	20.9	675,032	14.0
45 to 54 years	3,250,259	14.5	440,825	9.1
55 to 64 years	1,856,181	8.3	256,705	5.3
65 years and over	1,063,856	4.7	138,587	2.9
Age unknown	75,949	0.3	17,694	0.4

It appears from the above table that almost 45 per cent of the women engaged in breadwinning pursuits were under 25 years of age, and more than 68 per cent were under 35. The corresponding percentages for the other sex are much lower, being 24.7 and 51.4, respectively. It is evident, then, that the extent to which women in any class of population or in any community are engaged in breadwinning occupations depends to a considerable degree upon the factor of age. Other things being equal, the class or community in which there is the largest percentage of young women will have the largest representation of breadwinners among that sex. Therefore, in undertaking to account for the differences between different classes of population as regards the proportion of women engaged in breadwinning pursuits, differences in age distribution become important factors to be considered.

Table IV shows the age distribution for women in the principal race and nativity classes of the population, for which comparisons have already been made.

TABLE IV.—*Distribution, by age, of the female population 16 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for continental United States: 1900.*

AGE.	FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	All classes.	Native white—both parents native.	Native white—one or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	Negro.
	NUMBER.				
Total	23,485,559	12,130,161	4,288,909	4,403,494	2,589,988
16 to 20 years	3,837,851	2,092,138	802,537	339,349	631,138
21 to 24 years	2,914,591	1,490,273	657,463	372,474	386,790
25 to 34 years	5,860,616	2,860,606	1,323,801	1,020,689	639,359
35 to 44 years	4,339,166	2,115,226	868,394	913,574	429,442
45 to 54 years	2,994,983	1,590,440	366,145	735,067	293,688
55 to 64 years	1,940,111	1,081,431	137,986	557,010	157,579
65 years and over	1,325,080	864,846	69,362	456,587	128,338
Age unknown	73,161	35,201	3,281	8,744	23,654
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
16 to 20 years	16.3	17.3	20.1	7.7	20.5
21 to 24 years	12.4	12.3	15.3	8.5	14.9
25 to 34 years	25.0	23.6	30.9	23.2	24.7
35 to 44 years	18.5	17.4	20.3	20.7	16.6
45 to 54 years	12.7	13.1	8.5	16.7	11.3
55 to 64 years	8.3	8.9	3.2	12.6	6.1
65 years and over	5.5	7.1	1.6	10.4	5.0
Age unknown	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.9

The per cent distribution given in the above table brings out the marked contrast as regards age constitution between white women of foreign birth and native white women whose parents were of foreign birth. Of the latter, 35.4 per cent were under 25 years of age; of the former, only 16.2 per cent. It is this contrast in age which accounts in large part for the fact that the percentage of breadwinners is much greater among native white women of foreign parentage than among foreign born white women. It may be assumed that for the most part the two classes here compared live side by side in the same communities; and although the first generation of native Americans are presumably more prosperous as a class than the immigrants, the difference is probably not great enough to have a marked influence on the extent to which women in these two classes of population engage in breadwinning pursuits. Therefore, as would be expected, the great difference noted in the percentage of young women becomes the decisive factor, and the class comprising the larger percentage of young women naturally comprises the larger percentage of breadwinners.

Among the native white women of native parentage the percentage of young women under 25 is 29.6, which is much larger than the corresponding percentage for the foreign born white, but considerably smaller than that for the native white of foreign parentage and that for the negro. It is probable that the rank of this class in the percentage of breadwinners among women is determined by economic position rather than by age constitution. This is equally true of the negro women, for whom the percentage of breadwinners is largest, although the percentage of young women is not larger than it is for the native white of foreign parentage.

The effect of these differences in age distribution may be eliminated by a comparison for these different classes in the same age period, such as is presented by Table v.

TABLE V.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND AGE, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.

AGE.	FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Native white—both parents native.			Native white—one or both parents foreign born.			Foreign born white.			Negro.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Percent.
Total	12,130,161	1,771,966	14.6	4,288,909	1,090,744	25.4	4,403,494	840,011	19.1	2,589,988	1,119,621	43.2
16 to 20 years	2,092,138	434,822	20.8	802,537	345,022	40.0	339,349	192,817	56.8	631,138	263,393	49.6
21 to 24 years	1,490,273	318,070	21.3	657,463	248,202	37.8	372,474	154,743	41.5	386,790	176,326	45.6
25 to 34 years	2,860,606	399,048	13.9	1,323,801	297,768	22.5	1,020,689	202,132	19.8	639,359	266,942	41.8
35 to 44 years	2,115,226	244,348	11.6	868,394	130,682	15.0	913,574	119,184	13.0	429,442	178,802	41.6
45 to 54 years	1,590,440	182,106	11.5	366,145	46,903	12.8	735,067	86,069	11.7	293,688	124,023	42.2
55 to 64 years	1,081,431	120,592	11.3	137,986	15,975	11.6	557,010	54,534	9.8	157,579	64,534	41.0
65 years and over	864,846	67,624	7.8	69,362	5,307	7.7	456,587	28,251	6.2	128,338	36,519	28.5
Age unknown	35,201	5,356	15.2	3,281	825	25.1	8,744	2,301	26.3	23,654	9,003	38.3

Table v shows that in each age group except the two oldest the percentage of breadwinners is smallest among the native white women of native parentage, and that in each age group except the youngest it is largest among negro women.

It is apparent, also, that under the age of 25 the foreign born white women engage in breadwinning pursuits to a greater extent than native white women of foreign parentage. But this is not the case in the older age periods. Doubtless the comparison between the two classes is affected by a difference in marital condition. At each period of life the percentage of single women is somewhat smaller among the foreign born white women who have migrated to this country than among the native white women of foreign parentage. In other words, marriage, which interferes with the pursuit of an occupation, is somewhat more general among the former than among the latter.[1] In a com-

[1] Twelfth Census. Population, Part II, page lxxxvii

parison restricted to single women, it will be found that at each age period the percentage of breadwinners is higher for the foreign born white than for the native white of foreign parentage (see Table IX).

The fact that after the age of 55 the percentage of breadwinners for the native white of native parentage becomes larger than that for the foreign born white and about the same as that for the native white of foreign parentage indicates, of course, that for some reason the native white women of native parentage continue or take up occupations late in life to a greater extent than women in the other classes. A partial explanation may be found in the difference of environment. The native white are represented in agricultural communities to a greater extent than the foreign born, and it will be found that a large proportion of these older breadwinners among the native white of native parentage were returned as farmers, many of them probably being widows who, in carrying on the farms of their deceased husbands, were taking up an occupation of which they already had considerable knowledge and experience.

The fact has been noted that the percentage of breadwinners among women is largest in the youngest age group, 16 to 20 years. This is also true in each of the classes of population distinguished in the above table except the native white of native parents among whom the highest percentage of breadwinners is that shown for the next older age period, 21 to 24. This may indicate that in this class of the population women do not begin working at so young an age and perhaps do not marry as soon as in the other classes.

It is noticeable that among negro women the percentage of breadwinners, although highest in the youngest age group, shows no very marked decline until the period of old age is reached, and that between the ages 25 and 54 the percentage remains almost stationary. It may be inferred, therefore, that marriage does not have the same effect in reducing the proportion of breadwinners among women of this race as it does among white women. This inference is substantiated by statistics, which will be presented in the next section, showing the proportion of breadwinners in the female population, classified by race and marital condition.

Marital condition.—A classification by marital condition of the breadwinners of each sex 10 years of age and over is given in the Twelfth Census report on Occupations. This shows the total number in each of the four marital classes, comprising the single—with whom are included the unknown—the married, the widowed, and the divorced. But, as this classification was not combined with an age classification, it is not possible, without going back to the original returns and making a special count, to state accurately the number in each marital class for those breadwinners who are 16 years of age and over. The number may, however, be estimated with a close approach to accuracy by assuming that none of the breadwinners who were reported as married, widowed, or divorced were under 16, or in other words, that all those who were under 16 were single. On this assumption the total number of single breadwinners 16 years of age and over would be obtained by subtracting the total number of breadwinners 10 to 15 years of age from the total number of single breadwinners 10 years of age and over. Of course the result thus obtained is not quite accurate, because, without doubt, a small number of the breadwinners 10 to 15 years of age were married. Accordingly the estimated number of single breadwinners 16 years and over is slightly too small, while the estimated numbers of the married, and possibly of the widowed and divorced, are slightly too large; but the differences are not serious enough to affect materially the comparisons or conclusions which may be based upon these estimates. It is necessary to make a similar estimate in order to obtain, for purposes of comparison, the marital classification of the total female population 16 years of age and over. The figures showing marital condition for the population 15 years of age and over are given in the published Census reports, and the corresponding figures for the population 16 years of age and over have been computed by assuming that all women just 15 years of age are single. This again results in a slight exaggeration of the number married and a slight understatement of the number single.

The results obtained by making these assumptions are shown in the following tabular statement:

AGE.	Total.	Single (including unknown).	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.
Females:					
15 years and over...	24,249,191	7,606,772	13,810,057	2,717,715	114,647
15 years.....	[1] 763,632	[1] 763,632	.....	.....	.....
16 years and over...	23,485,559	6,843,140	13,810,057	2,717,715	114,647
Female breadwinners:					
10 years and over...	5,319,397	3,629,479	769,477	857,005	63,436
10 to 15 years, inclusive.....	[1] 485,767	[1] 485,767	.....	.....	.....
16 years and over...	4,833,630	3,143,712	769,477	857,005	63,436

[1] Assumed to be single.

Attention has already been called to the fact that the percentage of breadwinners among women undergoes a marked reduction at the period of life when most women marry. The effect of matrimony is shown more directly in Table VI, in which the percentage of breadwinners among married women may be compared with that in other marital classes. Of the women who were married, 5.6 per cent, or approximately 1 in 18, were returned in the census as being breadwinners or having gainful occupations. Among single women the proportion is 45.9 per cent, or about 9 in 20. Women living in widowhood take up breadwinning pursuits more generally than married women,

but not so much as women who are single. The difference in this respect between the widowed and the single is due partly to the difference in age. The widowed comprise a comparatively small proportion of young women and a large proportion of old women, many of whom are no longer able to work, and, if not provided with independent resources, must be supported by their children or other relatives or by private or public charity.

TABLE VI.—*Number and percentage of breadwinners in the male and female population 16 years of age and over, classified by marital condition, for continental United States: 1900.*

MARITAL CONDITION.	POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	Male.			Female.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Total	24,851,013	22,489,425	90.5	23,485,559	4,833,630	20.6
Single (incl. unknown)[1]	9,633,157	8,355,666	86.7	6,843,140	3,143,712	45.9
Married[1]	13,955,630	13,150,671	94.2	13,810,067	769,477	5.6
Widowed[1]	1,177,976	907,855	77.1	2,717,715	857,005	31.5
Divorced[1]	84,230	75,233	89.3	114,647	63,436	55.3

[1] Estimated from published census returns giving the marital condition of the female population 15 years of age and over, and that of female breadwinners 10 years of age and over.

It is interesting to note that the largest percentage of breadwinners among women in the above comparison by marital classes is that for divorced women. This is by far the smallest of the four marital classes, and the census returns of the number of women living in a state of divorce are doubtless deficient, perhaps because the fact of divorce entails in most communities some social condemnation, and is therefore not likely to be admitted in many cases where it actually exists.[1] It has been suggested that the returns which were received are in harmony with the theory that the increase in the number of divorces is in large measure the result of the more independent economic position of women, the figures indicating that the women who secure divorces are uncommonly well qualified to support themselves.[2] At the same time it will be found that this marital class comprises a much smaller percentage of old women than the widowed,[3] and it is not unlikely, moreover, that the divorced women may as a class be under a greater necessity of earning their own living than the other unmarried classes with which they are here compared.

As already explained, comparisons of the number of breadwinners in different marital classes by age periods can not be derived from the published returns of the Twelfth Census, because the classification of breadwinners by marital condition was not combined with a classification by age. This combination was given in the Eleventh Census reports, but was omitted in the Twelfth in order to include other detail which was regarded as more important. From the Eleventh Census data, therefore, the comparisons referred to may be made; and it is probable that the general conclusions based upon the Eleventh Census figures would be true of conditions at the time of the Twelfth Census, since such other comparisons as can be made for both censuses indicate that the relative position of different classes of population as regards the percentage of breadwinners did not materially change in the ten-year interval. Accordingly Table VII has been prepared with the belief that the figures for 1890 can be accepted as typical of conditions in 1900.

[1] Twelfth Census, Supplementary Analysis, page 385.

[2] Twelfth Census, Supplementary Analysis, page 442.

[3] Twelfth Census, Occupations, page ccxiii.

TABLE VII.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE AND MARITAL CONDITION, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1890.

AGE.	FEMALE POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.														
	All classes.			Single (including unknown).			Married.			Widowed.			Divorced.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Total	19,602,178	3,712,144	18.9	6,250,912	2,531,548	40.5	11,124,785	515,124	4.6	2,154,598	630,257	29.3	71,883	35,215	49.0
15 to 24 years	6,400,635	1,853,460	29.0	4,692,807	1,715,084	37.3	1,755,695	112,201	6.4	41,301	22,095	53.5	8,032	4,020	50.0
25 to 34 years	4,682,432	807,670	17.2	971,653	534,428	55.0	3,522,208	169,322	4.8	166,762	91,745	55.0	21,749	12,175	56.0
35 to 44 years	3,346,031	441,067	13.2	332,504	159,827	48.1	2,698,266	122,614	4.5	296,302	148,383	50.1	18,899	10,243	54.2
45 to 54 years	2,430,878	313,363	12.9	173,449	71,148	41.0	1,796,979	70,834	3.9	447,370	165,567	37.0	13,080	5,824	44.5
55 to 64 years	1,499,997	180,387	12.0	88,229	28,481	32.3	905,627	27,164	3.0	499,420	122,529	24.5	6,721	2,213	32.9
65 years and over	1,183,569	98,158	8.3	68,755	12,161	17.7	418,399	9,464	2.3	693,324	75,974	11.0	3,091	559	18.1
Age unknown	58,636	18,039	30.8	23,655	10,419	44.0	24,551	3,475	14.2	10,119	3,964	39.2	311	181	58.2

Although the percentage of breadwinners in each marital class was smaller in 1890 than in 1900, the relative position of the classes compared was the same at the two censuses. In 1890, as in 1900, the divorced had the largest percentage of breadwinners; and next to them came the single, then the widowed, and lastly the married. This fact strengthens the presumption that a comparison by age groups at the later census, if it could be made, would probably show substantially the same relationship as at the earlier. The figures

for 1890, at any rate, show that in the youngest age period, 15 to 24 years, the percentage of breadwinners for widows was slightly larger than that for the divorced, and that both these percentages were considerably larger than the percentage for the single. In the next age period, 25 to 34 years, the percentages were almost exactly the same for all three of the unmarried classes. For each age period above 34 years the highest percentage was always that for the divorced.

Between the ages of 15 and 44 widows were engaged in breadwinning pursuits to a greater extent than single women; but above the age of 44 the single show the higher percentage of breadwinners. Doubtless many young widows are impelled to take up some remunerative occupation by the necessity of supporting not only themselves but their dependent children. As the years go by the children grow up and are able to support their mothers. It is probable, too, that women who become widows late in life are as a class better provided for than those who became widows at an earlier age. These conditions may explain why, with the advance in years, the percentage of breadwinners falls off more rapidly among widows than in either of the other two unmarried classes.

Among married women the percentage of breadwinners is highest in the youngest age group and steadily declines with each advance in age. Many married women who follow some breadwinning occupation for a time after marriage are compelled to abandon it later when, on account of the birth of children, domestic duties become more exacting. At a still later period the economic position of the family may so far improve, either through the increased earnings of the husband or the contributory earnings of older children, that the wages or earnings which the wife might obtain by engaging in some breadwinning pursuit are no longer essential.

In Table VIII the classification of women by marital status is combined with that by race and nativity, but without distinction of age.

TABLE VIII.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY MARITAL CONDITION, RACE, AND NATIVITY, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER,														
	All classes.			Single (including unknown).[1]			Married.[1]			Widowed.[1]			Divorced.[1]		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Total	23,485,559	4,833,630	20.6	6,843,140	3,143,712	45.9	13,810,057	769,477	5.6	2,717,715	857,005	31.5	114,647	63,436	55.3
Native white—both parents native	12,130,161	1,771,966	14.6	3,483,867	1,177,420	33.8	7,251,375	217,257	3.0	1,332,334	347,563	26.1	62,585	29,726	47.5
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	4,288,969	1,090,744	25.4	1,802,436	929,852	51.6	2,212,646	68,976	3.1	256,953	83,107	32.3	16,934	8,909	53.0
Foreign born white	4,403,494	840,011	19.1	832,945	586,173	70.4	2,855,446	102,169	3.6	702,585	145,240	20.7	12,518	6,429	51.4
Negro	2,589,988	1,119,621	43.2	710,031	447,750	63.1	1,443,817	376,096	26.0	414,107	277,655	67.0	22,033	18,120	82.2
Indian and Mongolian	72,947	11,288	15.5	13,861	2,517	18.2	46,473	4,979	10.7	11,736	3,440	29.3	877	352	40.1

[1] Estimated from published census returns by method explained on page 13.

Disregarding the figures for the comparatively small number of Indian and Mongolian women, it will be found that in each marital class except the widowed the percentage of breadwinners is smallest for native white women of native parentage; and in each marital class except the single is largest for negro women. The exceptions noted arise from the fact that the foreign born whites have the largest percentage of breadwinners among single women and the smallest among the widowed. That the percentage of breadwinners should be exceptionally high among the single women of foreign birth who have migrated to this country would probably be anticipated. But the fact that the widows in the foreign born population include relatively fewer breadwinners than any other class of widows may seem on first consideration rather remarkable. The probable explanation varies according to the class of widows with which the comparison is made. Comparing the foreign born white with the native white of native parentage, it should be noted that the former are concentrated in cities and industrial centers, while a large proportion of the latter live in agricultural communities where widows readily take up the occupation of farming. Again, as compared with the native white widows whose parents were foreign born, the widows of foreign birth comprise a large proportion of persons of advanced age; and, as compared with widows in the negro population, their economic position is doubtless so much superior that they are under less necessity of taking up breadwinning pursuits. In brief, white widows of foreign birth include more aged women than the native white widows whose parents were of foreign birth, are concentrated in cities to a greater extent than native white widows whose parents were also native, and are better off in an economic sense than widows in the

negro race; and these are probably the reasons why they have a smaller percentage of breadwinners than the classes of widows with which they are compared.

Comparing the rank of the four marital classes with respect to the percentage of breadwinners, it will be noted that among the native white women of either native or foreign parentage the order is the same as it is for the total population. The divorced women have the highest percentage; the single rank next in this respect; then come the widowed; and lastly, with a percentage very much lower than that for any other marital class, the married. Among the foreign born white women the highest percentage is that for the single women; while among the negroes the percentage for the single is exceeded by that for the widowed as well as that for the divorced.

In every race and nativity class the percentage of breadwinners is much lower for married women than for the single, widowed, or divorced. But this difference is by no means so striking among negroes as it is among the whites, and it is thus evident that the married negro woman supports herself or contributes to the support of her family much more generally than the married white woman. This would probably be taken for granted without reference to statistics. But here, as in many other cases, the main value of the statistics consists in measuring the extent of differences known to exist. That even among negroes marriage makes a great difference in the economic position of women is indicated by the fact that the percentage of breadwinners for the single women of this race is almost two and one-half times that for the married women. On making the same comparison for the different classes of white women, it will be found, however, that the one percentage is about eleven times the other in the case of the native white of native parentage, about seventeen times in the case of the native white of foreign parentage, and almost twenty times in the case of the foreign born white.

Marital condition and age.—In the two preceding tables analyzing the census data relative to women engaged in gainful occupations, the race and nativity classification of population has been combined first with a classification by age and then with a classification by marital condition. The analysis may now be carried a step farther, by presenting the race and nativity classification in combination with a classification by both age and marital condition. To do this, however, it is necessary to revert again to the census of 1890, since, as already explained, the requisite detail is not presented in the published reports of the census of 1900. Table IX accordingly applies to the women enumerated at the earlier census, but doubtless represents fairly well the conditions prevailing at the later, so far at least as the relative position of the different classes compared is concerned. To save space the table presents the percentages only. The numbers on which these percentages are based may be found in the published reports of the Eleventh Census.[1]

TABLE IX.—*Percentage of breadwinners in the female population 15 years of age and over, classified by age, marital condition, race, and nativity, for the United States: 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS AMONG WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.							
	Total.	15 to 24 years.	25 to 34 years.	35 to 44 years.	45 to 54 years.	55 to 64 years.	65 years and over.	Age unknown.
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.								
All classes	18.9	29.0	17.2	13.2	12.9	12.0	8.3	30.8
Native white—both parents native	12.4	17.7	11.4	9.2	9.8	9.9	6.7	22.2
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	25.3	35.0	19.2	12.1	10.9	10.7	7.2	31.1
Foreign born white	19.8	50.4	19.8	12.0	10.5	9.4	6.1	37.5
Negro	39.9	45.3	37.4	37.0	37.8	37.2	26.2	42.1
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).								
All classes	40.5	37.3	55.0	48.1	41.0	32.3	17.7	44.0
Native white—both parents native	27.5	24.0	42.2	36.6	31.6	24.9	13.6	35.1
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	44.4	41.9	55.6	49.5	40.9	29.9	16.6	43.6
Foreign born white	70.4	71.1	78.6	68.0	57.3	44.9	23.1	77.8
Negro	59.3	55.4	77.6	79.3	77.4	68.5	43.4	49.2
MARRIED.								
All classes	4.6	6.4	4.8	4.5	3.9	3.0	2.3	14.2
Native white—both parents native	2.2	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.1	1.7	1.2	5.6
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	2.7	3.1	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.2	1.7	6.5
Foreign born white	3.0	4.7	3.4	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	8.2
Negro	23.7	24.5	23.3	22.4	21.0	19.1	15.2	29.3
WIDOWED.								
All classes	29.3	53.5	55.0	50.1	37.0	24.5	11.0	39.2
Native white—both parents native	23.7	32.6	42.2	42.4	33.4	22.6	9.3	26.7
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	30.3	40.5	46.1	40.6	28.7	20.4	8.9	27.6
Foreign born white	31.3	51.3	53.6	42.4	27.8	18.0	7.9	25.5
Negro	62.6	77.2	81.8	80.0	69.5	55.2	29.7	58.5
DIVORCED.								
All classes	49.0	50.0	56.0	54.2	44.5	32.9	18.1	58.2
Native white—both parents native	42.6	39.7	48.5	48.5	40.2	30.7	16.2	46.6
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	47.9	45.4	52.6	48.5	37.9	25.9	25.6	(1)
Foreign born white	44.8	55.8	59.4	53.0	41.8	29.9	14.2	(1)
Negro	79.8	75.2	81.2	83.7	84.3	64.6	48.4	75.2

[1] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

It has been assumed that so far as the effect of economic conditions is concerned, the normal order of the four principal race and nativity classes, if ranked with reference to the decreasing percentage of breadwinners among women, would be as follows: 1, negro; 2, foreign born white; 3, native white of foreign parentage; 4, native white of native parentage. The deviation from this order has been explained as due in part to the effect which age distribution has upon

[1] Eleventh Census, Population, Part I, page 831, and Part II, page 750.

marital condition and this indirectly upon the proportion of breadwinners. Briefly stated, the chain of causation is as follows: The more young women, the more single women; and the more single women, the more breadwinners. Thus while the native white women born of foreign parentage are assumed to be better off economically than the foreign born white women, they have nevertheless a much larger percentage of breadwinners because, as already explained, they have a relatively large proportion of young and unmarried women. But in the above table the disturbing effect of differences in age distribution and marital condition is practically eliminated by presenting the percentages by race and nativity for women in the same age group and same marital class.

In general, it will be noted the order of the four race and nativity classes conforms to that designated as the normal, the largest percentage in the column being in most cases that for negro women, the foreign born white usually ranking next, then the native white born of foreign parentage, and lastly the native white whose parents were also native. The most notable deviations from this order are those indicating that foreign born white women who are single and under 25 years of age are working at breadwinning pursuits much more generally than the corresponding class of negro women; that in the white population 55 years of age and over the native married women of foreign parentage comprise relatively more breadwinners than the married women of foreign birth; and that of the widows over 55 in the white population the natives whose parents were also natives engage in breadwinning to a greater extent than the natives whose parents were foreign born, and the latter, in turn, to a greater extent than the widows of foreign birth. Among divorced women the order of the percentage for the four race and nativity classes conforms to what is assumed to be the normal order in the two youngest age periods only; but in this detailed analysis the percentage for the divorced can not probably be treated as especially significant, the numbers being, as already remarked, comparatively small and the census enumeration presumably more or less defective.

City and country.—A comparison of the occupation returns of the census by localities indicates that there is a larger proportion of breadwinners among women living in cities than among those living in rural districts. This result would probably be anticipated, because it is generally understood that the nature and variety of occupations carried on in commercial and manufacturing centers afford more opportunities for women seeking remunerative employment than are presented in agricultural districts. It may also be due in part to the composition of the urban population, in which are represented the extremes of wealth and poverty, so that the demand for the employment of women in domestic or personal service, as well as in commercial and industrial pursuits, exists side by side with the necessity for seeking such employment. In the rural population there is usually a closer approach to social and economic equality, and probably less poverty in proportion to population.

A comparison which segregates the distinctively rural districts from urban communities can not, however, be made on the basis of census statistics, because the returns by locality are not published in sufficient detail. In fact, the tabulation of the figures in such fullness as would be requisite for this purpose would hardly be justifiable, even if practicable. The Twelfth Census report on Occupations, however, published in considerable detail the occupation data for cities having a population of over 50,000; and on the basis of these published figures and of additional details compiled and published for the first time in the present report, a series of tables has been prepared comparing totals for cities of over 50,000 with those for smaller places or communities outside such cities, as regards the number, classification, and proportion of breadwinners comprised in the female population 16 years of age and over.

This comparison may be treated as representing approximately the difference between city and country. The population living in cities of over 50,000 is of course exclusively urban; while the population living outside such cities is mainly rural, as is evident from the fact that, as shown by the Twelfth Census, 76.9 per cent of this population is found in places having less than 2,500 inhabitants. Thus the comparison is between the conditions prevailing in the distinctively urban population living in the large or middle class cities, and the mainly, though not entirely, rural population living outside such cities. Table X, presenting totals for continental United States, measures the difference between these two classes of communities as regards the proportion of breadwinners comprised in the total female population 16 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity.

TABLE X.—*Number and percentage of breadwinners in the female population 16 years of age and over living in cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts, classified by race and nativity, for continental United States: 1900.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—					
	In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	5,855,790	1,667,728	28.3	17,629,769	3,175,902	18.0
Native white—both parents native	1,703,955	414,954	24.4	10,426,206	1,357,012	13.0
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,700,209	554,806	32.6	2,588,760	535,938	20.7
Foreign born white	2,095,206	494,043	23.6	2,376,288	345,968	15.0
Negro	353,787	193,318	54.6	2,236,201	926,303	41.4
Indian and Mongolian	2,633	607	23.1	70,314	10,681	15.2

For convenience the term "city" will be used in this connection to designate collectively cities of over 50,000 inhabitants, the term "country" being applied to the smaller cities and country districts. The above table shows that in the city as thus defined the percentage of breadwinners among all classes of women is greater than it is in the country by a little more than one-half. This means, of course, that if the total female population 16 years of age and over were the same in the city as in the country and the percentages remained unchanged, there would be 3 women occupied as breadwinners in the city to every 2 in the country. Reducing the percentages to simple ratios, we find that in the city approximately 2 women out of every 7 are breadwinners; in the country 2 out of every 11.

The comparison by race and nativity presented in the above table shows that for each class of the population the percentage of breadwinners is larger in the city than in the country. The contrast is most marked in the case of the native white of native parentage, for whom the percentage of breadwinners is almost twice as large in the city as in the country. This is explained in part by the fact that the white population of foreign birth or foreign parentage outside the larger cities is undoubtedly concentrated largely in the smaller cities, or the urban portion of what is here termed country, while the white population of native birth and native parentage is a more distinctively rural population and therefore affected to a greater extent by the conditions prevailing in rural communities, where, as has been assumed and as the statistics here considered indicate, the percentage of breadwinners among women is normally smaller than in the cities. The class which shows largest percentages and the smallest difference between city and country is the negro, a fact probably indicative of the comparative poverty of the race in all communities and implying the extensive employment of negro women as farm laborers in agricultural districts and as domestic servants in cities.

Table XI introduces into this comparison between city and country, as regards the number and proportion of breadwinners among women, a classification by age groups.

It is evident from this table that the excess in the percentage of breadwinners in the city is most marked among young women, gradually becoming less in older age periods, and disappearing entirely in a comparison for women 65 years of age and over. One reason may be that the cityward migration of women seeking employment, which is undoubtedly a contributory factor in making the proportion of breadwinners higher in city than in country, is confined mostly to single women in the younger years of life. At the same time it is noticeable that in the city the decline in the percentage of breadwinners accompanying the advance in age continues without interruption and is comparatively rapid, while in the country it is interrupted at the age of 35, and there is no further decline of any significance until the age of 65 is reached. This difference suggests that the occupations peculiar to the country are such as may be more readily continued or taken up late in life. Now the principal occupations that are followed in the country and are also practically unrepresented in the city are those connected with agriculture; and attention has been called to the fact that the census shows a considerable number of women in middle life or advanced age who are reported as farmers. These help to swell the percentage of breadwinners in the country in the older age periods.

TABLE XI.—*Number and percentage of breadwinners in the female population 16 years of age and over living in cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts, classified by age, for continental United States: 1900.*

AGE.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—					
	In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Total	5,840,321	1,653,518	28.3	17,572,077	3,162,418	18.0
16 to 20 years	835,858	434,367	52.0	3,001,903	803,600	26.8
21 to 24 years	747,861	334,196	44.7	2,166,930	564,282	26.0
25 to 34 years	1,634,070	446,477	27.3	4,226,546	721,955	17.1
35 to 44 years	1,162,937	234,180	20.1	3,176,256	440,852	13.9
45 to 54 years	724,173	124,112	17.1	2,270,810	316,713	13.9
55 to 64 years	431,347	57,479	13.3	1,508,764	199,226	13.2
65 years and over	304,305	22,707	7.5	1,220,775	115,880	9.5

The influence of this class upon the percentages given in the above table for smaller cities and country districts is apparent in Table XII, which has been prepared on the assumption that none of the women reported by the Census as engaged in agricultural pursuits lived in cities having over 50,000 inhabitants. This assumption is obviously a very close approximation to the truth, only a very small number of women[1] in the large cities being reported as engaged in occupations connected with agriculture.

The last column in Table XII shows what percentages of the women living in the smaller cities and country districts are engaged in pursuits not connected with agriculture, and it is noticeable that beginning with the second age period, 21 to 24 years, this percentage steadily declines. On the other hand, the percentage engaged in agricultural pursuits, while it declines up to the age of 35, steadily increases after that until in the age group 55 to 64 years the percentage is as high as that in the youngest age group. This fall and rise reflects on the one hand the extent to which young women or girls employed as farm laborers, most of

[1] The total number was in fact 2,853. But this total has not been distributed by age periods in such detail as to make possible its exclusion from Table XII.

them probably being farmers' children working on the home farm, give up this occupation as they grow older; and on the other the extent to which women past middle life, especially those who are widows of farmers, assume the management of farms.[1]

TABLE XII.—*Female population 16 years of age and over living in cities of less than 50,000 inhabitants and in country districts, with number and percentage engaged in agricultural pursuits and in all other occupations, for continental United States: 1900.*

WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, LIVING IN CITIES OF LESS THAN 50,000 INHABITANTS AND IN COUNTRY DISTRICTS.

AGE.	Total.	Breadwinners.			
		In agricultural pursuits.[1]		In all other occupations.	
		Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.
Total	17,572,077	766,577	4.4	2,395,840	13.6
16 to 20 years	3,001,993	177,876	5.9	625,724	20.9
21 to 24 years	2,166,930	83,826	3.9	480,455	22.1
25 to 34 years	4,226,346	123,677	2.9	598,188	14.2
35 to 44 years	3,176,259	114,152	3.6	326,700	10.3
45 to 54 years	2,270,810	116,842	5.1	199,871	8.8
55 to 64 years	1,508,764	89,154	5.9	110,072	7.3
65 years and over	1,220,775	61,050	5.0	54,830	4.5

[1] On the assumption that none of the women in continental United States reported as engaged in agricultural pursuits in 1900 were living in cities of more than 50,000 inhabitants.

The rise after the age of 35 in the percentage engaged in agriculture counterbalances the fall in the percentage engaged in other pursuits, so that the percentage for the two groups combined remains practically stationary, thereby producing the contrast between city and country pointed out and commented upon in connection with Table XI.

In Table XIII the comparison between city and country by age periods corresponding to that presented for the total female population in Table XI is shown separately for each of the race and nativity classes.

In every age period except the oldest the percentages are uniformly higher in the city than in the country; and the exceptions in the oldest age period appear only for the two classes of native white women, being another indication of the extent to which widows living in the country—most of them native white—are engaged in farming.

Table XIII also brings out the fact that after the age of 35 the percentages of breadwinners for native white women of native parentage approximate or exceed those for the white women of foreign birth or foreign parentage in the city as well as in the country. For the country the explanation may again be found in the extent to which the native white women of native parentage engage in farming. But of course this explanation does not apply to the city, where the comparison by race and nativity shows the same general difference in the percentage of breadwinners among women of older years. It may be that in the city as well as in the country some of the principal occupations which are peculiar to the native white women of native parentage are such as can be followed late in life more readily than pursuits in which the foreign born women or their daughters are ordinarily engaged. At the same time the difference suggests the possibility that marriage and the cares of a family are more apt to interfere with the pursuit of a breadwinning occupation among women of foreign birth or foreign parentage than among the native white women of native parentage.

TABLE XIII.—*Number and percentage of breadwinners in the female population 16 years of age and over, living in cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts, classified by age, for continental United States: 1900.*

WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—

AGE.	In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
NATIVE WHITE, BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.						
Total	1,694,953	413,348	24.4	10,400,007	1,353,262	13.0
16 to 20 years	279,486	106,019	39.2	1,821,052	328,803	18.0
21 to 24 years	221,158	80,030	36.5	1,209,115	237,390	18.7
25 to 34 years	445,024	111,090	25.0	2,415,582	287,958	11.9
35 to 44 years	307,301	59,550	19.4	1,807,925	184,798	10.2
45 to 54 years	213,804	33,626	15.7	1,376,636	148,480	10.8
55 to 64 years	135,136	16,330	12.1	946,295	104,262	11.0
65 years and over	102,044	6,003	5.9	762,802	61,561	8.1
NATIVE WHITE, ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.						
Total	1,699,173	554,507	32.6	2,886,515	595,412	20.7
16 to 20 years	331,739	179,401	54.1	530,778	165,621	31.2
21 to 24 years	272,384	126,385	46.3	384,579	121,817	31.7
25 to 34 years	551,706	154,826	28.1	772,095	142,942	18.5
35 to 44 years	344,203	65,654	19.1	524,191	65,028	12.4
45 to 54 years	135,992	21,152	15.6	230,153	25,751	11.2
55 to 64 years	44,545	5,751	12.9	93,441	10,224	10.9
65 years and over	18,084	1,338	7.4	51,278	4,029	7.9
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.						
Total	2,091,773	492,737	23.6	2,302,977	344,983	15.0
16 to 20 years	178,776	118,097	66.1	160,573	74,720	46.5
21 to 24 years	199,862	95,236	47.7	172,612	59,417	34.4
25 to 34 years	534,651	125,723	23.5	486,038	76,409	15.7
35 to 44 years	442,106	71,418	16.2	471,468	47,746	10.1
45 to 54 years	333,884	46,166	13.8	401,483	39,903	9.9
55 to 64 years	232,122	25,137	10.8	324,888	29,397	9.0
65 years and over	170,672	10,960	6.4	283,915	17,391	6.1
NEGRO.						
Total	351,792	102,329	54.7	2,214,542	918,228	41.5
16 to 20 years	54,426	30,764	56.5	476,712	232,632	48.8
21 to 24 years	53,218	31,707	59.6	333,572	144,617	43.4
25 to 34 years	101,855	54,671	53.7	537,504	212,271	39.5
35 to 44 years	68,851	37,451	54.4	360,791	141,371	39.2
45 to 54 years	40,511	23,078	57.0	253,177	100,945	39.9
55 to 64 years	19,459	10,243	52.6	138,120	54,291	39.3
65 years and over	13,472	4,438	32.9	114,866	32,101	27.9
INDIAN AND MONGOLIAN.						
Total	2,630	607	23.1	68,036	10,532	15.5
16 to 20 years	411	89	21.7	12,278	1,824	14.9
21 to 24 years	539	98	18.2	7,052	1,040	14.7
25 to 34 years	834	177	21.2	15,327	2,275	14.8
35 to 44 years	446	127	28.5	12,084	1,909	15.8
45 to 54 years	282	90	31.9	9,361	1,634	17.5
55 to 64 years	83	18	(1)	6,020	1,052	17.5
65 years and over	33	8	(1)	5,914	798	13.5

[1] See Table 17, page 162.

[1] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

In the percentages for negro women the most noticeable peculiarity, apart from the fact that they are exceptionally large, is the absence of any marked or uniform decline with advancing years. In old age, 65 and over, there is, it is true, a marked reduction, but there is none before that. In the city, however, there is a slight decline in the normal period of early married life, 25 to 34 years, followed by an increase thereafter.

Comparisons with earlier censuses.—The number of breadwinners among women in continental United States, as reported by the census, increased from 2,353,988 in 1880 to 4,833,630 in 1900, an increase in twenty years of 2,479,642, or 105.3 per cent. In part this increase was the natural accompaniment of the increase in population, but in part it represents the increasing participation of women in gainful occupations. The latter change is measured statistically by the percentage which the women who are breadwinners form of the total number of women. The following tabular statement gives the percentages at the censuses of 1880, 1890, and 1900, and for purposes of comparison includes the corresponding figures for men:

CENSUS.	MALES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.			FEMALES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States:						
1900	24,851,013	22,489,425	90.5	23,485,559	4,833,630	20.6
1890	20,133,514	18,217,797	90.5	18,957,672	3,606,615	19.0
1880	15,359,866	13,919,755	90.6	14,762,258	2,353,988	16.0

As shown by the above statement, the percentage of breadwinners among women increased from 16 in 1880 to 20.6 in 1900, which means that in 1880, 1 woman in every 6 was a breadwinner and in 1900, 1 in every 5. The increase was somewhat more marked in the first half of the twenty-year period than in the second.

If the percentage had been no higher in 1900 than it was in 1880, the number of women who were breadwinners in 1900 would not have exceeded 3,757,689, but it was, in fact, greater than that by 1,075,941. The increase between 1880 and 1900 in the number of women who were breadwinners might be analyzed as follows:

Number of women who were breadwinners:	
1900	4,833,630
1880	2,353,988
Increase 1880 to 1900	2,479,642
Attributable to growth of population	1,403,701
Attributable to increase in proportion of women following breadwinning pursuits	1,075,941

It would seem, then, that there were 1,075,941 women engaged in gainful occupations in the year 1900 who would not have taken up such occupation had the conditions and tendencies remained the same as they were twenty years before. This statement, however, is true only if the "conditions" referred to are understood to include the character and composition of the population. For in considering the significance of the increase in the percentage of breadwinners the fact should not be overlooked that this increase might not necessarily involve any change in the habits of any one class of population. It might conceivably result simply from a change in the composition of the population consisting of an increase in the relative importance of those race and nativity classes—such as the negro and the native white of foreign parentage—in which the proportion of breadwinners among women has always been relatively large. It might also be due in part to a change in the age composition of the population affecting the relative numerical importance of young women in the total population. In order, therefore, to determine more precisely the significance of the change, the comparison should be made by race and nativity classes and also by age groups. This comparison, however, must be confined to the period 1890 to 1900, since the analysis of the figures published in the Census report of 1880 is not sufficiently detailed for this purpose. Moreover, in order to obtain comparable figures, it is necessary to lower the minimum age by one year, so that the totals include all women 15 years of age and over. Table XIV shows this comparison, by race and nativity.

TABLE XIV.—*Number and percentage of breadwinners in the male and female population 15 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for continental United States: 1900 and 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	1900			1890		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
MALE.						
All classes	25,620,399	22,878,499	89.5	20,777,872	18,420,504	88.7
Native white—both parents native	13,088,058	11,464,896	87.6	10,680,185	9,386,058	96.3
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	4,463,211	4,009,387	89.8	3,073,413	2,675,730	87.1
Foreign born white	5,257,359	4,827,273	91.8	4,580,589	4,288,140	93.6
Negro	2,633,008	2,424,646	92.1	2,119,721	1,944,665	91.7
Indian and Mongolian	178,763	152,297	85.2	123,964	115,911	93.5
FEMALE.						
All classes	24,249,191	4,997,415	20.6	19,002,178	3,712,144	18.9
Native white—both parents native	12,561,813	1,824,690	14.5	10,530,675	1,310,148	12.4
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	4,475,907	1,137,649	25.4	3,064,321	774,751	25.3
Foreign born white	4,445,332	861,274	19.4	3,809,919	756,006	19.8
Negro	2,690,583	1,162,218	43.2	2,175,550	867,717	39.9
Indian and Mongolian	75,536	11,584	15.3	21,713	3,322	16.2

The above table indicates that the increase in the per-

centage of breadwinners among women was practically confined to the native white of native parentage and to the negro. The more marked increase on the whole was that shown by the native white of native parentage. In 1890 the proportion of breadwinners among women in this class of the population was 12.4 per cent, or approximately one in eight; in 1900 it was 14.5 per cent, or more than one in seven. The percentage for the native white of foreign parentage shows practically no change, while that for the foreign born white shows a slight decrease, and that for the Indian and Mongolian—a class which is numerically unimportant—shows a rather marked decrease. The exact nature of the changes that are taking place will be more apparent, however, when the classification by race and nativity is combined with a classification by age, as in Table XV.

TABLE XV.—*Number and percentage of breadwinners in the female population 15 years of age and over, classified by age, race, and nativity, for continental United States: 1900 and 1890.*

AGE.	WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	1900			1890		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
	ALL CLASSES.					
Total	24,249,191	4,997,415	20.6	19,602,178	3,712,144	18.9
15 to 24 years	7,516,074	2,309,230	30.6	6,400,635	1,853,460	29.0
25 to 34 years	5,960,016	1,188,342	19.9	4,682,432	807,570	17.2
35 to 44 years	4,339,166	675,632	15.6	3,346,031	441,057	13.2
45 to 54 years	2,994,983	440,825	14.7	2,430,878	313,268	12.9
55 to 64 years	1,940,111	256,705	13.2	1,499,997	180,387	12.0
65 years and over	1,525,080	138,587	9.1	1,183,666	98,158	8.3
Age unknown	73,161	17,694	24.2	58,536	18,039	30.8
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.					
Total	12,561,813	1,824,690	14.5	10,530,675	1,310,148	12.4
15 to 24 years	4,014,063	805,616	20.1	3,362,544	596,796	17.7
25 to 34 years	2,860,606	399,048	13.9	2,397,797	274,481	11.4
35 to 44 years	2,115,226	244,348	11.6	1,828,798	167,436	9.2
45 to 54 years	1,590,440	182,106	11.5	1,332,503	133,153	9.8
55 to 64 years	1,081,431	120,592	11.2	846,819	84,049	9.9
65 years and over	894,846	67,624	7.8	713,592	47,807	6.7
Age unknown	35,201	5,356	15.2	28,622	6,366	22.2
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.					
Total	4,475,907	1,127,646	25.4	3,064,321	774,751	25.3
15 to 24 years	1,706,938	640,129	37.5	1,496,706	523,902	35.0
25 to 34 years	1,323,801	297,768	22.5	922,681	176,957	19.2
35 to 44 years	868,394	130,682	15.0	387,445	46,756	12.1
45 to 54 years	366,145	46,903	12.8	152,880	16,649	10.9
55 to 64 years	137,986	15,975	11.6	57,995	6,186	10.7
65 years and over	69,382	5,367	7.7	42,739	3,094	7.2
Age unknown	3,281	825	25.1	3,886	1,207	31.1
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.					
Total	4,445,332	861,274	19.4	3,809,919	756,000	19.8
15 to 24 years	753,601	368,823	48.9	704,787	355,442	50.4
25 to 34 years	1,020,699	202,132	19.8	902,915	170,791	19.8
35 to 44 years	913,574	119,164	13.0	761,969	91,612	12.0
45 to 54 years	735,067	86,009	11.7	680,582	71,497	10.5
55 to 64 years	557,010	54,534	9.8	470,192	43,996	9.4
65 years and over	456,587	28,251	6.2	321,487	19,669	6.1
Age unknown	8,744	2,301	26.3	7,987	2,999	37.5

TABLE XV.—*Number and percentage of breadwinners in the female population 15 years of age and over, classified by age, race, and nativity, for continental United States: 1900 and 1890*—Continued.

AGE.	WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.					
	1900			1890		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
	NEGRO.					
Total	2,690,583	1,162,218	43.2	2,175,550	807,717	39.9
15 to 24 years	1,018,323	482,315	47.4	830,016	376,284	45.3
25 to 34 years	539,359	266,942	41.3	464,123	184,633	37.4
35 to 44 years	429,442	178,302	41.6	363,723	134,581	37.0
45 to 54 years	293,688	124,023	42.2	242,378	81,639	37.8
55 to 64 years	157,579	64,534	41.0	123,559	45,928	37.2
65 years and over	128,338	36,539	28.5	104,373	27,337	26.2
Age unknown	23,654	9,063	38.3	17,378	7,315	42.1
	INDIAN AND MONGOLIAN.					
Total	75,556	11,584	15.3	21,713	3,522	16.2
15 to 24 years	22,899	3,347	14.6	6,363	1,036	15.7
25 to 34 years	16,161	2,452	15.2	4,916	808	16.4
35 to 44 years	12,530	2,036	16.2	4,096	682	16.7
45 to 54 years	9,643	1,724	17.9	2,535	425	16.8
55 to 64 years	5,105	1,070	17.5	1,432	228	15.9
65 years and over	5,947	806	13.6	1,388	191	13.8
Age unknown	2,281	149	6.5	763	152	19.9

It may be noted that the comparison for a given age period between the proportion of breadwinners in 1890 and that in 1900 is virtually a comparison between two successive generations of women at the same period of their life history. For instance, the women who were 35 to 44 years of age in 1890 were the survivors of the generation born in the decade 1845 to 1855; while those 35 to 44 years of age in 1900 were the survivors of the next younger generation—that born in the decade 1855 to 1865.[1] The figures presented in Table XV show that when the older of these generations reached the age period 35 to 44 years in 1890, 13.2 per cent of their number were employed in breadwinning pursuits. When the younger generation

[1] At the census of 1890 the age question called for the age at the nearest birthday; but at the census of 1900 it called for the age at the last birthday. Each census was taken as of June 1, so that if the age returns conformed strictly with the requirements of the age question persons reported as being from 35 to 44 years of age at the census of 1890 must have been born between December 1, 1845, and December 1, 1855, while those reported in that age period at the census of 1900 must have been born between June 1, 1855, and June 1, 1865. Theoretically, therefore, persons reported at any given year of age or age period in the census of 1890 were as a group half a year younger than were those reported at the same age in 1900. In making the above comparisons by age periods this difference in the form of the age question has not been forgotten. But it has been ignored, partly because a difference of half a year in comparisons by ten-year age groups would have little effect on the results, and partly because, in the opinion of the writer, it seems doubtful whether the enumerators at the census of 1890 generally returned the age at the nearest rather than that at the last birthday. This doubt arises from the fact that the latter method of making age returns is the normal method, or the one in common use. Therefore it seems uncertain whether the actual difference in the age returns between the censuses of 1890 and 1900 was in fact as great as the difference in the form of the age question would imply.

reached this same age period in 1900 the proportion of breadwinners included in their ranks was 15.6. Thus the younger generation was engaged in breadwinning pursuits to a greater extent than the older was at the same period of life; and in general the table shows that each successive generation of women have taken up gainful occupations to a greater extent than the preceding generation did. The only notable exception appears in the figures for the foreign born white in the youngest age period—these figures indicating that the immigrant women who were born in the decade 1865 to 1875 and had migrated to this country prior to the census of 1890 were employed in breadwinning pursuits to a greater extent when they were 15 to 24 years of age than those of the next younger generation—born in the decade 1875 to 1885 and migrating to this country prior to 1900—were when they reached the same period of life.

Recurring to the figures for the native white of foreign parentage it will be found that, although the total as already noted shows no increase of any consequence in the percentage of breadwinners, each age group taken separately shows a very considerable increase. This increase in the percentage for the several age periods did not produce any appreciable increase in the percentage for the total, simply because the relative importance of the youngest age group—15 to 24 years—in which the percentage of breadwinners is much the largest, declined very materially during the ten-year period, so that it had less influence on the total in 1900 than in 1890. In 1890 it comprised almost one-half of the total number of women in this class; in 1900, less than two-fifths.

In the case of the foreign born white the decline in the percentage for the total was accompanied and in part caused by a decline in the percentage for the youngest age group.

For the two other principal classes of population—the native white of native parentage and the negro—the percentage increased in every age period as well as in the total.

Table XVI gives the proportion of breadwinners in 1890 and in 1900 for the female population 15 years of age and over, classified by marital condition. The increase in the percentage of breadwinners was most marked for married women, the percentage for this marital class being greater by almost one-fourth in 1900 than it was in 1890. In 1890, 1 married woman in 22 was a breadwinner; in 1900, 1 in 18. The percentages for the other classes show a greater absolute increase, but none show a greater relative increase. The increase in the percentage of single women employed as breadwinners was confined to the native white population, the foreign born white and negro showing practically no change in this respect. On the other hand, the extent to which married women are engaged in breadwinning pursuits increased in all classes of the population. The percentage of breadwinners among widows increased in every class of the population except the foreign born white.

TABLE XVI.—*Number and percentage of breadwinners in the female population 15 years of age and over, classified by race, nativity, and marital condition, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900 and 1890.*

MARITAL CONDITION.	1900			1890		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
FEMALE POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.						
ALL CLASSES.						
Total	24,293,163	5,007,069	20.6	19,602,178	3,712,144	18.9
Single[1]	7,614,610	3,309,665	43.5	6,250,912	2,531,548	40.5
Married	13,842,180	775,924	5.6	11,124,785	515,124	4.6
Widowed	2,721,438	857,922	31.5	2,156,598	630,257	29.3
Divorced	114,935	63,558	55.3	71,883	35,215	49.0
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.						
Total	12,574,968	1,825,850	14.5	10,580,675	1,310,148	12.4
Single[1]	3,918,599	1,230,803	31.4	3,233,405	889,722	27.5
Married	7,259,967	217,565	3.0	6,132,027	135,881	2.2
Widowed	1,333,719	347,736	26.1	1,120,959	265,679	23.7
Divorced	62,675	29,746	47.5	44,284	18,866	42.6
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.						
Total	4,478,720	1,138,129	25.4	3,064,321	774,751	25.3
Single[1]	1,990,539	977,094	49.1	1,562,788	683,373	44.4
Married	2,214,414	69,065	3.1	1,357,712	36,376	2.7
Widowed	257,107	83,154	32.3	135,959	41,236	30.3
Divorced	16,660	8,816	52.9	7,862	3,767	47.9
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.						
Total	4,450,699	881,963	19.4	3,809,919	758,006	19.8
Single[1]	876,547	607,791	69.4	791,040	557,116	70.4
Married	2,859,865	102,416	3.6	2,435,046	72,617	3.0
Widowed	702,953	145,315	20.7	574,854	122,249	21.3
Divorced	12,534	6,441	51.4	8,979	4,024	44.8
NEGRO.						
Total	2,690,652	1,162,250	43.2	2,175,550	867,717	39.9
Single[1]	810,647	490,358	60.5	657,234	389,633	59.3
Married	1,443,859	376,114	26.0	1,187,434	269,169	22.7
Widowed	414,110	277,656	67.0	320,194	200,360	62.6
Divorced	22,036	18,122	82.2	10,688	8,580	79.8
INDIAN AND MONGOLIAN.						
Total	96,129	18,877	19.2	21,713	3,522	16.2
Single[1]	19,278	3,619	18.8	6,445	1,669	25.9
Married	64,275	10,764	16.7	12,568	1,082	8.6
Widowed	13,549	4,061	30.0	2,632	743	28.2
Divorced	1,027	433	42.2	70	28	(2)

[1] Including unknown.
[2] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

Adoption and abandonment of occupations.—Reference has been made to the probability that only a minority of the women who appear in the census as breadwinners remain in this class throughout their active lives. Some indication of the extent to which their employment in gainful occupations is temporary may be derived from a comparison of the number of

female breadwinners reported in each ten-year age period in 1900 with the number reported in the next younger age period in 1890. Of course all persons who were alive at the date of both censuses were just ten years older at the later census than they were at the preceding one. It is true that many of those who were enumerated at the later census may not have been enumerated at the earlier, but this applies chiefly to the foreign born or immigrants, many of whom doubtless were not in this country at the date of the earlier census. The value of the comparison, therefore, will not be seriously impaired by this circumstance if it is confined to the native population. For as regards the native population, it may be assumed that nearly everybody over 10 years of age enumerated in 1900 was also enumerated in 1890, being, of course, just ten years younger at the earlier census. In effect this becomes a comparison of the figures for the same generation at the beginning and the end of a decade.

The kind of comparison referred to consists in estimating the decennial decrease in the ranks of the breadwinners produced by death and emigration, on the assumption that it would be the same for breadwinners as it is for the total female population in the same age group, and then comparing the result with the actual decrease, or possibly increase, as shown by the Census enumeration. The difference is assumed to represent the decrease or the increase resulting from the adoption and abandonment of breadwinning occupations during the ten-year interval. For example, there were 3,362,544 native white women of native parentage between the ages of 15 and 24 in 1890, and 596,796 of these women were engaged in gainful occupations. In the ensuing ten years the number of women in this group was, of course, reduced by deaths, and to some slight extent, perhaps, by emigration. When the census of 1900 was taken those still living and still in this country were in the age period 25 to 34 years. The number of native white women of native parentage enumerated in that age period at that census was, in fact, 2,860,606, a reduction of 14.9 per cent compared with the number 15 to to 24 years of age in 1890. This percentage represents approximately the decennial death rate in this class of population. The same percentage of reduction in the number engaged in occupations would have left 507,710 in 1900.[1] This may be assumed to represent approximately the number of women in this age class who had an occupation in 1890 and were still living in 1900. But the number reported as having a gainful occupation in 1900 was less than this by 108,662, being only 399,048. So it is safe to conclude that at least 108,622 of the native white women of native parentage 15 to 24 years of age reported as gainfully employed at the census of 1890 gave up their occupations before the census of 1900 was taken. But this is only the minimum number. The actual number was unquestionably much above this limit, because the reduction in the ranks of this group of breadwinners resulting from the abandonment of occupations before 1900 would be partially counterbalanced and covered up by the addition of new recruits taking up occupations after 1890. The difference—108,622—obtained by the above computation is therefore the net decrease resulting from changes other than those caused by death, and may be regarded as representing approximately the number giving up an occupation over and above the number adopting one in the interval between 1890 and 1900.

The results obtained by making the computation here described are presented in Table XVII, the computation having been made for each age group separately in each of the two classes of the native white female population and the figures for the total native white obtained by adding these results.

In 1890 the number of native white women in continental United States 15 to 24 years of age reported as having a gainful occupation was 1,120,698. In the ensuing ten years the group of breadwinners in this generation of women was reduced to 696,816—a reduction of 423,882. The loss from deaths is estimated at 149,609 and the net loss from the adoption and abandonment of occupations at 274,273, the latter representing 24.5 per cent, or almost one-fourth of the women who had an occupation at the beginning of the decade, and 28.2 per cent of the estimated number[2] of those who had an occupation at the beginning of the decade and were still living at the end of the decade. Since the number that actually gave up their breadwinning pursuits in the interval must have been considerably in excess of this net reduction—which, as already explained, represents only the difference between the number giving up an occupation and the number adopting one—it seems a very conservative conclusion that not less than one-half of the native white women who were breadwinners 15 to 24 years of age in 1890 and were still living in 1900 had given up their gainful occupations in the interval.

[1] To obtain this result the exact percentage was used, the fraction being expressed as a common fraction and not as a decimal.

[2] Obtained by subtracting the estimated deaths from the reported number of breadwinners at the beginning of the decade.

TABLE XVII.—COMPARISON OF THE NUMBER OF NATIVE WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS IN SPECIFIED AGE PERIODS REPORTED AT CENSUSES OF 1890 AND 1900, WITH ESTIMATE OF THE DECREASE RESULTING FROM DEATHS AND OF THE INCREASE OR DECREASE RESULTING FROM THE ADOPTION AND ABANDONMENT OF OCCUPATIONS, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES.

AGE PERIOD.		FEMALE BREADWINNERS.					
		Number enumerated.		Increase (+) or decrease (−), 1890 to 1900.			
					Estimated as resulting from—		
1890	1900	1890	1900	Total.	Deaths or migration.	Adoption and abandonment of occupation.	
						Number.	Per cent.
		NATIVE WHITE.					
15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	1,120,698	696,816	−423,882	−149,609	−274,273	−24.5
25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	451,438	375,030	−76,408	−42,758	−33,650	−7.5
35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	214,192	229,009	+14,817	−24,393	+39,210	+18.3
45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	149,802	136,567	−13,235	−28,309	+15,074	+10.1
55 years and over	65 years and over	141,198	72,991	−68,205	−61,692	−6,513	−4.6
		NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.					
15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	506,796	399,048	−107,748	−89,086	−108,662	−18.2
25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	274,481	244,348	−30,133	−32,347	+2,214	+0.8
35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	167,436	182,106	+14,670	−21,823	+36,493	+21.8
45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	133,153	120,592	−12,561	−26,687	+14,126	+10.6
55 years and over	65 years and over	131,916	67,624	−64,292	−58,803	−5,489	−4.2
		NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.					
15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	523,902	297,768	−226,134	−60,523	−165,611	−31.6
25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	176,957	130,682	−46,275	−10,411	−35,864	−20.3
35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	46,756	46,903	+147	−2,570	+2,717	+5.8
45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	16,649	15,975	−674	−1,622	+948	+5.7
55 years and over	65 years and over	9,280	5,367	−3,913	−2,889	−1,024	−11.0

The tendency during the next ten years, or in the period of early middle life, is indicated by a comparison of the figures for the native white women who were 25 to 34 years of age in 1890 and 35 to 44 years of age in 1900. Here the estimated reduction in the number of breadwinners through the abandonment of occupations was not so great, the net loss being 33,650, or 7.5 per cent. During the next ten years of life the tide turns in the other direction, the number of women adopting occupations being so great as to more than make good the losses through death and the abandonment of occupations. This is shown by the fact that the number of breadwinners in the generation of native women 35 to 44 years of age in 1890 actually increased from 214,192 in 1890 to 229,009 in 1900, and the computation in the above table indicating that not less than 39,210, or 17.1 per cent of those who had an occupation in 1900 had entered the ranks of the breadwinners since 1890. This phenomenon is of course indicative of the fact that many women in middle life, being suddenly thrown upon their own resources by the death of husband or father or other relative are compelled to become breadwinners. There is little doubt, however, that a large proportion of these women who join the ranks of the breadwinners in middle life are the widows of farmers, who take up the occupation of their deceased husbands. This inference is confirmed by the fact that the increase as shown by the above table is much greater for the native white of native parentage than for the native white of foreign parentage.

FAMILY RELATIONSHIP.

With a view to obtaining some light upon the home life and associations of the women who are engaged in gainful occupations, a special tabulation has been prepared, classifying female breadwinners by their relationship to the family in which they live.

The data for this tabulation were obtained from the entries on the population schedule designating the head of each family and defining the relationship to the head of all other persons in the family, the relationship being indicated by such terms as "wife," "daughter," "son," "niece," "boarder," "servant," etc. Female breadwinners have been classified with respect to the relationship indicated by these returns in five classes. The first class comprises those who were returned as "heads of families;" the second those "living with father," that is, in a family of which the head as returned on the schedule was the father of the breadwinner; the third, those similarly "living with mother;" the fourth, those "living with other relatives," which includes married women living with their husbands; and the fifth, those returned as "boarders," which includes those living with their employer. The first

four of these classes—comprising the breadwinners who are either heads of families or are living with father, mother, or other relative—may be appropriately designated as the classes living at home in distinction from the boarders and those living with employer. The fact should be noted, however, that the boarders may not always be separated from their relatives or other members of their family, but may represent cases in which an entire family is boarding together. Such cases have not been segregated in this tabulation. But an inspection of the schedules indicates that they are comparatively few; so that it may be assumed that the great majority of the breadwinners comprised in this class are what may be termed solitary boarders.

As already stated, breadwinners living with their employers have been included with boarders. This classification seems not inappropriate from an economic point of view, since the board in such cases constitutes a part of the breadwinner's compensation, so that she may be regarded as a boarder paying for her board by a part of the value of her services. Probably few female breadwinners other than servants, housekeepers, and nurses live with their employers.

The tabulation here described was made for the female breadwinners 16 years of age and over comprised in the population of 27 cities. The cities selected were those in which there were the largest numbers of women engaged in gainful occupations. The list includes all cities having over 150,000 inhabitants in 1900 with the exception of San Francisco, which was omitted because of the radical change of conditions produced in that city by the earthquake of 1906. The list includes also four smaller cities, namely, Paterson, N. J.; Fall River, Mass.; Lowell, Mass.; and Atlanta, Georgia.

The total number of female breadwinners 16 years of age and over living in these 27 cities was 1,232,268, which is a little more than one-fourth of the total number (4,833,630) in continental United States. Their classification by relationship to the family in which they lived is shown in the following tabular statement:

FAMILY RELATIONSHIP.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES: 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Total	1,232,268	100.0
Living at home	798,711	64.8
Heads of families	146,902	11.9
Living with father	323,763	26.3
Living with mother	149,770	12.2
Living with other relative	178,276	14.5
Boarding[1]	433,557	35.2

[1] Includes those living with employer.

Of the total number of women comprised in this tabulation, 433,557, or more than one-third (35.2 per cent), were returned as boarders, including those boarding with their employer. More than one-fourth were classified as living with father, which means that they were returned on the schedule as living in a family the head of which was the father of the breadwinners, so that this class naturally includes those living in the same household with father and mother as well as those living with father alone. The number living with mother, which was about one-half of the number living with father, represents the cases in which the mother was returned as the head of the family. Probably in the great majority of these cases the mother was a widow. The "other relative" with whom 178,276 of these breadwinners lived was in many instances the husband of the breadwinner. The total number of married breadwinners returned as living with "other relative" was, in fact, 66,368; but of course the "other relative" may not in all cases have been the husband.

In Table XVIII the classification by family relationship is combined with a classification by race and nativity.

TABLE XVIII.—DISTRIBUTION, BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR TWENTY-SEVEN SELECTED CITIES: 1900.

FAMILY RELATIONSHIP.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES.									
	All classes.		Native white—				Foreign born white.		Negro.	
			Both parents native.		One or both parents foreign born.					
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Total	1,232,268	100.0	279,013	100.0	424,552	100.0	393,682	100.0	134,945	100.0
Living at home	798,711	64.8	184,676	66.2	333,793	78.6	200,083	50.8	80,137	59.4
Heads of families	146,902	11.9	31,975	11.5	31,496	7.4	53,780	13.7	29,641	22.0
Living with father	323,763	26.3	76,869	27.6	167,954	39.6	69,177	17.6	9,762	7.2
Living with mother	149,770	12.2	36,227	13.0	81,966	19.4	22,395	5.7	9,177	6.8
Living with other relative	178,276	14.5	39,605	14.2	52,377	12.3	54,731	13.9	31,557	23.4
Boarding[1]	433,557	35.2	94,337	33.8	90,759	21.4	193,599	49.2	54,808	40.6

[1] Includes those living with employer.

It should be remembered that more than one-fourth of the total number of breadwinners included in this classification were servants and waitresses. Since a large proportion of these lived with their employers, and were therefore classified with the boarders, it is evident that their inclusion in the totals increased very much the relative importance of the boarder group, and that the proportion of boarders among breadwinners in any class of the population would be determined to a considerable extent by the proportion of servants comprised in that class. This is the explanation of the large proportion of negro women in this group (40.6 per cent) and foreign born whites (49.2 per cent). In many respects, the distribution is more significant when servants, whose position in this classification is to a large extent determined by the nature of their occupation, are segregated from the other breadwinners, as is done in the following tabular statement:

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES: 1900.

FAMILY RELATIONSHIP.	Total.		Servants and waitresses.		All other occupations.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Total	1,232,288	100.0	327,573	100.0	904,695	100.0
Living at home	798,711	64.8	67,046	20.5	731,665	80.9
Heads of families	146,902	11.9	16,177	4.9	130,725	14.4
Living with father	323,763	26.3	18,808	5.7	304,955	33.7
Living with mother	149,770	12.2	9,772	3.0	139,998	15.5
Living with other relative	178,276	14.5	22,289	6.8	155,987	17.2
Boarding[1]	433,577	35.2	260,527	79.5	173,030	19.1

[1] Includes those living with employer.

By excluding servants the percentage of boarders in the total number of breadwinners is reduced from 35.2 to 19.1, and the relative importance of the other groups is correspondingly increased. The change produced in the percentages for each race and nativity class is shown by Table XIX, in which the distribution by family relationship is presented for breadwinners, exclusive of servants and waitresses, classified by race and nativity and also by marital condition.

Table XIX shows that the proportion of breadwinners (exclusive of servants and waitresses) who are boarding is larger for the native white women of native parentage than for any other class. When, however, the comparison is confined to single women, the percentage of boarders for the native white of native parentage, though much larger than that for the native white of foreign parentage, is slightly smaller than that for the foreign born and considerably smaller than that for negroes.

Doubtless many of the women of native birth who are breadwinners in the city have migrated from the country in order to avail themselves of the larger opportunities for employment which the city usually offers. Such a migration quite commonly involves a separation from parents and other relatives and consequently leads to boarding. It is not improbable that this cityward migration may be even more general among the negro women than among the native white women of native parentage; and as regards the single white women of foreign birth, doubtless many of them parted from their families when they came to this country, which would account for the fact that the percentage of boarders is large in this group also. On the other hand, it is hardly possible that many of the children of immigrants have taken part in this cityward migration, because most of the immigrants from foreign countries settle in cities on their arrival in the United States. Therefore it is not surprising to find that the percentage of boarders among the single native white breadwinners of foreign parentage is exceptionally small.

It would perhaps be expected that the percentage of boarders would be higher among single women than among the married or the widowed and divorced. This proves to be true in a comparison for the aggregate number of breadwinners, although the differences are not very marked; it is also true, with greater contrasts, for the foreign born white and the negro. But among the native white of either native parentage or foreign parentage the percentage of boarders is somewhat higher for the widowed and divorced than it is for the single; and among the native white of foreign parentage it is higher for the married as well, the percentage for single women in this class being, as already noted, exceptionally small.

The percentage returned as living with parents—that is, with father or with mother—was naturally larger for breadwinners who are single, most of them being young women, than for the married or the widowed and divorced. Living with parents is for single women in early life the usual alternative to boarding; therefore it is not surprising to find that the native white of foreign parentage, being the class of single women having the smallest percentage of boarders, is also the class having the largest percentage living with parents. The probable explanation, as already suggested, is that migration to cities involving separation from parents is less usual in this class of the population than in the other race and nativity classes.

The number of single female breadwinners living with father is more than twice the number living with mother. "Living with mother" implies that the mother is either a widow or a divorced woman, or a wife living apart from her husband. Probably if the statistics were available it would be found that the proportion of breadwinners is greater among single women whose mothers are widows than among those whose fathers are living. But on the other hand as the great majority of single women are young women, it is probable that the total number whose fathers are still living greatly exceeds the total number whose mothers only are living, so that a relatively small percentage of breadwinners in the former class might easily represent a larger actual number of breadwinners than a large percentage in the class whose mothers are widows.

TABLE XIX.—DISTRIBUTION, BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER (EXCLUSIVE OF SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES), CLASSIFIED BY MARITAL CONDITION, RACE, AND NATIVITY, FOR TWENTY-SEVEN SELECTED CITIES: 1900.

FAMILY RELATIONSHIP.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER (EXCLUSIVE OF SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES).									
	All classes.[1]		Native white—				Foreign born white.		Negro.	
			Both parents native.		One or both parents foreign born.					
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
	ALL MARITAL CLASSES.									
Total	904,695	100.0	242,905	100.0	362,535	100.0	236,993	100.0	62,230	100.0
Living at home	731,685	80.9	178,397	73.4	318,110	87.7	183,512	77.4	51,628	83.0
Heads of families	110,725	14.4	30,044	12.6	29,680	8.2	49,222	20.8	21,171	34.0
Living with father	304,955	33.7	74,572	30.7	160,370	44.2	65,025	27.4	4,988	8.0
Living with mother	139,998	15.5	35,344	14.6	78,875	21.8	20,967	8.8	4,807	7.7
Living with other relative	155,987	17.2	37,837	15.6	49,185	13.6	48,298	20.4	20,662	33.2
Boarding[2]	173,010	19.1	64,508	26.6	44,425	12.3	53,481	22.6	10,602	17.0
	SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).									
Total	677,722	100.0	187,615	100.0	316,097	100.0	155,475	100.0	18,524	100.0
Living at home	543,317	80.2	137,622	73.4	278,809	88.2	113,794	73.2	13,028	70.3
Heads of families	31,626	4.7	8,812	4.7	10,136	3.2	9,553	6.1	3,125	16.9
Living with father	294,571	43.5	71,697	38.2	156,402	49.5	62,652	40.3	3,820	20.6
Living with mother	131,007	19.3	32,835	17.5	75,166	23.8	19,525	12.6	3,479	18.8
Living with other relative	86,113	12.7	24,278	12.9	37,105	11.8	22,064	14.2	2,604	14.1
Boarding[2]	134,405	19.8	49,991	26.6	37,228	11.8	41,681	26.8	5,496	29.7
	MARRIED.									
Total	97,477	100.0	21,358	100.0	18,807	100.0	34,846	100.0	22,456	100.0
Living at home	82,725	84.9	16,167	75.7	15,905	84.6	30,342	87.1	20,306	90.4
Heads of families	15,712	16.1	3,690	17.3	3,124	16.6	5,699	16.4	3,197	14.2
Living with father	5,543	5.7	1,446	6.8	1,834	10.3	1,438	4.1	725	3.2
Living with mother	3,535	3.6	906	4.2	1,364	7.3	593	1.7	670	3.0
Living with other relative	57,935	59.4	10,125	47.4	9,483	50.4	22,612	64.9	15,713	70.0
Boarding[2]	14,752	15.1	5,191	24.3	2,902	15.4	4,504	12.9	2,151	9.6
	WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.									
Total	129,496	100.0	33,934	100.0	27,631	100.0	46,672	100.0	21,250	100.0
Living at home	105,643	81.6	24,608	72.5	23,336	84.5	39,376	84.4	18,295	86.1
Heads of families	83,387	64.4	18,142	53.5	16,420	59.4	33,970	72.8	14,849	69.9
Living with father	4,841	3.7	1,429	4.2	2,034	7.4	935	2.0	443	2.1
Living with mother	5,456	4.2	1,603	4.7	2,345	8.5	849	1.8	658	3.1
Living with other relative	11,939	9.2	3,434	10.1	2,537	9.2	3,622	7.8	2,345	11.0
Boarding[2]	23,873	18.4	9,326	27.5	4,296	15.5	7,296	15.6	2,955	13.9

[1] Includes 32 Indian and Mongolian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.
[2] Includes those living with employer

The widowed and divorced form the only marital class in which the number of breadwinners living with mother exceeds the number living with father. Most of the widowed and divorced are women who have reached middle life or advanced age. Three-fourths of the widows in the total population of the United States are over 45 years of age. While the proportion above that age is probably not so great among the widows who are breadwinners, yet without doubt most of them have reached the period of life when the chances are that one or both parents are no longer living. But if either parent is living, it is more apt to be the mother than the father, because the mother is usually younger than the father.[1] This probably explains in part why the number of widowed and divorced breadwinners living with mother exceeds the number living with father. But another reason may be found in the probability that a widowed mother is

[1] This probability is substantiated by the statistics of marital condition, which show that in cities of over 100,000 inhabitants widows outnumber widowers in the ratio of 3 to 1. There are several reasons for this excess of widows, one is found in the fact that in most marital unions the husband is older than the wife and therefore more likely to die first; another, in the fact that men remarry more often than women; a third, in the fact that women are longer lived than men.

less likely to be able to support a widowed daughter and more likely to need her assistance than a widowed or married father. Therefore the widowed daughter is more likely to become a breadwinner when her mother is the only parent living than she is when her father is living.

Most of the widows and divorced women who are breadwinners are, however, heads of families, the number in this class constituting 64.4 per cent, or two-thirds of the total number included in Table XIX. A widow or single woman keeping a boarding house would ordinarily be returned as head of a family even though she had no relatives living with her. Of the breadwinners who were single, only 4.7 per cent were returned as heads of families. For negro women, however, the percentage is much higher, being 16.9.

A married woman would not be classified as head of the family if she was living in the same household with her husband. The fact then that 16.1 per cent of the married women included in Table XIX were returned as heads of families means that at least that proportion—approximately 1 in 6—were living apart from their husbands. It can not be assumed, however, that this includes all the married women living apart from their husbands. For while the fact that a married woman is returned as living with father, that is, in a family or household of which the head is her father or perhaps her father-in-law, does not necessarily imply separation from her husband any more than the fact that she is returned as living with mother or as boarding, yet it is probable that a considerable number of these married women were in fact living apart from their husbands. To what extent this separation implies wife desertion or marital infelicity can not of course be determined from the census returns, as the occupation of the husband may have necessitated separation from his family.

Doubtless most of the married women living with their husbands and keeping house are comprised in the class returned as living with "other relative." This explains why the percentage living with "other relative" is much larger for the married than for any other marital class. It is smaller for the married white women who are of native birth and native parentage than it is for any other class of married women, while the percentage boarding is considerably larger for them than for any other class, and the percentage returned as "heads of families" slightly larger.

On the whole, then, the comparison here made suggests that a considerable proportion of the married women who are breadwinners are living apart from their husbands, and that the proportion is largest among the married white women of native birth and parentage. This would indicate that the adoption of a gainful occupation by a married woman is more frequently associated with a breaking up of the marriage relationship among the native white of native parentage than in the other classes of population.

Table XX shows for each of the selected cities what percentage of the total number of female breadwinners (not including servants and waitresses) 16 years of age and over in each class as defined by race, nativity, and marital status were returned as boarders. The cities are arranged in the order of rank as determined by the percentage shown for the aggregate number.

The distinction of having the largest percentage belongs to St. Paul, Minn., in which city, according to the census returns, 33.6 per cent, or 1 in 3, of the total number of women (other than servants) following breadwinning pursuits in 1900 were boarding. In this city the percentage for the single breadwinners who are of native birth and parentage reaches 48.6, representing almost one-half of the total number. The next city in rank is Lowell, Mass., and the third is Minneapolis, Minn. It seems rather remarkable that Lowell and Fall River—both textile mill cities of about the same size and in the same state—should be so wide apart in rank, Lowell being, as just stated, the second city in this list, while Fall River is the nineteenth. Apparently the proportion of boarders is affected by varying local conditions and customs, and is not determined by any one feature alone such as size, locality, or composition of population.

It is evident, however, that in most of the populous metropolitan centers the proportion of boarders among the women who are breadwinners is relatively large, although not so large as it is in some of the smaller cities. Boston is the fourth city in the percentage of boarders, ranking next to Minneapolis. Philadelphia is the seventh city, but is outranked by Kansas City, Mo., and Washington, D. C. Chicago is the eighth city. The municipality comprised in Manhattan and Bronx boroughs, and representing what was formerly the city of New York, was eleventh in rank, coming below Detroit, Mich., and Rochester, N. Y., with a percentage of boarders not much smaller than that for Philadelphia and Chicago, but much less than that for Boston, Lowell, and the twin western cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The borough of Brooklyn and Jersey City and Newark, which are outlying cities in what is practically one large metropolitan area having Manhattan Island as its center, contain a comparatively small percentage of boarders in the working female population, Jersey City coming at the very foot of the list, while Brooklyn borough is twenty-third and Newark twenty-sixth.

TABLE XX.—PERCENTAGE[1] OF BOARDERS AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER (EXCLUSIVE OF SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES), CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION, FOR EACH SELECTED CITY: 1900.

CITY.	PERCENTAGE OF BOARDERS[2] AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER (EXCLUSIVE OF SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES).																			
	All classes.				Native white—								Foreign born white.				Negro.			
					Both parents native.				One or both parents foreign born.											
	Total.	Single (including unknown).	Married.	Widowed and divorced.	Total.	Single (including unknown).	Married.	Widowed and divorced.	Total.	Single (including unknown).	Married.	Widowed and divorced.	Total.	Single (including unknown).	Married.	Widowed and divorced.	Total.	Single (including unknown).	Married.	Widowed and divorced.
St. Paul, Minn.	33.6	35.8	21.2	23.9	45.2	48.6	28.6	31.6	30.1	30.9	23.6	22.5	29.8	34.2	13.9	20.4	35.2	(3)	(3)	(3)
Lowell, Mass.	31.9	32.1	31.3	31.9	38.0	37.6	37.7	39.9	19.3	18.0	26.3	24.8	37.0	39.8	31.3	30.0				
Minneapolis, Minn.	31.2	34.2	20.7	21.5	33.0	35.6	20.9	25.9	28.2	29.3	18.2	24.8	33.7	40.9	15.6	16.1	21.0	(3)	(3)	(3)
Boston, Mass.	28.0	28.0	28.6	28.2	41.3	41.6	37.4	42.2	13.7	12.3	27.7	23.7	33.5	38.5	22.3	20.5	31.6	46.7	28.3	18.6
Kansas City, Mo.	24.9	28.2	17.6	21.4	28.3	30.2	21.4	26.7	18.3	18.9	15.5	16.9	27.6	36.9	15.2	14.6	21.0	37.5	13.7	16.8
Washington, D. C.	23.3	28.6	11.9	22.0	30.5	31.4	23.2	30.9	20.0	19.7	14.8	24.7	31.5	44.7	16.4	19.6	16.3	26.8	8.7	16.0
Philadelphia, Pa.	21.9	21.1	21.4	27.2	26.2	25.4	25.6	32.4	14.2	13.3	18.0	22.0	26.4	28.3	18.7	25.3	30.8	42.0	22.5	24.6
Chicago, Ill.	21.1	21.4	18.5	20.9	35.7	37.4	28.1	33.1	13.3	12.6	19.4	18.5	20.8	24.3	11.1	14.6	29.1	49.3	18.3	21.1
Detroit, Mich.	20.6	20.6	20.7	20.0	31.6	32.0	28.7	30.9	13.0	12.6	13.5	17.0	24.2	26.7	17.4	16.9	15.5	15.5	(3)	12.6
Rochester, N. Y.	20.0	20.0	18.5	21.3	24.9	24.2	20.3	29.4	15.3	15.1	15.8	16.2	24.7	28.0	12.6	19.6	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
New York, N. Y.[4]	19.7	20.6	15.6	18.2	30.8	30.9	31.9	28.6	11.7	11.1	17.3	15.4	22.7	26.9	11.2	16.8	24.8	43.1	17.2	14.5
Indianapolis, Ind.	19.1	21.1	10.2	17.5	21.8	23.8	11.5	20.4	14.6	14.9	11.6	13.4	22.2	30.3	9.5	12.3	14.7	23.8	7.4	15.3
Providence, R. I.	18.9	18.4	18.2	22.7	24.3	23.0	24.3	30.6	11.6	10.7	18.8	19.5	24.4	27.2	16.9	18.3	15.5	27.2	8.2	13.9
Pittsburg, Pa.	18.4	19.0	15.6	16.3	24.2	24.5	21.2	24.4	12.1	11.9	16.0	12.9	20.3	25.7	11.4	11.4	24.4	38.1	14.0	17.8
Buffalo, N. Y.	17.3	18.1	12.9	15.2	23.1	23.3	18.2	25.1	12.0	12.0	11.9	12.2	21.2	26.1	8.9	12.5	33.1	(3)	(3)	(3)
St. Louis, Mo.	16.4	16.9	12.8	16.6	23.8	24.1	20.3	24.8	11.1	10.7	11.1	14.3	19.3	27.1	8.9	11.7	19.1	35.0	11.0	15.5
Baltimore, Md.	16.0	18.5	7.4	14.8	20.0	20.6	14.1	20.2	9.7	9.9	6.5	11.0	16.1	23.7	4.8	9.9	15.2	29.9	5.7	14.7
Cleveland, Ohio	15.7	15.9	13.9	15.7	27.0	28.1	22.9	24.3	9.5	9.0	12.8	14.3	16.2	19.5	8.5	11.2	20.2	29.2	16.3	14.7
Fall River, Mass.	13.9	14.0	11.4	22.0	17.0	16.3	14.4	25.2	8.2	7.7	8.8	20.3	16.4	17.8	11.8	22.0	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Milwaukee, Wis.	13.9	14.8	6.7	10.8	23.2	23.5	21.3	21.8	12.7	13.1	6.7	10.0	11.5	14.2	3.0	8.7	(3)	(3)		
Louisville, Ky.	13.5	15.1	7.4	12.8	17.6	18.1	10.2	18.0	9.2	8.9	9.7	11.3	18.0	28.2	5.7	8.4	12.8	22.5	6.5	11.4
Atlanta, Ga.	12.9	20.0	5.7	9.5	20.9	22.7	14.7	19.8	11.7	10.8	(3)	(3)	31.4	(3)	(3)	(3)	8.2	16.9	3.5	5.9
Brooklyn borough, N. Y.	12.8	12.8	12.2	13.3	17.8	17.1	21.4	20.8	8.0	7.6	10.6	11.4	16.8	21.2	8.9	11.1	18.6	28.0	14.2	13.2
New Orleans, La.	12.6	16.5	7.2	10.6	16.9	10.4	17.3	13.8	10.3	10.9	9.0	9.0	16.5	40.4	11.6	9.1	11.5	20.4	5.5	10.7
Paterson, N. J.	12.6	12.5	11.2	15.1	16.3	15.9	19.3	17.2	8.4	8.0	10.8	15.1	14.9	16.5	8.7	14.2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Newark, N. J.	12.1	12.0	12.4	12.3	16.0	15.4	16.5	20.6	8.4	8.1	13.5	9.1	14.3	17.3	8.7	9.6	15.0	22.3	13.3	10.1
Cincinnati, Ohio.	11.7	12.2	8.2	11.0	15.7	15.6	13.4	17.7	8.4	8.4	7.4	8.6	15.7	23.4	4.9	9.1	13.9	25.3	7.2	10.1
Jersey City, N. J.	10.8	10.5	10.9	12.4	13.0	12.3	15.1	18.1	7.2	6.9	6.4	12.3	16.5	21.5	10.1	9.7	21.3	(3)	(3)	(3)

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 28, page 218.
[2] Includes those living with employer.
[3] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.
[4] Includes Manhattan and Bronx boroughs only.

The only two distinctively southern cities included in this comparison—Atlanta and New Orleans—come near the foot of the list, while Baltimore and St. Louis, cities in the borderland of the South, have an intermediate rank. The figures do not indicate that the presence of the negro very much affects the ranking of these cities. In other words, they would apparently have about the same rank in a comparison confined to the white population.

OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY.

Another tabulation which was prepared for the purposes of this report, and was also derived directly from the entries on the Twelfth Census schedules, classifies the women who were breadwinners and were living at home with respect to the number of other breadwinners in the families in which they lived. On this basis of classification the families were divided into four groups, namely, those having no other breadwinners, those having one other, those having two other, and those having more than two other. The other breadwinners include only those who were related to the woman who is herself a breadwinner and were living in the same household or family. Relatives living elsewhere could not be considered because the Census schedules furnish no means of identifying such relatives.

It was not possible therefore to compile similar data for those women who were living with their employers or boarding. Some of the latter, it is true, might have other members of their families boarding in the same house; but otherwise the facts regarding the members of the families to which they were related by ties of kinship could not be ascertained.

In Table XXI, summarizing the results of this tabulation, servants and waitresses have been excluded, in the belief that the comparison is rendered more significant if restricted to other breadwinners, who are for the most part engaged in occupations in which living with the employer is not customary.

TABLE XXI.—DISTRIBUTION, BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER (EXCLUSIVE OF SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES), CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION, FOR TWENTY-SEVEN SELECTED CITIES: 1900.

CLASS.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER (EXCLUSIVE OF SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES).									
	All classes.		Native white—				Foreign born white.		Negro.	
			Both parents native.		One or both parents foreign born.					
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.										
Total	904,695	100.0	242,905	100.0	362,535	100.0	236,993	100.0	62,230	100.0
Living at home	731,065	80.9	178,397	73.4	318,110	87.7	183,512	77.4	51,828	83.0
In families having—										
No other breadwinners	98,861	10 9	27,202	11.2	28,742	7.9	30,710	13.0	12,202	19.6
One other	218,415	24.1	59,426	24.5	81,288	22.4	57,633	24.3	20,063	32.2
Two other	188,089	20.8	47,848	19.7	86,933	24.0	43,090	18.2	10,215	16.4
More than two other	226,300	25.0	43,921	18.1	121,147	33.4	52,079	22.0	9,148	14.7
Boarding[1]	173,630	19.1	64,508	26.6	44,425	12.3	53,481	22.6	10,602	17.0
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).										
Total	677,722	100.0	187,613	100.0	316,097	100.0	155,475	100.0	18,524	100.0
Living at home	543,317	80.2	137,622	73.4	278,869	88.2	113,794	73.2	13,026	70.3
In families having—										
No other breadwinners	44,610	6.5	13,866	7 4	17,549	5.6	9,871	6.3	2,730	14.7
One other	141,880	20.9	43,015	22.9	66,333	21.0	28,983	18.6	3,548	19.2
Two other	155,423	22.9	41,288	22.0	78,589	25.2	31,385	20.2	3,151	17.0
More than two other	202,004	29.8	39,453	21.0	115,388	36.5	43,555	28.0	3,598	19.4
Boarding[1]	134,405	19.8	49,991	26.6	37,228	11.8	41,681	26.8	5,498	29.7
MARRIED.										
Total	97,477	100.0	21,358	100.0	18,807	100.0	34,840	100.0	22,456	100.0
Living at home	82,725	84.9	16,167	75.7	15,905	84.6	30,342	87.1	20,305	90.4
In families having—										
No other breadwinners	11,026	11.3	2,704	12.9	2,411	12.8	3,838	11.0	2,011	9.0
One other	43,546	44.7	8,267	38.7	7,757	41.2	16,512	47.4	11,010	49.0
Two other	15,363	15.8	2,937	13.8	3,053	16.2	5,467	15.7	3,934	17.5
More than two other	12,700	13.1	2,199	10.3	2,684	14.3	4,525	13.0	3,350	14.9
Boarding[1]	14,752	15.1	5,191	24.3	2,902	15.4	4,504	12.8	2,151	9.6
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.										
Total	129,496	100.0	33,934	100.0	27,631	100.0	46,672	100.0	21,259	100.0
Living at home	105,023	81.6	24,608	72.5	23,336	84.5	39,376	84.4	18,295	86.1
In families having—										
No other breadwinners	43,225	33 8	10,578	31 2	8,782	31.8	17,001	36.4	7,461	35.1
One other	32,988	25.5	8,144	24.0	7,196	26.1	12,138	26.0	5,505	25.9
Two other	17,273	13.3	3,623	10.7	4,281	15.5	6,238	13.4	3,130	14.7
More than two other	11,536	8.9	2,263	6.7	3,075	11.1	3,999	8.6	2,199	10.3
Boarding[1]	23,873	18.4	9,326	27.5	4,295	15.5	7,296	15.6	2,965	13.9

[1] Includes those living with employer.

Of the 904,695 female breadwinners included in the above total, 632,804, or almost 70 per cent, were living at home in families in which there were other breadwinners, and 226,300, or 25 per cent, were living in families in which there were at least 3 other ("more than 2 other"), making a total of at least 4 breadwinners in the family. These represent the cases in which the earnings of the woman who was a breadwinner were presumably supplementary to those of other members of the family. In such cases her earnings might not be sufficient for her own support but would nevertheless contribute something to the total family income, either lessening the burden resting upon other breadwinners in the family or providing herself with personal comforts or luxuries which she might otherwise have to forego. The effect which the situation revealed by these statistics may have upon the wages which women receive is of course an interesting question, but is one which lies somewhat outside the scope and purpose of this report.

About one-tenth (10.9 per cent) of the total number of women included in this tabulation lived in families in which there were no other breadwinners. This fact would suggest that they were supporting themselves

and one or more other persons dependent upon them; and probably such an inference would be correct in the great majority of cases. Yet it should be remembered that it might not be true of all cases, since a woman keeping a boarding house and having no relative living with her would be included in this group; and so also would a woman keeping house by herself.

Of the single women included in this classification, 29.8 per cent, or almost three-tenths, lived in families in which there were at least 3 other breadwinners, the number living in this class of families being greater than the number in any other class. But among the single white women of native birth and parentage the number living in this class of families is not quite so large as the number living in families having only one other breadwinner. The contrast in this respect between the native white women of native parentage and the white women of foreign parentage or foreign birth probably indicates a difference in the average size of families. Large families would be apt to comprise more breadwinners than small families, and the families of immigrants are probably larger on the average than those of native white Americans. As regards negro women who are single, it may be noted that for some reason, the number returned as being the only breadwinners in the families in which they lived represents an exceptionally large percentage (14.7) of the total number.

Of the married women the largest proportion—44.7 per cent of the total number—were living in families in which there was only 1 other breadwinner, and it may be assumed that in the majority of cases this other breadwinner was the husband of the married woman, although, of course, there is the possibility that the wife might be living apart from the husband or that the latter might be an invalid or cripple returned as having no occupation, in which case the other breadwinner would necessarily be some other relative and probably in most instances a son or daughter. Where the married woman was the only breadwinner in the family it is probable that she was not living with her husband. More than one-tenth, or 11.3 per cent, of the total number of married women who were breadwinners were in this class. When there are 2 or more than 2 other breadwinners in the family, the number necessarily includes other relatives than the husband, and probably includes one or more children of the married woman.

A large proportion—33.8 per cent—of the widowed and divorced women included in this tabulation were the only breadwinners in the family. The proportion is much larger in this than in either of the other marital classes, while the proportion having 2 other or more than 2 other breadwinners in the family is considerably smaller.

OCCUPATIONS.

In the reports of the Twelfth Census (1900) the detailed classification of breadwinners with respect to the kind of work in which they were engaged distinguishes 303 occupations. The complete classification with the number of females 10 years of age and over employed in each occupation may be found in the Twelfth Census report on Occupations, Table 1, and has not been reproduced in this report. Women are represented in all but 9 of these occupations. Naturally no women were reported as United States soldiers, sailors, or marines; nor were any reported as firemen (in fire department), as street car drivers (though 2 were reported as motormen), as telegraph and telephone linemen, as apprentices or helpers to roofers and slaters, or as helpers to steam boiler makers or to brassworkers. But the reader may note with interest, and perhaps with some surprise, that 5 women were employed as pilots; that on steam railroads 10 were employed as baggagemen, 31 as brakemen, 7 as conductors, 45 as engineers and firemen, and 26 as switchmen, yardmen, and flagmen; that 6 women were reported as ship carpenters, and 2 as roofers and slaters; that as many as 185 were returned as blacksmiths and 508 as machinists; that 8 were boilermakers, 31 were charcoal, coke, and lime burners, and 11 were well borers. Such figures as these have little sociological significance beyond indicating that there are few kinds of work from which the female sex is absolutely debarred, either by nature or law or custom.

Of the 303 occupations distinguished in the Census classification there were 79 in which the number of females reported was less than 100, 59 in which it was between 100 and 500, and 31 in which it was between 500 and 1,000. This leaves 125 occupations in which over 1,000 females were employed, and of these occupations there are only 63 in which the number employed was over 5,000. In the analysis of the occupation returns by race, nativity, age, and marital condition it was deemed advisable to consolidate this detailed classification by using to a certain extent groups or combinations of occupations. This was done to avoid over-elaborate and voluminous detail and in the belief that many of the distinctions made in the more detailed classification were not sufficiently significant and precise to justify extended analysis. The consolidated or shorter classification included 140 occupations or occupation groups; and in this report the number has been further reduced to 47, by selecting only those in which more than 5,000 women, or females 16 years of age and over, were employed. These 47 occupations, or occupation groups, however, account for 95 per cent of the total number of women in continental United States reported as having a gainful occupation. Those employed in other occupations are included in the residuary, or "all other" groups under the several main classes of occupations.

This classification by occupation of female breadwinners 16 years of age and over is presented in Table XXII, which, for purposes of comparison, includes also the number of male breadwinners.

TABLE XXII.—*Male and female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, classified by occupation, for continental United States: 1900.*

OCCUPATION.	BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	Male.		Female.		Per cent.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Male.	Female.
All occupations	22,489,425	100.0	4,833,630	100.0	82.3	17.7
Agricultural pursuits	8,549,739	38.0	770,055	15.9	91.7	8.3
Agricultural laborers	2,900,026	12.9	456,405	9.4	86.4	13.6
Farmers, planters, and overseers	5,367,169	23.9	307,706	6.4	94.6	5.4
Other agricultural pursuits	282,544	1.3	5,944	0.1	97.9	2.1
Professional service	826,096	3.7	429,497	8.9	65.8	34.2
Actors, professional showmen, etc	27,483	0.1	6,061	0.1	80.5	19.5
Artists and teachers of art	13,741	0.1	10,907	0.2	55.7	44.3
Literary and scientific persons	12,860	0.1	5,984	0.1	68.2	31.8
Musicians and teachers of music	39,453	0.2	52,010	1.1	43.1	56.9
Officials (government)	78,488	0.3	8,119	0.2	90.6	9.4
Physicians and surgeons	124,615	0.6	7,387	0.2	94.4	5.6
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	118,481	0.5	327,206	6.8	26.6	73.4
Other professional service	410,975	1.8	11,223	0.2	97.3	2.7
Domestic and personal service	3,348,159	14.9	1,953,467	40.4	63.2	36.8
Barbers and hairdressers	124,024	0.6	5,440	0.1	95.8	4.2
Boarding and lodging house keepers	11,826	0.1	59,455	1.2	16.6	83.4
Hotel keepers	46,204	0.2	8,533	0.2	84.4	15.6
Housekeepers and stewards	8,224	(1)	140,929	3.0	5.3	94.7
Janitors and sextons	48,350	0.2	8,010	0.2	85.8	14.2
Laborers (not specified)	2,393,729	10.6	106,916	2.2	95.7	4.3
Launderers and laundresses	50,019	0.2	328,935	6.8	13.2	86.8
Nurses and midwives	12,366	0.1	103,691	2.2	10.1	89.9
Servants and waiters	257,095	1.1	1,165,561	24.1	18.1	81.9
Other domestic and personal service	396,362	1.8	14,997	0.3	96.4	3.6
Trade and transportation	4,163,443	18.5	481,159	10.0	89.6	10.4
Agents	229,751	1.0	10,468	0.2	95.6	4.4
Bookkeepers and accountants	179,817	0.8	72,896	1.5	71.2	28.8
Clerks and copyists	527,122	2.3	81,000	1.7	86.7	13.3
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	754,502	3.4	33,825	0.7	95.7	4.3
Packers and shippers	37,882	0.2	17,052	0.4	69.0	31.0
Salesmen and saleswomen	448,552	2.0	142,265	2.9	75.9	24.1
Stenographers and typewriters	25,794	0.1	85,086	1.8	23.3	76.7
Telegraph and telephone operators	51,692	0.2	21,980	0.5	70.2	29.8
Other persons in trade and transportation	1,908,331	8.5	16,587	0.3	99.1	0.9
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	5,601,988	24.9	1,199,452	24.8	82.4	17.6
Bookbinders	14,010	0.1	14,303	0.3	49.5	50.5
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	164,181	0.7	36,490	0.8	81.8	18.2
Boxmakers (paper)	3,267	(1)	14,498	0.3	18.4	81.6
Confectioners	21,333	0.1	7,805	0.2	73.2	26.8
Glovemakers	4,275	(1)	7,170	0.1	37.4	62.6
Gold and silver workers	18,937	0.1	5,767	0.1	76.7	23.3
Paper and pulp mill operatives	26,062	0.1	8,709	0.2	75.0	25.0
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	133,515	0.6	15,353	0.3	89.7	10.3
Rubber factory operatives	13,882	0.1	6,945	0.1	66.7	33.3
Textile mill operatives	231,696	1.0	231,458	4.8	50.0	50.0
Carpet factory operatives	9,721	(1)	8,332	0.2	53.8	46.2
Cotton mill operatives	104,783	0.5	97,181	2.0	51.9	48.1
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	10,590	(1)	28,293	0.6	27.2	72.8
Silk mill operatives	19,090	0.1	26,432	0.5	41.9	58.1
Woolen mill operatives	39,402	0.2	27,169	0.6	59.2	40.8
Other textile mill operatives	48,140	0.2	44,051	0.9	52.2	47.8
Textile workers	196,707	0.9	675,255	14.0	22.6	77.4
Dressmakers	2,042	(1)	338,144	7.0	0.6	99.4
Hat and cap makers	14,704	0.1	7,049	0.1	67.6	32.4
Milliners	1,696	(1)	82,936	1.7	2.0	98.0
Seamstresses	4,557	(1)	138,724	2.9	3.2	96.8
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	8,009	(1)	27,788	0.6	22.4	77.6
Tailors and tailoresses	157,195	0.7	61,571	1.3	71.9	28.1
Other textile workers	8,534	(1)	19,043	0.4	30.9	69.1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	82,895	0.4	37,125	0.8	69.1	30.9
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	4,691,258	20.9	138,574	2.9	97.1	2.9

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Leading occupations.—In point of numbers by far the most important occupation for women is that of servant or waitress, the 1,165,561 women reported for this occupation constituting nearly one-fourth (24.1 per cent) of the total number in all occupations. The number of women in this occupation group returned as waitresses was 41,178.

If the breadwinners grouped as textile workers are regarded as constituting a single occupation group, that group would rank next to servants and waitresses in numerical importance; but in view of the fact that it comprises a number of rather diversified occupations, it seems more appropriate to give the second rank to the group of agricultural or farm laborers. To one unacquainted with occupation statistics it may seem surprising that almost half a million (456,405) women in continental United States were reported for this occupation. The significance of the figures will be better understood if it is pointed out that 442,006, or 96.8 per cent, of these farm laborers were reported from the Southern states, or the South Atlantic and South Central divisions, and that 361,804, or 79.3 per cent, of the total number were of the negro race. Moreover, it appears that 277,727, or 60.9 per cent, of the total number were members of the farmer's family, representing the wives and grown-up daughters assisting in the work on the home farm.

Next to these two leading occupations come 4 occupations not far apart in numerical importance, though widely different in character. They are the occupations of dressmaker, laundress, teacher, and farmer. The largest of these occupations—that of dressmaker—employs 338,144 women, and the smallest—that of farmer—employs 307,706. It may be stated in this connection that the farmers are not concentrated in the South to the same degree as farm laborers and that 233,086, or 75.7 per cent, of the number are white women.

Three-fifths of the total number of women reported as breadwinners are found in these 6 leading occupations employing more than 300,000 women each, the aggregate number in the 6 occupations being 2,923,957.

For the purpose of ranking it seems proper to treat the textile mill operatives as constituting a single occupation group, the different occupations included in this total being very similar in their main characteristics. They all represent factory industries, and there is a general similarity also in the kind of work done and in the other conditions of employment. The total number of women reported as textile mill operatives—231,458—makes this the seventh occupation group in numerical importance.

The occupation next in rank is that of housekeepers and stewardesses. This comprised 146,929 women. The housekeepers here referred to are those working for wages, the housekeeping and housework done by women in their own homes not being included in the list of gainful occupations.

If there are added to the occupation groups already mentioned the group of saleswomen, comprising 142,265 women, and that of seamstresses, comprising 138,724, the list includes the 10 leading occupations for women and accounts for 3,583,333, or 74.1 per cent, of the total number of women who are breadwinners. Six of these are occupation groups in which women predominate, greatly outnumbering the men. In the group of textile mill operatives the two sexes are represented in almost equal numbers. In the other three groups—comprising farmers, farm laborers, and salesmen or saleswomen—men are in the majority.

The occupation group of "nurses and midwives" includes 108,691 women. It is probable that in the enumerator's schedule the term "nurse" was in many instances applied to women who were employed to take care of young children and would more properly have been returned as servants. In classifying the returns the attempt was made to distinguish trained nurses. The number of women actually classified as trained nurses was a little over 11,000, the remainder being classified as "nurses (not specified)." It is not improbable that many of the latter were likewise trained nurses, but the returns were too indefinite for positive conclusions. The number of midwives included in this group was 5,629.

A large number of women—106,916—were included in the group designated as "laborers (not specified)." This group consists principally of women living in cities or town districts who were returned on the enumerator's schedule either as laborers without further specication, or as common, general, or day laborers, or under some other designation which was either similarly indefinite or indicated employment as unskilled laborers in work not directly connected with any of the occupations classified under agriculture, trade and transportation, or manufacturing and mechanical pursuits. If the schedule related to an agricultural district, the Bureau of the Census classified such returns as "agricultural laborers." Therefore it is probable the numbers remaining in this group include few farm laborers; but in territorial distribution and race composition the group resembles the farm laborer group, 79,997, or about 75 per cent, of the total number of women classified as laborers (not specified) being reported from the Southern states (South Atlantic and South Central divisions) and 70,112, or 65.6 per cent, of the total number being negroes.

The 12 occupation groups thus far mentioned comprise all those for which more than 100,000 women were reported. There are 7 other occupation groups in which the number of women was between 50,000 and 100,000. Mentioned in order of size, they are as follows: Stenographers and typewriters (85,086), milliners (82,936), clerks and copyists (81,000), bookkeepers and accountants (72,896), tailoresses (61,571), boarding and lodging house keepers (59,455), and musicians and teachers of music (52,010). The 19 occupations employing more than 50,000 women each, account for 4,293,894, or 88.8 per cent, of the total number of female breadwinners 16 years of age and over.

Race and nativity.—In Table XXIII the per cent distribution by race and nativity is shown for the total number of female breadwinners 16 years of age and over in each of the principal occupations for women, the occupations being given in the order of the rank in percentage of native white women of native parentage.

The occupations in which the native white women of native parentage attain their greatest prominence are for the most part those requiring special courses of preparatory study, or at any rate, a good general education. At the head of the list is the group of officials in government service, an occupation in which 75.5 per cent of the women employed are of this nativity. Over three-fourths of the women in this occupation are officials of the National Government. They are widely distributed throughout the country, and probably most of them are postmistresses. The "literary and scientific persons," who compose the occupation group having the next largest percentage of native white women of native parentage, include 3,122 librarians and assistants and 2,614 women returned as "authors and scientists," the remaining number—248—being chemists, assayists, and metallurgists.

There are in all 18 occupations in which more than one-half of the total number of women are native white of native parentage; of these the two most important as regards the number of women employed are teaching and farming. The educational requirements explain the high percentage of native white women of native parentage in the occupation of teaching; while farming is an occupation which has never appealed very strongly to the immigrant, and accordingly is largely in the hands of the native white or negro population, as is indicated by the race and nativity of the women who were reported in this occupation.

TABLE XXIII.—PER CENT DISTRIBUTION,[1] BY RACE AND NATIVITY, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, EMPLOYED IN EACH OF THE PRINCIPAL OCCUPATIONS FOR WOMEN, AND RANK OF EACH OCCUPATION WITH RESPECT TO THE PER CENT COMPRISED IN SPECIFIED RACE AND NATIVITY CLASS, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.							
	Number.	Per cent in the specified race and nativity class, and rank of occupation with respect to this per cent.						
		Native white—both parents native.		Native white—one or both parents foreign born.		Foreign born white.		Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	
		Per cent.	Rank.	Per cent.	Rank.	Per cent.	Rank.	Per cent.	Rank.
All occupations	4,833,630	36.7	.....	22.6	.....	17.4	.....	23.4	.....
Officials (government)	8,119	75.5	1	18.7	39	5.1	46	0.7	24
Literary and scientific persons	5,984	74.1	2	19.4	37	6.0	44	0.4	29
Artists and teachers of art	10,907	69.5	3	21.6	33	8.0	38	0.8	23
Physicians and surgeons	7,387	66.1	4	17.2	42	14.4	25	2.3	18
Musicians and teachers of music	82,010	65.6	5	25.7	30	6.4	42	2.3	18
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	327,206	63.5	6	27.0	28	5.3	45	4.2	13
Agents	10,498	63.4	7	21.5	34	12.5	31	2.6	16
Hotel keepers	8,533	59.1	8	17.8	41	21.2	16	2.0	20
Farmers, planters, and overseers	307,706	58.3	9	5.1	46	11.4	33	24.3	5
Glovemakers	7,170	55.4	10	29.8	26	14.1	28	0.7	24
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	6,661	55.1	11	29.8	26	15.3	24	3.8	14
Printers, lithographers, and presswomen	15,353	55.1	11	37.1	21	7.2	40	0.6	28
Telegraph and telephone operators	21,980	54.6	13	39.1	18	6.2	43	0.1	42
Milliners	82,936	54.5	14	34.7	22	10.6	35	0.2	37
Boarding and lodging house keepers	59,456	53.4	15	16.5	43	24.1	14	6.1	12
Stenographers and typewriters	85,986	53.3	16	39.6	16	6.9	41	0.2	37
Housekeepers and stewardesses	146,929	53.0	17	19.9	36	20.6	17	6.5	11
Clerks and copyists	83,000	50.6	18	39.6	16	9.1	36	0.7	24
Bookkeepers and accountants	72,896	49.2	19	42.0	13	8.5	37	0.3	31
Dressmakers	338,144	45.2	20	34.7	22	16.4	23	3.7	15
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	28,293	43.6	21	37.5	20	18.9	19	0.1	42
Seamstresses	138,724	43.4	22	30.2	26	18.1	21	8.3	10
Saleswomen	142,265	42.3	23	45.6	6	11.9	32	0.3	31
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	27,788	41.1	24	42.0	13	16.8	22	0.4	29
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	36,490	40.3	25	48.2	7	14.5	26	0.2	37
Nurses and midwives	108,991	40.3	25	17.9	40	34.6	11	17.2	7
Cotton mill operatives	97,181	36.1	27	20.9	35	42.7	2	0.3	31
Packers and shippers	17,052	35.7	28	48.7	5	14.2	27	1.3	21
Hat and cap makers	7,049	35.3	29	42.4	12	22.3	15	(2)	45
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	37,125	34.3	30	27.0	28	26.1	9	12.5	8
Silk mill operatives	26,432	32.4	31	42.8	11	24.6	11	0.2	37
Boxmakers (paper)	14,498	31.9	32	53.8	2	14.1	28	0.3	31
Bookbinders	14,303	31.4	33	57.4	1	11.0	34	0.2	37
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	33,825	30.9	34	24.3	31	42.1	3	2.6	16
Barbers and hairdressers	5,440	30.7	35	32.6	24	18.4	20	18.3	6
Confectioners	7,805	29.7	36	46.2	7	24.3	13	0.9	22
Paper and pulp mill operatives	8,709	29.4	37	44.8	9	25.6	10	0.3	31
Gold and silver workers	5,767	27.9	38	52.5	3	19.6	18	(2)	45
Servants and waitresses	1,165,561	26.2	39	19.2	38	27.6	8	27.0	4
Carpet factory operatives	8,332	26.0	40	43.8	10	30.2	7	0.1	42
Woolen mill operatives	27,189	25.0	41	41.9	15	32.8	5	0.3	31
Tailoresses	61,571	22.9	42	38.4	19	38.1	4	0.7	24
Laborers (not specified)	105,916	20.2	43	6.3	45	7.4	39	66.0	2
Agricultural laborers	456,405	18.1	44	1.4	47	1.0	47	79.5	1
Rubber factory operatives	6,945	18.1	44	50.5	4	31.4	6	(2)	45
Janitors and sextons	8,019	16.8	46	23.9	32	49.8	1	10.7	9
Laundresses	328,935	12.7	47	8.7	44	13.0	30	65.6	3
All other occupations	250,419	34.1	.....	38.7	.....	23.1	.....	4.1	.....

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 13, page 158.

[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Of the occupations classified under manufacturing and mechanical pursuits, the one having the highest percentage of native white women of native parentage is that of glovemakers. This is explained by the localization of the glove industry. A large part—more than one-half in 1900—of the glove product of the United States was manufactured in Fulton county, New York. Of the 7,170 women returned in the census of 1900 as glovemakers, almost 5,000 (see Table 24, page 190) were reported from the state of New York, and doubtless most of these were residents of that county. Probably, therefore, the composition of this occupation group is determined largely by that of the population of Fulton county, which is mostly a population of native stock. Another manufacturing pursuit in which the native white women of native parentage attain great prominence is the printing trade. The 15,353 women reported as printers, lithographers, and presswomen comprise over 9,000 compositors (including proof readers) and over 5,000 printers and presswomen; and of the total number of women in this occupation group, 55.1 per cent are daughters of native American parents. The occupation is one that requires at least a good public school education as well as some technical training.

The native white of foreign parentage, or the

daughters of white immigrants, attain their greatest prominence in trades requiring some degree of technical skill but not much general education. They are also trades which are mostly confined to large cities or to sections of the country in which a large percentage of the population is of foreign birth. Bookbinding, an occupation in which 57.4 per cent of the women employed are the daughters of immigrants, is centered in the large cities of the country. This is also true of the paper box industry, which ranks next in the percentage of female employees who are of this nativity. Most of the women reported as gold and silver workers are employees in jewelry manufactories, representing an industry which is largely centered in New England. The rubber factory industry is not concentrated in the large cities to the same extent as these other industries, but like the manufacture of jewelry is mostly restricted to the three southern New England states—Massachusetts, Connecticut, and Rhode Island—where the foreign born population attains exceptional prominence. These 4 occupation groups are the only ones in which a majority of the total number of women employed are native white of foreign parentage. Next in rank as regards the importance of the percentage of native white of foreign parentage comes the occupation of packers and shippers, in which 48.7 per cent of the women employed are of this race and nativity. More important in point of numbers of women employed than any of the occupations previously mentioned in this paragraph is the occupation of saleswomen. Of the 142,265 women reported in this occupation, 45.6 per cent were native white of foreign parentage, which gives this occupation the sixth rank in the percentage here considered. A large proportion of these saleswomen are doubtless employed in the department stores of large cities. Of the women reported as confectioners—another occupation in which the native daughters of foreign born parents attain exceptional prominence—75.3 per cent were employed in cities of over 50,000 inhabitants, this being the largest percentage in cities of this size for any occupation with three exceptions (see Table 23, page 178).

It may seem somewhat surprising to find that the occupation in which the foreign born white women are most prominent is that of janitors and sextons. As would be expected, very few of the women in this occupation group were returned as sextons—only 91 out of a total of 8,010. Most of the others were returned as janitors or janitresses and probably in many cases the designation was applied to women who were regularly employed in sweeping and cleaning office buildings without having any administrative responsibilities. The occupation which ranks next in the percentage of foreign born white women is that of cotton mill operatives. It may seem rather remarkable that an occupation having such a high rank in this percentage should rank comparatively low in the percentage of native white whose parents were foreign born. This contrast is mainly the result of conditions in the New England states, where, according to the Twelfth Census returns, the immigrant women in the cotton mills outnumber the women who were born in this country but whose parents were immigrants by very nearly 5 to 2. To a certain extent this reflects a difference in the relative importance of the two classes in the total population of that section of the country. While in the country as a whole there were about as many native white women of foreign parentage in 1900 as there were foreign born white women, in New England the former were less than two-thirds as numerous as the latter. This fact, however, would not fully account for differences noted in the extent to which the two classes are employed in the cotton mills; and probably therefore the contrast indicates a disposition on the part of the daughters of immigrants to take up other kinds of employment. The occupation which ranks third in the percentage of foreign born white women is that of retail merchants and dealers. Of the 33,825 women reported in this occupation, 14,254, or 42.1 per cent, were of this nativity. Next in rank in this respect comes the group of tailoresses, of whom 38.1 per cent were foreigners by birth. This is an occupation concentrated mostly in large cities—New York and Chicago alone reporting more than one-third of the total number of women reported as tailoresses. In the Census classification probably most of the women employed in what are termed "sweat shop" industries appear either as tailoresses or as seamstresses. But the latter occupation is more widely distributed throughout the country and is one in which the percentage of women of foreign birth is not exceptionally high.

The occupation in which negro, Indian, and Mongolian women are represented by the largest percentage of the total is that of agricultural laborer. Nearly four-fifths (79.5 per cent) of the total number of women in that occupation belong to these races. Next in rank as regards the percentage for these classes is the group of general laborers or "laborers (not specified);" then comes the occupation of laundress, and fourth that of servant or waitress. The negro (including Indian and Mongolian) women are also represented by high percentages in the occupation of farmer and in that of nurse or midwife; but the only manufacturing or mechanical occupation in which they attain any prominence is that of cigar and tobacco factory operative. While the breadwinners of this race constitute 23.4 per cent of the total number of women reported as breadwinners, there are only 5 occupations in which their percentage is greater than that and only 9 in which it exceeds 10 per cent. This of course indicates their restriction to a comparatively small number of pursuits.

Age.—In Table XXIV the 47 principal occupations for women have been arranged in the order of rank as determined by the percentage which women 16 to 24 years of age form of the total number of women in the occupation, the percentages in the older age periods and the rank of the occupation as determined by these percentages being likewise indicated.

The figures here presented are those for the area of enumeration, which includes the territories of Alaska and Hawaii and the military and naval stations of the United States. Therefore the numbers on which the percentages are based differ to some extent from those given in the preceding tables, which are confined to continental United States; but the difference is not great enough to appreciably affect the percentage.

TABLE XXIV.—PER CENT DISTRIBUTION,[1] BY AGE, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED IN EACH OF THE PRINCIPAL OCCUPATIONS FOR WOMEN, AND RANK OF EACH OCCUPATION WITH RESPECT TO PER CENT COMPRISED IN EACH AGE PERIOD, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION): 1900.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Number.	Per cent in the specified age period, and rank of occupation with respect to this per cent.										
		16 to 24 years of age.		25 to 34 years of age.		35 to 44 years of age.		45 to 54 years of age.		55 to 64 years of age.		65 years of age and over.	
		Per cent.	Rank.	Per cent.	Rank.	Per cent.	Rank.	Per cent.	Rank.	Per cent.	Rank.	Per cent.	Rank.
All occupations	4,843,155	44.2	.....	24.2	.....	14.0	.....	9.1	.....	5.3	.....	2.9	.....
Packers and shippers	17,052	75.0	1	17.4	43	4.9	46	1.8	42	0.6	40	0.2	35
Silk mill operatives	26,432	72.3	2	19.2	42	5.7	43	1.7	44	0.5	42	0.2	35
Boxmakers (paper)	14,498	71.2	3	20.8	37	5.7	44	1.7	44	0.4	45	0.1	44
Telegraph and telephone operators	21,999	71.1	4	22.6	30	4.4	47	1.3	46	0.3	46	0.1	44
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	28,293	70.0	5	19.6	41	6.7	42	2.6	37	0.9	36	0.2	35
Gold and silver workers	5,767	67.5	6	22.0	34	7.5	40	2.3	39	0.5	42	0.2	35
Bookbinders	14,306	64.9	7	24.3	25	6.9	41	2.5	38	1.2	31	0.2	35
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	37,126	63.8	8	20.6	38	9.8	34	4.0	30	1.3	30	0.4	30
Stenographers and typewriters	85,126	63.2	9	30.5	9	5.1	45	0.8	47	0.2	47	(2)	47
Saleswomen	142,290	62.3	10	26.6	17	7.7	38	2.3	39	0.7	37	0.2	35
Confectioners	7,810	61.7	11	16.6	45	10.8	29	5.9	25	3.4	20	1.7	17
Cotton mill operatives	97,181	61.7	11	22.4	31	10.3	31	4.9	30	1.2	31	0.2	35
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	15,361	60.3	13	28.3	12	7.0	39	2.8	36	0.7	37	0.2	35
Paper and pulp mill operatives	8,709	60.0	14	22.4	31	9.8	33	5.4	26	1.8	26	0.6	22
Clerks and copyists	81,023	59.3	15	26.8	16	8.7	36	3.4	34	1.2	31	0.3	35
Woolen mill operatives	27,169	59.0	16	25.0	21	10.4	30	4.0	30	1.1	35	0.3	35
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	27,788	58.7	17	24.2	26	10.8	28	4.0	30	1.5	29	0.6	22
Rubber factory operatives	6,945	57.5	18	30.2	10	9.1	35	2.3	39	0.6	40	0.2	35
Bookkeepers and accountants	72,928	57.4	19	32.4	5	7.8	37	1.8	42	0.5	42	0.1	44
Hat and cap makers	7,049	55.6	20	26.0	18	11.3	26	4.6	27	1.8	26	0.6	22
Agricultural laborers	459,875	54.5	21	20.6	38	11.4	25	7.5	19	3.7	18	1.9	16
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	36,490	54.3	22	27.1	15	12.5	22	4.5	28	1.2	31	0.3	35
Servants and waitresses	1,166,708	53.4	23	24.0	28	11.0	27	6.3	22	3.2	22	1.7	17
Tailoresses	61,612	52.6	24	23.0	29	13.2	20	6.4	21	3.1	23	1.5	19
Glovemakers	7,175	49.5	25	24.1	27	13.8	19	7.9	18	3.4	20	1.1	21
Milliners	82,958	49.4	26	27.8	14	13.0	21	6.0	23	2.7	24	0.9	24
Actresses, professional show-women, etc.	6,713	48.8	27	36.7	1	10.1	32	2.9	35	0.7	37	0.4	31
Carpet factory operatives	8,332	48.4	28	24.9	22	12.4	23	6.5	20	4.6	15	3.2	11
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	327,635	46.4	29	34.8	3	11.7	24	4.5	28	1.7	28	0.5	23
Musicians and teachers of music	62,028	43.3	30	33.3	4	14.4	18	6.0	23	2.2	25	0.5	23
Seamstresses	139,149	42.7	31	25.4	20	15.6	17	8.8	17	4.9	14	2.3	11
Laborers (not specified)	107,061	39.2	32	22.2	33	15.7	16	11.4	13	6.8	13	4.0	6
Barbers and hairdressers	5,443	36.0	33	30.7	7	17.3	14	8.9	16	3.5	19	1.3	21
Dressmakers	338,290	32.6	34	30.6	8	20.9	8	10.2	14	4.2	17	1.4	20
Housekeepers and stewardesses	147,103	28.2	35	21.5	35	18.3	13	15.3	9	10.6	9	5.8	4
Artists and teachers of art	10,913	27.8	36	35.9	2	20.8	9	9.6	15	4.3	16	1.4	28
Officials (government)	8,126	27.3	37	29.0	11	19.8	11	13.0	11	7.8	11	2.9	13
Nurses and midwives	108,978	25.7	38	25.8	19	16.1	15	14.1	10	11.2	5	6.6	3
Literary and scientific persons	5,989	25.5	39	31.3	6	20.0	10	12.4	12	7.7	12	2.8	14
Laundresses	329,359	23.3	40	24.7	23	23.4	7	16.4	8	8.0	10	3.4	11
Agents	10,472	17.7	41	24.5	24	24.0	6	18.1	7	10.8	7	4.5	9
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	33,872	8.6	42	20.2	40	27.8	5	21.8	5	14.4	4	7.0	7
Physicians and surgeons	7,399	6.8	43	27.9	13	29.8	2	19.1	6	10.7	8	5.2	8
Janitors and sextons	8,012	6.0	44	21.4	36	33.6	1	23.9	4	11.2	5	3.6	10
Farmers, planters, and overseers	307,788	3.8	45	9.7	47	19.8	11	26.3	3	23.2	1	16.8	1
Boarding and lodging house keepers	59,511	3.1	46	16.9	44	29.1	3	27.0	2	16.6	3	7.1	2
Hotel keepers	5,545	2.6	47	13.9	46	28.8	4	28.8	1	18.5	2	7.3	1
All other occupations	283,642	53.4	.....	21.6	.....	12.0	.....	6.9	.....	3.8	.....	2.0	.....

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 17, page 162.

[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

The age composition of any occupation group is affected by a number of more or less independent influences. Other things being equal, an occupation of recent origin or of recent exceptional growth will comprise a larger percentage of young persons than one which has been longer established and is growing at a slower rate. The high rank of the packers and shippers in the percentage of young women is doubtless attributable in part to the fact that this is an occupation which has only recently begun to report large

numbers of women. Few occupations have shown a more rapid increase in this respect, the number of women 15 years of age and over reported as packers and shippers being three times as great in 1900 as it was in 1890. Recent growth is an important factor also in explaining the large percentage of young women among telegraph and telephone operators and among stenographers and typewriters, the former occupation ranking fourth in the percentage 16 to 24 years of age and the latter ninth. The latter occupation ranks ninth also in the percentage 25 to 34 years of age, but has a very low rank in the percentage for older age periods. As time goes by, the numerical preponderance of young women in these occupations will probably become less marked.

Most of the occupations carried on in factories comprise a large percentage of young women, especially if the industry represented is one in which child labor is extensively employed. This is illustrated by the high percentage of women 16 to 24 years of age in the various classes of textile mill operatives and among boxmakers (paper), gold and silver workers, bookbinders, and tobacco and cigar factory operatives. Glovemaking, on the other hand, is an industry which is to a considerable extent carried on in the homes of the workers, and this explains the fact that, as compared with most other manufacturing pursuits, it has a rather small percentage of young women and a large percentage of women over 35.

Another factor of importance is the age at which women usually enter the occupation, which in turn depends to a considerable extent upon the preparatory training or study required for it. Of the women reported as physicians and surgeons, only a very small percentage are under 25 years of age, while the percentage 35 to 44 years is larger than it is in any other occupation employing more than 5,000 women except one. For similar reasons the percentage of women 25 to 34 years of age is exceptionally high among actresses, artists and teachers of art, teachers in schools and colleges, musicians and teachers of music, bookkeepers and accountants, and literary and scientific persons, these 6 occupations having the highest rank in this percentage, while their rank in the percentage of women under 25 is comparatively low.

There are other occupations which require no special preparatory training and are adopted principally by women who are thrown upon their own resources in middle life. Such is the occupation of boarding house keeper, the allied occupation of hotel keeper, and the occupation of retail merchant. Each of these occupations comprises a comparatively small percentage of women under 35 years of age, but ranks high in the percentages in each older age group. Farming—an occupation which is likewise resorted to principally by women in middle life or advanced age—has the highest rank in the percentage of women 55 years of age and over of any occupation shown in Table XXIV.

Those breadwinning pursuits which may be readily carried on at home are naturally preferred by married women and widows with families and accordingly comprise a rather large percentage of middle-aged or elderly women. The occupation of laundress comes into this class and so perhaps does that of dressmaker. At the same time the age distribution of the laundress group is doubtless affected to a considerable extent by the fact that it is one of the principal occupations for negro women.

Marital condition.—Table XXV shows the per cent distribution by marital condition of the total number of women employed in each specified occupation, and the rank of such occupation as regards the percentage in each marital class, the occupations being arranged in the order of rank as determined by the percentage of single women.

The marital condition of any group is to a large extent determined by the age composition of that group. An occupation in which a large percentage of the women are under 25 years of age will normally comprise a large percentage of single women; and in the majority of cases it will be found that the rank of any occupation in the percentage of single women, as shown in the above table, does not differ widely from its rank in the percentage of women 16 to 24 years of age, as shown in Table XXIV. For two occupations only are both rankings identical; but there are 7 occupations for which the difference is only 1, 12 for which it is only 2, 5 for which it is only 3, and 3 for which it is only 4. This leaves only 18 occupations out of 47 in which the difference between the two rankings is 5 or more.

If the rank of an occupation in the percentage of single women is high as compared with its rank in the percentage of women 16 to 24 years of age, this fact indicates that the occupation comprises a relatively large number of single women above 25 years of age and few, if any, married women below that age. This is a condition which appears to obtain to a marked degree among teachers—an occupation group which ranks sixth in the percentage of single women, but only twenty-ninth in the percentage of women under 25. A similar though less marked contrast between the two rankings appears in the occupations of stenographers and typewriters, bookkeepers and accountants, literary and scientific persons, musicians and teachers of music, and artists and teachers of art.

On the other hand the fact that the rank of an occupation in the percentage of young women is much higher than its rank in the percentage of single implies that there are relatively few single women over 25 in that occupation and perhaps a good many married women under that age. Occupations which come into

this class are packers and shippers, silk mill operatives, hosiery and knitting mill operatives, confectioners, cotton mill operatives, tobacco and cigar factory operatives, glovemakers, actresses and professional show-women, agricultural laborers, and laborers (not specified).

TABLE XXV.—PER CENT DISTRIBUTION,[1] BY MARITAL CONDITION, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED IN EACH OF THE PRINCIPAL OCCUPATIONS FOR WOMEN, AND RANK OF EACH OCCUPATION WITH RESPECT TO PER CENT COMPRISED IN SPECIFIC MARITAL CLASS, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION): 1900.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.							
	Number.	Per cent in the specified marital class, and rank of occupation with respect to this per cent.						
		Single (including unknown).		Married.		Widowed.		Divorced.
		Per cent.	Rank.	Per cent.	Rank.	Per cent.	Rank.	Per cent.	Rank.
All occupations	4,843,155	65.0	.....	16.0	.....	17.7	.....	1.3	.....
Stenographers and typewriters	85,126	94.9	1	2.5	47	2.0	47	0.6	32
Bookkeepers and accountants	72,928	92.9	2	4.0	45	2.5	46	0.6	32
Bookbinders	14,306	92.8	3	2.8	46	4.0	36	0.4	43
Telegraph and telephone operators	21,999	92.7	4	4.1	44	2.7	45	0.5	40
Boxmakers (paper)	14,498	92.5	5	4.3	43	2.8	44	0.4	43
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	327,035	92.2	6	4.5	42	2.9	43	0.4	43
Packers and shippers	17,052	91.0	7	5.0	41	3.4	38	0.6	32
Gold and silver workers	5,767	90.3	8	5.4	38	3.4	39	0.9	24
Silk mill operatives	26,432	90.2	9	6.3	36	3.1	42	0.4	43
Saleswomen	142,290	90.2	9	5.4	38	3.8	35	0.6	32
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	15,361	89.8	11	6.2	37	3.2	41	0.8	27
Clerks and copyists	81,023	89.7	12	5.2	40	4.5	35	0.6	32
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	28,293	87.4	13	8.1	34	4.0	36	0.5	40
Rubber factory operatives	6,945	86.4	14	8.3	33	4.9	34	0.4	43
Hat and cap makers	7,049	84.2	15	9.1	32	6.1	30	0.6	32
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	27,788	84.2	15	8.6	35	6.6	28	0.6	32
Paper and pulp mill operatives	8,709	82.8	17	9.7	31	6.8	26	0.7	30
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	36,490	81.3	18	12.5	23	5.1	32	1.1	21
Woolen mill operatives	27,169	80.7	19	13.7	19	5.0	33	0.6	32
Musicians and teachers of music	52,028	79.6	20	12.4	24	6.7	27	1.3	18
Milliners	82,958	78.5	21	12.6	22	7.6	24	1.3	18
Tailoresses	61,612	77.8	22	11.1	27	10.2	21	0.9	24
Literary and scientific persons	5,989	77.7	23	10.0	30	11.3	20	1.0	23
Servants and waitresses	1,166,708	76.7	24	10.4	28	11.7	18	1.2	20
Artists and teachers of art	10,913	75.8	25	13.9	18	8.9	22	1.4	16
Carpet factory operatives	8,332	74.6	26	13.1	20	11.6	19	0.7	30
Confectioners	7,810	74.6	26	10.4	28	14.2	16	0.8	27
Cotton mill operatives	97,181	73.7	28	20.3	14	5.5	31	0.5	40
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	37,126	71.9	29	19.2	15	8.0	23	0.9	24
Seamstresses	139,149	69.6	30	11.5	26	17.3	13	1.6	14
Dressmakers	338,290	68.5	31	14.6	17	15.1	15	1.8	11
Glovemakers	7,175	61.4	32	30.3	7	7.3	25	1.0	23
Barbers and hairdressers	5,448	60.2	33	22.0	11	15.8	14	2.5	6
Housekeepers and stewardesses	147,103	59.4	34	12.3	25	25.8	10	2.5	6
Officials (government)	8,126	58.1	35	21.2	12	18.3	12	1.4	16
Nurses and midwives	108,978	53.7	36	12.7	21	27.0	9	1.6	14
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	6,713	52.4	37	38.4	3	6.4	29	2.8	4
Agricultural laborers	458,975	48.0	38	39.2	2	12.0	17	0.8	27
Agents	10,472	47.1	39	20.9	13	28.6	7	3.4	3
Physicians and surgeons	7,399	45.3	40	31.9	5	20.2	11	2.6	5
Laborers (not specified)	107,081	41.7	41	29.3	8	27.1	8	1.9	9
Laundresses	329,359	28.8	42	34.0	4	34.8	6	2.4	8
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	33,872	24.6	43	28.6	9	45.0	4	1.8	11
Boarding and lodging house keepers	59,511	14.1	44	26.3	10	55.6	2	4.0	1
Janitors and sextons	8,012	12.3	45	42.5	1	43.5	5	1.7	13
Hotel keepers	8,545	11.2	46	30.8	6	54.2	3	3.8	2
Farmers, planters, and overseers	307,788	9.1	47	15.6	16	73.4	1	1.9	9
All other occupations	253,642	73.3	.....	14.3	.....	11.4	.....	1.0	.....

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 21, page 170.

The difference between the two classes of occupations here compared may not indicate that marriages are less usual in one class than in the other, but more probably results from the fact that in the one class women are more apt to give up their occupation when they marry than in the other.

Increase, 1890 to 1900.—The increase between 1890 and 1900 in the number of women 15 years of age and over employed in each of the principal occupations for this sex is shown in Table XXVI. As previously explained, it is necessary in making comparisons with the census of 1890 to extend the age limits so as to include all female breadwinners 15 years of age and over.

TABLE XXVI.—*Increase in the number of female breadwinners 15 years of age and over, classified by occupation, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900 and 1890.*

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.			
	1900	1890	Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
			Number.	Per cent.
All occupations	5,007,060	3,712,144	1,294,925	34.9
Agricultural pursuits	811,744	595,134	216,610	36.4
Agricultural laborers	497,886	363,554	134,332	36.9
Farmers, planters, and overseers	307,783	226,427	81,361	35.9
Other agricultural pursuits	6,070	5,153	917	17.8
Professional service	430,766	311,241	119,525	38.4
Actresses, professional show-women, etc.	6,819	4,491	2,328	51.8
Artists and teachers of art	10,989	10,775	214	2.0
Literary and scientific persons	5,989	2,764	3,225	116.7
Musicians and teachers of music	52,257	34,435	17,822	51.8
Officials (government)	8,126	4,875	3,251	66.7
Physicians and surgeons	7,399	4,557	2,842	62.4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	327,905	245,839	82,066	33.4
Other professional service	11,282	3,505	7,777	221.9
Domestic and personal service	2,012,040	1,590,187	421,853	26.5
Barbers and hairdressers	5,533	2,779	2,754	99.1
Boarding and lodging house keepers	59,511	32,593	26,918	82.6
Hotel keepers	8,545	5,276	3,269	62.0
Housekeepers and stewardesses	147,103	86,089	61,014	70.9
Janitors and sextons	8,028	2,803	5,225	186.4
Laborers (not specified)	111,903	50,321	61,582	121.6
Laundresses	332,663	215,121	117,544	54.6
Nurses and midwives	108,978	41,396	67,582	163.3
Servants and waitresses	1,213,228	1,145,255	68,573	6.0
Other domestic and personal service	16,346	8,554	7,792	91.1
Trade and transportation	494,126	222,553	271,573	122.0
Agents	10,538	4,853	5,685	117.1
Bookkeepers and accountants	73,820	27,606	46,214	167.4
Clerks and copyists	83,726	62,817	20,909	33.3
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	34,008	25,284	8,724	34.5
Packers and shippers	18,673	6,147	12,526	203.8
Saleswomen	146,577	57,171	89,406	156.4
Stenographers and typewriters	85,912	21,214	64,698	305.0
Telegraph and telephone operators	22,454	8,403	14,051	167.2
Other persons in trade and transportation	18,418	9,058	9,360	103.3
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	1,258,393	993,029	265,364	26.7
Bookbinders	15,171	11,271	3,900	34.6
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	38,285	32,948	5,337	16.2
Boxmakers (paper)	15,992	12,325	3,667	29.8
Confectioners	8,586	5,328	3,258	61.1
Glovemakers	7,543	3,608	3,935	109.1
Gold and silver workers	6,158	3,253	2,905	89.3
Paper and pulp mill operatives	9,164	8,719	445	5.1
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	15,770	12,026	3,744	31.1
Rubber factory operatives	7,238	6,331	907	14.3
Textile mill operatives	250,376	211,112	39,264	18.6
Carpet factory operatives	8,679	10,452	[1]1,773	[1]17.0
Cotton mill operatives	104,944	84,220	20,724	24.6
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	31,108	19,321	11,787	61.0
Silk mill operatives	29,200	19,108	10,092	52.8
Woolen mill operatives	28,961	34,428	[1]5,467	[1]15.9
Other textile mill operatives	47,484	43,583	3,901	9.0
Textile workers	693,158	588,277	104,881	17.8
Dressmakers	342,579	290,308	52,271	18.0
Hat and cap makers	7,398	6,552	846	12.9
Milliners	85,025	60,653	24,372	40.2
Seamstresses	143,270	143,339	[1]69	(2)
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	29,509	15,534	13,975	90.0
Tailoresses	65,353	61,488	3,865	6.3
Other textile workers	20,024	10,403	9,621	92.5
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	40,325	25,853	14,472	56.0
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	150,627	71,978	78,649	109.3

[1] Decrease. [2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

The percentages of increase vary widely in the different occupation groups. The largest percentage is that for stenographers and typewriters—an occupation in which there were more than four times as many women in 1900 as in 1890, representing an increase of 305 per cent. Next in the rank as regards the percentage of increase comes the group comprising the miscellaneous occupations classified under "other professional service." Here the increase was 221.9 per cent. The 11,282 women classified in this group in 1900 included 3,405 clergymen, 2,193 journalists, 1,037 architects, designers, draftsmen, etc., and 1,010 lawyers. Of clergymen of this sex and age in 1890 there were 1,143; of journalists, 888; of architects, etc., 327; and of lawyers, 208. The other occupation groups in which the number of women more than doubled are, in order of the percentage of increase, the following: Packers and shippers, janitors and sextons, bookkeepers and accountants, telegraph and telephone operators, nurses and midwives, saleswomen, laborers (not specified), agents, literary and scientific persons, and glovemakers. The two miscellaneous groups "other persons in trade and transportation" and "other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits" also come in this class. The fact that three of the residuary groups are included in this list implies perhaps an increasing diversity of occupations for women.

In all, then, there are 14 occupation groups in which the number of women increased between 1890 and 1900 by more than 100 per cent, although the increase during that interval in the total number of women employed in all occupations was only 34.9 per cent. Many of these groups represent occupations of a relatively high grade requiring a good degree of intelligence and education, and commanding better wages than can be obtained from factory labor or in other pursuits demanding only physical strength and ordinary intelligence. The only occupation group in this list which represents a distinctly low grade of labor is that designated as "laborers (not specified)." To a certain extent the classification under this designation represents a failure to secure explicit information. It is not probable, however, that any of the breadwinners returned as laborers without specification of the kind of labor belonged in the skilled trades or the occupations requiring special education and training. But it may be that if the returns had been more specific the large increase shown for this group would disappear, being distributed among other allied groups.

As pointed out in another connection, the large increase in the number of saleswomen probably is due in part to an improvement in classification, by which saleswomen in 1900 were more carefully distinguished from clerks and copyists than was the case in 1890. Some of the other differences in the growth and relative importance of different occupations may be influenced by similar factors. In general, there is probably some differentiation of occupations in progress, or a tendency toward specialization, which affects the classification and designations both in popular usage and in census returns. For example, the occupation

of housekeeper and stewardess, which shows a rather large percentage of increase, is probably to some extent a differentiation or offshoot from the more comprehensive group of servants and waitresses, for which the percentage of increase is small.

The only occupation groups showing decreases are those of "carpet factory operatives," "woolen mill operatives," and "seamstresses." The first two decreases may be assumed to represent an actual decline in the employment of women in the specified industries; but the significance of the decrease in the number of seamstresses is not altogether certain, because this designation does not stand for a very clearly defined occupation. These 3 groups showing a decrease all come in the general class designated as "manufacturing and mechanical pursuits," and it may be noted the range of the percentages of increase is on the whole lower for the occupations classed under this main head than for the other occupations.

STATISTICS FOR SELECTED OCCUPATIONS.

In the following pages detailed statistics of women at work are presented for a few selected occupations. To have discussed in equal detail all the occupations in which considerable numbers of women were employed was obviously impracticable, and it is quite probable that some of the occupations that are not included have as good a claim to consideration as some of those that are. But the selection was determined partly with reference to the importance of the occupation as measured by the number of women employed in it and partly with reference to its typical character. Domestic service is represented by servants and laundresses; the needle trades, by seamstresses and dressmakers; the factory industries, by textile mill operatives; commercial pursuits, by saleswomen; clerical service, by clerks and copyists, and by typewriters and stenographers; the professions, by teachers; and agriculture, by farmers.

SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.

The total number of male and female servants and waiters in continental United States reported by the Twelfth Census was 1,560,721. Only three occupations in the Census classification were of greater numerical importance—one being that of farmers, another that of farm laborers, and the third that of general laborers or "laborers (not specified)" comprising persons reported as laborers without specification of the kind of labor performed.

Importance as an occupation for women.—The occupation of servant is of much greater importance for women than for men. In fact, the number of women in continental United States 16 years of age and over who, according to the Twelfth Census, were employed as servants or waitresses (1,165,561) far exceeds the number reported in any other occupation and represents 24.1 per cent, or almost one-fourth, of the total number in all occupations. On the other hand, the number of men 16 years of age and over employed as servants or waiters represents only 1.1 per cent of the total number employed in all occupations. A classification of servants and waiters by sex and age is presented in the following tabular statement:

AGE AND SEX.	BREADWINNERS: 1900.			
	In all occupations.	Employed as servants and waiters.		
		Number.	Per cent.	Per cent distribution.
Continental United States	29,073,233	1,560,721	5.4	100.0
Men 16 years of age and over	22,489,425	257,096	1.1	16.5
Women 16 years of age and over	4,833,630	1,165,561	24.1	74.7
Children 10 to 15 years of age	1,750,178	138,065	7.9	8.8
Boys	1,264,411	19,863	1.6	1.3
Girls	485,767	118,202	24.3	7.6

Of the total number of servants and waiters reported by the Census, 74.7 per cent, or three-fourths, were women 16 years of age and over; 16.5 per cent were men; and the remainder, representing 8.8 per cent, were children 10 to 15 years of age, most of whom were girls.

The group of servants and waiters, as its designation indicates, embraces two rather distinct occupations. The number of persons employed in each has been distinguished in the Census returns, although this distinction is not carried through the various detailed classifications by age, sex, race, nativity, etc. The relative importance of the two subdivisions of this occupation group may, however, be determined from the figures in the following tabular statement:

AGE AND SEX.	SERVANTS AND WAITERS, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.				
	Total.	Servants.		Waiters.	
		Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.
10 years and over:					
Both sexes	1,560,721	1,453,677	93.1	107,044	6.9
Male	276,958	212,727	76.8	64,231	23.2
Female	1,283,763	1,240,950	96.7	42,813	3.3
10 to 15 years—					
Both sexes	138,065	134,989	97.8	3,076	2.2
Male	19,863	18,422	92.7	1,441	7.3
Female	118,202	116,567	98.6	1,635	1.4
16 years and over—					
Both sexes	1,442,656	1,318,688	92.7	103,968	7.3
Male	257,095	194,305	75.6	62,790	24.4
Female	1,165,561	1,124,383	96.5	41,178	3.5

Of the total number of servants and waiters, 93.1 per cent were returned as servants and 6.9 per cent as waiters. It is evident that the occupation of waiters is relatively of much less importance for women than for men. Of the women, or females 16 years of age and over, in this occupation group, only 3.5 per cent were waitresses, all the rest, representing 96.5 per cent of the total number, being returned as servants. But of the men in this group, 24.4 per cent were waiters. In the occupation of waiters men outnumber women in the ratio of 3 to 2; but in the occupation of servants there are approximately six women to every man.

Race and nativity.—In the following tabular statement the women employed as servants and waitresses are classified by race and nativity:

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.
All classes	1,165,561	100.0
Native white—both parents native	305,883	26.2
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	223,327	19.2
Foreign born white	322,062	27.6
Negro	313,078	26.9
Indian and Mongolian	1,211	0.1

It is evident that no one class greatly predominates in this occupation. Native white women of native parentage are almost as numerous as foreign born white women or negro women. The foreign born white servants, however, constitute the largest class. Next in point of number comes the negro, a class almost as large as the foreign born white. The native white servants whose parents were foreign born constitute the smallest class, with the exception of the Indian and Mongolian, whose numbers are comparatively insignificant.

Table XXVII gives for purposes of comparison the race and nativity of men, women, and children employed as servants and waiters.

Of the women employed as servants, 73 per cent were white. But of the men reported in this occupation, hardly more than one-half (51.4 per cent) were of the white race; the remainder were negroes, Indians, or Mongolians. Very few, however, were Indians, the total number of male Indian servants and waiters 10 years of age and over being only 131. Therefore the total for Indians and Mongolians given in the above table consists almost entirely of Mongolians, or Chinese and Japanese. Among child servants there is a similar contrast between the sexes as regards the proportions in which the races are represented, 55.1 per cent of the boys being negroes as compared with 27.3 per cent of the girls.

TABLE XXVII.—*Distribution, by race and nativity, of servants and waiters, classified by sex and age, for continental United States: 1900.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	SERVANTS AND WAITERS.					
	Aggregate.	Men 16 years of age and over.	Women 16 years of age and over.	Children 10 to 15 years of age.		
				Total.	Boys.	Girls.
	NUMBER.					
All classes	1,560,721	257,095	1,165,561	138,065	19,863	118,202
Native white—both parents native	402,188	46,311	305,883	49,994	5,688	44,306
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	283,250	27,634	223,327	32,289	2,270	30,019
Foreign born white	382,439	58,815	322,062	11,562	761	10,801
Negro	465,734	109,417	313,078	43,239	10,944	32,295
Indian and Mongolian	17,110	15,518	1,211	381	200	181
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.					
All classes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native white—both parents native	25.8	18.0	26.2	36.2	28.6	37.5
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	18.1	10.5	19.2	23.8	11.4	25.9
Foreign born white	25.1	22.9	27.6	8.4	3.8	9.1
Negro	29.8	42.6	26.9	31.3	55.1	27.3
Indian and Mongolian	1.1	6.0	0.1	0.3	1.0	0.2

It is evident, therefore, that the predominance of females in this occupation is much more marked in the white race than in the negro. It will be found that the female white servants outnumber the male in the proportion of almost 7 to 1, or more accurately 13 to 2, while among negro servants the ratio of females to males is about 3 to 1. The sex distribution on a percentage basis is shown in the following tabular statement:

RACE.	SERVANTS AND WAITERS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.				
	Total.	Number.		Per cent.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
All classes	1,560,721	276,958	1,283,763	17.7	82.3
White	1,077,877	140,879	936,998	13.1	86.9
Negro	465,734	120,361	345,373	25.8	74.2
Indian	1,227	131	1,096	10.7	89.3
Mongolian	15,883	15,587	296	98.1	1.9

The composition of the servant class as regards race and nativity, which is shown by states and territories in Table XXVIII, varies widely in different sections of the country, depending of course, to a considerable degree, upon the composition of the general population.

TABLE XXVIII.—DISTRIBUTION, BY RACE AND NATIVITY, OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.								
	Number.					Per cent.			
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.			Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	1,155,561	306,883	223,327	322,062	314,289	26.2	19.2	27.6	27.0
North Atlantic division	446,342	110,350	77,522	211,967	46,603	24.7	17.4	47.5	10.4
New England	118,599	24,664	17,676	69,918	6,311	20.8	14.9	59.0	5.3
Maine	10,832	6,008	1,535	3,191	98	55.5	14.2	29.5	0.9
New Hampshire	6,735	3,046	1,049	2,532	108	45.2	15.6	37.6	1.6
Vermont	6,054	3,224	1,810	1,152	68	53.3	26.6	19.0	1.1
Massachusetts	68,701	8,562	9,522	47,309	3,218	12.5	13.9	69.0	4.7
Rhode Island	8,146	998	1,005	5,185	900	12.2	12.3	63.7	11.8
Connecticut	18,101	2,828	2,955	10,459	1,859	15.6	16.3	57.8	10.3
Southern North Atlantic	327,773	85,686	59,846	141,949	40,292	26.1	18.3	43.3	12.3
New York	174,289	31,938	34,180	93,488	14,683	18.3	19.6	53.6	8.4
New Jersey	38,478	6,469	6,125	17,240	8,644	16.8	15.9	44.8	22.5
Pennsylvania	115,006	47,279	19,541	31,221	16,965	41.1	17.0	27.1	14.8
South Atlantic division	161,370	27,598	3,107	4,116	126,558	17.1	1.9	2.6	78.4
Northern South Atlantic	91,133	18,907	2,965	3,912	65,349	20.7	3.3	4.3	71.7
Delaware	4,024	814	226	492	2,492	20.2	5.6	12.2	61.9
Maryland	28,945	5,527	1,702	2,359	19,367	19.1	5.2	8.1	66.8
District of Columbia	14,604	1,021	362	744	12,567	6.9	2.5	5.1	85.5
Virginia	35,204	5,579	92	130	29,403	15.8	0.3	0.4	83.5
West Virginia	8,296	5,966	493	187	1,620	72.2	6.0	2.3	19.6
Southern South Atlantic	70,246	8,691	142	204	61,209	12.4	0.2	0.3	87.1
North Carolina	21,395	5,114	19	27	16,235	23.9	0.1	0.1	75.9
South Carolina	14,210	853	26	51	13,280	6.0	0.2	0.4	93.5
Georgia	29,032	2,163	53	60	26,756	7.5	0.2	0.2	92.2
Florida	5,609	561	44	66	4,938	10.0	0.8	1.2	88.0
North Central division	366,202	128,527	125,598	87,168	26,909	34.6	34.3	23.8	7.3
Eastern North Central	235,896	85,635	78,275	57,785	14,201	36.3	33.2	24.5	6.0
Ohio	60,933	29,399	16,700	9,850	5,004	48.2	27.4	16.2	8.2
Indiana	29,889	19,003	5,553	1,864	3,469	63.6	18.6	6.2	11.6
Illinois	74,919	20,751	22,369	27,157	4,632	27.7	29.9	36.2	6.2
Michigan	30,542	10,994	13,641	10,994	913	30.1	37.3	30.1	2.5
Wisconsin	39,593	5,478	20,012	7,920	183	13.3	59.6	23.6	0.5
Western North Central	130,306	40,892	47,323	29,383	12,708	31.4	36.3	22.5	9.8
Minnesota	31,648	3,334	16,343	11,643	328	10.5	51.6	36.8	1.0
Iowa	26,588	10,101	10,873	5,143	471	38.0	40.9	19.3	1.8
Missouri	38,670	15,702	8,980	4,267	9,631	40.8	23.2	11.0	24.9
North Dakota	5,275	633	1,974	2,648	20	12.0	37.4	50.2	0.4
South Dakota	4,457	1,003	2,060	1,347	38	22.5	46.4	30.2	0.9
Nebraska	11,818	3,997	4,276	3,070	475	33.8	36.2	26.0	4.0
Kansas	11,850	6,032	2,808	1,265	1,745	50.9	23.7	10.7	14.7
South Central division	148,169	27,436	5,119	3,701	111,823	18.5	3.5	2.5	75.5
Eastern South Central	92,547	17,045	2,034	1,053	72,415	18.4	2.2	1.1	78.2
Kentucky	29,422	8,594	1,676	808	18,344	29.2	5.7	2.7	62.3
Tennessee	27,466	5,831	206	140	21,289	21.2	0.8	0.5	77.5
Alabama	19,979	1,719	108	78	18,079	8.6	0.5	0.4	90.5
Mississippi	15,680	901	49	27	14,703	5.7	0.3	0.2	93.8
Western South Central	55,622	10,391	3,085	2,738	39,408	18.7	5.5	4.9	70.8
Louisiana	19,691	1,924	1,099	612	16,056	9.8	5.6	3.1	81.5
Arkansas	9,748	2,853	214	129	6,452	30.3	2.2	1.3	66.2
Indian Territory	2,001	1,146	61	17	817	58.4	2.5	0.8	40.2
Oklahoma	1,866	1,158	205	97	406	62.1	11.0	5.2	21.8
Texas	22,286	3,210	1,516	1,883	15,677	14.4	6.8	8.4	70.3
Western division	43,469	13,972	11,981	15,120	2,396	32.1	27.6	34.8	5.5
Rocky Mountain	12,442	4,414	3,118	3,978	932	35.5	25.1	32.0	7.5
Montana	2,922	716	855	1,247	94	24.5	29.6	42.7	3.2
Idaho	945	418	310	194	17	44.2	33.4	20.5	1.8
Wyoming	767	312	241	195	19	40.7	31.4	25.4	2.5
Colorado	6,886	2,343	1,583	2,238	722	34.0	23.0	32.5	10.5
New Mexico	922	625	113	104	80	67.8	12.3	11.3	8.7
Basin and Plateau	3,353	729	1,323	1,007	284	21.7	39.8	30.0	8.5
Arizona	543	164	112	154	113	30.2	20.6	28.4	20.8
Utah	2,420	464	1,114	800	42	19.2	46.0	33.1	1.7
Nevada	390	101	107	53	129	25.9	27.4	13.6	33.
Pacific	27,674	8,820	7,530	10,135	1,180	31.9	27.2	36.6	4.3
Washington	4,776	1,919	1,171	1,535	151	40.2	24.5	32.1	3.2
Oregon	4,182	2,087	1,054	904	137	49.9	25.2	21.6	3.3
California	18,716	4,823	5,305	7,696	892	25.8	28.3	41.1	4.8

In the South most of the female servants are negroes; in the North foreign born whites are represented by large numbers in this occupation. But the relative numerical importance of immigrants as servants is not as great as it is perhaps generally believed to be. The foreign born white servants attain their greatest prominence in some of the North Atlantic states. In Massachusetts 69 per cent of the female servants 16 years of age and over are white women of foreign birth. Next comes Rhode Island, in which the percentage is 63.7. In Connecticut it is 57.8 and in New York 53.6. North Dakota is the only other state in which the white immigrants represent more than one-half of the total number of adult female servants of the age here considered.

On the other hand, there are 8 states and territories in which a majority of the adult female servants are native white born of native parents. These states and territories represent widely separated sections of the United States and diverse economic and social conditions. Two of them are New England states—Maine and Vermont. Another is West Virginia, where the percentage of native white servants of native parentage reaches a maximum, being 72.2. The other states and territories in this list are Indiana, Kansas, Indian Territory, Oklahoma, and New Mexico. These states and territories contain no very large cities and in all of them more than half the total population live in rural districts or in places having less than 2,500 inhabitants. This is probably one reason for the predominance in these states of female white servants of native birth and parentage, the population of foreign birth or parentage being mostly an urban population.

In 10 other states the native white of native parentage, although not constituting a majority of all the female servants 16 years of age and over, form the largest of the four race and nativity classes distinguished in Table XXVIII. These states and the percentages which the native white of native parentage form of the total number of women employed as servants are as follows: Oregon (49.9), Ohio (48.2), New Hampshire (45.2), Idaho (44.2), Pennsylvania (41.1), Missouri (40.8), Wyoming (40.7), Washington (40.2), Colorado (34), and Arizona (30.2).

The native white servants, including those of foreign as well as native parentage, constitute a majority of all the female servants 16 years of age and over in most states outside the South, including all the North Central states except North Dakota, all the Western states, the three northern New England states, and the state of Pennsylvania.

In the South Atlantic and South Central divisions the negro servant predominates, about three-fourths of the women employed as servants and waitresses being of that race. In 4 Southern states—South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, and Mississippi—over 90 per cent are negroes.

In Table XXIX the classification by race and nativity is presented separately for women servants employed in cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants and for those employed in smaller cities and country districts.

The comparison indicates in a general way the difference between city and country, although not all the population living in the smaller cities and country districts is distinctively rural. The difference as regards the composition of the servant class consists principally in the greater relative importance of the foreign born white servant in the larger cities, and of the native white servant of native parentage in the smaller cities and country districts. In the larger cities 45.3 per cent of the total number of women servants are white immigrants and only 12.6 per cent are native white of native parentage; in the smaller cities and country districts, on the other hand, the percentage for the former class is only 17.2, while that for the latter rises to 34.3. A similar contrast is apparent in the comparison for each of the geographic divisions.

The foreign born white servants attain their greatest relative importance in the larger cities of New England, where they constitute 71.7 per cent of the total number of women servants; the percentage of native white servants of native parentage is highest (45.8) in the smaller cities and country districts of the Eastern North Central division, but is only a little higher there than it is in the corresponding portion of the Southern North Atlantic division.

In the totals for continental United States the percentage of native white servants of foreign parentage is the same in the larger cities as it is in the smaller cities and country districts, being in each class of communities 19.2; while the two percentages are not similarly identical in any of the geographic divisions, the differences that appear are usually not very marked.

TABLE XXIX.—DISTRIBUTION, BY RACE AND NATIVITY, OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS AND IN SMALLER CITIES AND COUNTRY DISTRICTS, FOR GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS: 1900.

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.									
	All classes.	Number.					Per cent.			
		Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.		Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		Total.	Negro.	Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
	IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS.									
Continental United States	432,600	54,539	82,903	196,031	99,027	98,842	12.6	19.2	45.3	22.9
North Atlantic division	231,787	25,546	37,922	149,714	27,605	27,562	11.0	16.4	80.7	11.9
New England	47,652	4,530	5,999	34,182	2,941	2,939	9.5	12.5	71.7	6.2
Southern North Atlantic	184,135	21,016	31,923	106,532	24,664	24,623	11.4	17.3	57.9	13.4
South Atlantic division	45,821	3,205	1,747	3,057	37,812	37,819	7.0	3.8	6.7	82.5
Northern South Atlantic	36,539	2,926	1,701	2,969	28,943	28,941	8.0	4.7	8.1	79.2
Southern South Atlantic	9,282	279	46	88	8,869	8,869	3.0	0.5	0.9	95.6
North Central division	113,498	20,119	36,498	43,140	13,651	13,646	17.7	32.2	38.0	12.0
Eastern North Central	77,837	13,196	24,439	32,540	7,662	7,659	17.0	31.4	41.8	9.8
Western North Central	35,571	6,923	12,059	10,600	5,989	5,986	19.5	33.9	29.8	16.8
South Central division	26,004	2,446	2,261	1,363	18,934	18,934	9.8	9.0	5.5	75.7
Eastern South Central	14,982	1,369	1,026	647	11,949	11,949	9.1	6.8	4.3	79.8
Western South Central	10,022	1,086	1,235	716	6,985	6,985	10.8	12.3	7.1	69.7
Western division	16,489	3,223	4,475	7,757	1,025	890	19.6	27.2	47.1	6.2
Rocky Mountain	3,044	708	687	1,215	434	434	23.3	22.6	39.9	14.3
Basin and Plateau	1,098	138	440	499	20	29	12.6	40.1	44.6	2.7
Pacific	12,338	2,377	3,348	6,052	561	427	19.3	27.1	49.1	4.5
	IN SMALLER CITIES AND COUNTRY DISTRICTS.									
Continental United States	733,061	251,344	149,494	126,031	215,262	214,236	34.3	19.2	17.2	29.4
North Atlantic division	214,555	84,804	39,600	71,153	18,998	18,913	39.5	18.5	33.2	8.9
New England	70,917	29,134	11,677	35,738	3,370	3,358	28.4	16.5	50.4	4.8
Southern North Atlantic	143,638	55,670	27,923	35,417	15,628	15,555	45.9	19.4	24.7	10.9
South Atlantic division	115,568	24,393	1,389	1,969	88,746	88,733	21.1	1.2	0.9	76.8
Northern South Atlantic	54,594	15,981	1,264	943	36,406	36,403	29.3	2.3	1.7	66.7
Southern South Atlantic	60,964	8,412	96	116	52,340	52,330	13.8	0.2	0.2	85.9
North Central division	252,794	106,408	89,190	44,928	13,258	13,069	42.1	35.2	17.4	5.2
Eastern North Central	158,959	72,439	53,838	25,245	6,539	6,412	45.8	34.1	16.0	4.1
Western North Central	94,735	33,969	35,264	18,783	6,719	6,647	35.9	37.2	19.8	7.1
South Central division	123,165	24,990	2,858	2,428	92,889	92,641	20.3	2.3	2.0	75.4
Eastern South Central	77,565	15,685	1,998	406	60,476	60,461	20.2	1.3	0.5	78.0
Western South Central	45,600	9,305	1,850	2,022	32,423	32,180	20.4	4.1	4.4	71.1
Western division	26,989	10,749	7,506	7,363	1,371	890	39.8	27.8	27.3	5.1
Rocky Mountain	9,398	3,706	2,431	2,763	498	457	39.4	25.9	29.4	5.3
Basin and Plateau	2,235	591	893	517	254	75	26.2	39.6	22.9	11.3
Pacific	15,336	6,452	4,182	4,063	619	358	42.1	27.3	26.6	4.0

In most of the geographic divisions the colored servants (negro, Indian, and Mongolian) are represented by a percentage which is larger in the cities of over 50,000 than outside such cities, although in the totals for continental United States the difference is the other way, the larger percentage being that for the smaller cities and country districts.

The following tabular statement shows what proportion of the women 16 years of age and over are employed as servants or waitresses in the total population and in each race and nativity class:

WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.

RACE AND NATIVITY.	Total.	Servants and waitresses.	
		Number.	Per 10,000.
All classes	23,485,559	1,165,561	496
Native white—both parents native	12,140,161	305,883	252
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	4,288,909	223,327	521
Foreign born white	4,403,494	322,062	731
Negro	2,589,988	313,078	1,209
Indian and Mongolian	72,917	1,211	166

For the total population the proportion is 496 per 10,000, or approximately 5 (4.96) per cent. In other words, 1 woman in every 20 is a servant or waitress. The proportion varies widely in the different race and nativity classes. For the native white born of native parents it is 252 per 10,000, which is very nearly equivalent to 1 woman in every 40. In proportion to their number this class contributes fewer servants than any other of the four main classes. The negroes are the class in which the proportion of women employed in this occupation is largest. Of the negro women 16 years of age and over 12 per cent (1,208 per 10,000), or almost one-eighth, are servants. It is noticeable and significant that the ratio for white women whose parents were immigrants (521 per 10,000) is considerably smaller than that for white women who are themselves immigrants (731 per 10,000). Apparently the second generation in our population of foreign origin is more averse to domestic service than their parents were; or perhaps it would be more correct to say that they are better qualified to enter other occupations and therefore have a wider choice in making their selection, and that at the same time they are as a class in a better economic position and therefore under less necessity of taking up breadwinning pursuits.

TABLE XXX.—*Number and proportion of servants and waitresses in female population 16 years of age and over, living in cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts, classified by race and nativity, for continental United States: 1900.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—					
	In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.		
	Total.	Servants and waitresses.		Total.	Servants and waitresses.	
		Number.	Per 10,000.		Number.	Per 10,000.
All classes	5,855,790	432,500	739	17,629,769	733,061	416
Native white—both parents native	1,703,965	54,539	320	10,426,206	251,344	241
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,700,209	82,903	488	2,588,760	140,424	542
Foreign born white	2,095,206	196,031	936	2,308,288	126,031	546
Negro	353,787	98,842	2,794	2,236,201	214,236	958
Indian and Mongolian	2,633	185	703	70,314	1,026	146

Table XXX shows the difference in the proportion of women employed as servants and waitresses between the population living in cities of at least 50,000 inhabitants and the population living in smaller cities and country districts. The one is a distinctively urban population; the other a mixed population, being in part urban and in part rural. In a way this table measures the difference between the two classes of communities as regards the opportunities and the demand for the employment of women as servants. In the larger cities the occupation employs 739 women in every 10,000, or approximately 1 woman in every 14. In the smaller cities and country districts the corresponding ratio is 416 per 10,000, or 1 in 24. The difference doubtless represents mainly the influence of the distinctively rural communities in lowering the latter ratio. Probably the ratio for the smaller cities alone would not differ so much from that for cities of over 50,000.

The great importance of domestic service as an occupation for negro women is strikingly shown by this table. Nearly 28 per cent (2,794 per 10,000), or more than one-fourth of the negro women living in cities of over 50,000 inhabitants are employed as servants or waitresses. For foreign born white women the corresponding ratio is only one-third as great, being 936 per 10,000, or less than 1 in 10. The two classes of native white women, as would be expected, show still lower ratios, the lowest being that for the native white of native parentage.

The comparison by race and nativity for women living in smaller cities and country districts is in some respects less significant, being affected by the dissimilarity in the local distribution of the classes compared. The native white of native parentage are concentrated in the country districts to a greater degree than either the foreign born or the native born of foreign parentage, and therefore represent to a greater extent the conditions prevailing in a distinctively rural environment. The figures for the negro living outside the larger cities represent mainly conditions in the agricultural regions of the South. Thus outside the larger cities the opportunity to find employment as servants must differ widely for these different classes.

The proportion of women employed as servants and waitresses in any class of the population depends partly upon the proportion who are under the necessity of earning their living or entering any occupation as breadwinners, and partly, of course, upon the extent to which the breadwinners select this particular occupation as the means by which the necessary livelihood may be most readily obtained. Attention has been called to the fact that the occupation of servant comprises about one-fourth of all the women who are breadwinners. In Table XXXI the varying importance of this occupation is shown for the female breadwinners in the principal race and nativity classes.

TABLE XXXI.—*Number and percentage of servants and waitresses among female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for continental United States: 1900.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Servants and waitresses.	
		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	4,833,630	1,165,861	24.1
Native white—both parents native	1,771,966	305,883	17.3
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,090,744	223,327	20.5
Foreign born white	840,011	322,062	38.3
Negro	1,119,621	313,078	28.0
Indian and Mongolian	10,288	1,211	11.8

Of foreign born white women who are breadwinners, 38.3 per cent are servants and waitresses. This is the highest percentage shown in the above table. Of the total number of negro women who are breadwinners only 28 per cent are servants and waitresses. But here again the difference is one of environment rather than of race, the negro population being to a large extent rural, while the foreign born white are concentrated in cities. Therefore in determining the influence of race and nativity more significant results may be obtained by a comparison restricted to city population such as is presented in the first three columns of Table XXXII.

TABLE XXXII.—*Number and percentage of servants and waitresses among female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, living in cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts, classified by race and nativity, for continental United States: 1900.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—					
	In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.		
	Total.	Servants and waitresses.		Total.	Servants and waitresses.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	1,657,728	432,500	26.1	3,175,902	733,061	23.1
Native white—both parents native	414,954	54,539	13.1	1,357,012	251,344	18.5
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	554,806	82,903	14.9	535,938	140,424	26.2
Foreign born white	494,044	196,031	39.7	345,967	126,031	36.4
Negro	193,317	98,842	51.1	926,304	214,236	23.1
Indian and Mongolian	607	185	30.5	10,681	1,026	9.6

Table XXXII brings out the fact that 51.1 per cent of all negro women living in cities of over 50,000 inhabitants and engaged in gainful occupation are servants or waitresses, while the corresponding percentage for the foreign born white women is but 39.7, being only a little higher than it was in Table XXXI, which gave totals for continental United States. It appears, therefore, that in the larger cities one-half of the negro women seeking employment and two-fifths of the white immigrant women enter domestic service. The proportion for the native white women is much smaller, being only 13.1 per cent for those of native parentage and 14.9 per cent for those whose parents were immigrants. Considerable significance may be attached to the fact that the difference between these two percentages is small, because it would seem to indicate that the children of immigrants if born and educated in this country are hardly more willing to become servants when seeking employment than are the children of native Americans. This similarity between the two classes of breadwinners living in the larger cities is, however, not apparent in all parts of the United States. It obtains only in the North Atlantic states. In the largest cities of the other main geographic divisions the percentage of breadwinners who are servants is somewhat higher among the native white women of foreign parentage than among those of native parentage, as will be seen by reference to Table XXXIII, in which the percentages are given for each main and minor geographic division.

TABLE XXXIII.—PERCENTAGE OF SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS AND IN SMALLER CITIES AND COUNTRY DISTRICTS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS: 1900.

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	PERCENTAGE OF SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—									
	In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.					In smaller cities and country districts.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	26.1	13.1	14.9	39.7	51.1	23.1	18.5	26.2	36.4	23.1
North Atlantic division	25.3	12.0	13.0	40.8	64.7	26.3	21.1	19.1	39.4	69.6
New England	21.0	8.8	8.6	34.5	49.6	21.2	11.9	13.0	34.3	67.0
Southern North Atlantic	26.6	13.0	12.9	43.3	67.1	29.8	24.3	23.9	45.4	70.1
South Atlantic division	31.0	7.7	9.5	30.7	48.6	18.5	11.5	14.4	21.2	22.3
Northern South Atlantic	31.5	8.1	9.9	31.6	54.5	32.0	20.4	17.9	28.1	44.5
Southern South Atlantic	29.0	5.0	4.0	15.2	36.0	13.4	6.3	4.0	6.6	16.6
North Central division	25.5	16.8	20.2	37.4	48.7	29.0	23.6	33.3	35.6	47.9
Eastern North Central	24.8	16.8	18.6	36.7	51.7	29.3	26.3	32.0	35.5	48.4
Western North Central	27.2	16.7	21.4	39.7	45.3	28.5	20.5	35.6	35.6	47.5
South Central division	32.1	14.6	16.0	30.3	43.8	16.6	10.8	13.4	18.6	19.6
Eastern South Central	31.8	12.5	14.1	33.1	44.3	17.0	11.4	10.4	14.3	19.7
Western South Central	32.6	18.6	20.3	28.1	43.0	16.1	9.9	16.9	19.8	19.4
Western division	23.5	13.6	17.7	40.7	53.0	22.1	18.1	24.8	31.3	44.5
Rocky Mountain	25.4	13.2	21.2	46.7	36.5	24.7	18.8	28.3	35.8	46.8
Basin and Plateau	28.6	15.0	28.0	36.2	(1)	15.4	15.9	23.0	17.0	36.8
Pacific	22.7	13.6	16.3	40.1	59.5	22.1	18.0	23.0	31.0	43.8

[1] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

The relative importance of domestic service as an occupation for women in the larger cities of different sections of the United States is indicated by the percentages presented in the first column of Table XXXIII. The importance of this occupation is least in New England cities, where only 21 per cent of all the women who are breadwinners are servants or waitresses. This means probably not that there is less demand for servants in that part of the country than elsewhere, but that there are more opportunities for women to obtain employment in other pursuits. In the Western South Central states the corresponding percentage is 32.6, representing nearly one-third of all the women who are breadwinners. In general, the occupation is of less importance in the cities of the North Atlantic, North Central, and Western states than in those of the Southern states.

For the smaller cities and country districts the comparison by geographic divisions shows a wider variation in the percentage which servants and waitresses formed of the total number of women employed as breadwinners. The extremes appear in two adjacent geographic divisions, the maximum percentage, 32, being that for the Northern South Atlantic division and the minimum, 13.4, that for the Southern South Atlantic. It is evident that in the former division the conditions resemble those in the North, where, as compared with the South, the percentages here considered are, in general, high. The percentages are affected by a diversity of influences not always easy to determine or measure. But it may be noted that outside the larger cities the principal occupations which rival domestic service in the employment of women are those connected with the factory and the farm. In the Southern South Atlantic states large numbers of white women are employed in the cotton mills, which are mostly located in small towns or villages, and large numbers of women, both white and negro, are employed on farms. In the North the mill industries are concentrated to a greater extent in cities of over 50,000 inhabitants and women are not employed so generally in farm work. This is one reason, doubtless, why the servants' occupation in the country and small towns attains greater importance in the North than in the South. Another reason is found in the difference between the two sections as regards the demand for servants outside the large cities. In the rural districts of the South—particularly in the section designated as the black belt—there are comparatively few families employing servants. The contrast between North and South as regards the demand for servants is probably not so great in the larger cities as it is in the smaller cities and country districts.

A comparison by race and nativity for the several geographic divisions brings out the fact that both in the larger cities and in the smaller cities and country districts the percentage of servants in the total number of adult female breadwinners is almost invariably higher—and usually much higher—for the foreign born white than for either class of native white, and similarly the percentage for the negro is almost without exception higher than that for the foreign born white. There is no such uniform relationship between the percentages for the two classes of native white women. Usually the higher percentage is that for the native white of foreign parentage. But in the smaller cities and country districts of the North and South Atlantic minor divisions the difference is the other way; and, as already remarked, in the larger cities of the North Atlantic divisions the two percentages are almost exactly the same.

For each class of native white women the percentage of servants in the total number of breadwinners is generally higher in the smaller cities and country districts than in the larger cities of the same geographic division. For the foreign born white and the negro the higher percentage as a rule is that for the large cities.

Parentage.—Table XXXIV classifies the female breadwinners 10 years of age and over with respect to the birthplace of their parents, and gives the number and percentage of servants and waitresses in each specified class.

TABLE XXXIV.—*Number and percentage of servants and waitresses among female breadwinners 10 years of age and over, classified by nativity of parents, for continental United States: 1900.*

PARENTAGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Servants and waitresses.	
		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	5,319,397	1,283,763	24.1
Native parentage	3,247,907	693,679	21.4
Native white	1,926,637	350,189	18.2
All other	1,321,270	343,490	26.0
Foreign parentage	2,071,490	590,084	28.5
Austria	26,590	8,909	34.8
Bohemia	25,719	6,316	24.6
Canada (English)	102,181	27,521	26.9
Canada (French)	78,979	8,092	10.3
Denmark	15,380	6,867	44.1
England and Wales	158,912	28,708	18.1
France	21,164	4,719	22.3
Germany	538,192	160,938	29.9
Hungary	14,631	6,087	41.6
Ireland	634,201	195,000	30.8
Italy	26,093	2,386	9.2
Norway	47,934	22,519	47.0
Poland	38,536	8,815	22.9
Russia	40,316	5,853	14.3
Scotland	46,173	9,516	20.6
Sweden	81,148	45,794	56.4
Switzerland	15,125	4,646	30.7
Other countries	47,989	14,400	30.2
Mixed foreign parentage	112,827	22,997	20.4

For the purposes of this report it was deemed inadvisable to make this tabulation for adult female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, since the figures for breadwinners 10 years of age and over could be easily derived from the Twelfth Census report on Occupations, and are probably equally significant

in showing comparatively the extent to which the women of the different parent nativities engage in the specified occupation.

The term "foreign parentage," as here used, means that one or both parents were born in foreign countries, the term "native parentage," that both parents were born in the United States, or that one was born in the United States, the birthplace of the other being unknown. The specified foreign countries indicate the birthplace of both parents or of one parent where the other was born in the United States. "Mixed foreign parentage" includes the cases in which the father and mother were born in different foreign countries.

Naturally most persons of native parentage were natives of the United States, but a few were of foreign birth. On the other hand, a large proportion of the children of foreign born parents were themselves foreign born. The population of native parentage other than the native white consists mostly of negroes; but this total may include also some Indians and Mongolians, together with the comparatively few white persons born abroad whose parents were native of the United States.

Essentially, then, the difference between the two classes of native parentage distinguished in this table is that between the native white of native parentage and the negro. The latter are included with "all other" of native parentage, and make up the greater part of that total, which comprises a percentage of servants and waitresses (26) which is considerably larger than that for the native white of native parentage (18.2), but not as large as that for the total number of female breadwinners of foreign parentage (28.5).

Of the principal countries represented by our population of foreign parentage, Ireland ranks first in the number of female servants. Almost one-third of the total number of female servants and waitresses of foreign parentage are Irish. Germany is represented by the next largest number. The other countries are of much less importance, so far as actual numbers are concerned. But there are several other countries which are represented by a much larger percentage of servants in the total number of female breadwinners. The highest percentage is that for Sweden. Of the female breadwinners representing this country, 56.4 per cent, or more than one-half, are servants and waitresses. The next highest percentage is that for the sister country of Norway, and the next is that for Denmark. In proportion to its importance the immigration from these Scandinavian countries contributed more female servants than that from other parts of Europe. Noticeably low are the percentages for the Italians, the Canadian French, and the Russians. The last are probably for the most part Russian Jews. It is evident that the women of these nationalities are not attracted by domestic service. The Canadian French prefer the textile mills, and the Russian Jews and the Italians the sweat shops.

Age.—The age distribution of women employed as servants is shown in Table XXXV. Rather more than one-half—53.4 per cent—of the total number 16 years of age and over are under 25, or 16 to 24 years of age. Of the total number of women in the United States (area of enumeration) [1] employed in all occupations, 44.2 per cent are in this age period, so that in domestic service the proportion of young women would appear to be considerably above the average. But when the 47 occupations employing more than 5,000 women are ranked with reference to the percentage of breadwinners 16 to 24 years of age it will be found that the servant's occupation occupies a median position, there being 22 occupations for which the percentage is higher and 24 for which it is lower (see Table XXIV).

[1] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.

TABLE XXXV.—DISTRIBUTION, BY AGE, OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION): 1900.

AGE.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.									
	All classes.		Native white—				Foreign born white.		Negro.	
			Both parents native.		One or both parents foreign born.					
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Total	1,166,708	100.0	305,975	100.0	223,381	100.0	322,190	100.0	313,091	100.0
16 to 24 years	622,494	53.4	186,886	61.1	144,614	64.7	156,149	48.5	133,895	42.8
25 to 34 years	280,416	24.0	37,718	18.9	50,111	22.4	92,493	28.7	79,415	25.4
35 to 44 years	127,966	11.0	26,723	8.7	19,598	8.8	36,225	11.2	45,161	14.4
45 to 54 years	73,069	6.3	17,410	5.7	6,368	2.9	20,190	6.3	28,997	9.3
55 to 64 years	37,282	3.2	10,253	3.4	1,894	0.8	10,589	3.3	14,454	4.6
65 years and over	19,576	1.7	5,380	1.8	582	0.3	5,291	1.6	8,209	2.7
Age unknown	5,905	0.5	1,605	0.5	224	0.1	1,188	0.4	2,870	0.9

The foreign born white and the negro women employed as servants comprise a much smaller percentage of young women than either class of native white female servants, indicating the probability that the former as a class take up this occupation later in life and at the same time are less likely to give it up as they grow older. Negro women in particular continue to follow this occupation to a very great extent after they are married. The figures for the native white of foreign parentage reflect the age composition of this class in the general population. Being the daughters of immigrants they comprise a relatively large number of young women.

TABLE XXXVI.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE AND RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION): 1900.

AGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.														
	All classes.			Native white—						Foreign born white.			Negro.		
				Both parents native.			One or both parents foreign born.								
	Total.	Servants and waitresses.		Total.	Servants and waitresses.		Total.	Servants and waitresses.		Total.	Servants and waitresses.		Total.	Servants and waitresses.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Total	4,843,155	1,166,708	24.2	1,773,109	305,975	17.3	1,091,200	223,381	20.5	840,686	322,190	38.3	1,119,653	313,091	28.0
16 to 24 years	2,139,370	622,494	29.1	753,266	186,886	24.8	593,435	144,614	24.4	347,759	156,149	44.9	439,725	133,895	30.4
25 to 34 years	1,171,952	280,416	23.9	399,376	57,718	14.5	297,916	50,111	16.8	202,322	92,498	45.7	266,956	79,415	29.7
35 to 44 years	676,548	127,966	18.9	244,556	26,723	10.9	130,749	19,595	15.0	119,316	36,225	30.3	178,810	45,161	25.3
45 to 54 years	441,457	73,069	16.6	182,214	17,410	9.6	46,925	6,368	13.6	86,136	20,180	23.4	124,024	28,997	23.4
55 to 64 years	256,926	37,282	14.5	120,650	10,253	8.5	15,982	1,884	11.8	54,563	10,659	19.5	64,535	14,454	22.4
65 years and over	138,691	19,578	14.1	67,655	5,380	8.0	5,368	582	10.8	28,262	5,291	18.7	36,539	8,299	22.7
Age unknown	18,211	5,903	32.4	5,392	1,905	29.8	825	224	27.2	2,328	1,188	51.0	9,064	2,870	31.7

Table XXXVI shows what proportion of the total number of female breadwinners in each specified age period are servants or waitresses. These percentages indicate a decline in the relative importance of domestic service as an occupation for female breadwinners in the older years of life. Of the breadwinners of this sex 16 to 24 years of age, 29.1, or nearly 3 in 10, are servants; of those 55 years and over, hardly more than 14 per cent, or 1 in 7, are employed in that occupation. This decline, however, is not in any way abnormal, nor is it the result of conditions peculiar to the servant's occupation. It simply reflects the importance of farming as an occupation for women in middle life and old age (see Table 17, page 162). The large number of women adopting the farmer's occupation late in life naturally tends to reduce the relative importance of other occupations in the older age periods. The reduction is more marked for the native white of native parentage than for the other race and nativity classes, because the great majority of the women who become farmers are of that nativity.

The influence of farming as an occupation is of course eliminated when the comparison is restricted to cities of over 50,000 population. When that is done, it will be found that the occupation of servant still undergoes a decline in its relative importance for the older age periods, but the decline is not very marked. On the other hand, by confining the comparison to smaller cities and country districts the decline is very much accentuated. The contrast is shown in the following tabular statement:

AREA.	PERCENTAGE OF SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS: 1900.			
	16 years and over.	16 to 24 years.	25 to 44 years.	45 years and over.
Continental United States	24.1	29.1	22.1	15.5
In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants	26.1	27.0	26.0	22.5
In smaller cities and country districts	23.1	30.3	19.8	13.3

Marital condition.—Table XXXVII shows the marital condition of women employed as servants and waitresses.

TABLE XXXVII.—DISTRIBUTION,[1] BY MARITAL CONDITION, OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION): 1900.

MARITAL CONDITION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.											
	All classes.		Native white—				Foreign born white.		Negro.		Indian and Mongolian.	
			Both parents native.		One or both parents foreign born.							
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Total	1,166,708	100.0	305,975	100.0	223,381	100.0	322,190	100.0	313,091	100.0	2,071	100.0
Single[2]	895,084	76.7	245,042	80.1	201,559	90.2	280,616	87.1	167,060	53.4	807	39.0
Married	120,941	10.4	24,843	8.1	9,568	4.3	15,322	4.8	70,205	22.4	1,003	48.4
Widowed	136,065	11.7	30,530	10.0	10,535	4.7	24,863	7.7	69,911	22.3	226	10.9
Divorced	14,618	1.3	5,560	1.8	1,719	0.8	1,389	0.4	5,915	1.9	35	1.7

[1] On the assumption that all the married, widowed, and divorced women in this occupation are 16 years of age and over.
[2] Including unknown.

In domestic service, as in most occupations, the majority of women are single, but as usual there are marked variations in this respect in the different race and nativity classes. The percentage of single is highest for those native white servants who are the daughters of immigrants. This class, it will be remembered, likewise comprises the largest percentage of young women, or women under 25. There is, of course, a natural and obvious connection between these two facts. Usually the percentage of single women in any classification varies with the percentage of young women. The more women under 25, the more single women. Nevertheless, in this occupation the correspondence in the order of the two percentages is not complete. The class of native white servants of native parentage, while ranking second in the percentage of young women, ranks third in the percentage of single women, the second rank as regards the latter percentage being held by the foreign born white servants.

The contrasts between the different classes as regards the relations between marital condition and age are perhaps more effectively shown by the following tabular statement, which compares the percentage 25 years of age and over with the percentage that are or have been married, comprising the married, widowed, and divorced:

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION): 1900.	
	Per cent 25 years of age and over.	Per cent married, widowed, and divorced.
Native white—both parents native	38.9	19.9
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	36.3	9.8
Foreign born white	51.5	12.9
Negro	57.2	46.6

It will be noted that in comparison with the percentage 25 years of age and over, the percentage married, widowed, and divorced appears to be exceptionally small among the foreign born white servants. They are as a class much older than the native white of native parentage, yet they include a smaller proportion of women who are or have been married. In age there is not much contrast between them and the negro; but in marital status the difference is very great. It is evident that for some reason matrimony is less usual among the immigrant white women employed as servants than among the native white female servants. Possibly the difference may indicate that the foreign born white servants have a tendency to continue in this occupation unless they marry; while the native white in older years are apt to leave the occupation whether they marry or not. It is evident that large numbers of negro women continue to work as servants after marriage, the married, widowed, and divorced forming 46.6 per cent of the total number of adult female servants of this race.

Comparison with census of 1890.—In making comparisons with the census of 1890 it is necessary to lower the age limit for adults so as to include all persons 15 years of age and over, the women 16 years of age and over not being separately tabulated at that census. The total for 1900 in the comparative tables which follow is, therefore, somewhat greater than that used in the previous discussion.

The number of female servants 15 years and over increased from 1,145,255 in 1890 to 1,213,828 in 1900, an increase of 6 per cent in ten years. This is a very small percentage of increase as compared with that for most of the other principal occupations in which women are engaged (see Table XXVI), and as compared with an increase of 34.9 per cent in the total number of women engaged in all occupations and of 20.7 in the total population.

TABLE XXXVIII.—*Distribution and increase, by race and nativity, of women 15 years of age and over, employed as servants and waitresses, for the United States: 1900[1] and 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.					
	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
All classes	1,213,828	100.0	1,145,255	100.0	68,573	6.0
Native white—both parents native	323,703	26.7	311,479	27.2	12,224	3.9
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	237,539	19.6	195,641	17.1	41,898	21.4
Foreign born white	327,700	27.0	366,097	32.0	[2]38,397	[2]10.5
Negro	322,731	26.6	270,889	23.7	51,842	19.1
Indian and Mongolian	2,155	0.2	1,149	0.1	1,006	87.6

[1] For area of enumeration. [2] Decrease.

In the number of native white women of native parentage employed as servants the increase was even smaller, being only 3.9 per cent. The number of native white women of foreign parentage and of negro women in this occupation increased more rapidly, the increase for each of these two classes being about 20 per cent. For the foreign born white women, on the other hand, there was a decrease of 10.5 per cent. As a result of these changes the relative importance of immigrant women in the servant class underwent a rather marked decline. In 1890 they constituted 32 per cent of the total number of women employed as servants and waitresses; in 1900 only 27 per cent. Probably this decline reflects the decreased immigration in the decade 1890 to 1900, as compared with 1880 to 1890, and also indicates the change in the character of the immigration. The newer immigration, consisting largely of Russians, Italians, and Poles, is less inclined to enter domestic service than was the case with the older immigration of Irish and Germans. This is indicated by a comparison of the percentages presented in Table XXXIV, while the decline in the total immigration and the change in its character are indicated by Table XXXIX.

TABLE XXXIX.—*Number of immigrants arriving in the United States during the decades 1881 to 1890 and 1891 to 1900.*

COUNTRY OF LAST PERMANENT RESIDENCE.	1881 to 1890		1891 to 1900		Increase (+) or decrease (−).	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
Total	5,246,613	100.0	3,687,564	100.0	−1,559,049	−29.7
Austria-Hungary	353,722	6.7	592,707	16.1	+238,985	+67.6
England	644,680	12.3	216,726	5.9	−427,954	−66.4
German Empire	1,452,970	27.7	505,152	13.7	−947,818	−65.2
Ireland	655,482	12.5	388,416	10.5	−267,066	−40.7
Italy [1]	307,310	5.9	651,893	17.7	+344,583	+112.1
Russian Empire and Finland	230,116	4.4	505,290	13.7	+275,174	+119.6
Sweden	391,776	7.5	226,266	6.1	−165,510	−42.2
All other	1,210,557	23.1	601,114	16.3	−609,443	−50.3

[1] Including Sicily and Sardinia.

The fact that the number of women employed in all occupations increased over 34 per cent while the number employed as servants increased only 6 per cent involves, of course, a very considerable decline in the relative importance of domestic service as an occupation for women. The change is indicated in Table XL, which includes all female breadwinners and female servants 15 years of age and over.

TABLE XL.—*Number and percentage of servants and waitresses among female breadwinners 15 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for the United States: 1900[1] and 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	1900			1890		
	Total.	Servants and waitresses.		Total.	Servants and waitresses.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent
All classes	5,007,069	1,213,828	24.2	3,712,144	1,145,255	30.9
Native white—both parents native	1,825,850	323,703	17.7	1,310,148	311,479	23.8
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,138,129	237,539	20.9	774,751	195,641	25.2
Foreign born white	861,983	327,700	38.0	756,006	366,097	48.4
Negro	1,162,250	322,731	27.8	867,717	270,889	31.2

[1] For area of enumeration.

In 1890 female servants formed 30.9 per cent of the total number of female breadwinners 15 years of age and over. In 1900 the percentage had declined to 24.2. Every class distinguished in the above table participated to a greater or less degree in this decline in the relative importance of the servant's occupation But the change was most marked for the native white of native parentage, the percentage for this class showing a reduction of one-fourth. For the foreign born white and the native white of foreign parentage the reduction in the percentage was nearly the same, being in each case about one-fifth. Among negro female breadwinners the change was less striking, but even for them the servant's occupation was of less importance relatively in 1900 than it was in 1890.

Table XLI shows the changes between 1890 and 1900 in the age distribution of the female servants in each race and nativity class and the increase or decrease in each age group.

This table brings out the fact that in 1900, as compared with 1890, there was an actual though slight decrease in the total number of young women 15 to 24 years of age employed as servants. As the majority of female servants are in this age period, the decrease had a preponderant influence upon the total number and accounts for the fact already noted that the total increase was small. The comparison by race and nativity shows, further, that the decrease for the youngest age period is confined to foreign born white servants, and for that class is very marked, representing a reduction of 21.6 per cent, or more than one-fifth. The other nativity classes show an increase in the

age group, but in the case of each of the two classes of native white servants the percentage of increase is much less than that for the older age groups.

TABLE XLI.—*Increase in the number of women 15 years of age and over employed as servants and waitresses, classified by race, nativity, and age, for the United States: 1900*[1] *and 1890.*

AGE.	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.						
ALL CLASSES.						
Total	1,213,828	100.0	1,145,255	100.0	68,573	6.0
15 to 24 years	669,614	55.2	674,968	58.9	[2]5,354	[2]0.8
25 to 34 years	280,416	23.1	238,132	20.8	42,284	17.8
35 to 44 years	127,966	10.5	104,039	9.1	23,927	23.0
45 to 54 years	73,069	6.0	64,770	5.7	8,299	12.8
55 to 64 years	37,282	3.1	34,253	3.0	3,029	8.8
65 years and over	19,576	1.6	21,031	1.8	[2]1,455	[2]6.9
Age unknown	5,905	0.5	8,062	0.7	[2]2,157	[2]26.8
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.						
Total	323,703	100.0	311,479	100.0	12,224	3.9
15 to 24 years	204,614	63.2	199,930	64.2	4,684	2.3
25 to 34 years	57,718	17.8	53,202	17.1	4,516	8.5
35 to 44 years	26,723	8.3	24,989	8.0	1,734	6.9
45 to 54 years	17,410	5.4	16,223	5.2	1,187	7.3
55 to 64 years	10,253	3.2	9,037	2.9	1,216	13.5
65 years and over	5,380	1.7	5,531	1.8	[2]151	[2]2.7
Age unknown	1,605	0.5	2,567	0.8	[2]962	[2]37.5
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.						
Total	237,539	100.0	195,641	100.0	41,898	21.4
15 to 24 years	158,772	66.8	146,795	75.0	11,977	8.2
25 to 34 years	50,111	21.1	36,791	18.8	13,320	36.2
35 to 44 years	19,598	8.3	7,952	4.1	11,646	146.5
45 to 54 years	6,368	2.7	2,380	1.2	3,988	167.6
55 to 64 years	1,884	0.8	788	0.4	1,096	139.1
65 years and over	582	0.2	402	0.2	180	44.8
Age unknown	224	0.1	533	0.3	[2]309	[2]58.0
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.						
Total	227,700	100.0	366,097	100.0	[2]38,397	[2]10.5
15 to 24 years	161,659	49.3	206,103	56.3	[2]44,444	[2]21.6
25 to 34 years	92,498	28.2	90,597	24.7	1,901	2.1
35 to 44 years	36,225	11.1	32,357	8.8	3,868	12.0
45 to 54 years	20,189	6.2	20,004	5.5	176	0.9
55 to 64 years	10,659	3.3	10,346	2.8	313	3.0
65 years and over	5,291	1.6	4,865	1.3	426	8.8
Age unknown	1,188	0.4	1,825	0.5	[2]637	[2]34.9
NEGRO.						
Total	322,731	100.0	270,880	100.0	51,842	19.1
15 to 24 years	143,535	44.5	121,599	44.9	21,936	18.0
25 to 34 years	79,415	24.6	57,282	21.1	22,133	38.6
35 to 44 years	45,161	14.0	38,557	14.2	6,604	17.1
45 to 54 years	28,997	9.0	26,079	9.6	2,918	11.2
55 to 64 years	14,454	4.5	14,041	5.2	413	2.9
65 years and over	8,299	2.6	10,215	3.8	[2]1,916	[2]18.8
Age unknown	2,870	0.9	3,116	1.2	[2]246	[2]7.9

[1] For area of enumeration. [2] Decrease.

Practically all the servants between 15 and 24 years reported at any census must have entered that occupation at some time during the previous ten years, or since the last preceding census was taken. The figures, then, clearly point to the conclusion that the total number of young women entering domestic service is decreasing, being smaller between 1890 and 1900 than it was between 1880 and 1890, and that this decrease results from a large decrease in the number of young immigrant women of that age period, partially offset by a small increase in the number of native white women and a considerable increase in the number of negro women.

It is probable that the majority of the servants 25 to 34 years of age also adopted this occupation within the preceding ten years. But as regards servants over 35, the probability is that most of them took up the occupation before they were 25 years of age, and therefore not within the preceding decade. So far as this is the case, the increases in the older age groups reflect changes that took place at earlier periods in the history of the occupation. Thus the figures for the foreign born white servants, showing an exceptionally large increase in the age group 35 to 44, suggests that there was a great increase in the number of immigrant women entering the occupation about fifteen or twenty years prior to 1900. This seems probable in view of the fact that there was a great increase of immigration in the period 1880 to 1890 as compared with the preceding decennial period, and the further fact that this immigration consisted largely of Germans and Irish.

The figures in the above table show also noticeably large increases for the native white of foreign parentage in each of the three age periods included between the age of 35 and that of 64; and, if the hypothesis just suggested is correct, this would indicate that a marked increase in the number of native white women of foreign parentage entering this occupation began about the middle of the century. It may not be immediately obvious why this should have been the case. It should be remembered, however, that the native women who were the daughters of immigrants and had reached middle life or old age in 1900 represent a very early immigration. The immigrant parents of those who were over 35 in 1900 must have come to this country prior to 1865; and, similarly, the immigrant parents of those who were over 35 in 1890 must have migrated prior to 1855. Now the immigration figures show a large and increasing influx of immigrants in the period 1844 to 1854. Then came a financial panic and later the Civil War. The tide of immigration was suddenly and greatly checked, and did not regain its former magnitude until about 1870. It seems not improbable, therefore, that between 1854 and 1870 the supply of servants was being recruited largely from the ranks of the children of those immigrants who came to this country prior to 1855 rather than by newly arrived immigrants.

It may be admitted that this historical explanation of these large increases for the older age groups appearing in a comparison of the figures for 1900 with those for 1890 is in some degree hypothetical. Unfortunately the figures for earlier censuses are not

presented in sufficient detail to make possible a statistical verification of its correctness. The alternative assumption that these increases record recent changes may seem to the reader more plausible, as indicating that as the supply of young servants is becoming inadequate, older women, having less prejudice against domestic service and perhaps less adaptability for other pursuits, are induced to enter the occupation in increasing numbers, or to remain in it longer than they formerly did instead of giving place to younger women.

But whatever interpretation may be adopted for the exceptionally large increases in the older age groups, the following conclusions appear to be established beyond question: The supply of servants is increasing but slowly, and is not keeping pace with the growth of population. The young women who join the ranks of the breadwinners show an increasing tendency to select other occupations in preference to domestic service. It looks, therefore, as if the servant problem was destined to become even more acute in the future than it is at present. Although the number of negro women entering the occupation still shows a considerable increase, the supply of foreign born servants is actually diminishing.

In Table XLII the increase or decrease between 1890 and 1900 in the number of female servants 10 years of age and over is shown by race and nativity for each geographic division.

TABLE XLII.—*Increase in the number of females 10 years of age and over employed as servants and waitresses, for geographic divisions: 1900 and 1890.*

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.			
	1900	1890	Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
			Number.	Per cent.
	ALL CLASSES.			
Continental United States	1,283,763	1,216,639	67,124	5.5
North Atlantic division	475,370	455,376	19,994	4.4
New England	122,482	117,621	4,861	4.1
Southern North Atlantic	352,888	337,755	15,133	4.5
South Atlantic division	184,115	187,065	[1] 2,950	[1] 1.6
Northern South Atlantic	102,825	107,799	[1] 4,974	[1] 4.6
Southern South Atlantic	81,290	79,266	2,024	2.6
North Central division	410,573	383,787	26,786	7.0
Eastern North Central	262,991	242,474	20,517	8.5
Western North Central	147,582	141,313	6,269	4.4
South Central division	167,053	147,851	19,202	13.0
Eastern South Central	104,309	96,280	8,029	8.3
Western South Central	62,744	51,571	11,173	21.7
Western division	46,652	42,560	4,092	9.6
Rocky Mountain	13,399	12,146	1,253	10.3
Basin and Plateau	3,769	3,646	123	3.4
Pacific	29,484	26,768	2,716	10.1

[1] Decrease.

TABLE XLII.—*Increase in the number of females 10 years of age and over employed as servants and waitresses, for geographic divisions: 1900 and 1890*—Continued.

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.			
	1900	1890	Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
			Number.	Per cent.
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.			
Continental United States	350,189	334,427	15,762	4.7
North Atlantic division	124,087	123,426	661	0.5
New England	26,181	27,836	[1] 1,655	[1] 5.9
Southern North Atlantic	97,906	95,590	2,316	2.4
South Atlantic division	33,098	37,506	[1] 4,408	[1] 11.8
Northern South Atlantic	22,599	23,881	[1] 1,282	[1] 5.4
Southern South Atlantic	10,499	13,625	[1] 3,126	[1] 22.9
North Central division	144,139	130,532	13,607	10.4
Eastern North Central	97,355	87,145	10,210	11.7
Western North Central	46,784	43,387	3,397	7.8
South Central division	33,534	31,070	2,464	7.9
Eastern South Central	20,845	21,523	[1] 678	[1] 3.2
Western South Central	12,689	9,547	3,142	32.9
Western division	15,331	11,893	3,438	28.9
Rocky Mountain	4,938	4,356	582	13.4
Basin and Plateau	852	603	249	41.3
Pacific	9,541	6,934	2,607	37.6
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.			
Continental United States	253,946	207,248	46,698	22.5
North Atlantic division	85,822	80,531	5,291	6.6
New England	18,912	17,689	1,223	6.9
Southern North Atlantic	66,910	62,842	4,068	6.5
South Atlantic division	3,514	3,907	[1] 393	[1] 10.1
Northern South Atlantic	3,357	3,674	[1] 317	[1] 8.6
Southern South Atlantic	157	233	[1] 76	[1] 32.6
North Central division	145,587	108,556	37,031	34.1
Eastern North Central	89,933	71,791	18,142	25.3
Western North Central	55,654	36,765	18,889	51.4
South Central division	5,796	5,298	498	9.4
Eastern South Central	2,232	2,445	[1] 213	[1] 8.7
Western South Central	3,564	2,853	711	24.9
Western division	13,227	8,956	4,271	47.7
Rocky Mountain	3,408	2,141	1,267	59.2
Basin and Plateau	1,513	1,285	228	17.7
Pacific	8,306	5,530	2,776	50.2
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.			
Continental United States	332,863	374,253	[1] 41,390	[1] 11.1
North Atlantic division	216,784	220,721	[1] 3,937	[1] 1.8
New England	70,901	67,711	3,190	4.7
Southern North Atlantic	145,883	153,010	[1] 7,127	[1] 4.7
South Atlantic division	4,247	6,201	[1] 1,954	[1] 31.5
Northern South Atlantic	4,040	5,679	[1] 1,639	[1] 28.9
Southern South Atlantic	207	522	[1] 315	[1] 60.3
North Central division	92,231	122,349	[1] 30,118	[1] 24.6
Eastern North Central	60,750	73,303	[1] 12,553	[1] 17.1
Western North Central	31,481	49,046	[1] 17,565	[1] 35.8
South Central division	4,020	5,639	[1] 1,619	[1] 28.7
Eastern South Central	1,083	1,931	[1] 848	[1] 43.9
Western South Central	2,937	3,708	[1] 771	[1] 20.8

[1] Decrease.

TABLE XLII.—*Increase in the number of females 10 years of age and over employed as servants and waitresses, for geographic divisions: 1900 and 1890*—Continued.

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.			
	1900	1890	Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
			Number.	Percent.
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE—continued.			
Western division	15,581	19,343	[1] 3,762	[1] 19.4
Rocky Mountain	4,092	4,834	[1] 742	[1] 15.3
Basin and Plateau	1,094	1,489	[1] 395	[1] 26.5
Pacific	10,395	13,020	[1] 2,625	[1] 20.2
	NEGRO, INDIAN, AND MONGOLIAN.			
Continental United States	346,765	300,711	46,054	15.3
North Atlantic division	48,677	30,698	17,979	58.6
New England	6,488	4,385	2,103	48.0
Southern North Atlantic	42,189	26,313	15,876	60.3
South Atlantic division	143,256	139,451	3,805	2.7
Northern South Atlantic	72,829	74,565	[1] 1,736	[1] 2.3
Southern South Atlantic	70,427	64,886	5,541	8.5
North Central division	28,616	22,350	6,266	28.0
Eastern North Central	14,963	10,235	4,718	46.1
Western North Central	13,653	12,115	1,548	12.8
South Central division	123,703	105,844	17,859	16.9
Eastern South Central	80,149	70,381	9,768	13.9
Western South Central	43,554	35,463	8,091	22.8
Western division	2,513	2,368	145	6.1
Rocky Mountain	961	815	146	17.9
Basin and Plateau	310	269	41	15.2
Pacific	1,242	1,284	[1] 42	[1] 3.3

[1] Decrease.

In one minor division—the Northern South Atlantic—the total number of female servants was actually smaller in 1900 than in 1890. The decrease was more than sufficient to counterbalance the small increase in the Southern South Atlantic division, thus producing a decrease in the total for the South Atlantic division. The minor geographic division showing the largest increase in the actual number of female servants is the Eastern North Central; but the largest percentage of increase was that shown for the Western South Central division. The decrease in the number of foreign born white female servants is apparent in every geographic division except New England. In the southern divisions there are comparatively few servants of this class, and therefore the fact that the largest percentage of decrease is that for one of these divisions is not especially significant; outside the South, the Western North Central division shows the largest percentage of decrease and also the largest numerical decrease for this class of servants.

It may seem rather remarkable that the largest increase of negro (including Indian and Mongolian) female servants, whether measured by numbers or by percentages, took place in a northern division—the Southern North Atlantic—while the adjoining division on the south—the Northern South Atlantic—shows an actual though small decrease, and is the only division in which there was any decrease shown for this class of servants. This contrast between the figures for the two divisions would seem to indicate that there had been a northward migration of negro female servants, and that in the North they were to a certain extent taking the place of the foreign born white servants whose numbers, as just pointed out, are decreasing. In the Southern North Atlantic division the percentage of negroes in the total number of female servants increased from 7.8 in 1890 to 12 in 1900.

Family relationship.—In Table XLIII the women employed as servants and waitresses in 27 selected cities (the list of which appears in Table XLIV) are classified according to their relationship to the families in which they live.

Of the 327,573 servants and waitresses in these cities, 67,046, or 20.5 per cent, were living at home and 260,527, or 79.5 per cent, were either living with their employer or boarding. It may be taken for granted that all but a small number of the latter were in fact living with their employers, this mode of life being customary for women employed in domestic service. The proportion living at home varies widely in the different classes. Of the negro women who are servants, 39.2 per cent live at home, or 2 in 5; of the foreign born white women only 10.6 per cent, or 1 in 10. The small percentage for the latter is indicative of the comparative isolation of the immigrant servant, who in many instances is without near relatives in this country. Similar reasons explain the fact that the percentage living at home is smaller for the native white whose parents were native Americans than for the native white whose parents were immigrants. Many of the former are country girls and but few of the latter; therefore the former when they enter domestic service are more apt to be separated from their relatives either because they migrate to cities in search of employment, or, if employed in the country, because distances are too great to permit living at home.

TABLE XLIII.—DISTRIBUTION, BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES, CLASSIFIED BY MARITAL CONDITION, RACE, AND NATIVITY, FOR TWENTY-SEVEN SELECTED CITIES: 1900.

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.											
	Number.							Per cent.				
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—				Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—			
				Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.				Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.	
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.													
All classes	327,573	67,046	16,177	18,806	9,772	22,289	260,527	20.5	4.9	5.7	3.0	6.8	79.5
Native white—both parents native	36,108	6,279	1,331	2,297	883	1,768	29,829	17.4	3.7	6.4	2.4	4.9	82.6
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	62,017	15,083	1,816	7,584	3,091	3,192	46,334	25.3	2.9	12.2	5.0	5.1	74.7
Foreign born white	156,689	16,571	4,598	4,152	1,428	6,433	140,118	10.6	2.9	2.6	0.9	4.1	89.4
Negro	72,715	28,509	8,470	4,774	4,370	10,895	44,206	39.2	11.6	6.6	6.0	15.0	60.8
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).													
All classes	263,055	40,943	4,286	17,488	8,295	10,874	222,112	15.6	1.6	6.6	3.2	4.1	84.4
Native white—both parents native	28,662	4,285	375	2,156	741	1,013	24,377	15.0	1.3	7.5	2.6	3.5	85.0
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	54,678	13,016	546	7,310	2,796	2,304	41,662	23.8	1.0	13.4	5.1	4.3	76.2
Foreign born white	137,196	10,719	1,243	3,905	1,278	4,233	126,477	7.8	0.9	2.9	0.9	3.1	92.2
Negro	42,490	12,923	2,122	4,067	3,480	3,264	29,567	30.4	5.0	9.5	8.2	7.7	69.6
MARRIED.													
All classes	28,124	12,189	2,252	767	737	8,433	15,935	43.3	8.0	2.7	2.6	30.0	56.7
Native white—both parents native	3,047	830	205	89	65	471	2,217	27.2	6.7	2.9	2.1	15.5	72.8
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	2,886	1,047	236	144	129	538	1,839	36.3	8.2	5.0	4.5	18.6	63.7
Foreign born white	6,723	1,982	489	99	60	1,334	4,741	29.5	7.3	1.5	0.9	19.8	70.5
Negro	15,461	8,329	1,322	435	483	6,089	7,132	53.9	8.6	2.8	3.1	39.4	46.1
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.													
All classes	36,394	13,914	9,639	553	740	2,982	22,480	38.2	26.5	1.5	2.0	8.2	61.8
Native white—both parents native	4,399	1,164	751	52	77	284	3,235	26.5	17.1	1.2	1.8	6.5	73.5
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	4,453	1,620	1,034	130	166	290	2,833	36.4	23.2	2.9	3.7	6.5	63.6
Foreign born white	12,770	3,870	2,826	88	90	866	8,900	30.3	22.1	0.7	0.7	6.8	69.7
Negro	14,704	7,257	5,026	282	407	1,542	7,507	49.2	34.0	1.9	2.8	10.4	50.8

Naturally the percentage living at home is much greater for married, widowed, and divorced women than for single women. It would perhaps be expected that the percentage would be greater for the married women than for the widowed and divorced; yet in each of the three classes of white servants the two percentages differ but little. Probably a considerable number of the married women who are employed as domestic servants are deserted wives or wives separated from their husbands. This is presumably the case with most of those married women living at home and classified as heads of families, since in the census a wife would not be accepted as head of the family so long as she was living with her husband. Of course the returns convey no indication of what the relations between husband and wife may be in those cases where married female servants live in the home of their employers. Married women living at home and with their husbands appear in this classification as living "with other relatives." This explains why the percentage in this class is so much larger for married women than for either of the other two marital classes distinguished in the above table.

Table XLIV shows the distribution by family relationship of women who are servants for each of the 27 selected cities.

TABLE XLIV.—DISTRIBUTION, BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES, FOR TWENTY-SEVEN SELECTED CITIES: 1900.

CITY.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.												
	Number.							Per cent.					
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—				Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—			
				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
Total	327,573	67,046	16,177	18,808	9,772	22,289	260,527	20.5	4.9	5.7	3.0	6.8	79.5
Atlanta, Ga.	4,139	2,613	1,001	255	355	912	1,526	63.1	26.4	6.2	8.6	22.0	36.9
Baltimore, Md.	15,725	5,468	1,342	1,228	839	2,059	10,257	34.8	8.5	7.8	5.3	13.1	65.2
Boston, Mass.	19,348	2,783	744	553	392	1,084	16,565	14.4	3.8	2.9	2.0	5.6	85.6
Buffalo, N. Y.	7,781	1,679	230	889	234	326	6,102	21.6	3.0	11.4	3.0	4.2	78.4
Chicago, Ill.	33,241	5,846	1,045	2,361	780	1,669	27,395	17.6	3.1	7.1	2.3	5.0	82.4
Cincinnati, Ohio	8,499	2,331	394	741	403	487	6,168	27.4	8.2	8.7	4.8	5.7	72.6
Cleveland, Ohio	7,310	1,464	218	716	184	346	5,846	20.0	3.0	9.8	2.5	4.7	80.0
Detroit, Mich.	6,422	1,116	159	482	170	305	5,306	17.4	2.5	7.5	2.6	4.7	82.6
Fall River, Mass.	988	154	32	30	22	70	834	15.6	3.2	3.0	2.2	7.1	84.4
Indianapolis, Ind.	3,966	1,198	317	327	212	342	2,768	30.2	8.0	8.2	5.3	8.6	69.8
Jersey City, N. J.	3,038	665	95	252	102	216	2,373	21.9	3.1	8.3	3.4	7.1	78.1
Kansas City, Mo.	4,228	940	271	197	191	261	3,288	22.2	6.4	4.7	4.5	6.6	77.8
Louisville, Ky.	6,657	2,770	912	474	438	946	3,887	41.6	13.7	7.1	6.6	14.2	58.4
Lowell, Mass.	1,619	249	63	53	34	99	1,370	15.4	3.9	3.3	2.1	6.1	84.6
Milwaukee, Wis.	5,744	1,095	119	607	142	227	4,649	19.1	2.1	10.6	2.5	4.0	80.9
Minneapolis, Minn.	5,640	651	156	197	65	233	4,989	11.5	2.8	3.5	1.2	4.1	88.5
New Orleans, La.	8,899	4,890	1,506	898	746	1,740	4,009	54.9	16.9	10.1	8.4	19.6	45.1
New York, N. Y.:													
Brooklyn borough	26,624	3,855	708	1,369	590	1,188	22,769	14.5	2.7	5.1	2.2	4.5	85.5
Manhattan and Bronx boroughs	68,165	9,072	2,530	1,918	1,045	3,579	59,093	13.3	3.7	2.8	1.5	5.3	86.7
Newark, N. J.	4,659	823	175	315	132	201	3,836	17.7	3.8	6.8	2.8	4.3	82.3
Paterson, N. J.	1,186	173	49	59	23	42	1,013	14.6	4.1	5.0	1.9	3.5	85.4
Philadelphia, Pa.	35,509	5,236	1,139	1,367	585	2,015	30,273	14.7	3.2	3.9	1.9	5.7	85.3
Pittsburg, Pa.	7,799	1,476	181	717	246	332	6,314	18.9	2.3	9.2	3.2	4.3	81.1
Providence, R. I.	4,322	656	191	167	101	197	3,666	15.2	4.4	3.9	2.3	4.6	84.8
Rochester, N. Y.	3,293	466	120	140	73	133	2,827	14.2	3.6	4.3	2.2	4.0	85.8
St. Louis, Mo.	13,393	2,616	501	915	503	697	10,777	19.5	3.7	6.8	3.8	5.2	80.5
St. Paul, Minn.	4,694	682	126	317	73	166	4,012	14.5	2.7	6.8	1.6	3.5	85.5
Washington, D. C.	14,694	6,079	1,463	1,224	986	2,406	8,615	41.4	10.0	8.3	6.7	16.4	58.6

For most of these cities the percentage living with their employers or boarding is fairly uniform, ranging between 75 and 85. But in cities where the negro servant predominates this percentage is much smaller, while the percentage returned as heads of families is exceptionally large. Probably the other variations between the different cities are also to a large extent the result of difference in the race or nativity composition of the servant class.

LAUNDRESSES.

According to the census of 1900 there were 328,935 women 16 years of age and over engaged in the occupation of laundress in continental United States. This occupation included 6.8 per cent of the total number of adult female breadwinners and gave employment to a larger number than any other occupation except three—servants and waitresses, agricultural laborers, and dressmakers. It is, moreover, an occupation largely confined to the female sex, the total number of females 10 years of age and over (335,282) reported as laundresses constituting 86.9 per cent of all the persons engaged in laundry work in this country in 1900. Of these females, 325,351, or 97 per cent, were engaged in hand laundry work, while only 9,931, or 3 per cent, were employed in steam laundries. The 50,683 males employed in laundry work included 12,014 engaged in steam laundries and 38,669 doing hand laundry work. Among the latter are probably included all, or nearly all, the 25,314 male Chinese who were engaged in laundry work.

This occupation is for the most part an industry of the home, enabling a large class of women to maintain the family to which they belong, or materially assist in its support, without the necessity of special technical training or experience and without seriously interfering with their household duties.

Race and nativity.—Table XLV gives the distribution by race and nativity of women 16 years of age and over employed as laundresses in continental United States in 1900 for cities of at least 50,000 inhabitants and for smaller cities and country districts.

TABLE XLV.—*Distribution, by race and nativity, of laundresses 16 years of age and over, living in cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts, for continental United States: 1900.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	LAUNDRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	Aggregate.		In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.		In smaller cities and country districts.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
All classes	328,936	100.0	113,801	100.0	215,134	100.0
Native white—both parents native	41,643	12.7	9,234	8.1	32,409	15.1
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	28,727	8.7	16,481	14.5	12,246	5.7
Foreign born white	42,774	13.0	26,446	23.2	16,328	7.6
Negro	215,042	65.4	61,616	54.1	153,426	71.3
Indian and Mongolian	749	0.2	24	(1)	725	0.3

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

The native whites of either native or foreign parentage supplied about 21 per cent of all the laundresses in continental United States in 1900, while the foreign born whites and negroes, who probably represent a lower grade of labor, furnished about 79 per cent. Of the total number of women in this country, more than one-half were native whites of native parentage, but this nativity class furnished only one-eighth of the total number of laundresses. The negro race, representing only 11 per cent of the total number of women, comprised 64.5 per cent of all the laundresses and found this occupation the third in importance in their choice of employments.

If the race and nativity distribution of the laundresses is compared with that of the women engaged in each of the other 46 occupations employing at least 5,000 women, it will be found that in no occupation was a smaller percentage formed by native whites of native parentage and that in only two was a larger percentage formed by negroes. In the percentage of native whites of foreign parentage the occupation of the laundress ranked forty-fourth and in that of foreign born whites thirtieth (see Table XXIII, page 34).

Comparing the distribution for the large cities with that for the rural communities, it is evident that the negroes and native whites of native parents were considerably more important in the rural districts than in the cities, while the reverse is true as regards the native whites of foreign parentage and foreign born whites; but in both sections the negroes made up the bulk of the workers in this occupation.

TABLE XLVI.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by race and nativity, of laundresses 16 years of age and over, for geographic divisions: 1900.*

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	LAUNDRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	Number.	Per cent.			
		Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	328,935	12.7	8.7	13.0	65.6
North Atlantic division	58,675	18.9	20.8	39.7	20.7
New England	15,004	17.1	19.2	47.2	16.5
Southern North Atlantic	43,671	19.4	21.4	37.1	22.1
South Atlantic division	101,174	4.4	0.6	0.5	94.4
Northern South Atlantic	38,942	6.6	1.5	1.1	90.8
Southern South Atlantic	62,232	3.1	0.1	0.1	96.8
North Central division	61,037	27.2	20.5	24.1	28.2
Eastern North Central	36,572	28.9	23.5	27.1	20.6
Western North Central	24,465	24.7	16.1	19.5	39.7
South Central division	99,236	6.7	1.5	1.6	90.2
Eastern South Central	60,618	5.9	1.0	0.4	92.7
Western South Central	38,618	7.9	2.3	3.5	86.3
Western division	8,813	32.7	21.0	31.1	15.2
Rocky Mountain	3,213	47.2	17.6	22.6	13.2
Basin and Plateau	1,301	10.8	15.1	47.7	26.3
Pacific	4,299	28.5	25.8	32.4	13.3

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 24, page 185.

As shown by Table XLVI, the negroes practically monopolize the laundry work of the Southern states, forming 94.4 per cent of the number of laundresses in the South Atlantic division and 90.2 per cent of those in the South Central division. This is a natural result of the fact that they constituted about one-third of the entire population of these sections, but even in the other divisions where they formed less than 2.5 per cent of the inhabitants they comprised from 13.2 to 39.7 per cent of the total number of laundresses. In New England, the Southern North Atlantic, the Basin and Plateau, and the Pacific divisions the foreign born whites were more numerous than any other nativity class, forming 47.2 per cent of the total number of laundresses in New England, 37.1 per cent in the Southern North Atlantic, 47.7 per cent in the Basin and Plateau, and 32.4 per cent in the Pacific sections. In the North Central division also the foreign born whites made up a large proportion of the total number of laundresses.

Table XLVII exhibits the number and the proportion of laundresses among female breadwinners, classified by race and nativity, for cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and for smaller cities and country districts.

TABLE XLVII.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF LAUNDRESSES AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, LIVING IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS AND IN SMALLER CITIES AND COUNTRY DISTRICTS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.								
	Aggregate.			In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.		
	Total.	Laundresses.		Total.	Laundresses.		Total.	Laundresses.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	4,833,630	328,935	6.8	1,657,728	113,801	6.9	3,175,902	215,134	6.8
Native white—both parents native	1,771,966	41,643	2.4	414,954	9,234	2.2	1,357,012	32,409	2.4
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,090,744	28,727	2.6	554,806	16,481	3.0	535,938	12,246	2.3
Foreign born white	840,011	42,774	5.1	494,044	26,446	5.4	345,967	16,328	4.7
Negro	1,119,621	215,042	19.2	193,317	61,616	31.9	926,304	153,426	16.6
Indian and Mongolian	11,288	749	6.6	607	24	4.0	10,681	725	6.8

The women of continental United States employed as laundresses accounted for about one-fifteenth (6.8 per cent) of the total number of females engaged in gainful occupations in 1900. Among the native white women of native parentage only 2.4 per cent of the breadwinners were engaged in the occupation of laundress, while of the negro women who were breadwinners, 19.2 per cent, or almost one-fifth were employed in this occupation.

The percentage of laundresses in the total number of females engaged in gainful employment was practically the same for both city and country. This similarity between city and country was also shown by the three Caucasian nativity classes. For the negro race, on the other hand, the percentage was 31.9 in the larger cities, as compared with 16.6 in the smaller urban communities and rural districts, representing a proportion for the larger cities just about double that for the country and smaller cities. This contrast is explained by the fact that a large proportion of the country negro women are engaged in agricultural pursuits. In the cities negro women who are compelled to become breadwinners must, of course, take up other pursuits, and in consequence the percentage of laundresses among them was larger.

Parentage.—Table XLVIII gives the number and per cent of laundresses, by nationality of parents, among the female breadwinners 10 years of age and over in 1900.

In this table the negro makes up the bulk of the "all other" group under "native parentage." Therefore it is not surprising that this group comprises the largest actual number of laundresses and the largest percentage in the total number of breadwinners gainfully employed. The native white laundresses of native parentage were second numerically, aggregating 42,777, which was, however, only 2.2 per cent of all the women of that nativity who worked for a living. Only the French Canadians, with 1.7 per cent, and Russians, with 1 per cent, had a lower percentage of their total number of breadwinners thus employed. In the population of foreign parentage, many of whom were also of foreign birth, the laundresses with Irish parents exceeded all the other nationalities, numbering 27,333; those of German parentage, with 20,315, ranked next in numerical importance. The percentages for these two nationalities were 4.3 and 3.8, respectively. The women of French parentage had the highest proportion, 5.1 per cent, of their breadwinners doing laundry work, though eight of the foreign countries specified in this table are represented by larger actual numbers engaged in this employment.

TABLE XLVIII.—*Number and percentage of laundresses among female breadwinners 10 years of age and over, classified by nativity of parents, for continental United States: 1900.*

PARENTAGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Laundresses.	
		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	5,319,397	335,282	6.3
Native parentage	3,247,907	259,903	8.0
Native white	1,926,637	42,777	2.2
All other	1,321,270	217,126	16.4
Foreign parentage	2,071,490	75,379	3.6
Austria	25,590	554	2.2
Bohemia	25,719	876	3.4
Canada (English)	102,181	2,190	2.1
Canada (French)	78,979	1,331	1.7
Denmark	15,580	569	3.7
England and Wales	158,912	3,816	2.4
France	21,164	1,069	5.1
Germany	538,192	20,315	3.8
Hungary	14,531	323	2.2
Ireland	634,201	27,333	4.3
Italy	26,993	804	3.0
Norway	47,334	1,793	3.7
Poland	38,536	1,607	4.2
Russia	40,816	405	1.0
Scotland	46,173	1,060	2.3
Sweden	81,148	3,931	4.9
Switzerland	15,125	560	3.7
Other countries	47,689	4,124	8.7
Mixed foreign parentage	112,827	2,919	2.6

Age.—Table XLIX shows the distribution by age of laundresses, classified by race and nativity, for the United States (area of enumeration).[1]

[1] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.

TABLE XLIX.—*Distribution, by age, of laundresses 16 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

AGE.	LAUNDRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
	NUMBER.				
Total	329,359	41,680	28,738	42,835	215,043
16 to 24 years	76,576	9,987	11,100	6,403	48,757
25 to 34 years	81,352	8,869	7,121	8,398	56,629
35 to 44 years	77,094	9,967	6,605	11,552	48,765
45 to 54 years	54,028	7,619	2,888	9,291	34,059
55 to 64 years	26,300	3,755	813	4,982	16,690
65 years and over	11,157	1,283	182	1,952	7,701
Age unknown	2,852	200	29	167	2,432
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
16 to 21 years	23.3	24.0	38.6	15.2	22.7
25 to 34 years	24.7	21.3	24.8	19.6	26.3
35 to 44 years	23.4	23.9	23.0	27.0	22.7
45 to 54 years	16.4	18.3	10.0	21.7	15.8
55 to 64 years	8.0	9.0	2.8	11.6	7.8
65 years and over	3.4	3.1	0.6	4.6	3.6
Age unknown	0.9	0.5	0.1	0.4	1.1

Practically three-fourths (71.4 per cent) of all the women who reported their occupation as that of laundress were between the ages of 16 and 44, and were nearly equally divided between the three age periods included within these limits, the age period 25 to 34 years slightly predominating. The special significance of this age distribution is the fact that the percentage of young women in the occupation is small and the percentage of middle aged and old women is large, as compared with most other occupations (see Table XXIV, page 36). This is due mainly to the fact that the occupation can be carried on at home, and therefore by a woman with a family.

TABLE L.—*Number and percentage of laundresses among female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, classified by age, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

AGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Laundresses.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Total	4,843,155	329,359	6.8
16 to 24 years	2,139,370	76,576	3.6
25 to 34 years	1,171,352	81,352	6.9
35 to 44 years	676,548	77,094	11.4
45 to 54 years	441,457	54,028	12.2
55 to 64 years	256,926	26,300	10.2
65 years and over	138,691	11,157	8.0
Age unknown	18,211	2,852	15.7

Table L shows that the percentage of female breadwinners who were laundresses increased with advancing age. The fact that while the total number of female breadwinners in the country decreased rapidly with advancing age the number of laundresses decreased very slowly or not at all, indicates that the number of women in middle age or older who take up this occupation for a livelihood, or to supplement the earnings of other members of the family, is large, as compared with the total number of women who are obliged to work at this time of life. The percentage of laundresses in the total number of female breadwinners reaches its maximum in the age period 45 to 54 years.

Marital condition.—The following tabular statement shows the number and percentage of laundresses in the United States (area of enumeration) in 1900, distributed by race and nativity and by marital condition:

RACE AND NATIVITY.	LAUNDRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION): 1900.				
	Number.	Per cent.[1]			
		Single.[2]	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.
All classes	329,359	28.8	34.0	34.8	2.4
Native white—both parents native	41,680	33.5	24.7	37.3	4.5
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	28,738	56.9	16.2	24.6	2.3
Foreign born white	42,835	34.0	21.8	42.2	2.0
Negro	215,043	23.1	40.5	34.3	2.1

[1] On the assumption that all the married, widowed, and divorced women in this occupation are 16 years of age and over. For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 21, page 170.
[2] Including unknown.

In this occupation the proportion of single was highest among native whites of foreign parents and lowest among negroes, while the reverse was true for the proportion married. Practically 57 per cent of the native white laundresses of foreign parentage were single and only 23.1 per cent of the negroes. The married negro laundresses constituted 40.5 per cent of all the negro women thus employed, as compared with 24.7 per cent for native white of native parentage, 21.8 per cent for foreign born white, and 16.2 per cent for native white of foreign parents.

Among the foreign born white laundresses the widows predominated, aggregating 42.2 per cent of the total number, the largest proportion of widows among the laundresses of any race and nativity class. Widows also predominated among the native white laundresses of native parentage, comprising 37.3 per cent of the total number in this nativity group.

Of the 47 occupations employing more than 5,000 women each, there are only 3 in which the percentage of married women was larger than it was for laundresses, and only 5 in which the percentage of widowed women was larger (see Table XXV, page 38).

Comparison with census of 1890.—The increase between 1890 and 1900 in the number of female breadwinners 15 years of age and over engaged as laundresses is shown in Table LI.

TABLE LI.—*Distribution and increase, by race and nativity, of women 15 years of age and over employed as laundresses, for the United States: 1900*[1] *and 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS LAUNDRESSES.					
	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
All classes	332,665	100.0	215,121	100.0	117,544	54.6
Native white—both parents native	42,322	12.7	19,517	9.1	22,805	116.8
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	29,641	8.9	12,698	5.9	16,943	133.4
Foreign born white	43,107	13.0	31,905	14.8	11,202	35.1
Negro	216,528	65.1	150,430	69.9	66,098	43.9
Indian and Mongolian	1,067	0.3	571	0.3	496	86.9

[1] For area of enumeration.

Between the years 1890 and 1900 the total number of laundresses 15 years of age and over increased 117,544, or 54.6 per cent. The percentage of increase was much greater for the native white than for the foreign born white or the negro.

Table LII shows the number of laundresses in 1900 and 1890 and the percentage they formed of female breadwinners 15 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity. For each race and nativity class the percentage was somewhat larger at the end of the decade than at the beginning, thus indicating a general though not very marked increase in the relative importance of this occupation.

TABLE LII.—*Number and percentage of laundresses among female breadwinners 15 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for the United States: 1900*[1] *and 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	1900			1890		
	Total.	Laundresses.		Total.	Laundresses.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	5,007,069	332,665	6.6	3,712,144	215,121	5.8
Native white—both parents native	1,825,880	42,322	2.3	1,310,148	19,517	1.5
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,138,129	29,641	2.6	774,751	12,698	1.6
Foreign born white	861,963	43,107	5.0	756,006	31,905	4.2
Negro	1,162,280	216,528	18.6	867,717	150,430	17.3

[1] For area of enumeration.

Table LIII shows the number of laundresses per 10,000 population at the censuses of 1900 and 1890 for each main geographic division, from which it may be noted how the changes in the number of laundresses compared with the changes in population.

TABLE LIII.—*Number of laundresses 10 years of age and over per 10,000 population, for continental United States: 1900 and 1890.*

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	NUMBER OF LAUNDRESSES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER PER 10,000 POPULATION.	
	1900	1890
Continental United States	44	34
North Atlantic	28	21
South Atlantic	99	89
North Central	24	15
South Central	72	55
Western	22	14

The number of laundresses 10 years of age and over per 10,000 population in continental United States increased from 1890 to 1900 for the country as a whole and for every geographic division. Perhaps this reflects the growth in the wealth and prosperity of the country, which has probably reduced the proportion of housewives doing their own laundry work, and thus increased the demand for professional laundresses. On the other hand, the increase in the proportion of laundresses has without doubt been retarded in some degree by the introduction of the steam laundry.

It is probable that the noticeable contrast between the North and the South as regards the proportion of laundresses in the total population is due to the fact that the steam laundry has attained greater prominence in the North, and the further fact that there are large numbers of Chinese laundrymen in the northern cities doing work which would otherwise be done by women. In the combined population of the two southern divisions there was approximately 1 laundress to every 120 persons, and in the rest of the country only 1 to every 392 persons.

Family relationship.—In order to present further data concerning the women who are breadwinners, special tables have been prepared from the Census schedules, showing certain facts in regard to family relationship of this class of women in 27 selected cities.[1] While as applied to the occupation of laundress this tabulation represents conditions in the larger cities of the country in 1900, it may be noted that 22 out of these 27 cities are northern cities, and therefore the totals reflect conditions in the North rather than in the South where the majority of the laundry workers are found.

The following tabular statement gives the total number of laundresses 16 years of age and over in these 27 selected cities in 1900, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity:

[1] For a list of these cities, see Table XLIV, page 56.

LAUNDRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES:[1] 1900.

MARITAL CONDITION.	All classes.	Native white— Both parents native.	Native white— One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	Negro
Total	80,342	5,809	12,373	21,373	40,781
Single (including unknown)	27,270	2,984	7,662	8,165	8,456
Married	23,066	1,083	1,582	3,889	16,512
Widowed and divorced	30,006	1,742	3,129	9,319	15,813

[1] For a list of these cities, see Table XLIV, page 56.

In Table LIV the number of laundresses in each class as given above are distributed on a percentage basis according to their relationship to the head of the family in which they live.

TABLE LIV.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by family relationship, of laundresses 16 years of age and over, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for twenty-seven selected cities: 1900.*

PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF LAUNDRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.

FAMILY RELATIONSHIP.	All classes.	Native white— Both parents native.	Native white— One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	Negro.
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	82.6	77.9	83.6	74.7	87.2
Heads of families	38.4	30.0	25.6	46.9	39.1
With father	10.1	19.5	27.1	7.3	5.1
With mother	7.6	11.0	16.2	3.6	6.5
With other relative	26.5	17.5	14.7	16.8	36.5
Boarding[2]	17.4	22.1	16.4	26.3	12.8
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	67.8	70.7	80.5	49.6	73.0
Heads of families	13.6	5.9	4.7	13.1	24.9
With father	25.0	35.0	41.1	16.4	15.1
With mother	16.9	17.8	22.8	7.8	20.0
With other relative	12.4	12.1	11.9	12.2	13.0
Boarding[2]	32.2	29.3	19.5	50.4	27.0
MARRIED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	91.6	83.6	86.4	89.9	93.0
Heads of families	18.3	26.4	28.2	29.8	14.1
With father	3.3	4.2	5.3	3.1	3.0
With mother	2.8	4.0	5.7	1.2	2.9
With other relative	67.2	49.0	46.0	55.8	73.1
Boarding[2]	8.4	16.4	13.6	10.1	7.0
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	89.2	86.9	89.9	90.3	88.6
Heads of families	76.5	73.5	75.2	88.7	72.8
With father	1.8	2.5	3.5	1.0	1.9
With mother	2.7	3.8	5.3	1.0	3.1
With other relative	8.2	7.1	5 9	4.6	10.8
Boarding[2]	10.8	13.1	10.1	9.7	11.4

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 26, page 198.
[2] Includes those living with employer.

Table LIV shows that 82.6 per cent of the laundresses 16 years of age and over in the selected cities in 1900 were living at home and 17.4 per cent were boarding or living with employer. It is probable that practically all the laundresses boarding either worked in steam laundries or went out to work by the day. The percentage boarding was largest for the foreign born white and smallest for the negro.

Nearly two-fifths of the laundresses living at home, or 38.4 per cent of the total number, were heads of the families in which they lived; 26.5 per cent were living with their husbands or relatives other than parents; and the remaining 17.7 per cent were living with father or mother. The percentage of laundresses returned as heads of families was highest among the foreign born whites, for whom it was 46.9, the next highest percentage being that for negroes. The percentage of negro laundresses living with "other relative" is exceptionally large, because so large a proportion of them are married women living with their husbands.

Among the single the proportion living with father or mother was much larger for the native white than for the foreign born white or negro. Noticeably large is the percentage of boarders among the single foreign born white. As would be expected for the married class the number living with husband swells the proportion classified as living with "other relative," making it larger than it is in any other marital class. This proportion is exceptionally large for negroes, constituting 73.1 per cent of the total number married. The comparatively large proportion of married white women returned as heads of families is probably indicative of large numbers separated from their husbands. The widowed and divorced laundresses for every race and nativity class were nearly all heads of the families in which they lived, while the proportion of those living in other relationship to the family was small.

Other breadwinners in the family.—In Table LV the laundresses in the 27 cities under consideration, classified by race, nativity, and marital condition, are so distributed as to show the economic position of the laundresses so far as it can be indicated by the number of breadwinners in the family to which they are related.

Of the total number of laundresses included in this tabulation, more than one-fifth, or 21.9 per cent, were apparently the sole support of the families to which they belonged. That this percentage is exceptionally large is indicated by the fact that in the total for all occupations exclusive of servants and waitresses the corresponding percentage is only 10.9 (see Table XXI, page 30). The foreign born whites ranked first in this respect, 27.5 per cent of the laundresses of this nativity class having no other breadwinner in the family. This is consistent with the fact that an exceptionally large proportion of them were widowed or divorced (see tabular statement above). The families in which there was a laundress having the assist-

ance of one other breadwinner were most numerous among negroes, in which racial class the proportion of married women was largest. The families having two or more than two other wage-earners besides the laundress attained their greatest prominence among the native whites of foreign parentage, which accords with the fact, as indicated by Table LIV, that the proportion of single women living with their parents is exceptionally large in this nativity class.

TABLE LV.—*Per cent distribution.*[1] *by number of other breadwinners in the family, of laundresses 16 years of age and over, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for twenty-seven selected cities: 1900.*

CLASS.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF LAUNDRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	All classes.	Native white— Both parents native.	Native white— One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	Negro.
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	82.6	77.9	83.6	74.7	87.2
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	21.9	19.2	15.5	27.5	21.3
One other	34.9	35.6	34.5	35.4	34.5
Two other	16.2	17.2	20.3	12.5	16.8
More than two other	14.6	16.0	23.4	9.2	14.6
Boarding[2]	17.4	22.1	16.4	25.3	12.8
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	67.8	70.7	80.5	49.6	73.0
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	12.5	7.4	6.5	12.0	20.3
One other	17.7	18.5	20.0	13.8	18.7
Two other	17.0	20.7	22.7	11.2	16.0
More than two other	20.6	23.1	31.2	12.5	18.0
Boarding[2]	32.2	29.3	19.5	50.4	27.0
MARRIED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	91.6	83.6	86.4	88.9	93.0
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	11.5	17.7	17.1	16.9	8.5
One other	48.0	40.9	40.1	45.3	49.9
Two other	17.4	13.5	16.2	15.0	18.4
More than two other	14.7	11.4	13.0	9.7	16.3
Boarding[2]	8.4	16.4	13.6	10.1	7.0
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	89.2	80.9	89.9	90.3	88.6
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	38.5	40.2	36.7	44.4	35.8
One other	27.0	26.3	27.3	27.2	26.8
Two other	14.6	13.5	16.3	12.6	15.5
More than two other	9.1	0.8	9.6	6.1	11.0
Boarding[2]	10.8	13.1	10.1	9.7	11.4

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 27, page 208.
[2] Includes those living with employer.

Of the laundresses who were widowed or divorced 38.5 per cent appear to have been the sole support of their families. In this marital class the negro laundresses had apparently the most assistance from other members of the family, while the foreign born white had the least. But the differences are not very striking.

SEAMSTRESSES.

In continental United States at the Twelfth Census 138,724 women 16 years of age and over were classified as seamstresses and they formed 91.9 per cent of the total number of persons included in that occupation.

The occupation of seamstress is one that is not very clearly defined by its designation. Naturally the Census Office classified as seamstress everyone that was so returned on the enumerator's schedule, which means everyone that called herself a seamstress or was so designated by the enumerator. But there were many other designations[1] returned which for the purposes of classification were considered equivalent to the term "seamstress." The list indicates that the occupation includes many of the women working in sweat shops; but it probably includes also a considerable number of women who go out to do sewing by the day. Probably many of the seamstresses reported for the smaller towns and rural districts come into the latter class.

Of the occupations which gave employment to at least 5,000 women, there were 9 in which the number of women was larger than in this occupation of seamstress, but only 3 in which women formed a greater percentage of the total number of persons employed. The occupation of the seamstress, therefore, ranks tenth in the number of women employed and fourth in the percentage which women formed of the total.

Since women formed so large a proportion of the total number of persons classified as seamstresses, the term will be used hereafter, unless otherwise specified, to designate only the adult females engaged in this occupation.

Race and nativity.—The distribution, by race and nativity, of the seamstresses in cities of at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts is shown in Table LVI.

If the race and nativity distribution of the total number of seamstresses is compared with that of the total number of women engaged in the 46 other occupations employing at least 5,000 adult female breadwinners, the occupation of the seamstresses will be found to be in a nearly median position. In the percentage of native white of native parentage it ranked twenty-second; in that of native white of foreign parentage, twenty-fifth; in that of foreign born

[1] Among them the following:

Apron makers.	Stitchers (overalls).
Buttonhole makers.	Stitchers (suspender).
Carpet sewers.	Underwear makers.
Fur sewers.	Waist makers.
Necktie makers.	Window-shade stitchers.
Shirt-waist makers.	Wrapper makers.
Skirt makers.	

white, twenty-first, and in that of negroes tenth (see Table XXIII, page 34).

TABLE LVI.—*Distribution, by race and nativity, of seamstresses 16 years of age and over, living in cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts, for continental United States: 1900.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	SEAMSTRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	Aggregate.		In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.		In smaller cities and country districts.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
All classes	138,724	100.0	72,352	100.0	66,372	100.0
Native white—both parents native	60,223	43.4	19,817	27.4	40,406	60.9
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	41,888	30.2	27,663	38.2	14,225	21.4
Foreign born white	25,060	18.1	20,302	28.1	4,748	7.2
Negro	11,206	8.1	4,432	6.1	6,864	10.3
Indian and Mongolian	267	0.2	138	0.2	129	0.2

A marked contrast, however, will be noted between the seamstresses in the large cities and those in the smaller cities and country districts. In the large cities 66.3 per cent of the seamstresses were white women of foreign birth or parentage, while in the smaller cities and country districts the corresponding percentage was only 28.6. Both the native white of native parentage and the negroes were of much greater importance among the seamstresses in the smaller cities and country districts.

The difference between the several sections of the country in respect to the race and nativity of seamstresses is shown in Table LVII, which gives the per cent distribution for main and minor geographic divisions.

The native whites of native parentage were the most numerous class among the seamstresses in all the minor geographic divisions of the country except the Southern North Atlantic, the Eastern North Central, and the Basin and Plateau, where they were slightly outnumbered by the native whites of foreign parentage. The percentage which they formed of the total number of seamstresses was, however, as a rule smaller in the North and West than in the South. In the North and West native whites of foreign parentage were of great importance, actually outnumbering those of native parentage in the three divisions mentioned above. Foreign born whites were also numerous in the Northern and Western states, especially in those which make up the North Atlantic group. The percentage for negroes was, of course, large only in the South.

TABLE LVII.—*Per cent distribution, by race and nativity, of seamstresses 16 years of age and over, for geographic divisions: 1900.*

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	SEAMSTRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	Number.	Per cent.[1]			
		Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	138,724	43.4	30.2	18.1	8.3
North Atlantic division	46,312	34.2	33.2	31.1	1.5
New England	9,522	38.1	31.5	27.8	1.5
Southern North Atlantic	36,790	33.0	33.5	32.0	1.5
South Atlantic division	19,229	61.2	11.9	4.5	22.5
Northern South Atlantic	11,489	60.3	18.2	6.5	15.0
Southern South Atlantic	7,740	62.4	2.5	1.6	33.5
North Central division	49,393	41.3	40.3	16.4	2.0
Eastern North Central	32,727	39.3	41.1	17.6	1.9
Western North Central	16,666	45.3	38.6	14.1	2.1
South Central division	19,107	53.6	14.7	4.0	27.8
Eastern South Central	11,292	58.1	13.3	2.0	26.5
Western South Central	7,815	46.9	16.6	6.8	29.7
Western division	4,683	42.2	33.3	19.1	5.4
Rocky Mountain	1,104	58.6	24.3	14.1	3.0
Basin and Plateau	339	32.4	32.7	30.1	4.7
Pacific	3,240	37.6	36.5	19.7	6.3

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based see Table 24, page 194.

If the figures for the several states given in Table 24 (page 194) are considered, it will be noted that in all but 12 of the states and territories the native whites of native parentage were the most numerous class among seamstresses. In Rhode Island, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Utah, and California the most numerous class was the native white of foreign parentage; in New York and North Dakota, the foreign born white; and in the District of Columbia, Florida, and Louisiana, the negro.

The distribution of the adult female seamstresses in the 6 leading cities of the country, by race and nativity, is shown in Table LVIII. More than one-fourth of the total number of seamstresses reported by the Census were in these 6 cities.

In Philadelphia and Baltimore the native whites of native parentage were the most numerous class, but in the other cities they were outnumbered by one or both of the other white classes. In New York, which contained 11.8 per cent of the total number of adult female seamstresses in the country, more than one-half were of foreign birth and almost 9 out of 10 were of either foreign birth or foreign parentage.

TABLE LVIII.—DISTRIBUTION, BY RACE AND NATIVITY, OF SEAMSTRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, F SIX LEADING CITIES: 1900.

CITY.	SEAMSTRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.									
	Number.					Per cent.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Neg Indi and M golia
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.			Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
New York[1]	16,310	1,939	5,514	8,921	246	10.0	33.8	54.7	
Chicago	7,029	910	3,066	2,906	147	12.9	43.6	41.3	
Philadelphia	3,507	1,306	1,199	883	120	37.2	34.2	25.2	
St. Louis	3,935	902	2,286	516	111	25.4	58.5	13.2	
Boston	2,120	505	648	939	38	23.8	30.6	43.8	
Baltimore	5,079	2,566	1,595	597	321	50.5	31.4	11.8	

[1] Includes Manhattan and Bronx boroughs only.

The question that naturally arises is to what extent these differences between the race and nativity classes represent differing tendencies toward entering this occupation. To answer this question, Table LIX has been prepared, which shows the percentage which seamstresses form of the total number of adult fem breadwinners in each race and nativity class for cit of at least 50,000 inhabitants and for smaller cities a country districts.

TABLE LIX.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SEAMSTRESSES AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF A AND OVER, LIVING IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS AND IN SMALLER CITIES AND COU TRY DISTRICTS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.								
	Aggregate.			In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and count districts.		
	Total.	Seamstresses.		Total.	Seamstresses.		Total.	Seamstresse	
		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Perc
All classes	4,833,630	139,734	2.9	1,657,728	72,352	4.4	3,175,902	66,372	
Native white—both parents native	1,771,966	60,223	3.4	414,954	19,817	4.8	1,357,012	40,406	
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,090,744	41,888	3.8	554,806	27,663	5.0	535,938	14,225	
Foreign born white	840,011	25,650	3.0	494,044	20,302	4.1	345,967	4,748	
Negro, Indian, and Mongolian	1,130,909	11,563	1.0	193,924	4,570	2.4	936,985	6,993	

The occupation of seamstress, judged by the figures in Table LIX, was of nearly equal importance for the three classes of whites, but it was of considerably less importance for the negroes. In the cities of at least 50,000 inhabitants it gave employment to the largest percentage among the native whites of foreign parentage, while in the smaller cities and country districts the percentage was highest among the native whites of native parentage. For all classes the occupation was of greater importance in the large cities than in the smaller cities and country districts.

Parentage.—The importance of the occupation for the women of the different foreign nationalities is shown in Table LX, which gives the percentage of seamstresses among the female breadwinners 10 years of age and over, classified by the nationality of th parents. If one parent was native and the other f eign born, the person is classified according to nationality of the one who was foreign.

The occupation of seamstress was of greatest imp tance among the female breadwinners of Russ parentage, giving employment to 13.3 per cent of total for that nationality. The other classes wh have recently come to this country from southeast Europe reported comparatively high percentages seamstresses, probably because of their tendency concentrate in large cities where industries employ seamstresses are located. The nationalities wh represent the earlier periods of immigration h smaller percentages of seamstresses.

TABLE LX.—*Number and percentage of seamstresses among female breadwinners 10 years of age and over, classified by nativity of parents, for continental United States: 1900.*

PARENTAGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Seamstresses.	
		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	5,319,397	146,105	2.7
Native parentage	3,247,907	73,619	2.3
Native white	1,926,637	62,375	3.2
All other	1,321,270	11,244	0.9
Foreign parentage	2,071,490	72,486	3.5
Austria	25,590	1,579	6.2
Bohemia	28,719	1,275	5.0
Canada (English)	102,181	2,275	2.2
Canada (French)	78,979	1,194	1.5
Denmark	15,580	381	2.5
England and Wales	158,912	3,933	2.5
France	21,164	932	4.4
Germany	538,192	23,561	4.4
Hungary	14,631	813	5.6
Ireland	634,201	16,937	2.7
Italy	26,093	1,572	6.0
Norway	47,934	1,128	2.4
Poland	38,536	2,015	5.2
Russia	40,816	5,419	13.3
Scotland	46,173	971	2.1
Sweden	81,148	2,119	2.6
Switzerland	15,125	437	2.9
Other countries	47,689	2,244	4.7
Mixed foreign parentage	112,827	3,701	3.3

Age.—The age distribution of the seamstresses 16 years of age and over is given in Table LXI.

Although in this occupation the proportion of middle aged and elderly women employed was large as compared with that in most of the other principal occupations for women (see Table XXIV, page 36), yet the age distribution of the total number of adult seamstresses was rather similar to that of the total number of adult female breadwinners. The two classes of native whites, however, were slightly older among the seamstresses than among all breadwinners, while the reverse was true of the foreign born whites (see Table 17, page 162). That the foreign born whites were younger in the occupation of seamstress reflects the extent to which young women in immigrant families are employed in sweat-shop industries.

TABLE LXI.—*Distribution, by age, of seamstresses 16 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for the United States (area of enumeration):*[1] *1900.*

AGE.	SEAMSTRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
	NUMBER.				
Total	139,149	60,339	41,912	25,085	11,297
16 to 24 years	59,480	21,889	21,025	13,092	3,309
25 to 34 years	35,401	14,763	11,984	4,664	3,784
35 to 44 years	21,728	10,485	5,907	3,056	2,201
45 to 54 years	12,266	6,918	2,064	2,113	1,128
55 to 64 years	6,769	4,154	693	1,332	576
65 years and over	3,264	2,003	211	786	257
Age unknown	241	127	28	42	42
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
16 to 24 years	42.7	36.3	50.2	52.2	29.3
25 to 34 years	25.4	24.5	28.6	18.6	33.5
35 to 44 years	15.6	17.4	14.1	12.2	19.5
45 to 54 years	8.8	11.5	4.9	8.4	10.0
55 to 64 years	4.9	6.9	1.7	5.3	5.1
65 years and over	2.3	3.3	0.5	3.1	2.3
Age unknown	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.4

[1] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.

Perhaps these facts will be more obvious from an inspection of Table LXII, which shows the percentage of seamstresses among the female breadwinners of each race and nativity class distributed by age.

TABLE LXII.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SEAMSTRESSES AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE, RACE, AND NATIVITY, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION): 1900.

AGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.														
	All classes.			Native white—						Foreign born white.			Negro.		
				Both parents native.			One or both parents foreign born.								
	Total.	Seamstresses.		Total.	Seamstresses.		Total.	Seamstresses.		Total.	Seamstresses.		Total.	Seamstresses.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Total	4,843,155	139,149	2.9	1,773,109	60,339	3.4	1,091,200	41,912	3.8	840,686	25,085	3.0	1,119,653	11,297	1.0
16 to 24 years	2,139,370	59,480	2.8	753,266	21,889	2.9	593,435	21,025	3.5	347,739	13,092	3.8	439,725	3,309	0.8
25 to 34 years	1,171,952	35,401	3.0	399,376	14,763	3.7	297,916	11,984	4.0	202,322	4,664	2.3	266,956	3,784	1.4
35 to 44 years	676,548	21,728	3.2	244,556	10,485	4.3	130,749	5,907	4.5	119,316	3,056	2.6	178,310	2,201	1.2
45 to 54 years	441,457	12,266	2.8	182,214	6,918	3.8	46,925	2,064	4.4	86,136	2,113	2.5	124,024	1,128	0.9
55 to 64 years	256,926	6,769	2.6	120,650	4,154	3.4	15,982	693	4.3	54,563	1,332	2.4	64,535	576	0.9
65 years and over	138,691	3,264	2.4	67,655	2,003	3.0	5,368	211	3.9	28,282	786	2.8	36,539	257	0.7
Age unknown	18,211	241	1.3	5,392	127	2.4	825	28	3.4	2,328	42	1.8	9,064	42	0.5

For all classes combined and for each class of native whites the occupation of seamstress was of greatest importance for female breadwinners in the age period 35 to 44 years. But for the foreign born whites it was of greatest importance in the youngest period, and for the negroes in that from 25 to 34. The differences between the several age periods shown by each class were, however, so slight that this is one of the striking features of the table. It shows that the occupation of seamstress was of about equal importance for female breadwinners of all ages.

The difference between the age distribution of seamstresses in the cities of at least 50,000 inhabitants and the smaller cities and country districts is shown in Table LXIII.

TABLE LXIII.—*Distribution, by age, of seamstresses 16 years of age and over, in cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts, for continental United States: 1900.*

AGE.	SEAMSTRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	Total.		In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.		In smaller cities and country districts.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Total[1]	138,487	100.0	72,245	100.0	66,242	100.0
16 to 24 years	59,304	42.8	35,498	49.1	23,806	35.9
25 to 44 years	56,905	41.1	27,603	38.2	29,302	44.2
45 to 64 years	19,020	13.7	7,896	10.9	11,124	16.8
65 years and over	3,258	2.4	1,248	1.7	2,010	3.0

[1] Not including age unknown.

The seamstresses in the large cities were considerably younger than those in the smaller cities and country districts. In the large cities 49.1 per cent, or almost one-half, of the total number were from 16 to 24 years of age, while in the smaller cities and country districts only 35.9 per cent were within these ages. This difference was probably due largely to the fact that most of the immigrants and the children of immigrants employed in this occupation were found in the large cities.

The age distribution of seamstresses in the 5 cities in which the largest numbers were employed is given in Table LXIV.

In New York city, where the proportion of foreign born whites among seamstresses was highest, 63.3 per cent of the total number of women engaged in this occupation were between the ages of 16 and 24. The percentage in this age period was also relatively high in Chicago and St. Louis, where the native whites of foreign parentage were numerous. In Philadelphia and Baltimore, on the other hand, cities in which a larger proportion of seamstresses were native whites of native parentage, the percentages formed by young women were the lowest.

TABLE LXIV.—*Distribution, by age, of seamstresses 16 years of age and over, for five selected cities: 1900.*

AGE.	SEAMSTRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	New York, N. Y.[1]	Chicago, Ill.	Baltimore, Md.	St. Louis, Mo.	Philadelphia, Pa.
	NUMBER.				
Total[2]	16,285	7,012	5,072	3,899	3,504
16 to 24 years	10,307	3,803	2,423	2,043	1,216
25 to 44 years	4,426	2,684	1,922	1,467	1,522
45 to 64 years	1,329	475	621	321	630
65 years and over	223	50	106	38	136
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.				
Total[2]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
16 to 24 years	63.3	54.2	47.8	52.4	34.7
25 to 44 years	27.2	38.3	37.9	38.4	43.4
45 to 64 years	8.2	6.8	12.2	8.2	18.0
65 years and over	1.4	0.7	2.1	1.0	3.9

[1] Includes Manhattan and Bronx boroughs only.
[2] Not including age unknown.

Marital condition.—A subject closely allied to age is that of marital condition, for where the proportion of young women is small the proportion of single women is apt to be correspondingly small. In Table LXV the adult female seamstresses are classified by race, nativity, and marital condition.

TABLE LXV.—*Distribution,*[1] *by marital condition, of seamstresses 16 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

MARITAL CONDITION.	SEAMSTRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
	NUMBER.				
Total	130,149	60,339	41,912	25,065	11,297
Single (including unknown)	96,773	38,264	35,103	18,961	4,342
Married	15,967	7,557	2,291	1,529	3,864
Widowed	24,133	13,140	4,051	3,276	2,883
Divorced	2,276	1,378	467	229	196
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Single (including unknown)	69.6	63.4	83.7	75.5	38.4
Married	11.5	12.5	5.5	7.7	34.2
Widowed	17.3	21.8	9.7	15.9	25.6
Divorced	1.6	2.3	1.1	0.9	1.8

[1] On the assumption that all the married, widowed, and divorced women in this occupation are 16 years of age and over.

Although the occupation of the seamstress ranked comparatively high among the principal occupations for women in the proportion of the total number who were widowed and divorced (see Table XXV, page 38), yet the distribution of the seamstresses by marital condition corresponded rather closely with that

of the total number of female breadwinners. This would naturally be expected, since the age distribution of the two was rather similar.

Some variations in the marital condition of the seamstresses of the several race and nativity classes will be noted, but these are to be explained principally by the differences in age distribution. The large number of married women among the negroes, however, is a racial characteristic reflecting the tendency for the married women of this race to be engaged in gainful occupations.

Comparison with census of 1890.—A subject of particular interest in the study of any occupation of women is that of the changes which have taken place between recent censuses. In Table LXVI the distribution by race and nativity of the seamstresses 15 years of age and over is shown for 1890 and 1900.

TABLE LXVI.—*Distribution and increase, by race and nativity, of seamstresses 15 years of age and over, for the United States: 1900*[1] *and 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	SEAMSTRESSES 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
All classes	143,278	100.0	143,339	100.0	[2] 69	(*)
Native white—both parents native	61,517	42.9	69,806	48.7	[2] 8,289	[2] 11.9
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	43,622	30.4	40,761	28.4	2,861	7.0
Foreign born white	26,236	18.3	21,000	14.7	5,236	24.9
Negro	11,374	7.9	11,681	8.1	[2] 307	[2] 2.6
Indian and Mongolian	521	0.4	91	0.1	430	(*)

[1] For area of enumeration.
[2] Decrease.
[3] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.
(*) Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

During the decade from 1890 to 1900 the number of seamstresses decreased by 69. This decrease was confined, however, to the negroes and to the native whites of native parentage. The native whites of foreign parentage increased 7 per cent and the foreign born whites 24.9 per cent, and as a result the proportion which these classes formed of the total number of seamstresses materially increased.

These changes naturally affected the importance of the occupation for the several classes, as is indicated in Table LXVII, which shows for each race and nativity class the percentage that seamstresses formed of the total number of female breadwinners 15 years of age and over in 1890 and 1900.

TABLE LXVII.—*Number and percentage of seamstresses among female breadwinners 15 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for the United States: 1900*[1] *and 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	1900			1890		
	Total.	Seamstresses.		Total.	Seamstresses.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	5,007,0	143,270	2.9	3,712,144	143,339	3.9
Native white—both parents native	1,825,860	61,517	3.4	1,310,142	69,806	5.3
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,138,129	43,622	3.8	774,751	40,761	5.3
Foreign born white	861,963	26,236	3.0	756,606	21,000	2.8
Negro	1,162,250	11,374	1.0	867,717	11,681	1.3

[1] For area of enumeration.

The occupation of seamstress was of increased importance only among the foreign born white. For other classes the percentage which seamstresses formed of the total number of female breadwinners was smaller in 1900 than in 1890.

The changes which have taken place during the decade in the age distribution of the seamstresses in each race and nativity class are shown in Table LXVIII.

In all classes of the population except the foreign born white the women employed as seamstresses in 1900 were older than those engaged in that occupation in 1890. In fact, in all classes except the foreign born white the number of seamstresses between 15 and 24 years of age was actually smaller in 1900 than in 1890. Among the native white of native parentage the decrease in number was common to all age groups, but among the other classes the general tendency was toward an increase in the older age periods. The increase of 56.8 per cent among the foreign born white seamstresses 15 to 24 was exceptional, indicating probably the extent to which the young women from eastern Europe were entering the occupation. The marked increase among the native white of foreign parentage in the age groups from 35 to 64 years probably reflects the increase in this class which occurred at an earlier period.[1]

[1] See page 52.

TABLE LXVIII.—*Distribution and increase, by age, of seamstresses 15 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for the United States: 1900 [1] and 1890.*

AGE.	SEAMSTRESSES 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
ALL CLASSES.						
Total	143,270	100.0	143,339	100.0	[2] 69	[3]
15 to 24 years	63,601	44.4	66,174	46.2	[2] 2,573	[2] 3.9
25 to 34 years	35,401	24.7	35,770	25.0	369	1.0
35 to 44 years	21,728	15.2	19,187	13.4	2,541	13.2
45 to 54 years	12,266	8.6	11,814	8.2	452	3.8
55 to 64 years	6,769	4.7	6,498	4.5	271	4.2
65 years and over	3,264	2.3	3,507	2.4	[2] 243	[2] 6.9
Age unknown	241	0.2	389	0.3	[2] 148	[2] 38.0
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.						
Total	61,517	100.0	69,806	100.0	[2] 8,289	[2] 11.9
15 to 24 years	23,067	37.5	26,820	38.4	[2] 3,753	[2] 14.0
25 to 34 years	14,763	24.0	17,471	25.0	[2] 2,708	[2] 15.5
35 to 44 years	10,485	17.0	11,082	15.9	[2] 597	[2] 5.4
45 to 54 years	6,918	11.2	7,530	10.8	[2] 612	[2] 8.1
55 to 64 years	4,154	6.8	4,290	6.1	[2] 136	[2] 3.2
65 years and over	2,003	3.3	2,371	3.4	[2] 368	[2] 15.5
Age unknown	127	0.2	242	0.3	[2] 115	[2] 47.5
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.						
Total	43,622	100.0	40,761	100.0	2,861	7.0
15 to 24 years	22,735	52.1	25,909	63.6	[2] 3,174	[2] 12.3
25 to 34 years	11,984	27.5	10,450	25.6	1,534	14.7
35 to 44 years	5,937	13.5	2,924	7.2	2,983	102.0
45 to 54 years	2,064	4.7	916	2.2	1,148	125.3
55 to 64 years	693	1.6	341	0.8	352	103.2
65 years and over	211	0.5	175	0.4	36	20.6
Age unknown	28	0.1	46	0.1	[2] 18	[4]
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.						
Total	26,236	100.0	21,000	100.0	5,236	24.9
15 to 24 years	14,243	54.3	9,084	43.3	5,159	56.8
25 to 34 years	4,664	17.8	4,535	21.6	129	2.8
35 to 44 years	3,056	11.6	3,129	14.9	[2] 73	[2] 2.3
45 to 54 years	2,113	8.1	2,225	10.6	[2] 112	[2] 5.0
55 to 64 years	1,332	5.1	1,327	6.3	5	0.4
65 years and over	786	3.0	665	3.2	121	18.2
Age unknown	42	0.2	35	0.2	7	[4]
NEGRO.						
Total	11,374	100.0	11,681	100.0	[2] 307	[2] 2.6
15 to 24 years	3,386	29.8	4,330	37.1	[2] 944	[2] 21.8
25 to 34 years	3,784	33.3	3,293	28.2	491	14.9
35 to 44 years	2,201	19.4	2,031	17.4	170	8.4
45 to 54 years	1,128	9.9	1,134	9.7	[2] 6	[2] 0.5
55 to 64 years	576	5.1	537	4.6	39	7.3
65 years and over	257	2.3	296	2.5	[2] 39	[2] 13.2
Age unknown	42	0.4	60	0.5	[2] 18	[4]

[1] For area of enumeration.
[2] Decrease.
[3] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.
[4] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

The difference between the increase in the several main and minor divisions is presented in Table LXIX for seamstresses at least 10 years of age.

TABLE LXIX.—*Increase in the number of seamstresses 10 years of age and over, for geographic divisions: 1900 and 1890.*

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	SEAMSTRESSES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.			
	1900	1890	Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
			Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	146,105	146,043	62	[1]
North Atlantic division	49,443	47,450	1,993	4.2
New England	9,737	10,557	[2] 820	[2] 7.8
Southern North Atlantic	39,706	36,893	2,813	7.6
South Atlantic division	20,085	24,335	[2] 4,250	[2] 17.5
Northern South Atlantic	12,169	13,198	[2] 1,029	[2] 7.8
Southern South Atlantic	7,916	11,137	[2] 3,221	[2] 28.9
North Central division	52,119	46,947	5,172	11.0
Eastern North Central	34,701	31,820	2,881	9.1
Western North Central	17,418	15,127	2,291	15.1
South Central division	19,668	22,796	[2] 3,108	[2] 13.6
Eastern South Central	11,700	13,080	[2] 1,380	[2] 10.6
Western South Central	7,988	9,716	[2] 1,728	[2] 17.8
Western division	4,770	4,515	255	5.6
Rocky Mountain	1,125	1,287	[2] 162	[2] 12.6
Basin and Plateau	344	458	[2] 114	[2] 24.9
Pacific	3,301	2,770	531	19.2

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.
[2] Decrease.

The number of seamstresses at least 10 years of age increased by 62, or less than one-tenth of 1 per cent. Marked decreases were apparent in some sections, especially in the South. These decreases were practically counterbalanced by increases in the Southern North Atlantic states and in the two groups of the North Central division.

Family relationship.—To determine the position of the seamstresses in the families in which they lived a special tabulation has been made for 26 selected cities. The seamstresses who lived in these cities are shown in Table LXX, classified by race, nativity, and marital condition.

TABLE LXX.—*Seamstresses 16 years of age and over, classified by race, nativity, and marital condition, for twenty-six selected cities: [1] 1900.*

MARITAL CONDITION.	SEAMSTRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Total	56,495	13,366	22,147	17,969	3,012
Single (including unknown)	43,764	9,282	18,921	14,248	1,313
Married	4,250	1,238	994	1,112	905
Widowed and divorced	8,481	2,846	2,232	2,609	794

[1] Includes all cities in the list given in Table XLIV, page 56, except Fall River, Massachusetts.

The per cent distribution, by relationship to the family, of each of the groups of seamstresses shown in the above table is given in Table LXXI.

TABLE LXXI.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by family relationship, of seamstresses 16 years of age and over, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for twenty-six selected cities: 1900.*

FAMILY RELATIONSHIP.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF SEAMSTRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	All classes.	Native white— Both parents native.	Native white— One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	Negro.
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	80.9	72.7	86.9	79.6	81.2
Heads of families	14.1	17.3	10.4	14.4	24.0
With father	34.8	25.4	40.8	38.1	13.5
With mother	15.9	13.3	22.4	10.7	11.5
With other relative	16.1	16.7	13.2	16.4	32.2
Boarding[2]	19.1	27.3	13.1	20.4	18.8
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	80.9	71.9	87.1	79.1	75.2
Heads of families	4.6	5.6	3.9	4.4	9.3
With father	43.4	34.4	46.3	47.0	26.7
With mother	19.0	17.0	24.5	12.7	21.0
With other relative	13.9	14.9	12.3	15.0	18.3
Boarding[2]	19.1	28.1	12.9	20.9	24.8
MARRIED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	82.1	75.4	84.3	83.1	87.8
Heads of families	20.1	21.9	23.9	21.7	11.4
With father	7.0	6.7	11.4	6.2	3.8
With mother	5.5	5.4	10.9	3.5	3.4
With other relative	49.5	41.4	38.1	52.7	69.3
Boarding[2]	17.9	24.6	15.7	16.9	12.2
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	80.2	74.1	85.7	81.0	83.5
Heads of families	59.9	53.5	59.5	60.3	62.8
With father	4.4	4.0	7.3	2.8	2.9
With mother	5.5	4.9	9.5	2.8	4.8
With other relative	10.4	11.7	9.4	9.0	13.0
Boarding[2]	19.8	25.9	14.3	19.0	16.5

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 26, page 198.
[2] Includes those living with employer.

The distribution of the total number of seamstresses by relationship to the family in which they live will be found to correspond very closely to a similar distribution of all the female breadwinners for whom the special tabulation was made if the servants and waitresses are excluded from the total (see Table XIX, page 27). The figures for the several race, nativity, and marital classes, however, present one marked peculiarity—the single foreign born whites showed a higher percentage living with the father than any other class. This peculiarity probably results from the comparatively large number of young people in this class among seamstresses.

Other breadwinners in the family.—The actual number of seamstresses in the 26 selected cities, classified by race, nativity, marital condition, and number of other breadwinners in the family are shown in Table 27 (page 208). The per cent distribution by number of other breadwinners is given in Table LXXII.

TABLE LXXII.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by number of other breadwinners in the family, of seamstresses 16 years of age and over, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for twenty-six selected cities: 1900.*

CLASS.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF SEAMSTRESSES 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	All classes.	Native white— Both parents native.	Native white— One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	Negro.
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	80.9	72.7	86.9	79.6	81.2
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	10.5	12.3	9.3	9.9	14.6
One other	22.9	23.0	22.2	22.4	30.6
Two other	21.0	18.8	23.0	20.6	17.7
More than two other	26.6	18.6	32.4	26.8	18.3
Boarding[2]	19.1	27.3	13.1	20.4	18.8
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	80.9	71.9	87.1	79.1	75.2
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	6.0	6.9	6.3	4.8	8.8
One other	20.6	20.5	20.9	20.2	20.3
Two other	22.9	21.4	24.0	22.4	20.6
More than two other	31.4	23.1	35.8	31.6	25.6
Boarding[2]	19.1	28.1	12.9	20.9	24.8
MARRIED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	82.1	75.4	84.3	83.1	87.8
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	13.6	14.7	17.4	14.4	6.7
One other	39.9	35.7	33.9	41.2	50.5
Two other	16.2	14.8	17.3	16.5	16.4
More than two other	12.5	10.2	15.7	11.0	14.3
Boarding[2]	17.9	24.6	15.7	16.9	12.2
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	80.2	74.1	85.7	81.0	83.5
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	31.8	28.9	31.0	35.3	33.2
One other	26.3	25.9	27.5	26.3	24.8
Two other	13.5	11.8	16.7	12.3	14.6
More than two other	8.5	7.5	10.5	7.1	10.8
Boarding[2]	19.8	25.9	14.3	19.0	16.5

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 27, page 208.
[2] Includes those living with employer.

Of the 56,495 seamstresses included in this tabulation, only 5,919, or 10.5 per cent, were the sole breadwinners of the families in which they lived, while

39,783, or 70.5 per cent were living in families which contained other breadwinners. Among the single women comparatively high percentages will be noted in the class having more than two other breadwinners, especially among the native whites of foreign parentage and the foreign born whites. This class probably consist mostly of young women living in large families. Among the married the largest percentages were in the class with one other breadwinner, who in most cases was probably the husband. The largest proportion—31.8 per cent—of the widowed and divorced seamstresses were living in families in which there were no other breadwinners, and thus presumably were supporting themselves and perhaps had other persons dependent upon them.

DRESSMAKERS.

At the Twelfth Census 338,144 women 16 years of age and over in continental United States were reported as dressmakers. They formed 97.5 per cent of the total number of persons—men, women, and children—engaged in that occupation.

Of the other occupations which furnished employment to at least 5,000 women, two—that of servant and waitress and that of agricultural laborer—contained a larger number than the occupation of dressmaker; but in none was the percentage of the total formed by women higher. The occupation of dressmaker, therefore, ranked third in the actual number of women employed and first in the proportion which women formed of the total number of persons engaged in the occupation.

Geographic distribution.—While dressmaking is an occupation which is generally represented in all sections of the United States and in smaller towns and country districts as well as in large cities, the geographic distribution of the dressmakers differs considerably from that of the total adult female population, as is evident from the following tabular statement:

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER: 1900.	
	Total.	Dressmakers.
Continental United States	100.0	100.0
North Atlantic	30.7	44.1
South Atlantic	13.1	8.2
North Central	34.5	35.6
South Central	16.8	6.2
Western	4.9	5.9

Dressmakers are concentrated in the Northern and the Western divisions of the country to a greater extent than the total adult female population. This condition, of course, indicates that the demand for dressmakers is greater in the North and the West than in the South, which is a natural result of the differences in the composition and wealth of the population in the two sections.

Race and nativity.—The distribution, by race and nativity, of the women engaged in this important occupation in cities of at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts is shown in Table LXXIII.

TABLE LXXIII.—*Distribution, by race and nativity, of women 16 years of age and over employed as dressmakers, living in cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts, for continental United States: 1900.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS DRESSMAKERS.					
	Aggregate.		In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.		In smaller cities and country districts.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Total	338,144	100.0	149,296	100.0	188,848	100.0
Native white—both parents native	152,821	45.2	42,716	28.6	110,106	58.3
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	117,287	34.7	61,156	41.0	56,131	29.7
Foreign born white	55,823	16.4	38,200	25.6	17,623	9.2
Negro	12,418	3.7	7,196	4.8	5,223	2.8
Indian and Mongolian	95	(1)	29	(1)	66	(1)

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

When the race and nativity distribution of the total number of dressmakers shown in the above table is compared with that given in Table XXIII (page 34), for the women engaged in each of the other occupations employing at least 5,000 adult female breadwinners, the occupation of dressmaker, like that of seamstress, will be found to occupy a median position. In the percentage of native white of native parentage it ranked twentieth; in that of native white of foreign parentage, twenty-second; in that of foreign born white, twenty-third; and in that of colored, fifteenth.

There is a marked difference between the large cities and the smaller cities and country districts as regards the distribution of the dressmakers by race and nativity. In the smaller cities and country districts 58.3 per cent of the dressmakers were native white women of native parentage and only 38.9 per cent were white women of either foreign birth or parentage; but in the large cities the corresponding percentage was only 28.6 for native whites of native parentage, while it was 66.6 for the whites of foreign birth or parentage.

The importance of the occupation among working women of the different race and nativity classes is shown by Table LXXIV.

TABLE LXXIV.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF DRESSMAKERS AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, LIVING IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS AND IN SMALLER CITIES AND COUNTRY DISTRICTS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.								
	Aggregate.			In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.		
	Total.	Dressmakers.		Total.	Dressmakers.		Total.	Dressmakers.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	4,835,630	338,144	7.0	1,657,728	149,296	9.0	3,175,902	188,848	5.9
Native white—both parents native	1,771,966	152,821	8.6	414,954	42,716	10.3	1,357,012	110,105	8.1
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,090,744	117,287	10.8	554,806	61,156	11.0	535,938	56,131	10.5
Foreign born white	840,011	55,523	6.6	494,044	38,200	7.7	345,967	17,323	5.0
Negro	1,119,621	12,418	1.1	193,317	7,195	3.7	926,304	5,223	0.6
Indian and Mongolian	11,288	95	0.8	607	29	4.8	10,681	66	0.6

It appears from Table LXXIV that both in the large cities and in the smaller cities and country districts the native white working women of foreign parentage have engaged in the occupation of dressmaking to a greater extent in proportion to their numbers than the working women in any other race and nativity class. Thus, although more native white women of native than of foreign parentage are employed in this occupation, the latter class in proportion to its working strength outranks the former.

Parentage.—Table LXXV presents comparative figures for each of the principal nationalities making up the foreign element in this occupation. The table includes all females 10 years of age and over, since the data for women alone are not available.

TABLE LXXV.—*Number and percentage of dressmakers among female breadwinners 10 years of age and over, classified by nativity of parents, for continental United States: 1900.*

PARENTAGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Dressmakers.	
		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	5,319,397	344,794	6.5
Native parentage	3,247,907	166,333	5.1
Native white	1,926,637	154,425	8.0
All other	1,321,270	12,108	0.9
Foreign parentage	2,071,490	178,261	8.6
Austria	25,590	1,534	6.0
Bohemia	25,719	1,675	6.5
Canada (English)	102,181	9,015	8.8
Canada (French)	78,979	5,090	6.4
Denmark	15,580	1,542	9.9
England and Wales	158,912	14,805	9.3
France	21,164	2,697	12.7
Germany	538,192	49,504	9.2
Hungary	14,631	584	4.0
Ireland	634,201	54,474	8.6
Italy	26,093	2,507	9.6
Norway	47,934	4,073	8.5
Poland	38,536	1,831	4.8
Russia	40,816	3,014	7.4
Scotland	46,173	3,893	8.4
Sweden	81,148	5,903	7.3
Switzerland	15,125	1,373	9.1
Other countries	47,089	3,276	6.9
Mixed foreign parentage	122 827	11,965	10.2

As would be expected, dressmaking is most important for working women of French parentage, 12.7 per cent of whom were engaged in that occupation. Among most of the other European nationalities also the percentage of female breadwinners who were dressmakers is considerably higher than the corresponding percentage for the native white of native parentage. The marked tendency of the women of these nationalities to enter the occupation may probably be attributed to the fact that dressmaking has for years been considered an important part of the public school training of girls in many countries on the continent of Europe, and is therefore naturally followed by the emigrants from these countries and by their children.

Age.—Statistics showing the distribution by age periods of the dressmakers of the several race and nativity classes are presented in Table LXXVI for the entire area of enumeration.[1]

In the case of dressmaking, as with most of the other leading occupations for women, over one-half of those employed were under 35 years of age. The proportion in the youngest age group, however, is comparatively small. Of the 47 leading occupations for women, there are 33 with a larger percentage of young women (see Table XXIV, page 36). In the percentage of older women the rank of this occupation is much higher, ranging from eighth in the age periods 25 to 34 years and 35 to 44 years to twentieth for the age period 65 years and over. Most of the occupations with a greater concentration in the group 25 to 34 years are pursuits requiring considerable preparatory study and training. The fact that dressmaking can be pursued at home by women whose household duties do not permit them to participate in shop or factory work is of significance in this connection.

[1] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.

TABLE LXXVI.—*Distribution, by age, of women 16 years of age and over employed as dressmakers, classified by race and nativity, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

AGE.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS DRESSMAKERS.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
	NUMBER.				
Total	338,290	152,866	117,314	55,566	12,421
16 to 24 years	110,355	40,717	47,701	18,473	3,426
25 to 34 years	108,421	43,551	39,881	15,466	4,478
35 to 44 years	70,719	35,188	21,674	11,140	2,688
45 to 54 years	34,548	20,618	6,109	6,568	1,246
55 to 64 years	14,170	9,322	1,519	2,899	396
65 years and over	4,625	3,143	393	966	148
Age unknown	452	287	62	64	37
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
16 to 24 years	32.6	26.6	40.7	33.2	27.6
25 to 34 years	30.6	28.5	34.0	27.8	36.1
35 to 44 years	20.9	23.0	18.5	20.0	21.6
45 to 54 years	10.2	13.5	5.2	11.8	10.0
55 to 64 years	4.2	6.1	1.3	5.2	3.2
65 years and over	1.4	2.1	0.3	1.7	1.2
Age unknown	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3

The proportion of native white dressmakers of foreign parentage in the two youngest age periods is relatively large—a natural result of the fact that the number of persons of advanced years is comparatively small in that class of the population, and the further fact that the number of young women who are breadwinners in the families of immigrants is relatively large. While the white women of foreign birth or parentage reported as dressmakers are most numerous in the age period 16 to 24 years, the maximum number of native white women of native parentage and of negro women in this occupation is found in the next older period.

That, in comparison with other occupations, dressmaking is not so much a young woman's occupation as an occupation for women in middle life is further indicated by Table LXXVII, which shows the proportion of dressmakers among all female breadwinners for the various age periods.

TABLE LXXVII.—*Number and percentage of dressmakers among female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, classified by age, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

AGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Dressmakers.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Total	4,843,155	338,290	7.0
16 to 24 years	2,139,370	110,355	5.2
25 to 34 years	1,171,952	103,421	8.8
35 to 44 years	676,548	70,719	10.5
45 to 54 years	441,487	34,548	7.8
55 to 64 years	250,926	14,170	5.5
65 years and over	138,991	4,625	3.3
Age unknown	18,211	452	2.5

As an occupation for women, dressmaking reaches its greatest importance in the age period 35 to 44 years. While more than one-tenth of all the female breadwinners in this age group were dressmakers, only one-twentieth of those 16 to 24 years of age were employed in this trade.

Marital condition.—Statistics relating to the marital condition of dressmakers in the several race and nativity classes are presented in Table LXXVIII.

TABLE LXXVIII.—*Distribution,*[1] *by marital condition, of women 16 years of age and over employed as dressmakers, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

MARITAL CONDITION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS DRESSMAKERS.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
	NUMBER.				
Total	338,290	152,866	117,314	55,566	12,421
Single[2]	231,859	91,942	97,245	37,522	5,090
Married	49,253	27,573	9,021	8,234	4,360
Widowed	51,057	29,330	9,837	9,162	2,723
Divorced	6,121	4,031	1,211	658	218
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Single[2]	68.5	60.1	82.9	67.5	41.0
Married	14.6	18.0	7.7	14.8	35.3
Widowed	15.1	19.2	8.4	16.5	21.9
Divorced	1.8	2.6	1.0	1.2	1.8

[1] On the assumption that all the married, widowed, and divorced women in this occupation are 16 years of age and over.
[2] Including unknown.

From Table LXXVIII it will be seen that 68.5 per cent of the women employed as dressmakers, or about 7 in every 10, were single. The large proportion of single women in this occupation is striking in view of the fact that dressmaking is one of the few occupations which can, as a rule, be pursued after marriage as well as before, and which is in many cases the resource of married women who are compelled to rely upon their own efforts for the support of their families. It is significant, however, that 30 of the 47 leading occupations for women had a larger percentage of single women, while only 16 had a larger percentage of married women (see Table XXV, page 38); and it is interesting to note that the proportion of single women among dressmakers was practically the same as that for seamstresses, a kindred occupation.

Comparison with the census of 1890.—Statistics for dressmakers 15 years of age or over at the censuses of 1890 and 1900 are presented in comparative form in Tables LXXIX and LXXX.

It will be seen that the two censuses show little difference in the distribution by race and nativity of women in this occupation, the greatest change being a relative increase of 1 per cent in the proportion that negroes constituted of the total. There was also

relatively little difference in the percentages of increase for the white nativity classes. The negroes, however, showed the large gain of 65.4 per cent, although the actual increase for them was smaller than that for any of the white classes.

TABLE LXXIX.—*Distribution and increase, by race and nativity, of women 15 years of age and over, employed as dressmakers, for the United States: 1900[1] and 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS DRESSMAKERS.					
	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
All classes	342,579	100.0	290,308	100.0	52,271	18.0
Native white—both parents native	153,912	44.9	129,768	44.7	24,144	18.6
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	119,685	34.9	103,056	35.5	16,629	16.1
Foreign born white	56,381	16.5	49,846	17.2	6,535	13.1
Negro	12,478	3.6	7,543	2.6	4,935	65.4
Indian and Mongolian	123	(2)	95	(2)	28	(2)

[1] For area of enumeration.
[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.
[3] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

TABLE LXXX.—*Distribution and increase, by age, of women 15 years of age and over employed as dressmakers, for the United States: 1900[1] and 1890.*

AGE.	WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS DRESSMAKERS.					
	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
Total	342,579	100.0	290,308	100.0	52,271	18.0
15 to 24 years	114,644	33.5	130,175	44.8	[2]15,531	[2]11.9
25 to 34 years	103,421	30.2	87,236	30.0	16,185	18.6
35 to 44 years	70,719	20.6	41,318	14.2	29,401	71.2
45 to 54 years	34,548	10.1	20,820	7.2	13,728	65.9
55 to 64 years	14,170	4.1	7,907	2.7	6,263	79.2
65 years and over	4,625	1.4	2,204	0.8	2,421	109.8
Age unknown	452	0.1	648	0.2	[2]196	[2]30.2

[1] For area of enumeration. [2] Decrease.

The group 15 to 24 years shows a marked falling off both in the actual number and in the proportion of the total, although it still remained the largest, while the group 35 to 44 years shows marked increases, and the succeeding age groups also show gains. The group 25 to 34 years shows practically the same proportions. The marked increase in the average age of dressmakers is due probably to the increasing importance of business and commercial occupations for women, since young women who formerly might have taken up dressmaking as a pursuit now enter these occupations in increasingly larger numbers.

Reference to Table 16 (page 161) will show that there has been a relative falling off in the importance of the occupation for women, the decrease amounting to 1 per cent. The chief falling off was shown for the two classes of native whites, the decrease amounting to but one-tenth of 1 per cent for the foreign whites, and the occupation increasing slightly in importance for the negroes.

Family relationship.—For the purpose of obtaining further information concerning the economic condition of women dressmakers, special tabulations have been made for this class of breadwinners in 27 selected cities, and are presented in Tables LXXXI and LXXXII. The dressmakers included in these special tabulations are classified by race and nativity and marital condition in the following tabular statement:

MARITAL CONDITION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS DRESSMAKERS IN 27 SELECTED CITIES:[1] 1900.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Total	111,969	28,422	46,926	31,550	5,006
Single (including unknown)	82,112	18,056	36,769	22,138	2,146
Married	12,101	3,824	2,620	3,909	1,747
Widowed and divorced	17,756	6,602	4,537	5,503	1,113

[1] For a list of these cities, see Table XLIV, page 50.

Although the 111,969 dressmakers in these cities constituted a little less than one-third of the total number 16 years of age and over in continental United States, the statistics presented for them are doubtless representative of the conditions prevailing in the country at large, or at any rate in urban communities.

Table LXXXI shows the relationship of the dressmakers in the selected cities to the families in which they lived.

The table shows that 82.7 per cent of the dressmakers in the selected cities were heads of families or were living with parents or other relatives, while 17.3 per cent were boarding. The proportion of boarders was highest among the single—18 per cent—and lowest among the married—13.3 per cent.

When the proportions for the several race and nativity classes are compared, marked differences are apparent. Among the native white dressmakers of native parentage 25.3 per cent were boarding, as compared with 19.7 per cent of the foreign born white and 10.4 per cent of the native white of foreign parentage. These differences are due largely to the fact that many native white women of native parentage who are gainfully employed have migrated from homes in the country districts to the cities, while the majority of those of foreign parentage are already living with their parents or other relatives in the large urban communities.

TABLE LXXXI.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by family relationship, of women 16 years of age and over employed as dressmakers, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for twenty-seven selected cities: 1900.*

FAMILY RELATIONSHIP.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS DRESSMAKERS.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
	ALL MARITAL CLASSES.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	82.7	74.7	89.6	80.3	79.5
Heads of families	18.1	22.2	12.2	22.5	22.0
With father	29.8	21.1	40.7	24.0	14.3
With mother	14.8	11.1	21.0	9.8	9.9
With other relative	20.0	20.3	15.7	23.9	33.4
Boarding[2]	17.3	25.3	10.4	19.7	20.5
	SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	82.0	72.1	89.8	77.0	72.7
Heads of families	8.2	9.4	8.0	11.0	11.0
With father	38.8	30.7	46.5	32.8	26.7
With mother	12.6	15.2	23.4	12.9	18.3
With other relative	16.3	16.8	13.9	20.2	16.7
Boarding[2]	18.0	27.9	10.2	23.0	27.3
	MARRIED.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	86.7	82.6	88.7	89.6	86.5
Heads of families	17.1	18.9	19.1	17.3	10.0
With father	0.3	0.2	0.9	4.5	5.3
With mother	3.6	3.4	6.1	2.2	3.6
With other relative	59.6	54.1	53.6	65.5	67.7
Boarding[2]	13.3	17.4	11.3	10.4	13.5
	WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	83.3	77.5	87.9	86.8	81.7
Heads of families	64.4	59.2	62.7	72.7	62.0
With father	4.3	3.4	7.7	2.5	4.3
With mother	4.8	4.5	8.4	2.0	3.6
With other relative	9.7	10.4	9.1	9.1	11.8
Boarding[2]	16.7	22.5	12.1	13.2	18.3

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 26, page 198.
[2] Includes those living with employer.

Other breadwinners in the family.—Of much interest in the present discussion are statistics showing the number of other breadwinners in families in which there was at least one adult female employed as a dressmaker. Such data are presented in Table LXXXII.

TABLE LXXXII.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by number of other brea winners in the family, of women 16 years of age and over employe as dressmakers, classified by marital condition, race, and nativit for twenty-seven selected cities: 1900.*

CLASS.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN 16 YEARS O AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS DRESSMAKERS.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negr
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
	ALL MARITAL CLASSES.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100
Living at home	82.7	74.7	89.6	80.3	79
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	12.6	15.1	9.9	14.0	14
One other	25.9	26.3	24.0	27.1	32
Two other	20.4	17.7	23.6	18.6	17
More than two other	23.9	15.7	32.0	20.6	14
Boarding[2]	17.3	25.3	10.4	19.7	20
	SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100
Living at home	82.0	72.1	89.8	77.0	72
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	8.2	9.5	7.0	9.1	10
One other	22.6	22.9	22.4	22.9	22
Two other	22.3	19.9	24.9	20.0	19
More than two other	28.9	19.8	35.6	25.0	20
Boarding[2]	18.0	27.9	10.2	23.0	27
	MARRIED.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100
Living at home	86.7	82.6	88.7	89.6	86
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	11.0	11.8	13.4	10.4	6
One other	46.6	42.8	43.3	51.0	49
Two other	17.1	17.2	17.9	16.2	17
More than two other	12.1	10.7	14.2	12.0	12
Boarding[2]	13.3	17.4	11.3	10.4	13
	WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100
Living at home	83.3	77.5	87.9	86.8	81
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	34.0	32.4	33.9	36.1	33
One other	26.5	25.9	27.0	27.2	25
Two other	13.9	12.0	15.7	14.6	14
More than two other	8.9	7.3	11.4	8.9	9
Boarding[2]	16.7	22.5	12.1	13.2	18

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 27, page 208.
[2] Includes those living with employer.

A considerable proportion of the women employed a dressmakers—12.6 per cent—were apparently the so support of the families in which they lived; but a ver much larger proportion—about 70 per cent—were li ing in families in which there were other breadwinner

and almost one-fourth of the total number—23.9 per cent—were living in families in which there were at least three other breadwinners. The variations in the per cent distribution for the different classes distinguished in the above table are similar to those shown and discussed in connection with other occupations.

MILLINERS.

At the census of 1900 there were 82,936 women reported as milliners in continental United States, and the occupation was fourteenth in rank among the pursuits in which women are engaged as breadwinners. Millinery is preeminently a woman's occupation, 94.4 per cent of all the milliners being women. Only two occupations had a larger proportion of women—that of dressmaker, with 97.5 per cent, and that of housekeeper and stewardess, with 94.7 per cent. These three occupations and that of seamstress, with 91.9 per cent, were the only ones in which women constituted over nine-tenths of all persons employed.

The number of men, women, boys, and girls employed as milliners in continental United States in 1900 is shown in Table LXXXIII.

TABLE LXXXIII.—*Distribution, by sex and age, of milliners 10 years of age and over, for continental United States: 1900.*

SEX AND AGE.	MILLINERS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Total	87,859	100.0
Males	1,739	2.0
16 years and over	1,696	1.9
10 to 15 years	43	0.1
Females	86,120	98.0
16 years and over	82,936	94.4
10 to 15 years	3,184	3.6

In addition to the women engaged as milliners, 3,184 girls from 10 to 15 years of age were so employed. Thus the total number of female milliners was 86,120, or 98 per cent of all the milliners. The percentage of females among milliners was even greater in 1890, being 99.4. Although the number of male milliners was small at each census, it was over four times as great in 1900 as in 1890.

Since the men and children employed as milliners form such a small proportion of those engaged in the occupation, in this discussion, unless otherwise stated, the term "milliners" will be used to mean women milliners.

Geographic distribution.—The demand for millinery depends largely upon the number of women in a community, although the race composition of the population, the general economic conditions, and other characteristics have an influence on the demand. The distribution of all women and of milliners by geographic divisions is given in Table LXXXIV, which shows also the number of milliners per 10,000 women and the number of women to each milliner for each of the divisions.

TABLE LXXXIV.—*Proportion of milliners among women 16 years of age and over and number of women to each milliner, for geographic divisions: 1900.*

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.			Number of women 16 years of age and over to each milliner.
	Total.	Milliners.		
		Number.	Per 10,000.	
Continental United States	23,485,599	82,936	35	283
North Atlantic division	7,218,443	32,006	44	226
New England	2,016,845	9,123	45	221
Southern North Atlantic	5,201,598	22,885	44	227
South Atlantic division	3,086,268	5,189	17	597
Northern South Atlantic	1,383,461	3,319	24	417
Southern South Atlantic	1,702,807	1,850	11	920
North Central division	8,097,861	35,870	44	226
Eastern North Central	5,075,415	22,958	45	221
Western North Central	3,022,446	12,912	43	234
South Central division	3,935,399	5,619	14	700
Eastern South Central	2,179,641	3,074	14	709
Western South Central	1,755,758	2,545	14	690
Western division	1,147,588	4,270	37	269
Rocky Mountain	325,048	974	30	334
Basin and Plateau	117,296	351	30	334
Pacific	705,244	2,945	42	239

In a general way the distribution of milliners follows the distribution of the female population 16 years of age and over, the rank of the main geographic divisions being the same for milliners and for all women. There was, however, more or less concentration of the milliners in certain sections of the country. The concentration was mainly in the North Central and the North Atlantic divisions, the former furnishing 43.3 per cent of the milliners and only 34.5 per cent of the total number of women, and the latter reporting 38.6 per cent of the milliners and 30.7 per cent of the women. Two minor divisions in these divisions—the Eastern North Central and the Southern North Atlantic—had over one-half of the total number of milliners—27.7 per cent and 27.6 per cent, respectively. The corresponding proportions for the total number of women were 21.6 per cent and 22.1 per cent (see Table 25, page 197).

The influence of the large proportion of negroes in the Southern states and their generally poor economic condition is reflected in the relatively small proportion of milliners to the total number of women 16 years of age and over. The South Central division had only 14 milliners to 10,000 women and the South Atlantic division only 17, while the proportion for the whole of continental United States was 35 to 10,000, or more than twice that for either of these divisions. The two Northern divisions were supplied equally well with milliners, each having 44 to 10,000 women. The Western division also was above the average in this respect.

The relative importance of this occupation in the

various sections of the country is shown again by the fact that, while in continental United States as a whole there were on an average 283 women to each milliner, the average was only 226 for the North Atlantic and North Central divisions and 269 for the Western division, while it was as high as 597 for the South Atlantic and 700 for the South Central.

Race and nativity.—The per cent distribution of milliners, by race and nativity, is shown in Table LXXXV for the geographic divisions.

TABLE LXXXV.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by race and nativity, of women 16 years of age and over employed as milliners, for geographic divisions: 1900.*

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS MILLINERS: PER CENT—			
	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
	Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	54.5	34.7	10.6	0.2
North Atlantic division	46.8	38.7	14.4	0.1
New England	46.5	35.9	14.5	0.2
Southern North Atlantic	45.8	39.8	14.3	0.1
South Atlantic division	79.6	16.7	3.3	0.4
Northern South Atlantic	75.2	20.8	3.7	0.3
Southern South Atlantic	87.6	9.2	2.5	0.7
North Central division	54.7	36.0	9.2	0.1
Eastern North Central	52.6	37.7	9.5	0.2
Western North Central	58.4	32.8	8.7	(2)
South Central division	78.4	17.1	3.5	1.0
Eastern South Central	78.0	18.5	2.6	0.9
Western South Central	78.9	15.5	4.5	1.1
Western division	48.3	38.4	13.1	0.3
Rocky Mountain	56.6	30.5	12.6	0.3
Basin and Plateau	33.3	46.2	20.5	.....
Pacific	47.3	40.1	12.4	0.3

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 24, page 194.
[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Almost nine-tenths of the women employed as milliners were native white. More than one-half were native white of native parentage and more than one-third were native white of foreign parentage. The foreign born whites formed 10.6 per cent of the total number and the colored, only two-tenths of 1 per cent. The colored consisted of 169 negroes and 4 Indians, there being no Chinese and no Japanese. In comparison with the other principal occupations in which women are engaged, millinery ranked fourteenth in the proportion of native whites of native parentage and twenty-second in the proportion of those of foreign parentage (see Table XXIII, page 34).

The proportion of native whites was as high as 96.3 per cent for the South Atlantic division and 95.5 for the South Central, while for the North Atlantic division it was only 85.5 per cent and for the Western, only 86.7 per cent. In the Southern divisions more than three-fourths of the milliners were native white of native parentage. The proportions of those of foreign extraction—native white of foreign parentage and foreign born white—were greatest in the North Atlantic and the Western divisions.

Importance as an occupation for women.—The relative importance of the milliner's occupation for women engaged in gainful pursuits is indicated in Table LXXXVI.

TABLE LXXXVI.—*Number and percentage of milliners among female breadwinners 16 years of age and over living in cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts, classified by race and nativity, for continental United States: 1900.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Milliners.	
		Number.	Per cent.
AGGREGATE.			
All classes	4,833,630	82 936	1.7
Native white—both parents native	1,771,966	45,186	2.6
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,090,744	28,748	2.6
Foreign born white	840,011	8,829	1.1
Negro	1,119,621	169	(1)
Indian	11,288	4	(1)
IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS.			
All classes	1,657,728	31,510	1.9
Native white—both parents native	414,954	11,135	2.7
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	554,936	14,824	2.7
Foreign born white	494,044	5,451	1.1
Negro	193,317	99	(1)
Indian	607	.....	.....
IN SMALLER CITIES AND COUNTRY DISTRICTS.			
All classes	3,175,902	51,426	1.6
Native white—both parents native	1,357,012	34,050	2.5
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	535,938	13,924	2.6
Foreign born white	345,967	3,368	1.0
Negro	926,304	80	(1)
Indian	10,681	4	(1)

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Milliners formed 1.7 per cent of the total number of women gainfully employed in continental United States. The proportion of milliners in the large cities—1.9 per cent—was a little greater and the proportion in the smaller cities and country districts—1.6 per cent—slightly less. Thus it is evident that there was some concentration of the milliners in the larger cities, although the contrast is not nearly so marked for this occupation as it is for most occupations. It is interesting to note that among the leading occupations for women, millinery ranked twenty-ninth in the proportion living in the large cities (see Table 23, page 178).

The greater importance of this occupation in the large cities is perhaps more effectively shown when the distribution between the large and the small communities of the women employed as milliners is compared

with the corresponding distribution of the general female population over 15 years of age. While the large cities contained a little less than one-fourth of the total number of women, they reported almost two-fifths of the milliners. In the large cities there were 54 milliners to 10,000 women, while in the less populous districts there were only 29. In other words, there were 186 women to each milliner in the large cities and 343 in the more nearly rural districts.

Parentage.—Further consideration of the importance of millinery among occupations for women is given in Table LXXXVII, which shows the percentage of milliners among all female breadwinners 10 years of age and over, classified by nativity of parents.

TABLE LXXXVII.—*Number and percentage of milliners among female breadwinners 10 years of age and over, classified by nativity of parents, for continental United States: 1900.*

PARENTAGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Milliners.	
		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	5,319,397	86,120	1.6
Native parentage	3,247,907	46,418	1.4
Native white	1,926,637	46,245	2.4
All other	1,321,270	173	(1)
Foreign parentage	2,071,490	39,702	1.9
Austria	25,590	448	1.7
Bohemia	25,719	240	0.9
Canada (English)	102,181	2,500	2.5
Canada (French)	78,979	1,152	1.5
Denmark	15,580	254	1.6
England and Wales	158,912	3,822	2.4
France	21,164	568	2.7
Germany	538,192	12,240	2.3
Hungary	14,631	202	1.4
Ireland	634,201	9,942	1.6
Italy	26,093	191	0.7
Norway	47,934	748	1.6
Poland	38,536	388	1.0
Russia	40,816	1,054	2.6
Scotland	45,173	996	2.2
Sweden	81,148	952	1.2
Switzerland	15,125	308	2.0
Other countries	47,689	574	1.2
Mixed foreign parentage	112,827	3,073	2.7

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Among the milliners of foreign parentage those with parents born in Germany ranked first in numbers and those of Irish parentage were second.

The proportion of milliners among female breadwinners was highest—2.7 per cent—for those with parents born in France. The other foreign countries leading in this respect were Russia, Canada (English), England and Wales, Germany, Scotland, and Switzerland.

Age.—The age composition of the total number of milliners and of the three classes of white milliners in the entire area of enumeration[1] is shown in Table LXXXVIII.

[1] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.

TABLE LXXXVIII.—*Distribution, by age, of women 16 years of age and over employed as milliners, classified by race and nativity, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

AGE.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS MILLINERS.			
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	
	NUMBER.			
Total	82,958	45,193	28,752	8,840
16 to 24 years	40,964	20,928	15,834	4,120
25 to 34 years	23,070	12,694	8,293	2,031
35 to 44 years	10,778	6,245	3,277	1,230
45 to 54 years	4,971	3,115	959	803
55 to 64 years	2,267	1,559	302	402
65 years and over	727	505	65	152
Age unknown	181	147	22	12
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
16 to 24 years	49.4	46.3	55.1	46.6
25 to 34 years	27.8	28.1	28.8	23.0
35 to 44 years	13.0	13.8	11.4	13.9
45 to 54 years	6.0	6.9	3.3	10.1
55 to 64 years	2.7	3.4	1.1	4.5
65 years and over	0.9	1.1	0.2	1.7
Age unknown	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1

In this occupation, as in most other pursuits in which women are engaged, the younger women predominate. In 1900 the percentage of women from 16 to 34 years of age was somewhat greater, however, for milliners than for all women gainfully employed, the percentages being 77.2 and 68.4, respectively. Almost one-half, 49.4 per cent, of the milliners were from 16 to 24 years of age, while the corresponding proportion for the total number of gainfully employed women was only 44.2 per cent. Still, there are a number of the leading occupations for women in which the percentage of young women in 1900 was greater than it was among milliners. But while there were 25 having a larger percentage in the age period 16 to 24 years, there were only 13 with a larger percentage in the next older age period, 25 to 34 years, thus indicating a concentration in the latter period greater than existed in most occupations in which women are numerous (see Table XXIV, page 36).

The highest proportion in the youngest age period is shown for the native whites of foreign parentage. This may result from the general tendency among foreigners to allow their children to begin working at an early age. It should be noted, however, that in the general population the native whites whose parents were immigrants comprise a larger proportion of young women than either the foreign born or the native born of native American parents. This condition is reflected in the percentages shown in Table LXXXIX,

which gives, for the entire area of enumeration, the proportions for the various classes of white milliners in each age period.

TABLE LXXXIX.—*Per cent distribution, by race and nativity, of white women 16 years of age and over employed as milliners, classified by age, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

AGE.	WHITE WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS MILLINERS: PER CENT—		
	Native white—		Foreign born white.
	Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	
Total	54.5	34.7	10.7
16 to 24 years	51.1	38.7	10.1
25 to 34 years	55.0	35.9	8.8
35 to 44 years	57.9	30.4	11.4
45 to 54 years	62.7	19.3	18.0
55 to 64 years	68.8	13.3	17.7
65 years and over	69.5	8.9	20.9
Age unknown	81.2	12.2	6.6

With each older age group the proportion for native whites of foreign parentage decreases and that for native whites of native parentage increases.

The relative importance of milliners of the various age groups among all female breadwinners of corresponding age is shown in Table XC.

TABLE XC.—*Number and percentage of milliners among female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, classified by age, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

AGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Milliners.	
		Number.	Percent.
Total	4,843,155	82,958	1.7
16 to 24 years	2,139,370	40,964	1.9
25 to 34 years	1,171,952	23,070	2.0
35 to 44 years	676,548	10,778	1.6
45 to 54 years	441,457	4,971	1.1
55 to 64 years	256,926	2,267	0.9
65 years and over	138,691	727	0.5
Age unknown	18,211	181	1.0

The proportion of milliners among female breadwinners was greatest for the age group 25 to 34 years, and next greatest for the group 16 to 24 years. The percentages for these two groups were the only ones that were greater than the percentage for all milliners.

The relative importance of the milliners from 16 to 24 years of age among all milliners in the large and the small communities is shown in the following tabular statement:

AREA.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS MILLINERS.		
	Total.	16 to 24 years.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	82,936	40,958	49.4
Cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants	31,510	18,282	58.0
Smaller cities and country districts	51,426	22,674	44.1

In the large cities more than one-half of the milliners were under 25 years of age. The fact that the proportion of young milliners was much greater in large cities than in the less populous sections is probably indicative of the more rapid growth of this occupation in cities and of the greater prominence in the cities of native whites of foreign parentage, who, as has been shown by previous tables, are as a class younger than the native whites of native parentage. Moreover, the larger millinery establishments are generally located in the large cities, and it is probable that in a large establishment there would be a greater percentage of young women than would be found in the same number of milliners distributed in small establishments.

Marital condition.—Table XCI shows the distribution by marital condition of milliners in each of the principal race and nativity classes.

TABLE XCI.—*Distribution,*[1] *by marital condition, of women 16 years of age and over employed as milliners, classified by race and nativity, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

MARITAL CONDITION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS MILLINERS.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
	NUMBER.				
Total	82,958	45,193	28,752	8,840	169
Single[2]	65,112	33,448	25,139	6,424	101
Married	10,453	6,919	2,101	1,388	42
Widowed	6,343	4,066	1,304	950	24
Divorced	1,050	761	208	78	2
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Single[2]	78.5	74.0	87.4	72.7	59.8
Married	12.6	15.3	7.3	15.7	24.8
Widowed	7.6	9.0	4.6	10.7	14.2
Divorced	1.3	1.7	0.7	0.9	1.2

[1] On the assumption that all the married, widowed, and divorced women in this occupation are 16 years of age and over.

[2] Including unknown.

Single women predominated decidedly in this occupation, forming more than three-fourths of all the milliners. The married milliners ranked next, with about one-eighth of the total number. The proportion of single milliners was largest in the case of the whites of native birth and foreign parentage.

Comparison with census of 1890.—Table XCII shows, by race and nativity, the number and the per cent distribution of the women 15 years of age and over who were employed as milliners in 1890 and in 1900. It gives also the number and the percentage of the increase in 1900 as compared with 1890.

TABLE XCII.—*Distribution and increase, by race and nativity, of women 15 years of age and over employed as milliners, for the United States: 1900* [1] *and 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS MILLINERS.					
	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
All classes	85,025	100.0	60,653	100.0	24,372	40.2
Native white—both parents native	45,943	54.0	34,855	57.5	11,088	31.8
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	29,718	35.0	18,194	30.0	11,524	63.3
Foreign born white	9,157	10.8	7,240	11.9	1,917	26.9
Negro	173	0.2	359	0.6	[2] 186	[2] 51.8
Indian	4	(3)	5	(3)	[2] 1	(4)

[1] For area of enumeration. [2] Decrease. [3] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent. [4] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

The number of milliners at least 15 years of age increased 40.2 per cent in 1900 as compared with 1890. This rate is considerably greater than the rate of increase for the total number of women of the same age, 23.7 per cent, and greater also than the rate for all women breadwinners, 34.6 per cent. In 1890 there was 1 milliner to every 323 women 15 years of age and over; in 1900, 1 to every 285. This change not improbably reflects the advance in the prosperity of the country, since millinery is to a certain extent a luxury, and probably in the family budget forms an item of expenditure that responds quickly to fluctuations in income.

The greatest increase, numerically and relatively, is shown for the native whites of foreign parentage, this increase being somewhat less than two-thirds. For the native whites of native parentage the percentage of increase was only about one-half as great. The foreign born whites increased a little over one-fourth, while the small number of negro milliners decreased about one-half.

The large relative increase in the native whites of foreign parentage was naturally accompanied by an increase in the proportion which they formed of the total number of milliners. Even with a decreased proportion the native whites of native parentage constituted over one-half of the total in 1900.

The changes in the age composition of the milliners at least 15 years of age are shown in Table XCIII, which presents the figures reported at the censuses of 1890 and 1900.

TABLE XCIII.—*Distribution and increase, by age, of women 15 years of age and over employed as milliners, for the United States: 1900* [1] *and 1890.*

AGE.	WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS MILLINERS.					
	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
Total	85,025	100.0	60,653	100.0	24,372	40.2
15 to 24 years	43,031	50.6	27,830	45.9	15,201	54.6
25 to 34 years	25,070	27.1	16,348	27.0	6,722	41.1
35 to 44 years	10,778	12.7	8,367	13.8	2,411	28.8
45 to 54 years	4,971	5.8	5,070	8.4	[2] 99	[2] 2.0
55 to 64 years	2,267	2.7	2,037	3.4	230	11.3
65 years and over	727	0.9	813	1.3	[2] 86	[2] 10.6
Age unknown	181	0.2	188	0.3	[2] 7	[2] 3.7

[1] For area of enumeration. [2] Decrease.

The employment of young women in this occupation has greatly increased. The number of milliners 15 to 24 years of age increased 54.6 per cent and constituted 50.6 per cent of the total number in 1900, as compared with 45.9 per cent in 1890. It is natural that the increase should be most marked among the younger women, since it is not customary for older women to undertake to learn a new occupation, especially one like millinery for which a term of apprenticeship is generally necessary.

The increase between 1890 and 1900 in the number of milliners 10 years of age and over is shown by geographic divisions in Table XCIV.

TABLE XCIV.—*Increase in the number of females 10 years of age and over employed as milliners, for geographic divisions: 1900 and 1890.*

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS MILLINERS.			
	1900	1890	Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
			Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	86,120	61,291	24,829	40.5
North Atlantic	33,671	23,095	10,576	45.8
South Atlantic	5,298	4,429	869	19.6
North Central	37,038	25,193	11,845	47.0
South Central	5,732	5,267	465	9.2
Western	4,361	3,307	1,054	31.9

The largest increases are shown for the North Central and the North Atlantic divisions, and these divisions, moreover, are the only ones with a percentage of increase greater than the average. The percentage of increase for the South Central division was only 9.2.

Family relationship.—The consideration of the relationship of milliners to the heads of the families in which they were living is of interest, and special tabulations of such statistics have been made for the milliners in 27 selected cities. Table XCV shows the number of milliners in these cities, and their distribution by marital condition, race, and nativity.

TABLE XCV.—*Women 16 years of age and over employed as milliners, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for twenty-seven selected cities:*[1] *1900.*

MARITAL CONDITION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS MILLINERS.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Total	23,453	7,464	11,396	4,526	67
Single (including unknown)	20,453	6,301	10,447	3,658	47
Married	1,458	534	457	453	14
Widowed and divorced	1,542	629	492	415	6

[1] For a list of these cities, see Table XLIV, page 56.

Of the 23,453 milliners in the selected cities over one-half were native white of foreign parentage, and all except 3,000 were single women.

The distribution, by family relationship, of the milliners in the selected cities is shown in Table XCVI.

On an average 1 milliner out of every 7 living in the 27 selected cities was boarding. This proportion is small in comparison with the proportion—1 in 5—of boarders among all women breadwinners exclusive of servants and waitresses in these cities (see Table XIX, page 27). The number of milliners who were heads of families was also relatively small, being about 1 in 15, as compared with 1 in 7 for all the women, except servants and waitresses, engaged in gainful pursuits. Since these proportions were small, the number of milliners living at home with father, mother, or other relative was comparatively large, forming 79 per cent. About two-thirds, 64 per cent, of all the milliners in these cities were living at home with their parents—46 per cent with their fathers and 18 per cent with their mothers.

In the case of milliners, as in the case of all women following breadwinning pursuits in the selected cities, except servants and waitresses, relatively more boarders belonged to the class of native white of native parentage than to any other class. This condition reflects the greater cityward migration of the children of native parents. When foreigners come to this country they generally locate in the larger cities, and they and their children reside together there. This is probably one explanation of the fact that the proportion of those living at home was greatest for the native whites of foreign parentage.

The proportions of those boarding and of those returned as heads of families were greatest in the case of the widowed and divorced. This is not surprising, for one would expect the greatest proportions of the other classes to be living at home—the single with their parents and the married with their husbands.

TABLE XCVI.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by family relationship, of women 16 years of age and over employed as milliners, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for twenty-seven selected cities: 1900.*

FAMILY RELATIONSHIP.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS MILLINERS.			
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	
	ALL MARITAL CLASSES.			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	85.8	78.0	91.4	84.6
Heads of families	6.8	6.7	5.3	10.9
With father	46.0	41.0	51.3	41.1
With mother	18.0	15.2	21.9	12.9
With other relative	15.0	15.1	13.0	19.7
Boarding[2]	14.2	22.0	8.6	15.4
	SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	86.8	79.7	91.9	84.5
Heads of families	3.4	3.4	3.0	4.8
With father	51.4	46.9	54.9	49.5
With mother	19.7	16.8	22.9	15.4
With other relative	12.2	12.6	11.2	14.7
Boarding[2]	13.2	20.3	8.1	15.5
	MARRIED.			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	82.7	73.4	88.8	87.4
Heads of families	10.5	9.0	10.1	12.6
With father	8.9	9.4	11.8	5.7
With mother	5.6	5.2	8.8	2.4
With other relative	57.7	49.8	58.2	66.7
Boarding[2]	17.3	26.6	11.2	12.6
	WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	75.7	66.0	83.5	82.4
Heads of families	48.4	37.8	49.8	62.4
With father	8.6	8.7	11.0	5.3
With mother	8.0	7.8	12.8	2.7
With other relative	10.8	10.7	10.0	12.0
Boarding[2]	24.3	35.0	16.5	17.6

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 26, page 198.
[2] Includes those living with employer.

Other breadwinners in the family.—Some idea of the extent to which the women in this occupation are dependent upon their own earnings for the support of themselves or their families may be obtained from the per cent distribution according to number of other breadwinners in the family, as shown in Table XCVII.

TABLE XCVII.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by number of other breadwinners in the family, of women 16 years of age and over employed as milliners, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for twenty-seven selected cities: 1900.*

CLASS.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS MILLINERS.			
		Native white—		
	All classes.	Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	85.8	78.0	91.4	84.6
In families having—				
No other breadwinners	7.1	7.6	6.3	8.0
One other	24.9	26.7	23.6	25.3
Two other	24.2	22.8	25.6	23.0
More than two other	29.6	21.0	35.9	28.3
Boarding[2]	14.2	22.0	8.6	15.4
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	86.8	79.7	91.9	84.5
In families having—				
No other breadwinners	5.4	5.7	5.1	5.6
One other	23.5	25.8	22.7	22.0
Two other	25.7	25.1	26.3	24.8
More than two other	32.2	23.1	37.8	32.0
Boarding[2]	13.2	20.3	8.1	15.5
MARRIED.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	82.7	73.4	88.8	87.4
In families having—				
No other breadwinners	8.0	6.9	7.9	9.1
One other	44.9	40.3	45.5	49.0
Two other	15.0	13.5	17.9	13.9
More than two other	15.0	12.7	17.5	15.5
Boarding[2]	17.3	26.6	11.2	12.6
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	75.7	65.0	83.5	82.4
In families having—				
No other breadwinners	28.1	26.6	29.9	28.0
One other	24.8	23.7	23.4	28.0
Two other	13.2	7.6	17.3	17.1
More than two other	9.7	7.2	13.0	9.4
Boarding[2]	24.3	35.0	16.5	17.6

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 27, page 208.
[2] Includes those living with employer.

The proportion of milliners who were apparently the sole support of the families in which they were living was small, being 7.1 per cent, or about 1 in 14. The proportion who were boarding and were therefore apparently dependent upon their own earnings was twice as great, while the number living in families with other breadwinners formed 78.7 per cent of the total.

The native whites of foreign parentage had the smallest proportion of milliners in families with no other breadwinners and the largest proportion in families having three or more others gainfully employed—a condition that is not surprising when it is remembered that there is a tendency among the foreigners who come to this country to let as many of their children as possible become breadwinners in order to add to the earnings of the family.

When the marital classes are considered it is seen that the single, as would be expected, had the smallest proportion in families with no other breadwinners and the largest in families with more than two others engaged in gainful occupations. Almost one-half of the married women employed as milliners were living in families in which there was only one other breadwinner, and it is probable that in many cases this one was the husband. Over one-half of the widowed and divorced were either the sole support of the families in which they lived or were living in families having only one other breadwinner.

TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES.

At the Twelfth Census of the United States the number of women at least 16 years of age reported as textile mill operatives was 231,458. The importance of the several branches of the textile industry in contributing to this number is shown in the following tabular statement, which distributes the adult female operatives according to the class of mills in which they worked:

CLASS.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.
All classes	231,458	100.0
Cotton mill operatives	97,181	42.0
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	28,293	12.2
Woolen mill operatives	27,169	11.7
Silk mill operatives	26,432	11.4
Carpet factory operatives	8,332	3.6
Other textile mill operatives	44,051	19.0

The cotton mills furnished employment to a greater number of women than any other branch of the textile industry. Women engaged in the cotton mills were, in fact, more than three times as numerous as those employed in the hosiery and knitting mills, which in this respect ranked second. The woolen and the silk mills employed almost as many women as the hosiery and knitting mills, but the carpet factories employed a far smaller number, only 3.6 per cent of the total.

Importance as an occupation for women.—When the number of adult female operatives in all branches of the textile industry is compared with the number of women engaged in other occupations, the textile mill operatives will be found to rank seventh, being outnumbered by the servants and waitresses, the agricultural

laborers, the dressmakers, the laundresses, the teachers, and the farmers and planters. None of these occupations which furnished employment to larger numbers represents a factory industry. The occupation of the textile mill operative, therefore, was the leading factory occupation in the number of women employed.

The importance of women in this occupation is shown in the following tabular statement in which the total number of textile mill operatives are classified as males and females, children, and adults:

	TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.		
	Total.	Male.	Female.
Total	545,158	266,815	278,343
Adults 16 years of age and over	463,154	231,696	231,458
Children 10 to 15 years	82,004	35,119	46,885

Of the 545,158 textile mill operatives shown in this tabular statement, 231,458, or 42.5 per cent, were women 16 years of age and over. No less than 16 other occupations had a higher percentage of women than this, but most of them were, from their very nature, occupations which were peculiarly adapted for women. Of the manufacturing and mechanical pursuits, 7 reported a higher percentage of adult women. These 7 are shown in the following tabular statement, which gives the percentages that men, women, and children formed of the total number engaged in each:[1]

OCCUPATION.	PERSONS AT LEAST 10 YEARS OF AGE ENGAGED IN SPECIFIED OCCUPATIONS, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.				
	Per cent men.	Per cent women.	Per cent children 10 to 15 years of age.		
			Total.	Boys.	Girls.
Dressmakers	0.6	97.5	1.9	(2)	1.9
Milliners	1.9	94.4	3.7	0.1	3.6
Seamstresses	3.0	91.9	5.1	0.2	4.9
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	20.3	70.5	9.2	1.2	8.0
Boxmakers (paper)	15.5	68.7	15.8	2.5	13.3
Glovemakers	34.8	58.4	6.8	1.9	4.9
Bookbinders	46.3	47.2	6.5	2.1	4.4
Textile mill operatives	42.5	42.5	15.0	6.4	8.6

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Of the manufacturing and mechanical pursuits in which women were relatively more important than among the textile mill operatives, only 3 were conducted almost exclusively in factories or large shops. These 3 included the shirt, collar, and cuff makers, the paper box makers, and the bookbinders. If, then, the comparison is confined to occupations conducted exclusively in factories or large shops, it is found that the occupation of the textile mill operative ranked first in the actual number of women employed and fourth in the percentage which women formed of the total.

Race and nativity.—The classes of the population from which the women engaged in this important factory occupation came are shown in Table XCVIII, which distributes the female textile mill operatives 16 years of age and over by race and nativity.

TABLE XCVIII.—*Distribution, by race and nativity, of women 16 years of age and over employed as textile mill operatives, for continental United States: 1900.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.
All classes	231,458	100.0
Native white—both parents native	74,617	32.2
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	77,521	33.5
Foreign born white	78,333	34.1
Negro	481	0.2
Indian	6	(1)

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

In the group of female textile mill operatives, as shown in this table, the native white of native parentage, the native white of foreign parentage, and the foreign born white were represented in almost equal numbers. This approach to equality is the result of the localization of the textile industries in two distinct sections of the country—the North Atlantic division and the Southern South Atlantic. In the North Atlantic division the female textile mill operatives belong principally to the population of foreign birth or parentage. In the Southern South Atlantic, where the foreign element is numerically unimportant in the general population, the mill workers are recruited almost entirely from the native white element of native parentage. The contrast is clearly indicated in Table XCIX, in which the female textile mill operatives at least 16 years of age are distributed by race and nativity, for states in which they numbered at least 1,000.

The 14 Northern and Western states which appear in Table XCIX as having at least 1,000 female textile mill operatives, include the 9 states which compose the North Atlantic division. These 9 states contained 184,490, or 79.7 per cent, of the total number of female textile mill operatives, a larger percentage than they contained of the total number of women engaged in most of the other leading occupations for women (see Table 25, page 197). The 8 Southern states shown in the table include all the states of the Southern South Atlantic division except Florida, in which there was but 1 adult female textile mill operative. This minor geographic division contained 22,429, or 9.7 per cent, of the total number of women employed in the textile mills.

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Twelfth Census, Occupations, Table XLVII.

TABLE XCIX.—DISTRIBUTION, BY RACE AND NATIVITY, OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES, FOR LEADING STATES: 1900.

STATE.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES.								
	Number.					Per cent.			
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro and Indian.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro and Indian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.			Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	231,458	74,617	77,521	78,833	487	32.2	33.5	34.1	0.2
Northern and Western states	196,423	41,798	75,937	78,604	84	21.3	38.7	40.0	(1)
Maine	7,907	2,097	1,511	4,299		26.5	19.1	54.4	
New Hampshire	12,116	1,724	2,850	7,540	2	14.2	23.5	62.2	(1)
Vermont	1,282	449	514	319		35.0	40.1	24.9	
Massachusetts	60,695	4,581	21,063	35,031	20	7.5	34.7	57.7	(1)
Rhode Island	15,941	1,860	6,489	7,585	7	11.7	40.7	47.6	(1)
Connecticut	11,737	1,732	5,360	4,638	7	15.1	45.5	39.3	0.1
New York	24,061	7,202	11,491	5,356	12	29.9	47.8	22.3	(1)
New Jersey	15,073	2,753	6,207	6,109	4	18.3	41.2	40.5	(1)
Pennsylvania	35,628	15,125	15,216	5,277	10	42.5	42.7	14.8	(1)
Ohio	1,951	803	741	401	6	41.2	38.0	20.6	0.3
Indiana	2,067	1,121	807	135	4	53.5	38.5	7.9	0.2
Illinois	1,542	360	735	444	3	23.3	47.7	28.8	0.2
Michigan	1,841	770	744	324	3	41.8	40.4	17.6	0.2
Wisconsin	2,230	235	1,382	613		10.5	62.0	27.5	
All other	2,272	936	827	503	6	41.2	36.4	22.1	0.3
Southern states	35,035	32,819	1,584	229	403	93.7	4.5	0.7	1.2
Maryland	2,311	2,047	237	26	1	88.6	10.3	1.1	(1)
Virginia	1,744	1,668	31	15	30	95.6	1.8	0.9	1.7
North Carolina	9,607	9,506	33	10	58	98.9	0.3	0.1	0.6
South Carolina	6,673	6,531	49	22	73	97.9	0.7	0.3	1.0
Georgia	5,846	5,661	44	8	133	96.8	0.8	0.1	2.3
Kentucky	1,235	690	490	45	10	55.9	39.7	3.6	0.8
Tennessee	1,622	1,507	47	6	62	92.9	2.9	0.4	3.8
Alabama	2,880	2,842	18	1	19	98.7	0.6	(1)	0.7
All other	2,815	2,067	635	96	17	73.4	22.6	3.4	0.6

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

In the Northern and Western group of states the foreign element, including white women of either foreign birth or foreign parentage, constituted 78.7 per cent of the total number of women employed in the occupation. In the South this class of women formed only 5.2 per cent of the total, while the native white of native parentage formed 93.7 per cent.

These figures reflect the concentration of the two classes of population in the different sections rather than any marked tendency on the part of either class to become textile mill operatives. In the North, where women of foreign birth or parentage predominate in the mill towns, the proportion of this class of women in the occupation is large, while in the South, where the native white of native parentage are in the majority, this class is most largely represented among textile mill operatives.

It is probable, therefore, that more satisfactory conclusions as to the relative tendency of the nativity classes to enter the occupation can be reached by comparing the number of women employed as textile mill operatives with the number of the same race and nativity class in the total population. This comparison, reduced to a percentage basis, is shown in Table c.

In the North and West, as shown in Table c, the textile mills were most important as a source of employment for white women of either foreign birth or parentage. The percentages of textile mill operatives among the women of these classes were particularly large in New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, Maine, and Connecticut.

In the Southern states, on the other hand, the textile mills were of greatest importance for white women of native parentage, this being particularly noticeable in North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Alabama, which were the leading Southern states in the industry.

In the North and West, as is also indicated in Table c, the industry furnished employment to a higher percentage of the total number of women than it did in the South. In Rhode Island 1 woman in 10 was a textile mill operative and in Massachusetts 1 in 17; but in North Carolina and South Carolina the corresponding ratios were only about 1 in 50 or 60. The percentage of native white women of native parentage employed in the textile mills is, however, not as large in the North as it is in the South.

TABLE C.—*Percentage of textile mill operatives in the female population 16 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for leading states: 1900.*

STATE.	PERCENTAGE OF TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	1.0	0.6	1.8	1.8	(1)
Northern and Western states.	1.2	0.5	1.9	1.9	(1)
Maine	3.2	1.2	6.0	10.8	.....
New Hampshire	8.1	1.9	15.8	19.7	0.7
Vermont	1.1	0.6	2.3	1.7	.....
Massachusetts	5.9	1.2	9.2	8.7	0.2
Rhode Island	10.4	3.5	18.1	12.3	0.2
Connecticut	3.7	1.3	7.3	4.4	0.1
New York	0.9	0.8	1.7	0.6	(1)
New Jersey	2.4	1.0	4.2	3.2	(1)
Pennsylvania	1.8	1.3	3.8	1.3	(1)
Ohio	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	(1)
Indiana	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.3	(1)
Illinois	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	(1)
Michigan	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.1	(1)
Wisconsin	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.3	.....
All other	0.1	(1)	0.1	0.1	(1)
Southern states	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.1	(1)
Maryland	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.1	(1)
Virginia	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.2	(1)
North Carolina	1.8	2.6	1.3	0.6	(1)
South Carolina	1.9	4.4	1.2	1.0	(1)
Georgia	0.9	1.7	0.5	0.2	(1)
Kentucky	0.2	0.1	0.9	0.2	(1)
Tennessee	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.1	(1)
Alabama	0.6	1.1	0.2	(1)	(1)
All other	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	(1)

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

The importance of the occupation as a source of employment for working women is indicated in Table CI, which shows the proportion of the female breadwinners of each race and nativity class employed in textile mills.

It appears from the table that in the Northern and Western states the occupation is nearly three times as important as an employment for women breadwinners of all classes as it is in the Southern states. For the native white of native parentage its importance is nearly twice as great in the latter states as in the former, while for the two other classes of white women this occupation is of importance only in the Northern states. These variations are of course due largely to the fact that in the North this occupation is pursued chiefly by those of foreign descent, and in the South by the native white of native parentage. The occupation is nowhere important for the negroes.

In several of the states shown in this table the proportion of female breadwinners employed as textile mill operatives is strikingly high. In New Hampshire, for instance, more than one-half of the foreign born white women gainfully employed were in the textile mills, and in Rhode Island and in Maine, two-fifths. Rhode Island led in the importance of the occupation for the native white of foreign parentage, the proportion being about the same as that for the foreign born. This is the only Northern state, moreover, in which more than 10 per cent of the total number of native white women of native parentage gainfully employed were textile mill operatives. As would be expected, however, the proportion of textile mill operatives among female breadwinners of this nativity class was highest in the Southern states, the highest percentage—21.6 per cent—being shown for South Carolina.

TABLE CI.—*Percentage of textile mill operatives among female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for leading states: 1900.*

STATE.	PERCENTAGE OF TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	4.8	4.2	7.1	9.4	(1)
Northern and Western states.	6.1	3.3	7.4	9.7	0.1
Maine	15.8	6.6	21.0	40.3	.....
New Hampshire	30.4	9.1	39.4	55.9	1.3
Vermont	5.9	3.4	9.2	10.5	.....
Massachusetts	19.1	3.3	22.1	26.8	0.4
Rhode Island	33.1	16.1	40.1	40.8	0.4
Connecticut	14.0	6.9	18.6	17.6	0.2
New York	3.8	4.0	5.3	2.5	(1)
New Jersey	10.6	6.1	14.1	15.0	(1)
Pennsylvania	9.0	7.5	14.7	7.9	(1)
Ohio	0.8	0.7	1.0	1.5	0.1
Indiana	1.9	1.5	3.4	2.4	0.1
Illinois	0.6	0.4	0.7	0.6	(1)
Michigan	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.0	0.1
Wisconsin	2.1	1.0	2.4	2.5	.....
All other	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	(1)
Southern states	2.2	6.5	2.5	0.7	(1)
Maryland	2.5	5.7	1.7	0.3	(1)
Virginia	1.5	4.2	2.0	1.6	(1)
North Carolina	7.5	17.0	7.5	4.4	0.1
South Carolina	4.9	21.6	6.3	6.2	0.1
Georgia	3.2	12.9	2.9	1.3	0.1
Kentucky	1.3	1.4	4.0	1.5	(1)
Tennessee	1.6	3.6	2.0	0.7	0.1
Alabama	1.8	7.9	1.4	0.2	(1)
All other	0.5	1.2	2.3	0.5	(1)

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Parentage.—In order to show the importance of the occupation to the different nativity classes in more detail than has heretofore been attempted, Table CII is presented.

TABLE CII.—*Number and percentage of textile mill operatives among female breadwinners 10 years of age and over, classified by nativity of parents, for continental United States: 1900.*

PARENTAGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Textile mill operatives	
		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	5,319,397	278,343	5.2
Native parentage	3,247,907	99,183	3.1
Native white	1,926,637	98,596	5.1
All other	1,321,270	587	(1)
Foreign parentage	2,071,490	179,160	8.6
Austria	25,590	1,583	6.2
Bohemia	25,719	445	1.7
Canada (English)	102,181	5,071	5.0
Canada (French)	78,978	41,444	52.5
Denmark	15,380	268	1.7
England and Wales	153,912	18,047	11.7
France	21,164	851	4.0
Germany	538,192	21,791	4.0
Hungary	14,631	1,350	9.2
Ireland	634,201	58,817	9.3
Italy	26,093	2,316	8.9
Norway	47,934	250	0.5
Poland	38,536	5,793	15.0
Russia	40,816	968	2.4
Scotland	46,173	4,693	10.2
Sweden	81,148	2,037	2.5
Switzerland	15,125	875	5.8
Other countries	47,589	3,750	7.9
Mixed foreign parentage	112,827	8,211	7.3

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Of the persons in the several classes of foreign parentage, the occupation of textile mill operatives is of greatest importance for the French Canadians, Poles, English, and Scotch. The large proportion of French Canadian breadwinners—more than three times as great as that shown for any of the other classes—is indicative of the fact that the immigrants from French Canada and their children are found mainly in the towns of New England, where the textile mills are an important source of employment for the lower grades of workers. They form the largest foreign class in the occupation with the exception of the Irish; but neither of these classes is as important numerically as the native whites of native parents.

Age.—The age distribution of the female textile mill operatives 16 years of age and over is presented for each race and nativity class in Table CIII.

TABLE CIII.—DISTRIBUTION, BY AGE, OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.

AGE.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES									
	All classes.		Native white—				Foreign born white.		Negro.	
			Both parents native.		One or both parents foreign born.					
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Total	231,458	100.0	74,617	100.0	77,521	100.0	78,833	100.0	481	100.0
16 to 24 years	146,126	63.1	51,514	69.0	50,126	64.7	44,231	56.1	252	52.4
25 to 34 years	51,236	22.1	12,894	17.3	19,204	24.8	19,058	24.2	90	18.7
35 to 44 years	21,560	9.3	5,645	7.6	6,408	8.3	9,455	12.0	51	10.6
45 to 54 years	8,363	3.6	2,749	3.7	1,470	1.9	4,105	5.2	37	7.7
55 to 64 years	2,849	1.2	1,187	1.6	220	0.3	1,420	1.8	22	4.6
65 years and over	967	0.4	484	0.6	54	0.1	406	0.5	23	4.8
Age unknown	357	0.2	154	0.2	39	0.1	158	0.2	6	1.2

Young women predominate among female textile mill operatives, those from 16 to 24 years of age forming 63.1 per cent, or more than three-fifths of the total number of women so employed. Of the other occupations employing more than 5,000 women, only 7 show a higher percentage of young women (see Table XXIV, page 36). Of the separate occupations included under the general classification of textile mill operatives, 2 show a higher percentage of young women than does the group as a whole—silk mill operatives, with 72.3 per cent, and hosiery and knitting mill operatives, with 70 per cent—and these two pursuits rank second and fifth, respectively, among all occupations in the proportion of women 16 to 24 years of age.

The white female textile mill operatives of native birth and parentage were somewhat younger on the whole than those of native birth and foreign parentage, and considerably younger than those of foreign birth. It is probable that this difference reflects the recent rapid development of textile manufactures in the South, where the great majority of the adult female operatives have been recruited from among the young white women of native parentage.

The age distribution of the female textile mill operatives in the leading states is given in Table CIV.

In the Northern states the female textile mill operatives are considerably older than in the Southern states, since the proportion in the age group 16 to 24 years was but 61.7 per cent in the North and West, as compared with 72.1 per cent in the South. Even wider differences are shown for individual states. In Massachusetts, the leading Northern state in the industry, where the number of white women of native parentage employed as textile mill operatives is relatively small, the proportion of women under 25 years of age is but 57.1 per cent, as compared with 77.1 per cent for North Carolina, the leading Southern state.

TABLE CIV.—DISTRIBUTION, BY AGE, OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES, FOR LEADING STATES: 1900.

STATE.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES.								
	Total.[1]	Number.				Per cent.			
		16 to 24 years.	25 to 44 years.	45 to 64 years.	65 years and over.	16 to 24 years.	25 to 44 years.	45 to 64 years.	65 years and over.
Continental United States	231,101	146,126	72,796	11,212	967	63.2	31.5	4.9	0.4
Northern and Western states	196,152	120,945	64,520	9,827	860	61.7	32.9	5.0	0.4
Maine	7,902	4,462	2,857	551	32	56.5	36.2	7.0	0.4
New Hampshire	12,088	6,510	4,714	814	50	53.9	39.0	6.7	0.4
Vermont	1,281	716	469	89	7	55.9	36.6	6.9	0.5
Massachusetts	60,023	34,610	22,616	3,241	156	57.1	37.3	5.3	0.3
Rhode Island	16,911	9,465	5,594	821	31	56.5	35.2	5.2	0.2
Connecticut	11,706	7,313	3,836	524	33	62.5	32.8	4.5	0.3
New York	24,046	14,699	7,995	1,248	103	61.1	33.3	5.2	0.4
New Jersey	15,068	9,937	4,471	572	38	66.3	29.7	3.8	0.3
Pennsylvania	35,907	25,072	9,383	1,053	99	70.4	26.4	3.0	0.3
Ohio	1,950	1,267	432	189	62	65.0	22.2	9.7	3.2
Indiana	2,097	1,429	526	111	31	68.1	25.1	5.3	1.5
Illinois	1,541	1,064	312	131	34	69.0	20.2	8.5	2.2
Michigan	1,838	1,271	428	104	35	69.2	23.3	5.7	1.9
Wisconsin	2,229	1,775	346	72	36	79.6	15.5	3.2	1.6
All other	2,265	1,305	540	307	113	57.6	23.8	13.6	5.0
Southern states	34,949	25,181	8,276	1,385	107	72.1	23.7	4.0	0.3
Maryland	2,304	1,536	636	120	12	66.7	27.6	5.2	0.5
Virginia	1,740	1,154	428	139	19	66.3	24.6	8.0	1.1
North Carolina	9,594	7,401	1,915	263	15	77.1	20.0	2.7	0.2
South Carolina	6,969	5,271	1,498	195	5	75.6	21.5	2.8	0.1
Georgia	5,825	3,854	1,627	334	10	66.2	27.9	5.7	0.2
Kentucky	1,235	789	358	67	21	63.9	29.0	5.4	1.7
Tennessee	1,613	1,128	409	69	7	69.9	25.4	4.3	0.4
Alabama	2,857	2,094	675	85	3	73.3	23.6	3.0	0.1
All other	2,812	1,954	730	113	15	69.5	26.9	4.0	0.5

[1] Not including age unknown.

The importance of this occupation among female breadwinners in the different age groups is shown in Table CV.

TABLE CV.—*Number and percentage of textile mill operatives among female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, classified by age, for continental United States: 1900.*

AGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Textile mill operatives.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Total	4,833,630	231,458	4.8
16 to 24 years	2,136,445	146,126	6.8
25 to 34 years	1,108,342	51,236	4.4
35 to 44 years	675,032	21,560	3.2
45 to 54 years	440,825	8,363	1.9
55 to 64 years	256,705	2,849	1.1
65 years and over	138,587	967	0.7
Age unknown	17,694	357	2.0

Textile mill operatives are most important in the age group from 16 to 24 years, where the proportion which they constitute of the total number of women gainfully employed is 6.8 per cent. In the following age group there is a marked falling off in relative importance, and a similar falling off, though less marked, is shown for each succeeding group. The decrease in relative importance in the older age groups is, however, occasioned largely by the high proportion which certain other occupations, such as farmers, housekeepers, show for these groups (see Table XXIV, page 36).

Table CVI shows for each state the percentage which textile mill operatives constituted of female breadwinners in the three principal age groups.

TABLE CVI.—*Percentage of textile mill operatives among female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, classified by age, for leading states: 1900.*

STATE.	PER CENT OF TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.			
	Total.	16 to 24 years.	25 to 44 years.	45 years and over.
Continental United States	4.8	6.8	3.9	1.5
Northern and Western states	6.1	8.0	5.2	2.2
Maine	15.8	21.7	15.1	5.6
New Hampshire	30.4	40.4	29.3	11.6
Vermont	5.9	8.0	5.8	2.0
Massachusetts	19.1	25.7	16.2	8.1
Rhode Island	33.1	42.2	28.5	14.1
Connecticut	14.0	19.0	11.6	4.6
New York	3.8	5.0	3.2	1.5
New Jersey	10.6	14.4	8.4	3.1
Pennsylvania	9.0	13.0	6.4	2.1
Ohio	0.8	1.2	0.5	0.6
Indiana	1.9	3.0	1.3	0.7
Illinois	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.5
Michigan	1.5	2.0	1.0	0.7
Wisconsin	2.1	2.9	1.0	0.8
All other	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.4
Southern states	2.2	4.0	1.4	0.4
Maryland	2.5	4.1	1.8	0.8
Virginia	1.5	2.7	1.0	0.5
North Carolina	7.5	13.4	4.5	0.9
South Carolina	4.9	8.5	2.9	0.7
Georgia	3.2	5.3	2.3	0.9
Kentucky	1.3	2.3	0.9	0.4
Tennessee	1.6	3.1	1.0	0.3
Alabama	1.8	3.3	1.2	0.3
All other	0.5	0.9	0.3	0.1

For each of the age groups textile mill operatives are much more important relatively in the Northern than in the Southern states. In the majority of the New England states the percentages are especially high, indicating the importance of the textile industries as a source of occupation in those states.

In the South the presence of a large number of negroes reduces the relative importance of the occupation. The importance of the occupation for young white women of native parentage is, however, reflected in the relatively high percentages shown for the age group 16 to 24 years in North Carolina and South Carolina.

Marital condition.—The proportion of single women in any group of textile mill operatives will depend to a considerable extent upon the proportion of women 16 to 24 years of age in the group. Other factors, however, are to be taken into consideration, as may be seen by a comparison of the age distribution presented in Table CIV with the distribution by marital condition given in Table CVII.

TABLE CVII.—DISTRIBUTION,[1] BY MARITAL CONDITION, OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES, FOR LEADING STATES: 1900.

STATE.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES.								
	Total.	Number.				Per cent.			
		Single.[2]	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.	Single.[2]	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.
Continental United States	231,458	184,826	33,234	12,189	1,210	79.9	14.4	5.3	0.5
Northern and Western states	196,423	158,615	27,195	9,630	983	80.8	13.8	4.9	0.5
Maine	7,907	5,358	2,080	381	88	67.8	26.3	4.8	1.1
New Hampshire	12,116	8,464	2,884	666	122	69.9	23.6	5.5	1.0
Vermont	1,282	973	210	83	16	75.9	16.4	6.5	1.2
Massachusetts	60,695	46,162	11,492	2,829	212	76.1	18.9	4.7	0.3
Rhode Island	15,941	13,001	2,140	702	98	81.6	13.4	4.4	0.6
Connecticut	11,787	9,883	1,408	461	35	83.8	11.9	3.9	0.3
New York	24,061	20,033	2,581	1,371	76	83.3	10.7	5.7	0.3
New Jersey	15,073	12,341	1,427	757	48	85.2	9.5	5.0	0.3
Pennsylvania	35,628	32,140	1,942	1,402	144	90.2	5.5	3.9	0.4
Ohio	1,951	1,597	160	178	16	81.9	8.2	9.1	0.8
Indiana	2,097	1,783	126	168	20	85.0	6.1	7.5	1.3
Illinois	1,542	1,283	103	133	23	83.2	6.7	8.6	1.5
Michigan	1,841	1,492	213	116	20	81.0	11.6	6.3	1.1
Wisconsin	2,230	2,030	83	98	19	91.0	3.7	4.4	0.9
All other	2,272	1,575	364	295	38	69.3	16.0	13.0	1.7
Southern states	35,035	26,210	6,039	2,559	227	74.8	17.2	7.3	0.6
Maryland	2,311	2,114	98	90	9	91.5	4.2	3.9	0.4
Virginia	1,744	1,296	265	176	7	74.3	15.2	10.1	0.4
North Carolina	9,807	7,617	1,529	433	28	78.3	15.9	4.5	0.3
South Carolina	6,975	4,673	1,880	394	28	67.0	27.0	5.6	0.4
Georgia	5,846	3,915	1,154	708	69	67.0	19.7	12.1	1.2
Kentucky	1,235	994	122	105	14	80.5	9.9	8.5	1.1
Tennessee	1,622	1,267	175	163	17	78.1	10.8	10.0	1.0
Alabama	2,880	2,091	495	264	30	72.6	17.2	9.2	1.0
All other	2,815	2,243	321	226	25	79.7	11.4	8.0	0.9

[1] On the assumption that all the married, widowed, and divorced women in this occupation are 16 years of age and over.
[2] Including unknown.

In spite of the younger age of textile mill operatives in the South, shown by Table CIV, the proportion of single women among them is much lower than in the North, where about four-fifths of the total number of women in this employment are single, as compared with slightly less than three-fourths in the Southern states. The proportion of married women is higher in the South than in the North; yet in Maine and New Hampshire it is higher than in any Southern state except South Carolina.

The percentage of widows among the female textile mill operatives is also larger in the South than in the North. Large numbers of widows in the South resort to the mill towns in order the more readily to find employment for themselves and their children. In general, the larger proportion of married and widowed in the South would seem to indicate that the economic necessity impelling them to take up the occupation is greater than in the North.

In the North and West there was more or less correspondence between the rank of the several states in the percentage of young women among female textile mill operatives and their rank in the percentage of single women among these operatives. In Pennsylvania, with 70.4 per cent of its operatives 16 to 24 years of age, 90.2 per cent were single; and in Massachusetts, with 57.1 per cent in the youngest age group, 76.1 per cent were single.

Comparison with census of 1890.—One of the most interesting topics connected with the discussion of women at work is that of the increase in numbers. In order, however, to obtain comparable figures the age limits must be extended to include women 15 years of age. Table CVIII gives the number and per cent distribution by race and nativity of female textile mill operatives 15 years of age and over in 1890 and 1900 and the amount and per cent of increase in each nativity class for the decade.

TABLE CVIII.—*Distribution and increase, by race and nativity, of women 15 years of age and over employed as textile mill operatives, for continental United States: 1900 and 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES.					
	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
All classes	250,376	100.0	211,112	100.0	39,264	18.6
Native white—both parents native	82,228	32.8	55,527	26.3	26,701	48.1
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	84,211	33.6	77,471	36.7	6,740	8.7
Foreign born white	83,405	33.3	77,334	36.6	6,071	7.9
Negro	526	0.2	773	0.4	[1] 247	[2] 32.0
Indian	0	[3]	7	[3]	[1] 1	[3]

[1] Decrease.
[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.
[3] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

The particular significance of the table is the change in the per cent distribution of female textile mill operatives between 1890 and 1900. At the beginning of this decennial period the native whites of native parentage formed 26.3 per cent of the textile mill operatives in continental United States, as compared with 32.8 per cent at the end of the period; while the other three nativity classes each had a lower percentage in 1900 than in 1890.

During the decade, therefore, the increase in the number of native white women of native parentage in the textile mills was much greater than that of either of the other classes, and formed 68 per cent of the increase in the total number of female textile mill operatives. The exceedingly large increase in this class is to be accounted for by the rapid development of the textile industries—especially of the cotton manufactures—in the South.

Table CIX shows, for 1890 and 1900, the percentage which textile mill operatives formed of the total number of female breadwinners in each race and nativity class.

TABLE CIX.—*Number and percentage of textile mill operatives among female breadwinners 15 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for continental United States: 1900 and 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	1900			1890		
	Total.	Textile mill operatives.		Total.	Textile mill operatives.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	4,997,415	250,376	5.0	3,712,144	211,112	5.7
Native white—both parents native	1,824,800	82,228	4.5	1,310,148	55,527	4.2
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,137,649	84,211	7.4	774,751	77,471	10.0
Foreign born white	861,274	83,405	9.7	750,006	77,334	10.2
Negro	1,102,218	526	(1)	867,717	773	0.1

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

The native white female breadwinners of native parentage were the only ones among whom the importance of the textile mills as a source of employment for women increased. In 1900 the textile mill operatives formed 4.5 per cent of the total number of adult female breadwinners of this class as contrasted with 4.2 per cent in 1890. Although apparently this is only a slight increase, it is particularly significant in view of the decrease in the percentages reported for each of the other classes, for it reflects the development of the textile industry in the South.

The development of the industry in the South also affects the figures in Table CX, which shows the age distribution of the three white classes of female textile mill operatives for 1890 and 1900.

TABLE CX.—*Distribution and increase, by age, of women 15 years of age and over employed as textile mill operatives, classified by race and nativity, for continental United States: 1900 and 1890.*

WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES.

AGE.	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
ALL CLASSES.						
Total	250,376	100.0	211,112	100.0	39,264	18.6
15 to 24 years	155,044	65.9	142,075	67.8	21,969	15.4
25 to 34 years	51,236	20.5	40,832	19.4	10,384	25.4
35 to 44 years	21,260	8.6	14,048	6.9	6,912	47.2
45 to 54 years	8,363	3.3	6,947	3.3	1,416	20.4
55 to 64 years	2,849	1.1	2,257	1.5	[1] 408	[1] 12.5
65 years and over	967	0.4	1,926	0.9	[1] 959	[1] 49.8
Age unknown	257	0.2	407	0.2	[1] 50	[1] 12.3
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.						
Total	82,228	100.0	55,527	100.0	26,701	48.1
15 to 24 years	59,125	71.9	35,294	63.6	23,831	67.5
25 to 34 years	12,884	15.7	9,272	16.7	3,612	39.0
35 to 44 years	5,645	6.9	4,811	8.7	834	17.3
45 to 54 years	2,749	3.3	2,836	5.1	[1] 87	[1] 3.1
55 to 64 years	1,187	1.4	1,797	3.2	[1] 610	[1] 33.9
65 years and over	484	0.6	1,350	2.4	[1] 866	[1] 64.1
Age unknown	154	0.2	167	0.3	[1] 13	[1] 7.8
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.						
Total	84,211	100.0	77,471	100.0	6,740	8.7
15 to 24 years	56,816	67.5	50,365	76.7	[2] 2,579	[1] 4.3
25 to 34 years	19,204	22.8	14,543	18.8	4,661	32.0
35 to 44 years	5,408	7.6	2,710	3.5	3,698	136.5
45 to 54 years	1,470	1.7	521	0.7	949	182.1
55 to 64 years	220	0.3	133	0.2	87	65.4
65 years and over	54	0.1	103	0.1	[1] 49	[1] 47.6
Age unknown	39	(4)	56	0.1	[1] 27	[1] (4)
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.						
Total	83,405	100.0	77,334	100.0	6,071	7.9
15 to 24 years	48,808	58.5	48,028	62.1	775	1.6
25 to 34 years	19,058	22.8	16,881	21.8	2,177	12.9
35 to 44 years	9,455	11.3	7,044	9.1	2,411	34.2
45 to 54 years	4,105	4.9	3,511	4.5	594	16.9
55 to 64 years	1,420	1.7	1,283	1.7	137	10.7
65 years and over	406	0.5	419	0.5	[1] 13	[1] 3.1
Age unknown	158	0.2	168	0.2	[1] 10	[1] 6.0

[1] Decrease.
[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.
[4] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

The most striking difference between the three classes of white female textile mill operatives was in the age period 15 to 24 years. Among the native whites of native parentage the increase of textile mill operatives within these ages was 67.5 per cent, as contrasted with an increase of only 1.6 per cent among the foreign born whites and a decrease of 4.3 per cent among the native whites of foreign parentage. Among the native whites of native parentage this age period of 15 to 24 became of much greater importance during the decade, since the percentage of the total number of female textile mill operatives of this nativity class who were within these ages increased from 63.6 in 1890 to 71.9 in 1900. Among the classes of foreign birth or parentage, on the other hand, the importance of textile mill operatives of these ages decreased noticeably, for the percentage which those 15 to 24 formed of the total fell from 76.7 to 67.5 among the native white of foreign parentage and from 62.1 to 58.5 among the foreign born whites.

These changes in the youngest period are probably to be accounted for almost completely by the development of the industry in the South. Of course this accounts entirely for the increase in the number of native whites of native parentage. That the foreign born whites increased but little while the native whites of foreign parentage actually decreased was probably largely the result of the competition of the Southern mills in the production of the coarser grades of cotton, which practically retarded the growth of mills manufacturing such goods in the North.

Table CX also suggests some other interesting subjects for consideration. Possibly the decrease in the older age periods, which is shown for all classes, results from the increased speed of modern machinery which makes the work too tiring for old people. The decrease in the number of native whites of native parentage in the age periods over 44 may also reflect the gradual replacement of this class by the foreign born whites and the native whites of foreign parentage which was in progress before the introduction of the industry in the South led to a large increase in the numbers of young women of this class.

The difference in the development of the textile industry during the decade in the two sections of the country is shown in Table CXI, in which the increase in the number of female operatives 10 years of age and over is shown for the principal states.

In the Northern and Western states the number of female textile mill operatives 10 years of age and over increased 11.7 per cent, while in the Southern states the percentage of increase was 104.2. In no one of the important textile states of the North except New Jersey and Pennsylvania was the percentage of increase large, but in the leading Southern states, North and South Carolina, the increase was one of nearly 200 per cent in each instance.

TABLE CXI.—*Increase in number of females 10 years of age and over employed as textile mill operatives, for leading states: 1900 and 1890.*

STATE.	FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEXTILE MILL OPERATIVES.			
	1900	1890	Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
			Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	278,343	228,302	50,041	21.9
Northern and Western states	226,657	202,990	23,667	11.7
Maine	9,027	8,833	194	2.2
New Hampshire	13,406	14,430	[1] 1,024	[1] 7.1
Vermont	1,466	1,372	94	6.9
Massachusetts	66,644	58,558	8,086	13.8
Rhode Island	18,605	18,613	[1] 8	(2)
Connecticut	13,216	13,174	42	0.3
New York	26,885	26,012	873	3.4
New Jersey	17,988	14,720	3,268	22.2
Pennsylvania	45,436	32,976	12,460	37.8
Ohio	2,246	3,076	[1] 830	[1] 27.0
Indiana	2,385	2,683	[1] 298	[1] 11.1
Illinois	1,771	2,355	[1] 584	[1] 24.8
Michigan	2,033	1,361	672	49.4
Wisconsin	2,906	1,926	980	50.9
All other	2,643	2,901	[1] 258	[1] 8.9
Southern states	51,686	25,312	26,374	104.2
Maryland	3,029	2,938	91	3.1
Virginia	2,236	1,511	725	48.0
North Carolina	14,969	5,162	9,807	190.0
South Carolina	11,164	3,747	7,417	197.9
Georgia	8,483	4,561	3,922	86.0
Kentucky	1,527	1,602	[1] 75	[1] 4.7
Tennessee	2,136	1,621	515	31.8
Alabama	4,449	1,830	2,619	143.1
All other	3,693	2,340	1,353	57.8

[1] Decrease. [2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Family relationship.—Another important subject is the position of the female textile mill operatives in the families to which they belong. To determine this a special tabulation has been made for the cotton mill operatives in 9 cities.[1] To have included in this tabulation female operatives employed in all branches of the textile industry would have involved an additional amount of labor which, as a large proportion of all female textile mill operatives are employed in cotton mills, was considered inadvisable. The 19,223 female cotton mill operatives who were included in the special tabulation are classified by race, nativity, and marital condition in the following tabular statement. As 14,999, or 78 per cent, of them were in Fall River and Lowell, the statistics are principally illustrative of the conditions in these 2 cities.

[1] The cities included were selected primarily on the basis of the total number of female breadwinners 16 years and over in all occupations, and without special reference to the number employed in the cotton mills. Accordingly some of the cities included in the list are of little importance so far as this occupation is concerned. The 9 cities included with the number of women in each employed in cotton mills are as follows: Fall River, Mass., 10,274; Lowell, Mass., 4,725; Baltimore, Md., 1,132; Philadelphia, Pa., 1,110; Newark, N. J., 584; Providence, R. I., 570; New Orleans, La., 336; Atlanta, Ga., 334; and Indianapolis, Ind., 158.

WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS COTTON MILL OPERATIVES IN 9 SELECTED CITIES.

MARITAL CONDITION.	All classes.	Native white— Both parents native.	Native white— One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	Negro.
Total	19,223	2,793	4,909	11,505	16
Single (including unknown)	13,752	2,262	4,034	7,450	6
Married	4,222	322	657	3,241	2
Widowed and divorced	1,249	209	218	814	8

The white women in each of the race, nativity, and marital classes shown in this tabular statement are distributed in Table 26 (page 198) according to their relationship to the family in which they live. The percentages derived from this distribution are given in Table CXII.

Of the 19,223 adult female cotton mill operatives in the 9 selected cities, 3,908, or 20.3 per cent, boarded. If this percentage is compared with those which obtained in the other 16 occupations covered by the special tabulation, it will be found that the proportion of boarders was higher among the women engaged in 5 (see Table 26, page 198). These 5, with the percentage which boarders formed of the total number of women engaged in each, were as follows: Servants and waitresses, 79.5; housekeepers and stewardesses, 65.5; nurses and midwives, 61.3; teachers, 27.7; and stenographers and typewriters, 20.7. Of these, the first 3 were occupations in which the women often almost necessarily lived with their employers, a relationship to the family treated in this tabulation as equivalent to boarding. The percentage of boarders among the adult female cotton mill operatives, therefore, compared with that among women engaged in occupations which do not necessitate boarding, was high.

Among the several classes, however, some wide differences will be noted in this percentage. It was lowest among the single native whites of foreign parentage and highest among the widowed and divorced native whites of native parentage. For all nativity classes it was highest among the widowed and divorced; for the two native white classes it was lowest among the single, but for the foreign born whites it was lowest among the married.

Of the adult female cotton mill operatives who lived at home, the largest proportion were in families of which the father was the head. An inspection of the figures for the three marital classes will show, however, that this was true only of the single. The largest proportion of married women lived with some other relative, probably in most cases the husband, while the largest number of the widowed and divorced women were themselves heads of families. As compared with the native whites, either of native or foreign parentage, few foreign born whites, in proportion to their numbe lived with father or mother. The reason for this is, course, that in many cases they had no parents in t country. That fewer native white women of nati parentage than native white women of foreign pare age were living at home was due probably to the fa that many of native parentage left their families a came to the cities from rural districts, while most of t native whites of foreign parentage were born in t cities.

TABLE CXII.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by family relationship, women 16 years of age and over employed as cotton mill operati classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for nine selec cities: 1900.*

PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF WOM 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER PLOYED AS COTTON MILL OPE TIVES.

FAMILY RELATIONSHIP.	All classes.	Native white— Both parents native.	Native white— One or both parents foreign born.	Forei born whit
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	10
Living at home	79.7	77.6	87.4	7
Heads of families	6.7	5.1	4.6	
With father	24.6	40.2	43.9	2
With mother	14.7	17.0	21.5	1
With other relative	23.6	15.3	17.4	2
Boarding[2]	20.3	22.4	12.6	2
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	10
Living at home	80.0	80.3	88.6	7
Heads of families	3.0	2.1	2.6	
With father	46.2	47.8	51.4	4
With mother	18.8	19.1	24.1	1
With other relative	12.0	11.3	10.5	1
Boarding[2]	20.0	19.7	11.4	2
MARRIED.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	10
Living at home	80.8	68.3	83.7	8
Heads of families	6.3	6.2	5.3	
With father	5.5	8.7	9.4	
With mother	4.0	6.5	8.2	
With other relative	65.2	46.9	60.7	6
Boarding[2]	19.1	31.7	16.3	1
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	10
Living at home	72.2	62.2	77.5	7
Heads of families	49.0	35.4	39.4	5
With father	5.8	6.2	10.1	
With mother	6.4	10.0	12.8	
With other relative	11.0	10.6	15.1	
Boarding[2]	27.8	37.8	22.5	2

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 26, page 198.
[2] Includes those living with employer

Other breadwinners in the family.—Fully as important as the subject of the relationship of the female cotton mill operative to the family in which she lives is the question of how far she is the source of support of that family. This question is considered in Table CXIII, which gives the per cent distribution of the adult female cotton mill operatives in the 9 selected cities by the number of other breadwinners in the family. The actual numbers from which these percentages are derived are presented in Table 27 (page 208).

TABLE CXIII.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by number of other breadwinners in the family, of women 16 years of age and over employed as cotton mill operatives, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for nine selected cities: 1900.*

CLASS.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS COTTON MILL OPERATIVES.			
	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	79.7	77.6	87.4	76.8
In families having—				
No other breadwinners	4.9	4.4	4.5	5.1
One other	22.2	18.1	21.7	23.4
Two other	17.8	19.4	21.0	16.0
More than two other	34.8	35.7	40.2	32.4
Boarding[2]	20.3	22.4	12.6	23.2
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	80.0	80.3	88.6	75.2
In families having—				
No other breadwinners	3.6	3.0	3.7	3.7
One other	14.2	16.2	17.0	12.2
Two other	19.2	21.0	22.2	17.0
More than two other	42.9	40.1	45.7	42.3
Boarding[2]	20.0	19.7	11.4	24.8
MARRIED.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	80.9	68.3	83.7	81.6
In families having—				
No other breadwinners	4.1	5.0	3.8	4.1
One other	46.3	32.3	50.2	49.5
Two other	13.6	12.1	15.5	13.4
More than two other	14.9	18.9	14.2	14.7
Boarding[2]	19.1	31.7	16.3	18.4
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	72.2	62.2	77.5	73.1
In families having—				
No other breadwinners	21.9	18.2	22.5	22.6
One other	21.2	16.7	23.4	21.7
Two other	15.9	13.4	14.2	17.1
More than two other	13.2	13.9	17.4	11.7
Boarding[2]	27.8	37.8	22.5	26.9

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 27, page 208.
[2] Includes those living with employer.

Of the 19,223 cotton mill operatives who were included in the tabulation, but 936, or 4.9 per cent, were in families of which they were the only breadwinners, while 6,699, or 34.8 per cent, were in families in which the other breadwinners numbered more than 2. Similar tabulations were made for 16 other occupations, only 1 of which, that of servants and waitresses, showed a smaller percentage of the total living in families having no other breadwinners. None of these 16 showed a higher percentage living in families having more than 2 other breadwinners (see Table 27, page 208). The reason why the female cotton mill operatives were assisted by more breadwinners than women engaged in other occupations was probably twofold: The families of the cotton mill operatives were often the larger; and the young children of such families, living as they do in mill towns, probably found employment earlier than children of the other classes of families.

Wide variations will be noted in the figures for the three marital classes. Of the single, the largest percentage (42.9) lived in families having more than 2 other breadwinners; of the married, the largest (48.3) lived in families having 1 other breadwinner; while of the married and divorced, the largest (27.8) boarded. Such variations are, of course, to be explained largely by the facts brought out in Table CXII. The single female operatives generally lived with the father or mother and thus had the parents and brothers and sisters to aid them. The married usually lived with the husband, who was the 1 other breadwinner, since in most cases the children, if there were any, were too young to be gainfully occupied. The widowed and divorced women were often themselves heads of families, and in such cases, unless they had children old enough to help them, would naturally be the only breadwinners.

The figures for the three white classes of female cotton mill operatives do not disclose any very marked differences. It would seem that the foreign born whites had fewer other breadwinners in their families than either class of native whites, and this would naturally be expected, since probably fewer members of their families were in this country. The figures for the married, however, would not support this view; but it should be noted that the figures for the several classes of married, and also of widowed and divorced, are almost too small to permit safe generalization.

SALESWOMEN.

In 1900, 142,265 women 16 years of age and over were reported as saleswomen in continental United States. As a field of employment for women this occupation ranked eighth. Although numerically considered the occupation of saleswomen is one of the most important in the employment of women, it is not one of those in

which this sex assumes relatively high proportions. Of the 611,139 persons reported in 1900 for the occupation "salesmen and saleswomen," only 23.3 per cent were women, and but 24.4 per cent were females 10 years of age and over, the proportion in each case being less than one-fourth. Of the 46 other occupations employing at least 5,000 women, there were 31 in which the percentage of women was larger (see Table XXII, page 32). The proportion of women among salesmen and saleswomen is, however, larger than it is among all persons gainfully employed, for whom the percentage is 17.7, a variation due of course to the wider range of occupations open to men.

From an economic standpoint this occupation may perhaps be regarded as occupying a median position. The work is probably less exhausting and the general conditions more attractive than is apt to be the case in the calling of a factory operative, and from a sanitary standpoint it is perhaps to be preferred, although conditions are often far from being ideal. On the other hand, the long, close confinement and the relatively low wages cause it to contrast unfavorably with a number of other occupations, and especially with those for which technical training is required.

Race and nativity.—Table CXIV presents the per cent distribution, by race and nativity, of saleswomen in the different geographic divisions of continental United States.

By far the largest proportion, 87.9 per cent, of the women employed as saleswomen in continental United States were native white women. These were divided in almost equal proportions between those of native and of foreign parentage, there being a difference of 3.3 per cent in favor of the latter. The proportion of foreign born white is relatively small, while that of colored (negro, Indian, and Mongolian) is insignificant.

Reference to Table XXIII (page 34) will show that this is one of the leading occupations in the proportion which the native white of foreign parentage constitute of the total number of women employed, its rank in this respect being sixth. Of the 5 occupations reporting a higher percentage for this nativity class, none employed over 20,000 women.

TABLE CXIV.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by race and nativity, of saleswomen 16 years of age and over, for geographic divisions: 1900.*

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	SALESWOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	Number.	Per cent.				
		Native white—				
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
Continental United States.	142,265	42.3	45.6	11.9	0.3
North Atlantic	69,258	36.4	49.0	14.5	0.1
South Atlantic	9,000	68.0	26.1	4.4	1.5
North Central	49,259	41.7	47.3	10.9	0.1
South Central	7,994	66.5	27.6	4.5	1.4
Western	6,754	43.1	45.3	11.3	0.2

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 24, page 187.

Reference to Table 25 (page 196) will show that the territorial distribution for this occupation does not follow the distribution of the total population or that of all women gainfully employed, but that there is a marked concentration in the more populous sections of the country where trade and commerce are most highly developed. The North Atlantic and the North Central divisions, which comprised 62.4 per cent, or about three-fifths of the total population, reported 83.3 per cent, or five-sixths, of the saleswomen, the North Atlantic division alone reporting 48.7 per cent, or nearly one-half, although this division comprises only 27.7 per cent of the total population. The 4 leading states, New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, and Illinois, in the order named, each with over 10,000 saleswomen, reported an aggregate of 69,305, representing 48.7 per cent, or nearly one-half, of the total number of saleswomen, although these states comprised but 27.9 per cent, or about one-fourth, of the total population.

Table CXV shows, for the different race and nativity classes, the proportion of saleswomen 16 years of age and over among all female breadwinners of the same age, for the country at large, for the large cities, and for the smaller cities and country districts.

TABLE CXV.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF SALESWOMEN AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS AND IN SMALLER CITIES AND COUNTRY DISTRICTS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.								
	Aggregate.			In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.		
	Total.	Saleswomen.		Total.	Saleswomen.		Total.	Saleswomen.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	4,833,630	142,265	2.9	1,657,728	83,849	5.1	3,175,902	58,416	1.8
Native white—both parents native	1,771,966	60,120	3.4	414,954	27,234	6.6	1,357,012	32,886	2.4
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,090,744	64,857	5.9	554,806	43,717	7.9	535,938	21,140	3.9
Foreign born white	840,011	16,896	2.0	494,044	12,743	2.6	345,967	4,153	1.2
Negro	1,119,621	378	(1)	193,317	151	0.1	926,304	227	(1)
Indian and Mongolian	11,288	14	0.1	607	4	0.7	10,681	10	0.1

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

It will be seen that in a comparison restricted to the white race, the occupation is most important for the native born of foreign parentage and least important for those of foreign birth, the proportion of female breadwinners 16 years and over employed as saleswomen being almost three times as great in the former nativity class as in the latter.

Among female breadwinners of all classes saleswomen form a much larger proportion in the large cities than in the smaller cities and country districts, the proportion in the former being 5.1 per cent, or about 1 in 20, and in the latter 1.8 per cent, or less than 1 in 50. For each race and nativity class the proportion is also higher in the large cities. The large number of women engaged in agricultural pursuits in the rural districts is of course a factor in producing these differences, but even when women employed in these pursuits are excluded, in the smaller cities and country districts the proportion that saleswomen constitute of the total number of women gainfully employed in pursuits other than agricultural would be but 2.4 per cent, or less than half as great as the corresponding percentage for the large cities.

The fact that in the large cities as well as in the smaller cities and country districts, the occupation is less important for native white women of native parentage than for those of foreign parentage may indicate that women of the former nativity class are more apt to enter pursuits requiring a special training and skill, and are consequently on a somewhat higher economic plane than is represented by this occupation.

It will be seen that while the numbers of native white of native and of foreign parentage are nearly the same for the country at large, there is a marked difference in the distribution in the different areas. In the large cities more than one-half of the saleswomen are native white of foreign parentage, while in the smaller cities and country districts more than one-half are native white of native parentage. These variations are of course due mainly to differences in the composition of the general population.

A reference to Table 23 (page 178) will show more clearly the degree to which the occupation tends to concentrate in the large cities. Of the total number of saleswomen 16 years of age and over, 58.9 per cent, or nearly three-fifths, are in cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants, although the corresponding proportion for all women gainfully employed is but 34.3 per cent, or about one-third. Only 11 of the 47 occupations employing at least 5,000 women and but 3 of those employing at least 20,000 women show a higher proportion in the large cities. It will be seen from Table CXV that this concentration of saleswomen in the cities is especially marked, for the native white of foreign parentage and for the foreign born white, the percentages in cities being 67.4 and 75.4, respectively.

The greater importance of the occupation in the large cities is due of course to the much higher development of mercantile enterprises in these cities. But this development has also resulted in women becoming much more important in the occupation. In the big department store where there are frequently hundreds of employees, women are, as a rule, employed to a much greater degree proportionally than in smaller establishments. This fact is perhaps more clearly indicated in Table CXVI, which shows the proportion of females among the total number of salesmen and saleswomen 10 years of age and over for 10 cities, selected as having the highest development of trade and representing the principal sections of the country.

TABLE CXVI.—*Number and percentage of females among salesmen and saleswomen 10 years of age and over, for ten selected cities: 1900.*

CITY.	SALESMEN AND SALESWOMEN 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Saleswomen.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	611,139	149,230	24.4
New York[1]	43,701	15,149	34.7
Chicago	29,838	7,816	26.2
Philadelphia	24,150	7,822	32.4
St. Louis	11,536	2,585	22.4
Boston	14,221	5,136	36.1
Baltimore	7,979	3,042	38.1
San Francisco	6,988	1,434	20.5
New Orleans	2,891	786	27.2
Washington	3,964	1,320	33.3
Denver	2,848	777	27.3

[1] Includes Manhattan and Bronx boroughs only.

This table shows that in all but 2 of the selected cities the proportion of females in the occupation is higher than for the country at large, the difference in the case of Baltimore amounting to 13.7 per cent. In 5 cities—New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, and Washington—the proportion of females among salesmen and saleswomen is approximately 1 in 3 or even higher, and of these cities the first 3 probably are those in which the department store has attained the highest state of organization.

Parentage.—Table CXVII indicates the importance of the occupation for the principal parentage classes represented by saleswomen 10 years of age and over.

This table brings out clearly the effect which the unimportance of the occupation among the colored races has in reducing the general average, as a higher percentage is shown both for the native white of native parentage, and for all but three nationalities among those of foreign parentage than for the total of all races and nativities. For the two countries, Germany and Ireland, which furnish over three-fifths of all saleswomen of foreign parentage, the percentage of female breadwinners employed as saleswomen is higher than it is for all of foreign parentage, bringing out clearly the relative importance of the occupation for these nationalities. The occupation is most important relatively, however, for female breadwinners of Russian parentage, of whom 6.8 per cent were employed as saleswomen, against 4.9 per cent for those of German parentage, and 4.2 per cent for all of foreign parentage.

TABLE CXVII.—*Number and percentage of saleswomen among female breadwinners 10 years of age and over, classified by nativity of parents, for continental United States: 1900.*

PARENTAGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Saleswomen.	
		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	5,319,397	149,230	2.8
Native parentage	3,247,907	62,827	1.9
Native white	1,920,637	62,427	3.2
All other	1,321,270	400	(1)
Foreign parentage	2,071,490	86,403	4.2
Austria-Hungary[2]	65,940	2,245	3.4
Canada (English)	102,181	4,047	4.0
Canada (French)	78,979	1,736	2.2
France and Switzerland	36,289	1,287	3.5
Germany	538,192	26,449	4.9
Great Britain[3]	205,085	8,295	4.0
Ireland	634,201	27,090	4.3
Italy	26,093	717	2.7
Poland	38,536	1,375	3.6
Russia	40,816	2,767	6.8
Scandinavia[4]	144,662	3,030	2.1
All others[5]	160,516	7,365	4.6

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.
[2] Includes Bohemia.
[3] Includes England, Wales, and Scotland.
[4] Includes Denmark, Norway, and Sweden.
[5] Includes those of mixed foreign parentage.

Age.—Table CXVIII presents the distribution by age periods of saleswomen of each race and nativity class.

TABLE CXVIII.—*Distribution, by age, of saleswomen 16 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for the United States (area of enumeration):*[1] *1900.*

AGE.	SALESWOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
	NUMBER.				
Total	142,290	60,129	64,864	16,898	378
16 to 24 years	88,626	36,195	41,454	10,773	197
25 to 34 years	37,911	15,857	18,228	3,709	105
35 to 44 years	10,948	5,280	4,216	1,404	47
45 to 54 years	3,334	1,943	769	608	14
55 to 64 years	1,007	587	132	278	9
65 years and over	288	156	30	98	4
Age unknown	176	111	35	28	2
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
16 to 24 years	62.3	60.2	63.9	63.8	52.1
25 to 34 years	26.6	26.4	28.1	21.9	27.8
35 to 44 years	7.7	8.8	6.5	8.3	12.4
45 to 54 years	2.3	3.2	1.2	3.6	3.7
55 to 64 years	0.7	1.0	0.2	1.6	2.4
65 years and over	0.2	0.3	(2)	0.6	1.1
Age unknown	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.5

[1] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.
[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

This table shows that 62.3 per cent, or more than three-fifths, of the total number of saleswomen 16 years of age and over are under 25 years of age, and 88.9 per cent, or approximately nine-tenths, are under 35 years of age. There are no very marked contrasts in the per cent distribution shown for the three classes of white women. But the few negro women reported for this occupation are as a group considerably older than the white women. Reference to Table XXIV (page 36) will bring out even more clearly the fact that this is preeminently an occupation for young women. Of the 47 occupations employing at least 5,000 women, that of saleswomen ranks tenth in the proportion under 25 years of age, while only 5 of the occupations showing a higher proportion employ over 20,000 women.

Table CXIX shows, by age groups, the percentage of female breadwinners that are employed as saleswomen.

TABLE CXIX.—*Number and percentage of saleswomen among female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, classified by age, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

AGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Saleswomen.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Total	4,843,155	142,290	2.9
16 to 24 years	2,139,370	88,626	4.1
25 to 34 years	1,171,952	37,911	3.2
35 to 44 years	676,548	10,948	1.6
45 to 54 years	441,457	3,334	0.8
55 to 64 years	266,926	1,007	0.4
65 years and over	138,691	288	0.2
Age unknown	18,211	176	1.0

It appears from this table that for the race and nativity classes combined the occupation is most important relatively for females from 16 to 24 years of age, the percentage being 4.1, or about 1 in 25, against 2.9 for those of all ages. The percentage decreases in each succeeding age group.

Marital condition.—The following tabular statement presents, for continental United States, the distribution according to marital condition of saleswomen 16 years of age and over:

MARITAL CONDITION.	SALESWOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.	
	Number.[1]	Per cent distribution.[1]
Total	142,265	100.0
Single (including unknown)	128,409	90.3
Married	7,613	5.4
Widowed and divorced	6,243	4.4

[1] On the assumption that all the married, widowed, and divorced women in this occupation are 16 years of age and over.

It will be seen that this is preeminently an occupation for single women, and in fact it is 1 of the 10 occupations reporting the largest percentages of single

women. This high proportion of single women is generally characteristic of the trade and transportation group, 5 out of the 10 occupations reporting 90 per cent or more as single, belonging to this group (see Table 21, page 170). It may be noted that the high rank of this occupation in the percentage of single women corresponds closely to its rank in the percentage of women under 25 years of age. This indicates of course that large numbers of girls and young women enter this occupation and that comparatively few of them remain in it after they marry.

Comparison with previous censuses.—At censuses prior to 1870 salesmen and saleswomen were probably returned and classified as clerks. In 1870, however, a separate classification was adopted, but from the smallness of the total reported both at this census and that of 1880—14,203 and 32,279, respectively—it seems probable that persons who should properly have been reported for this occupation were still largely returned as clerks. The attention of the Census Bureau was called to this fact, and at the census of 1890, as well as in 1900, specific instructions were issued, cautioning the enumerators against confusing the two occupations.

Under these instructions the number of salesmen and saleswomen returned in 1890 was 264,394, an increase over 1880 of 232,115, or 719.1 per cent. In 1900 there was another phenomenal increase, the number reported at that census being 611,139. As stated in the Twelfth Census Report on Occupations,[1] it seems probable that even at the census of 1890 many salesmen or saleswomen had been improperly returned as clerks, and the fact that the latter occupation showed the comparatively small increase for both sexes of 72,769, or 13.1 per cent, would seem to bear out the theory that there was a more accurate segregation in 1900.

Because of the difference in the age periods adopted at the two censuses, it is impossible to make any comparison for female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, but the increase in the number of saleswomen 15 years and over was 89,406, or 156.4 per cent. The only occupations reporting a larger absolute increase in the total number of females employed were those of agricultural laborers and laundresses (see Table 22, page 176). Apart from the improved accuracy in classification, it is probable that the rapid development of the department store system in the larger cities may have had an important share in causing this increase.

This increase, whether real or apparent, has, however, resulted in a marked increase in the importance of this pursuit in the census returns. At the census of 1900 2.8 per cent of all females gainfully employed were reported for this occupation, against but 1.5 per cent at the census of 1890. There has also been an apparent increase in the importance of women in the occupation, 24.4 per cent of those reported as salesmen and saleswomen in 1900 being females, against 22.1 per cent in 1890. Although, for the reasons just mentioned, it is impossible to say just how far this represents an actual increase, it is certain that the development of the department store has had an important influence in raising the proportion of women employed. As compared with 1880, however, the increase is apparently slight, amounting to four-tenths of 1 per cent; but there is too much uncertainty attending this comparison to permit any conclusions to be drawn.

[1] Twelfth Census, Occupations, page xxvi.

Family relationship.—Table CXX presents statistics as to the family relationship of the 65,186 saleswomen in 27 selected cities, who represent 45.8 per cent, or nearly one-half, of the total number of saleswomen 16 years of age and over in the United States. The following tabular statement indicates the race, nativity, and marital condition of these saleswomen:

MARITAL CONDITION.	SALESWOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES:[1] 1900.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Total	65,186	19,396	35,093	10,595	102
Single (including unknown)	60,062	17,372	33,219	9,367	74
Married	2,486	919	839	712	16
Widowed and divorced	2,638	1,105	1,005	516	12

[1] For a list of these cities, see Table XLIV, page 56.

Grouping together all saleswomen, whatever their marital condition, reported as living with father, and all married saleswomen reported as living with other relative—who, in the majority of cases, was the husband—an aggregate is obtained of 31,936, or 49 per cent, of the total number of saleswomen in the selected cities (see Table 26, page 199). It is probably safe to assume that except in a relatively small proportion of these cases the father or husband is himself a wage-earner, and bears the main burden of the family support, so that the saleswoman's earnings in such cases are of value because they enable her to live according to a somewhat higher standard rather than because they are required for a livelihood. In view of the relatively low rates of wages paid in this occupation, the large proportion of saleswomen in this class is significant. It indicates that to at least half of the saleswomen in these large cities the wages received represent added comfort of living rather than the bare necessities; and, conversely, the prevailing rate of wages makes it inevitable that such women should be relatively numerous in the occupation. This ability to obtain a class of help not entirely dependent upon their earnings is probably a prominent factor in keeping down the rates of wages and in increasing the employment of women in the large department stores.

TABLE CXX.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by family relationship, of saleswomen 16 years of age and over, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for twenty-seven selected cities: 1900.*

FAMILY RELATIONSHIP.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF SALESWOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
		Native white—			
	All classes.	Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	Negro.
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	85.1	76.0	90.6	83.5	70.6
Heads of families	2.9	3.2	2.1	4.7	4.9
With father	47.2	40.6	50.9	46.9	27.5
With mother	21.3	18.4	25.1	14.2	18.6
With other relative	13.8	13.9	12.5	17.7	19.5
Boarding[2]	14.9	24.0	9.4	16.5	29.4
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(3)
Living at home	86.1	77.7	91.2	83.5	(3)
Heads of families	1.3	1.5	1.1	1.8	(3)
With father	30.1	44.1	32.8	51.8	(3)
With mother	22.3	19.4	25.7	15.5	(3)
With other relative	12.4	12.7	11.6	14.5	(3)
Boarding[2]	13.9	22.3	8.8	16.5	(3)
MARRIED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(3)
Living at home	76.4	65.4	80.2	86.2	(3)
Heads of families	9.2	8.9	10.1	8.4	(3)
With father	12.3	10.2	16.4	9.8	(3)
With mother	7.0	7.1	10.4	2.8	(3)
With other relative	48.0	38.2	43.3	65.2	(3)
Boarding[2]	23.6	34.6	19.8	13.8	(3)
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(3)
Living at home	71.0	59.2	80.7	78.1	(3)
Heads of families	32.1	25.2	29.6	52.5	(3)
With father	13.0	10.2	18.2	8.7	(3)
With mother	12.7	11.1	17.8	8.0	(3)
With other relative	13.2	12.7	15.0	10.8	(3)
Boarding[2]	29.0	40.8	19.3	21.9	(3)

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 26, page 198.
[2] Includes those living with employer.
[3] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

Other breadwinners in the family.—Further light is thrown upon the economic position of the saleswomen in the selected cities by Table CXXI, which presents statistics as to the number of other breadwinners in the families of which these women are members.

This table shows that 80 per cent, or four-fifths, of the saleswomen in these cities are living in families in which there are other breadwinners, and that 57.2 per cent, or nearly three-fifths, are living in families with at least 2 other breadwinners. On the other hand, only 5.1 per cent, or about 1 in 20, were living in families having no other breadwinners. This is a small proportion as compared with that for most of the other important occupations represented in the special tabulation (see Table 27, page 208), and is less than half as large as the proportion (10.9 per cent) for all occupations, exclusive of servants and waitresses (see Table XXI, page 30).

TABLE CXXI.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by number of other breadwinners in the family, of saleswomen 16 years of age and over, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for twenty-seven selected cities: 1900.*

CLASS.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF SALESWOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
		Native white—			
	All classes.	Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	Negro.
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	85.1	76.0	90.6	83.5	70.6
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	5.1	5.6	4.9	5.0	2.9
One other	22.8	23.6	22.0	23.5	30.4
Two other	25.1	24.0	26.3	23.3	22.5
More than two other	32.1	22.8	37.4	31.7	14.7
Boarding[2]	14.9	24.0	9.4	16.5	29.4
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(3)
Living at home	86.1	77.7	91.2	83.5	(3)
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	4.2	4.6	4.2	3.5	(3)
One other	22.1	23.2	21.6	21.8	(3)
Two other	26.0	25.4	26.8	24.3	(3)
More than two other	33.8	24.4	38.6	34.0	(3)
Boarding[2]	13.9	22.3	8.8	16.5	(3)
MARRIED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(3)
Living at home	76.4	65.4	80.2	86.2	(3)
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	9.0	8.1	11.0	8.1	(3)
One other	33.2	34.4	35.8	45.6	(3)
Two other	14.7	12.6	15.7	16.3	(3)
More than two other	14.5	10.3	17.8	16.2	(3)
Boarding[2]	23.6	34.6	19.8	13.8	(3)
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(3)
Living at home	71.0	59.2	80.7	78.1	(3)
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	20.8	17.8	30.6	27.9	(3)
One other	23.8	21.6	26.1	24.2	(3)
Two other	14.8	11.0	18.9	14.3	(3)
More than two other	11.7	8.7	15.1	11.6	(3)
Boarding[2]	29.0	40.8	19.3	21.9	(3)

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 27, page 208.
[2] Includes those living with employer.
[3] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

Ignoring the percentages for the small number of negroes, the proportion of boarders is greatest among native white women of native parentage, indicating that they probably engage in the occupation as a means of independent livelihood more often than do women of

the other nativity classes. The boarders probably represent to a large extent women who have come from the country districts to seek employment in the city. In spite of the probability that these women in most cases have no one but themselves to support, it is doubtful whether in the majority of instances their wages are sufficient to afford them more than the barest livelihood, so that it is probably among such women that the economic aspect of the occupation is most serious.

It is perhaps significant that while in the 27 cities as a whole approximately one-half of the saleswomen are living with father, the detailed figures given in Table 28 (page 218) show that in the 2 Southern cities of Atlanta and New Orleans the proportion is only about one-third, the percentages being 34.2 and 31.3, respectively. On the other hand, these cities report high proportions as living with mother, that for New Orleans being almost exactly one-third. In fact, this city alone out of the 27 shows more saleswomen living with mother than with father. The proportion living in families with no other breadwinners is also relatively high in these cities. This fact may perhaps indicate that the attitude toward the employment of white women in the South is marked by more or less aversion to entering pursuits in which they come directly into competition with men; for it would appear that in this section of the country women take up these pursuits only when the burden of supporting the family devolves upon them by the loss through death or other cause of the male head, the natural breadwinner of the family.

CLERKS AND COPYISTS.

The Twelfth Census report on Occupations shows that there were 630,127 persons employed as clerks and copyists in continental United States in 1900. The group of breadwinners thus classified included persons engaged in clerical work of every kind, and embraced such widely diverse pursuits as those of bank clerks, postal clerks, mail clerks, mail carriers, clerks in national, state, county, or city offices, and shipping clerks.

Many of these occupations are not well adapted to the employment of women, and consequently breadwinners of this sex are not especially prominent among clerks and copyists either numerically or in proportion to the total number of persons included in the classification, as is shown in the following tabular statement:

AGE AND SEX.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Total	630,127	100.0
Males	544,881	86.5
16 years and over	527,122	83.7
10 to 15 years	17,759	2.8
Females	85,246	13.5
16 years and over	81,000	12.8
10 to 15 years	4,246	0.7

The 81,000 women 16 years of age and over returned as clerks and copyists in 1900 formed only 12.8 per cent of the total number of persons in this occupation group. Of the 140 different groups of occupations distinguished in the Census report, 14 employed a larger number of women, and 43 a larger percentage of women.[1]

As a field for the employment of women, therefore, the occupation of clerks and copyists is not of exceptional importance as regards the number of women employed, and the main reason for making a separate study of it in the present report is that it gives employment to a relatively high grade of labor.

Race and nativity.—The superior qualifications required have a direct effect upon the race and nativity constitution of this group of female breadwinners, as is shown in Table CXXII.

TABLE CXXII.—*Distribution, by race and nativity, of women 16 years of age and over employed as clerks and copyists, for continental United States: 1900.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS CLERKS AND COPYISTS.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.
All classes	81,000	100.0
Native white—both parents native	40,984	50.6
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	32,099	39.6
Foreign born white	7,308	9.1
Negro	539	0.7

More than 90 per cent of the women employed as clerks and copyists were native whites, those of native parentage representing over 50 per cent of the total and those of foreign parentage nearly 40 per cent. The occupation ranked eighteenth among the 47 principal occupations for women in respect to the proportion of native white women of native parentage and sixteenth in respect to the proportion of native white women of foreign parentage (see Table XXIII, page 34). The relative prominence of these two classes of women in the occupation is largely the result of their superior training and education as compared with other classes, also of racial advantages as compared with the negro women, and of familiarity with English as compared with most of the foreign born.

There was considerable variation among the different geographic divisions in respect to the proportion of the two principal classes, as is shown in Table CXXIII, which presents the race and nativity distribution of female clerks and copyists 16 years of age and over for geographic divisions.

In the South Atlantic and South Central divisions the native white women of native parents greatly outnumber all the other race and nativity classes, forming

[1] Twelfth Census, Occupations, Tables XLVII and XLVIII, pages CXXXIII and CXXXV.

74.2 per cent of the total number of women employed in the occupation in the former division and 71.6 per cent in the latter. In the North Atlantic, North Central, and Western divisions, however, the proportion of native white of native parents in the occupation is considerably less, ranging from 43.9 per cent in the North Central division to 51.5 per cent in the Western.

These variations in the proportions for the two principal classes among the several divisions are probably almost entirely due to the geographic distribution of these classes in the general population. In the Southern states the white population, consists very largely of the native white of native parentage, while in the Northern and Western states there is a large representation of native whites of foreign parentage.

TABLE CXXIII.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by race and nativity, of women 16 years of age and over employed as clerks and copyists, for geographic divisions: 1900.*

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS CLERKS AND COPYISTS.				
	Number.	Per cent.			
		Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	81,000	50.6	39.6	9.1	0.7
North Atlantic	34,922	40.3	40.6	9.8	0.3
South Atlantic	8,030	74.2	19.6	3.2	3.0
North Central	31,832	43.9	45.4	10.3	0.3
South Central	3,037	71.6	22.5	3.2	2.7
Western	3,179	51.5	38.3	9.9	0.2

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 24, page 186.

The importance of the occupation among female breadwinners of the different race and nativity classes is indicated by Table CXXIV. In this table the proportion of women clerks and copyists among all working women 16 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, is shown for continental United States and separately for cities having 50,000 or more inhabitants.

It appears that in cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants 5.2 per cent of the breadwinners among the white women of native parentage were employed as clerks and copyists, or 1 in 19, while only 4 per cent of those of foreign parentage were thus employed, or 1 in 25. In other words, the occupation appears to be considerably more important in the large cities for native white working women of native parentage than for those of foreign parentage, for the reason probably that the former class of women are reluctant to take up some of the employments which are pursued very extensively by the latter and are as a rule somewhat better qualified educationally for the work of a clerk or copyist.

TABLE CXXIV.—*Number and percentage of clerks and copyists among female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for continental United States and for cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants: 1900.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	Total.	Clerks and copyists.		In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.		
		Number.	Per cent.	Total.	Clerks and copyists.	
					Number.	Per cent.
All classes	4,833,630	81,000	1.7	1,657,728	49,483	3.0
Native white—both parents native	1,771,966	40,984	2.3	414,954	21,579	5.2
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,090,744	32,089	2.9	554,806	22,147	4.0
Foreign born white	840,011	7,368	0.9	494,044	5,426	1.1
Negro	1,119,621	539	(1)	193,317	329	0.2

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Parentage.—At this point it may be interesting to present the statistics by race and nativity in somewhat greater detail, especially as regards the foreign element. Table CXXV has been introduced for this purpose, showing the relative importance of the occupation among the breadwinners of native and of foreign parentage and of several different specified nationalities. Data for this analysis are not available for women 16 years of age and over exclusively, and consequently it has been necessary to present the statistics for females 10 years of age and over.

TABLE CXXV.—*Number and percentage of clerks and copyists among female breadwinners 10 years of age and over, classified by nativity of parents, for continental United States: 1900.*

PARENTAGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Clerks and copyists.	
		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	5,319,397	85,246	1.6
Native parentage	3,247,907	42,962	1.3
Native white	1,926,637	42,442	2.2
All other	1,321,270	520	(1)
Foreign parentage	2,071,490	42,284	2.0
Canada (English)	102,181	2,823	2.8
England and Wales	158,912	4,433	2.8
Germany	538,192	11,347	2.1
Ireland	634,201	12,688	2.0
Scotland	46,173	1,193	2.6
Other countries	479,004	6,340	1.3
Mixed foreign parentage	112,827	3,460	3.1

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

It appears from the table that the nationalities from northern and western Europe, which predominated in the early immigration to this country, find the occupation more important than do the other nationalities which represent a more recent immigration movement coming largely from southern and eastern Europe. The

English (including the English Canadians, Scotch, and Welsh), the Germans, and the Irish have 2 per cent or more of their female breadwinners employed as clerks and copyists, and in this respect compare very favorably with the white women born in this country of native parents. None of the southern or eastern European nationalities, however, have as many as 2 per cent of their female breadwinners in the occupation, and for this reason have not been shown separately in the table.

The difference between the two classes of nationalities is no doubt due to the fact that both native whites of foreign parentage and foreign born whites are included under the head of foreign parentage in the above table. In consequence the nationalities represented in the earlier immigration as compared with the later would have a larger proportion of native born persons and a smaller proportion of foreign born, and thus would be in a better position to enter an occupation like that of clerks and copyists, in which a certain amount of educational training, the ability to speak English, and familiarity with American institutions and methods are of paramount importance.

Age.—In Table CXXVI the women clerks and copyists 16 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, are distributed by age periods. The census figures do not admit of this distribution being made for continental United States, to which the statistics heretofore presented apply, and accordingly the table includes all the women employed as clerks and copyists in the entire area of enumeration[1] at the census of 1900.

Of the 81,023 women included in Table CXXVI, 48,068, or 59.3 per cent, were from 16 to 24 years of age. So large a proportion in the youngest age period is rather exceptional, only 14 of the 47 occupations employing more than 5,000 women showing larger proportions of young women (see Table XXIV, page 36).

Of the native white women of foreign parentage who are engaged in this occupation, 64.8 per cent are in the youngest age group. This is the largest proportion shown for any race and nativity class, the foreign born whites showing the next largest proportion, 60.2 per cent. The explanation of this condition does not appear from the statistics, but it is probable that the large proportion in the youngest age group among female clerks and copyists of foreign parentage is due in part to the fact that the proportion of young women in this element of the female population is exceptionally large, principally because this is the youngest class in the population, being composed of the children of immigrants born after their parents came to this country.

[1] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.

TABLE CXXVI.—*Distribution, by age, of women 16 years of age and over employed as clerks and copyists, classified by race and nativity, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

AGE.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS CLERKS AND COPYISTS.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
	NUMBER.				
Total	81,023	40,994	32,108	7,372	539
16 to 24 years	48,068	22,540	20,793	4,437	292
25 to 34 years	21,728	11,237	8,594	1,760	133
35 to 44 years	7,083	4,318	2,059	639	67
45 to 54 years	2,776	1,901	494	364	27
55 to 64 years	991	724	136	120	11
65 years and over	265	192	23	44	6
Age unknown	112	82	19	8	3
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
16 to 24 years	59.3	55.0	64.8	60.2	54.2
25 to 34 years	26.8	27.4	26.8	23.9	24.7
35 to 44 years	8.7	10.5	6.4	8.7	12.4
45 to 54 years	3.4	4.6	1.5	4.8	5.0
55 to 64 years	1.2	1.8	0.4	1.8	2.0
65 years and over	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.6	1.1
Age unknown	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.6

Table CXXVII shows the number of women clerks and copyists in each age period, together with the percentage which they form of the total number of female breadwinners of the same age.

TABLE CXXVII.—*Number and percentage of clerks and copyists among female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, classified by age, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

AGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Clerks and copyists.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Total	4,843,155	81,023	1.7
16 to 24 years	2,139,370	48,068	2.2
25 to 34 years	1,171,952	21,728	1.9
35 to 44 years	676,548	7,083	1.0
45 to 54 years	441,457	2,776	0.6
55 to 64 years	256,926	991	0.4
65 years and over	138,691	265	0.2
Age unknown	18,211	112	0.6

The female clerks and copyists from 16 to 24 years of age and those from 25 to 34 years of age form 2.2 per cent and 1.9 per cent, respectively, of the total number of female breadwinners in these age periods. In no other age group do they form more than 1 per cent of the total number of female breadwinners, and the percentage thus formed decreases as the oldest age period is approached. It is evident, therefore, that the occupation is more important as an

employment for the two younger classes of women workers than for those in the older age groups.

The proportion of female clerks and copyists in the youngest age period does not differ greatly for the several geographic divisions from that for continental United States, except in the Northern South Atlantic states, as is shown by Table CXXVIII.

TABLE CXXVIII.—*Number and percentage of clerks and copyists 16 to 24 years of age in total number of female clerks and copyists 16 years of age and over, for geographic divisions: 1900.*

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS CLERKS AND COPYISTS.		
	Total.	16 to 24 years.	
		Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	81,000	48,057	59.3
North Atlantic division	34,922	20,524	58.8
New England	10,326	5,256	50.9
Southern North Atlantic	24,596	15,268	62.1
South Atlantic division	8,030	3,071	38.2
Northern South Atlantic	6,969	2,429	34.9
Southern South Atlantic	1,061	642	60.5
North Central division	31,832	20,816	65.4
Eastern North Central	23,044	15,202	66.0
Western North Central	8,788	5,614	63.9
South Central division	3,037	1,814	59.7
Eastern South Central	1,849	1,115	60.3
Western South Central	1,188	699	58.8
Western division	3,179	1,832	57.6
Rocky Mountain	841	484	57.6
Basin and Plateau	266	176	65.8
Pacific	2,072	1,173	56.6

In the Northern South Atlantic states only 34.9 per cent of the clerks and copyists are from 16 to 24 years of age, New England having the next larger proportion, 50.9 per cent. Outside these two divisions the percentage under 25 nowhere falls below 56.

The relatively small proportion of women clerks and copyists who are from 16 to 24 years of age in the Northern South Atlantic states reflects the conditions in the Government service at Washington, where most of the women clerks and copyists reported for this group of states are employed, the majority of them being 25 years of age and over.

The influence of the exceptional conditions in Washington on the age constitution of the women clerks and copyists in the Northern South Atlantic states is indicated by the following tabular statement in which the percentage of women clerks and copyists 16 to 24 years of age is shown separately for Washington, other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and smaller cities and country districts:

AREA.	Total.	16 TO 24 YEARS.	
		Number.	Percent.
Northern South Atlantic division	6,966	2,429	34.9
Washington	4,661	1,128	24.2
Other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants	1,120	647	57.8
Smaller cities and country districts	1,185	654	55.2

It is evident from the above statement that the small proportion of women clerks and copyists reported for the age period 16 to 24 years of age in Washington, 24.2 per cent, has brought the percentage for this age period in the Northern South Atlantic division from approximately 60 per cent to 34.9 per cent and is thus solely responsible for the small proportion of young women found in the occupation in that division.

Marital condition.—In Table CXXIX the women clerks and copyists, classified by race and nativity, are distributed by marital condition, so as to show the percentage of single, married, widowed, and divorced.

TABLE CXXIX.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by marital condition, of women 16 years of age and over employed as clerks and copyists, classified by race and nativity, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS CLERKS AND COPYISTS: PER CENT[2]—			
	Single.[3]	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced
All classes	88.7	7.2	4.5	0.6
Native white—both parents native	87.5	6.1	5.6	0.8
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	94.0	3.0	2.6	0.4
Foreign born white	85.0	8.7	5.8	0.5
Negro	66.8	20.8	11.5	0.9

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 21, page 176.
[2] On the assumption that all the married, widowed, and divorced women in this occupation are 16 years of age and over.
[3] Including unknown.

The occupation of clerk and copyist is followed almost exclusively by single women. In fact, in only 11 of the 47 occupations employing more than 5,000 women was the proportion of single women greater than in this occupation (see Table XXV, page 38). The proportion of single women was largest, and the proportion of married, widowed, and divorced women smallest, among the native whites of foreign parentage.

Comparison with census of 1890.—It would be interesting in connection with the present investigation to compare the statistics regarding the employment of women as clerks and copyists at earlier censuses with those for the present census. But, unfortunately, the value of the returns at former censuses was greatly impaired by the fact that large numbers of salesmen and saleswomen were reported as clerks, thus greatly swelling the number of persons included in the latter class at the expense of the former.[1] This confusion in the constitution of the two classes at former censuses precludes any detailed comparison of the statistics with those for 1900, and consequently Table CXXX is the only table presented in this connection.

The total number of women clerks and copyists increased 20,909, or 33.3 per cent, in 1900 as compared with 1890. Substantial increases are shown for each of the race and nativity classes, these increases being sufficient to keep the position of each class practically unchanged as regards its proportionate share in the occupation.

[1] See page 95 of this report.

TABLE CXXX.—*Distribution and increase, by race and nativity, of women 15 years of age and over, employed as clerks and copyists, for the United States: 1900[1] and 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS CLERKS AND COPYISTS.					
	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
All classes	83,726	100.0	62,817	100.0	20,909	33.3
Native white—both parents native	41,918	50.1	31,431	50.0	10,487	33.4
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	33,364	39.8	24,741	39.4	8,623	34.9
Foreign born white	7,895	9.4	6,299	10.0	1,596	25.2
Negro	549	0.7	341	0.5	208	61.0

[1] For area of enumeration.

Family relationship.—Certain data bearing upon the relationship of the women clerks and copyists to the families from which they were reported have been compiled from the original enumeration schedules of the Twelfth Census for the 27 cities which led in 1900 in the number of female breadwinners. The detailed figures appear in the general tables which accompany the present report and should be consulted in connection with the discussion that follows (see Tables 26 to 29).

The following tabular statement shows the number of female clerks and copyists included in these 27 cities and their distribution by race, nativity, and marital condition:

MARITAL CONDITION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS CLERKS AND COPYISTS IN 27 SELECTED CITIES:[1] 1900.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Total	39,487	16,433	18,282	4,522	250
Single (including unknown)	35,348	14,088	17,189	3,894	177
Married	1,740	890	480	338	32
Widowed and divorced	2,399	1,455	613	290	41

[1] For a list of these cities, see Table XLIV, page 36.

The percentages based upon the data concerning the family relationship of the 39,487 women who were employed as clerks and copyists in the 27 selected cities, are shown in Table CXXXI.

Of the women in this occupation, 32,410, or 82.1 per cent, were living in their own families—1,895, or 4.8 per cent, being the heads of the families in which they lived; 25,191, or 63.8 per cent, living with their parents; and 5,324, or 13.5 per cent, living with other relatives. The remaining 7,077 women, or 17.9 per cent of the whole number, were boarding in other than their own families.

Leaving the negroes out of consideration as being numerically unimportant, the native whites with both parents native comprised the largest proportion of boarders (25.6 per cent), and the native whites of foreign parentage the smallest proportion (10.2 per cent). This contrast between the two classes mentioned is probably due to the fact that the women in the latter class are largely native to the city in which they are employed, while many of the native whites of native parentage have migrated from country districts and are consequently obliged to board.

TABLE CXXXI.—*Per cent distribution,[1] by family relationship, of women 16 years of age and over employed as clerks and copyists, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for twenty-seven selected cities: 1900.*

FAMILY RELATIONSHIP.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS CLERKS AND COPYISTS.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	82.1	74.4	89.8	79.8	68.0
Heads of families	4.8	6.4	2.9	6.1	12.0
With father	42.8	35.4	50.1	41.6	21.2
With mother	21.0	18.6	24.8	14.4	14.4
With other relative	13.5	13.9	12.0	17.4	20.4
Boarding[2]	17.9	25.6	10.2	20.2	32.0
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	83.5	76.1	90.5	80.0	66.7
Heads of families	2.1	2.8	1.4	2.4	5.1
With father	46.9	40.1	52.3	48.0	28.8
With mother	22.5	20.5	25.5	16.1	17.5
With other relative	12.1	12.7	11.2	13.4	15.3
Boarding[2]	16.5	23.9	9.5	20.0	33.3
MARRIED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(3)
Living at home	73.3	66.0	80.8	82.5	(3)
Heads of families	11.8	13.0	12.7	8.3	(3)
With father	8.9	7.1	15.0	5.6	(3)
With mother	6.3	5.7	8.8	1.8	(3)
With other relative	46.3	39.1	44.4	66.9	(3)
Boarding[2]	26.7	34.0	19.2	17.5	(3)
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(3)
Living at home	67.7	62.5	76.7	74.1	(3)
Heads of families	39.5	37.7	36.7	52.8	(3)
With father	8.1	6.8	14.2	2.4	(3)
With mother	9.5	7.6	15.8	5.9	(3)
With other relative	10.7	10.4	10.0	13.1	(3)
Boarding[2]	32.3	37.5	23.3	25.9	(3)

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 26, page 198.
[2] Includes those living with employer.
[3] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

Other breadwinners in the family.—Some indication of the economic importance to their families of the

women employed as clerks and copyists in the 27 selected cities may be obtained from Table CXXXII.

TABLE CXXXII.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by number of other breadwinners in the family, of women 16 years of age and over employed as clerks and copyists, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for twenty-seven selected cities: 1900.*

CLASS.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS CLERKS AND COPYISTS.				
	All classes.	Native white— Both parents native.	Native white— One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	Negro.
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	82.1	74.4	89.8	79.8	68.0
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	6.9	8.3	5.8	6.0	10.8
One other	24.3	20.0	22.8	23.9	26.0
Two other	23.9	22.0	26.1	22.1	15.6
More than two other	27.0	18.1	35.1	27.7	15.6
Boarding[2]	17.9	25.6	10.2	20.2	32.0
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	83.5	76.1	90.5	80.0	66.7
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	5.5	6.6	4.9	4.4	7.9
One other	23.8	25.8	22.6	22.1	21.5
Two other	25.1	23.7	26.7	23.2	18.1
More than two other	29.1	19.9	36.3	30.2	19.2
Boarding[1]	16.5	23.9	9.5	20.0	33.3
MARRIED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(3)
Living at home	73.3	66.0	80.8	82.5	(3)
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	12.2	12.5	14.4	8.9	(3)
One other	33.0	32.5	29.6	37.9	(3)
Two other	14.6	11.2	17.3	19.8	(3)
More than two other	13.6	9.8	19.6	16.0	(3)
Boarding[2]	26.7	34.0	19.2	17.5	(3)
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(3)
Living at home	67.7	62.5	76.7	74.1	(3)
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	23.4	22.5	24.6	24.8	(3)
One other	24.3	23.2	22.8	31.7	(3)
Two other	12.8	11.5	17.3	10.0	(3)
More than two other	7.3	5.3	11.9	7.6	(3)
Boarding[2]	32.3	37.5	23.3	25.9	(3)

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 27, page 208.
[2] Includes those living with employer.
[3] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

Of the 39,487 female clerks and copyists included in the above tabulation, 32,410, or 82.1 per cent, were living in their own families, 2,724, or 6.9 per cent, being apparently the sole support of the families to which they belonged; 9,585, or 24.3 per cent, living in families having 1 other breadwinner; 9,420, or 23.9 per cent, in families having 2; and 10,681, or 27 per cent, in families having more than 2. In other words, of the female clerks and copyists living at home, 1 in 12 was apparently the sole support of the family to which she belonged, and of those who were aided by other breadwinners in supporting the family more than one-third had the aid of at least 3 others.

As would be expected, the percentage living in families having no other breadwinner was largest for the widowed and divorced, 561, or 23.4 per cent, of the 2,399 women of this class being reported as the only breadwinners in their families. The fact that 212, or 12.2 per cent, of the 1,740 married women in the occupation were apparently the only support of the families to which they belonged seems surprising at first, but is consistent with the fact that 11.8 per cent of such women were returned as the heads of families (see Table CXXXI), and were therefore presumably living apart from their husbands.

Of the several race and nativity classes, the native whites with one or both parents foreign born had the smallest proportion of women clerks and copyists in families with no other breadwinners, and the largest proportion in families having at least 3 other breadwinners.

STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS.

In 1900 there were 85,086 women 16 years of age and over employed as stenographers and typewriters in continental United States. The number thus engaged formed 1.8 per cent of the total number of gainfully employed females over 15 years of age, this occupation ranking thirteenth among the leading occupations for women. It is one of the 11 occupations in which more than three-fourths of the total number of adults employed were women, and one of the few important occupations for this sex which requires technical training in addition to a general education.

Not only do females form a majority of those engaged in this occupation, but their relative importance is increasing. Of the total number of persons 10 years of age and over thus employed in 1900, 76.6 per cent were females, as compared with 63.6 per cent in 1890. Moreover, it is only among women that the occupation is of any considerable importance. Of the female breadwinners over 15 years of age, 18 in every 1,000 were stenographers, as compared with only 1 in every 1,000 among male breadwinners over 15 years of age.

Of the 86,158 females 10 years of age and over who were engaged in this occupation in the entire area of enumeration,[1] 75,274, or 87.4 per cent, were returned as stenographers and 10,884, or 12.6 per cent, as typewriters. The census of 1900 was the first in which a distinction was made between these two classes of wage-earners, but the basis of the distinction is not altogether clear. In the discussion which follows, stenographers and typewriters will be considered as con-

[1] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.

stituting a single class and will, for the sake of brevity, be designated as stenographers.

Geographic distribution.—Women employed as stenographers were reported at the census of 1900 from every state and territory in continental United States, the number ranging from 20 in Nevada to 16,269 in New York (see Table 24, page 188). The majority of them, however, were found in a comparatively small number of states, as is indicated in Table CXXXIII, which shows, for the several geographic divisions, the number of female stenographers 16 years of age and over andthe percentage in each race and nativity class.

TABLE CXXXIII.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by race and nativity, of women 16 years of age and over employed as stenographers and typewriters, for geographic divisions: 1900.*

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS.				
	Number.	Per cent.			
		Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	85,086	53.3	39.6	6.9	0.2
North Atlantic division	36,239	50.3	41.6	7 9	0.2
New England	9,846	57.5	34.7	7.6	0.2
Southern North Atlantic	26,393	47.7	44.1	8.1	0.1
South Atlantic division	3,703	79.0	18.3	1.9	0.8
Northern South Atlantic	2,557	75.9	21.0	2.2	0.9
Southern South Atlantic	1,146	86.0	12.1	1.3	0.5
North Central division	35,626	51.9	41.0	6.8	0.2
Eastern North Central	24,171	49.5	42.8	7.5	0.2
Western North Central	11,455	57.0	37.3	5.5	0.1
South Central division	3,959	70.9	26.9	1.8	0.4
Eastern South Central	2,431	69.4	28.7	1.4	0.5
Western South Central	1,528	73.4	24.0	2.4	0.3
Western division	5,559	52.2	40.8	6.9	0.1
Rocky Mountain	1,205	61.7	31.7	6.5	0.1
Basin and Plateau	275	46.9	46.5	6.5	...
Pacific	4,079	49.8	43.1	7.1	(2)

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 24, page 188.
[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Almost 60 per cent of the stenographers (59.4 per cent) were reported for two minor divisions in the northern section of the country, the Southern North Atlantic division reporting 26,393, or 31 per cent, and the Eastern North Central division 24,171, or 28.4 per cent. These two divisions contained only 41.4 per cent of the general population, which would seem to indicate a marked concentration of stenographers in the Northern states (see Table 25, page 196). The 12 leading states, which contained only 53.4 per cent of the total population, reported 66,485 women employed in this occupation, or 78.1 per cent of the total number. These states with the number and percentage of this class of wage-earners and the percentage of the general population are as follows:

STATE.	FEMALE STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER: 1900.		Per cent distribution of total population: 1900.
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	
Continental United States	85,086	100.0	100.0
New York	16,269	19.1	9.6
Illinois	10,554	12.4	6.3
Pennsylvania	6,465	7.6	8.3
Massachusetts	6,431	7.6	3.7
Ohio	6,346	7.5	5.5
Missouri	4,369	5.1	4.1
New Jersey	3,659	4.3	2.5
Michigan	2,801	3.3	3.2
California	2,726	3.2	2.0
Indiana	2,457	2.9	3.3
Minnesota	2,395	2.8	2.3
Wisconsin	2,013	2.4	2.7
All other	18,601	21.9	46.6

It will be noted that all of the 12 leading states except California are in the North Atlantic and the North Central divisions and that the first 5 states, which reported more than one-half of the total number (54.2 per cent), are east of the Mississippi river. New York alone reported nearly one-fifth of the total number, and Illinois about one-eighth. The former state contained less than one-tenth of the total population of the country and the latter about one-sixteenth. It is apparent, therefore, that there was a marked concentration of stenographers in a few states, and this is due largely to the centralization of trade, commerce, and manufacture in these states.

Race and nativity.—The race and nativity of the total number of persons employed as stenographers is affected in some degree by the constitution of the general population, but more, perhaps, by the fact that stenography and typewriting requires a special training in addition to a general education, and in most cases in the United States requires also a ready knowledge of English. In view of these facts, therefore, it is to be expected that comparatively few women of foreign birth would be found among those engaged in this pursuit; and this is indicated by the figures presented in Table CXXXIII.

As shown in that table, the native white of native parentage constituted slightly more than one-half (53.3 per cent) of the total number of female stenographers. In this connection it may be noted that this class was in the majority in only 18 of the 47 leading occupations for women and formed only 36.7 per cent of the total number of women gainfully employed (see Table XXIII, page 34). The native whites of foreign parentage formed a large proportion (39.6 per cent) of the total number of stenographers. On the other hand, the foreign born white constituted only 6.9 per cent, while the percentage of negro, Indian, and Mongolian women was so small that this class will not be considered in the discussion which follows.

Conditions of employment in large and small communities in general vary so greatly that a comparison

of the statistics is of considerable significance. Such a comparison is made for stenographers in Table CXXXIV, which shows for each race and nativity class the relative importance of the number thus employed in the total number of gainfully employed females 16 years of age and over in cities of at least 50,000 population and in smaller cities and rural districts.

TABLE CXXXIV.—*Number and percentage of stenographers and typewriters among female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, living in cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts, classified by race and nativity, for continental United States: 1900.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Stenographers and typewriters.	
		Number.	Per cent.
AGGREGATE.			
All classes	4,833,630	85,086	1.8
Native white—both parents native	1,771,966	45,373	2.6
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,090,744	33,688	3.1
Foreign born white	840,011	5,845	0.7
Negro	1,119,621	174	(1)
Indian and Mongolian	11,288	6	(1)
IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS.			
All classes	1,657,728	54,063	3.3
Native white—both parents native	414,984	25,323	6.1
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	554,806	24,078	4.3
Foreign born white	494,044	4,520	0.9
Negro	193,317	123	0.1
Indian and Mongolian	607	1	0.1
IN SMALLER CITIES AND COUNTRY DISTRICTS.			
All classes	3,175,902	31,023	1.0
Native white—both parents native	1,357,012	20,050	1.5
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	535,938	9,610	1.8
Foreign born white	345,967	1,306	0.4
Negro	926,304	52	(1)
Indian and Mongolian	10,681	5	(1)

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

From Table CXXXIV it will be seen that in the large cities 33 women in every 1,000 gainfully employed were stenographers, and in the smaller places only 10 in every 1,000. In the large cities 61 women in every 1,000 gainfully employed among the native white of native parentage were to be found in the occupation of stenography, while among native white women of foreign parentage only 43 in every 1,000 were thus employed. In the smaller cities and country districts, on the other hand, the relative importance of this occupation for female breadwinners was slightly greater among native white women of foreign parentage than among those of native parentage, probably because the former class is largely concentrated in the smaller cities, where opportunities for employment as stenographers are better than in the country districts. Table CXXXIV shows clearly how unimportant this occupation was for women of foreign birth, less than 1 per cent of the gainfully employed women of this class being stenographers.

Parentage.—In Table CXXXV the women of foreign parentage employed as stenographers are classified by the country of birth of their parents. This table also shows for each parent nativity class the proportion which the number engaged in this occupation formed of the total number in all occupations.

TABLE CXXXV.—*Number and percentage of stenographers and typewriters among female breadwinners 10 years of age and over, classified by nativity of parents, for continental United States: 1900.*

PARENTAGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Stenographers and typewriters.	
		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	5,319,397	86,118	1.6
Native parentage	3,247,907	45,893	1.4
Native white	1,926,537	45,719	2.4
All other	1,321,270	174	(1)
Foreign parentage	2,071,490	40,225	1.9
Austria	25,590	330	1.3
Bohemia	25,719	178	0.7
Canada (English)	102,181	3,225	3.1
Canada (French)	73,979	373	0.5
Denmark	15,580	226	1.4
England and Wales	158,912	4,944	3.1
France	21,164	396	1.9
Germany	528,192	9,277	1.7
Hungary	14,531	205	1.4
Ireland	634,201	12,411	1.9
Italy	26,093	93	0.4
Norway	47,934	653	1.3
Poland	35,536	227	0.6
Russia	40,816	525	1.3
Scotland	46,173	1,568	3.4
Sweden	81,148	995	1.2
Switzerland	15,126	232	1.5
Other countries	47,589	474	1.0
Mixed foreign parentage	112,827	3,893	3.4

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

It will be seen from Table CXXXV that stenography was of greatest importance for women of Scottish parentage, 3.4 per cent of the total number of female breadwinners of this nativity being stenographers. The next highest proportion—3.1 per cent—is shown for women whose parents were born in England and Wales and those of English-Canadian parentage. It is to be noted that for female breadwinners representing these countries stenography was a more important occupation than for the native white of native parentage.

Table CXXXV also shows that females with parents born in Ireland, England and Wales, Scotland, and English Canada aggregated 22,148, or 25.7 per cent of the total number employed as stenographers. This proportion, combined with that for native white women of native parentage, shows that 78.8 per cent of the females engaged in this occupation—about 4 in every 5—were of English speaking parentage. The only other country for which a considerable number was reported was Germany. Stenographers whose parents were born in Germany numbered 9,277, or 10.8 per cent of the total.

Age.—Of special significance in the study of statistics relating to the occupations of women are the data showing the age constitution of the female wage-earning population. Such data are presented in Table CXXXVI for stenographers, classified by race and nativity.

TABLE CXXXVI.—*Distribution, by age, of women 16 years of age and over employed as stenographers and typewriters, classified by race and nativity, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

AGE.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
	NUMBER.				
Total	85,126	45,398	33,700	5,848	174
16 to 24 years	53,816	26,560	23,214	3,930	107
25 to 34 years	26,001	15,105	9,256	1,586	53
35 to 44 years	4,351	2,990	1,090	261	10
45 to 54 years	676	525	105	44	2
55 to 64 years	133	100	15	16	2
65 years and over	29	20	3	6	.....
Age unknown	120	98	17	5	.....
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
16 to 24 years	63.2	58.5	68.9	67.2	61.5
25 to 34 years	30.5	33.3	27.5	27.1	30.5
35 to 44 years	5.1	6.6	3.2	4.5	5.7
45 to 54 years	0.8	1.2	0.3	0.8	1.1
55 to 64 years	0.2	0.2	(1)	0.3	1.1
65 years and over	(1)	(1)	(1)	0.1	.....
Age unknown	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	.....

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

From Table CXXXVI it will be seen that the great majority (93.7 per cent) of the women 16 years of age and over employed as stenographers were less than 35 years of age, 63.2 per cent being 16 to 24 years. Of the total number of women gainfully employed only 44.2 per cent were in this age period. In only 8 of the leading occupations for this sex was the proportion 16 to 24 years of age larger than in stenography (see Table XXIV, page 36). This occupation, therefore, is essentially a young woman's pursuit, which is rather to be expected, since it has become of general importance only in recent years.

Table CXXXVII shows, for each race and nativity class, the relative importance of stenographers among the gainfully employed women in the specified age groups.

The proportion of stenographers among gainfully employed females of all classes was larger in the age period 16 to 24 years (2.5 per cent) than in any older age period, although not much larger than in the period 25 to 34 years (2.2 per cent). The percentage for each of the older age groups is very small, which is indicative of the fact noted above that the occupation is new and that consequently the great majority of the women engaged in it are young.

It will also be seen from Table CXXXVII that among gainfully employed women 16 to 24 years of age stenography was relatively of greater importance as an occupation for the native white of foreign parentage than for those whose parents were native born, while in the next older age period the reverse was true. Among the native white of native parentage this occupation was of greater importance for women 25 to 34 years than for those 16 to 24 years; while among those whose parents were foreign born it was of greater importance for the younger age group. The significance of these differences is not easy of determination. They may indicate that as compared with native white of foreign parentage the native white of native parentage take up stenography at a somewhat older age.

TABLE CXXXVII.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE, RACE, AND NATIVITY, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION): 1900.

AGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.														
	All classes.			Native white—						Foreign born white.			Negro.		
				Both parents native.			One or both parents foreign born.								
	Total.	Stenographers and typewriters.		Total.	Stenographers and typewriters.		Total.	Stenographers and typewriters.		Total.	Stenographers and typewriters.		Total.	Stenographers and typewriters.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Total	4,843,155	85,126	1.8	1,773,109	45,398	2.6	1,091,209	33,700	3.1	840,686	5,848	0.7	1,119,653	174	(1)
16 to 24 years	2,139,370	53,816	2.5	753,266	26,560	3.5	593,435	23,214	3.9	347,759	3,930	1.1	439,725	107	(1)
25 to 34 years	1,171,952	26,001	2.2	399,376	15,105	3.8	297,916	9,256	3.1	202,322	1,586	0.8	266,956	53	(1)
35 to 44 years	676,548	4,351	0.6	244,556	2,990	1.2	130,749	1,090	0.8	119,316	261	0.2	178,810	10	(1)
45 to 54 years	441,457	676	0.2	182,214	525	0.3	46,925	105	0.2	86,136	44	0.1	124,024	2	(1)
55 to 64 years	256,926	133	0.1	120,650	100	0.1	15,982	15	0.1	54,563	16	(1)	64,535	2	(1)
65 years and over	138,691	29	(1)	67,655	20	(1)	5,368	3	0.1	28,262	6	(1)	36,539	.....	.....
Age unknown	18,211	120	0.7	5,392	98	1.8	825	17	2.1	2,328	5	0.2	9,064	.....	.....

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Marital condition.—Statistics relating to the conjugal condition of women stenographers of the several race and nativity classes are presented in Table CXXXVIII.

TABLE CXXXVIII.—*Distribution,*[1] *by marital condition, of women 16 years of age and over employed as stenographers and typewriters, classified by race and nativity, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

MARITAL CONDITION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS.				
		Native white.			
	All classes.	Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	Negro.
	NUMBER.				
Total	85,126	45,208	33,700	5,848	174
Single[2]	80,811	42,380	32,724	5,555	146
Married	2,079	1,416	485	156	22
Widowed	1,704	1,206	379	113	6
Divorced	532	396	112	24	.....
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Single[2]	94.9	93.3	97.1	95.0	83.9
Married	2.5	3.1	1.5	2.7	12.6
Widowed	2.0	2.7	1.1	1.9	3.5
Divorced	0.6	0.9	0.3	0.4	.....

[1] On the assumption that all the married, widowed, and divorced women in this occupation are 16 years of age and over.
[2] Including unknown.

Of the total number of stenographers the great majority—19 in every 20—were single. None of the other leading occupations for women shows so large a proportion of single women. It is interesting to note that in the total number of women gainfully employed the proportion of single persons was only 13 in 20 (see Table XXV, page 38). A large proportion of single persons would be expected among female stenographers, since this occupation is very largely a young woman's pursuit.

Comparison with census of 1890.—In the treatment of stenographers and typewriters the classification of occupations at the several censuses varies so greatly that few comparisons can be made. Persons engaged in this occupation were reported separately in 1900 and 1890, but prior to 1890 they were apparently included with clerks and copyists, principally because their number was very small. At the census of 1870, however, 154 persons were reported separately as "shorthand writers."

Table CXXXIX shows the distribution by race and nativity of females 15 years of age and over employed as stenographers in 1900 and 1890, with the amount and per cent of increase.

TABLE CXXXIX.—*Distribution and increase, by race and nativity, of women 15 years of age and over employed as stenographers and typewriters, for the United States: 1900*[1] *and 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS.					
	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
All classes	85,912	100.0	21,214	100.0	64,698	305.0
Native white—both parents native	45,669	53.2	12,861	60.6	32,808	255.1
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	34,100	39.7	6,966	32.8	27,134	389.5
Foreign born white	5,900	6.9	1,356	6.4	4,604	339.5
Negro	177	0.2	31	0.1	146	[2]

[1] For area of enumeration.
[2] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

Between 1890 and 1900 the number of stenographers increased 64,698, or 305 per cent. In the total number of women 15 years of age and over gainfully employed the increase was only 34.9 per cent (see Table XXVI, page 39). This exceptional rate of increase in the number of stenographers is of course due chiefly to the fact that the typewriter has been developed and put into general use largely since 1890.

Marked differences are apparent in the proportions which the several race and nativity classes formed of the total number at the two censuses. The native white of native parentage, who constituted 60.6 per cent of the total number of women stenographers in 1890, formed only 53.2 per cent in 1900, while the proportion of native white of foreign parentage increased from 32.8 per cent to 39.7 per cent and that of foreign born white from 6.4 per cent to 6.9 per cent. This increase in the relative importance in this occupation of persons of foreign parentage becomes of greater significance when the proportions are compared with those for the total number of women in all occupations.

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.			
	All occupations.		Stenographers and typewriters.	
	1900	1890	1900	1890
All classes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native white—both parents native	36.6	35.3	53.2	60.6
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	22.8	20.9	39.7	32.8
Foreign born white	17.3	20.4	6.9	6.4
Negro	23.3	23.4	0.2	0.1

From the above tabular statement it will be seen that the change shown in the distribution by race

and nativity of stenographers is in marked contrast to the corresponding distribution for all occupations. In the latter case the percentages for the several race and nativity classes varied but little between 1890 and 1900. The changes noted for stenographers indicate that the native white of foreign parentage and the foreign born white have entered this occupation very largely since 1890. In recent years the facilities for acquiring the art of stenography have become more general, as, for instance, in the public schools, and this may have resulted in greater advantage to those of foreign birth or parentage than to those whose parents are native.

Table CXL shows, for 1900 and 1890, the age distribution of women stenographers 15 years of age and over, with the amount and percentage of increase.

TABLE CXL.—*Distribution and increase, by age, of women 15 years of age and over employed as stenographers and typewriters, for the United States: 1900*[1] *and 1890.*

AGE.	WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS.					
	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
Total	85,912	100.0	21,214	100.0	64,698	305.0
15 to 24 years	54,602	63.6	15,188	71.6	39,414	259.5
25 to 34 years	26,001	30.3	5,025	23.7	20,976	417.4
35 to 44 years	4,351	5.1	789	3.7	3,562	451.5
45 to 54 years	676	0.8	125	0.6	551	440.8
55 to 64 years	133	0.2	10	(2)	123	(3)
65 years and over	29	(2)	1	(2)	28	(3)
Age unknown	120	0.1	76	0.4	44	(3)

[1] For area of enumeration.
[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.
[3] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

Stenography was not so exclusively a young woman's pursuit in 1900 as in 1890. In the earlier year 71.6 per cent of the stenographers and typewriters were 15 to 24 years of age, and in the later, 63.6 per cent. This decrease for the youngest age period was offset very largely by the increase in the proportion 25 to 34 years.

Family relationship.—In order to throw more light upon the economic conditions surrounding the employment of women in gainful pursuits special tabulations of census data have been made for 26 selected cities. The cities selected, which, with few exceptions, are those having over 150,000 inhabitants in 1900, contained a relatively large number of women stenographers—in all, 40,580, or about one-half (47.7 per cent) of the total number in continental United States. The 40,580 stenographers included in this special tabulation are distributed by marital condition, race, and nativity in the following tabular statement:

MARITAL CONDITION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS IN 26 SELECTED CITIES:[1] 1900.				
		Native white—			
	All classes.	Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	Negro.
Total	40,580	17,816	18,947	3,718	98
Single (including unknown)	36,666	16,612	18,435	3,538	80
Married	883	535	242	93	13
Widowed and divorced	1,031	669	270	87	5

[1] Includes all cities in the list given in Table XLIV, page 56, except Fall River, Massachusetts.

The percentage of the stenographers in these cities who were living in the home of their parents or other relatives and the percentage who were living away from home are shown for each marital, race, and nativity class in Table CXLI.

This table shows that 79.3 per cent—about 4 in every 5—of the total number of women stenographers in the selected cities were living at home either as heads of families or with parents or other relatives, while 20.7 per cent were boarding. The proportion boarding was smallest among single persons and largest among the widowed and divorced, the difference amounting to 18.7 per cent. Only 1 person in 5 among single stenographers was returned as a boarder, while among the widowed and divorced approximately 2 in every 5 were so returned. The proportion of boarders is also large for the married stenographers.

Marked differences are apparent in the proportion of boarders among women stenographers of the several race and nativity classes. In the aggregate for all marital classes the native white of foreign parentage show the smallest proportion boarding, about 9 in every 10 living in their own homes or in those of parents or relatives, as compared with 8 in 10 for the foreign born white and 7 in 10 for the native white of native parentage. Among native white women of foreign parentage approximately 15 in every 20 were living with their parents; among the foreign born white, 13 in every 20; and among the native white of native parentage, 11 in 20. It is thus to be seen that a considerably smaller proportion of the native white women of native parentage are living at home than of those of foreign birth or parentage.

TABLE CXLII.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by family relationship, of women 16 years of age and over employed as stenographers and typewriters, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for twenty-six selected cities: 1900.*

FAMILY RELATIONSHIP.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS.			
	All classes.	Native white— Both parents native.	Native white— One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	79.3	69.8	88.2	79.2
Heads of families	2.3	3.0	1.5	2.7
With father	43.9	34.8	52.2	45.5
With mother	20.9	18.7	23.6	17.2
With other relative	12.2	13.3	10.8	13.7
Boarding[2]	20.7	30.2	11.8	20.8
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	80.1	70.6	88.8	79.6
Heads of families	1.7	2.1	1.2	2.0
With father	45.4	36.4	53.1	47.1
With mother	21.4	19.4	23.9	17.7
With other relative	11.6	12.6	10.6	12.7
Boarding[2]	19.9	29.4	11.2	20.4
MARRIED.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	(3)
Living at home	64.6	62.2	65.7	(3)
Heads of families	5.5	6.2	4.1	(3)
With father	14.0	11.4	13.6	(3)
With mother	7.4	7.1	8.7	(3)
With other relative	37.6	37.6	39.1	(3)
Boarding[2]	35.4	37.8	34.3	(3)
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	(3)
Living at home	61.4	56.5	70.7	(3)
Heads of families	21.8	20.9	22.6	(3)
With father	14.7	12.9	19.3	(3)
With mother	12.9	11.1	18.1	(3)
With other relative	11.9	11.7	10.7	(3)
Boarding[2]	38.6	43.5	29.3	(3)

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 26, page 198.
[2] Includes those living with employer.
[3] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

Other breadwinners in the family.—In most cases when a woman engages in gainful occupation her earnings supplement those of other members of the family. Perhaps no available statistics afford a better measure of the extent to which this is the case than those presented in Table CXLII, which gives the per cent distribution, by number of other breadwinners in the family, of the women engaged in this occupation in the selected cities.

TABLE CXLIII.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by number of other breadwinners in the family, of women 16 years of age and over employed as stenographers and typewriters, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for twenty-six selected cities: 1900.*

CLASS.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS.			
	All classes.	Native white— Both parents native.	Native white— One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	79.3	69.8	88.2	79.2
In families having—				
No other breadwinners	6.4	7.6	5.5	5.5
One other	24.4	26.1	23.2	22.2
Two other	22.6	20.6	26.2	24.5
More than two other	24.9	15.5	33.4	27.0
Boarding[2]	20.7	30.2	11.8	20.8
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	80.1	70.6	88.8	79.6
In families having—				
No other breadwinners	6.0	7.1	5.2	5.1
One other	24.2	26.1	23.1	21.7
Two other	24.2	21.4	26.5	25.1
More than two other	25.6	16.0	33.9	27.5
Boarding[2]	19.9	29.4	11.2	20.4
MARRIED.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	(3)
Living at home	64.6	62.2	65.7	(3)
In families having—				
No other breadwinners	6.0	7.1	4.1	(3)
One other	34.1	34.4	33.1	(3)
Two other	11.7	10.1	14.5	(3)
More than two other	12.8	10.7	14.0	(3)
Boarding[2]	35.4	37.8	34.3	(3)
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	(3)
Living at home	61.4	56.5	70.7	(3)
In families having—				
No other breadwinners	21.2	20.3	23.3	(3)
One other	21.9	20.9	21.9	(3)
Two other	10.3	8.7	14.1	(3)
More than two other	8.0	6.6	11.5	(3)
Boarding[2]	38.6	43.5	29.3	(3)

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 27, page 208.
[2] Includes those living with employer.
[3] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

From Table CXLII it appears that in the total number of women stenographers in the selected cities, 74.9 per cent, or about 3 in every 4, lived in families having at least 1 other breadwinner, and 24.9 per cent lived in families in which there were at least 3 ("more than 2") other breadwinners. Only 6.4 per cent of the stenographers were the only breadwinners of the

families in which they lived. In most of the leading occupations for women the proportion of those who are apparently the sole support of the family in which they live is larger than it is in this occupation (see Table 27, page 208).

Women of native birth and parentage employed as stenographers are apparently the sole source of support for their families in a larger percentage of cases than are women of any other nativity. Thus in the total for all marital classes 7.6 per cent of the native white of native parents were living in families in which there were no other breadwinners, as compared with 5.5 per cent of the native white of foreign parentage and of the foreign born white. These facts may perhaps indicate that in the case of female stenographers of native parentage the necessity for employment is more urgent than for those of any other class.

TEACHERS.[1]

At the census of 1900 the number of women at least 16 years of age who were reported as teachers or professors in schools, colleges, and universities in continental United States was 327,206. This makes teaching first in numerical importance among the professional occupations open to adult women and fifth among all occupations into which they enter. The 327,206 teachers and professors were outnumbered by the 1,165,561 servants and waitresses, the 456,405 agricultural laborers, the 338,144 dressmakers, and the 328,935 laundresses. They were first, however, among the 429,497 women engaged in professional service, forming 76.2 per cent of that total.

Importance as an occupation for women.—The extent to which women monopolize the profession of teaching is indicated in the following tabular statement, which classifies the total number of teachers and professors in schools, colleges, and universities as males and females, children and adults. As no distinction is made in these or in subsequent figures between the teachers and the professors, the term "teacher" will hereafter be applied to both classes together whenever they are mentioned in the text.

CLASS.	TEACHERS: 1900.		
	Total.	Male.	Female.
All classes	446,133	118,519	327,614
Adults 16 years and over	445,687	118,481	327,206
Children 10 to 15 years	446	38	408

Women 16 years of age and over are by far the most important class among teachers in the United States, forming 73.3 per cent of the total number reported at the census of 1900. In this connection it is interesting to refer to Tables IX and X of the special report on teachers contained in Census Bulletin 23, which dealt with all teachers at least 10 years of age. It will be found that in 1900 women predominated among the teachers in all sections of the country. The percentage which they formed of the total varied from 85.1 in New England to 60.1 in the Western South Central states, and was generally higher in the North than in the South. In all the main divisions of the country the percentage which women formed of the total number of teachers was larger in the cities of at least 25,000 inhabitants than in the smaller cities and country districts. For continental United States as a whole 82.1 per cent of the teachers in cities of 25,000 or more inhabitants were women, as contrasted with 70.6 per cent of those in the smaller cities and country districts.

Of the total number of teachers 16 years of age and over 73.4 per cent, or about 3 out of 4, were women. This large proportion caused the profession of the teacher to rank tenth among all occupations in the relative prominence of women. The occupations having a larger proportion of women are shown in the following tabular statement, together with the percentages which men, women, and children form of the total engaged in them:[2]

OCCUPATION.	PERSONS AT LEAST 10 YEARS OF AGE ENGAGED IN SPECIFIED OCCUPATION, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.				
	Per cent men.	Per cent women.	Per cent children 10 to 15 years of age.		
			Total.	Boys.	Girls.
Dressmakers	0.6	97.5	1.9	(1)	1.9
Housekeepers and stewards	5.3	94.7			
Milliners	1.9	94.4	3.7	0.1	3.6
Seamstresses	3.0	91.9	5.1	0.2	4.9
Nurses and midwives	10.1	89.9			
Launderers and laundresses	12.9	85.3	1.8	0.2	1.6
Boarding and lodging house keepers	16.6	83.4			
Stenographers and typewriters	23.0	76.7	1.3	0.4	0.9
Servants and waiters	16.5	74.7	8.8	1.2	7.6
Teachers	26.6	73.3	0.1	(1)	0.1

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

It will be noted that the occupations in which the percentage of women is larger than it is in teaching do not require such high educational qualifications as that profession. In the proportion of women, therefore, as well as in the actual number employed, it would seem that teaching is the leading occupation for female breadwinners in those classes of the population which are the more highly educated and presumably the more prosperous.

Race and nativity.—The classes of the population from which the female teachers come are shown in the following tabular statement, which gives the distribution by race and nativity:

[1] For a discussion of the census statistics for all teachers, both male and female, see Census Bulletin 23, reprinted in Twelfth Census, Supplementary Analysis, page 475.

[2] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Twelfth Census, Occupations, Table XLVII.

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.
All classes	327,206	100.0
Native white—both parents native	207,823	63.5
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	88,449	27.0
Foreign born white	17,218	5.3
Negro	13,473	4.1
Indian and Mongolian	238	0.1

Native white women with both parents native, the largest element among adult female teachers, formed 63.5 per cent of the total number; native white women with one or both parents foreign born formed 27 per cent; and thus it is evident that out of every 10 adult females engaged in this profession, 9 were white women born in this country. One in 20 was a foreign born white woman and 1 in 25 a negro. The Indian and Mongolian female teachers were numerically unimportant, contributing less than 1 to every 1,000 of the total.

If the figures for female teachers are contrasted with those given in Table XXIII (page 34), for women engaged in the 46 other occupations which contained at least 5,000 adult female breadwinners, some interesting facts will be noted. The percentage which native whites with both parents native formed of the total was greater in only 5 occupations than it was in teaching, and all 5 were professional pursuits which contained a comparatively small number of women. The percentage of foreign born whites, on the other hand, was lower only among women engaged as government officials or as agricultural laborers. The rank of teaching in the proportion of native whites of foreign parentage was twenty-eighth and in the proportion of negroes thirteenth. The occupations in which a larger percentage of the total number of women were native whites of foreign parentage were mainly manufacturing or mechanical pursuits or else those connected with trade and transportation. The occupations which had a higher percentage of negroes were chiefly those connected with domestic and personal service or agriculture.

The proportion which the different race and nativity classes formed of the total number of adult female teachers was of course determined to a large degree by the composition of the population, and hence it differed rather widely in the several states, as is shown by Table CXLIII, in which the female teachers 16 years of age and over are classified by race and nativity for states and territories.

TABLE CXLIII.—DISTRIBUTION, BY RACE AND NATIVITY, OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS.								
		Number.				Per cent.			
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.			Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	327,206	207,823	88,449	17,218	13,716	63.5	27.0	5.3	4.2
North Atlantic division	101,799	64,887	30,142	6,367	403	63.7	29.6	6.3	0.4
New England	34,179	24,273	7,797	2,061	48	71.0	22.8	6.0	0.1
Maine	5,499	4,724	588	185	2	85.9	10.7	3.4	(1)
New Hampshire	2,817	2,424	280	111	2	86.0	9.9	3.9	0.1
Vermont	2,345	2,197	532	115	1	77.2	18.7	4.0	(1)
Massachusetts	15,357	10,359	4,201	1,133	24	65.3	27.1	7.5	0.2
Rhode Island	2,100	1,384	557	157	2	65.9	26.5	7.5	0.1
Connecticut	5,061	3,185	1,549	310	17	62.9	30.6	6.1	0.3
Southern North Atlantic	67,620	40,614	22,345	4,306	355	60.1	33.0	6.4	0.5
New York	35,416	19,327	13,234	2,736	113	54.6	37.4	7.7	0.3
New Jersey	7,836	4,902	2,311	535	88	62.6	29.5	6.8	1.1
Pennsylvania	34,374	16,385	6,800	1,035	154	67.2	27.9	4.2	0.6
South Atlantic division	30,908	21,879	2,195	612	6,222	70.8	7.1	2.0	20.1
Northern South Atlantic	16,527	12,265	1,697	401	2,164	74.2	10.3	2.4	13.1
Delaware	717	478	151	26	62	66.7	21.1	3.6	8.6
Maryland	4,755	3,322	871	190	372	69.9	18.3	4.0	7.8
District of Columbia	1,598	807	258	85	448	50.5	16.1	5.3	28.0
Virginia	6,769	5,340	182	70	1,177	78.9	2.7	1.0	17.4
West Virginia	2,688	2,318	235	30	105	86.2	8.7	1.1	3.9
Southern South Atlantic	14,381	9,614	498	211	4,058	66.9	3.5	1.5	28.2
North Carolina	4,088	3,016	64	27	981	73.8	1.6	0.7	24.0
South Carolina	3,150	2,072	104	19	955	65.8	3.3	0.6	30.3
Georgia	5,480	3,462	209	51	1,758	63.2	3.8	0.9	32.1
Florida	1,663	1,064	121	114	364	64.0	7.3	6.9	21.9

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

TABLE CXLIII.—DISTRIBUTION, BY RACE AND NATIVITY, OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS.								
	Number.					Per cent.			
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.			Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
North Central division	130,596	83,952	46,636	7,854	1,154	60.1	33.4	5.6	0.8
Eastern North Central	76,444	44,896	26,473	4,553	522	58.7	34.6	6.0	0.7
Ohio	18,560	12,700	4,893	792	195	68.4	26.3	4.3	1.0
Indiana	9,866	7,244	2,082	326	155	73.9	21.2	3.3	1.6
Illinois	23,087	13,081	8,424	1,443	130	56.7	36.5	6.3	0.6
Michigan	12,834	6,893	4,761	1,158	22	53.7	37.1	9.0	0.2
Wisconsin	12,137	4,978	6,313	835	11	41.0	52.0	6.9	0.1
Western North Central	63,152	39,056	20,163	3,301	632	61.8	31.9	5.2	1.0
Minnesota	10,825	4,498	5,290	1,025	12	41.6	48.9	9.5	0.1
Iowa	19,579	12,416	6,610	544	9	63.4	33.8	2.8	(1)
Missouri	11,711	8,299	2,464	476	472	70.9	21.0	4.1	4.0
North Dakota	1,876	755	673	442	6	40.2	35.9	23.6	0.3
South Dakota	3,135	1,650	1,224	260	11	52.6	39.0	8.3	0.4
Nebraska	7,673	5,169	2,175	321	8	67.4	28.3	4.2	0.1
Kansas	8,353	6,269	1,727	243	114	75.1	20.7	2.9	1.4
South Central division	34,114	24,527	2,825	861	5,901	71.9	8.3	2.5	17.3
Eastern South Central	18,030	13,035	1,166	256	3,573	72.3	6.5	1.4	19.8
Kentucky	6,032	4,496	668	154	734	74.3	11.0	2.5	12.1
Tennessee	4,538	3,420	257	37	814	75.4	5.9	0.8	17.9
Alabama	3,332	2,253	122	46	901	67.6	4.0	1.4	27.0
Mississippi	4,108	2,866	99	19	1,124	69.8	2.4	0.5	27.4
Western South Central	16,084	11,492	1,659	605	2,328	71.4	10.3	3.8	14.5
Louisiana	3,277	1,930	633	145	569	58.9	19.3	4.4	17.4
Arkansas	2,428	1,832	120	57	419	75.5	4.9	2.3	17.3
Indian Territory	707	465	35	14	193	65.8	5.0	2.0	27.3
Oklahoma	1,202	992	146	25	49	81.7	12.1	2.1	4.1
Texas	8,470	6,283	725	364	1,098	74.2	8.6	4.3	13.0
Western division	20,788	12,578	6,651	1,824	36	60.5	32.0	7.3	0.2
Rocky Mountain	5,269	3,562	1,348	327	22	67.7	25.6	6.2	0.4
Montana	1,020	607	321	84	8	59.5	31.5	8.2	0.8
Idaho	632	432	170	30	.....	68.4	26.9	4.7	.....
Wyoming	424	274	124	26	.....	64.6	29.2	6.1	.....
Colorado	2,793	1,967	650	167	9	70.4	23.3	6.0	0.3
New Mexico	300	282	83	20	5	72.3	21.3	5.1	1.3
Basin and Plateau	1,741	866	704	107	4	49.7	43.9	6.1	0.2
Arizona	373	254	88	28	3	68.1	23.6	7.5	0.8
Utah	1,038	472	501	64	1	45.5	48.3	6.2	0.1
Nevada	330	140	175	15	.....	42.4	53.0	4.5	.....
Pacific	13,789	8,150	4,539	1,090	10	59.1	32.9	7.9	0.1
Washington	2,585	1,636	698	248	3	63.3	27.0	9.6	0.1
Oregon	2,530	1,781	588	156	5	70.4	23.2	6.2	0.2
California	8,674	4,733	3,253	986	2	54.6	37.5	7.9	(1)

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Table CXLIII shows that in all states, with the exception of Wisconsin, Minnesota, Utah, and Nevada, the native white teachers with both parents native were the most numerous class. The percentage which they formed of the total number of teachers varied from 86.2 in West Virginia to 40.2 in North Dakota, and was generally highest in the two southern divisions and lowest in the North Central and Western. In the four states of Wisconsin, Minnesota, Utah, and Nevada the most numerous class was the native white with one or both parents foreign born. In most of the other North Central and Western states, and in many of those in the North Atlantic division, teachers of this class were of great numerical importance, but they were not strong in the South. Neither had the foreign born teachers entered the South in any considerable numbers, but they were fairly numerous in the Northern and Western states. Negro teachers, as would naturally be expected, were an important factor only in the Southern states.

Such a consideration of the proportions which teachers of the different nativity classes formed of the total number in the several states naturally leads to the question whether the differences noted are to be attributed wholly to differences in the composition of the general adult female population, or whether they indicate a tendency on the part of one race or nativity class to become teachers in relatively larger numbers

than another. To answer this question Table CXLIV has been prepared, which shows for each race and nativity class the number of teachers in every 10,000 females 16 years of age and over. It also shows similar data for cities of at least 50,000 inhabitants and for smaller cities and country districts.

TABLE CXLIV.—NUMBER AND PROPORTION OF TEACHERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS AND IN SMALLER CITIES AND COUNTRY DISTRICTS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.								
	Aggregate.			In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.		
	Total.	Teachers.		Total.	Teachers.		Total.	Teachers.	
		Number.	Per 10,000.		Number.	Per 10,000.		Number.	Per 10,000.
All classes	23,485,559	327,206	139	5,855,790	76,274	130	17,629,769	250,932	142
Native white—both parents native	12,120,161	207,823	171	1,703,955	35,514	208	10,426,206	172,309	165
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	4,288,986	88,449	206	1,700,209	30,670	180	2,588,760	57,779	223
Foreign born white	4,403,494	17,218	39	2,095,206	7,553	36	2,308,288	9,665	42
Negro	2,589,988	13,478	52	353,787	2,531	72	2,236,201	10,947	49
Indian and Mongolian	72,947	238	33	2,633	6	23	70,314	232	33

Table CXLIV shows, for the country as a whole, that in proportion to their numbers in the general population the native white women with one or both parents foreign born contributed more teachers than any other race or nativity class, and that native white women with both parents native were second in this respect. When the figures for the two are combined, it is found that of every 10,000 white women 16 years of age and over who were born in this country 180 were teachers. This ratio is more than three times that reported for the negroes and about five times that reported for the foreign born whites or for the Indians and Mongolians.

Between the large cities and the smaller cities and country districts, however, some differences are apparent. In the large cities the number of teachers per 10,000 adult women was larger for the native whites with both parents native than for the native whites with one or both parents foreign born, but in the smaller cities and country districts the reverse was the case. Perhaps, however, the most striking difference is among the negroes, for in the large cities 72 adult negro women in each 10,000 were teachers, as contrasted with 49 in smaller cities and country districts.

Possibly a better measure of the comparative importance of teaching as a profession for women in the different classes of population may be obtained by comparing the number of teachers not with the total number of women but with the total number of working women, thus eliminating the wide differences between the classes in the degree to which the women become breadwinners. Figures for such a comparison are presented in Table CXLV, which shows the percentage that teachers form of the total number of adult women workers of each class for large cities and for smaller cities and country districts.

TABLE CXLV.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF TEACHERS AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS AND IN SMALLER CITIES AND COUNTRY DISTRICTS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.								
	Aggregate.			In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.		
	Total.	Teachers.		Total.	Teachers.		Total.	Teachers.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	1,833,630	327,206	6.8	1,657,728	76,274	4.6	3,175,902	250,932	7.9
Native white—both parents native	1,771,986	207,823	11.7	414,434	35,514	8.6	1,357,012	172,309	12.7
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,090,741	88,449	8.1	354,806	30,670	8.5	535,938	57,779	10.8
Foreign born white	840,011	17,218	2.0	194,044	7,553	1.5	346,967	9,665	2.8
Negro	1,119,621	13,478	1.2	193,317	2,531	1.3	920,304	10,947	1.2
Indian and Mongolian	11,288	238	2.1	607	6	1.0	10,681	232	2.2

Table CXLV shows that the importance of teaching as an occupation decreases with the economic strength of the classes compared. The native whites with both parents native, who are generally considered the mos

prosperous class, had the largest percentage of teachers in the total number of employed women, while the negroes, who are regarded as the lowest in the economic scale, had the smallest. That these percentages should correspond roughly to the variations in the general well-being of the different classes would naturally be expected. A girl who is to become a teacher has to be supported while obtaining the necessary education for some years after she has reached the age when she could earn money by entering an occupation of a lower grade. This foregoing of the wages which she might earn, even where the educational institutions are public or eleemosynary, constitutes a tax on the resources of the family which can not easily be borne by those in the poorer classes.

It is not surprising, therefore, in view of these facts, to find that the rank of the nativity classes was practically the same in cities of at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts. It should be noted, however, that among the white female breadwinners the proportion of teachers was considerably higher in the smaller cities and country districts than in the cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants. Probably this was due chiefly to the greater diversity of occupations in the large cities.

To determine how far these differences exhibited in Table CXLV are common to all sections of the country, Tables CXLVI and CXLVII have been prepared for main and minor geographic divisions. Both present figures for the adult female teachers—classified by race and nativity—in cities of at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts, the first table giving the absolute number of teachers and the second the percentage which they form of all adult female breadwinners.

TABLE CXLVI.—WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS AND IN SMALLER CITIES AND COUNTRY DISTRICTS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS: 1900.

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS—											
	In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.						In smaller cities and country districts.					
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.	Indian and Mongolian.	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.	Indian and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.					Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.			
Continental United States	76,274	35,514	30,670	7,553	2,531	6	250,932	172,309	57,778	9,665	10,947	232
North Atlantic division	38,140	17,872	16,118	3,859	290	1	63,659	47,055	14,024	2,508	105	7
New England	8,949	5,086	2,973	860	29	1	25,230	19,187	4,824	1,261	17	1
Southern North Atlantic	29,191	12,786	13,145	2,999	261		38,429	27,828	9,200	1,307	88	6
South Atlantic division	5,892	3,211	1,139	287	1,253	2	25,016	18,668	1,056	325	4,963	4
Northern South Atlantic	4,786	2,705	989	257	835		11,741	9,560	708	144	1,328	1
Southern South Atlantic	1,106	506	150	30	418	2	13,275	9,108	348	181	3,635	3
North Central division	24,064	10,401	10,569	2,656	437	1	115,532	73,551	36,067	5,198	675	41
Eastern North Central	16,584	5,751	7,745	1,888	200		59,860	38,145	18,728	2,665	313	9
Western North Central	7,480	3,650	2,824	768	237	1	55,672	35,406	17,339	2,533	362	32
South Central division	3,006	1,356	923	182	545		31,108	23,171	1,902	679	5,196	161
Eastern South Central	1,664	803	435	63	363		16,366	12,232	731	193	3,210	
Western South Central	1,342	553	488	119	182		14,742	10,939	1,171	486	1,985	161
Western division	5,172	2,674	1,921	569	6	2	15,617	9,904	4,730	955	8	19
Rocky Mountain	1,624	676	265	79	4		4,235	2,836	1,083	248	6	12
Basin and Plateau	342	166	138	37	1		1,399	700	626	70	1	2
Pacific	3,806	1,832	1,518	453	1	2	9,983	6,318	3,021	637	2	5

In every minor division for which figures are shown in Table CXLVII, with the sole exception of the Southern South Atlantic, the rank of the different classes of the population according to the proportion of teachers among the female breadwinners 16 years of age and over was native white with both parents native, native white with one or both parents foreign born, foreign born white, and negro. In the Southern South Atlantic states the proportion of teachers, both in the cities of at least 50,000 inhabitants and in the smaller cities and country districts, was lower among the native white with both parents native than among those with one or both parents foreign born. This peculiarity may have been due to the fact that in the far South the population of foreign birth or parentage is so small that a slight immigration of teachers of that class would greatly affect the proportion. On the whole, therefore, the figures for the different sections seem to support the theory that the proportion of teachers varies with the economic strength of the different classes here compared.

TABLE CXLVII.—PERCENTAGE OF TEACHERS AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS AND IN SMALLER CITIES AND COUNTRY DISTRICTS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS: 1900.

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	PERCENTAGE OF TEACHERS AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—									
	In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.					In smaller cities and country districts.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	4.6	8.6	5.5	1.5	1.3	7.9	12.7	10.8	2.8	1.3
North Atlantic division	4.2	8.4	5.1	1.1	0.7	7.8	11.7	6.8	1.4	0.4
New England	3.9	9.9	4.2	0.9	0.5	7.5	14.2	5.4	1.2	0.3
Southern North Atlantic	4.2	7.9	5.3	1.2	0.7	8.0	10.4	7.9	1.7	0.4
South Atlantic division	4.0	7.7	6.2	2.9	1.6	4.0	8.8	11.2	6.5	1.2
Northern South Atlantic	4.1	7.5	5.8	2.7	1.6	6.9	12.2	10.1	4.5	1.6
Southern South Atlantic	3.5	9.0	12.9	5.2	1.7	2.3	6.8	14.4	10.3	1.2
North Central division	5.4	8.7	5.8	2.3	1.6	13.3	16.3	13.5	4.2	2.8
Eastern North Central	5.3	8.6	5.9	2.1	1.4	11.1	13.3	11.1	3.8	2.4
Western North Central	5.7	8.8	5.7	2.9	1.8	16.7	21.3	17.5	4.8	2.8
South Central division	3.9	8.1	6.9	4.0	1.3	4.2	10.0	8.9	5.2	1.1
Eastern South Central	3.5	7.4	6.0	3.2	1.3	3.6	8.9	7.5	6.8	1.4
Western South Central	4.4	9.5	8.0	4.7	1.1	5.2	11.6	10.1	4.8	1.2
Western division	7.4	11.3	7.6	3.0	0.4	12.8	16.7	15.4	4.1	0.4
Rocky Mountain	8.6	12.6	8.2	3.0	0.5	11.2	14.7	12.6	3.2	0.6
Basin and Plateau	8.9	18.1	9.1	2.7	(1)	9.6	18.8	16.1	2.3	0.4
Pacific	7.0	10.5	7.4	3.0	0.1	14.4	17.6	16.6	5.0	0.2

[1] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

Table CXLVII also indicates that the percentages which teachers formed of the total number of female breadwinners 16 years of age and over varied rather widely between different sections of the country. Many different causes probably contributed to this result. The percentages would naturally be affected by differences in the provisions which are made for teaching, since there will be few teachers where the public maintains few schools. The comparatively small percentages shown for "all classes" in the smaller cities and country districts of the Southern divisions is probably attributable in part to this cause, although to some extent it is due to the fact that in these sections of the country relatively more of the total number of teachers were males. The percentage of teachers among the adult female breadwinners in any section may also be affected by the number and character of the pursuits which are open to women, for it is obvious that, other things being equal, where there are many occupations open to women the proportion of teachers will be lower than where there are few. Differences between the large cities and the smaller cities and country districts may probably in a very large measure have resulted from the greater diversity of occupations and greater opportunities for the employment of women in the large cities. The comparatively low percentage in the North Atlantic states as contrasted with the North Central and Western was also due probably to this cause. The percentages for the white of foreign birth or parentage in the several divisions were influenced of course by the nationalities which contributed to that class of the population. The high percentages in the Southern South Atlantic states for the native white of foreign parentage and the foreign born white may have been due to the comparatively large proportion of Anglo-Saxons in those classes in that section of the country, and the low percentages in the North Atlantic states may have been due to the influx into that section of the nationalities from southern and eastern Europe.

Parentage.—The extent to which women of the different nationalities become teachers is indicated by Table CXLVIII, which gives the number and percentage of teachers among female breadwinners 10 years of age and over, classified by the nationality of their parents.

The highest proportion of teachers among the female breadwinners of the different nationalities is found, as would naturally be expected, among women whose parentage was Anglo-Saxon and whose mother tongue was therefore English. The percentages in Table CXLVIII are higher for English speaking countries with the exception of Ireland, than for any others. Of the European countries which do not use English those in the western part of the continent contributed relatively more teachers than those in the eastern. Although this may be partially due to differences in the tendencies of the several nationalities, yet it is

probably to be accounted for chiefly by the difference in the periods during which the various peoples have been a factor in the population of the United States; for when the mother tongue is not English the teachers whose parents were of foreign birth represent for the most part the daughters of immigrants born and educated in this country. Many teachers of foreign languages, however, are foreigners by birth; and the comparatively high percentage of teachers among female breadwinners of French parentage doubtless results in part from the demand for native teachers of the French language.

TABLE CXLVIII.—*Number and percentage of teachers among female breadwinners 10 years of age and over, classified by nativity of parents, for continental United States: 1900.*

PARENTAGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Teachers.	
		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	5,319,397	327,614	6.2
Native parentage	3,247,907	221,705	6.8
Native white	1,926,637	208,063	10.8
All other	1,321,270	13,642	1.0
Foreign parentage	2,071,490	105,909	5.1
Austria	25,590	377	1.5
Bohemia	25,719	409	1.6
Canada (English)	102,181	9,190	9.0
Canada (French)	78,979	1,640	2.1
Denmark	15,580	692	4.5
England and Wales	158,912	13,327	8.4
France	21,164	1,555	7.3
Germany	558,192	21,166	3.9
Hungary	14,631	104	0.7
Ireland	694,201	35,265	5.6
Italy	26,063	194	0.8
Norway	47,434	2,934	6.1
Poland	38,536	553	1.4
Russia	40,816	278	0.7
Scotland	46,173	4,298	9.3
Sweden	81,148	2,255	2.8
Switzerland	15,125	901	6.0
Other countries	47,689	1,558	3.3
Mixed foreign parentage	112,827	9,213	8.2

Age.—The differences in age between the teachers in the several classes of the population are shown in Table CXLIX, which gives the distribution by age periods. The total number, it will be noted, exceeds that previously given by 429, a difference which results from the fact that figures were available only for the entire area of enumeration[1] and not for continental United States.

When the percentages for the different classes shown in Table CXLIX are compared it will be found that the negro teachers were the youngest, more than one-half of them being under 25 years of age. This is doubtless indicative of the fact that very few of the older women in this race have sufficient education to enter this profession. The foreign born white were the oldest, having only 31.1 per cent in the age period 16 to 24. For the two classes of native whites the percentages under 25 were about the same, 47.8 for those with both parents native and 45.3 for those with one or both parents foreign born. Teachers over 54 years of age formed 7.6 per cent of the foreign born whites, the only class in which they were of importance, for among teachers of all classes they formed only 2.2 per cent.

When these percentages for teachers of all classes are compared with those given in Table XXIV (page 36) for the total number of female breadwinners it will be seen that the teachers were younger than the average female breadwinners. Of the total number of teachers, 46.4 per cent were under 25 years of age and 81.2 per cent were under 35. The corresponding percentages for the total number of adult female breadwinners were 44.2 under 25 and 68.4 under 35. In view of the comparatively long period of school attendance necessary in preparation for teaching and the demand for experienced teachers in preference to the young and inexperienced, it is surprising at first to find that the teachers are younger than the average female breadwinners. The explanation is possibly that marriage usually causes the teacher to leave her profession, while it often does not affect women engaged in many of the other occupations. If the teachers are contrasted with female breadwinners engaged in occupations which contain a correspondingly high proportion of single women—for example, with the bookkeepers and accountants, the clerks and copyists, the stenographers and typewriters, or the saleswomen—the teachers will be found the older.

[1] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.

TABLE CXLIX.—DISTRIBUTION, BY AGE, OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION): 1900.

AGE.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS.									
	All classes.		Native white—				Foreign born white.		Negro.	
			Both parents native.		One or both parents foreign born.					
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.
Total	327,635	100.0	208,030	100.0	88,572	100.0	17,299	100.0	13,479	100.0
16 to 24 years	152,149	46.4	99,477	47.8	40,091	45.3	5,373	31.1	7,041	52.2
25 to 34 years	114,012	34.8	70,422	33.9	33,131	37.4	5,542	32.0	4,857	36.0
35 to 44 years	38,475	11.7	22,937	11.0	11,143	12.6	3,145	18.2	1,230	9.1
45 to 54 years	14,879	4.5	9,569	4.6	3,207	3.6	1,864	10.8	232	1.7
55 to 64 years	5,990	1.7	3,906	1.9	731	0.8	983	5.7	70	0.5
65 years and over	1,515	0.5	1,005	0.5	155	0.2	331	1.9	23	0.2
Age unknown	915	0.3	714	0.3	114	0.1	61	0.4	26	0.2

The effect of marriage may be better brought out in Table CL, which gives the proportion of teachers among the total number of adult female breadwinners in each age period for race and nativity classes.

TABLE CL.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF TEACHERS AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE, RACE, AND NATIVITY, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION): 1900.

AGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.													
	All classes.			Native white—						Foreign born white.			Negro.		
				Both parents native.			One or both parents foreign born.								
	Total.	Teachers.		Total.	Teachers.		Total.	Teachers.		Total.	Teachers.		Total.	Teachers.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Total	4,843,155	327,635	6.8	1,773,169	208,030	11.7	1,091,200	88,572	8.1	840,686	17,299	2.1	1,119,653	13,479	1.2
16 to 24 years	2,130,370	152,149	7.1	753,268	99,477	13.2	503,435	40,091	6.8	347,759	5,373	1.5	439,725	7,041	1.6
25 to 34 years	1,171,952	114,012	9.7	399,576	70,422	17.6	297,916	33,131	11.1	202,322	5,542	2.7	266,956	4,857	1.8
35 to 44 years	676,548	38,475	5.7	244,556	22,937	9.4	130,749	11,113	8.5	119,316	3,145	2.6	178,810	1,230	0.7
45 to 54 years	441,457	14,879	3.4	182,214	9,569	5.3	46,925	3,207	6.8	86,136	1,864	2.2	124,624	232	0.2
55 to 64 years	256,926	5,690	2.3	120,650	3,906	3.2	15,982	731	4.6	54,563	983	1.8	64,535	70	0.1
65 years and over	138,691	1,515	1.1	67,655	1,005	1.5	5,368	155	2.9	28,262	331	1.2	36,539	23	0.1
Age unknown	18,211	915	5.0	5,702	714	13.2	825	114	13.8	2,328	61	2.6	9,064	26	0.3

Teaching, as is indicated in Table CL, was most important as a profession among female breadwinners 25 to 34 years of age, and became of less importance in each successive age period. In the period 25 to 34 years the percentage which teachers constituted of the total number of female breadwinners was 9.7 and in the period 16 to 24 years, 7.1. Each advancing period after that of 25 to 34 showed a diminishing percentage, until among the female breadwinners 65 years and over only about 1 in 100 was a teacher. The same tendency was exhibited by all classes of the population though to varying degrees. It was most marked among the native whites with both parents native and least marked among the foreign born whites.

The differences between the several sections of the country in respect to the age of adult female teachers are shown in Table CLI, which gives the distribution by age periods for main and minor geographic divisions.

TABLE CLI.—DISTRIBUTION, BY AGE, OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS, FOR GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS: 1900.

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS.								
	Total.[1]	Number.				Per cent.			
		16 to 24 years.	25 to 44 years.	45 to 64 years.	65 years and over.	16 to 24 years.	25 to 44 years.	45 to 64 years.	65 years and over.
Continental United States	326,296	151,994	152,266	20,527	1,509	46.6	46.7	6.3	0.5
North Atlantic division	101,535	39,823	52,304	8,767	581	39.2	51.5	8.6	0.6
New England	34,060	12,585	17,941	3,196	228	37.3	52.7	9.4	0.7
Southern North Atlantic	67,475	27,128	34,423	5,571	353	40.2	51.0	8.3	0.5
South Atlantic division	30,837	14,390	13,869	2,333	255	46.6	45.0	7.6	0.8
Northern South Atlantic	16,481	6,961	8,051	1,315	154	42.2	48.9	8.0	0.9
Southern South Atlantic	14,356	7,419	5,818	1,018	101	51.7	40.5	7.1	0.7
North Central division	139,263	71,934	61,028	5,933	368	51.7	43.8	4.3	0.3
Eastern North Central	76,268	35,952	36,155	3,936	245	47.1	47.4	5.2	0.3
Western North Central	62,975	35,982	24,873	1,997	123	57.1	39.5	3.2	0.2
South Central division	34,003	17,443	14,203	2,153	204	51.3	41.8	6.3	0.6
Eastern South Central	17,976	8,997	7,782	1,093	104	50.1	43.3	6.1	0.6
Western South Central	16,027	8,446	6,421	1,060	100	52.7	40.1	6.6	0.6
Western division	20,658	8,414	10,862	1,341	101	40.7	52.3	6.5	0.5
Rocky Mountain	5,201	2,333	2,558	298	12	44.9	49.2	5.7	0.2
Basin and Plateau	1,738	892	764	75	7	51.3	44.0	4.3	0.4
Pacific	13,719	5,189	7,480	968	82	37.8	54.5	7.1	0.6

[1] Not including age unknown.

An inspection of Table CLI shows that the proportion of women over 44 years was greatest in the New England, the Northern South Atlantic, and the Southern North Atlantic states, and that it was smallest in the Western North Central, the Basin and Plateau, the Eastern North Central, and the Rocky Mountain states. It is rather interesting to note that the rank of the minor divisions, according to the percentage which women 44 years of age and over formed of the total number of adult female teachers, corresponds rather closely to the rank according to the percentage which single women formed of the total number of adult women in the general population.[1] This similarity suggests that possibly the teachers are older in those communities where marriage for this sex is less general.

The difference between the cities of at least 50,000 inhabitants and the smaller cities and country districts in respect to the age of teachers is shown in Table CLII for continental United States.

TABLE CLII.—*Distribution, by age, of women 16 years of age and over employed as teachers, living in cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts, for continental United States: 1900.*

AGE.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS.		
	Aggregate.	In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.	In smaller cities and country districts.
	NUMBER.		
Total[1]	326,296	76,045	250,251
16 to 24 years	151,994	23,581	128,413
25 to 44 years	152,266	43,608	108,658
45 to 64 years	20,527	8,283	12,244
65 years and over	1,509	573	936
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.		
Total[1]	100.0	100.0	100.0
16 to 24 years	46.6	31.0	51.3
25 to 44 years	46.7	57.3	43.4
45 to 64 years	6.3	10.9	4.9
65 years and over	0.5	0.8	0.4

[1] Not including age unknown.

The teachers in cities of at least 50,000 inhabitants, as is indicated in Table CLII, were older than those in smaller cities and country districts. This may have been due to the difference between the two classes of communities in respect to the requirement for entrance into the profession. In a rural community a pupil of one year may be the teacher of the next. In the cities and large towns this is rarely the case, for there the demand is for experience. Many teachers, therefore, serve a sort of apprenticeship in the country schools, and later, when they are older and more experienced, obtain the more highly paid and often pleasanter positions in the large towns or cities.

Whether any difference exists between the large cities and the smaller cities and country districts in respect to the importance of teaching as a profession for women of the several ages is shown in Table CLIII. This table gives, for continental United States, the percentage which teachers formed of the total number of female breadwinners in each age period over 15 years.

TABLE CLIII.—*Percentage of teachers among female breadwinners 16 years of age and over living in cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants and in smaller cities and country districts, classified by age, for continental United States: 1900.*

	PERCENTAGE OF TEACHERS AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS.			
	16 years and over.	16 to 24 years.	25 to 44 years.	45 years and over.
Continental United States	6.8	7.1	8.3	2.6
Cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants	4.6	3.1	6.4	4.3
Smaller cities and country districts	7.9	9.4	9.3	2.1

The importance of teaching as an occupation, judged by the percentage which women engaged in that profession formed of the total number of women gainfully employed, was greater in the large cities than in the smaller cities and country districts for women 45 years of age and over, but not for younger women. Although this difference may have been caused in part by differences in the age distribution of the urban and rural teachers, yet this is probably an incomplete explanation, not sufficient to account for such a wide variation. The lower percentage in the large cities for female breadwinners under 45 years of age is due probably to the greater diversity of employment afforded by the urban centers, while the higher percentage in the ages over 45 is partially the result of the presence in the country of the female farmers, who become of great numerical importance after the age of 45, thus forcing down the percentages for all other occupations.

Marital condition.—A subject closely connected with age is that of marriage; and in Table CLIV the female teachers 16 years of age and over are classified by race, nativity, and marital condition.

When the female teachers are compared with the women engaged in other occupations, as shown in Table XXV (page 38), it will be found that the percentage of single women among teachers was exceptionally high. Of the total number of female breadwinners only 65 per cent were single, while the corresponding percentage of the teachers was 92.2. In only five occupations, as a matter of fact, was the percentage of single higher than in the profession of teaching. These five included the stenographers and typewriters, the bookkeepers and accountants, the bookbinders, the telegraph and telephone operators, and the paper box makers.

[1] For the per cent distribution, by marital condition, of the adult women in the general population of the minor divisions, see Twelfth Census, Supplementary Analysis, page 393.

TABLE CLIV.—*Distribution*[1] *by marital condition, of women 16 years of age and over employed as teachers, classified by race and nativity, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

MARITAL CONDITION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign-born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
	NUMBER.				
Total	327,635	208,080	88,572	17,299	13,679
Single[2]	302,140	191,400	85,001	15,762	9,762
Married	14,681	9,188	1,883	715	2,863
Widowed	9,610	6,376	1,501	775	750
Divorced	1,204	866	187	47	104
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Single[2]	92.2	92.0	96.0	91.1	72.4
Married	4.5	4.4	2.1	4.1	21.2
Widowed	2.9	3.2	1.7	4.5	5.6
Divorced	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.8

[1] On the assumption that all the married, widowed, and divorced women in this occupation are 16 years of age and over.
[2] Including unknown.

Another striking feature of Table CLIV is the marked difference which it discloses between the marital conditions of the white and the negro teachers. Of the whites, about 9 out of 10 were single, while among the negroes the corresponding figures were only about 7 out of 10. Every marital class other than the single contained a larger percentage of the negroes than of the whites. Although the differences in marital condition between the several classes of white teachers is to be explained partially by differences in their age distribution, no such explanation applies to the differences between whites and negroes, since for negroes, as already noted, the percentage of women under 25 is larger than for white teachers. The difference in proportion married is therefore mainly a race distinction.

Comparison with previous censuses.—Perhaps the most interesting figures concerning the women engaged in a specified occupation are those which show the changes that have taken place between recent censuses. The census of 1900 included women 15 years of age with the adults, and therefore it becomes necessary to include them in the figures for 1900 in order to present comparable data. Accordingly in Table CLV, which gives the distribution by race and nativity for 1890 and 1900 and the per cent of increase in each class during the decade, the figures deal with teachers 15 years of age and over.

Although the number of female teachers 15 years of age and over increased between 1890 and 1900 in each class of the population, the rates of increase for the several classes were by no means uniform. The greatest, 72.6 per cent, was reported for the negroes; the smallest, 25.3, for the native whites with both parents native. The result of these differences in rates was of course to change the percentages which teachers of the different classes formed of the total number. The percentage for the native whites with both parents native fell from 67.6 to 63.5, while that for the native whites with one or both parents foreign born rose from 23.6 to 27, and that for the negroes from 3.2 to 4.1.

TABLE CLV.—*Distribution and increase, by race and nativity, of women 15 years of age and over employed as teachers, for the United States: 1900*[1] *and 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS.					
	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
All classes	327,905	100.0	245,899	100.0	82,006	33.4
Native white—both parents native	208,193	63.5	166,207	67.6	41,986	25.3
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	88,630	27.0	57,999	23.6	30,631	52.8
Foreign born white	17,314	5.3	13,793	5.6	3,521	25.5
Negro	13,313	4.1	7,830	3.2	5,483	72.6
Indian and Mongolian	255	0.1	10	(2)	245	(3)

[1] For area of enumeration.
[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.
[3] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

That these changes correspond to changes in the percentages which teachers formed of the total number of adult female breadwinners of the different classes is shown in Table CLVI.

TABLE CLVI.—*Number and percentage of teachers among female breadwinners 15 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for the United States: 1900*[1] *and 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.					
	1900.			1890.		
	Total.	Teachers.		Total.	Teachers.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	5,007,069	327,905	6.5	3,712,144	245,899	6.6
Native white—both parents native	1,325,850	208,193	11.4	1,310,148	166,207	12.7
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,138,129	88,630	7.8	774,751	57,999	7.5
Foreign born white	861,963	17,314	2.0	756,006	13,793	1.8
Negro	1,162,250	13,313	1.2	867,717	7,830	0.9

[1] For area of enumeration.

Teaching, judged by the proportion of the total number of female breadwinners who were engaged in that profession, was of practically the same importance in 1900 as in 1890. A comparison of the figures presented in Table CLVI will show, however, that it was of decreased importance among the native whites with both parents native, for it contained 12.7 per cent of the total number of adult female breadwinners of that

class in 1890 as contrasted with only 11.4 in 1900. The increase in the importance of the profession among the other classes was, however, sufficient to offset this decrease among the native whites of native parentage.

Whether changes have also occurred in the age distribution of the teachers of the several classes during the decade from 1890 to 1900 is a question answered by Table CLVII. This table gives the age distribution of the female teachers 15 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity for 1890 and 1900, together with the number and percentage of increase in each age period during the decade.

The women 15 years of age and over who were teaching in 1900 were older than those engaged in the profession in 1890. In 1890, as Table CLVII shows, 55.6 per cent of the total number of teachers were under 25 years of age, while in 1900 the corresponding percentage was only 46.5. All the age periods over that of 15 to 24 years contained a higher percentage of the total in 1900 than in 1890. The largest numerical increase during the decade was that of 42,879 in the age period 25 to 34 years, but the largest proportional increase was that of 81.6 per cent in the age period 55 to 64 years.

All classes show this increase in the relative importance of the older age groups, and therefore it is not improbable that it is the result in part of a tendency to enter the occupation at an older age after a longer period of preparatory training. The multiplication of normal schools would contribute to this result, as would also the raising of the legal requirements for entrance into the profession. In comparing the percentages of increase shown for the different age groups, it should be remembered, however, that most of the women of older years entered this profession in their youth. To some extent, therefore, the increase shown by the table for the older age group may reflect an influx of young women into this occupation at an earlier period of its history. This is probably the significance of the exceptionally large percentage of increase shown for native whites of foreign parentage in the age periods above 35.[1] In the case of the negroes, the high percentage in the older age periods is probably due to some extent to the fact that among them teaching as a profession is of such recent origin that the mere advancing years of the first persons who entered it would affect the percentages.

[1] See page 52.

TABLE CLVII.—*Distribution and increase, by age, of women 15 years of age and over employed as teachers, classified by race and nativity, for the United States: 1900*[1] *and 1890.*

AGE.	WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS.					
	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
ALL CLASSES.						
Total	327,905	100.0	245,839	100.0	82,066	33.4
15 to 24 years	152,419	46.5	136,610	55.6	15,809	11.6
25 to 34 years	114,012	34.8	71,133	28.9	42,879	60.3
35 to 44 years	38,475	11.7	22,668	9.2	15,807	69.7
45 to 54 years	14,879	4.5	10,343	4.2	4,536	43.9
55 to 64 years	5,690	1.7	3,133	1.3	2,557	81.6
65 years and over	1,515	0.5	913	0.4	602	65.9
Age unknown	915	0.3	1,039	0.4	[2]124	[2]11.9
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.						
Total	208,193	100.0	166,207	100.0	41,986	25.3
15 to 24 years	99,640	47.9	93,064	56.0	6,576	7.1
25 to 34 years	70,422	33.8	46,412	27.9	24,010	51.7
35 to 44 years	22,937	11.0	15,500	9.3	7,437	48.0
45 to 54 years	9,569	4.6	7,533	4.5	2,036	27.0
55 to 64 years	3,906	1.9	2,313	1.4	1,593	68.9
65 years and over	1,005	0.5	618	0.4	387	62.6
Age unknown	714	0.3	767	0.5	[2]53	[2]6.9
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.						
Total	88,630	100.0	57,999	100.0	30,631	52.8
15 to 24 years	40,149	45.3	33,767	58.2	6,382	19.0
25 to 34 years	33,131	37.4	18,332	31.6	14,799	80.7
35 to 44 years	11,143	12.6	4,254	7.3	6,889	161.9
45 to 54 years	3,207	3.6	1,185	2.0	2,022	170.6
55 to 64 years	731	0.8	261	0.4	490	191.2
65 years and over	155	0.2	84	0.1	71	(3)
Age unknown	114	0.1	126	0.2	[2]12	[2]9.5
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.						
Total	17,314	100.0	13,793	100.0	3,521	25.5
15 to 24 years	5,388	31.1	4,593	33.3	795	17.3
25 to 34 years	5,542	32.0	4,319	31.3	1,223	28.3
35 to 44 years	3,145	18.2	2,514	18.2	631	25.1
45 to 54 years	1,864	10.8	1,523	11.0	341	22.4
55 to 64 years	983	5.7	533	3.9	450	84.4
65 years and over	331	1.9	201	1.5	130	64.7
Age unknown	61	0.4	110	0.8	[2]49	[2]44.5
NEGRO.						
Total	13,513	100.0	7,830	100.0	5,683	72.6
15 to 24 years	7,075	52.4	5,180	66.2	1,895	36.6
25 to 34 years	4,857	35.9	2,068	26.4	2,789	134.9
35 to 44 years	1,230	9.1	399	5.1	831	208.3
45 to 54 years	232	1.7	102	1.3	130	127.5
55 to 64 years	70	0.5	36	0.5	34	(3)
65 years and over	23	0.2	10	0.1	13	(3)
Age unknown	26	0.2	35	0.4	[2]9	(3)

[1] For area of enumeration.
[2] Decrease.
[3] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

The percentages of increase among female teachers during the decade 1890 to 1900 were very different for the several sections of the country, as is shown in Table CLVIII. The figures given in that table deal with all female teachers 10 years of age and over, as figures for adults only were not available.

TABLE CLVIII.—*Increase in the number of females 10 years of age and over employed as teachers, for geographic divisions: 1900 and 1890.*

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	FEMALES 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS.			
	1900	1890	Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
			Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	327,614	246,066	81,548	33.1
North Atlantic division	101,912	80,538	21,374	26.5
New England	34,227	28,262	5,965	21.1
Southern North Atlantic	67,685	52,276	15,409	29.5
South Atlantic division	30,068	21,364	9,604	45.0
Northern South Atlantic	16,543	12,217	4,326	35.4
Southern South Atlantic	14,425	9,147	5,278	57.7
North Central division	139,730	110,095	29,635	26.9
Eastern North Central	76,512	56,707	15,805	20.0
Western North Central	63,218	49,388	13,830	28.0
South Central division	34,189	22,070	12,119	54.9
Eastern South Central	18,066	13,655	4,411	32.3
Western South Central	16,123	8,415	7,708	91.6
Western division	20,815	11,999	8,816	73.5
Rocky Mountain	5,269	2,651	2,618	98.8
Basin and Plateau	1,743	879	864	98.3
Pacific	13,803	8,469	5,334	63.0

An inspection of Table CLVIII shows that the Rocky Mountain, the Basin and Plateau, and the Western South Central states reported the highest percentages of increase, while the lowest were in New England and the Eastern North Central states. These variations between the several sections of the country in respect to the percentage of increase in teachers reflect in a large measure the variations between them in respect to the increase in the general population.[1] The rank of the divisions according to the percentage of increase in the number of teachers was not, however, exactly the same as the rank according to the percentage of increase in the general population. Such variations as occur are to be attributed to differences in the development of the school systems. A given increase in the actual number of teachers will cause a large percentage of increase where the school system is not well developed, while it will cause only a small percentage where the school system is already adequate. New England, for example, ranked fifth in the actual increase in the number of teachers, but it was last in the percentage of increase.

Similar reasons account for the differences between the several sections of the country shown in Table CLIX. This table gives the number of teachers 16 years of age and over in 1880 and 1900, together with the percentage of increase during the twenty-year period.

TABLE CLIX.—*Increase in the number of women 16 years of age and over employed as teachers, for geographic divisions: 1900 and 1880.*

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS.			
	1900	1880	Increase, 1880 to 1900.	
			Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	327,206	153,870	173,336	112.7
North Atlantic division	101,799	60,207	41,592	69.1
New England	34,179	23,424	10,755	45.9
Southern North Atlantic	67,620	36,783	30,837	83.8
South Atlantic division	30,908	11,746	19,162	163.1
Northern South Atlantic	16,527	6,827	9,700	142.1
Southern South Atlantic	14,381	4,919	9,462	192.4
North Central division	139,596	65,995	73,601	111.5
Eastern North Central	76,444	41,321	35,123	85.0
Western North Central	63,152	24,674	38,478	155.9
South Central division	34,114	10,961	23,153	211.3
Eastern South Central	18,030	7,453	10,577	141.9
Western South Central	16,084	3,498	12,586	359.8
Western division	20,789	4,971	15,818	318.2
Rocky Mountain	5,259	580	4,679	806.7
Basin and Plateau	1,741	452	1,289	285.2
Pacific	13,789	3,939	9,850	250.1

During the twenty-year period covered by Table CLIX the highest rate of increase was 806.7 per cent, reported for the Rocky Mountain division. The smallest was 45.9, reported for New England. As a rule the percentages for the older communities were much lower than those for the newer.

Another interesting comparison which may be made with prior censuses concerns the relative importance of women in the profession at the different dates. Figures for such a comparison are presented in Table CLX, in which the teachers 10 years of age and over are classified by sex for the censuses beginning with that of 1870.

TABLE CLX.—*Distribution, by sex, of teachers 10 years of age and over, for continental United States: 1900, 1890, 1880, and 1870.*

CENSUS.	TEACHERS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	Number.			Per cent.	
	Total.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1900	446,143	118,519	327,624	26.6	73.4
1890	347,344	101,278	246,066	29.2	70.8
1880	227,710	73,335	154,375	32.2	67.8
1870	126,822	42,775	84,047	33.7	66.3

It will be noted in the above table that the importance of females in the profession of teaching has increased at each census since that of 1870. In that year 66.3 per cent of the total number of teachers 10 years of age and over were females, but by 1900 the proportion had increased to 73.4 per cent.

[1] For a discussion of the increase in population, see Twelfth Census, Supplementary Analysis, page 35.

Family relationship.—In order to determine the relationship of female teachers to the families in which they live, a special tabulation was made of data contained in the schedules of the Twelfth Census for the 27 cities which reported the largest number of adult female breadwinners. The teachers included in this special tabulation are classified by race, nativity, and marital condition in the following tabular statement:

MARITAL CONDITION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS IN 27 SELECTED CITIES:[1] 1900.				
		Native white—			
	All classes.	Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	Negro.
All classes	52,876	22,902	22,565	5,710	1,698
Single (including unknown)	49,210	21,102	21,600	5,102	1,405
Married	1,468	667	465	227	109
Widowed and divorced	2,198	1,133	568	381	124

[1] For a list of these cities, see Table XLIV, page 56.

The teachers in each class shown in this tabular statement are distributed in Table 26 (page 198), according to their relationship to the family in which they live. The per cent distribution by family relationship derived from these actual numbers is shown in Table CLXI.

Table CLXI shows that about 1 teacher in 4 boarded. If these figures for teachers are compared with those for the other 16 occupations shown in Table 26, it will be found that only 3 of these occupations—servants and waitresses, housekeepers and stewardesses, and nurses and midwives—had a higher percentage boarding. That the percentage should be higher in these 3 is due to the fact that the term "boarding" includes women living with employers, a class which, in these 3 occupations, is very numerous. That the occupation of teachers should outrank 13 of the others in the proportion boarding is a reflection of the extent to which it is necessary for teachers to leave home in order to get positions.

The relative number of teachers who boarded was by no means the same for the different race, nativity, and marital classes. It varied from 56.2 per cent among the single foreign born whites to 13.3 per cent among the married native whites with one or both parents foreign born. For each race and nativity class it was lowest among the married; for the negroes and the native whites with both parents native it was highest among the widowed and divorced, while for the native whites with one or both parents foreign born and the foreign born whites it was highest among the single.

Of the teachers who lived at home, the largest proportion were in families of which the father was the head. When the figures for the different marital classes are examined, however, it will be found that this was true only of the single. The largest number of married teachers lived with some other relative, presumably the husband, while the largest number of widowed and divorced women were themselves heads of families. As contrasted with teachers of other race and nativity classes, few foreign born whites lived in families of which fathers or mothers were heads. This of course is because in many cases they had no parents living in this country, a fact which also accounts for the high percentage of boarders comprised in this class.

TABLE CLXI.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by family relationship, of women 16 years of age and over employed as teachers, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for twenty-seven selected cities: 1900.*

FAMILY RELATIONSHIP.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS.				
		Native white—			
	All classes.	Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	Negro.
ALL MARITAL CLASSES.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	72.3	72.6	77.5	47.1	83.0
Heads of families	6.6	6.9	5.3	10.6	8.4
With father	33.4	32.8	39.2	17.3	32.2
With mother	18.2	17.7	20.8	8.5	21.7
With other relative	14.1	15.2	13.3	11.3	20.6
Boarding[2]	27.7	27.4	22.5	52.9	17.0
SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	72.0	72.6	77.3	43.8	82.8
Heads of families	4.9	5.1	4.3	6.6	5.2
With father	35.2	34.9	39.3	18.8	36.7
With mother	19.0	18.7	21.3	9.1	24.9
With other relative	12.8	13.9	12.4	9.2	16.0
Boarding[2]	28.0	27.4	22.7	56.2	17.2
MARRIED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	81.7	77.2	86.7	82.8	85.8
Heads of families	9.0	7.6	8.4	14.5	8.3
With father	10.6	9.4	13.8	4.4	10.7
With mother	5.7	4.9	9.1	3.1	3.6
With other relative	57.0	55.2	55.3	60.8	63.2
Boarding[2]	18.3	22.8	13.3	17.2	14.2
WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	72.4	68.7	79.3	70.6	81.5
Heads of families	43.7	41.0	42.3	53.3	45.2
With father	7.9	6.7	12.6	4.5	11.3
With mother	7.1	6.6	9.5	3.7	10.4
With other relative	13.8	14.4	16.5	9.2	14.4
Boarding[2]	27.6	31.3	20.7	29.4	18.5

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 26, page 198.
[2] Includes those living with employer.

Other breadwinners in the family.—Another tabulation which was made from the entries on the schedules of the Twelfth Census for the 27 cities classifies the adult female teachers according to the number of other breadwinners in the families in which they lived. These other breadwinners include only relatives of the teacher living in the same house with her. Relatives living elsewhere could not be included, as the Census schedules furnished no means of identifying them. Boarders in the house were purposely omitted from the tabulation because, as a rule, their connection with the family was a purely business relationship. The actual numbers derived from this tabulation are shown in Table 27, (page 208), for each race, nativity, and marital class, and the percentages based upon these figures are presented in Table CLXII.

In the 27 selected cities 4,919 teachers were the only breadwinners of the family in which they lived, and of this number 4,247, or 86.3 per cent, were single women. These teachers, who apparently were the sole means of support of their families, formed 9.3 per cent of the total and were less numerous than those living in families of any of the other three classes. The most numerous class, exclusive of that "boarding," consisted of those who lived in families having one other breadwinner, for they formed 22.8 per cent of the total, as compared with 20 per cent for those in families having 2 other breadwinners and 20.2 per cent for those in families having more than 2.

If the figures for the several marital classes are compared, some interesting facts will be noted, which are true almost without exception for each race and nativity class. Teachers living in families which contained 2 or more than 2 other breadwinners formed the highest percentage among the single; those living in families containing only one other, the highest percentage among the married; and those who were the only breadwinners, the highest percentage among the widowed and divorced. The explanation of these differences is to be found in Table CLXI. Single teachers, exclusive of boarders, usually lived with their fathers and mothers and married teachers with their husbands; but the widowed and divorced were heads of families. The single teacher was not usually the only breadwinner, for she was generally assisted by the father and one brother or sister, perhaps more than one. The married teachers were usually too young to have children who were old enough to be breadwinners and thus they were usually assisted only by the husband. As the widowed and divorced women were probably somewhat older than the married, they often had a child who was a breadwinner, but where they had no such child they were the only ones to support the family.

TABLE CLXII.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by number of other breadwinners in the family, of women 16 years of age and over employed as teachers, classified by marital condition, race, and nativity, for twenty-seven selected cities: 1900.*

CLASS.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS TEACHERS.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
	ALL MARITAL CLASSES.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	72.3	72.6	77.5	47.1	83.0
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	9.3	10.3	8.3	9.3	8.3
One other	22.8	25.8	21.3	14.8	29.0
Two other	20.0	20.7	21.4	10.6	22.0
More than two other	20.2	15.6	26.4	12.4	23.6
Boarding[2]	27.7	27.4	22.5	52.9	17.0
	SINGLE (INCLUDING UNKNOWN).				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	72.0	72.6	77.3	43.8	82.8
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	8.6	9.7	7.9	7.7	6.5
One other	21.9	25.2	20.7	12.4	27.0
Two other	20.5	21.4	21.7	10.8	23.3
More than two other	20.9	16.3	27.0	12.9	26.0
Boarding[2]	28.0	27.4	22.7	56.2	17.2
	MARRIED.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	81.7	77.2	86.7	82.8	85.8
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	8.1	7.0	8.9	10.1	7.7
One other	46.5	45.9	42.7	50.7	52.1
Two other	14.2	13.2	18.3	10.6	13.6
More than two other	12.9	11.1	16.8	11.5	12.4
Boarding[2]	18.3	22.8	13.3	17.2	14.2
	WIDOWED AND DIVORCED.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Living at home	72.4	68.7	79.3	70.6	81.5
In families having—					
No other breadwinners	25.2	23.7	23.9	29.7	29.8
One other	20.2	25.7	28.9	25.2	21.0
Two other	13.3	13.1	15.7	8.7	18.5
More than two other	7.8	6.2	10.7	7.1	12.1
Boarding[2]	27.6	31.3	20.7	29.4	18.5

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 27, page 208.
[2] Includes those living with employer.

FARMERS.

At the census of 1900 the number of women 16 years of age and over reported as farmers, planters, and overseers in continental United States was 307,706. That so many women were engaged in an occupation which is naturally regarded as one followed almost

exclusively by men seems at first somewhat surprising. The total number of adults reported as engaged in this occupation was, however, 5,674,875, so that the number of women reported constituted but 5.4 per cent, or approximately one-twentieth of the total.

In only 4 of the 47 occupations employing at least 5,000 adult female breadwinners did women constitute a smaller proportion of the total. These 4 included the barbers and hairdressers, the laborers (not specified), the merchants and dealers (except wholesale), and the agents.

Although the occupation of the farmer was thus among the lowest in the percentage formed by women, yet it was sixth in actual number of women employed, being exceeded only by the servants and waitresses, the female agricultural laborers, the dressmakers, the laundresses, and the teachers. Because of the large number of women engaged in it, the occupation of farming is very important in a consideration of the employment of women.

Race and nativity.—The extent to which women of the four race and nativity classes have contributed to this large number is indicated in Table CLXIII, which also shows the difference in the distribution in the several geographic divisions. The actual numbers are given in Table 24 (page 180).

TABLE CLXIII.—*Per cent distribution,*[1] *by race and nativity, of women 16 years of age and over employed as farmers, planters, and overseers, for geographic divisions: 1900.*

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS FARMERS, PLANTERS, AND OVERSEERS.				
	Number.	Per cent.			
		Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	307,706	58.3	6.1	11.4	24.3
North Atlantic division	30,019	75.1	10.4	14.1	0.4
New England	8,928	82.6	5.7	11.5	0.2
Southern North Atlantic	21,091	71.9	12.4	15.2	0.5
South Atlantic division	66,657	60.6	0.9	0.8	37.7
Northern South Atlantic	19,570	75.3	2.0	2.0	20.7
Southern South Atlantic	47,087	54.5	0.5	0.2	44.7
North Central division	84,656	55.8	14.0	29.1	1.2
Eastern North Central	46,839	58.1	15.4	25.9	0.7
Western North Central	37,817	52.9	12.2	33.0	1.8
South Central division	114,895	55.7	1.5	2.2	40.6
Eastern South Central	68,693	55.6	0.8	0.7	42.8
Western South Central	46,202	55.8	2.6	4.3	37.3
Western division	11,479	46.0	11.7	27.5	14.9
Rocky Mountain	2,633	56.4	12.6	22.6	8.4
Basin and Plateau	2,385	14.1	8.0	24.2	53.7
Pacific	6,461	53.6	12.6	30.7	3.2

[1] For numbers on which the percentages are based, see Table 24, page 180.

Native white women with both parents native were by far the most important class among female farmers, forming 58.3 per cent of the total number. This proportion of native white women of native parentage was exceptionally high, exceeding that in all but 8 of the 46 other occupations which contained at least 5,000 adult female breadwinners. On the other hand, the 6.1 per cent which the native white of foreign parentage constituted of the total was a proportion lower than that shown for any of the other 46 occupations except that of agricultural laborers (see Table XXIII, page 34). Negro, Indian, and Mongolian women were of practically the same importance among the female farmers as they were among the total number of adult female breadwinners, forming about 24 per cent in each case. The foreign born whites formed 11.4 per cent of the female farmers, as contrasted with 17.4 per cent of the total number of adult female breadwinners. This difference is to be attributed largely to the tendency of the foreign born white women to engage in manufacturing and mechanical pursuits and domestic and personal service in preference to agriculture.

The native whites of native parentage were the most numerous class among female farmers in each of the five main geographic divisions. There was, however, wide variation in the relative numbers in the different divisions, the proportions ranging from 46 per cent, or less than one-half, in the Western division, to 75.1 per cent, or three-fourths, in the North Atlantic division, while in New England the proportion was over four-fifths. In the other three main divisions the proportions approximate fairly closely those shown for the country at large. In the two Southern divisions, where the negro population is large, the proportion was high for the colored races, which were an insignificant element in every other division except the Western.

The large percentage of colored female farmers shown in the West was due mainly to the high percentage in the Basin and Plateau states, where more than half were of the colored races, this division being the only one of the geographic divisions or subdivisions in which the native white of native parents were in a minority. This results from the fact that a large number of Indian women were reported as farmers in Arizona. The highest percentage of foreign born white was found in the North Central states, to which the agricultural classes from western Europe have come in large numbers. In no division did the native whites of foreign parentage form a large percentage of the total, a fact probably to be explained partially by the younger age of this nativity class.

This discussion of the proportion which the different classes form of the total number of female farmers naturally raises the question whether, in proportion to its numbers, one class tends more than another toward farming. Table CLXIV shows the percentage that farmers formed of the total number of

adult female breadwinners in each race and nativity class.

TABLE CLXIV.—*Number and percentage of farmers, planters, and overseers among female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for continental United States: 1900.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Farmers, planters, and overseers.	
		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	4,833,630	307,706	6.4
Native white—both parents native	1,771,966	179,448	10.1
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	1,090,744	18,663	1.7
Foreign born white	840,011	34,975	4.2
Negro	1,119,621	71,665	6.4
Indian and Mongolian	11,288	2,955	26.2

The percentage which farmers formed of the total number of adult female breadwinners was more than twice as great for the Indians and Mongolians as it was for the native whites with both parents native, the class that ranked second in this respect. The reason for this high percentage among the Indians is twofold. In the first place, Indian women, perhaps more than any other class, were restricted to a few rural occupations. In the second place, when the tribal reservations of the Indians were partitioned, farms were allotted to the women. As a result, 26.2 per cent, or more than 1 in 4, of the female breadwinners of the Indian race were farmers.

That the native whites of native parentage ranked next to the Indians in the percentage which farmers constituted of the total number of female breadwinners is attributable to several causes. The higher proportion shown for them as compared with the other white nativity classes was probably due to the fact that this nativity class was more largely concentrated in the agricultural districts than was the case among those of foreign birth or parentage, who tend to seek the cities, where they engage in trade and transportation or manufacturing and mechanical pursuits. They exceeded the negroes, the group that ranked third, probably because they were a wealthier class, and thus included relatively more women who had the means to possess a farm. The much smaller importance of the occupation for the white of foreign parentage as compared with the foreign born white is probably to be explained by the much lower average age of the former class, as farming is preeminently an occupation for women over 40.

The difference in the relative importance of the occupation for the various race and nativity classes in different sections of the country is indicated in Table CLXV, which presents the percentage which farmers constituted of the total number of adult female breadwinners in each class for geographic divisions. The figures for the Indians and Mongolians have been omitted, since the female farmers among these races numbered only 2,955 and were located mainly in the Western and South Central states.

TABLE CLXV.—*Percentage of farmers, planters, and overseers among female breadwinners 16 years of age and over, classified by race and nativity, for geographic divisions: 1900.*

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	PERCENTAGE OF FARMERS, PLANTERS, AND OVERSEERS AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	6.4	10.1	1.7	4.2	6.4
North Atlantic	1.7	3.7	0.6	0.8	0.1
South Atlantic	8.6	15.9	2.3	3.4	5.3
North Central	6.4	8.3	2.6	10.3	1.2
South Central	14.0	25.7	5.1	14.1	8.9
Western	6.0	6.4	2.4	7.4	0.7

For women of all classes, farming was most important as an occupation in the South Central division and least important in the North Atlantic, the percentages being 14 for the former against 1.7 for the latter.

In the North Central and Western states farming was most important as an occupation for the foreign born white women, but in the other sections it was most important for native whites with both parents native. The proportion of farmers among the foreign born white women, although less than that among the negroes for continental United States as a whole, was, as a matter of fact, greater in all the divisions except the South Atlantic. Even the native white women with one or both parents foreign born, the class which had the lowest proportion for continental United States as a whole, had a larger proportion than the negro women in all divisions except the two Southern.

The variations between the geographic divisions in the rank of the classes according to the proportion of farmers among female breadwinners were of course affected by differences in the geographic distribution of these classes. The negroes outranked the foreign born whites in the country as a whole because they were concentrated in the agricultural sections of the South, where farming as an occupation for women was of greatest importance, although in the rest of the country they form but an insignificant element.

Parentage.—Table CLXVI indicates the importance of the occupation for the different nationalities represented among females reported as farmers, planters, and overseers.

The only nationality for which the occupation approached the importance shown for the white of native parentage was that of the Norwegians, for whom the proportion of the total number of female breadwinners reported as farmers was 7.1 per cent. The Swiss ranked second, with 5.8 per cent, exactly

equaling the general average. All the other countries of western Europe, with the exception of Ireland and Sweden, also show a relatively high percentage as compared with the total for those of foreign parentage. For most of the countries of eastern Europe, on the other hand, the percentage of farmers was low. This was particularly noticeable for the Italians, the Russians, the Poles, the Austrians, and the Hungarians, the nationalities which of late years have been coming to this country in large numbers. The low percentage for these nationalities is to be attributed mainly to their tendency to congregate in large cities where they find employment in manufacturing and mechanical pursuits. It is perhaps noteworthy that approximately one-third of those of foreign parentage reported in this occupation were of German parentage.

TABLE CLXVI.—*Number and percentage of farmers, planters, and overseers among female breadwinners 10 years of age and over, classified by nativity of parents, for continental United States: 1900.*

PARENTAGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.		
	Total.	Farmers, planters, and overseers.	
		Number.	Per cent.
All classes	5,319,397	307,706	5.8
Native parentage	3,247,907	248,897	7.7
Native white	1,926,637	179,448	9.3
All other	1,321,270	69,449	5.3
Foreign parentage	2,071,490	58,809	2.8
Austria	25,390	354	1.4
Bohemia	25,719	953	3.7
Canada (English)	102,181	1,804	1.8
Canada (French)	79,979	626	0.8
Denmark	15,580	744	4.8
England and Wales	158,912	5,625	3.5
France	21,164	773	3.7
Germany	538,192	19,260	3.6
Hungary	14,631	231	1.6
Ireland	634,201	11,092	1.7
Italy	26,093	134	0.5
Norway	47,934	3,394	7.1
Poland	38,536	545	1.4
Russia	40,816	373	0.9
Scotland	46,173	1,758	3.8
Sweden	81,148	2,116	2.6
Switzerland	15,125	880	5.8
Other countries	47,689	1,246	2.6
Mixed foreign parentage	112,827	1,901	1.7

Age.—That farming is preeminently an occupation for women in middle life or old age is shown by Table CLXVII, in which the distribution by age periods is given for female farmers, classified by race and nativity. Of the total number of female farmers, only 13.5 per cent, or about 2 in 15, were under 35 years of age; while 66.3 per cent, or almost 2 in 3, were over 44. That the female farmers as a class should be so old is the result of the conditions under which most of them take up farming. The occupation naturally does not appeal to young unmarried women. It normally requires a certain amount of capital and experience, and to a single woman without family ties other methods of gaining a livelihood are more feasible. The statistics indicate that most of the women reported as farmers were once farmers' wives, who upon the death of the husband carried on the farm. This fact will become more evident when the figures for marital condition are considered.

TABLE CLXVII.—*Distribution, by age, of women 16 years of age and over employed as farmers, planters, and overseers, classified by race and nativity, for the United States (area of enumeration):*[1] *1900.*

AGE.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS FARMERS, PLANTERS, AND OVERSEERS.					
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.	Indian and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.			
	NUMBER.					
Total	307,788	179,475	18,665	34,982	71,665	3,001
16 to 24 years	11,622	4,193	795	228	5,982	234
25 to 34 years	29,761	12,668	2,114	1,299	13,169	491
35 to 44 years	61,004	32,791	5,040	4,249	18,296	628
45 to 54 years	81,078	48,744	5,301	9,425	16,947	661
55 to 64 years	71,367	46,011	3,482	11,320	10,069	485
65 years and over	51,643	34,661	1,902	8,282	6,427	364
Age unknown	1,303	387	24	79	775	38
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
16 to 24 years	3.8	2.3	4.3	0.9	8.3	11.1
25 to 34 years	9.7	7.1	11.3	3.7	18.4	16.4
35 to 44 years	19.8	18.3	27.0	12.1	25.5	20.9
45 to 54 years	26.3	27.2	28.4	26.9	23.6	22.0
55 to 64 years	23.2	25.6	18.7	32.4	14.1	16.2
65 years and over	16.8	19.3	10.2	23.7	9.0	12.1
Age unknown	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	1.1	1.3

[1] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.

The lower average age among the negroes was possibly due to the large number of tenant farmers among them. These tenant farmers hire a small area, agreeing to pay rent out of the crop which they raise during the year, and they probably enter the occupation because it affords a ready means of obtaining a livelihood. Among the Indians the high percentage of young women among the female farmers was probably due to the facts that the other occupations into which they may enter are restricted in number, and that many of them obtained farms through the partition of the tribal reservations. The comparatively high percentage of young women among the native white female farmers with one or both parents foreign born is probably nothing more than a reflection of the comparative youth of this element in the general population.

This is brought out more strongly in Table CLXVIII, which shows, for the several race and nativity classes, the percentage which farmers form of the total number of female breadwinners in each age group.

Although among the total number of adult female breadwinners the occupation of the farmers was much less important for the native whites of foreign parentage than for the foreign born whites, this was not the

case in a single one of the groups of known age. Except in the period 16 to 24—where the percentages were identical—the native white female breadwinners of foreign parentage reported a higher percentage of farmers than the foreign born whites. This indicates conclusively that the relatively small importance of the occupation for the native whites of foreign parentage was due almost wholly to the fact that the proportion of them who had reached the age at which women ordinarily take up this occupation was so much smaller than the corresponding proportion of the foreign born whites.

TABLE CLXVIII.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF FARMERS, PLANTERS, AND OVERSEERS AMONG FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE, RACE, AND NATIVITY, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION): 1900.

AGE.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.														
	All classes.			Native white—						Foreign born white.			Negro.		
				Both parents native.			One or both parents foreign born.								
	Total.	Farmers, planters, and overseers.		Total.	Farmers, planters, and overseers.		Total.	Farmers, planters, and overseers.		Total.	Farmers, planters, and overseers.		Total.	Farmers, planters, and overseers.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Total	4,843,155	307,788	6.4	1,773,109	179,475	10.1	1,091,209	18,665	1.7	840,686	34,982	4.2	1,119,353	71,665	6.4
16 to 24 years	2,139,370	11,632	0.5	753,266	4,193	0.6	593,435	795	0.1	347,759	328	0.1	439,726	5,982	1.4
25 to 34 years	1,171,962	29,761	2.5	399,376	12,683	3.2	297,016	2,114	0.7	202,322	1,269	0.6	266,956	13,169	4.9
35 to 44 years	676,548	61,004	9.0	244,556	33,791	13.4	130,749	5,040	3.9	119,316	4,249	3.6	178,810	18,296	10.2
45 to 54 years	441,457	81,078	18.4	182,214	48,744	26.8	46,925	5,301	11.3	86,136	9,425	10.9	124,024	16,947	13.7
55 to 64 years	256,926	71,367	27.8	120,650	46,011	38.1	15,982	3,482	21.8	54,563	11,320	20.7	64,535	10,069	15.6
65 years and over	138,691	51,643	37.2	67,655	34,661	51.2	5,368	1,909	35.6	28,262	8,282	29.3	36,539	6,427	17.6
Age unknown	18,211	1,303	7.2	5,392	387	7.2	825	24	2.9	2,328	79	3.4	9,064	775	8.6

Table CLXVIII also shows that the occupation of farming became of increased importance as the age of the female breadwinners increased. Of the female breadwinners 16 to 24 years of age, only five-tenths of 1 per cent were farmers, but the proportion increased steadily until among those 65 years of age and over 37.2 per cent of the total were engaged in that occupation. This steadily advancing proportion is observable for all classes of the population, though it is more marked for some than for others. This of course is simply another indication of the fact that as a rule women become farmers only upon the death of their husbands. That such is the case is shown in Table CLXIX, in which the female farmers are classified by race and nativity and marital condition.

Marital condition.—No less than 73.4 per cent of the total number of female farmers were widows. Even among the negro female farmers, where widows were relatively least numerous, they formed 64.5 per cent of the total number. Married women, who were next in importance to the widows, formed only 15.6 per cent of the total and were most numerous relatively among the negroes. Single women formed 9.1 per cent and were relatively most numerous among the native whites with both parents foreign born. Of the 47 occupations employing 5,000 women, this showed the lowest proportion of single women and the highest proportion of widows.

TABLE CLXIX.—*Distribution,*[1] *by marital condition, of women 16 years of age and over employed as farmers, planters, and overseers, classified by race and nativity, for the United States (area of enumeration): 1900.*

MARITAL CONDITION.	WOMEN 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS FARMERS, PLANTERS, AND OVERSEERS.				
	All classes.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
	NUMBER.				
All classes	307,788	179,475	18,665	34,982	71,665
Single[2]	28,118	16,320	2,407	1,036	8,185
Married	47,983	22,525	3,493	5,359	15,442
Widowed	225,991	137,681	12,376	28,098	46,234
Divorced	5,696	2,949	389	489	1,804
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.				
All classes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Single[2]	9.1	9.1	12.9	3.0	11.4
Married	15.6	12.6	18.7	15.3	21.6
Widowed	73.4	76.7	66.3	80.3	64.5
Divorced	1.9	1.6	2.1	1.4	2.5

[1] On the assumption that all the married, widowed, and divorced women in this occupation are 16 years of age and over.
[2] Including unknown.

Comparison with census of 1890.—More or less uncertainty attends any comparison of the number of women reported as farmers at the censuses of 1890 and 1900. In 1890 girls of 15 were classified as adults, and it is possible, therefore, that the number of women reported as farmers at that census might include a few of that age, which would not be the case for 1900, as all girls under 16 engaged in farm pursuits were classified as agricultural laborers. It seems probable, moreover, that at the former census the term "farmer" was employed more or less loosely, and that a very large number of persons were reported as farmers who should properly have been classified as agricultural laborers. In 1900, on the other hand, there was probably no such inaccuracy in classification. The effect of any such errors in the returns would be to make the apparent increase in the number of farmers smaller than the actual increase.[1]

At the same time it seems doubtful just how far the foregoing inaccuracies affected the figures for women in this occupation. The increase in the number of women reported as farmers in continental United States amounted to 81,279, or 35.9 per cent, against an increase of 131,756, or 36.2 per cent, in the number reported as agricultural laborers. This latter increase seems hardly abnormal as compared with the former. It is possible, therefore, that so far as women are concerned, the comparison between the censuses may give a fairly accurate measure of the changes in the occupation.

These facts should be borne in mind in considering Table CLXX, which gives the distribution of the female farmers by race and nativity for 1890 and 1900, together with the percentage of increase for each class during the decade.

The largest actual increase shown by any of the nativity classes was one of 40,733 among the native whites with both parents native, but the largest proportional increase was one of 1,058.7 per cent for the Indians and Mongolians. This enormous percentage is not, however, of particular significance, since the 1890 census included only those Indians who were living outside of tribal relations, while the 1900 census embraced all Indians. The native whites with one or both parents foreign born more than doubled in number, and the negroes increased 45.2 per cent. The smallest relative increase and the next to the smallest actual increase was reported by the foreign born whites.

The effect of these differences in the rates of increase was of course to change somewhat the relative importance of the different classes among the female farmers. The native whites of native parentage and the foreign born whites became slightly less important relatively, while the importance of all other classes increased.

[1] For a more complete discussion of the return of farm laborers as farmers in 1890, see Twelfth Census, Occupations, page lxxii.

TABLE CLXX.—*Distribution and increase, by race and nativity, of women 15 years of age and over employed as farmers, planters, and overseers, for the United States: 1900*[1] *and 1890.*

RACE AND NATIVITY.	WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS FARMERS, PLANTERS, AND OVERSEERS.					
	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
All classes	307,788	100.0	226,427	100.0	81,361	35.9
Native white—both parents native	179,475	58.3	138,742	61.3	40,733	29.4
Native white—one or both parents foreign born	18,685	6.1	8,954	4.0	9,711	108.5
Foreign born white	34,982	11.4	29,106	12.9	5,876	20.2
Negro	71,665	23.3	49,366	21.8	22,299	45.2
Indian and Mongolian	3,001	1.0	259	0.1	2,742	1,058.7

[1] For area of enumeration.

From Table 16 (page 161) it will be seen that the relative importance of the occupation for the different nativity classes showed little variation between the two censuses, the greatest difference being a loss of eight-tenths of 1 per cent for the native white of native parentage. A slight gain in importance is shown for the other nativity classes.

The changes that occurred during the decade in the age distribution of the female farmers is shown in Table CLXXI. This table also gives for each age period the percentage of increase in the number of female farmers.

TABLE CLXXI.—*Distribution and increase, by age, of women 15 years of age and over employed as farmers, planters, and overseers, for the United States: 1900*[1] *and 1890.*

AGE.	WOMEN 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER EMPLOYED AS FARMERS, PLANTERS, AND OVERSEERS.					
	1900		1890		Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent distribution.	Number.	Per cent.
Total	307,788	100.0	226,427	100.0	81,361	35.9
15 to 24 years	11,632	3.8	12,551	5.5	[2]919	[2]7.3
25 to 34 years	29,761	9.7	19,244	8.5	10,517	54.7
35 to 44 years	61,004	19.8	41,898	18.5	19,106	45.6
45 to 54 years	81,078	26.3	63,544	28.1	17,534	27.6
55 to 64 years	71,387	23.2	54,501	24.1	16,886	30.9
65 years and over	51,643	16.8	33,981	15.0	17,662	52.0
Age unknown	1,303	0.4	708	0.3	595	84.0

[1] For area of enumeration. [2] Decrease.

It will be noted in Table CLXXI that female farmers 35 to 44 years of age showed the greatest actual increase during the decade, although the greatest relative increase was in the period 25 to 34 years. These two periods, together with that of 65 years and over, were the three which included a larger proportion of the farmers in 1900 than they did in 1890. In the

period 15 to 24 years the number of female farmers actually decreased 919, or 7.3 per cent. This decrease, however, was probably the result of the inclusion in the 1890 figures of a large number of agricultural laborers of that age. The decrease, as shown by the census returns, was confined to the negroes, who were almost exclusively in the South, where the misuse of the term "farmer" in 1890 was the greatest. For all the other classes there was a slight increase in the number of farmers for the period 15 to 24 years.

GENERAL TABLES

TABLE 1.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900, 1890, AND 1880.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.								
	1900			1890			1880		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Percent.		Number.[1]	Percent.		Number.	Percent.
Continental United States	23,485,559	4,833,630	20.6	18,957,672	3,596,615	19.0	14,752,258	2,353,988	16.0
North Atlantic division	7,218,443	1,734,928	24.0	5,994,733	1,341,807	22.4	4,871,598	911,343	18.7
New England	2,016,845	561,235	27.8	1,721,262	455,265	26.4	1,438,205	312,249	21.7
Maine	243,813	49,917	20.5	233,010	43,360	18.6	223,189	31,891	14.3
New Hampshire	149,608	39,807	26.6	140,220	34,931	24.9	128,133	28,419	22.2
Vermont	118,568	21,852	18.4	114,976	18,750	16.3	112,608	15,113	13.4
Massachusetts	1,031,522	317,558	30.8	836,642	253,073	30.2	654,415	165,121	25.2
Rhode Island	152,717	48,203	31.4	126,600	38,018	30.0	100,063	27,055	27.0
Connecticut	319,617	83,898	26.2	269,705	67,124	24.9	219,887	44,660	20.3
Southern North Atlantic	5,201,598	1,173,693	22.6	4,273,531	886,342	20.7	3,433,393	599,094	17.4
New York	2,538,959	635,319	25.0	2,106,517	482,239	22.9	1,731,564	338,219	19.5
New Jersey	637,531	142,718	22.4	489,780	102,877	21.0	368,539	62,438	16.9
Pennsylvania	2,025,608	395,656	19.5	1,677,234	301,226	18.0	1,333,180	198,437	14.9
South Atlantic division	3,086,268	772,160	25.0	2,562,925	595,995	23.3	2,176,892	464,922	21.4
Northern South Atlantic	1,383,461	286,491	20.7	1,174,805	233,742	19.9	1,002,349	161,851	16.1
Delaware	80,090	11,894	19.8	53,966	9,424	17.5	45,512	7,088	15.6
Maryland	390,551	91,067	23.3	337,936	78,049	23.1	291,512	54,094	18.6
District of Columbia	109,031	40,362	37.0	85,890	31,049	36.1	62,443	19,064	30.5
Virginia	554,436	114,438	20.6	485,458	95,078	19.6	426,408	71,330	16.3
West Virginia	269,353	28,690	10.6	211,555	20,142	9.5	166,474	10,266	6.2
Southern South Atlantic	1,702,807	485,669	28.5	1,388,120	362,253	26.1	1,174,543	303,071	25.8
North Carolina	547,099	127,740	23.3	460,050	97,842	21.3	400,417	67,997	17.0
South Carolina	375,745	142,433	37.9	311,979	106,807	33.9	273,986	99,974	36.5
Georgia	633,997	182,037	28.8	506,776	134,554	26.4	427,559	120,628	28.2
Florida	146,866	33,459	22.8	107,315	24,050	22.4	72,581	14,472	19.9
North Central division	8,097,861	1,315,724	16.2	6,642,824	955,501	14.4	4,909,095	501,406	10.2
Eastern North Central	5,075,415	852,297	16.8	4,151,752	607,018	14.6	3,285,068	346,744	10.6
Ohio	1,380,154	233,177	16.9	1,183,143	173,540	14.7	977,977	105,388	10.8
Indiana	804,478	111,024	13.8	676,130	80,393	11.9	576,685	47,872	8.3
Illinois	1,511,608	275,105	18.2	1,163,486	187,381	16.1	881,612	99,005	11.2
Michigan	766,656	126,517	16.5	639,021	90,071	14.1	575,519	51,534	10.8
Wisconsin	612,519	106,474	17.4	489,972	75,433	15.4	373,275	42,945	11.5
Western North Central	3,022,446	463,427	15.3	2,491,072	348,483	14.0	1,624,027	154,662	9.5
Minnesota	486,851	90,887	18.7	358,255	62,229	17.4	201,925	23,573	11.1
Iowa	676,947	102,037	15.1	559,212	76,985	13.8	445,716	42,383	9.5
Missouri	944,161	145,498	15.4	772,841	106,367	13.8	587,658	58,180	9.9
North Dakota	76,936	13,073	17.0	45,288	7,400	16.3	29,132	2,672	9.2
South Dakota	105,435	14,425	13.7	83,249	10,999	13.2			
Nebraska	298,893	44,121	14.8	278,246	40,733	14.6	109,714	9,725	8.9
Kansas	433,223	53,386	12.3	393,981	43,770	11.1	249,882	18,129	7.3
South Central division	3,935,399	818,502	20.8	2,981,386	583,341	19.6	2,389,162	433,172	18.1
Eastern South Central	2,179,641	304,333	23.1	1,802,562	367,976	20.4	1,536,574	286,908	18.7
Kentucky	835,330	98,181	15.5	536,287	77,485	14.4	459,034	49,035	10.7
Tennessee	592,601	103,533	17.5	502,487	72,974	14.5	427,627	46,352	10.8
Alabama	520,252	158,345	30.4	418,394	109,091	26.1	351,257	98,566	28.1
Mississippi	431,458	144,254	33.4	345,394	108,426	31.4	298,656	92,855	31.1
Western South Central	1,755,758	314,169	17.9	1,178,824	215,865	18.3	852,588	146,264	17.2
Louisiana	394,450	109,484	27.8	315,706	93,453	29.6	263,208	75,011	28.5
Arkansas	352,725	62,532	17.7	286,803	41,887	14.6	190,910	23,200	11.6
Indian Territory	96,548	10,020	10.4						
Oklahoma	101,980	9,708	9.5	14,946	1,014	6.8			
Texas	810,055	122,425	15.1	561,369	79,511	14.2	389,475	48,153	12.4
Western division	1,147,588	192,316	16.8	775,744	119,671	15.4	405,511	43,145	10.6
Rocky Mountain	325,048	49,942	15.4	205,594	30,126	14.7	87,205	7,813	9.0
Montana	56,390	9,539	16.9	37,337	4,494	12.4	6,147	482	7.8
Idaho	37,940	4,375	11.5	17,768	1,802	10.1	5,531	274	5.0
Wyoming	19,952	2,893	14.5	12,545	1,707	13.6	3,863	439	11.4
Colorado	158,835	27,369	17.2	106,329	18,484	17.4	30,338	4,606	11.6
New Mexico	51,731	5,766	11.1	41,615	3,639	8.7	31,826	2,010	6.3
Basin and Plateau	117,296	18,465	15.7	76,694	9,887	12.9	55,561	4,488	8.1
Arizona	30,399	5,162	20.3	13,097	1,534	11.7	7,161	451	6.3
Utah	75,724	10,334	13.6	53,086	6,553	12.3	36,292	2,576	7.1
Nevada	11,173	1,969	17.6	10,511	1,800	17.1	12,108	1,461	12.1
Pacific	705,244	123,909	17.6	493,456	79,658	16.1	262,745	30,844	11.7
Washington	131,677	20,203	15.3	79,123	10,658	13.5	15,429	1,009	6.5
Oregon	114,552	17,916	15.6	79,043	10,394	13.1	38,675	2,676	6.9
California	458,015	85,790	18.7	335,290	58,606	17.5	208,641	27,159	13.0

[1] Obtained by subtracting estimated number 15 years of age from number 15 years of age and over.

TABLE 2.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.								
	Aggregate.			Native white—both parents native.			Native white—one or both parents foreign born.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	23,485,559	4,833,630	20.6	12,130,161	1,771,966	14.6	4,288,969	1,090,744	25.4
North Atlantic division	7,218,443	1,734,922	24.0	3,296,734	614,586	18.6	1,638,830	524,022	32.0
New England	2,016,845	561,235	27.8	921,193	186,948	20.3	403,584	160,080	39.7
Maine	243,813	49,917	20.5	178,033	31,794	17.9	25,259	7,197	28.5
New Hampshire	149,608	39,807	26.6	93,008	18,935	20.4	18,079	7,228	40.0
Vermont	118,568	21,852	18.4	77,657	13,123	16.9	22,344	5,583	25.0
Massachusetts	1,031,522	317,558	30.8	385,796	85,798	22.2	229,081	95,111	41.5
Rhode Island	153,717	48,203	31.4	82,578	11,537	21.0	35,860	16,162	45.1
Connecticut	319,617	83,898	26.2	194,121	25,761	19.2	72,961	28,799	39.5
Southern North Atlantic	5,201,598	1,173,693	22.6	2,375,541	427,638	18.0	1,235,246	363,942	29.5
New York	2,538,959	636,319	25.0	934,323	180,263	19.3	601,530	216,496	31.3
New Jersey	637,031	142,718	22.4	270,449	45,165	16.7	147,018	44,118	30.0
Pennsylvania	2,025,608	395,656	19.5	1,170,769	202,210	17.3	386,698	103,328	26.1
South Atlantic division	3,086,268	772,160	25.0	1,795,599	253,959	14.1	128,799	27,775	21.6
Northern South Atlantic	1,383,461	286,491	20.7	876,357	114,726	13.1	107,767	24,192	22.5
Delaware	90,090	11,804	13.8	38,049	5,533	14.5	6,692	1,809	27.0
Maryland	390,551	91,097	23.3	212,491	35,945	16.9	59,214	14,081	23.8
District of Columbia	109,031	40,382	37.0	49,127	11,489	23.4	14,836	3,916	26.4
Virginia	554,436	114,438	20.6	343,449	39,689	11.6	9,982	1,522	15.2
West Virginia	269,353	28,680	10.6	233,241	22,070	9.5	17,033	2,864	16.8
Southern South Atlantic	1,702,807	485,669	28.5	919,242	139,233	15.1	21,042	3,583	17.0
North Carolina	547,099	127,740	23.3	362,326	55,979	15.4	2,585	438	16.9
South Carolina	375,745	142,433	37.9	156,670	31,631	20.2	4,163	780	18.7
Georgia	633,097	182,037	28.8	330,194	43,823	13.3	6,357	1,525	18.2
Florida	146,866	33,459	22.8	70,052	7,800	11.1	7,937	840	14.1
North Central division	8,097,861	1,316,724	16.2	4,115,662	571,843	13.9	2,031,771	448,268	22.1
Eastern North Central	5,075,415	852,297	16.8	2,542,904	364,385	14.3	1,304,761	299,747	23.0
Ohio	1,380,154	233,177	16.9	826,528	121,864	14.7	319,691	73,800	23.1
Indiana	804,473	111,024	13.8	596,007	73,485	12.3	128,413	24,010	18.7
Illinois	1,511,606	275,105	18.2	659,779	97,377	14.8	399,657	98,366	24.6
Michigan	766,656	126,517	16.5	322,288	47,912	14.9	208,080	45,841	22.0
Wisconsin	612,519	106,474	17.4	138,292	23,747	17.2	248,920	57,730	23.2
Western North Central	3,022,446	463,427	15.3	1,572,758	207,458	13.2	727,010	148,521	20.4
Minnesota	486,551	90,887	18.7	103,544	18,656	18.0	172,506	42,145	24.4
Iowa	676,947	102,037	15.1	359,089	51,394	14.3	183,873	35,426	19.3
Missouri	944,161	145,498	15.4	621,795	74,648	12.0	175,583	37,312	21.3
North Dakota	75,930	13,073	17.0	14,825	2,571	17.3	18,731	4,246	22.7
South Dakota	105,435	14,425	13.7	33,099	5,109	15.4	30,374	5,524	18.0
Nebraska	298,863	44,121	14.8	140,983	21,579	14.4	71,919	13,218	18.4
Kansas	433,223	53,386	12.3	299,423	33,501	11.5	73,724	10,650	14.4
South Central division	3,935,399	818,502	20.8	2,370,549	248,598	10.5	209,349	34,690	16.6
Eastern South Central	2,179,641	504,333	23.1	1,335,171	148,373	11.1	81,987	16,993	20.7
Kentucky	635,330	98,181	15.5	469,666	47,880	10.2	52,223	12,364	23.7
Tennessee	592,601	103,553	17.5	427,039	42,446	9.9	13,700	2,387	17.4
Alabama	520,252	158,345	30.4	267,692	35,925	13.4	9,424	1,326	14.1
Mississippi	431,458	144,254	33.4	170,174	22,122	13.0	6,640	916	13.8
Western South Central	1,755,758	314,169	17.9	1,035,378	100,225	9.7	127,362	17,697	13.9
Louisiana	394,450	109,484	27.8	146,606	17,475	11.9	30,748	6,345	15.7
Arkansas	352,725	62,532	17.7	236,805	24,137	10.2	8,853	1,281	14.5
Indian Territory	90,548	10,020	10.4	69,824	6,328	9.1	2,409	270	10.9
Oklahoma	101,980	9,708	9.5	78,014	6,849	8.8	9,232	999	10.8
Texas	810,055	122,425	15.1	504,129	45,436	9.0	67,060	8,902	13.3
Western division	1,147,588	192,316	16.8	551,617	82,980	15.0	280,220	55,989	20.0
Rocky Mountain	325,048	49,942	15.4	179,697	25,010	13.9	64,380	11,835	18.4
Montana	56,590	9,539	16.9	21,174	3,419	16.1	13,619	2,771	20.3
Idaho	37,940	4,375	11.5	15,751	2,306	11.7	9,588	1,165	12.2
Wyoming	19,952	2,883	14.5	9,876	1,402	14.2	4,659	845	18.1
Colorado	158,835	27,369	17.2	89,690	13,993	15.6	32,444	6,542	20.2
New Mexico	51,731	5,776	11.1	39,206	3,885	9.9	4,070	512	12.6
Basin and Plateau	117,296	18,465	15.7	34,418	4,645	13.5	37,556	5,402	14.4
Arizona	30,399	6,162	20.3	10,147	1,300	12.8	5,053	655	13.0
Utah	75,724	10,334	13.6	20,601	2,757	13.4	29,327	4,199	14.3
Nevada	11,173	1,969	17.6	3,670	588	16.0	3,175	548	17.3
Pacific	705,244	123,909	17.6	337,502	53,325	15.8	178,285	38,752	21.7
Washington	131,677	20,203	15.3	68,129	9,933	14.6	26,725	4,849	18.1
Oregon	114,532	17,911	15.6	72,471	10,528	14.5	20,853	4,238	20.3
California	459,015	85,795	18.7	196,902	32,864	16.7	130,697	29,664	22.7

TABLE 2.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.								
	Foreign born white.			Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.			Negro.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	4,403,494	840,011	19.1	2,662,935	1,130,909	42.5	2,589,888	1,119,621	43.2
North Atlantic division	2,134,648	525,833	24.6	148,251	70,487	47.6	145,588	69,802	47.9
New England	668,958	203,120	30.4	23,110	11,087	48.0	22,603	10,937	48.4
Maine	39,832	10,669	26.8	689	257	37.3	447	167	37.4
New Hampshire	38,242	13,490	35.3	279	154	55.2	272	153	56.3
Vermont	18,317	3,044	16.6	250	102	40.8	249	102	41.0
Massachusetts	404,318	130,945	32.4	12,327	5,704	46.3	12,138	5,664	46.7
Rhode Island	61,856	18,602	30.2	3,623	1,902	52.5	3,626	1,866	52.5
Connecticut	106,593	26,370	24.7	5,942	2,968	49.9	5,899	2,955	50.2
Southern North Atlantic	1,465,690	322,713	22.0	125,121	59,400	47.5	122,985	58,865	47.9
New York	870,564	215,592	24.8	42,442	22,968	54.1	40,810	22,512	55.2
New Jersey	193,001	40,703	21.1	26,503	12,732	48.0	26,475	12,716	48.0
Pennsylvania	402,065	66,418	16.5	56,176	23,700	42.2	55,700	23,637	42.4
South Atlantic division	87,845	14,958	17.0	1,074,025	475,468	44.3	1,072,056	474,961	44.3
Northern South Atlantic	72,643	12,617	17.4	326,704	134,856	41.3	326,565	134,939	41.3
Delaware	5,878	1,036	17.6	9,471	3,516	37.1	9,457	3,513	37.1
Maryland	43,467	7,836	18.1	75,379	33,215	44.1	75,372	33,214	44.1
District of Columbia	8,960	2,029	22.6	36,078	22,948	63.6	36,066	22,948	63.6
Virginia	6,580	928	14.1	194,425	72,299	37.2	194,313	72,287	37.2
West Virginia	7,728	768	9.9	11,351	2,978	26.2	11,347	2,977	26.2
Southern South Atlantic	15,202	2,341	15.4	747,321	340,612	45.6	745,491	340,022	45.6
North Carolina	1,560	229	14.7	180,628	71,094	39.4	178,940	70,627	39.5
South Carolina	2,140	353	16.5	212,772	109,669	51.5	212,738	109,555	51.5
Georgia	4,425	607	13.7	290,121	136,082	46.9	290,112	136,080	46.9
Florida	7,077	1,152	16.3	63,800	23,767	37.1	63,701	23,660	37.1
North Central division	1,769,348	239,111	13.5	181,080	56,502	31.2	163,939	55,271	33.7
Eastern North Central	1,137,536	159,633	14.0	90,214	28,532	31.6	85,926	28,058	32.7
Ohio	201,609	27,415	13.6	32,326	10,098	31.2	32,311	10,096	31.2
Indiana	80,982	6,866	11.3	19,076	6,653	34.9	19,001	6,651	35.0
Illinois	423,666	69,879	16.5	28,506	9,453	33.3	28,475	9,480	33.3
Michigan	229,150	30,925	13.5	7,128	1,839	25.8	5,313	1,607	30.2
Wisconsin	222,129	24,548	11.1	3,178	449	14.1	836	224	27.1
Western North Central	631,812	79,478	12.6	90,866	27,970	30.8	78,013	27,213	34.9
Minnesota	206,581	29,194	14.1	4,220	892	21.1	1,594	556	34.9
Iowa	129,875	14,165	10.9	4,110	1,052	25.6	4,001	1,051	26.3
Missouri	93,156	13,171	14.1	53,627	20,367	38.0	53,589	20,359	38.0
North Dakota	41,251	6,070	14.7	2,129	186	8.7	73	27	(1)
South Dakota	34,951	3,552	10.2	6,711	240	3.6	125	53	42.4
Nebraska	73,930	8,406	11.4	3,061	918	30.0	2,115	875	41.4
Kansas	52,068	4,920	9.4	17,008	4,315	25.4	16,516	4,292	26.0
South Central division	138,902	17,536	12.6	1,216,599	517,678	42.6	1,198,825	515,311	43.0
Eastern South Central	37,547	4,786	12.7	724,936	334,181	46.1	724,240	334,068	46.1
Kentucky	23,149	2,986	12.9	90,292	34,941	38.7	90,266	34,938	38.7
Tennessee	6,904	861	12.5	144,358	57,856	40.1	144,326	57,854	40.1
Alabama	5,040	545	10.8	238,096	120,549	50.6	238,045	120,546	50.6
Mississippi	2,454	384	15.6	252,190	120,832	47.9	251,803	120,730	48.0
Western South Central	101,355	12,750	12.6	491,663	183,497	37.3	474,585	181,243	38.3
Louisiana	21,064	2,550	12.1	187,032	83,214	44.5	186,872	83,158	44.5
Arkansas	5,002	630	12.6	102,063	36,484	35.7	102,047	36,482	35.8
Indian Territory	1,409	118	8.4	22,546	3,304	14.5	9,550	1,987	20.8
Oklahoma	5,766	459	8.0	8,958	1,401	15.6	5,480	1,144	20.9
Texas	68,114	8,993	13.2	170,752	59,094	34.6	170,636	59,072	34.6
Western division	373,751	42,573	15.6	43,000	10,774	25.1	9,580	3,676	38.4
Rocky Mountain	80,967	10,312	15.4	14,004	2,785	19.9	4,325	1,744	40.3
Montana	17,787	3,035	17.1	4,010	314	7.8	472	208	44.1
Idaho	7,007	789	11.3	1,594	115	7.2	89	29	(1)
Wyoming	4,682	588	12.6	735	58	7.9	225	54	24.0
Colorado	33,164	5,487	16.5	3,537	1,342	37.9	3,124	1,327	42.5
New Mexico	4,327	413	9.5	4,128	956	23.2	415	126	30.4
Basin and Plateau	34,417	4,395	12.8	10,906	4,023	36.9	544	252	46.3
Arizona	7,137	847	11.9	8,062	3,360	41.7	347	165	47.6
Utah	24,807	3,209	12.9	989	169	17.1	150	70	46.7
Nevada	2,473	339	13.7	1,855	494	26.6	47	17	(1)
Pacific	171,367	27,866	16.3	18,090	3,966	21.9	4,711	1,680	35.7
Washington	32,021	4,424	13.8	4,202	997	23.7	695	213	30.6
Oregon	18,932	2,752	14.5	2,286	397	17.4	337	154	45.7
California	119,814	20,690	17.3	11,602	2,572	22.2	3,679	1,313	35.7

[1] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

TABLE 3.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FEMALE POPULATION.											
	16 to 20 years of age.			21 to 24 years of age.			25 to 34 years of age.			35 to 44 years of age.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Percent.
Continental United States	3,837,851	1,237,967	32.3	2,914,591	898,478	30.8	5,860,516	1,168,342	19.9	4,339,166	675,032	15.6
North Atlantic division	990,213	452,210	45.7	837,099	346,556	41.4	1,835,915	448,910	24.5	1,386,205	234,434	16.9
New England	254,556	128,249	50.4	225,064	113,255	50.2	468,821	155,467	31.2	381,405	79,912	21.0
Maine	31,853	11,322	35.5	24,273	9,271	38.2	52,041	12,051	23.2	44,052	6,837	15.5
New Hampshire	18,133	8,786	48.5	15,345	7,341	47.8	33,408	10,141	30.4	27,069	5,952	22.0
Vermont	14,749	5,038	34.2	11,482	3,900	34.0	25,636	5,115	20.0	21,237	3,002	14.1
Massachusetts	128,988	69,067	53.5	120,827	65,787	54.4	267,984	93,184	34.8	198,606	46,457	23.4
Rhode Island	20,403	12,638	61.9	17,907	9,769	54.6	39,331	12,997	33.0	29,759	6,537	22.3
Connecticut	40,430	21,398	52.9	35,230	17,187	48.0	80,421	21,979	27.3	60,682	11,027	18.2
Southern North Atlantic	735,657	323,961	44.0	611,435	233,301	38.2	1,367,094	293,443	21.9	1,004,800	154,522	15.4
New York	345,284	168,846	49.2	295,996	125,811	42.5	654,637	161,506	24.7	494,605	86,369	17.5
New Jersey	88,339	41,111	46.5	73,782	28,044	38.0	166,227	34,777	20.9	125,676	18,653	14.8
Pennsylvania	302,034	113,004	37.4	241,657	79,446	32.9	516,230	97,160	18.8	384,519	49,500	12.9
South Atlantic division	586,270	190,230	32.4	418,305	121,550	29.1	731,540	170,202	23.3	528,932	118,791	22.5
Northern South Atlantic	237,753	63,033	26.5	177,564	46,778	26.3	333,713	65,754	19.7	248,134	45,948	18.5
Delaware	8,804	2,951	33.5	6,914	2,080	30.1	14,182	2,772	19.5	11,779	1,771	15.0
Maryland	62,020	22,850	36.8	46,444	15,019	32.3	94,556	21,054	22.3	73,935	14,136	19.1
District of Columbia	14,577	5,994	41.1	14,199	6,878	48.4	29,267	11,333	38.7	20,727	7,700	37.1
Virginia	101,893	24,718	24.3	73,404	17,693	24.1	128,382	24,232	18.9	95,835	18,421	19.2
West Virginia	50,459	6,520	12.9	36,603	5,108	14.0	67,366	6,363	9.4	45,858	3,920	8.5
Southern South Atlantic	348,517	127,197	36.5	240,741	74,772	31.1	397,827	104,448	26.3	280,798	72,843	25.9
North Carolina	108,405	34,773	32.1	75,962	20,393	26.8	122,863	24,533	20.0	90,351	17,724	19.6
South Carolina	83,178	40,566	48.8	53,717	21,694	40.4	86,886	30,775	35.4	60,532	20,620	34.0
Georgia	128,716	45,261	35.2	89,868	27,711	30.8	150,986	40,956	27.1	104,570	28,585	27.3
Florida	28,218	6,597	23.4	21,194	4,974	23.5	37,092	8,184	22.1	25,145	5,914	23.5
North Central division	1,302,200	369,391	28.4	967,595	269,340	27.8	2,016,315	313,954	15.6	1,530,947	162,776	10.6
Eastern North Central	781,053	242,099	31.0	589,539	170,104	28.9	1,200,479	203,011	16.2	971,033	107,746	11.1
Ohio	204,987	63,017	30.7	157,029	44,662	28.5	335,853	55,850	16.6	260,592	30,600	11.7
Indiana	126,906	27,704	21.8	91,492	20,174	22.1	194,651	26,035	13.4	152,208	15,612	10.3
Illinois	231,464	76,804	33.2	181,922	56,160	30.9	401,811	70,910	17.6	295,497	35,728	12.1
Michigan	116,085	36,983	31.9	87,604	26,394	30.1	182,480	28,748	15.8	146,460	14,739	10.1
Wisconsin	101,611	37,591	37.0	71,492	22,684	31.7	145,684	22,068	15.1	116,276	11,067	9.5
Western North Central	521,207	127,292	24.4	378,056	99,236	26.2	755,836	110,343	14.6	559,314	55,030	9.8
Minnesota	83,531	28,289	33.9	51,007	21,016	34.4	124,339	22,018	17.7	93,557	9,375	10.0
Iowa	111,684	29,014	26.0	82,136	22,920	27.9	165,768	24,173	14.6	124,117	11,475	9.2
Missouri	163,474	35,335	21.6	119,695	27,503	23.0	240,837	35,590	14.8	172,113	19,957	11.6
North Dakota	13,579	4,249	31.3	10,305	3,091	30.0	20,597	2,779	13.5	15,857	1,343	8.5
South Dakota	18,928	4,596	24.1	12,920	3,270	25.3	25,645	2,984	11.6	20,607	1,521	7.4
Nebraska	53,815	12,702	23.6	38,255	10,171	26.6	74,682	10,285	13.8	55,946	4,913	8.8
Kansas	76,196	13,137	17.2	53,738	11,255	20.9	103,968	12,514	12.0	77,117	6,446	8.4
South Central division	784,697	189,318	24.1	555,105	125,874	22.7	970,773	183,857	18.9	659,472	126,967	19.3
Eastern South Central	420,899	116,749	27.3	302,916	77,218	25.5	527,558	113,531	21.5	365,070	77,913	21.3
Kentucky	114,409	18,998	16.6	83,766	15,248	18.2	156,510	22,713	14.5	111,987	16,008	14.3
Tennessee	114,709	21,382	18.6	81,292	15,543	19.1	143,397	23,180	16.1	98,509	16,380	16.6
Alabama	105,939	39,885	37.6	74,532	23,600	31.7	122,785	34,418	28.0	85,069	23,972	28.2
Mississippi	91,842	36,484	39.7	63,326	22,827	36.0	104,866	33,220	31.7	69,505	21,553	31.0
Western South Central	357,798	72,569	20.3	252,189	48,656	19.3	443,215	70,326	15.9	294,402	49,054	16.7
Louisiana	76,441	24,997	32.7	55,375	16,024	28.9	99,995	25,858	25.9	66,168	17,362	26.2
Arkansas	74,183	15,641	21.1	51,424	9,536	18.5	87,554	12,924	14.8	56,925	9,338	16.4
Indian Territory	20,969	2,604	12.4	14,035	1,430	10.2	25,462	2,013	7.9	16,112	1,507	9.4
Oklahoma	19,026	2,033	10.7	13,372	1,693	12.7	27,290	2,146	7.9	18,751	1,428	7.6
Texas	167,189	27,294	16.3	117,983	19,973	16.9	202,914	27,385	13.5	136,446	19,359	14.2
Western division	174,411	36,818	21.1	136,487	35,158	25.8	306,073	51,419	16.8	233,610	32,064	13.7
Rocky Mountain	48,895	8,555	17.5	39,774	8,860	22.3	93,642	13,756	14.7	69,503	9,094	13.1
Montana	8,042	1,844	22.9	7,358	1,932	26.3	18,140	2,918	16.1	12,487	1,517	12.1
Idaho	6,624	936	14.1	4,811	837	17.4	10,562	954	9.0	7,519	690	9.2
Wyoming	3,339	696	20.8	2,728	616	22.6	5,906	744	12.6	4,131	401	9.7
Colorado	22,373	4,195	18.8	18,827	4,838	25.7	45,234	7,850	17.4	34,871	5,371	15.4
New Mexico	8,427	884	10.5	6,050	637	10.5	13,800	1,290	9.3	10,495	1,115	10.6
Basin and Plateau	21,415	3,795	17.7	14,793	3,094	20.9	29,619	4,298	14.5	21,615	2,944	13.6
Arizona	5,202	943	18.1	3,723	724	19.4	8,442	1,636	19.4	5,799	1,191	20.5
Utah	14,512	2,565	17.7	9,791	2,079	21.2	18,453	2,167	11.7	13,787	1,425	10.3
Nevada	1,701	287	16.9	1,279	291	22.8	2,724	495	18.2	2,029	328	16.2
Pacific	104,191	24,468	23.5	81,920	23,204	28.3	182,812	33,365	18.3	142,492	20,026	14.1
Washington	20,634	4,529	21.9	15,108	3,871	25.5	36,430	5,226	14.8	29,128	3,237	11.1
Oregon	19,490	4,329	22.2	13,831	3,700	26.6	28,997	4,489	15.5	22,563	2,552	11.3
California	64,067	15,610	24.4	52,821	15,633	29.6	118,385	23,650	20.0	90,801	14,237	15.7

TABLE 3.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FEMALE POPULATION—continued.											
	45 to 54 years of age.			55 to 64 years of age.			65 years of age and over.			Age unknown.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	2,994,983	440,825	14.7	1,940,111	256,705	13.2	1,525,080	138,587	9.1	73,161	17,694	24.2
North Atlantic division	962,650	135,178	14.0	651,754	75,383	11.6	540,272	38,481	7.1	14,335	3,776	26.3
New England	276,991	45,006	16.3	197,336	25,048	12.7	177,343	12,833	7.2	5,029	1,465	29.1
Maine	35,227	4,763	13.5	28,075	3,371	12.0	27,746	2,188	7.9	545	114	20.9
New Hampshire	21,452	3,607	16.8	16,769	2,325	13.9	17,041	1,528	9.0	391	127	32.5
Vermont	17,422	2,133	12.2	13,794	1,600	11.6	14,006	1,014	7.2	242	50	20.7
Massachusetts	138,194	24,637	17.8	93,692	12,265	13.1	80,128	5,276	6.6	3,103	883	28.5
Rhode Island	21,119	3,354	16 8	13,985	1,751	12.5	10,905	760	6.9	310	107	34.5
Connecticut	43,277	6,312	14.6	31,023	3,736	12.0	27,517	2,077	7.5	437	182	41.6
Southern North Atlantic	685,959	90,172	13.1	454,418	50,335	11.1	362,929	25,648	7.1	9,306	2,311	24.8
New York	337,194	50,168	14.9	224,512	27,022	12.0	182,863	13,521	7.4	3,868	1,076	27.8
New Jersey	83,933	10,767	12.8	55,405	6,187	11.2	42,384	2,930	6.9	1,285	249	19.4
Pennsylvania	264,832	29,237	11.0	174,501	17,126	9.8	137,682	9,197	6.7	4,153	986	23.7
South Atlantic division	386,417	86,940	22.5	238,435	51,139	21.4	184,038	29,672	16.1	12,331	3,627	29.4
Northern South Atlantic	178,942	32,813	18.4	113,992	19,659	17.2	88,570	11,277	12.7	5,093	1,229	24.1
Delaware	8,248	1,137	13.8	5,613	711	12.7	4,328	399	9.2	222	73	32.9
Maryland	51,889	9,304	17.9	33,665	5,454	16.2	26,133	2,828	10.8	1,909	452	23.7
District of Columbia	14,578	5,167	35.2	9,079	2,326	25.6	6,371	954	15.0	133	30	22.6
Virginia	71,660	14,160	19.8	45,415	9,017	19.9	35,172	5,719	16.3	1,705	478	28.0
West Virginia	32,167	3,045	9.5	20,220	2,151	10.6	15,566	1,377	8.8	1,124	196	17.4
Southern South Atlantic	207,775	54,126	26.1	124,443	31,480	25.3	95,468	18,395	19.3	7,238	2,398	33.1
North Carolina	69,664	14,536	20.8	42,914	9,125	21.3	34,537	5,903	17.0	2,303	783	34.0
South Carolina	43,738	14,730	33.8	26,461	8,503	32.1	20,236	5,173	25.6	848	322	38.0
Georgia	70,573	20,642	27.0	45,299	11,620	25.7	33,944	6,197	18.3	3,036	1,065	35.1
Florida	17,745	4,218	23.7	9,769	2,232	22 8	6,852	1,122	16.9	1,051	228	21.7
North Central division	1,030,859	100,424	9.7	687,424	62,602	9.1	544,571	33,999	6.2	17,890	3,308	18.3
Eastern North Central	658,329	64,370	9.8	443,087	39,920	9.0	361,232	22,664	6.3	10,063	1,783	17.7
Ohio	185,851	18,853	10.1	128,192	12,217	9.5	105,481	7,554	7.2	2,189	394	18.2
Indiana	107,838	10,451	9.7	72,496	6,806	9 4	57,095	3,932	6.9	1,792	310	17.3
Illinois	184,580	19,078	10.3	118,729	10,460	8.8	93,488	5,296	5.6	4,117	699	17.0
Michigan	104,246	9,531	9.1	72,093	5,398	8.9	56,620	3,515	6.2	1,063	209	19.7
Wisconsin	75,814	6,457	8.5	51,572	4,039	7.8	48,548	2,367	4.9	922	171	18.5
Western North Central	372,530	36,054	9.7	244,337	22,682	9.3	183,339	11,305	6.2	7,827	1,485	19.0
Minnesota	55,913	5,238	9.4	36,544	3,097	8.5	30,940	1,599	5.2	1,020	255	25.0
Iowa	83,872	7,111	8.5	58,411	4,572	7.8	49,091	2,450	5.0	1,868	312	16.7
Missouri	116,468	13,544	11.6	73,447	8,396	11.4	53,058	4,406	8.3	3,074	567	18.4
North Dakota	8,587	894	10.4	4,447	459	10.3	3,391	222	6.5	173	36	20.8
South Dakota	13,358	1,099	8.2	8,041	683	8.5	5,752	278	4.8	184	34	18.5
Nebraska	37,346	3,245	8 7	23,102	1,897	8.2	15,245	793	5.2	502	116	22.9
Kansas	50,998	4,933	8.7	38,345	3,378	8.8	26,865	1,557	6.9	1,006	166	16.5
South Central division	472,296	98,223	20.8	274,399	56,657	20.6	196,520	31,582	16.1	22,137	6,024	27 2
Eastern South Central	265,766	59,551	22 4	159,942	35,265	22.0	120,123	20,844	17.4	11,367	3,262	28.7
Kentucky	78,229	12,049	15.4	49,467	7,715	15.6	37,892	4,765	12.6	3,070	685	22.3
Tennessee	73,374	13,313	18.1	44,826	8,284	18.5	32,377	4,810	14.6	3,417	661	19.3
Alabama	64,219	18,712	29.1	36,621	10,302	28.1	27,875	6,147	22.1	3,212	1,309	40.8
Mississippi	49,944	15,477	31.0	29,028	8,964	30.9	21,479	5,122	23.8	1,668	607	36.4
Western South Central	206,530	38,672	18.7	114,457	21,392	18.7	76,397	10,738	14.1	10,770	2,762	25.6
Louisiana	46,584	13,088	28 1	27,202	7,384	27 1	21,083	4,178	19.8	1,542	593	38.5
Arkansas	42,600	8,035	18.9	23,327	4,372	18.7	14,534	2,060	14.1	2,178	636	29.2
Indian Territory	10,789	1,342	12.4	5,212	680	13.0	2,758	262	9.5	1,221	122	10.0
Oklahoma	12,304	1,182	9.6	7,043	817	11.6	3,639	344	9.5	555	65	11.7
Texas	94,253	15,025	15.9	51,613	8,139	15.8	34,383	3,904	11.4	5,274	1,346	25.5
Western division	142,761	20,051	14.0	88,090	10,924	12.4	59,679	4,883	8.2	6,468	999	15.4
Rocky Mountain	38,880	5,697	14.7	20,726	2,697	13.0	12,006	1,035	8.6	1,713	248	14.5
Montana	5,733	840	14.5	2,923	329	11.3	1,743	127	7.3	164	42	25.6
Idaho	4,323	482	11.1	2,410	309	12 8	1,499	143	9.6	202	24	11.9
Wyoming	2,165	259	12 0	1,084	130	12 0	542	41	7.6	57	6	(1)
Colorado	20,030	3,165	15.8	10,599	1,370	12 9	5,902	431	7.3	999	149	14.9
New Mexico	6,629	951	14.5	3,709	559	15.1	2,330	293	12.6	291	27	9.3
Basin and Plateau	13,367	2,234	16.7	8,586	1,349	15.7	7,006	694	9.9	895	57	6.4
Arizona	3,599	915	25.4	1,917	483	25.2	1,278	257	20.1	439	13	3.0
Utah	8,234	1,033	12 5	5,623	703	12.5	5,073	336	6.7	251	24	9 6
Nevada	1,534	286	18.6	1,046	163	15.6	655	99	15.1	205	20	9.8
Pacific	90,514	12,120	13.4	58,788	6,878	11.7	40,667	3,154	7.8	3,860	694	18.0
Washington	15,700	1,774	11.3	9,027	916	10.1	5,656	413	7.3	934	237	25.4
Oregon	14,419	1,549	10.7	8,908	883	9.9	6,078	399	6.6	166	15	9.0
California	60,395	8,797	14 6	40,853	5,079	12.4	28,933	2,342	8.1	2,760	442	16.0

[1] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

TABLE 4.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE NATIVE WHITE FEMALE POPULATION OF NATIVE PARENTAGE 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900.

NATIVE WHITE FEMALE POPULATION—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	16 to 20 years of age.			21 to 24 years of age.			25 to 34 years of age.			35 to 44 years of age.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	2,092,138	434,822	20.8	1,490,273	318,070	21.3	2,880,606	399,048	13.9	2,115,226	244,348	11.6
North Atlantic division	467,118	151,609	32.5	353,615	111,849	31.6	737,244	145,768	19.8	583,713	84,100	14.4
New England	104,776	33,713	32.2	82,693	31,072	37.6	184,436	46,667	25.3	161,563	29,389	18.2
Maine	21,786	6,052	27.8	16,262	5,456	33.6	35,213	7,453	21.2	31,201	4,586	14.7
New Hampshire	9,316	2,940	31.6	7,708	2,924	37.9	17,663	4,460	25.3	16,157	3,109	19.2
Vermont	9,654	2,966	30.7	7,221	2,285	31.6	15,553	2,821	18.1	12,820	1,689	13.2
Massachusetts	42,767	13,840	32.6	34,795	14,112	40.6	78,274	23,101	29.5	68,742	14,545	21.2
Rhode Island	6,117	2,497	40.8	4,827	2,032	42.1	10,894	2,846	26.1	9,324	1,726	18.5
Connecticut	15,136	5,318	35.1	11,880	4,263	35.9	26,839	5,986	22.3	23,319	3,734	16.0
Southern North Atlantic	362,342	117,956	32.6	270,922	80,777	29.8	552,808	99,101	17.9	422,150	54,771	13.0
New York	134,601	45,124	33.5	101,873	33,194	32.6	208,266	42,493	20.4	162,701	24,484	15.0
New Jersey	38,644	12,322	31.9	29,167	8,223	28.2	62,616	10,293	16.4	49,628	6,049	12.2
Pennsylvania	189,097	60,510	32.0	139,882	39,360	28.1	281,926	46,405	16.5	209,821	24,238	11.6
South Atlantic division	331,587	63,217	19.1	235,084	40,380	17.1	420,215	50,538	12.0	305,743	35,775	11.7
Northern South Atlantic	154,674	26,012	16.8	113,041	19,273	17.0	210,853	25,038	11.9	151,265	16,569	11.0
Delaware	5,767	1,484	25.7	4,263	975	22.9	8,565	1,153	13.5	7,184	742	10.3
Maryland	30,124	10,080	27.9	26,022	6,281	24.1	50,799	8,011	15.8	38,075	4,907	12.9
District of Columbia	6,570	1,811	27.6	6,066	2,008	33.1	12,975	3,292	25.4	9,016	2,066	22.9
Virginia	60,913	7,582	12.4	44,641	6,084	13.6	80,449	7,932	9.9	58,133	5,917	10.2
West Virginia	45,300	5,055	11.2	32,050	3,925	12.2	58,065	4,650	8.0	38,857	2,937	7.6
Southern South Atlantic	176,913	37,205	21.0	122,043	21,107	17.2	209,362	25,500	12.2	154,478	19,206	12.4
North Carolina	68,350	15,382	22.5	47,189	8,240	17.5	80,923	9,462	11.7	61,200	7,378	12.1
South Carolina	31,507	9,632	30.6	21,302	5,174	24.2	35,444	5,962	16.8	25,745	3,961	15.4
Georgia	63,786	10,840	17.0	44,682	6,576	14.7	76,081	8,388	11.0	55,506	6,549	11.8
Florida	13,270	1,351	10.2	9,410	1,117	11.9	16,914	1,688	10.0	12,027	1,318	11.0
North Central division	722,540	149,377	20.7	502,230	113,615	22.6	980,725	133,032	13.6	723,795	72,403	10.0
Eastern North Central	430,779	95,840	22.2	301,013	69,714	23.1	598,129	84,071	14.1	448,849	47,267	10.5
Ohio	136,848	33,353	24.4	98,053	23,116	23.6	194,453	27,596	14.2	144,733	15,086	10.4
Indiana	101,931	19,176	18.8	69,780	13,302	19.1	141,796	16,190	11.4	108,241	9,895	9.1
Illinois	113,027	23,212	20.5	80,527	18,754	23.3	162,046	24,660	15.2	117,817	13,753	11.7
Michigan	49,423	12,257	24.8	35,078	9,241	26.9	70,972	10,744	15.1	56,197	6,082	10.8
Wisconsin	29,550	7,842	26.5	17,575	5,301	30.2	28,862	4,881	16.9	21,861	2,451	11.2
Western North Central	291,761	53,537	18.3	200,917	43,901	21.9	382,596	48,961	12.8	274,946	25,136	9.1
Minnesota	19,568	4,822	24.6	13,136	4,337	33.0	24,491	4,704	19.6	18,166	2,254	12.4
Iowa	63,891	14,112	22.2	43,831	11,463	26.2	84,981	12,145	14.3	62,765	5,930	9.4
Missouri	118,586	18,470	15.6	80,898	13,963	17.3	154,413	17,004	11.0	107,546	9,684	9.0
North Dakota	2,717	780	28.7	2,019	588	29.1	3,940	588	14.9	2,895	263	9.1
South Dakota	5,395	1,500	23.5	4,134	1,131	27.4	7,974	1,133	14.2	6,060	573	9.5
Nebraska	28,079	5,653	20.1	19,705	5,135	26.1	37,062	5,294	14.3	27,108	2,490	9.2
Kansas	52,725	8,200	15.6	36,804	7,284	19.7	69,735	8,003	11.5	50,406	3,942	7.8
South Central division	479,158	55,310	11.5	331,181	37,061	11.2	580,781	47,984	8.3	394,506	38,000	9.6
Eastern South Central	260,294	32,634	12.5	181,608	21,640	11.9	319,827	28,434	8.9	223,288	22,086	9.9
Kentucky	89,439	9,761	10.9	63,359	7,095	11.2	114,867	9,585	8.3	79,904	7,093	8.9
Tennessee	82,420	8,015	9.7	57,500	5,945	10.3	103,246	8,337	8.1	71,255	6,581	9.2
Alabama	53,458	9,849	18.4	36,978	5,084	13.7	61,801	6,243	10.1	44,302	5,071	11.4
Mississippi	34,977	5,009	14.3	23,771	3,516	14.8	39,913	4,269	10.7	27,827	3,341	12.0
Western South Central	218,864	22,676	10.4	149,573	15,411	10.3	260,954	19,550	7.5	171,218	15,914	9.3
Louisiana	31,804	4,288	13.4	21,593	2,840	13.2	37,065	3,584	9.7	23,434	2,657	11.3
Arkansas	50,039	5,441	10.9	33,511	3,275	9.8	58,463	4,301	7.4	38,306	3,883	10.1
Indian Territory	15,220	1,837	12.1	10,289	925	9.0	18,866	1,198	6.4	11,805	974	8.3
Oklahoma	15,103	1,448	9.6	10,552	1,231	11.7	21,195	1,511	7.1	13,931	993	7.1
Texas	106,698	9,662	9.1	73,626	7,340	10.0	125,365	8,956	7.1	83,742	7,407	8.8
Western division	91,735	15,249	16.6	67,563	15,175	22.5	141,641	21,726	15.3	107,469	14,010	13.0
Rocky Mountain	29,209	4,127	14.1	22,520	4,315	19.2	49,479	6,588	13.3	36,232	4,529	12.5
Montana	3,400	653	19.2	2,873	668	23.3	6,391	990	15.5	4,346	547	12.6
Idaho	3,865	508	13.1	2,649	456	17.2	5,346	496	9.3	3,730	355	9.5
Wyoming	1,778	325	18.8	1,335	290	21.7	2,960	377	12.7	1,963	197	10.0
Colorado	13,744	2,055	15.0	10,962	2,477	22.6	24,488	3,919	16.0	18,250	2,675	14.7
New Mexico	6,482	576	8.9	4,701	424	9.0	10,296	807	7.8	7,943	745	9.4
Basin and Plateau	7,362	918	12.5	4,721	891	18.9	8,626	1,153	13.4	6,159	767	12.5
Arizona	1,702	175	10.3	1,431	241	16.8	3,014	386	12.8	1,938	243	12.5
Utah	5,064	665	13.2	2,707	549	19.6	4,663	591	12.7	3,596	432	12.0
Nevada	626	78	12.5	493	101	20.5	949	176	18.5	625	92	14.7
Pacific	55,104	10,204	18.5	40,322	9,969	24.7	83,536	13,985	16.7	65,078	8,714	13.4
Washington	11,869	2,262	18.8	8,217	1,981	24.1	17,794	2,959	14.1	13,830	1,537	11.1
Oregon	14,112	2,455	18.7	9,252	2,140	23.6	18,055	2,658	14.7	13,628	1,494	11.0
California	30,126	5,517	18.3	22,853	5,808	25.4	47,687	8,818	18.5	37,620	5,683	15.1

TABLE 4.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE NATIVE WHITE FEMALE POPULATION OF NATIVE PARENTAGE 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	NATIVE WHITE FEMALE POPULATION—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.											
	45 to 54 years of age.			55 to 64 years of age.			65 years of age and over.			Age unknown.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Percent.
Continental United States	1,560,440	182,106	11.5	1,081,431	120,592	11.2	864,846	67,024	7.8	35,201	5,356	15.2
North Atlantic division	469,350	58,497	12.5	350,729	38,609	11.0	326,311	22,474	6.9	8,154	1,569	19.2
New England	143,378	21,736	15.2	117,752	14,855	12.6	123,567	8,861	7.2	3,028	655	21.6
Maine	26,909	3,539	13.1	22,745	2,737	12.0	23,445	1,895	8.1	412	76	18.4
New Hampshire	14,726	2,348	15.9	12,814	1,773	13.8	14,334	1,290	9.0	290	91	31.4
Vermont	11,517	1,356	11.8	9,922	1,158	11.7	10,812	816	7.5	148	32	21.6
Massachusetts	60,026	10,317	16.9	48,371	6,304	13.0	50,101	3,098	6.2	1,820	381	20.9
Rhode Island	8,290	1,235	14.9	6,448	768	11.9	6,506	401	6.2	172	32	18.6
Connecticut	20,950	2,941	14.0	17,442	2,115	12.1	18,369	1,361	7.4	186	43	23.1
Southern North Atlantic	325,972	36,761	11.3	232,977	23,745	10.2	203,244	13,613	6.7	5,126	914	17.8
New York	131,952	16,959	12.9	99,330	11,125	11.2	93,565	6,592	7.0	2,029	382	18.8
New Jersey	38,628	4,066	10.5	27,578	2,706	9.8	23,582	1,421	6.0	606	85	14.0
Pennsylvania	155,392	15,736	10.1	106,063	9,914	9.3	86,097	5,600	6.5	2,491	447	17.9
South Atlantic division	233,368	29,953	12.8	151,381	20,889	13.8	113,113	12,599	11.1	4,508	608	13.5
Northern South Atlantic	112,903	12,808	11.3	74,541	9,096	12.2	56,805	5,613	9.9	2,214	317	14.3
Delaware	5,425	558	10.3	3,733	379	10.0	2,972	226	7.6	90	16	(1)
Maryland	28,050	3,333	11.9	18,694	2,118	11.3	14,074	1,115	7.9	653	100	15 3
District of Columbia	6,754	1,375	20.4	4,645	684	14.7	3,019	249	8.2	83	4	(1)
Virginia	45,089	5,116	11.3	30,021	4,106	13.7	23,659	2,859	12.1	544	94	17.3
West Virginia	27,585	2,427	8.8	17,398	1,809	10.4	13,142	1,164	8.9	844	103	12.2
Southern South Atlantic	120,465	17,145	14.2	76,840	11,793	15.3	56,347	6,986	12.4	2,294	291	12.7
North Carolina	47,823	6,858	14.3	31,288	5,056	16.2	24,740	3,480	14.1	813	122	15.0
South Carolina	20,112	3,375	16.8	13,004	2,232	17.2	9,221	1,245	13.5	275	50	18.2
Georgia	43,199	5,708	13.2	27,180	3,748	13.8	18,960	1,914	10.1	800	100	12.5
Florida	9,331	1,203	12.9	5,368	757	14.1	3,226	347	10.4	406	19	4.7
North Central division	529,754	49,904	9.4	363,769	33,421	9.2	281,427	18,340	6.5	11,422	1,751	15.3
Eastern North Central	333,734	32,046	9.6	234,122	21,833	9.3	189,157	12,661	6.7	6,521	953	14.6
Ohio	109,956	10,422	9.5	77,321	7,330	9.5	63,557	4,764	7.5	1,407	197	14.0
Indiana	79,321	7,131	9.0	53,149	4,842	9.1	40,468	2,762	6.8	1,321	187	14.2
Illinois	82,622	8,559	10.4	56,448	5,357	9.5	44,605	2,738	6.1	2,627	344	13.1
Michigan	45,736	4,394	9.6	34,919	3,267	9.4	28,668	1,787	6.2	685	140	20.4
Wisconsin	16,099	1,540	9.6	12,085	1,037	8.6	11,779	610	5.2	481	85	17.7
Western North Central	196,020	17,858	9.1	129,647	11,588	8.9	92,270	5,679	6.2	4,901	798	16.3
Minnesota	12,074	1,230	10.2	8,379	724	8.6	7,167	343	4.8	563	146	25.9
Iowa	45,128	3,849	8.5	31,584	2,406	7.6	25,749	1,283	5.0	1,300	206	15.1
Missouri	75,930	7,458	9.8	49,254	5,146	10.4	33,325	2,690	8.1	1,823	233	12.8
North Dakota	1,727	208	12.0	888	89	10.0	549	32	5.8	89	23	(1)
South Dakota	4,213	393	9.3	2,556	256	10.0	1,657	101	6.1	110	22	20.0
Nebraska	18,752	1,660	8.9	11,488	906	7.9	7,443	358	4.8	346	83	24.0
Kansas	38,176	3,054	8.0	25,497	2,061	8.1	16,380	872	5.3	610	85	13.9
South Central division	260,249	34,763	12.0	172,655	22,663	13.1	114,611	11,976	10.4	7,498	851	11.5
Eastern South Central	167,177	20,289	12.1	104,699	14,315	13.7	74,088	8,489	11.5	4,230	486	11.5
Kentucky	57,173	6,332	11.1	36,483	4,703	12.9	27,000	3,172	11.7	1,436	139	9.7
Tennessee	53,432	6,113	11.4	33,977	4,531	13.3	24,095	2,736	11.4	1,714	188	11.0
Alabama	34,771	4,842	13.9	21,184	3,082	14.6	14,525	1,640	11.3	673	114	16.9
Mississippi	21,801	3,002	13.8	13,050	1,999	15.3	8,428	941	11.2	407	45	11.1
Western South Central	123,072	14,474	11.8	67,956	8,348	12.3	40,563	3,487	8.6	3,178	365	11.5
Louisiana	16,836	2,277	13.5	9,395	1,331	14.2	6,092	666	10.9	285	32	11.2
Arkansas	29,284	3,845	13.1	16,643	2,300	13.8	9,862	997	10.1	697	95	13.6
Indian Territory	7,782	817	10.5	3,785	438	11.5	1,786	106	5.9	281	33	11.7
Oklahoma	9,159	828	9.0	5,234	566	10.8	2,478	237	9.6	362	35	9.7
Texas	60,011	6,707	11.2	32,889	3,713	11.3	20,345	1,481	7.3	1,553	170	10.9
Western division	67,719	8,989	13.3	42,897	5,019	11.7	28,884	2,235	7.7	3,709	577	15.6
Rocky Mountain	21,686	3,098	14.3	12,285	1,563	12.7	6,948	616	8.9	1,278	174	13.6
Montana	2,156	326	15.1	1,207	133	11.0	679	68	10.0	122	34	27.9
Idaho	2,208	241	10.9	1,254	163	13.0	654	68	10.4	46	10	(1)
Wyoming	1,022	115	11.1	508	59	11.6	262	25	9.5	49	6	(1)
Colorado	11,282	1,720	15.2	6,469	791	12.2	3,662	260	7.1	833	101	12.1
New Mexico	5,019	696	13.9	2,847	417	14.6	1,691	195	11.5	228	23	10.1
Basin and Plateau	3,630	507	14.0	2,156	285	13.2	1,521	106	7.0	243	18	7.4
Arizona	1,118	164	14.7	564	64	11.3	349	23	6.6	31	4	(1)
Utah	2,067	268	13.0	1,284	177	13.8	1,008	62	6.2	132	13	8.6
Nevada	445	75	16.9	308	44	14.3	164	21	12.8	60	1	(1)
Pacific	42,403	5,384	12.7	28,456	3,171	11.1	20,415	1,513	7.4	2,188	385	17.6
Washington	7,985	849	10.6	4,808	475	9.9	2,985	202	6.8	644	148	22.0
Oregon	8,907	944	10.6	5,647	541	9.6	3,748	243	6.5	122	13	10.7
California	25,511	3,591	14.1	18,001	2,155	12.0	13,682	1,068	7.8	1,422	224	15.8

(1) Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

TABLE 5.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE NATIVE WHITE FEMALE POPULATION OF FOREIGN PARENTAGE 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	NATIVE WHITE FEMALE POPULATION—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
	16 to 20 years of age.			21 to 24 years of age.			25 to 34 years of age.			35 to 44 years of age.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	802,537	345,022	40.0	657,463	248,202	37.8	1,323,801	297,768	22.5	868,394	130,682	15.0
North Atlantic division	306,768	159,743	52.1	247,228	118,164	47.8	510,718	148,971	29.2	340,641	65,093	19.1
New England	82,333	40,092	56.0	64,141	36,080	57.2	127,918	48,762	38.1	79,913	20,176	25.2
Maine	5,330	2,212	41.5	3,550	1,572	44.3	6,728	1,894	28.0	4,812	874	18.2
New Hampshire	4,133	2,263	54.8	2,854	1,560	54.7	5,474	2,045	37.4	3,261	913	28.0
Vermont	3,702	1,398	37.8	2,799	1,113	39.8	6,259	1,609	25.7	4,856	840	17.3
Massachusetts	46,860	26,252	56.0	36,957	21,879	59.2	73,906	29,905	40.5	45,510	12,355	27.1
Rhode Island	7,732	5,178	67.0	5,959	3,636	61.0	11,514	4,768	41.4	6,735	1,857	27.6
Connecticut	14,576	8,789	60.3	12,022	6,920	57.6	24,037	8,551	35.6	14,739	3,337	22.6
Southern North Atlantic	224,435	113,651	50.6	183,087	81,484	44.5	382,800	100,209	26.2	260,728	44,917	17.2
New York	124,853	66,281	53.1	103,788	48,266	46.5	217,369	60,493	27.8	147,931	27,570	18.6
New Jersey	28,879	15,511	53.7	22,978	10,015	43.6	47,028	11,526	24.5	30,141	4,943	16.4
Pennsylvania	70,673	31,859	45.1	56,321	23,203	41.2	118,403	28,190	23.8	82,656	12,404	15.0
South Atlantic division	19,584	6,496	33.2	16,542	5,180	31.3	37,967	7,990	21.0	29,083	4,737	16.3
Northern South Atlantic	16,051	5,870	36.6	13,784	4,552	33.0	32,195	7,006	21.8	24,897	4,075	16.4
Delaware	1,052	309	18.4	884	370	42.9	1,969	510	25.9	1,596	274	17.2
Maryland	9,139	3,866	42.3	7,404	2,593	35.0	17,438	3,829	22.0	14,038	2,335	16.6
District of Columbia	1,853	560	30.2	1,966	746	37.9	4,894	1,380	27.8	3,280	738	22.5
Virginia	1,546	274	17.7	1,349	274	20.3	2,934	444	15.1	2,115	297	14.0
West Virginia	2,461	661	26.9	2,181	560	25.7	4,960	863	17.4	3,868	431	11.1
Southern South Atlantic	3,533	626	17.7	2,758	628	22.8	5,772	984	17.0	4,186	662	15.8
North Carolina	386	72	18.7	341	74	21.7	683	112	16.4	464	69	14.9
South Carolina	625	132	21.1	506	134	26.5	1,112	211	19.0	882	147	16.7
Georgia	1,343	280	20.8	1,037	276	26.6	2,324	400	17.2	1,753	296	16.9
Florida	1,179	142	12.0	874	144	16.5	1,653	261	15.8	1,087	150	13.8
North Central division	436,697	155,210	35.6	316,749	104,943	33.1	622,976	115,021	18.5	401,492	47,709	11.9
Eastern North Central	261,790	103,130	39.4	195,108	67,605	34.7	401,236	77,470	19.3	269,168	33,483	12.4
Ohio	51,237	21,692	42.3	42,062	15,717	37.4	95,291	20,320	21.3	72,079	9,941	13.8
Indiana	19,144	6,212	32.4	16,096	4,875	30.4	38,589	6,874	17.8	30,275	3,693	12.2
Illinois	83,981	35,063	41.8	63,309	22,576	35.7	130,076	26,190	20.1	79,475	10,085	12.7
Michigan	48,722	16,928	34.7	32,847	10,874	33.1	60,344	10,904	18.1	38,144	4,282	11.2
Wisconsin	58,706	23,235	39.6	40,850	13,564	33.2	76,936	13,182	17.1	49,195	5,485	11.1
Western North Central	173,907	52,080	29.9	121,641	37,338	30.7	221,740	37,551	16.9	132,324	14,221	10.7
Minnesota	49,402	16,778	34.0	31,728	10,964	34.5	53,188	10,218	19.2	27,097	3,047	11.2
Iowa	40,331	11,712	29.0	30,205	9,133	30.2	56,699	9,235	16.3	34,958	3,513	10.0
Missouri	31,238	11,185	35.8	26,318	8,488	32.3	56,754	10,438	18.4	38,081	4,723	12.4
North Dakota	6,237	1,894	30.4	3,414	1,137	33.3	5,299	819	15.5	2,706	272	10.1
South Dakota	9,120	2,235	24.5	5,396	1,513	28.0	8,454	1,130	13.4	5,190	428	8.2
Nebraska	20,036	5,011	25.0	12,799	3,469	27.1	20,551	2,989	14.5	11,435	1,105	9.7
Kansas	17,523	3,265	18.6	11,781	2,644	22.4	20,795	2,722	13.1	12,857	1,133	8.8
South Central division	39,654	8,537	21.6	30,976	6,739	21.8	63,029	9,594	15.2	43,889	5,605	12.8
Eastern South Central	12,630	3,856	30.5	11,274	3,451	30.6	25,341	5,187	20.5	18,801	2,702	14.4
Kentucky	7,640	2,950	38.7	7,114	2,571	36.1	16,828	3,877	23.0	12,616	1,922	15.2
Tennessee	2,280	479	21.0	1,987	504	25.4	4,140	729	17.6	2,853	364	12.8
Alabama	1,611	255	15.8	1,264	223	17.6	2,883	340	13.2	1,963	252	12.8
Mississippi	1,099	163	14.8	909	153	16.8	1,790	241	13.5	1,369	164	12.0
Western South Central	27,018	4,701	17.4	19,702	3,288	16.7	37,688	4,407	11.7	25,088	2,903	11.6
Louisiana	5,630	1,037	18.4	3,949	1,030	19.6	12,398	1,842	14.9	9,312	1,338	14.4
Arkansas	1,704	310	18.2	1,243	247	19.9	2,550	297	11.6	1,703	206	12.1
Indian Territory	505	72	14.3	333	34	10.1	799	72	9.4	434	48	11.1
Oklahoma	1,832	241	13.2	1,316	193	14.7	2,764	263	9.5	1,906	146	7.7
Texas	17,347	3,041	17.5	11,559	1,784	15.4	19,207	1,933	10.1	11,733	1,225	10.4
Western division	60,834	15,016	24.7	45,908	13,176	28.7	89,111	16,192	18.2	53,289	7,478	14.0
Rocky Mountain	12,969	2,739	21.1	9,911	2,601	26.2	21,009	3,506	16.7	13,302	1,937	14.6
Montana	2,729	715	26.2	2,217	646	29.1	4,778	874	18.3	2,768	354	12.8
Idaho	2,243	344	15.3	1,590	277	17.8	3,290	299	9.1	1,712	160	9.3
Wyoming	1,039	233	22.4	811	206	25.6	1,436	226	15.7	883	109	12.3
Colorado	6,113	1,351	22.1	4,710	1,365	29.4	10,293	1,957	19.0	7,136	1,199	16.8
New Mexico	845	96	11.4	613	85	13.9	1,282	150	11.7	803	115	14.3
Basin and Plateau	10,130	1,723	17.0	6,995	1,427	20.4	11,986	1,416	11.8	6,191	561	9.1
Arizona	1,357	144	10.6	928	124	13.4	1,556	223	14.3	792	87	11.0
Utah	8,025	1,453	18.1	5,489	1,160	21.1	9,448	1,026	10.9	4,874	405	8.3
Nevada	748	126	16.8	578	143	24.7	982	167	17.0	525	69	13.
Pacific	37,736	10,554	28.0	29,002	9,148	31.5	56,066	11,270	20.1	33,796	4,960	14.7
Washington	6,005	1,439	24.0	4,132	1,112	26.9	8,042	1,279	15.9	5,323	639	12.
Oregon	4,861	1,360	28.0	3,155	1,015	32.2	6,064	1,055	17.4	3,864	484	12.
California	26,869	7,755	28.9	21,775	7,021	32.2	41,960	8,936	21.3	24,009	3,837	15.

TABLE 5.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE NATIVE WHITE FEMALE POPULATION OF FOREIGN PARENTAGE 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS. FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	NATIVE WHITE FEMALE POPULATION—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.											
	45 to 54 years of age.			55 to 64 years of age.			65 years of age and over.			Age unknown.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	366,145	46,903	12.8	137,986	15,975	11.6	69,362	5,367	7.7	3,281	825	25.1
North Atlantic division	148,961	22,492	15.1	56,025	7,026	12.5	27,459	2,238	8.2	1,030	295	28.6
New England	32,784	6,148	18.8	10,972	1,660	15.1	5,208	449	8.6	315	113	35.9
Maine	2,653	414	15.6	1,289	166	12.9	868	65	7.5	29	10	(1)
New Hampshire	1,477	306	20.7	566	99	17.5	296	36	12.2	18	6	(1)
Vermont	2,794	410	14.7	1,307	159	12.2	603	50	8.3	24	4	(1)
Massachusetts	17,743	3,571	20.1	5,473	870	15.9	2,444	205	8.4	188	74	39.4
Rhode Island	2,809	554	19.7	797	135	16.9	292	24	8.2	22	10	(1)
Connecticut	5,308	893	16.8	1,540	231	15.0	705	69	9.8	34	9	(1)
Southern North Atlantic	116,177	16,344	14.1	45,053	5,366	11.9	22,251	1,789	8.0	715	182	25.5
New York	63,871	9,911	15.5	23,303	3,014	12.9	10,166	868	8.5	319	93	29.2
New Jersey	11,655	1,492	12.8	4,212	474	11.3	2,045	145	7.1	80	12	(1)
Pennsylvania	40,651	4,941	12.2	17,538	1,878	10.7	10,040	776	7.7	316	77	24.4
South Atlantic division	14,889	2,080	14.0	6,520	878	13.5	4,094	382	9.3	120	32	26.7
Northern South Atlantic	12,423	1,716	13.8	5,250	676	12.9	3,067	269	8.8	90	26	(1)
Delaware	706	96	13.6	286	30	10.5	193	10	5.2	6	1	(1)
Maryland	7,016	974	13.9	2,700	339	12.6	1,432	128	8.9	47	17	(1)
District of Columbia	1,616	336	20.8	809	145	17.9	416	30	7.2	2	1	(1)
Virginia	1,104	120	10.9	535	58	10.8	389	52	13.4	10	3	(1)
West Virginia	1,981	190	9.6	920	104	11.3	637	49	7.7	25	6	(1)
Southern South Atlantic	2,466	364	14.8	1,270	202	15.9	1,027	113	11.0	30	4	(1)
North Carolina	295	35	11.9	196	40	20.5	221	36	16.3			
South Carolina	516	81	15.7	269	44	16.4	245	29	11.8	8	2	(1)
Georgia	994	163	16.4	499	76	15.2	393	33	8.4	14	1	(1)
Florida	661	85	12.9	307	42	13.7	168	15	8.9	8	1	(1)
North Central division	162,742	16,862	10.4	60,571	6,077	10.0	30,023	2,076	6.9	1,521	380	25.0
Eastern North Central	112,822	11,883	10.5	42,892	4,408	10.3	20,857	1,543	7.4	888	220	24.8
Ohio	35,207	3,803	10.8	15,563	1,629	10.5	8,086	649	8.0	176	49	27.8
Indiana	14,566	1,472	10.1	6,440	643	10.0	3,239	220	6.8	104	19	18.3
Illinois	28,801	3,146	11.0	9,424	923	9.8	4,470	304	6.8	337	80	23.7
Michigan	16,989	1,736	10.2	7,497	838	11.2	3,425	259	7.6	112	20	17.9
Wisconsin	17,459	1,726	9.9	3,978	375	9.4	1,637	111	6.8	159	52	32.7
Western North Central	49,920	4,969	10.0	17,679	1,669	9.4	9,166	533	5.8	633	160	25.3
Minnesota	7,740	826	10.7	2,174	203	9.3	999	60	6.0	178	59	33.1
Iowa	13,564	1,219	9.0	5,006	446	8.9	2,956	127	4.3	154	41	26.6
Missouri	15,275	1,690	11.1	5,316	582	10.9	2,430	172	7.1	151	34	22.5
North Dakota	756	96	12.7	195	17	8.7	95	8	(1)	29	3	(1)
South Dakota	1,798	167	8.7	502	46	9.2	191	8	4.2	23	7	(1)
Nebraska	4,597	435	9.5	1,643	146	8.9	810	55	6.8	48	8	(1)
Kansas	5,190	546	8.8	2,843	229	8.1	1,685	103	6.1	50	8	(1)
South Central division	19,860	2,709	13.6	7,392	1,006	13.6	4,260	388	9.1	390	41	14.1
Eastern South Central	8,498	1,155	13.6	3,344	441	13.2	2,013	179	8.9	80	22	(1)
Kentucky	5,277	699	13.2	1,806	233	12.9	902	88	9.8	34	15	(1)
Tennessee	1,365	191	14.0	613	80	13.1	441	39	8.8	21	1	(1)
Alabama	1,049	144	13.7	536	73	13.6	401	35	8.7	17	4	(1)
Mississippi	807	121	15.0	389	55	14.1	269	17	6.3	8	2	(1)
Western South Central	11,361	1,545	13.6	4,048	565	14.0	2,247	209	9.3	310	19	9.0
Louisiana	4,669	686	14.7	1,673	237	14.2	804	74	9.2	13	1	(1)
Arkansas	917	130	14.2	436	55	12.6	284	34	12.0	16	2	(1)
Indian Territory	251	27	10.8	109	13	11.9	64	4	(1)	2		
Oklahoma	862	92	10.7	359	45	12.5	183	18	9.8	10	1	(1)
Texas	4,662	610	13.1	1,471	215	14.6	912	79	8.7	169	15	8.9
Western division	19,694	2,779	14.1	7,478	988	13.2	3,526	283	8.0	330	77	24.1
Rocky Mountain	4,883	757	15.5	1,562	235	15.0	628	50	8.0	61	10	(1)
Montana	818	131	16.0	224	42	18.8	75	8	(1)	10	1	(1)
Idaho	562	60	10.7	159	17	10.7	69	7	(1)	3	1	(1)
Wyoming	356	52	14.6	100	16	16.0	32	1	(1)	2		
Colorado	2,808	468	16.7	963	144	15.0	387	31	8.0	34	7	(1)
New Mexico	339	46	13.6	116	16	13.8	60	3	(1)	12	1	(1)
Basin and Plateau	1,600	189	11.8	447	63	14.1	176	20	11.4	30	3	(1)
Arizona	275	54	19.6	99	17	(1)	35	5	(1)	11	1	(1)
Utah	1,122	116	10.3	253	29	11.5	99	8	(1)	17	2	(1)
Nevada	203	19	9.4	95	17	(1)	42	7	(1)	2		
Pacific	13,211	1,833	13.9	5,489	690	12.6	2,727	213	7.8	229	64	27.9
Washington	2,024	252	12.5	784	96	12.2	383	25	6.5	32	7	(1)
Oregon	1,695	204	12.0	791	87	11.0	422	33	7.8	11	1	(1)
California	9,492	1,377	14.5	3,894	507	13.0	1,922	155	8.1	186	56	30.1

[1] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

TABLE 6.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FOREIGN BORN WHITE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FOREIGN BORN WHITE FEMALE POPULATION.											
	16 to 20 years of age.			21 to 24 years of age.			25 to 34 years of age.			35 to 44 years of age.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	339,349	192,817	56.8	372,474	154,743	41.5	1,020,089	202,132	19.8	913,574	119,164	13.0
North Atlantic division	193,367	127,701	66.0	212,921	103,405	48.6	545,459	134,597	24.7	434,261	73,069	16.8
New England	84,262	46,745	72.7	75,515	43,608	57.7	180,132	57,055	31.7	135,386	28,263	20.9
Maine	4,637	3,015	65.0	4,381	2,211	50.5	9,953	2,651	26.6	7,901	1,329	16.8
New Hampshire	4,535	3,551	78.6	4,738	2,825	59.7	10,302	3,600	35.3	7,597	1,901	25.0
Vermont	1,351	652	48.3	1,430	492	33.7	3,763	661	17.6	3,516	456	13.0
Massachusetts	37,766	28,080	74.4	47,252	28,752	60.8	112,225	38,501	34.3	81,948	18,520	22.6
Rhode Island	6,076	4,714	77.6	6,660	3,836	57.6	16,020	4,909	30.6	12,945	2,635	20.4
Connecticut	9,797	6,733	68.7	11,059	5,502	49.8	27,969	6,733	24.1	21,479	3,422	15.9
Southern North Atlantic	129,105	80,956	62.7	137,406	59,797	43.5	365,327	77,542	21.2	298,875	44,806	15.0
New York	78,304	54,340	68.5	83,484	40,056	48.0	216,764	52,115	24.0	176,001	30,272	17.2
New Jersey	16,655	10,765	64.6	17,460	7,405	42.4	49,180	9,537	19.4	41,179	5,586	13.6
Pennsylvania	33,146	15,851	47.8	36,462	12,336	33.8	99,383	15,890	16.0	81,695	8,948	11.0
South Atlantic division	5,727	2,538	44.3	6,146	1,923	31.3	17,827	3,010	17.1	16,277	2,422	14.9
Northern South Atlantic	4,565	2,230	48.8	5,023	1,677	33.4	14,195	2,474	17.4	13,287	1,968	14.8
Delaware	370	194	52.4	491	198	40.3	1,368	268	19.6	1,214	143	11.8
Maryland	2,979	1,629	54.7	3,967	1,054	35.3	8,230	1,413	17.2	7,939	1,149	14.5
District of Columbia	390	178	45.6	557	236	42.4	1,225	328	26.7	1,590	390	24.5
Virginia	380	98	25.8	463	81	17.5	1,436	173	12.0	1,252	174	13.9
West Virginia	446	131	29.4	525	105	20.0	1,336	132	9.9	1,292	112	8.7
Southern South Atlantic	1,162	308	26.5	1,123	246	21.9	3,432	536	15.6	2,990	454	15.2
North Carolina	78	22	(1)	109	23	21.1	371	51	13.7	314	41	13.1
South Carolina	105	32	30.5	105	37	35.2	354	56	15.8	330	66	19.5
Georgia	271	74	27.3	266	71	26.8	894	127	14.2	872	112	12.8
Florida	708	180	25.4	644	115	17.9	1,813	302	16.7	1,465	235	16.0
North Central division	114,582	55,248	48.2	125,098	41,959	33.5	365,828	50,799	13.9	371,867	32,297	8.7
Eastern North Central	74,568	38,509	51.6	81,098	28,305	34.9	236,944	34,167	14.4	236,197	21,594	9.1
Ohio	11,884	6,317	53.2	12,778	4,235	33.3	37,585	5,191	13.8	37,594	3,692	9.8
Indiana	2,691	1,148	42.7	3,090	942	30.5	9,193	1,143	12.4	10,133	858	8.5
Illinois	30,309	17,155	56.6	34,208	13,348	39.0	101,421	17,260	17.0	92,505	9,948	10.8
Michigan	16,882	7,451	44.1	18,267	6,001	32.9	49,511	6,667	13.5	50,710	4,041	8.0
Wisconsin	12,822	6,438	50.2	12,755	3,759	29.5	39,134	3,906	10.0	45,255	3,055	6.8
Western North Central	39,994	16,739	41.9	44,000	13,654	31.0	128,884	16,632	12.9	135,670	10,703	7.9
Minnesota	13,974	6,594	47.2	15,691	5,598	35.7	45,486	6,723	14.8	47,479	3,893	8.2
Iowa	7,002	2,992	42.7	7,571	2,175	28.7	23,009	2,522	11.0	25,221	1,902	7.5
Missouri	4,282	2,104	49.1	5,149	1,894	36.8	15,782	2,794	17.7	16,782	1,917	11.4
North Dakota	4,290	1,553	36.1	4,658	1,345	28.9	10,961	1,341	12.2	9,857	773	7.8
South Dakota	2,521	815	32.3	2,717	594	21.9	7,882	686	8.7	8,196	473	5.8
Nebraska	5,177	1,889	36.5	5,301	1,407	26.5	16,289	1,745	10.7	16,829	1,128	6.7
Kansas	2,743	792	28.9	2,913	641	22.0	9,475	821	8.7	10,926	657	6.0
South Central division	10,117	2,235	22.1	9,534	1,727	18.1	26,909	3,014	11.2	26,438	3,079	11.6
Eastern South Central	1,664	540	32.5	1,778	474	26.7	5,473	799	14.6	5,309	822	15.2
Kentucky	812	376	46.3	901	342	38.0	2,906	504	17.3	3,512	475	13.5
Tennessee	369	92	24.9	377	59	15.6	1,201	159	13.2	1,304	171	13.1
Alabama	388	49	12.6	377	47	12.5	987	93	9.4	993	115	11.6
Mississippi	95	23	(1)	123	26	21.1	379	43	11.3	400	61	15.3
Western South Central	8,453	1,695	20.1	7,756	1,253	16.2	21,436	2,215	10.3	20,229	2,257	11.2
Louisiana	1,244	164	13.2	1,154	158	13.7	3,299	344	10.4	3,286	394	12.0
Arkansas	298	71	23.8	362	79	21.8	1,045	103	9.9	1,076	108	10.0
Indian Territory	128	17	13.3	137	14	10.2	334	22	6.6	362	26	7.2
Oklahoma	368	66	17.9	418	48	11.5	1,411	76	5.4	1,310	81	6.2
Texas	6,415	1,377	21.5	5,685	954	16.8	15,347	1,670	10.9	14,195	1,648	11.6
Western division	15,556	5,095	32.8	18,775	5,729	30.5	64,866	10,712	16.5	64,731	8,297	12.8
Rocky Mountain	4,513	1,358	30.1	5,956	1,631	27.4	19,582	2,861	14.6	17,236	2,008	11.7
Montana	1,365	448	32.8	1,887	589	31.2	6,101	964	15.8	4,569	517	11.3
Idaho	362	78	21.5	499	97	19.4	1,647	141	8.6	1,779	150	8.4
Wyoming	397	116	29.2	499	107	21.4	1,314	124	9.4	1,153	85	7.4
Colorado	2,050	673	32.8	2,716	797	29.3	9,365	1,554	16.6	8,708	1,158	13.3
New Mexico	339	43	12.7	365	41	11.2	1,155	78	6.8	1,027	98	9.5
Basin and Plateau	2,104	525	25.0	2,213	451	20.4	6,474	742	11.5	7,285	811	11.1
Arizona	747	84	11.2	880	75	11.0	1,948	198	10.2	1,660	212	12.8
Utah	1,397	430	33.2	1,421	356	25.1	4,135	499	12.1	5,110	548	10.7
Nevada	60	11	(1)	112	20	17.9	391	44	11.3	516	56	10.9
Pacific	8,939	3,212	35.9	10,606	3,647	34.4	38,810	7,109	18.3	40,209	5,478	13.6
Washington	2,254	735	32.6	2,420	672	27.8	8,028	1,216	14.1	9,132	862	9.4
Oregon	1,189	468	39.5	1,291	467	36.2	4,358	668	15.3	4,675	486	10.4
California	5,499	2,009	36.5	6,895	2,508	36.4	25,824	5,225	20.2	26,402	4,130	15.6

[1] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

TABLE 6.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FOREIGN BORN WHITE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FOREIGN BORN WHITE FEMALE POPULATION—continued.											
	45 to 54 years of age.			55 to 64 years of age.			65 years of age and over.			Age unknown.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	735,067	86,069	11.7	557,010	54,534	9.8	456,587	28,251	6.2	8,744	2,301	26.3
North Atlantic division	327,921	46,928	14.3	230,816	26,432	11.2	179,794	12,216	6.8	4,109	1,485	36.1
New England	97,608	15,760	16.1	67,120	7,870	11.7	47,398	3,212	6.8	1,537	607	39.5
Maine	5,502	780	14.2	3,976	442	11.1	3,381	214	6.3	101	27	26.7
New Hampshire	5,223	941	18.0	3,375	449	13.3	2,399	197	8.2	78	26	(1)
Vermont	3,078	357	11.6	2,541	279	11.0	2,570	144	5.6	68	13	(1)
Massachusetts	57,991	10,039	17.3	39,099	4,799	12.3	27,030	1,854	6.9	1,007	380	37.7
Rhode Island	9,512	1,302	13.8	6,463	705	10.9	3,887	260	6.7	83	41	(1)
Connecticut	16,302	2,121	13.0	11,666	1,196	10.3	8,121	543	6.7	200	120	60.0
Southern North Atlantic	230,313	31,168	13.5	169,696	18,562	10.9	132,396	9,004	6.8	2,572	878	34.1
New York	136,669	20,923	15.3	99,579	11,844	11.9	77,420	5,552	7.2	1,343	490	36.5
New Jersey	30,650	3,895	12.7	22,078	2,376	10.8	15,638	1,086	6.9	221	53	24.0
Pennsylvania	62,994	6,350	10.1	48,039	4,342	9.0	39,338	2,366	6.0	1,008	335	33.2
South Atlantic division	15,386	2,218	14.4	13,867	1,776	12.8	12,551	1,008	8.0	264	63	23.9
Northern South Atlantic	12,741	1,823	14.3	11,795	1,528	13.0	10,800	861	8.0	237	56	23.6
Delaware	933	103	10.8	846	85	10.0	611	42	6.9	20	3	(1)
Maryland	7,468	1,049	14.0	7,014	961	13.7	6,701	562	8.4	149	39	26.2
District of Columbia	1,732	367	21.2	1,565	262	16.7	1,329	104	7.8	2	1	(1)
Virginia	1,158	185	16.0	1,029	127	12.3	840	83	9.9	22	7	(1)
West Virginia	1,425	119	8.4	1,341	93	6.9	1,319	70	5.3	44	6	(1)
Southern South Atlantic	2,645	395	14.9	2,072	248	12.0	1,751	147	8.4	27	7	(1)
North Carolina	285	43	15.1	215	27	12.6	185	22	11.9	3		
South Carolina	374	65	17.4	414	51	12.3	448	45	10.0	1	1	(1)
Georgia	829	108	13.0	647	68	10.5	538	44	8.2	9	3	(1)
Florida	1,157	179	15.5	796	102	12.8	480	36	7.5	14	3	(1)
North Central division	315,980	26,886	8.5	250,573	19,704	7.9	222,637	11,735	5.3	2,783	480	17.2
Eastern North Central	200,590	17,100	8.5	160,000	12,046	7.5	146,393	7,616	5.2	1,736	296	17.1
Ohio	36,564	3,426	9.4	32,743	2,642	8.1	32,045	1,836	5.7	316	56	17.7
Indiana	11,539	1,029	8.9	11,720	950	8.2	12,454	760	6.1	162	26	16.0
Illinois	70,150	6,344	9.0	51,210	3,686	7.2	43,095	1,996	4.6	768	142	18.5
Michigan	40,519	3,174	7.8	29,088	2,163	7.4	23,949	1,390	5.8	224	38	17.0
Wisconsin	41,818	3,127	7.5	35,238	2,595	7.4	34,850	1,634	4.7	266	34	13.3
Western North Central	115,390	9,780	8.5	90,573	7,658	8.5	76,244	4,119	5.4	1,057	184	17.4
Minnesota	35,591	3,058	8.6	25,673	2,118	8.2	22,438	1,166	5.2	249	44	17.7
Iowa	24,694	1,907	7.7	21,548	1,653	7.7	20,199	1,011	5.0	260	43	16.5
Missouri	18,857	1,907	10.1	17,516	1,624	9.3	14,420	881	6.1	288	50	17.4
North Dakota	3,788	560	8.7	3,149	331	10.5	2,498	157	6.3	44	10	(1)
South Dakota	6,268	503	8.0	4,177	345	8.3	3,144	131	4.2	46	5	(1)
Nebraska	13,632	1,052	7.7	9,793	808	8.3	6,821	360	5.3	88	17	(1)
Kansas	10,490	802	7.6	8,716	779	8.9	6,724	413	6.1	82	15	(1)
South Central division	26,091	3,367	12.9	21,437	2,531	11.8	17,702	1,483	8.4	674	100	14.8
Eastern South Central	7,857	931	11.8	7,472	730	9.8	6,960	470	6.8	134	20	14.9
Kentucky	4,845	531	11.0	5,124	460	9.0	4,934	296	6.0	95	12	(1)
Tennessee	1,533	198	12.9	1,165	111	9.5	942	68	7.2	13	3	(1)
Alabama	930	96	10.3	738	92	12.5	616	51	8.3	11	2	(1)
Mississippi	549	106	19.3	445	67	15.1	448	55	12.3	15	3	(1)
Western South Central	18,234	2,436	13.4	13,965	1,801	12.9	10,742	1,013	9.4	540	80	14.8
Louisiana	3,944	570	14.4	4,161	542	13.0	3,925	368	9.4	41	10	(1)
Arkansas	990	148	14.9	771	82	10.6	444	38	8.6	16	1	(1)
Indian Territory	249	20	8.0	128	12	9.4	68	6	(1)	3	1	(1)
Oklahoma	1,064	77	7.2	723	75	10.4	458	32	7.0	14	4	(1)
Texas	11,977	1,621	13.5	8,182	1,090	13.3	5,847	569	9.7	466	64	13.7
Western division	49,689	6,667	13.4	34,317	4,091	11.9	23,903	1,809	7.6	914	173	18.9
Rocky Mountain	10,379	1,435	13.8	5,762	730	12.7	3,382	263	7.8	157	26	16.6
Montana	2,125	320	15.1	1,102	143	13.0	615	49	8.0	23	5	(1)
Idaho	1,316	152	11.6	831	116	14.0	568	54	9.5	5	1	(1)
Wyoming	701	87	12.4	411	55	13.4	211	14	6.6	6		
Colorado	5,510	792	14.4	2,997	372	12.4	1,742	123	7.1	76	18	(1)
New Mexico	727	84	11.6	421	44	10.5	246	23	9.3	47	2	(1)
Basin and Plateau	6,702	895	13.4	5,082	633	12.5	4,482	326	7.3	74	12	(1)
Arizona	1,145	168	14.7	604	77	12.7	325	27	8.3	28	5	(1)
Utah	4,907	624	12.7	4,000	491	12.3	3,898	260	6.7	39	6	(1)
Nevada	650	103	15.8	478	65	13.6	259	39	15.1	7	1	(1)
Pacific	32,608	4,337	13.3	23,473	2,728	11.6	16,039	1,220	7.6	683	135	19.8
Washington	5,132	536	10.4	3,048	271	8.9	1,940	112	5.8	67	20	(1)
Oregon	3,520	351	10.0	2,279	220	9.7	1,600	91	5.7	28	1	(1)
California	23,956	3,450	14.4	18,146	2,237	12.3	12,499	1,017	8.1	593	114	19.2

[1] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

TABLE 7.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE NEGRO, INDIAN, AND MONGOLIAN FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	NEGRO, INDIAN, AND MONGOLIAN FEMALE POPULATION.								
	16 to 20 years of age.			21 to 24 years of age.			25 to 34 years of age.			35 to 44 years of age.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Percent.
Continental United States	543,827	266,306	48.8	364,381	177,463	45.0	655,520	269,394	41.1	441,972	180,838	40.9
North Atlantic division	22,960	13,097	57.0	23,335	13,138	56.3	42,494	19,574	46.1	27,590	12,112	43.9
New England	3,185	1,689	53.3	3,315	1,895	57.2	6,335	2,983	47.1	4,543	2,084	45.9
Maine	100	43	43.0	80	32	(1)	147	63	42.9	138	48	34.8
New Hampshire	49	32	(1)	50	32	(1)	69	36	(1)	54	29	(1)
Vermont	42	22	(1)	32	20	(1)	63	24	(1)	45	17	(1)
Massachusetts	1,595	795	49.8	1,823	1,044	57.3	3,579	1,677	46.9	2,406	1,037	43.1
Rhode Island	478	249	52.1	461	265	57.5	903	474	52.5	755	419	55.5
Connecticut	921	558	60.6	869	502	57.8	1,576	709	45.0	1,145	534	46.6
Southern North Atlantic	19,775	11,398	57.6	20,020	11,243	56.2	36,159	16,591	45.9	23,047	10,028	43.5
New York	6,496	4,101	63.1	6,851	4,295	62.7	12,238	6,495	53.1	7,972	4,043	50.7
New Jersey	4,161	2,513	60.4	4,177	2,401	57.5	7,403	3,421	46.2	4,724	2,075	43.9
Pennsylvania	9,118	4,784	52.5	8,992	4,547	50.6	16,518	6,675	40.4	10,347	3,910	37.8
South Atlantic division	229,372	117,979	51.4	150,933	74,087	46.3	255,731	108,664	42.5	177,829	75,857	42.7
Northern South Atlantic	62,463	28,921	46.3	45,716	21,276	46.5	76,470	31,236	40.8	58,685	23,336	39.8
Delaware	1,615	764	47.3	1,276	528	41.4	2,280	841	36.9	1,785	612	34.3
Maryland	13,778	7,275	52.8	10,031	5,091	50.8	18,089	7,801	43.1	13,833	5,745	41.4
District of Columbia	5,764	3,445	59.8	5,611	3,885	69.2	9,573	6,193	64.7	6,941	4,506	65.9
Virginia	39,054	16,764	42.9	26,951	11,254	41.8	43,533	15,683	36.0	34,335	12,033	35.0
West Virginia	2,252	673	29.9	1,847	518	28.0	2,995	718	24.0	1,841	440	23.9
Southern South Atlantic	166,909	89,058	53.4	114,217	52,791	46.2	179,261	77,428	43.2	119,144	52,521	44.1
North Carolina	39,591	19,297	48.7	28,323	12,056	42.6	40,886	14,908	36.5	28,373	10,230	36.1
South Carolina	50,941	30,770	60.4	31,744	16,349	51.5	49,976	24,546	49.1	33,606	16,446	48.9
Georgia	63,316	34,067	53.8	43,884	20,788	47.4	71,687	32,041	44.7	46,330	21,628	46.5
Florida	13,061	4,924	37.7	10,266	3,598	35.0	16,712	5,933	35.5	10,836	4,211	38.9
North Central division	29,441	9,556	32.5	23,518	8,823	37.5	46,786	15,102	32.3	33,793	10,367	30.7
Eastern North Central	13,996	4,620	33.2	11,720	4,480	38.2	24,170	7,903	32.7	17,419	5,397	31.0
Ohio	5,018	1,655	33.0	4,140	1,604	38.7	8,424	2,743	32.6	6,186	1,881	30.4
Indiana	3,140	1,168	37.2	2,566	1,035	41.1	5,079	1,826	36.0	3,559	1,164	32.7
Illinois	4,147	1,374	33.1	3,884	1,483	38.2	8,268	2,800	33.9	5,700	1,942	34.1
Michigan	1,058	347	32.8	812	278	34.2	1,653	433	26.2	1,409	334	23.7
Wisconsin	633	76	14.3	318	90	19.2	752	99	13.2	565	76	13.5
Western North Central	15,545	4,936	31.8	11,798	4,343	36.8	22,616	7,199	31.8	16,374	4,970	30.4
Minnesota	587	95	16.2	462	127	28.1	1,174	283	24.1	815	181	22.2
Iowa	660	198	30.0	529	159	30.1	1,070	271	25.3	773	170	22.0
Missouri	9,348	3,576	38.3	7,330	3,158	43.1	13,888	5,354	38.6	9,724	3,633	37.4
North Dakota	329	22	6.7	214	21	9.8	397	31	7.8	399	35	8.8
South Dakota	362	16	4.4	673	32	4.8	1,335	35	2.6	1,161	47	4.0
Nebraska	523	149	28.5	450	160	35.6	780	257	32.9	574	190	33.1
Kansas	3,206	880	27.4	2,150	686	31.9	3,963	968	24.4	2,928	714	24.4
South Central division	255,768	123,216	48.2	183,414	80,357	43.8	300,054	123,265	41.1	194,639	80,223	41.2
Eastern South Central	152,305	79,719	52.3	108,256	51,653	47.7	176,917	79,111	44.7	116,772	52,303	44.8
Kentucky	16,512	5,902	35.7	12,392	5,240	42.3	21,906	8,747	39.9	15,955	6,518	40.9
Tennessee	29,640	12,796	43.2	21,428	9,036	42.2	35,010	13,965	39.9	23,097	9,264	40.1
Alabama	50,482	29,732	58.9	35,913	18,246	50.8	57,414	27,742	48.3	37,811	18,534	49.0
Mississippi	55,671	31,289	56.2	38,523	19,132	49.7	62,584	28,657	45.8	39,909	17,987	45.1
Western South Central	103,463	43,497	42.0	75,158	28,704	38.2	123,137	44,154	35.9	77,867	27,920	35.9
Louisiana	37,665	19,408	51.8	27,377	12,196	44.5	47,233	20,088	42.5	30,136	12,973	43.0
Arkansas	22,142	9,819	44.3	16,308	5,935	36.4	25,496	8,223	32.3	15,840	5,141	32.5
Indian Territory	5,106	678	13.3	3,274	457	14.0	5,493	721	13.1	3,511	519	14.8
Oklahoma	1,723	278	16.1	1,086	221	20.3	1,920	296	15.4	1,604	208	13.0
Texas	36,829	13,214	35.9	27,113	9,895	36.5	42,995	14,826	34.5	26,776	9,079	33.9
Western division	6,286	1,468	23.2	4,181	1,078	25.8	10,455	2,789	26.7	8,121	2,279	28.1
Rocky Mountain	2,054	331	16.1	1,387	313	22.6	3,512	801	22.8	2,733	620	22.7
Montana	548	28	5.1	381	29	7.6	870	90	10.3	804	99	12.3
Idaho	154	6	3.9	103	7	6.8	290	19	6.6	208	15	5.8
Wyoming	125	12	9.6	93	11	(1)	196	17	8.7	132	10	7.6
Colorado	466	116	24.9	439	179	40.8	1,088	420	38.6	777	339	43.6
New Mexico	761	169	22.2	371	87	23.5	1,068	255	23.9	722	157	21.7
Basin and Plateau	1,819	629	34.6	864	325	37.6	2,533	987	39.0	1,979	805	40.7
Arizona	1,396	540	38.7	664	284	41.6	1,924	828	43.0	1,469	649	44.2
Utah	156	17	10.9	84	14	(1)	207	51	24.6	207	45	21.7
Nevada	267	72	27.0	96	27	(1)	402	108	26.9	303	111	36.6
Pacific	2,413	498	20.6	1,930	440	22.8	4,410	1,001	22.7	3,409	854	25.0
Washington	509	123	24.2	399	106	26.6	966	222	23.0	843	199	23.6
Oregon	331	46	13.9	233	38	16.3	520	108	20.8	396	88	22.2
California	1,573	329	20.9	1,298	296	22.8	2,924	671	22.9	2,170	567	26.1

[1] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

TABLE 7.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE NEGRO, INDIAN, AND MONGOLIAN FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

NEGRO, INDIAN, AND MONGOLIAN FEMALE POPULATION—continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	45 to 54 years of age.			55 to 64 years of age.			65 years of age and over			Age unknown.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Percent.		Number.	Percent.
Continental United States	303,331	125,747	41.5	163,684	65,604	40.1	134,285	37,346	27.8	25,935	9,212	35.5
North Atlantic division	16,418	7,261	44.2	8,184	3,325	40.6	6,208	1,553	25.0	1,042	427	41.0
New England	2,921	1,362	46.6	1,492	663	44.4	1,170	311	26.6	149	90	60.4
Maine	103	30	29.1	65	26	(1)	52	14	(1)	4	1	(1)
New Hampshire	26	12	(1)	14	4	(1)	12	5	(1)	5	4	(1)
Vermont	33	10	(1)	14	4	(1)	21	4	(1)	2	1	(1)
Massachusetts	1,534	690	45.0	749	292	39.0	553	119	21.5	88	50	(1)
Rhode Island	508	263	51.8	275	143	52.0	210	65	31.0	33	24	(1)
Connecticut	717	357	49.8	375	194	51.7	322	104	32.3	17	10	(1)
Southern North Atlantic	13,497	5,899	43.7	6,692	2,662	39.8	5,038	1,242	24.7	893	337	37.7
New York	4,702	2,375	50.6	2,294	1,039	45.3	1,712	509	29.7	477	111	62.7
New Jersey	3,000	1,314	43.8	1,537	634	41.1	1,119	278	24.8	378	99	26.2
Pennsylvania	5,795	2,210	38.1	2,861	992	34.7	2,207	455	20.6	338	127	37.6
South Atlantic division	122,774	52,698	42.9	66,667	27,596	41.4	54,280	15,683	28.9	7,439	2,924	39.3
Northern South Atlantic	40,575	16,406	40.4	22,406	8,359	37.3	17,837	4,534	25.4	2,552	828	32.4
Delaware	1,159	380	32.8	698	217	31.1	552	121	21.9	106	53	50.0
Maryland	9,355	3,948	42.2	5,257	2,036	38.7	4,926	1,023	20.1	1,060	296	27.9
District of Columbia	4,576	3,089	67.5	2,060	1,235	60.0	1,807	571	31.5	46	24	(1)
Virginia	24,309	8,740	36.0	13,830	4,726	34.2	11,284	2,725	24.1	1,129	374	33.1
West Virginia	1,176	309	26.3	561	145	25.8	468	94	20.1	211	81	38.4
Southern South Atlantic	82,199	36,232	44.1	44,261	19,237	43.5	36,443	11,149	30.6	4,887	2,096	42.9
North Carolina	21,264	7,569	35.6	11,218	4,062	36.7	9,491	2,365	24.9	1,487	661	44.5
South Carolina	22,786	11,259	49.4	12,774	6,170	48.3	10,321	3,854	37.3	584	269	47.7
Georgia	31,556	14,663	46.5	15,973	7,728	48.5	13,953	4,206	30.1	2,213	961	43.4
Florida	6,593	2,741	41.6	3,296	1,331	40.4	2,678	724	27.0	623	205	32.9
North Central division	22,383	6,779	30.3	12,511	3,400	27.2	10,484	1,818	17.3	2,164	657	30.4
Eastern North Central	11,183	3,341	29.9	6,073	1,633	26.9	4,825	844	17.5	928	314	33.8
Ohio	4,124	1,202	29.1	2,365	616	26.0	1,793	305	17.0	270	92	34.1
Indiana	2,412	819	34.0	1,187	361	30.4	934	190	20.3	205	78	38.0
Illinois	3,207	1,029	32.1	1,657	494	29.8	1,238	226	18.1	385	133	34.5
Michigan	1,002	227	22.7	594	130	21.9	558	79	14.2	42	11	(1)
Wisconsin	438	64	14.6	270	32	11.9	282	42	14.9	26		
Western North Central	11,200	3,438	30.7	6,438	1,767	27.4	5,659	974	17.2	1,236	343	27.8
Minnesota	508	118	23.2	318	52	16.4	336	30	8.9	30	6	(1)
Iowa	516	136	26.4	272	67	24.6	187	28	15.5	94	22	(1)
Missouri	6,284	2,489	39.6	3,361	1,244	37.0	2,880	663	23.0	812	250	30.8
North Dakota	316	30	9.5	214	22	10.3	249	25	10.0	11		
South Dakota	1,079	36	3.3	806	36	4.5	760	38	5.0	5		
Nebraska	367	98	26.8	178	37	20.8	171	20	11.7	29	7	(1)
Kansas	2,132	531	24.9	1,289	309	24.0	1,076	169	15.7	264	58	22.0
South Central division	136,097	57,393	42.2	72,915	30,467	41.8	59,947	17,735	29.6	13,765	5,032	36.6
Eastern South Central	82,234	37,176	45.2	44,427	19,779	44.5	37,102	11,706	31.6	6,923	2,734	39.5
Kentucky	10,934	4,487	41.0	6,049	2,319	38.3	5,036	1,209	24.0	1,505	519	34.5
Tennessee	17,044	6,811	40.0	9,071	3,562	39.3	7,399	1,967	26.6	1,668	469	28.1
Alabama	27,460	13,630	49.6	14,163	7,055	49.8	12,333	4,421	35.8	2,511	1,189	47.4
Mississippi	26,787	12,248	45.7	15,144	6,843	45.2	12,334	4,109	33.3	1,238	557	45.0
Western South Central	53,863	20,217	37.5	28,488	10,678	37.5	22,845	6,029	26.4	6,842	2,298	33.6
Louisiana	21,125	9,555	45.2	12,033	5,274	43.8	10,262	3,070	29.9	1,203	550	45.7
Arkansas	11,409	3,912	34.3	5,477	1,935	35.3	3,944	981	24.9	1,449	538	37.1
Indian Territory	2,307	478	19.1	1,180	217	18.4	840	146	17.4	935	88	9.4
Oklahoma	1,219	185	15.2	727	131	18.0	520	57	11.0	169	25	14.8
Texas	17,603	6,087	34.6	9,071	3,121	34.4	7,279	1,775	24.4	3,086	1,097	35.5
Western division	5,669	1,616	28.6	3,407	826	24.2	3,366	556	16.5	1,525	172	11.3
Rocky Mountain	1,932	407	21.1	1,116	169	15.1	1,053	106	10.1	217	38	17.5
Montana	634	53	8.4	390	11	2.8	374	2	0.5	9	2	(1)
Idaho	237	29	12.2	166	13	7.8	198	14	7.1	148	12	8.1
Wyoming	87	7	(1)	85			37	1	(1)			
Colorado	430	185	43.0	170	63	37.1	111	17	15.3	56	23	(1)
New Mexico	544	133	24.4	325	82	25.2	333	72	21.6	4	1	(1)
Basin and Plateau	1,455	643	44.8	901	368	40.8	827	242	29.3	548	24	4.4
Arizona	1,061	529	49.9	650	325	50.0	569	202	35.5	389	3	0.8
Utah	138	25	18.1	86	6	(1)	68	8	(1)	43	3	(1)
Nevada	256	89	37.7	165	37	22.4	190	32	16.8	136	18	13.2
Pacific	2,282	566	24.7	1,390	289	20.8	1,486	208	14.0	760	110	14.5
Washington	559	137	24.5	387	74	19.1	348	74	21.3	191	62	32.5
Oregon	287	50	16.8	191	35	18.3	308	32	10.4	10		
California	1,436	379	26.4	812	180	22.2	830	102	12.3	559	48	8.6

[1] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

TABLE 8.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE NEGRO FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	NEGRO FEMALE POPULATION.											
	16 to 20 years of age.			21 to 24 years of age.			25 to 34 years of age.			35 to 44 years of age.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	531,138	263,393	49.6	386,790	176,325	45.6	639,359	266,942	41.8	429,442	178,802	41.6
North Atlantic division	22,275	12,938	58.1	22,997	13,045	56.7	42,000	19,436	46.3	27,171	12,008	44.2
New England	3,114	1,685	54.1	3,266	1,882	57.6	6,233	2,949	47.3	4,453	2,061	46.3
Maine	40	33	(1)	59	25	(1)	96	38	(1)	91	33	(1)
New Hampshire	49	32	(1)	49	31	(1)	67	26	(1)	53	29	(1)
Vermont	42	22	(1)	32	20	(1)	91	24	(1)	45	17	(1)
Massachusetts	1,570	793	50.5	1,802	1,040	57.7	3,541	1,670	47.2	2,374	1,033	43.5
Rhode Island	477	249	52.2	490	285	57.6	902	473	52.4	752	418	55.6
Connecticut	916	556	60.7	864	501	58.0	1,566	708	45.2	1,138	531	46.7
Southern North Atlantic	19,161	11,253	58.7	19,731	11,163	56.8	35,767	16,487	46.1	22,718	9,947	43.8
New York	6,241	4,009	64.2	6,657	4,227	63.5	11,875	6,402	53.9	7,652	3,963	51.8
New Jersey	4,143	2,500	60.3	4,109	2,398	57.5	7,401	3,421	46.2	4,728	2,075	43.9
Pennsylvania	8,777	4,744	54.1	8,965	4,538	51.0	16,491	6,664	40.4	10,338	3,909	37.8
South Atlantic division	228,978	117,814	51.5	159,676	74,009	46.3	255,233	108,581	42.5	177,496	75,775	42.7
Northern South Atlantic	62,408	28,930	46.3	45,699	21,271	46.5	76,451	31,234	40.9	58,665	23,331	39.8
Delaware	1,615	764	47.3	1,275	527	41.3	2,280	841	36.9	1,784	611	34.2
Maryland	13,776	7,275	52.8	10,028	5,090	50.8	18,088	7,801	43.1	13,892	5,745	41.4
District of Columbia	5,760	3,445	59.8	5,610	3,385	60.3	9,570	6,193	64.7	6,888	4,506	65.4
Virginia	39,007	16,703	43.0	26,939	11,251	41.8	43,519	15,681	36.0	34,320	12,029	35.0
West Virginia	2,250	673	29.9	1,847	518	28.0	2,994	718	24.0	1,841	440	23.9
Southern South Atlantic	166,570	88,884	53.4	113,977	52,738	46.3	178,782	77,347	43.3	118,831	52,444	44.1
North Carolina	39,285	19,142	48.7	28,097	12,004	42.7	40,439	14,830	36.7	28,081	10,162	36.2
South Carolina	50,932	30,705	60.4	31,741	16,348	51.5	49,909	24,543	49.1	33,661	16,444	48.9
Georgia	63,314	34,066	53.8	43,883	20,788	47.4	71,685	32,041	44.7	46,538	21,628	46.5
Florida	13,039	4,921	37.7	10,256	3,598	35.1	16,689	5,933	35.6	10,551	4,210	39.9
North Central division	26,764	9,384	35.1	21,861	8,678	39.7	43,255	14,866	34.4	30,781	10,157	33.0
Eastern North Central	13,199	4,526	34.3	11,327	4,427	39.1	23,230	7,819	33.7	16,643	5,326	32.0
Ohio	5,018	1,664	33.0	4,144	1,604	38.7	8,419	2,763	32.8	6,185	1,880	30.4
Indiana	3,125	1,164	37.2	2,557	1,051	41.1	5,057	1,828	36.1	3,542	1,160	32.7
Illinois	4,141	1,373	33.2	3,876	1,483	38.3	8,259	2,800	33.9	5,696	1,941	34.1
Michigan	791	307	38.8	641	253	39.5	1,272	390	30.7	1,056	296	28.0
Wisconsin	127	28	22.0	109	36	33.0	223	58	26.0	164	49	29.9
Western North Central	13,565	4,858	35.8	10,534	4,251	40.4	20,026	7,047	35.2	14,138	4,831	34.2
Minnesota	189	53	28.0	210	88	41.4	572	193	33.7	334	117	35.0
Iowa	644	197	30.6	524	159	30.3	1,047	271	25.9	757	170	22.5
Missouri	9,357	3,574	38.3	7,327	3,157	43.1	13,881	5,353	38.6	9,716	3,631	37.4
North Dakota	17	8	(1)	9	5	(1)	19	2	(1)	12	4	(1)
South Dakota	15	4	(1)	16	10	(1)	28	11	(1)	32	15	(1)
Nebraska	347	146	42.1	344	154	44.8	596	249	41.8	427	186	43.6
Kansas	3,016	876	29.0	2,104	678	32.2	3,884	968	24.9	2,860	708	24.8
South Central division	251,912	122,872	48.8	181,133	80,147	44.2	295,973	122,941	41.5	191,761	79,939	41.7
Eastern South Central	152,126	79,688	52.4	108,175	51,640	47.7	176,762	79,097	44.7	116,670	52,287	44.8
Kentucky	16,506	5,902	35.8	13,392	5,240	42.3	21,901	8,746	39.9	15,947	6,518	40.9
Tennessee	20,682	12,795	43.2	21,420	9,033	42.2	35,007	13,955	39.9	23,092	9,263	40.1
Alabama	50,464	26,732	53.9	35,908	18,245	50.8	57,407	27,741	48.3	37,803	18,534	49.0
Mississippi	65,524	34,259	56.3	38,455	19,122	49.7	62,447	28,655	45.9	39,828	17,972	45.1
Western South Central	99,786	43,184	43.3	72,958	28,507	39.1	119,211	43,844	36.8	75,091	27,652	36.8
Louisiana	37,628	19,493	51.8	27,354	12,192	44.6	47,194	20,077	42.5	30,105	12,961	43.1
Arkansas	22,137	9,818	44.4	16,306	5,935	36.4	25,493	8,223	32.3	15,535	5,141	33.1
Indian Territory	2,091	416	19.9	1,483	296	20.0	2,418	481	19.9	1,467	311	21.2
Oklahoma	1,132	247	21.8	718	191	26.6	1,132	242	21.4	925	163	17.6
Texas	36,798	13,210	35.9	27,097	9,893	36.5	42,976	14,821	34.5	26,759	9,076	33.9
Western division	1,209	385	31.8	1,123	446	39.7	2,898	1,118	38.6	2,233	923	41.3
Rocky Mountain	556	162	29.1	533	223	41.8	1,404	557	39.7	996	445	44.7
Montana	44	16	(1)	57	19	(1)	186	72	43.4	126	64	50.8
Idaho	9	1	(1)	10	3	(1)	26	9	(1)	26	6	(1)
Wyoming	40	12	(1)	42	10	(1)	78	17	(1)	37	10	(1)
Colorado	387	114	29.5	373	176	47.2	997	416	41.7	723	338	46.7
New Mexico	76	19	(1)	51	15	(1)	137	43	31.4	84	27	(1)
Basin and Plateau	64	23	(1)	75	28	(1)	180	91	50.6	130	66	50.8
Arizona	41	18	(1)	53	19	(1)	124	62	50.0	82	40	(1)
Utah	18	5	(1)	17	6	(1)	45	22	(1)	39	23	(1)
Nevada	5			5	3	(1)	11	7	(1)	9	3	(1)
Pacific	589	200	34.0	515	195	37.9	1,314	470	35.8	1,107	412	37.2
Washington	78	20	(1)	82	30	(1)	218	65	29.8	189	58	30.7
Oregon	32	16	(1)	48	16	(1)	126	59	47.2	76	42	(1)
California	479	164	34.2	385	149	38.7	971	346	35.6	842	312	37.1

[1] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

TABLE 8.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE NEGRO FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

NEGRO FEMALE POPULATION—continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	45 to 54 years of age.			55 to 64 years of age.			65 years of age and over.			Age unknown.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
Continental United States	293,088	124,023	42.2	157,579	64,534	41.0	128,338	36,539	28.5	23,654	9,063	38.3
North Atlantic division	16,123	7,180	44.5	7,987	3,261	40.8	6,001	1,508	25.1	1,034	426	41.2
New England	2,840	1,329	46.8	1,440	645	44.8	1,110	297	26.8	147	89	60.5
Maine	68	16	(1)	44	16	(1)	27	6	(1)	2		
New Hampshire	24	12	(1)	13	4	(1)	12	5	(1)	5	4	(1)
Vermont	33	10	(1)	13	4	(1)	21	4	(1)	2	1	(1)
Massachusetts	1,508	677	44.9	727	287	39.5	526	114	21.6	88	50	(1)
Rhode Island	503	261	51.9	274	142	51.8	207	64	30.9	33	24	(1)
Connecticut	704	353	50.1	369	192	52.0	315	104	33.0	17	10	(1)
Southern North Atlantic	13,283	5,851	44.0	6,547	2,616	40.0	4,891	1,211	24.8	887	337	38.0
New York	4,490	2,327	51.8	2,152	995	46.2	1,569	478	30.5	174	111	63.8
New Jersey	3,000	1,314	43.8	1,537	631	41.1	1,119	278	24.8	378	99	26.2
Pennsylvania	5,793	2,210	38.1	2,858	990	34.6	2,203	455	20.7	335	127	37.9
South Atlantic division	122,553	52,654	43.0	66,538	27,552	41.4	54,153	15,656	28.9	7,429	2,920	39.3
Northern South Atlantic	40,566	16,464	40.6	22,401	8,358	37.3	17,827	4,534	25.4	2,548	827	32.5
Delaware	1,158	380	32.8	697	216	31.0	552	121	21.9	106	53	50.0
Maryland	9,355	3,948	42.2	5,257	2,036	38.7	3,926	1,023	26.1	1,060	296	27.9
District of Columbia	4,575	3,089	67.5	2,060	1,235	60.0	1,607	571	35.5	46	24	(1)
Virginia	24,302	8,738	36.0	13,826	4,726	34.2	11,274	2,725	24.2	1,126	374	33.2
West Virginia	1,176	309	26.3	561	145	25.8	468	94	20.1	210	80	38.1
Southern South Atlantic	81,987	36,190	44.1	44,137	19,194	43.5	36,326	11,122	30.6	4,881	2,093	42.9
North Carolina	21,065	7,330	35.7	11,101	3,961	35.7	9,391	2,340	24.9	1,481	658	44.4
South Carolina	22,733	11,238	49.4	12,772	6,175	48.3	10,316	3,853	37.3	584	269	47.7
Georgia	31,554	14,662	46.5	16,973	7,728	45.5	13,952	4,206	30.1	2,213	961	43.4
Florida	6,585	2,740	41.6	3,291	1,330	40.4	2,667	723	27.1	603	205	33.9
North Central division	19,885	6,610	33.2	10,695	3,256	30.4	8,609	1,669	19.4	2,099	651	31.2
Eastern North Central	10,580	3,277	31.0	5,676	1,584	27.9	4,384	788	18.0	887	311	35.1
Ohio	4,124	1,202	29.1	2,363	616	26.1	1,791	305	17.0	270	92	34.1
Indiana	2,404	819	34.1	1,179	361	30.6	933	190	20.4	204	78	38.2
Illinois	3,205	1,028	32.1	1,655	494	29.8	1,258	228	18.1	385	133	34.5
Michigan	748	196	26.2	434	105	24.2	349	52	14.9	22	8	(1)
Wisconsin	99	32	(1)	45	8	(1)	53	13	(1)	6		
Western North Central	9,305	3,333	35.8	5,019	1,672	33.3	4,225	881	20.9	1,202	340	28.3
Minnesota	162	71	43.8	61	22	(1)	46	8	(1)	20	4	(1)
Iowa	502	136	27.1	256	67	26.2	177	29	16.4	94	22	(1)
Missouri	6,280	2,488	39.6	3,358	1,243	37.0	2,578	663	25.0	812	250	30.8
North Dakota	13	5	(1)	1	1	(1)	2	2	(1)			
South Dakota	21	9	(1)	10	4	(1)	5					
Nebraska	229	94	41.0	92	28	(1)	67	12	(1)	13	6	(1)
Kansas	2,098	530	25.3	1,241	307	24.7	1,050	167	15.9	263	58	22.1
South Central division	133,998	57,100	42.6	71,868	30,278	42.1	59,218	17,828	29.8	12,962	5,006	38.6
Eastern South Central	82,149	37,161	45.2	44,381	19,766	44.5	37,059	11,665	31.5	6,918	2,734	39.5
Kentucky	10,932	4,486	41.0	6,048	2,319	38.3	5,035	1,208	24.0	1,305	510	34.5
Tennessee	17,041	6,810	40.0	9,070	3,562	39.3	7,397	1,965	26.6	1,867	469	28.1
Alabama	27,460	13,629	49.6	14,162	7,055	49.8	12,331	4,421	35.9	2,510	1,189	47.4
Mississippi	26,716	12,236	45.8	15,101	6,830	45.2	12,296	4,099	33.3	1,236	557	45.1
Western South Central	51,849	19,939	38.5	27,487	10,512	38.2	22,159	5,933	26.8	6,044	2,272	37.6
Louisiana	21,115	9,550	45.2	12,027	5,270	43.8	10,255	3,065	29.9	1,194	550	46.1
Arkansas	11,409	3,912	34.3	5,475	1,935	35.3	3,943	980	24.9	1,449	538	37.1
Indian Territory	998	245	24.5	482	96	19.9	377	75	19.9	236	67	28.4
Oklahoma	737	148	20.1	444	95	21.4	313	38	12.1	79	20	(1)
Texas	17,590	6,084	34.6	9,059	3,116	34.4	7,271	1,775	24.4	3,086	1,097	35.5
Western division	1,129	479	42.4	491	187	38.1	357	78	21.8	140	60	42.9
Rocky Mountain	467	236	50.5	194	76	39.2	112	18	16.1	63	27	(1)
Montana	47	30	(1)	20	5	(1)	8			4	2	(1)
Idaho	12	7	(1)	3	2	(1)	1			2	1	(1)
Wyoming	16	4	(1)	9			3	1	(1)			
Colorado	356	180	50.6	143	63	44.1	90	17	(1)	55	23	(1)
New Mexico	36	15	(1)	19	6	(1)	10			2	1	(1)
Basin and Plateau	57	30	(1)	17	5	(1)	10	6	(1)	5	3	(1)
Arizona	33	18	(1)	7	4	(1)	6	3	(1)	1	1	(1)
Utah	17	10	(1)	6	1	(1)	4	1	(1)	4	2	(1)
Nevada	7	2	(1)	4			6	2	(1)			
Pacific	605	213	35.2	280	106	37.9	229	54	23.6	72	30	(1)
Washington	66	21	(1)	30	8	(1)	19	4	(1)	10	7	(1)
Oregon	26	13	(1)	13	5	(1)	16	3	(1)	1		
California	510	179	35.1	237	93	39.2	194	47	24.2	61	23	(1)

(1) Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

TABLE 9.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS: 1900.

CITY.	FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.														
	Aggregate.			Native white—both parents native.			Native white—one or both parents foreign born.			Foreign born white.			Negro.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
San Francisco, Cal.	116,078	28,303	25.2	25,213	6,194	24.6	44,852	13,096	29.2	43,677	9,401	21.5	612	243	39.7
Los Angeles, Cal.	37,984	8,285	21.8	20,338	4,185	20.6	8,644	2,065	24.2	8,122	1,671	20.6	786	302	38.4
Oakland, Cal.	24,685	5,165	20.9	8,959	1,537	18.3	7,648	2,034	26.6	7,649	1,366	17.9	395	116	29.4
Denver, Colo.	48,335	11,967	24.8	23,384	5,348	22.9	11,095	3,246	27.8	11,644	2,600	22.3	1,592	768	48.2
New Haven, Conn.	38,228	10,694	28.0	12,508	2,566	20.5	10,175	4,022	39.5	14,401	3,514	24.4	1,143	591	51.7
Hartford, Conn.	28,463	8,597	30.2	9,912	2,275	23.0	7,018	2,828	40.3	10,782	3,138	29.1	748	353	47.2
Bridgeport, Conn.	25,039	7,298	29.2	7,518	1,834	24.4	6,994	2,805	40.1	10,034	2,421	24.1	493	239	48.5
Wilmington, Del.	26,273	7,099	27.0	13,069	2,799	21.4	4,889	1,463	29.9	4,546	838	18.4	3,647	1,968	54.0
Washington, D. C.	109,031	40,382	37.0	49,127	11,489	23.4	14,836	3,916	26.4	8,990	2,029	22.6	36,066	22,948	63.6
Atlanta, Ga.	33,895	14,257	42.1	16,565	3,587	21.7	1,427	322	22.6	941	128	13.6	15,820	10,220	68.9
Savannah, Ga.	20,095	8,769	43.6	5,439	980	18.0	2,116	416	19.7	1,363	245	18.0	11,177	7,128	63.8
Chicago, Ill.	549,954	138,020	25.1	109,321	27,069	24.8	166,700	54,975	33.0	262,429	51,098	19.5	11,478	4,875	42.5
Peoria, Ill.	19,616	5,125	26.1	8,206	1,997	24.3	6,821	2,186	32.0	4,138	776	18.8	451	172	38.1
Indianapolis, Ind.	62,181	15,444	24.8	34,168	7,746	22.7	14,167	3,929	27.7	7,887	1,204	15.3	5,959	2,565	43.0
Evansville, Ind.	21,058	5,788	27.5	8,244	2,274	27.6	7,508	2,073	27.6	2,692	257	9.5	2,614	1,184	45.3
Des Moines, Iowa.	22,131	5,143	23.2	13,302	2,801	21.1	4,546	1,362	30.0	3,674	776	21.1	609	204	33.5
Kansas City, Kans.	16,126	3,025	18.8	8,295	1,394	16.8	3,039	901	19.8	2,480	272	11.0	2,312	758	32.8
Louisville, Ky.	74,656	21,831	29.2	26,988	6,103	22.6	21,735	5,876	27.0	10,472	1,446	13.8	15,461	8,406	54.4
New Orleans, La.	102,463	26,845	26.2	27,189	4,840	17.8	30,982	5,276	17.0	14,230	1,927	13.5	30,046	14,801	49.3
Portland, Me.	29,039	5,465	27.3	10,913	2,508	23.0	3,598	1,269	35.0	5,417	1,664	30.7	107	32	29.9
Baltimore, Md.	184,628	56,563	30.6	77,486	18,685	24.1	41,875	11,302	27.0	32,592	6,297	19.3	32,671	20,278	62.1
Boston, Mass.	207,621	68,799	33.1	53,002	15,290	28.8	53,639	21,282	39.7	96,559	29,998	31.0	4,406	2,259	51.3
Worcester, Mass.	41,506	11,945	28.8	13,528	3,094	22.9	10,314	4,367	42.3	17,238	4,290	24.9	428	194	45.3
Fall River, Mass.	36,184	16,170	44.7	4,647	1,326	28.2	8,335	4,869	58.4	22,982	9,845	42.8	170	130	76.5
Lowell, Mass.	36,461	16,453	45.1	8,332	2,853	34.2	8,279	4,539	54.8	19,795	9,029	45.6	55	32	(1)
Cambridge, Mass.	33,916	10,877	32.1	8,933	2,145	24.0	8,284	3,398	38.8	15,265	4,891	32.0	1,430	542	37.9
Lynn, Mass.	25,898	8,467	32.7	11,617	3,398	29.3	5,275	2,258	42.8	8,729	2,716	31.1	276	95	34.4
Lawrence, Mass.	22,846	9,558	41.8	3,665	1,188	32.7	5,747	3,156	54.8	13,403	5,179	38.6	31	31	(1)
New Bedford, Mass.	22,755	8,161	35.9	5,723	1,509	22.3	3,819	1,641	48.2	11,508	4,601	40.0	671	213	31.7
Springfield, Mass.	23,618	6,712	28.4	10,568	2,371	22.4	5,432	2,117	39.0	7,185	2,020	28.1	432	203	47.0
Somerville, Mass.	23,371	5,783	24.8	9,488	2,002	21.1	5,066	1,612	31.8	8,782	2,144	24.5	55	27	(1)
Detroit, Mich.	98,547	24,997	25.4	18,537	4,096	24.0	31,743	10,500	33.1	45,677	9,219	20.2	1,588	582	36.6
Grand Rapids, Mich.	30,980	7,586	24.5	10,705	2,577	24.1	9,118	3,047	33.4	10,918	1,880	17.2	238	81	34.3
Minneapolis, Minn.	67,933	19,110	28.1	19,552	4,415	22.6	21,109	7,781	36.9	26,709	6,689	25.1	563	201	37.0
St. Paul, Minn.	52,147	15,444	29.6	11,725	3,091	26.4	18,775	7,335	39.1	20,925	4,789	22.9	719	228	31.7
Duluth, Minn.	14,335	3,473	23.9	2,760	633	22.9	3,662	1,030	28.4	7,744	1,679	21.7	151	82	54.3
St. Louis, Mo.	196,511	50,149	25.5	49,939	12,560	25.2	82,603	23,422	28.4	50,181	7,734	15.4	13,774	6,428	46.7
Kansas City, Mo.	58,602	15,684	26.8	32,654	7,368	22.6	11,008	3,048	27.5	7,944	1,654	20.8	6,931	3,615	52.2
St. Joseph, Mo.	30,426	9,324	30.6	18,846	5,536	29.4	5,958	1,923	32.3	3,565	723	20.3	2,057	1,142	55.5
Omaha, Nebr.	33,436	9,506	28.4	13,276	3,612	27.2	8,456	2,957	35.0	10,437	2,371	22.7	1,276	565	44.5
Manchester, N. H.	21,547	9,522	44.2	6,231	1,918	30.8	3,731	2,086	55.9	11,574	5,515	47.6	11	3	(1)
Newark, N. J.	84,411	22,105	26.2	22,121	5,495	24.8	26,823	9,004	33.6	32,710	6,366	19.5	2,755	1,241	45.0
Jersey City, N. J.	67,352	15,343	22.8	15,092	3,106	20.6	23,982	7,912	30.5	25,808	4,466	16.6	1,363	459	33.7
Paterson, N. J.	35,760	10,958	30.6	7,783	2,186	28.1	9,892	4,113	41.6	17,579	4,359	24.8	506	306	59.3
Camden, N. J.	26,514	6,248	23.6	14,673	3,227	22.0	4,905	1,365	28.1	4,729	785	16.6	2,116	930	44.0
Trenton, N. J.	24,561	5,485	22.3	16,810	2,229	20.6	5,643	1,680	29.8	7,346	1,273	17.3	760	303	39.9
Hoboken, N. J.	18,538	4,596	24.3	2,517	606	24.1	6,748	2,256	33.5	9,643	1,715	17.8	31	16	(1)
Elizabeth, N. J.	16,769	3,499	20.9	4,500	708	15.7	5,319	1,550	29.1	6,506	1,022	15.7	444	219	49.3
New York, N. Y.	1,175,841	344,569	29.3	213,329	52,402	24.6	352,583	117,832	33.4	582,973	158,476	27.2	26,936	15,826	58.8
Buffalo, N. Y.	115,732	26,738	23.1	24,050	5,997	24.3	42,876	11,936	27.8	47,575	8,543	18.0	635	261	41.1
Rochester, N. Y.	66,056	18,910	31.5	16,916	5,163	30.5	22,867	8,834	38.6	26,043	4,807	24.0	229	106	46.3
Syracuse, N. Y.	40,054	10,492	28.2	15,127	3,544	23.4	13,227	4,512	34.1	11,293	2,277	20.2	407	159	39.1
Albany, N. Y.	36,371	9,991	27.5	12,741	3,145	24.7	14,027	4,877	34.8	9,102	1,784	19.6	431	185	42.9
Troy, N. Y.	24,309	9,352	46.9	6,974	2,622	37.6	6,526	4,983	52.3	7,616	2,233	29.3	193	114	59.1
Utica, N. Y.	21,350	6,482	30.3	6,534	1,976	30.2	8,245	3,106	37.6	6,485	1,376	21.2	85	30	(1)
Cleveland, Ohio.	125,281	29,263	23.4	27,289	6,383	23.3	40,463	12,701	31.6	55,368	9,322	16.8	2,159	787	36.5
Cincinnati, Ohio.	119,655	35,150	29.4	31,115	9,494	30.5	53,976	17,788	33.0	28,910	5,202	18.0	5,654	2,666	47.2
Toledo, Ohio.	44,776	9,982	22.3	16,615	3,558	21.4	14,975	4,433	29.6	12,499	1,757	14.1	680	234	34.4
Columbus, Ohio.	44,961	11,036	24.5	25,393	5,970	23.5	11,037	3,116	28.2	5,674	858	15.1	2,855	1,091	38.2
Dayton, Ohio.	36,674	7,309	24.1	15,861	3,677	23.2	8,936	2,549	28.5	4,059	702	15.1	1,218	471	38.7
Portland, Oreg.	26,050	6,983	26.2	12,383	3,243	26.2	6,823	2,134	31.3	6,912	1,434	20.7	201	128	49.0
Philadelphia, Pa.	465,711	130,368	28.3	173,634	45,756	26.4	124,739	42,380	34.0	141,011	34,478	24.5	26,266	13,737	52.3
Pittsburg, Pa.	102,750	22,205	21.6	29,338	6,371	21.7	32,572	8,177	25.1	35,364	5,983	16.9	5,474	1,674	30.6
Allegheny, Pa.	42,738	10,150	23.7	14,192	3,682	25.9	14,692	3,897	26.5	12,766	2,236	17.5	1,087	336	30.8
Scranton, Pa.	32,439	7,807	24.1	7,585	1,687	22.2	12,035	4,074	33.9	12,649	1,993	15.8	169	53	31.4
Reading, Pa.	27,392	7,001	25.6	21,716	5,649	26.0	3,101	945	30.5	2,389	334	13.9	182	73	40.1
Erie, Pa.	17,432	3,505	20.1	5,354	1,087	20.5	6,856	1,685	24.7	5,135	660	12.9	87	53	(1)
Wilkesbarre, Pa.	17,212	4,348	25.3	5,581	1,344	24.1	5,819	1,851	33.5	5,583	996	17.7	229	63	27.5
Harrisburg, Pa.	18,334	4,323	23.6	13,771	3,117	22.6	1,960	501	25.5	1,103	154	14.0	1,493	551	36.9
Providence, R. I.	65,807	22,608	33.5	26,483	7,280	23.8	16,909	7,765	45.9	26,505	8,036	30.3	1,899	984	51.8
Charleston, S. C.	21,087	8,934	42.4	5,753	1,036	18.0	2,639	423	26.7	1,183	207	17.5	12,107	7,266	60.0
Memphis, Tenn.	34,840	14,203	40.8	11,227	2,114	18.8	3,674	766	20.7	2,010	312	15.5	17,935	11,017	61.4
Nashville, Tenn.	30,195	11,008	36.7	13,728	2,640	19.2	2,824	662	23.4	1,376	196	14.2	12,266	7,570	61.7
San Antonio, Tex.	17,757	3,896	21.9	6,239	1,004	16.1	4,661	812	17.4	4,128	619	15.0	2,728	1,461	53.6
Salt Lake City, Utah.	17,884	3,948	21.5	4,944	918	18.6	6,230	1,520	24.4	6,590	1,354	20.5	92	48	(1)
Richmond, Va.	32,202	11,895	36.9	15,619	3,294	21.1	2,261	430	19.4	1,244	218	17.5	13,076	7,932	60.7
Seattle, Wash.	20,531	4,674	22.8	9,531	2,157	22.6	4,826	1,188	24.6	5,955	1,211	20.3	149	73	48.9
Milwaukee, Wis.	91,853	23,523	25.6	10,966	3,205	29.2	40,172	13,915	34.6	40,404	6,305	15.6	311	98	31.5

[1] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

TABLE 10.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE, RACE, AND NATIVITY, FOR CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS: 1900.

CITY.	FEMALE POPULATION.														
	16 to 20 years of age.			21 to 24 years of age.			25 to 34 years of age.			35 to 44 years of age.			45 years of age and over.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
San Francisco, Cal.	15,168	6,128	40.4	14,801	5,768	39.0	32,315	8,342	25.4	22,350	4,625	20.7	30,094	4,285	14.2
Los Angeles, Cal.	4,831	1,319	27.3	4,102	1,417	34.5	9,861	2,467	25.0	8,046	1,594	19.8	10,882	1,460	13.4
Oakland, Cal.	3,272	1,011	30.9	2,832	951	33.6	6,024	1,459	24.2	4,845	844	17.4	7,528	868	11.5
Denver, Colo.	5,995	1,800	30.0	5,605	2,141	38.2	13,793	3,670	26.6	10,881	2,440	22.4	11,578	1,338	15.9
New Haven, Conn.	4,760	2,587	54.3	4,496	2,324	51.7	10,215	2,933	28.7	7,586	1,414	18.6	11,118	1,419	12.8
Hartford, Conn.	3,320	1,761	53.0	3,043	1,907	52.3	8,223	2,541	30.9	5,523	1,216	22.0	7,741	1,166	15.1
Bridgeport, Conn.	3,448	2,062	59.8	3,201	1,544	48.2	6,961	1,927	27.7	4,949	993	20.1	6,447	767	11.9
Wilmington, Del.	3,627	1,812	50.0	3,194	1,374	43.0	6,889	1,820	26.5	5,304	1,055	19.9	7,181	997	13.9
Washington, D. C.	14,577	5,994	41.1	14,199	6,878	48.4	29,267	11,333	38.7	20,727	7,700	37.1	30,128	8,447	28.0
Atlanta, Ga.	5,911	2,674	45.2	4,844	2,359	48.7	9,002	3,946	43.8	6,318	2,677	42.4	7,651	2,551	33.3
Savannah, Ga.	3,191	1,341	42.0	3,185	1,475	46.3	5,828	2,576	44.2	3,657	1,742	47.6	4,103	1,585	38.1
Chicago, Ill.	78,795	41,436	52.6	70,382	29,185	41.5	164,011	37,797	23.0	115,149	17,789	15.4	119,864	11,509	9.6
Peoria, Ill.	2,924	1,358	46.4	2,519	1,089	43.2	5,512	1,489	27.0	3,863	734	19.0	4,792	455	9.5
Indianapolis, Ind.	8,721	3,416	39.2	7,686	2,900	37.7	17,240	4,479	26.0	12,235	2,503	20.5	15,938	2,040	12.8
Evansville, Ind.	3,391	1,670	49.2	2,866	1,237	43.2	5,868	1,566	26.7	3,897	695	17.8	5,022	616	12.3
Des Moines, Iowa.	3,328	1,203	36.1	2,993	1,200	40.1	6,113	1,572	25.7	4,138	661	16.0	5,457	484	8.9
Kansas City, Kans.	2,499	884	35.4	2,033	555	27.3	4,794	751	15.7	3,140	420	13.4	3,642	409	11.2
Louisville, Ky.	10,914	4,615	42.3	9,906	4,041	40.8	19,944	6,060	30.4	14,467	3,642	25.2	19,073	3,350	17.6
New Orleans, La.	15,469	4,534	29.3	12,831	3,786	29.5	27,101	6,951	25.6	19,062	4,957	26.0	27,856	6,566	23.6
Portland, Me.	2,264	987	43.6	2,248	1,192	53.0	5,014	1,575	31.4	3,882	843	21.7	6,562	855	13.0
Baltimore, Md.	27,838	13,957	50.1	22,529	9,510	42.2	47,073	13,944	29.6	36,408	9,302	25.5	50,107	9,613	19.2
Boston, Mass.	24,016	12,872	53.6	25,879	14,103	54.5	60,242	21,489	35.6	41,717	10,668	25.6	54,966	9,414	17.1
Worcester, Mass.	5,245	2,780	53.0	5,099	2,761	54.1	11,327	3,656	32.3	8,119	1,480	18.2	11,677	1,265	10.8
Fall River, Mass.	6,264	4,877	77.9	4,858	3,250	66.9	9,315	4,342	46.6	6,800	2,264	33.3	8,899	1,425	16.0
Lowell, Mass.	5,126	3,747	73.1	4,798	3,349	69.8	9,845	4,840	49.2	6,804	2,391	35.1	9,812	2,093	21.3
Cambridge, Mass.	4,050	2,086	51.5	4,386	2,466	56.2	9,342	3,289	35.2	6,369	1,518	23.8	9,656	1,492	15.5
Lynn, Mass.	2,913	1,511	51.9	2,847	1,610	56.6	6,908	2,507	36.3	5,314	1,511	28.4	7,737	1,281	16.6
Lawrence, Mass.	3,389	2,532	74.7	2,953	1,941	65.7	6,113	2,654	43.4	4,349	1,374	31.6	5,952	1,035	17.4
New Bedford, Mass.	3,179	2,204	69.3	2,736	1,567	57.3	5,741	2,250	39.2	4,346	1,191	27.4	6,731	943	14.0
Springfield, Mass.	2,693	1,305	48.5	2,746	1,399	50.9	6,442	2,087	32.4	4,541	1,017	22.4	7,150	893	12.5
Somerville, Mass.	2,703	1,155	42.7	2,772	1,317	47.5	6,460	1,709	26.5	4,579	827	18.1	6,794	754	11.1
Detroit, Mich.	14,562	7,563	51.9	12,710	5,677	44.7	27,085	6,698	24.7	19,605	2,870	14.6	24,459	2,172	8.9
Grand Rapids, Mich.	4,624	2,293	49.6	3,956	1,706	43.1	8,184	1,915	23.4	6,004	893	14.9	8,176	774	9.5
Minneapolis, Minn.	9,995	4,763	47.7	9,295	4,565	49.1	19,898	5,768	29.0	14,432	2,464	17.1	14,177	1,515	10.7
St. Paul, Minn.	8,465	4,550	53.8	7,281	3,737	51.3	14,956	4,373	29.2	10,553	1,675	15.9	10,591	1,000	9.4
Duluth, Minn.	2,122	907	42.7	1,944	851	43.8	4,550	998	21.9	3,231	409	12.7	2,407	243	10.1
St. Louis, Mo.	29,623	14,212	48.0	26,041	10,092	38.8	55,500	13,498	24.3	37,555	6,650	17.7	46,885	5,480	11.7
Kansas City, Mo.	8,358	3,052	36.5	8,081	3,243	40.1	17,622	4,923	27.9	11,823	2,545	21.5	12,650	1,893	15.0
St. Joseph, Mo.	5,466	2,918	53.4	4,395	2,185	49.7	8,853	2,583	29.2	5,658	906	16.0	5,973	711	11.9
Omaha, Nebr.	5,415	2,280	42.2	4,656	2,235	48.0	9,816	2,927	29.8	6,508	1,210	18.6	7,004	832	11.9
Manchester, N. H.	3,217	2,336	72.6	2,754	1,907	69.2	5,700	2,696	47.3	4,135	1,488	36.0	5,673	1,068	18.8
Newark, N. J.	11,884	7,021	59.1	10,345	4,424	42.8	23,117	5,337	23.1	16,849	2,734	16.2	22,098	2,560	11.6
Jersey City, N. J.	9,649	4,917	51.0	8,457	3,379	40.0	19,218	3,636	18.9	13,576	1,795	13.2	16,399	1,615	9.8
Paterson, N. J.	5,247	3,618	69.0	4,475	2,271	50.7	9,559	2,645	27.7	7,172	1,354	18.9	9,299	1,067	11.5
Camden, N. J.	3,622	1,867	51.5	3,010	1,112	36.9	6,866	1,383	20.1	5,503	891	16.2	7,404	973	13.1
Trenton, N. J.	3,441	1,559	45.3	2,829	1,094	38.7	6,371	1,363	21.4	4,975	702	14.1	6,889	758	11.0
Hoboken, N. J.	2,741	1,580	57.6	2,302	995	43.2	5,478	1,032	18.8	3,952	505	12.8	4,464	482	10.8
Elizabeth, N. J.	2,405	1,128	46.9	2,024	724	35.8	4,645	823	17.7	3,334	416	12.5	4,354	407	9.3
New York, N. Y.	171,665	101,735	59.3	153,731	70,180	45.7	338,175	87,590	25.9	232,950	45,006	19.3	277,577	39,478	14.2
Buffalo, N. Y.	16,858	7,964	47.4	14,021	5,749	41.0	32,088	7,053	22.0	24,202	3,397	14.0	28,475	2,543	8.9
Rochester, N. Y.	7,813	4,804	61.5	6,971	3,848	55.2	15,641	5,210	33.3	12,577	2,836	22.5	16,868	2,144	12.7
Syracuse, N. Y.	5,040	2,472	49.0	4,033	2,121	45.8	10,721	2,944	27.5	8,144	1,607	19.7	11,504	1,342	11.7
Albany, N. Y.	4,719	2,368	50.1	4,413	2,153	48.8	9,218	2,773	30.1	7,138	1,402	19.6	10,832	1,288	11.9
Troy, N. Y.	3,347	2,253	67.3	3,086	2,008	65.1	6,392	2,941	46.0	4,635	1,515	32.7	6,792	1,211	17.8
Utica, N. Y.	2,668	1,603	60.3	2,474	1,350	54.6	5,329	1,787	33.5	4,188	912	21.8	6,650	816	12.3
Cleveland, Ohio.	19,378	9,735	50.5	16,173	6,242	38.6	34,778	7,082	20.4	24,355	3,349	13.8	30,337	2,816	9.2
Cincinnati, Ohio.	17,194	9,662	56.2	14,446	6,676	46.2	31,760	9,158	28.8	23,882	5,273	22.1	32,254	4,341	13.5
Toledo, Ohio.	6,710	3,178	47.4	5,602	2,123	37.9	12,570	2,580	20.5	8,892	1,178	13.2	10,968	918	8.4
Columbus, Ohio.	6,199	2,516	40.6	5,077	2,201	38.8	12,392	3,259	26.3	9,124	1,732	19.0	11,338	1,287	11.4
Dayton, Ohio.	4,221	2,002	47.4	3,735	1,508	40.4	8,173	2,047	25.0	6,203	982	15.8	8,316	851	10.2
Portland, Oreg.	4,186	1,725	41.7	3,585	1,555	43.4	7,670	2,015	26.3	5,491	989	18.0	5,743	691	12.0
Philadelphia, Pa.	59,755	34,238	57.3	56,549	26,753	47.3	127,337	36,976	29.0	93,575	19,596	20.9	127,077	18,267	14.4
Pittsburg, Pa.	16,181	6,577	40.6	14,459	5,190	35.7	29,493	5,861	19.9	19,658	2,595	13.2	22,859	1,995	8.7
Allegheny, Pa.	6,415	2,961	46.2	5,726	2,116	37.0	11,914	2,652	22.3	8,204	1,316	16.0	10,435	1,097	10.5
Scranton, Pa.	5,340	2,738	51.3	4,498	2,004	44.6	9,083	1,897	20.9	6,011	664	11.0	7,409	482	6.5
Reading, Pa.	4,132	2,453	59.4	3,346	1,351	40.4	6,919	1,605	23.2	5,283	798	15.1	7,663	787	10.3
Erie, Pa.	2,598	1,039	40.0	2,174	776	35.7	4,737	919	19.4	3,350	400	11.9	4,549	366	8.0
Wilkesbarre, Pa.	2,897	1,483	51.2	2,471	1,083	43.8	4,652	1,028	22.1	3,196	437	13.7	3,961	312	7.8
Harrisburg, Pa.	2,619	1,164	44.4	2,296	865	37.7	4,881	1,111	22.8	3,506	554	15.8	5,015	627	12.5
Providence, R. I.	8,218	5,158	62.8	7,945	4,493	56.6	17,788	6,328	35.6	12,577	3,203	24.9	18,897	2,869	15.2
Charleston, S. C.	3,431	1,475	43.0	2,766	1,324	47.9	5,452	2,407	44.1	4,020	1,786	44.4	5,391	1,942	36.0
Memphis, Tenn.	5,660	2,827	49.9	5,138	2,403	46.8	10,107	4,010	39.7	6,461	2,400	37.1	7,393	2,536	34.3
Nashville, Tenn.	4,920	1,796	36.4	4,152	1,759	42.4	8,056	3,060	38.0	5,489	2,127	38.8	7,636	2,317	30.7
San Antonio, Tex.	2,951	751	25.4	2,433	676	27.8	4,915	1,069	21.7	3,272	704	21.5	3,942	654	16.6
Salt Lake City, Utah.	2,950	923	31.2	2,352	816	34.7	4,538	970	21.4	3,418	542	15.9	4,501	575	12.8
Richmond, Va.	5,188	2,355	45.4	4,454	2,073	46.5	8,123	2,953	36.4	5,942	2,113	35.6	8,370	2,320	27.7
Seattle, Wash.	2,748	968	35.2	2,484	895	36.0	6,193	1,441	23.3	4,539	767	16.9	4,016	455	11.3
Milwaukee, Wis.	15,331	9,237	60.2	12,148	5,142	42.3	24,393	5,162	21.2	18,094	2,406	13.3	21,891	1,566	7.2

TABLE 10.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE, RACE, AND NATIVITY, FOR CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS: 1900—Continued.

CITY.	NATIVE WHITE FEMALE POPULATION—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.														
	16 to 20 years of age.			21 to 24 years of age.			25 to 34 years of age.			35 to 44 years of age.			45 years of age and over.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
San Francisco, Cal.	3,819	1,235	32.3	3,340	1,149	34.4	6,846	1,727	25.2	4,658	1,099	23.6	6,073	916	15.1
Los Angeles, Cal.	2,711	615	22.7	2,220	709	31.9	4,991	1,249	25.0	4,048	805	19.9	6,151	787	12.8
Oakland, Cal.	1,204	265	22.0	994	268	27.0	2,039	464	22.8	1,744	304	17.4	2,809	319	11.1
Denver, Colo.	3,052	751	24.6	2,777	917	33.0	6,285	1,614	25.7	4,891	1,112	22.7	5,957	902	15.1
New Haven, Conn.	1,432	521	36.4	1,167	443	38.0	2,739	679	24.8	2,284	391	17.1	4,860	525	10.8
Hartford, Conn.	1,071	372	34.7	1,024	400	39.1	2,351	633	26.9	1,760	368	20.9	3,699	499	13.5
Bridgeport, Conn.	1,009	492	48.8	787	329	41.8	1,676	440	26.3	1,349	256	19.0	2,677	312	11.7
Wilmington, Del.	1,986	868	43.2	1,574	563	35.8	3,275	834	19.4	2,404	338	14.1	3,823	400	10.5
Washington, D. C.	5,570	1,811	27.6	5,065	2,008	33.1	12,975	3,292	25.4	9,016	2,066	22.9	14,418	2,308	16.0
Atlanta, Ga.	2,681	877	32.7	2,361	674	28.5	4,826	947	21.9	2,958	549	18.6	4,090	536	13.1
Savannah, Ga.	911	152	16.7	796	153	19.2	1,543	270	17.5	926	194	21.0	1,246	208	16.7
Chicago, Ill.	15,794	5,625	35.6	14,441	5,296	36.7	31,915	8,628	27.0	20,949	4,477	21.4	24,972	2,871	11.5
Peoria, Ill.	1,429	538	37.6	1,179	419	35.5	2,249	576	25.6	1,449	272	18.8	1,900	192	10.1
Indianapolis, Ind.	5,224	1,811	34.7	4,373	1,452	33.2	9,281	2,176	23.4	6,488	1,201	18.5	8,576	1,057	12.3
Evansville, Ind.	1,715	791	46.1	1,284	517	40.3	2,314	553	23.9	1,325	218	16.5	1,605	195	12.1
Des Moines, Iowa.	2,063	600	29.1	1,804	681	38.0	3,567	867	24.3	2,375	388	16.3	3,413	298	8.7
Kansas City, Kans.	1,417	460	32.5	1,120	275	24.6	2,410	326	13.5	1,458	181	12.4	1,882	151	8.0
Louisville, Ky.	5,068	1,824	36.0	4,028	1,214	30.1	7,122	1,564	22.0	4,630	800	17.3	6,035	691	11.4
New Orleans, La.	6,190	1,293	20.9	4,199	837	19.9	7,270	1,246	17.1	4,196	707	16.8	5,269	743	14.1
Portland, Me.	1,084	362	33.4	1,044	466	44.6	2,386	705	29.5	2,094	446	21.3	4,272	525	12.3
Baltimore, Md.	13,564	5,658	41.7	10,065	3,348	33.3	19,518	4,481	23.0	13,867	2,584	18.6	20,184	2,548	12.6
Boston, Mass.	5,666	2,067	36.5	5,518	2,427	44.0	12,416	4,578	36.9	9,530	2,757	28.9	19,206	3,337	17.4
Worcester, Mass.	1,517	572	37.7	1,207	502	41.6	2,978	915	30.7	2,428	467	19.2	5,371	637	11.9
Fall River, Mass.	844	361	45.1	671	206	48.7	932	317	34.0	804	203	25.2	1,627	216	13.3
Lowell, Mass.	992	509	51.3	782	461	59.0	1,714	756	44.1	1,503	488	32.5	3,303	628	19.0
Cambridge, Mass.	984	302	30.7	859	340	39.6	1,840	633	34.4	1,497	364	24.3	3,686	498	13.5
Lynn, Mass.	1,204	497	41.3	988	521	52.7	2,531	918	36.3	2,248	673	29.9	4,497	754	16.8
Lawrence, Mass.	460	232	50.4	374	206	55.1	762	304	39.9	700	206	29.4	1,355	247	18.2
New Bedford, Mass.	678	265	39.1	579	238	41.1	1,296	376	29.0	1,265	272	21.5	2,892	347	12.0
Springfield, Mass.	1,098	402	36.6	967	389	40.2	2,389	680	28.5	1,849	406	22.0	4,237	489	11.5
Somerville, Mass.	1,012	300	29.6	915	355	38.8	2,143	568	26.5	1,854	372	20.1	3,534	399	11.3
Detroit, Mich.	3,058	1,214	39.7	2,689	1,043	38.8	5,329	1,340	25.1	3,493	627	18.0	4,878	467	9.6
Grand Rapids, Mich.	1,594	591	37.7	1,318	528	40.1	2,614	701	26.8	2,022	374	18.5	3,135	370	11.8
Minneapolis, Minn.	2,900	780	26.9	2,436	943	38.7	4,909	1,343	27.4	3,809	717	18.8	5,396	608	11.3
St. Paul, Minn.	2,129	746	35.0	1,697	757	44.6	3,127	914	29.2	2,124	373	17.6	2,471	251	10.2
Duluth, Minn.	440	124	28.2	348	137	39.4	731	192	26.3	500	95	15.8	573	66	11.5
St. Louis, Mo.	10,338	4,222	40.8	7,697	2,478	32.2	13,828	3,125	22.6	8,149	1,498	18.4	9,480	1,163	12.3
Kansas City, Mo.	4,990	1,551	31.1	4,510	1,604	34.8	9,470	2,230	23.5	6,351	1,152	18.1	7,215	820	11.4
St. Joseph, Mo.	3,631	1,891	52.1	2,800	1,342	47.9	5,587	1,521	27.2	3,434	646	18.8	3,344	327	9.8
Omaha, Nebr.	2,139	718	33.6	1,931	838	43.4	3,861	1,226	31.8	2,500	493	19.7	2,820	331	11.7
Manchester, N. H.	598	245	41.0	550	300	54.5	1,331	522	39.2	1,260	376	29.8	2,445	462	18.9
Newark, N. J.	3,537	1,726	49.4	2,702	1,038	38.4	5,420	1,264	23.3	3,849	691	18.0	6,442	686	10.6
Jersey City, N. J.	2,721	1,119	41.1	2,007	646	32.2	4,003	689	17.2	2,711	368	13.2	3,601	293	8.1
Paterson, N. J.	1,214	720	59.3	987	454	46.0	1,941	508	26.2	1,471	290	19.7	2,166	213	9.8
Camden, N. J.	2,170	1,009	46.5	1,720	621	36.1	3,600	691	19.2	2,846	427	15.0	4,292	470	11.0
Trenton, N. J.	1,666	610	36.6	1,232	429	34.8	2,494	519	20.8	1,976	290	14.7	3,427	380	11.1
Hoboken, N. J.	533	239	44.8	340	116	34.1	681	116	17.0	427	75	17.6	536	60	11.2
Elizabeth, N. J.	743	207	27.9	513	147	28.7	1,071	166	15.5	737	82	10.4	1,351	106	7.7
New York, N. Y.	35,028	15,349	42.6	28,681	10,285	35.9	56,846	13,428	23.6	37,158	6,992	18.8	53,774	5,214	11.6
Buffalo, N. Y.	5,127	1,979	38.6	3,546	1,341	37.8	6,561	1,465	22.3	4,000	686	17.2	5,375	523	9.7
Rochester, N. Y.	2,801	1,412	50.4	2,149	1,075	50.0	4,080	1,317	32.3	2,909	693	23.8	4,874	637	13.1
Syracuse, N. Y.	2,147	808	37.6	1,804	680	37.7	3,660	902	24.6	2,784	556	20.0	4,730	596	12.6
Albany, N. Y.	2,120	895	42.2	1,723	693	40.2	3,098	761	24.6	2,145	385	17.9	3,636	407	11.2
Troy, N. Y.	1,147	634	55.3	879	495	56.3	1,711	682	39.9	1,217	401	32.9	1,988	398	20.0
Utica, N. Y.	1,087	578	53.2	816	409	50.1	1,528	500	32.7	1,022	221	21.6	2,059	266	12.9
Cleveland, Ohio.	4,383	1,590	36.3	3,716	1,344	36.2	7,500	1,823	24.3	4,835	812	16.8	6,763	773	11.4
Cincinnati, Ohio.	7,007	3,522	50.3	4,720	1,834	38.9	8,172	2,187	26.8	4,860	1,070	22.0	6,310	875	13.9
Toledo, Ohio.	2,669	998	30.3	2,159	747	34.6	4,588	999	20.7	3,088	573	15.3	4,002	397	9.9
Columbus, Ohio.	4,005	1,470	36.7	3,501	1,240	35.4	7,023	1,710	24.3	4,726	879	18.6	5,902	649	10.9
Dayton, Ohio.	2,684	1,127	42.0	2,117	749	35.4	4,019	914	22.7	2,867	446	15.4	4,142	437	10.6
Portland, Oreg.	1,970	711	36.1	1,764	705	40.0	3,561	1,009	28.3	2,428	476	19.6	2,646	336	12.7
Philadelphia, Pa.	25,212	12,497	49.6	21,744	8,581	40.6	44,817	11,761	26.2	32,349	6,196	19.2	48,703	6,291	12.9
Pittsburg, Pa.	5,429	1,708	31.4	4,709	1,556	33.0	8,485	1,753	20.7	5,033	817	16.2	5,841	533	9.4
Allegheny, Pa.	2,599	1,022	39.3	2,252	780	34.6	4,080	1,020	25.0	2,311	480	20.8	2,921	376	12.8
Scranton, Pa.	1,377	563	40.9	1,027	380	37.0	2,034	404	19.9	1,320	168	12.7	1,751	161	9.2
Reading, Pa.	3,474	2,063	59.4	2,693	1,046	38.8	5,458	1,272	23.3	4,048	615	15.2	5,991	648	10.8
Erie, Pa.	1,008	340	33.7	741	263	35.5	1,355	248	18.3	895	124	13.9	1,342	120	8.9
Wilkesbarre, Pa.	964	400	41.5	792	295	37.2	1,469	339	23.1	1,009	173	17.1	1,341	136	10.1
Harrisburg, Pa.	2,053	913	44.5	1,701	632	35.9	3,688	787	21.3	2,611	369	14.1	3,044	416	11.4
Providence, R. I.	2,309	1,045	44.1	2,000	925	44.9	4,535	1,413	31.2	3,586	815	22.7	7,873	1,073	13.6
Charleston, S. C.	1,005	195	19.4	711	180	25.3	1,395	245	17.6	1,007	182	18.1	1,615	234	14.5
Memphis, Tenn.	1,952	512	27.5	1,706	434	25.4	3,199	556	17.4	2,019	317	15.7	2,399	292	12.2
Nashville, Tenn.	2,298	563	24.5	1,890	465	24.6	3,721	758	20.4	2,398	446	18.6	3,402	407	12.0
San Antonio, Tex.	1,198	217	18.1	886	177	20.4	1,738	277	15.9	1,009	162	16.1	1,323	164	12.4
Salt Lake City, Utah.	890	173	19.4	668	188	28.1	1,228	263	21.4	981	188	19.4	1,106	129	11.7
Richmond, Va.	2,425	878	36.2	2,067	649	31.4	3,995	788	19.7	2,712	453	16.7	4,383	508	11.6
Seattle, Wash.	1,290	417	31.6	1,154	404	35.0	2,737	661	24.2	1,891	336	17.8	1,940	214	11.0
Milwaukee, Wis.	2,867	1,239	43.2	1,863	742	39.8	2,567	685	26.7	1,601	320	20.0	2,007	202	10.1

TABLE 10.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE, RACE, AND NATIVITY, FOR CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS: 1900—Continued.

NATIVE WHITE FEMALE POPULATION—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.

CITY.	16 to 20 years of age.			21 to 24 years of age.			25 to 34 years of age.			35 to 44 years of age.			45 years of age and over.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
San Francisco, Cal.	9,120	3,822	41.9	8,314	3,293	39.6	15,459	3,884	25.1	7,804	1,476	18.9	4,086	607	14.9
Los Angeles, Cal.	1,524	493	32.3	1,243	432	34.8	2,667	635	23.8	1,850	346	18.7	1,349	188	13.9
Oakland, Cal.	1,691	591	34.9	1,337	492	36.8	2,336	597	25.6	1,325	229	17.3	948	121	12.8
Denver, Colo.	2,084	680	32.6	1,712	717	41.9	3,758	1,006	26.8	2,625	574	21.9	1,511	266	17.6
New Haven, Conn.	1,981	1,203	60.7	1,693	1,012	59.8	3,408	1,199	35.2	2,036	433	21.3	1,052	174	16.5
Hartford, Conn.	1,225	713	58.2	1,201	723	60.2	2,413	906	37.5	1,480	354	23.9	695	132	19.0
Bridgeport, Conn.	1,299	833	64.1	1,165	670	57.5	2,323	841	36.2	1,475	353	23.9	730	108	14.8
Wilmington, Del.	787	431	54.8	665	326	49.0	1,476	407	27.6	1,202	230	19.1	824	99	12.0
Washington, D. C.	1,853	560	30.2	1,966	746	37.9	4,864	1,360	27.8	3,290	738	22.5	2,841	511	18.0
Atlanta, Ga.	810	71	22.9	182	75	41.2	416	100	24.0	292	47	16.1	227	29	12.8
Savannah, Ga.	369	97	26.3	270	69	25.6	644	113	17.5	456	76	16.7	373	60	16.1
Chicago, Ill.	39,834	21,886	54.9	29,279	12,628	43.1	55,443	14,112	25.5	29,400	4,771	16.2	12,596	1,546	12.3
Peoria, Ill.	1,166	620	53.2	1,014	518	51.1	2,322	657	28.3	1,545	304	19.7	773	87	11.3
Indianapolis, Ind.	2,200	1,026	46.0	2,031	851	41.9	4,715	1,220	25.9	3,193	598	18.7	1,987	228	11.5
Evansville, Ind.	1,166	628	53.9	1,076	458	42.6	2,527	626	24.8	1,674	247	14.8	1,064	114	10.7
Des Moines, Iowa.	899	395	43.9	788	365	46.8	1,497	427	28.5	819	133	16.2	567	51	9.0
Kansas City, Kans.	503	212	37.7	454	132	29.1	1,075	165	15.3	597	68	11.4	349	23	6.6
Louisville, Ky.	3,160	1,470	46.7	3,114	1,297	41.7	7,170	1,853	25.8	5,213	845	16.2	3,059	397	13.0
New Orleans, La.	4,137	878	21.2	4,038	874	21.6	9,922	1,595	16.1	7,490	1,149	15.4	5,406	779	14.4
Portland, Me.	670	269	40.1	569	317	55.7	1,185	418	35.3	694	173	24.9	478	81	16.9
Baltimore, Md.	6,403	3,240	50.2	5,299	2,093	39.5	12,499	3,071	24.6	9,999	1,837	18.4	7,605	1,048	13.8
Boston, Mass.	10,214	5,301	51.9	8,858	4,938	55.7	17,788	6,909	38.8	10,589	2,908	27.5	6,157	1,209	19.6
Worcester, Mass.	2,260	1,236	54.7	1,832	1,102	60.2	3,409	1,438	42.2	1,890	456	24.1	921	135	14.7
Fall River, Mass.	2,345	1,823	77.7	1,618	1,185	73.2	2,530	1,313	51.9	1,220	412	33.8	619	135	21.8
Lowell, Mass.	1,830	1,309	71.5	1,226	955	72.0	2,597	1,366	52.6	1,553	630	40.6	969	277	28.6
Cambridge, Mass.	1,678	868	51.7	1,445	825	57.4	2,567	984	38.3	1,552	387	24.9	1,038	229	22.1
Lynn, Mass.	991	531	53.6	822	519	63.1	1,685	715	42.4	1,144	367	32.1	626	125	20.0
Lawrence, Mass.	1,425	1,035	72.6	1,046	738	70.6	1,847	914	49.5	976	351	36.0	444	109	24.5
New Bedford, Mass.	962	683	71.0	602	397	65.9	1,187	496	41.8	691	196	28.4	377	69	18.3
Springfield, Mass.	985	541	54.9	852	479	56.2	1,826	715	39.2	1,137	277	24.4	631	105	16.6
Somerville, Mass.	1,022	453	44.3	807	387	48.0	1,641	487	29.7	930	204	21.9	664	80	12.0
Detroit, Mich.	7,280	4,014	55.1	5,384	2,497	46.4	9,950	2,650	26.6	5,952	966	16.5	3,256	370	11.4
Grand Rapids, Mich.	2,050	1,115	54.4	1,590	764	48.1	2,805	753	26.8	1,667	272	16.3	1,004	143	14.2
Minneapolis, Minn.	4,845	2,603	53.7	3,921	2,083	53.1	6,979	2,236	32.0	3,774	666	17.4	1,579	209	13.2
St. Paul, Minn.	4,386	2,543	58.0	3,468	1,871	54.1	6,247	2,094	33.5	3,291	633	19.2	1,340	158	11.8
Duluth, Minn.	961	380	39.5	670	280	41.8	1,191	261	21.9	607	85	14.0	229	31	13.5
St. Louis, Mo.	14,844	7,606	51.2	13,373	5,404	40.4	28,373	6,679	23.5	17,618	2,733	15.5	8,313	980	11.8
Kansas City, Mo.	1,796	709	39.5	1,726	737	42.7	3,883	1,011	26.0	2,303	417	18.1	1,359	174	12.8
St. Joseph, Mo.	1,177	632	53.7	984	477	48.5	1,952	549	28.1	1,142	191	16.7	700	73	10.4
Omaha, Nebr.	1,887	903	47.9	1,548	804	51.9	2,768	833	30.1	1,473	282	19.1	775	131	16.9
Manchester, N. H.	967	660	68.3	646	472	73.1	1,181	611	51.7	605	255	42.1	331	88	26.6
Newark, N. J.	5,191	3,201	61.7	4,214	1,984	47.1	8,546	2,373	27.4	5,622	1,021	18.2	3,114	423	13.6
Jersey City, N. J.	4,979	2,668	53.6	4,127	1,843	44.7	8,031	1,870	23.3	4,595	690	15.0	2,257	241	10.7
Paterson, N. J.	2,353	1,665	70.8	1,728	963	55.7	3,068	992	32.3	1,666	360	21.6	1,077	133	12.3
Camden, N. J.	791	469	59.3	667	253	37.9	1,573	310	19.7	1,136	166	14.6	821	106	12.9
Trenton, N. J.	1,023	546	53.4	835	390	46.7	1,794	460	25.6	1,222	194	15.9	697	90	12.9
Hoboken, N. J.	1,500	950	59.7	1,176	546	46.4	2,291	542	23.7	1,181	173	14.6	510	48	9.4
Elizabeth, N. J.	1,104	587	53.2	871	335	38.5	1,716	396	23.1	1,086	168	15.5	542	64	11.8
New York, N. Y.	71,621	40,917	57.1	58,095	26,706	46.0	115,373	31,197	27.0	69,478	13,248	19.1	37,895	5,734	15.1
Buffalo, N. Y.	7,623	3,692	48.4	6,186	2,698	43.6	13,467	3,356	24.9	10,007	1,529	15.3	5,577	660	11.8
Rochester, N. Y.	3,638	2,413	66.3	3,228	1,846	57.2	7,029	2,572	36.6	5,466	1,378	25.2	3,488	617	17.7
Syracuse, N. Y.	2,027	1,102	54.4	1,894	1,003	53.0	4,423	1,443	32.6	3,094	686	22.2	1,786	277	15.5
Albany, N. Y.	2,134	1,166	54.6	2,116	1,149	54.3	4,516	1,545	34.2	3,206	698	21.8	2,122	318	15.0
Troy, N. Y.	1,695	1,235	72.9	1,603	1,120	69.9	3,106	1,639	52.8	1,911	709	37.1	1,204	278	23.1
Utica, N. Y.	1,132	719	63.5	1,175	703	59.8	2,501	988	39.7	1,985	475	24.3	1,467	230	15.7
Cleveland, Ohio.	9,670	5,070	52.4	7,177	3,024	42.1	12,807	3,093	24.2	7,042	1,161	16.5	3,763	441	11.7
Cincinnati, Ohio.	8,356	5,036	60.3	7,605	3,742	49.2	17,582	5,184	29.5	12,896	2,735	21.2	7,520	1,085	14.4
Toledo, Ohio.	3,026	1,628	53.8	2,427	1,016	41.9	4,761	1,145	24.0	3,017	455	15.1	1,741	189	10.9
Columbus, Ohio.	1,497	726	48.5	1,404	621	44.2	3,496	998	28.5	2,751	534	19.4	1,877	233	12.4
Dayton, Ohio.	1,160	649	56.4	1,152	546	47.4	2,947	818	27.8	2,272	372	16.4	1,412	163	11.5
Portland, Oreg.	1,579	715	45.3	1,142	536	46.9	2,143	568	26.5	1,238	218	17.6	716	96	13.4
Philadelphia, Pa.	19,941	12,254	61.5	17,653	8,968	50.8	38,799	12,112	31.2	27,703	5,881	21.2	20,541	3,127	15.2
Pittsburg, Pa.	6,505	2,705	41.6	5,128	1,940	37.8	10,083	2,188	21.7	6,244	873	14.0	4,605	470	10.2
Allegheny, Pa.	2,620	1,282	48.9	2,127	819	38.5	4,475	1,030	23.0	3,083	466	15.1	2,384	300	12.6
Scranton, Pa.	2,834	1,503	53.0	2,286	1,154	50.5	3,947	1,042	26.4	2,011	296	14.7	952	77	8.1
Reading, Pa.	447	281	62.9	444	226	50.9	918	249	27.1	749	125	16.7	541	63	11.6
Erie, Pa.	1,265	528	41.7	1,061	386	36.4	2,249	517	23.0	1,348	173	12.8	928	89	9.6
Wilkesbarre, Pa.	1,355	742	54.8	1,078	531	49.3	1,788	475	26.6	995	147	14.8	602	56	9.3
Harrisburg, Pa.	242	109	45.0	260	106	40.8	619	158	25.5	438	69	15.8	407	59	14.5
Providence, R. I.	3,358	2,294	68.3	2,730	1,736	63.6	5,547	2,414	43.5	3,301	951	28.8	1,966	370	18.8
Charleston, S. C.	312	80	25.6	254	73	28.7	579	121	20.9	460	82	17.8	430	67	15.6
Memphis, Tenn.	588	177	30.1	568	166	29.2	1,263	244	19.3	793	115	14.5	460	58	12.6
Nashville, Tenn.	438	113	25.8	450	138	30.7	928	230	24.8	609	124	20.4	396	57	14.4
San Antonio, Tex.	978	236	24.1	781	157	20.1	1,470	224	15.2	946	130	13.7	468	62	13.2
Salt Lake City, Utah.	1,631	531	32.6	1,177	414	35.2	1,956	407	20.8	1,069	126	11.8	404	42	10.4
Richmond, Va.	357	98	27.5	302	93	30.8	666	134	20.1	526	75	14.3	406	37	9.1
Seattle, Wash.	977	356	36.4	752	254	33.8	1,588	336	21.2	908	155	16.0	523	83	15.9
Milwaukee, Wis.	9,296	5,883	63.3	7,094	3,204	45.2	12,998	3,270	25.2	7,606	1,237	16.3	3,171	319	10.1

TABLE 10.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE, RACE, AND NATIVITY, FOR CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS: 1900—Continued.

CITY.	FOREIGN BORN WHITE FEMALE POPULATION.														
	16 to 20 years of age.			21 to 24 years of age.			25 to 34 years of age.			35 to 44 years of age.			45 years of age and over.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
San Francisco, Cal.	1,926	1,001	52.0	2,720	1,244	45.7	9,776	2,551	26.1	9,444	1,906	20.2	19,523	2,628	13.5
Los Angeles, Cal.	476	169	35.5	546	235	43.0	1,842	485	25.0	1,941	368	19.0	3,193	411	12.9
Oakland, Cal.	339	140	41.3	451	180	39.9	1,539	366	23.8	1,676	280	16.7	3,586	393	11.0
Denver, Colo.	659	305	46.3	916	397	43.3	3,264	811	24.8	2,996	557	18.6	3,787	521	13.8
New Haven, Conn.	1,205	791	65.6	1,498	792	52.9	3,768	915	24.3	3,038	469	15.4	4,872	539	11.1
Hartford, Conn.	928	625	67.3	1,312	714	54.4	3,226	905	28.1	2,123	425	20.0	3,191	467	14.6
Bridgeport, Conn.	1,077	700	65.0	1,168	501	42.9	2,828	586	20.7	2,016	329	16.3	2,935	306	10.4
Wilmington, Del.	302	172	57.0	409	170	41.6	1,093	219	20.0	970	110	11.3	1,755	194	9.3
Washington, D. C.	390	178	45.6	557	239	42.9	1,825	488	26.7	1,590	390	24.5	4,628	733	15.8
Atlanta, Ga.	71	20	(1)	63	20	(1)	231	34	14.7	219	23	10.5	356	31	8.7
Savannah, Ga.	83	37	(1)	75	22	(1)	285	53	18.6	239	45	18.8	979	86	12.7
Chicago, Ill.	21,964	13,412	61.1	25,099	10,524	41.9	72,702	13,430	18.5	62,090	7,345	11.8	80,279	6,301	7.8
Peoria, Ill.	240	169	67.9	260	127	48.8	804	196	24.4	784	132	16.8	2,038	146	7.2
Indianapolis, Ind.	397	211	53.1	507	227	44.8	1,471	274	18.6	1,403	197	14.0	4,082	286	7.0
Evansville, Ind.	61	27	(1)	104	46	44.2	291	51	17.5	408	46	11.3	1,826	87	4.8
Des Moines, Iowa.	267	163	61.0	337	182	54.0	878	218	24.8	833	118	14.2	1,352	93	6.9
Kansas City, Kans.	150	66	44.0	197	51	25.9	651	61	9.4	531	34	6.4	850	60	7.1
Louisville, Ky.	416	228	54.8	480	211	44.0	1,483	282	19.0	1,584	243	15.3	9,466	678	7.4
New Orleans, La.	532	105	19.7	542	115	21.2	1,745	246	14.1	1,851	271	14.8	9,538	1,180	12.4
Portland, Me.	499	349	69.9	624	403	64.6	1,420	447	31.5	1,070	217	20.3	1,771	240	13.6
Baltimore, Md.	2,397	1,427	59.5	2,415	871	36.1	6,403	1,108	17.3	5,974	899	15.0	15,326	1,966	12.8
Boston, Mass.	7,686	5,275	68.6	10,866	6,354	58.5	28,518	9,219	32.3	20,576	4,557	22.1	28,737	4,459	15.5
Worcester, Mass.	1,422	961	67.6	1,994	1,127	56.5	4,828	1,254	26.0	3,709	517	13.9	5,274	439	8.3
Fall River, Mass.	3,050	2,652	87.0	2,738	1,833	66.9	5,803	2,674	46.1	4,738	1,620	34.2	6,627	1,058	16.0
Lowell, Mass.	2,297	1,924	83.8	2,679	1,926	71.9	5,521	2,709	49.1	3,738	1,267	33.9	5,526	1,183	21.4
Cambridge, Mass.	1,193	838	70.2	1,881	1,200	63.8	4,515	1,511	33.5	3,025	662	21.9	4,014	586	14.4
Lynn, Mass.	686	475	69.3	1,000	539	55.6	2,622	864	32.6	1,889	453	24.2	2,528	366	14.5
Lawrence, Mass.	1,497	1,258	84.0	1,528	962	64.6	3,498	1,430	40.9	2,969	813	30.5	4,145	671	16.2
New Bedford, Mass.	1,453	1,226	84.4	1,469	896	61.0	3,104	1,330	42.8	2,252	680	30.2	3,221	465	14.4
Springfield, Mass.	557	344	61.8	869	497	57.2	2,122	634	29.9	1,465	295	20.1	2,161	246	11.4
Somerville, Mass.	650	397	60.2	1,038	589	54.8	2,657	644	24.2	1,788	248	13.9	2,589	272	10.5
Detroit, Mich.	4,018	2,226	55.4	4,429	2,046	46.2	11,351	2,550	22.5	9,938	1,173	11.8	15,920	1,217	7.6
Grand Rapids, Mich.	930	558	54.6	1,023	405	39.6	2,712	443	16.3	2,269	232	10.2	3,970	242	6.1
Minneapolis, Minn.	2,179	1,360	62.4	2,863	1,507	52.6	7,811	2,125	27.2	6,726	1,037	15.4	7,111	664	9.3
St. Paul, Minn.	1,875	1,239	66.1	2,040	1,076	52.7	5,323	1,287	24.2	4,981	622	12.5	6,651	545	8.2
Duluth, Minn.	709	397	56.0	890	420	47.2	2,553	503	19.7	1,999	217	10.9	1,585	138	8.7
St. Louis, Mo.	2,509	1,468	58.5	3,036	1,228	40.4	9,090	1,775	19.5	9,199	1,158	12.7	20,257	2,070	7.9
Kansas City, Mo.	546	284	52.1	651	300	46.1	1,993	497	24.9	1,817	280	15.4	2,927	288	9.8
St. Joseph, Mo.	233	127	54.5	265	139	52.5	784	218	27.8	687	85	12.4	1,589	153	9.6
Omaha, Nebr.	1,191	579	48.6	939	494	51.8	2,825	704	24.9	2,266	305	13.5	3,189	285	8.9
Manchester, N. H.	1,651	1,431	86.7	1,556	1,134	72.9	3,155	1,562	49.0	2,267	850	37.8	2,865	518	17.9
Newark, N. J.	2,643	1,776	67.2	2,968	1,149	38.7	8,265	1,384	16.7	6,872	681	12.1	11,961	1,224	10.2
Jersey City, N. J.	1,708	1,040	58.8	2,139	811	37.9	6,741	960	14.2	5,673	663	11.1	10,294	962	9.6
Paterson, N. J.	1,609	1,171	72.8	1,681	803	47.8	4,373	1,044	23.9	3,950	665	16.8	5,962	674	11.3
Camden, N. J.	365	210	59.2	388	121	34.1	1,122	153	13.6	1,104	127	11.5	1,774	172	9.7
Trenton, N. J.	644	355	55.1	673	237	35.2	1,808	283	15.7	1,562	169	10.8	2,573	214	8.3
Hoboken, N. J.	613	388	63.3	781	331	42.4	2,499	369	14.8	2,337	255	10.9	3,411	370	10.8
Elizabeth, N. J.	486	288	59.3	565	200	35.4	1,733	212	12.2	1,373	123	9.0	2,347	198	8.4
New York, N. Y.	60,180	42,939	71.4	92,395	30,180	48.4	157,456	38,153	24.2	121,065	21,844	18.0	181,180	25,093	13.8
Buffalo, N. Y.	4,036	2,283	56.6	4,203	1,966	39.6	11,857	2,150	18.1	10,080	1,129	11.2	17,387	1,310	7.5
Rochester, N. Y.	1,335	959	71.8	1,552	900	58.0	4,479	1,301	29.0	4,155	744	17.9	8,459	872	10.3
Syracuse, N. Y.	810	540	66.7	879	415	47.2	2,519	546	21.7	2,178	327	15.0	4,900	446	9.1
Albany, N. Y.	497	274	67.3	510	280	54.9	1,490	410	27.9	1,095	286	16.8	4,973	524	10.5
Troy, N. Y.	476	363	76.3	569	367	64.5	1,525	594	38.9	1,470	385	26.2	3,550	515	14.5
Utica, N. Y.	440	303	68.9	670	231	49.1	1,284	315	24.5	1,191	210	17.6	3,097	316	10.2
Cleveland, Ohio.	4,952	2,978	60.1	4,947	1,730	35.0	13,757	1,916	13.9	12,031	1,207	10.0	19,624	1,476	7.5
Cincinnati, Ohio.	1,115	756	67.8	1,326	664	50.1	4,193	983	23.4	4,039	900	18.2	17,302	1,885	10.9
Toledo, Ohio.	914	548	60.0	931	320	34.4	2,818	390	13.4	2,616	198	7.6	5,108	300	5.9
Columbus, Ohio.	267	138	51.7	384	157	40.9	1,030	210	20.3	1,082	134	12.4	2,889	216	7.5
Dayton, Ohio.	230	150	65.2	281	132	47.0	815	152	18.7	893	82	10.2	2,525	185	7.3
Portland, Oreg.	520	281	54.0	581	292	50.3	1,764	368	20.6	1,719	254	14.8	2,302	238	10.3
Philadelphia, Pa.	10,682	6,949	65.1	12,662	6,247	49.3	35,458	9,007	25.4	28,552	5,193	18.1	53,220	6,860	12.9
Pittsburg, Pa.	3,474	1,858	53.3	3,693	1,324	35.9	9,001	1,373	15.3	7,313	626	8.6	11,835	796	6.7
Allegheny, Pa.	1,032	592	57.4	1,221	461	37.8	3,044	512	16.8	2,585	310	12.0	4,879	361	7.4
Scranton, Pa.	1,109	663	59.8	1,153	453	39.3	3,037	437	14.4	2,643	195	7.4	4,684	235	5.0
Reading, Pa.	182	100	54.9	175	59	33.7	498	65	13.1	448	42	9.4	1,095	67	6.1
Erie, Pa.	312	158	50.6	363	118	32.5	1,107	139	12.6	1,090	96	8.8	2,257	148	6.6
Wilkesbarre, Pa.	551	330	59.9	594	240	42.6	1,334	200	15.0	1,149	108	9.4	1,977	108	5.5
Harrisburg, Pa.	63	21	(1)	63	24	(1)	194	37	19.1	170	26	15.3	613	46	7.5
Providence, R. I.	2,240	1,698	75.6	2,925	1,707	58.3	7,210	2,254	31.3	5,589	1,203	21.6	8,542	1,160	13.6
Charleston, S. C.	51	15	(1)	51	19	(1)	179	34	19.0	176	35	19.9	726	104	14.3
Memphis, Tenn.	106	31	29.2	109	25	22.9	383	62	16.2	379	62	16.4	1,033	132	12.8
Nashville, Tenn.	46	30	(1)	69	12	(1)	198	33	16.7	227	44	19.4	824	76	9.2
San Antonio, Tex.	319	90	28.2	329	67	20.4	905	124	13.7	808	151	17.4	1,661	181	10.9
Salt Lake City, Utah.	427	216	50.6	492	208	42.3	1,317	286	21.7	1,380	242	17.8	2,973	396	13.3
Richmond, Va.	62	20	(1)	65	14	(1)	223	37	16.6	199	29	14.6	688	114	16.6
Seattle, Wash.	420	181	42.2	544	210	39.7	1,792	401	22.4	1,623	249	15.3	1,534	150	9.8
Milwaukee, Wis.	3,132	2,106	67.2	3,141	1,175	37.4	8,616	1,164	13.5	8,816	826	9.4	16,676	1,031	6.2

(1) Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

TABLE 10.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE, RACE, AND NATIVITY, FOR CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS: 1900—Continued.

CITY.	NEGRO FEMALE POPULATION.											
	16 to 20 years of age.			21 to 24 years of age.			25 to 34 years of age.			35 to 44 years of age.			45 years of age and over.		
	Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
San Francisco, Cal.	62	21	(1)	67	30	(1)	167	73	43.7	149	61	40.9	152	56	36.8
Los Angeles, Cal.	108	38	35.2	78	37	(1)	222	85	38.3	189	70	37.0	179	68	38.0
Oakland, Cal.	36	13	(1)	38	7	(1)	101	29	28.7	94	30	(1)	120	33	27.5
Denver, Colo.	197	64	32.5	197	110	55.8	480	238	49.6	368	197	53.5	316	145	45.9
New Haven, Conn.	142	72	50.7	138	77	55.8	300	140	46.7	227	120	52.9	334	181	54.2
Hartford, Conn.	96	51	(1)	106	70	66.0	222	97	41.8	189	08	42.8	155	67	43.2
Bridgeport, Conn.	63	37	(1)	81	44	(1)	134	60	44.8	109	55	50.5	105	42	40.0
Wilmington, Del.	552	351	63.6	515	314	61.0	1,025	560	54.6	728	377	51.8	778	334	42.9
Washington, D. C.	5,760	3,445	59.8	5,610	3,885	69.3	9,570	6,193	64.7	6,838	4,506	65.9	5,242	4,895	59.4
Atlanta, Ga.	2,848	1,706	59.9	2,237	1,590	71.1	4,029	2,865	71.1	2,849	2,058	72.2	2,978	1,955	65.6
Savannah, Ga.	1,828	1,055	57.7	2,044	1,231	60.2	3,356	2,140	63.8	2,030	1,427	70.1	1,805	1,211	67.1
Chicago, Ill.	1,197	512	42.8	1,566	735	47.2	3,043	1,627	41.3	2,706	1,105	44.2	2,014	790	39.2
Peoria, Ill.	80	31	(1)	66	25	(1)	137	60	43.8	85	26	(1)	81	30	(1)
Indianapolis, Ind.	870	368	42.3	775	370	47.7	1,773	809	45.6	1,151	507	44.0	1,293	469	36.3
Evansville, Ind.	449	224	49.9	402	216	53.7	736	336	45.7	490	184	37.6	527	220	41.7
Des Moines, Iowa.	99	45	(1)	94	32	(1)	171	60	35.1	111	22	19.8	125	42	33.6
Kansas City, Kans.	369	146	39.6	262	97	37.0	558	199	30.2	454	137	30.2	561	175	31.2
Louisville, Ky.	2,270	1,087	47.9	2,284	1,319	57.7	4,169	2,361	56.6	3,040	1,754	57.7	3,513	1,784	50.8
New Orleans, La.	4,607	2,258	49.0	4,051	1,960	48.4	8,164	3,864	47.3	5,534	2,830	51.1	7,643	3,865	50.5
Portland, Me.	10	6	(1)	11	6	(1)	22	5	(1)	23	6	(1)	41	9	(1)
Baltimore, Md.	5,414	3,626	67.0	4,748	3,197	67.3	8,652	5,284	61.1	6,577	3,982	60.5	6,992	4,051	57.9
Boston, Mass.	450	229	50.9	633	384	60.7	1,512	763	50.5	900	446	49.6	865	409	47.3
Worcester, Mass.	47	21	(1)	66	30	(1)	122	49	43.8	92	40	(1)	111	54	48.6
Fall River, Mass.	25	21	(1)	31	26	(1)	50	38	(1)	38	29	(1)	26	16	(1)
Lowell, Mass.	7	5	(1)	11	7	(1)	13	9	(1)	10	6	(1)	14	5	(1)
Cambridge, Mass.	194	78	40.2	199	97	48.7	420	161	38.3	295	105	35.6	316	98	31.0
Lynn, Mass.	32	8	(1)	31	11	(1)	60	20	(1)	53	18	(1)	86	36	(1)
Lawrence, Mass.	7	7	(1)	5	5	(1)	6	6	(1)	4	4	(1)	9	8	(1)
New Bedford, Mass.	84	30	(1)	84	35	(1)	149	47	31.5	130	43	33.1	224	58	25.9
Springfield, Mass.	53	18	(1)	58	34	(1)	104	57	54.8	90	39	(1)	121	53	43.8
Somerville, Mass.	10	5	(1)	12	6	(1)	19	10	(1)	7	3	(1)	7	3	(1)
Detroit, Mich.	206	109	52.9	208	91	43.8	446	158	35.4	321	104	32.4	404	118	29.2
Grand Rapids, Mich.	43	18	(1)	25	9	(1)	53	18	(1)	45	15	(1)	67	19	(1)
Minneapolis, Minn.	70	20	(1)	73	22	(1)	195	64	32.8	116	50	43.1	85	34	(1)
St. Paul, Minn.	74	22	(1)	85	32	(1)	261	78	29.9	157	47	29.9	128	46	35.9
Duluth, Minn.	12	6	(1)	28	14	(1)	73	42	(1)	23	12	(1)	14	8	(1)
St. Louis, Mo.	1,929	914	47.4	1,935	984	50.9	4,206	1,919	45.6	2,675	1,259	47.1	2,831	1,266	44.7
Kansas City, Mo.	1,026	508	49.5	1,094	602	55.0	2,270	1,185	52.1	1,532	696	51.5	1,152	610	53.0
St. Joseph, Mo.	425	268	63.1	346	227	65.6	530	295	55.7	395	184	46.6	340	158	46.5
Omaha, Nebr.	196	86	43.4	217	99	45.6	361	164	45.4	268	129	48.1	290	85	38.6
Manchester, N. H.	1			2	1	(1)	3	1	(1)	3	1	(1)	2		
Newark, N. J.	412	248	60.2	461	253	54.9	785	316	40.3	506	191	37.7	581	227	39.1
Jersey City, N. J.	181	90	49.7	184	79	42.9	444	117	26.4	297	84	28.3	257	89	34.6
Paterson, N. J.	71	62	(1)	79	51	(1)	177	101	57.1	85	39	(1)	94	47	(1)
Camden, N. J.	305	178	58.4	268	117	43.7	570	229	40.2	417	171	41.0	517	225	43.5
Trenton, N. J.	108	48	44.4	87	38	(1)	215	91	42.3	145	49	33.8	192	74	38.5
Hoboken, N. J.	5	3	(1)	5	2	(1)	7	3	(1)	7	2	(1)	7	4	(1)
Elizabeth, N. J.	72	46	(1)	75	42	(1)	125	49	39.2	88	43	(1)	84	39	(1)
New York, N. Y.	3,816	2,525	66.2	4,529	2,998	66.2	8,454	4,797	56.7	5,236	2,918	55.7	4,718	2,523	53.5
Buffalo, N. Y.	72	30	(1)	86	44	(1)	202	81	40.1	138	56	40.6	136	50	36.8
Rochester, N. Y.	39	19	(1)	41	27	(1)	53	20	(1)	47	21	(1)	47	18	(1)
Syracuse, N. Y.	56	22	(1)	56	23	(1)	119	53	44.5	88	38	(1)	88	23	(1)
Albany, N. Y.	58	31	(1)	63	31	(1)	116	51	44.3	92	33	(1)	101	39	38.6
Troy, N. Y.	29	21	(1)	35	26	(1)	47	26	(1)	37	20	(1)	44	20	(1)
Utica, N. Y.	9	8	(1)	13	7	(1)	16	4	(1)	20	6	(1)	27	5	(1)
Cleveland, Ohio.	273	97	35.5	332	144	43.4	713	250	35.1	447	169	37.8	387	126	32.6
Cincinnati, Ohio.	716	348	48.6	795	436	54.8	1,813	804	44.3	1,187	568	47.9	1,122	496	44.2
Toledo, Ohio.	101	34	33.7	85	40	(1)	204	76	37.3	171	52	30.4	117	32	27.4
Columbus, Ohio.	429	181	42.2	388	183	47.2	837	341	40.7	645	185	32.7	609	189	31.0
Dayton, Ohio.	157	76	48.4	185	81	43.8	392	163	41.6	241	82	34.0	237	66	27.8
Portland, Oreg.	25	13	(1)	38	12	(1)	101	56	55.4	59	31	(1)	38	16	(1)
Philadelphia, Pa.	3,874	2,530	65.3	4,485	2,703	60.3	8,259	4,092	49.5	4,969	2,355	47.4	4,551	1,989	43.7
Pittsburg, Pa.	762	311	40.8	928	340	36.6	1,924	547	28.4	1,069	279	26.1	778	196	25.2
Allegheny, Pa.	164	65	39.6	125	56	44.8	315	90	28.6	225	60	26.7	251	61	24.3
Scranton, Pa.	20	9	(1)	32	17	(1)	64	14	(1)	31	4	(1)	22	9	(1)
Reading, Pa.	29	9	(1)	34	20	(1)	45	19	(1)	38	16	(1)	36	9	(1)
Erie, Pa.	13	13	(1)	9	9	(1)	26	15	(1)	17	7	(1)	22	9	(1)
Wilkesbarre, Pa.	27	11	(1)	37	17	(1)	61	14	(1)	43	9	(1)	61	12	(1)
Harrisburg, Pa.	261	121	46.4	212	103	48.6	380	129	33.9	287	90	31.4	350	106	30.3
Providence, R. I.	244	121	49.6	226	125	55.3	490	247	49.8	418	233	55.7	510	255	50.0
Charleston, S. C.	2,061	1,185	57.5	1,750	1,052	60.1	3,299	2,007	60.8	2,376	1,486	62.5	2,617	1,535	58.7
Memphis, Tenn.	3,104	2,107	67.8	2,755	1,778	64.5	5,262	3,148	59.8	3,270	1,906	58.3	3,501	2,054	58.7
Nashville, Tenn.	2,127	1,090	51.2	1,753	1,144	65.3	3,208	2,039	63.6	2,255	1,513	67.1	2,314	1,777	61.0
San Antonio, Tex.	456	208	45.6	457	275	60.2	801	444	55.4	449	261	58.1	490	247	50.4
Salt Lake City, Utah.	8	2	(1)	13	6	(1)	29	14	(1)	23	16	(1)	17	8	(1)
Richmond, Va.	2,344	1,389	59.3	2,019	1,316	65.2	3,229	1,994	61.8	2,505	1,566	62.1	2,892	1,660	57.4
Seattle, Wash.	12	4	(1)	23	13	(1)	49	26	(1)	41	17	(1)	15	6	(1)
Milwaukee, Wis.	36	7	(1)	50	21	(1)	112	33	29.5	71	23	(1)	37	14	(1)

[1] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

TABLE 11.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND DISTRICTS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY.

	STATE OR TERRITORY.	FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
		Aggregate.						Native white—both parents native.					
		In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.			In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.		
		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
			Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
1	Continental United States	5,855,790	1,657,728	28.3	17,629,769	3,175,902	18.0	1,703,955	414,954	24.4	10,426,206	1,357,012	13.0
2	North Atlantic division	3,145,338	917,047	29.2	4,074,105	817,281	20.1	843,050	212,967	25.2	2,453,684	401,919	16.4
3	New England	673,302	226,572	33.7	1,343,543	334,663	24.9	198,118	51,558	26.0	723,075	135,390	18.7
4	Maine	20,039	5,466	27.3	223,774	44,452	19.9	10,913	2,508	23.0	167,120	29,286	17.5
5	New Hampshire	21,547	9,522	44.2	128,061	30,285	23.6	6,231	1,918	30.8	86,777	17,017	19.6
6	Vermont				118,368	21,852	18.4				77,657	13,123	16.9
7	Massachusetts	474,179	162,927	34.4	557,343	154,531	27.7	130,553	35,177	26.9	255,243	50,621	19.8
8	Rhode Island	65,807	22,066	33.5	87,910	26,135	29.7	20,493	5,290	25.8	32,095	6,257	19.5
9	Connecticut	91,730	26,590	29.0	227,887	57,308	25.1	29,938	6,675	22.3	104,183	19,086	18.3
10	Southern North Atlantic	2,472,036	691,075	28.0	2,729,562	482,618	17.7	644,932	161,109	25.0	1,730,609	266,529	15.4
11	New York	1,473,722	427,134	29.0	1,065,237	208,185	19.5	296,271	74,849	25.3	636,052	105,414	16.5
12	New Jersey	274,308	68,234	24.9	362,725	74,484	20.5	77,496	17,557	22.7	192,953	27,608	14.3
13	Pennsylvania	724,008	196,707	27.0	1,301,600	199,949	15.4	271,165	68,703	25.3	889,604	133,507	14.8
14	South Atlantic division	427,211	147,889	34.6	2,659,057	624,271	23.5	183,018	41,870	22.9	1,012,581	212,089	13.2
15	Northern South Atlantic	332,134	115,929	32.9	1,031,327	170,562	16.5	155,321	36,267	23.3	721,030	78,459	10.9
16	Delaware	26,273	7,099	27.0	33,817	4,795	14.2	13,089	2,799	21.4	24,960	2,734	11.0
17	Maryland	184,628	56,563	30.6	205,023	34,534	16.8	77,486	18,685	24.1	135,005	17,260	12.8
18	District of Columbia	109,031	40,382	37.0				49,127	11,489	23.4			
19	Virginia	32,202	11,885	36.9	522,234	102,553	19.6	15,619	3,294	21.1	327,830	36,395	11.1
20	West Virginia				269,353	28,680	10.6				233,241	22,070	9.5
21	Southern South Atlantic	75,077	31,960	42.6	1,627,730	453,709	27.9	27,697	5,603	20.2	891,545	133,630	15.0
22	North Carolina				547,099	127,740	23.3				362,326	55,979	15.4
23	South Carolina	21,087	8,934	42.4	354,658	133,499	37.6	5,753	1,036	18.0	150,917	30,565	20.3
24	Georgia	53,990	23,026	42.6	579,107	159,011	27.5	21,944	4,567	20.8	308,250	39,250	12.7
25	Florida				146,866	33,459	22.8				70,052	7,800	11.1
26	North Central division	1,731,177	444,131	25.7	6,366,084	871,593	13.7	487,763	120,034	24.6	3,627,899	451,809	12.5
27	Eastern North Central	1,239,530	313,313	25.3	3,835,885	538,984	14.1	317,420	78,626	24.8	2,225,484	285,759	12.8
28	Ohio	365,341	92,830	25.4	1,014,813	140,347	13.8	116,273	29,052	25.0	710,255	92,802	13.1
29	Indiana	83,239	21,222	25.5	721,239	89,792	12.4	42,412	10,020	23.6	553,595	63,465	11.5
30	Illinois	569,570	143,145	25.1	642,038	131,960	14.0	117,527	29,066	24.7	542,252	68,311	12.6
31	Michigan	129,527	32,583	25.2	637,129	93,934	14.7	30,242	7,273	24.0	292,056	40,039	13.9
32	Wisconsin	91,853	23,523	25.6	820,666	82,951	15.9	10,966	3,205	29.2	127,326	20,542	16.1
33	Western North Central	491,647	130,818	26.6	2,530,799	332,609	13.1	170,343	41,408	24.3	1,402,415	166,050	11.8
34	Minnesota	134,415	37,987	28.3	352,436	52,900	15.0	34,037	8,139	23.9	69,507	10,517	15.1
35	Iowa	22,131	5,143	23.2	654,815	96,894	14.8	13,302	2,801	21.1	345,787	48,503	14.1
36	Missouri	285,539	75,157	26.3	658,622	70,341	10.7	101,439	25,462	25.1	520,350	49,186	9.5
37	North Dakota				76,936	13,073	17.0				14,825	2,571	17.3
38	South Dakota				105,435	14,425	13.7				33,099	5,109	15.4
39	Nebraska	33,439	9,500	28.4	205,457	34,615	13.0	13,270	3,612	27.2	130,713	17,907	13.1
40	Kansas	16,126	3,025	18.8	417,097	50,361	12.1	8,295	1,394	16.8	282,128	32,107	11.4
41	South Central division	259,917	77,843	29.9	3,675,482	740,059	20.2	85,372	16,701	19.6	2,285,177	231,897	10.1
42	Eastern South Central	139,697	47,102	33.7	2,030,944	457,231	22.4	51,944	10,857	20.9	1,283,227	137,518	10.7
43	Kentucky	74,656	21,831	29.2	560,674	76,350	13.6	26,988	6,103	22.6	442,678	41,777	9.4
44	Tennessee	65,041	25,271	38.9	537,660	78,282	14.8	24,956	4,754	19.0	402,683	37,692	9.4
45	Alabama				320,252	158,345	30.4				267,692	35,925	13.4
46	Mississippi				431,458	144,254	33.4				170,174	22,122	13.0
47	Western South Central	120,220	30,741	25.6	1,635,538	283,428	17.3	33,428	5,844	17.5	1,001,950	94,381	9.4
48	Louisiana	102,463	26,846	26.2	291,987	82,639	28.3	27,189	4,840	17.8	119,417	12,635	10.6
49	Arkansas				352,725	62,532	17.7				230,805	24,137	10.2
50	Indian Territory				96,548	10,020	10.4				69,824	6,328	9.1
51	Oklahoma				101,980	9,708	9.5				78,014	6,949	8.8
52	Texas	17,757	3,896	21.9	792,298	118,529	15.0	6,239	1,004	16.1	497,890	44,432	8.9
53	Western division	292,147	70,218	24.0	855,441	122,098	14.3	104,752	23,682	22.6	446,865	59,208	13.3
54	Rocky Mountain	48,335	11,967	24.8	276,713	37,975	13.7	23,384	5,348	22.9	156,313	19,662	12.6
55	Montana				56,590	9,539	16.9				21,174	3,419	16.1
56	Idaho				37,040	4,375	11.8				19,751	2,306	11.7
57	Wyoming				19,952	2,893	14.5				9,870	1,402	14.2
58	Colorado	48,335	11,967	24.8	110,500	15,402	13.9	23,384	5,348	22.9	66,306	8,650	13.0
59	New Mexico				51,731	5,766	11.1				39,206	3,885	9.9
60	Basin and Plateau	17,884	3,841	21.5	99,412	14,624	14.7	4,944	918	18.6	29,474	3,727	12.6
61	Arizona				30,399	6,162	20.3				10,147	1,300	12.8
62	Utah	17,884	3,841	21.5	57,840	6,493	11.2	4,944	918	18.6	18,657	1,839	11.7
63	Nevada				11,173	1,969	17.6				3,670	588	16.0
64	Pacific	225,926	54,410	24.1	479,316	69,499	14.5	76,424	17,416	22.8	261,078	35,909	13.8
65	Washington	20,531	4,674	22.8	111,146	15,529	14.0	9,531	2,157	22.6	58,598	7,776	13.3
66	Oregon	26,650	6,983	26.2	87,902	10,833	12.4	12,383	3,243	26.2	60,088	7,285	12.1
67	California	178,747	42,753	23.9	280,268	43,037	15.4	54,510	12,016	22.0	142,392	20,848	14.6

[1] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

OVER LIVING IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS AND IN SMALLER CITIES AND COUNTRY FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900.

FEMALE POPULATION, 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

Native white—one or both parents foreign born.						Foreign born white.						Negro.						
In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.			In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.			In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.		
Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		
	Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.	
1,700,209	554,806	32.6	2,588,760	535,938	20.7	2,095,205	494,044	23.6	2,308,288	345,967	15.0	335,787	193,317	54.6	2,230,201	926,304	41.4	1
911,229	317,016	34.8	727,610	207,006	28.5	1,306,667	345,274	26.4	827,061	180,559	21.8	84,133	42,616	50.7	91,455	27,190	44.2	2
162,616	70,099	43.1	240,968	89,981	37.3	300,149	98,971	33.0	368,819	104,149	28.2	12,355	5,928	48.0	10,248	5,009	48.9	3
3,599	1,259	35.0	21,660	5,938	27.4	5,417	1,664	30.7	34,415	9,005	26.2	107	32	29.9	340	135	39.7	4
3,731	2,086	55.9	14,348	5,142	35.8	11,574	5,515	47.6	26,668	7,375	27.9	11	3	(1)	261	150	57.5	5
.....	.....	.....	22,344	5,583	25.0	.....	.....	.....	18,317	3,044	16.6	.....	.....	.....	249	102	41.0	6
114,190	49,333	43.2	114,891	45,778	39.8	221,426	74,063	33.7	182,892	56,262	30.8	7,954	3,726	46.8	4,184	1,938	46.3	7
16,909	7,765	45.9	18,951	8,397	44.3	26,505	8,030	30.3	35,151	10,566	30.1	1,890	984	51.8	1,709	912	53.4	8
24,187	9,650	39.9	48,774	19,143	39.2	35,217	9,073	25.8	71,376	17,297	24.2	2,984	1,183	39.6	3,505	1,772	50.6	9
748,604	246,917	33.0	486,642	117,025	24.0	1,006,328	246,303	24.5	459,102	76,410	16.6	71,778	36,688	51.1	51,207	22,177	43.3	10
463,415	156,074	33.7	228,215	60,422	26.5	685,097	179,490	26.2	185,467	36,102	19.5	28,916	16,661	57.9	11,904	5,831	48.6	11
83,409	27,223	32.6	63,609	16,895	26.6	105,421	19,985	19.0	87,540	20,718	23.6	7,975	3,468	43.5	18,500	9,248	50.0	12
201,780	63,620	31.5	194,818	39,708	20.4	216,010	46,828	21.7	186,055	19,590	10.5	34,967	16,539	47.3	20,713	7,098	34.3	13
69,543	18,311	26.3	59,256	9,464	16.0	50,859	9,962	19.6	30,986	4,996	13.5	123,764	77,730	62.8	948,292	397,222	41.9	14
63,901	17,150	26.8	43,796	7,042	16.1	47,372	9,382	19.8	25,271	3,235	12.8	85,460	53,120	62.2	241,105	81,813	33.9	15
4,989	1,493	29.9	1,703	316	18.6	4,546	838	18.4	1,332	198	14.9	3,647	1,998	54.0	5,820	1,545	26.5	16
41,875	11,302	27.0	17,339	2,779	16.0	32,593	6,397	19.3	10,875	1,559	14.3	32,071	20,278	62.1	42,701	12,936	30.3	17
14,836	3,916	26.4	.....	.....	.....	8,990	2,029	22.6	.....	.....	.....	36,066	22,946	63.6	.....	.....	.....	18
2,261	439	19.4	7,721	1,083	14.0	1,244	218	17.5	5,336	710	13.3	13,076	7,932	60.7	181,237	64,355	35.5	19
.....	.....	.....	17,033	2,864	16.8	.....	.....	.....	7,728	768	9.9	.....	.....	.....	11,347	2,977	26.2	20
5,582	1,161	20.8	15,460	2,422	15.7	3,487	580	16.6	11,715	1,761	15.0	38,304	24,613	64.3	707,187	315,409	44.6	21
.....	.....	.....	2,583	438	16.9	.....	.....	.....	1,560	229	14.7	.....	.....	.....	178,940	70,627	39.5	22
2,039	423	20.7	2,124	357	16.8	1,183	207	17.5	957	146	15.3	12,107	7,266	60.0	200,631	102,360	51.0	23
3,543	738	20.8	4,814	787	16.3	2,304	373	16.2	2,121	234	11.0	26,197	17,348	66.2	263,915	118,732	45.0	24
.....	.....	.....	5,937	840	14.1	.....	.....	.....	7,077	1,152	16.3	.....	.....	.....	63,701	23,690	37.1	25
564,833	180,780	32.0	1,466,938	267,488	18.2	614,915	115,271	18.7	1,154,433	123,840	10.7	63,567	28,029	44.1	100,372	27,242	27.1	26
405,616	131,302	32.4	899,145	168,445	18.7	481,256	88,574	18.4	956,280	71,059	10.8	35,201	14,806	42.1	50,725	13,252	26.1	27
129,387	40,677	31.4	190,404	33,123	17.4	107,110	17,841	16.7	94,490	9,574	10.1	12,566	5,249	41.8	19,745	4,847	24.5	28
21,675	6,002	27.7	106,738	18,008	16.9	10,579	1,461	13.8	50,403	5,405	10.7	8,573	3,749	43.7	10,426	2,902	27.8	29
173,521	57,161	32.9	226,136	41,205	18.2	268,567	51,868	19.5	157,080	18,011	11.5	11,927	5,047	42.3	16,548	4,433	26.8	30
40,861	13,547	33.2	167,219	32,294	19.3	56,596	11,099	19.6	172,554	19,826	11.5	1,824	663	36.3	3,480	944	27.1	31
40,172	13,915	34.6	208,748	43,815	21.0	40,404	6,305	15.6	181,725	18,243	10.0	311	98	31.5	515	126	24.5	32
159,217	49,478	31.1	567,793	99,043	17.4	133,659	26,697	20.0	498,153	52,781	10.6	28,366	14,223	46.6	49,647	13,990	28.2	33
43,546	16,165	37.1	128,960	25,080	20.1	55,378	13,107	23.8	151,203	16,027	10.6	1,413	511	36.2	181	45	24.9	34
4,546	1,362	30.0	179,327	34,064	19.0	3,674	776	21.1	126,201	13,389	10.6	609	204	33.5	3,392	847	25.0	35
99,630	28,303	28.5	75,953	8,919	11.7	61,690	10,111	16.4	31,466	3,060	9.7	22,762	11,185	49.1	30,827	9,174	29.8	36
.....	.....	.....	18,731	4,240	22.7	.....	.....	.....	41,251	6,070	14.7	.....	.....	.....	73	27	(1)	37
.....	.....	.....	30,674	5,524	18.0	.....	.....	.....	34,951	3,552	10.2	.....	.....	.....	125	53	42.4	38
8,456	2,837	33.6	63,463	10,201	16.2	10,437	2,371	22.7	63,463	6,035	9.5	1,270	565	44.5	845	310	36.7	39
3,039	901	19.8	70,685	10,049	14.2	2,480	272	11.0	49,588	4,648	9.4	2,312	788	32.8	14,204	3,334	24.0	40
63,886	13,396	21.0	145,463	21,304	14.6	32,216	4,560	14.0	100,696	13,036	12.2	78,436	43,253	55.1	1,120,389	472,656	42.2	41
28,233	7,208	25.8	53,754	9,695	18.0	13,858	1,954	14.1	23,689	2,832	12.0	45,662	26,993	59.1	678,578	307,075	45.3	42
21,735	5,879	27.0	80,488	6,488	21.3	10,472	1,446	13.8	12,077	1,150	12.2	15,461	8,406	54.4	74,805	26,532	35.5	43
6,408	1,422	21.9	7,202	965	13.4	3,386	508	15.0	3,518	353	10.0	30,201	18,587	61.5	114,125	39,267	34.4	44
.....	.....	.....	9,424	1,326	14.1	.....	.....	.....	5,040	545	10.8	.....	.....	.....	238,045	120,546	50.6	45
.....	.....	.....	6,640	916	13.8	.....	.....	.....	2,454	384	15.6	.....	.....	.....	251,603	120,730	48.0	46
35,653	6,088	17.1	91,700	11,609	12.7	18,358	2,546	13.9	82,997	10,204	12.3	32,774	16,262	49.6	441,811	165,581	37.5	47
30,992	5,276	17.0	8,756	989	11.1	14,230	1,927	13.5	6,834	623	9.1	30,046	14,801	49.3	156,826	68,357	43.6	48
.....	.....	.....	8,853	1,281	14.5	.....	.....	.....	5,002	630	12.6	.....	.....	.....	102,047	36,482	35.8	49
.....	.....	.....	2,469	270	10.9	.....	.....	.....	1,409	118	8.4	.....	.....	.....	9,550	1,987	20.8	50
.....	.....	.....	9,232	999	10.8	.....	.....	.....	5,766	459	8.0	.....	.....	.....	5,490	1,144	20.9	51
4,661	812	17.4	62,390	8,090	13.0	4,128	619	15.0	63,986	8,374	13.1	2,728	1,461	53.6	167,908	57,611	34.3	52
90,727	25,313	27.9	189,493	30,676	16.2	90,549	19,037	21.0	182,202	23,536	12.9	3,887	1,678	43.2	5,693	1,998	35.1	53
11,695	3,240	27.8	52,685	8,589	16.3	11,644	2,600	22.3	55,323	7,712	13.9	1,592	768	48.2	2,733	976	35.7	54
.....	.....	.....	13,619	2,771	20.3	.....	.....	.....	17,787	3,035	17.1	.....	.....	.....	472	208	44.1	55
.....	.....	.....	9,588	1,165	12.2	.....	.....	.....	7,007	789	11.3	.....	.....	.....	89	29	(1)	56
.....	.....	.....	4,659	845	18.1	.....	.....	.....	4,482	568	12.6	.....	.....	.....	225	54	24.0	57
11,695	3,240	27.8	20,740	3,296	15.9	11,644	2,600	22.3	21,520	2,887	13.4	1,592	768	48.2	1,532	550	36.5	58
.....	.....	.....	4,070	512	12.6	.....	.....	.....	4,327	413	9.5	.....	.....	.....	415	126	30.4	59
6,239	1,520	24.4	31,316	3,882	12.4	6,590	1,354	20.5	27,827	3,041	10.9	92	48	(1)	432	204	45.1	60
.....	.....	.....	7,053	655	13.0	.....	.....	.....	7,137	847	11.9	.....	.....	.....	347	165	47.6	61
6,239	1,520	24.4	23,088	2,679	11.6	6,590	1,354	20.5	18,217	1,855	10.2	92	48	(1)	58	22	(1)	62
.....	.....	.....	3,175	548	17.3	.....	.....	.....	2,473	339	13.7	.....	.....	.....	47	17	(1)	63
72,793	20,547	28.2	105,492	18,205	17.3	72,315	15,083	20.9	99,052	12,783	12.9	2,203	862	39.1	2,508	818	32.6	64
4,826	1,188	24.6	21,899	3,661	16.7	5,955	1,211	20.3	26,666	3,213	12.0	149	73	49.0	546	140	25.6	65
6,823	2,134	31.3	14,040	2,165	15.0	6,912	1,434	20.7	12,020	1,318	11.0	261	128	49.0	76	26	(1)	66
61,144	17,225	28.2	69,553	12,439	17.9	59,448	12,438	20.9	60,366	8,252	13.7	1,793	661	36.9	1,886	652	34.6	67

TABLE 12.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND DISTRICTS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE, RACE, AND NATIVITY,

	GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	FEMALE POPULATION.											
		16 to 20 years of age.						21 to 24 years of age.					
		In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.			In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.		
		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
			Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
		ALL CLASSES.											
1	Continental United States	835,858	434,367	52.0	3,001,993	803,600	26.8	747,661	334,196	44.7	2,166,830	564,282	26.0
2	North Atlantic division	435,842	247,525	56.8	554,371	204,685	36.9	397,650	188,646	47.4	459,449	157,910	35.9
3	New England	84,806	49,980	58.9	169,750	78,289	46.1	83,360	47,130	56.5	142,304	66,125	46.5
4	Southern North Atlantic	351,036	197,565	56.3	384,621	126,396	32.9	314,290	141,516	45.0	307,145	91,785	30.9
5	South Atlantic division	63,763	29,608	46.4	522,507	160,622	30.7	55,171	24,993	45.3	363,134	96,587	26.6
6	Northern South Atlantic	51,230	24,118	47.1	186,523	38,915	20.9	44,376	19,835	44.7	133,188	26,943	20.2
7	Southern South Atlantic	12,533	5,490	43.8	335,984	121,707	36.2	10,795	5,158	47.8	229,946	69,644	30.3
8	North Central division	257,221	128,839	50.1	1,045,039	240,552	23.0	224,619	94,349	42.0	742,976	174,991	23.6
9	Eastern North Central	181,950	94,064	51.7	599,103	148,035	24.7	157,900	65,586	41.6	431,639	104,418	24.2
10	Western North Central	75,271	34,775	46.2	445,936	92,517	20.7	66,719	28,763	43.0	311,337	70,573	22.7
11	South Central division	39,923	14,523	36.4	744,774	174,795	23.5	34,460	12,665	36.8	520,645	113,209	21.7
12	Eastern South Central	21,503	9,238	43.0	405,396	107,511	26.5	19,196	8,203	42.7	283,720	69,015	24.3
13	Western South Central	18,420	5,285	28.7	339,378	67,284	19.8	15,264	4,462	29.2	236,925	44,194	18.7
14	Western division	39,109	13,872	35.5	135,302	23,946	17.0	35,761	13,543	37.9	100,726	21,615	21.5
15	Rocky Mountain	5,905	1,800	30.0	42,810	6,755	15.8	5,505	2,141	38.2	34,109	6,719	19.7
16	Basin and Plateau	2,959	923	31.2	18,456	2,872	15.6	2,352	816	34.7	12,441	2,278	18.3
17	Pacific	30,155	11,149	37.0	74,036	13,319	18.0	27,904	10,586	38.1	54,116	12,618	23.3
		NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
18	Continental United States	270,486	106,019	39.2	1,821,652	328,803	18.0	221,158	80,680	36.5	1,269,115	237,390	18.7
19	North Atlantic division	127,285	55,426	43.5	339,333	96,243	28.3	104,110	40,720	39.1	249,505	71,129	28.5
20	New England	22,018	8,564	38.9	82,758	25,149	30.4	19,292	8,508	44.1	63,401	23,564	35.6
21	Southern North Atlantic	105,267	46,862	44.5	257,075	71,094	27.7	84,818	32,212	38.0	186,104	47,565	26.1
22	South Atlantic division	29,143	10,429	35.8	302,444	52,788	17.5	23,639	7,575	32.0	212,045	32,805	15.5
23	Northern South Atlantic	24,545	9,205	37.5	130,129	16,807	12.9	19,771	6,508	33.2	93,270	12,705	13.6
24	Southern South Atlantic	4,598	1,224	26.6	172,315	35,981	20.9	3,868	1,067	26.0	118,775	20,100	16.9
25	North Central division	82,476	31,588	38.3	640,064	117,789	18.4	67,803	24,918	36.8	434,427	88,897	20.4
26	Eastern North Central	52,429	20,490	39.1	378,380	75,344	19.9	43,360	15,913	36.7	258,253	53,801	20.8
27	Western North Central	30,047	11,092	36.9	261,714	42,445	16.2	24,443	9,005	36.8	176,174	34,896	19.8
28	South Central division	16,616	4,409	26.5	462,542	50,901	11.0	12,689	3,127	24.6	318,492	33,924	10.7
29	Eastern South Central	9,228	2,899	31.4	251,066	29,735	11.8	7,624	2,113	27.7	173,984	19,527	11.2
30	Western South Central	7,388	1,510	20.4	211,476	21,166	10.0	5,065	1,014	20.0	144,508	14,397	10.0
31	Western division	14,966	4,167	27.8	76,769	11,082	14.4	12,917	4,340	33.6	54,646	10,835	19.8
32	Rocky Mountain	3,052	751	24.6	26,217	3,376	12.9	2,777	917	33.0	19,743	3,398	17.2
33	Basin and Plateau	890	173	19.4	6,472	745	11.5	668	188	28.1	4,063	703	17.3
34	Pacific	11,024	3,243	29.4	44,080	6,961	15.8	9,472	3,235	34.2	30,850	6,734	21.8
		NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
35	Continental United States	331,759	179,401	54.1	530,778	165,621	31.2	272,884	126,385	46.3	384,679	121,817	31.7
36	North Atlantic division	175,322	100,486	57.3	131,446	59,257	45.1	145,163	72,128	49.7	102,065	46,036	45.1
37	New England	33,212	19,752	59.5	49,121	26,340	53.6	27,212	16,469	60.5	36,929	20,221	54.8
38	Southern North Atlantic	142,110	80,734	56.8	82,325	32,917	40.0	117,951	55,659	47.2	65,136	25,815	39.6
39	South Atlantic division	10,451	4,583	43.9	9,133	1,913	20.9	8,968	3,475	38.7	7,574	1,705	22.5
40	Northern South Atlantic	9,460	4,335	45.8	6,591	1,535	23.3	8,262	3,258	39.4	5,322	1,294	23.4
41	Southern South Atlantic	991	248	25.0	2,542	378	14.9	706	217	30.7	2,252	411	20.0
42	North Central division	118,079	64,264	54.4	317,618	90,946	28.6	94,125	42,012	44.6	222,624	62,931	28.3
43	Eastern North Central	86,721	48,281	55.7	175,069	54,849	31.3	67,233	29,899	44.4	127,875	37,736	29.5
44	Western North Central	31,358	15,983	51.0	142,549	36,097	25.3	26,892	12,113	45.2	94,749	25,195	26.6
45	South Central division	9,301	2,880	31.0	30,353	5,677	18.7	8,951	2,632	29.4	22,025	4,107	18.6
46	Eastern South Central	4,186	1,766	42.2	8,450	2,090	24.7	4,132	1,601	38.7	7,142	1,850	25.9
47	Western South Central	5,115	1,114	21.8	21,903	3,587	16.4	4,819	1,031	21.4	14,883	2,257	15.2
48	Western division	18,006	7,188	38.6	42,228	7,828	18.5	15,677	6,138	39.2	30,291	7,038	23.2
49	Rocky Mountain	2,084	680	32.6	10,385	2,059	18.9	1,712	717	41.9	8,199	1,884	23.0
50	Basin and Plateau	1,631	531	32.6	5,499	1,192	14.0	1,177	414	35.2	5,818	1,013	17.4
51	Pacific	14,891	5,977	40.1	22,844	4,577	20.0	12,788	5,007	39.2	16,274	4,141	25.4

OVER LIVING IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS AND IN SMALLER CITIES AND COUNTRY FOR GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS: 1900.

FEMALE POPULATION—continued.

25 to 34 years of age.						35 to 44 years of age.						45 years of age and over.						
In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.			In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.			In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.			
Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		
	Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.	
ALL CLASSES.																		
1,634,070	446,477	27.3	4,226,546	721,865	17.1	1,162,907	234,180	20.1	3,176,259	440,852	13.9	1,458,825	204,298	14.0	5,000,349	631,819	12.6	1
877,469	245,369	28.0	958,446	203,541	21.2	623,860	124,830	20.0	762,336	109,604	14.4	804,405	109,356	13.6	1,350,271	139,686	10.3	2
185,636	66,803	36.0	313,185	88,664	28.3	131,890	33,398	25.3	249,515	46,514	18.6	185,812	28,739	15.5	485,558	54,148	11.6	3
691,833	178,566	25.8	645,261	114,877	17.8	491,979	91,432	18.6	512,821	63,090	12.3	618,593	80,617	13.0	864,713	85,538	9.7	4
111,614	38,979	34.9	619,926	131,223	21.2	82,376	26,375	32.0	446,556	92,416	20.7	112,931	27,435	24.3	695,959	140,325	20.2	5
91,332	30,050	32.9	242,381	35,704	14.7	68,381	20,170	29.5	179,753	25,778	14.3	95,786	21,377	22.3	285,418	42,372	14.8	6
20,282	8,929	44.0	377,545	95,519	25.3	13,995	6,205	44.3	266,803	66,638	25.0	17,145	6,058	35.3	410,541	97,953	23.9	7
453,970	120,615	26.4	1,522,345	193,339	12.7	348,341	57,344	16.5	1,182,606	105,432	8.9	402,347	41,912	10.4	1,860,507	155,083	8.3	8
351,866	83,222	23.7	908,613	120,389	13.2	251,303	40,404	16.1	720,330	67,342	9.3	293,555	29,345	10.0	1,169,093	97,609	8.3	9
142,104	37,393	26.3	613,732	72,950	11.9	97,038	16,940	17.5	462,276	38,090	8.2	108,792	12,567	11.6	691,414	57,474	8.3	10
70,123	21,150	30.2	900,650	162,707	18.1	48,751	13,830	28.4	610,721	113,137	18.5	65,800	15,423	23.4	877,415	171,039	19.5	11
38,107	13,130	34.5	489,451	100,401	20.5	26,417	8,169	30.9	338,653	69,744	20.6	34,002	8,203	24.1	511,829	107,457	21.0	12
32,016	8,020	25.0	411,199	62,306	15.2	22,334	5,661	25.3	272,068	43,393	15.9	31,798	7,220	22.7	365,586	63,582	17.4	13
80,894	20,364	25.2	225,179	31,055	13.8	59,570	11,801	19.8	174,040	20,263	11.6	74,342	10,172	13.7	216,197	25,686	11.9	14
13,793	3,670	26.6	79,849	10,086	12.6	10,481	2,440	22.4	58,622	6,654	11.4	11,578	1,838	15.9	60,033	7,391	12.6	15
4,538	970	21.4	25,081	3,328	13.3	3,418	542	15.9	18,197	2,402	13.2	4,501	575	12.8	24,458	3,702	15.1	16
62,563	15,724	25.1	120,249	17,641	14.7	45,271	8,819	19.5	97,221	11,207	11.5	58,263	7,759	13.3	131,706	14,393	10.9	17
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.																		
445,024	111,080	25.0	2,415,582	287,068	11.9	307,301	59,550	19.4	1,807,925	184,798	10.2	430,984	56,019	12.4	3,085,733	314,303	10.2	18
212,088	55,029	25.9	525,146	90,739	17.3	151,015	29,950	19.8	432,698	54,210	12.5	2 5,209	0,877	12.6	901,681	88,694	9.8	19
44,019	14,437	32.8	140,417	32,230	23.0	36,131	8,860	24.5	125,432	20,529	16.4	75,554	10,948	14.5	309,163	34,504	11.2	20
168,079	40,592	24.2	384,729	58,509	15.2	114,884	21,090	18.4	307,266	33,681	11.0	169,675	19,929	11.7	592,518	54,190	9.1	21
47,027	10,057	22.7	373,188	39,881	10.7	32,890	6,366	19.4	272,853	28,409	10.8	49,759	6,742	13.5	448,103	56,699	12.7	22
39,763	9,195	23.1	171,090	15,843	9.3	27,999	5,441	19.4	123,206	11,128	9.0	42,808	5,764	13.5	201,502	21,753	10.8	23
7,264	1,462	20.1	202,098	24,038	11.9	4,891	925	18.9	149,587	18,281	12.2	6,951	978	14.1	246,601	34,946	14.2	24
135,159	34,006	25.2	845,566	99,026	11.7	88,523	16,512	18.7	635,272	55,891	8.8	110,846	12,500	11.3	1,064,104	89,165	8.4	25
87,669	22,262	25.4	510,460	61,809	12.1	57,723	11,109	19.3	391,126	36,098	9.2	74,252	8,485	11.4	682,761	58,055	8.5	26
47,490	11,744	24.7	335,106	37,217	11.1	30,800	5,343	17.3	244,146	19,793	8.1	36,594	4,015	11.0	381,343	31,110	8.2	27
23,053	4,401	19.1	557,728	43,583	7.8	14,252	2,432	17.1	380,254	33,568	8.4	18,428	2,297	12.5	559,087	67,105	12.0	28
14,045	2,878	20.5	305,782	23,556	8.4	9,047	1,563	17.3	214,241	20,523	9.6	11,836	1,390	11.7	334,088	41,703	12.5	29
9,008	1,523	16.9	251,946	18,027	7.2	5,205	869	16.7	166,013	15,045	9.1	6,592	907	13.8	224,999	25,402	11.3	30
27,687	6,987	25.2	113,954	14,739	12.9	20,621	4,290	20.8	86,848	9,720	11.2	26,742	3,603	13.5	112,758	12,640	11.2	31
6,285	1,614	25.7	43,194	4,974	11.5	4,804	1,112	22.7	31,341	3,417	10.9	5,957	902	15.1	34,962	4,375	12.5	32
1,228	263	21.4	7,398	890	12.0	961	158	16.4	5,198	609	11.7	1,106	129	11.7	6,201	769	12.4	33
20,174	5,110	25.3	63,362	8,875	14.0	14,769	3,020	20.4	50,309	5,694	11.3	19,679	2,572	13.1	71,595	7,496	10.5	34
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.																		
551,706	154,826	28.1	772,095	142,942	18.5	344,203	65,634	19.1	524,191	65,028	12.4	198,621	28,241	14.2	374,872	40,004	10.7	35
293,545	89,160	30.4	217,173	59,811	27.5	185,530	38,232	20.6	155,102	26,861	17.3	111,215	16,886	15.2	121,230	14,870	12.3	36
53,134	21,726	40.9	74,784	27,030	36.2	31,273	8,707	27.8	48,640	11,409	23.6	17,698	3,426	19.4	31,266	4,831	15.5	37
240,411	67,434	28.0	142,389	32,775	23.0	154,266	29,525	19.1	106,462	15,392	14.5	93,517	13,460	14.4	89,964	10,039	11.2	38
21,174	5,306	25.1	16,793	2,684	16.0	16,205	3,085	19.0	12,878	1,652	12.8	12,706	1,851	14.6	12,797	1,489	11.6	39
19,535	4,972	25.5	12,060	2,034	16.1	14,997	2,880	19.2	9,900	1,195	12.1	11,676	1,695	14.5	9,064	996	10.7	40
1,639	334	20.4	4,733	650	15.7	1,208	205	17.0	2,978	457	15.3	1,030	156	15.1	3,733	523	14.0	41
186,327	48,781	26.2	436,649	66,240	15.2	110,539	18,950	17.1	290,953	28,859	9.9	55,375	6,748	12.2	197,961	18,257	9.2	42
132,362	34,526	26.1	268,874	42,944	16.0	78,915	13,652	17.3	190,253	19,836	10.4	40,104	4,918	12.2	136,407	12,916	9.5	43
53,965	14,255	26.4	167,775	23,296	13.9	31,624	5,198	16.4	100,700	9,023	9.0	15,211	1,830	12.0	61,554	5,341	8.7	44
20,753	4,146	20.0	42,276	5,448	12.9	15,041	2,363	15.7	28,848	3,302	11.4	9,788	1,353	13.8	21,723	2,741	12.6	45
9,360	2,327	24.9	15,980	2,800	17.9	6,615	1,084	16.4	12,186	1,618	13.3	3,915	542	13.1	9,940	1,263	12.7	46
11,392	1,819	16.0	26,296	2,588	9.8	8,426	1,279	15.2	16,662	1,684	10.1	5,873	841	14.3	11,783	1,478	12.5	47
29,907	7,433	24.9	59,204	8,759	14.8	16,879	3,124	18.5	36,410	4,354	12.0	9,537	1,403	14.7	21,161	2,647	12.5	48
3,758	1,000	26.8	17,311	2,500	14.4	2,625	574	21.9	10,677	1,363	12.8	1,511	266	17.6	5,537	776	14.0	49
1,956	407	20.8	10,030	1,009	10.1	1,009	126	11.8	5,122	435	8.5	404	42	10.4	1,819	230	12.6	50
24,193	6,020	24.9	31,863	5,250	16.5	13,185	2,424	18.4	20,611	2,556	12.4	7,622	1,095	14.4	13,785	1,641	11.9	51

TABLE 12.—NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE OF BREADWINNERS IN THE FEMALE POPULATION 16 YEARS OF AGE AND DISTRICTS, CLASSIFIED BY AGE, RACE, AND NATIVITY,

	GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	FEMALE POPULATION.											
		16 to 20 years of age.						21 to 24 years of age.					
		In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.			In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.		
		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.	
			Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
		FOREIGN BORN WHITE.											
52	Continental United States	178,776	118,097	66.1	160,573	74,720	46.5	199,862	95,326	47.7	172,612	59,417	34.4
53	North Atlantic division	121,312	84,499	69.6	72,055	43,212	60.0	134,788	67,821	50.3	78,133	35,384	45.5
54	New England	28,105	20,934	74.5	36,157	25,811	71.4	35,154	21,204	60.3	40,361	22,404	55.5
55	Southern North Atlantic	93,207	63,565	68.2	35,898	17,401	48.5	99,634	46,617	46.8	37,772	13,180	34.9
56	South Atlantic division	3,356	1,869	55.7	2,371	669	28.2	3,635	1,355	37.3	2,511	568	22.6
57	Northern South Atlantic	3,151	1,797	57.0	1,414	433	30.6	3,446	1,294	37.6	1,577	383	24.3
58	Southern South Atlantic	205	72	35.1	957	236	24.7	189	61	32.3	934	185	19.8
59	North Central division	47,893	28,962	60.5	66,689	26,286	39.4	53,670	22,948	42.8	71,428	19,011	26.6
60	Eastern North Central	38,235	23,279	60.9	36,363	15,230	41.9	42,432	17,553	41.4	38,666	10,752	27.8
61	Western North Central	9,658	5,683	58.8	30,326	11,056	36.4	11,238	5,395	48.0	32,762	8,259	25.2
62	South Central division	1,439	484	33.6	3,678	1,751	20.2	1,519	430	28.3	8,015	1,297	16.2
63	Eastern South Central	588	289	49.1	1,076	251	23.3	643	248	38.3	1,130	226	20.0
64	Western South Central	851	195	22.9	7,602	1,500	19.7	871	182	20.9	6,886	1,071	15.6
65	Western division	4,776	2,208	46.0	10,780	2,802	26.0	6,250	2,772	44.4	12,525	2,957	23.6
66	Rocky Mountain	669	305	46.3	3,854	1,053	27.3	916	397	43.3	5,040	1,234	24.5
67	Basin and Plateau	427	216	50.6	1,677	309	18.4	492	208	42.3	1,721	243	14.1
68	Pacific	3,690	1,772	48.0	5,249	1,440	27.4	4,842	2,167	44.8	5,764	1,480	25.7
		NEGRO.											
69	Continental United States	54,426	30,761	56.5	476,712	232,632	48.8	53,218	31,707	59.6	333,572	144,618	43.4
70	North Atlantic division	11,848	7,109	60.0	10,427	5,829	55.9	13,540	7,961	58.8	9,457	5,084	53.8
71	New England	1,465	709	48.4	1,649	976	59.2	1,694	958	56.6	1,572	924	58.8
72	Southern North Atlantic	10,383	6,400	61.6	8,778	4,853	55.3	11,846	7,003	59.1	7,885	4,160	52.8
73	South Atlantic division	20,807	12,727	61.2	208,171	105,087	50.5	18,923	12,585	66.5	140,753	61,424	43.6
74	Northern South Atlantic	14,070	8,781	62.4	48,338	20,139	41.7	12,892	8,712	67.6	32,807	12,559	38.3
75	Southern South Atlantic	6,737	3,946	58.6	159,833	84,948	53.1	6,031	3,873	64.2	107,946	46,865	43.3
76	North Central division	8,759	4,020	45.9	18,005	5,364	29.8	9,001	4,470	49.7	12,860	4,208	32.7
77	Eastern North Central	4,557	2,005	44.0	8,643	2,521	29.2	4,867	2,351	48.3	6,480	2,076	32.1
78	Western North Central	4,202	2,015	48.0	9,363	2,843	30.4	4,134	2,119	51.3	6,400	2,132	33.3
79	South Central division	12,564	6,780	53.7	239,348	116,122	48.5	11,300	6,476	57.3	169,533	73,671	43.4
80	Eastern South Central	7,501	4,284	57.1	144,625	75,404	52.1	6,792	4,241	62.4	101,383	47,399	46.8
81	Western South Central	5,063	2,466	48.7	94,723	40,718	43.0	4,508	2,235	49.6	68,150	26,272	38.4
82	Western division	448	155	34.6	791	230	30.2	454	215	47.4	669	231	34.5
83	Rocky Mountain	197	64	32.5	359	98	27.3	197	110	55.8	336	113	33.6
84	Basin and Plateau	8	2	(1)	56	21	(1)	13	6	(1)	62	22	(1)
85	Pacific	243	89	36.6	346	111	32.1	244	99	40.6	271	96	35.4

[1] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

OVER LIVING IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS AND IN SMALLER CITIES AND COUNTRY FOR GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS: 1900—Continued.

FEMALE POPULATION—continued.

25 to 34 years of age.						35 to 44 years of age.						45 years of age and over.						
In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.			In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.			In cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.			In smaller cities and country districts.			
Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		Total.	Breadwinners.		
	Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.	
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.																		
534,651	125,723	23.5	486,038	76,409	15.7	442,106	71,418	16.2	471,468	47,746	10.1	736,378	82,163	11.2	1,012,256	86,691	8.6	52
345,710	88,588	25.6	199,749	46,009	23.0	270,843	48,932	18.1	163,418	24,137	14.8	432,652	54,513	12.6	312,479	31,063	9.9	53
84,825	28,928	34.1	95,307	28,127	29.5	61,912	14,611	23.6	73,474	13,652	18.6	89,628	13,063	14.6	122,498	13,779	11.2	54
200,885	59,660	22.9	104,442	17,882	17.1	208,931	34,321	16.4	89,944	10,485	11.7	342,424	41,450	12.1	189,981	17,284	9.1	55
10,239	1,973	19.3	7,388	1,037	14.0	9,307	1,531	16.3	6,916	891	12.9	24,156	3,198	13.2	17,648	1,804	10.2	56
9,544	1,852	19.4	4,651	622	13.4	8,733	1,428	16.4	4,554	540	11.9	22,395	2,977	13.3	12,941	1,235	9.5	57
695	121	17.4	2,737	415	15.2	634	103	16.2	2,356	351	14.9	1,761	221	12.5	4,707	569	12.1	58
152,574	29,147	19.1	213,254	21,052	10.2	136,228	16,328	12.0	235,639	15,909	6.8	223,750	17,068	7.9	505,440	40,660	7.2	59
120,666	21,759	18.0	116,278	12,408	10.7	107,179	12,472	11.6	129,618	9,122	7.1	172,239	13,372	7.8	334,744	25,390	7.0	60
31,908	7,388	23.2	96,976	9,244	9.5	29,049	3,856	13.3	106,021	6,847	6.4	51,511	4,296	8.3	230,696	17,270	7.5	61
4,714	747	15.8	22,195	2,267	10.2	4,909	771	15.7	21,529	2,308	10.7	19,522	2,047	10.5	45,708	5,334	11.7	62
2,664	377	18.3	3,409	422	12.4	2,190	349	15.9	4,019	473	11.8	8,323	686	8.2	13,966	1,445	10.3	63
2,050	370	14.0	18,786	1,845	9.8	2,719	422	15.5	17,510	1,835	10.5	11,190	1,361	12.2	31,742	3,889	12.3	64
21,414	5,268	24.6	43,452	5,444	12.5	20,759	3,856	18.6	43,972	4,441	10.1	36,898	4,737	12.8	71,011	7,830	11.0	65
3,264	811	24.8	16,318	2,050	12.6	2,996	557	18.6	14,240	1,451	10.2	3,787	521	13.8	15,736	1,907	12.1	66
1,317	286	21.7	5,157	456	8.8	1,360	242	17.8	5,926	560	9.6	2,973	396	13.3	13,293	1,458	11.0	67
16,833	4,171	24.8	21,977	2,938	13.4	16,403	3,057	18.6	23,806	2,421	10.2	30,138	3,820	12.7	41,982	4,465	10.6	68
NEGRO.																		
161,855	54,071	33.7	537,504	212,271	39.5	68,851	37,431	54.4	366,591	141,371	39.2	73,112	37,759	51.1	506,163	187,337	37.0	69
26,044	12,570	48.3	15,956	6,896	43.0	16,440	7,707	46.9	10,731	4,301	40.1	15,889	7,068	44.5	14,222	4,881	34.3	70
3,041	1,710	47.0	2,592	1,239	47.8	2,558	1,216	47.5	1,895	845	44.6	2,925	1,294	44.2	2,465	977	39.6	71
22,403	10,860	48.5	13,364	5,627	42.1	13,882	6,491	46.8	8,836	3,456	39.1	12,964	5,774	44.5	11,757	3,904	33.2	72
33,170	21,043	63.4	222,063	87,538	39.4	23,909	15,392	64.4	153,587	60,333	39.3	26,304	15,641	59.5	216,940	80,221	37.0	73
22,486	14,031	62.4	53,965	17,203	31.9	10,648	10,421	62.6	42,017	12,916	30.7	18,904	10,940	57.9	61,890	18,416	29.8	74
10,684	7,012	65.6	168,098	70,335	41.8	7,261	4,971	68.5	111,570	47,473	42.5	7,400	4,701	63.5	155,050	61,805	39.9	75
19,890	8,681	43.6	23,365	6,185	26.5	13,031	5,046	45.3	17,750	4,511	25.4	12,351	4,993	40.4	26,838	6,542	24.4	76
11,159	4,675	41.9	12,071	3,144	26.6	7,480	3,110	41.6	9,163	2,216	24.2	6,995	2,589	37.3	13,745	3,080	22.4	77
8,731	4,006	45.9	11,294	3,041	26.9	5,551	2,530	45.7	8,587	2,295	26.7	5,456	2,424	44.4	13,093	3,462	26.4	78
21,602	11,836	54.9	374,371	111,085	40.5	14,548	8,264	56.8	177,213	71,075	40.4	18,061	9,735	53.8	247,028	95,281	38.6	79
12,637	7,548	59.7	164,125	71,549	43.6	8,565	5,173	60.4	108,105	47,114	43.6	9,928	5,615	56.6	153,661	63,007	41.0	80
8,965	4,308	48.1	110,246	39,536	35.9	5,983	3,091	51.7	69,108	24,561	35.5	8,133	4,110	50.5	93,362	32,274	34.6	81
1,1	521	45.3	1,749	597	34.1	923	422	45.7	1,310	501	38.2	837	332	39.7	1,140	412	36.1	82
80	238	49.6	924	319	34.5	368	197	53.5	628	248	39.5	316	145	45.9	457	185	40.5	83
29	14	(1)	151	77	51.0	23	16	(1)	107	50	46.7	17	8	(1)	73	33	(1)	84
640	269	42.0	674	201	29.8	532	269	50.3	575	203	35.3	504	179	35.5	616	194	31.8	85

TABLE 13.—DISTRIBUTION, BY RACE AND NATIVITY, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY OCCUPATION, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.										
	Number.						Per cent.				
	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.	Indian and Mongolian.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro.	Indian and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.			
All occupations	4,833,630	1,771,966	1,090,744	840,011	1,119,621	11,288	36.7	22.6	17.4	23.2	0.2
Agricultural pursuits	770,055	264,639	25,763	40,874	434,041	4,738	34.4	3.3	5.3	56.4	0.6
Agricultural laborers	456,405	82,565	6,236	4,543	361,804	1,257	18.1	1.4	1.0	79.3	0.3
Farmers, planters, and overseers	307,706	179,448	18,663	34,975	71,665	2,955	58.3	6.1	11.4	23.3	1.0
Other agricultural pursuits	5,944	2,626	864	1,356	572	526	44.2	14.5	22.8	9.6	8.8
Professional service	429,497	275,110	112,767	26,827	15,508	285	64.1	26.3	6.0	3.6	0.1
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	6,661	3,404	1,983	1,020	246	8	55.1	29.8	15.3	3.7	0.1
Artists and teachers of art	10,907	7,584	2,361	875	83	4	69.5	21.6	8.0	0.8	(1)
Literary and scientific persons	5,934	4,435	1,183	361	25	.....	74.1	19.4	6.0	0.4	.....
Musicians and teachers of music	52,010	34,138	13,347	3,349	1,159	17	65.6	25.7	6.4	2.2	(1)
Officials (government)	8,119	6,127	1,520	415	50	7	75.5	18.7	5.1	0.6	0.1
Physicians and surgeons	7,387	4,882	1,274	1,063	180	8	66.1	17.2	14.4	2.2	0.1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	327,206	207,823	88,449	17,218	13,478	238	63.5	27.0	5.3	4.1	0.1
Other professional service	11,223	6,717	2,070	1,526	307	3	59.9	23.8	13.6	2.7	(1)
Domestic and personal service	1,953,467	535,156	325,788	455,744	634,083	2,696	27.4	16.7	23.3	32.5	0.1
Barbers and hairdressers	5,440	1,670	1,775	1,002	981	12	30.7	32.6	18.4	18.0	0.2
Boarding and lodging house keepers	69,455	31,756	9,784	14,305	3,576	34	53.4	16.5	24.1	6.0	0.1
Hotel keepers	8,533	5,040	1,518	1,807	152	16	59.1	17.8	21.2	1.8	0.2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	146,929	77,912	29,178	30,331	9,406	102	53.0	19.9	20.6	6.4	0.1
Janitors and sextons	8,010	1,348	1,916	3,889	854	3	16.8	23.9	48.6	10.7	(1)
Laborers (not specified)	106,916	21,039	6,778	7,925	70,112	462	20.2	6.3	7.4	65.6	0.4
Laundresses	328,935	41,643	28,727	42,774	215,042	749	12.7	8.7	13.0	65.4	0.2
Nurses and midwives	108,691	43,764	19,505	26,702	18,672	48	40.3	17.9	24.6	17.2	(1)
Servants and waitresses	1,165,561	305,883	223,327	322,062	313,078	1,211	26.2	19.2	27.6	26.9	0.1
Other domestic and personal service	14,997	4,501	3,280	4,947	2,310	59	30.0	21.9	33.0	14.7	0.4
Trade and transportation	481,159	223,840	193,528	59,773	3,920	98	46.5	40.2	12.4	0.8	(1)
Agents	10,468	6,641	2,247	1,313	265	2	63.4	21.5	12.5	2.5	(1)
Bookkeepers and accountants	72,896	35,896	30,610	6,194	189	7	49.2	42.0	8.5	0.3	(1)
Clerks and copyists	81,000	40,684	32,099	7,368	539	10	50.6	39.6	9.1	0.7	(1)
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	33,825	10,462	8,218	14,254	856	35	30.9	24.3	42.1	2.5	0.1
Packers and shippers	17,062	6,091	8,309	2,425	224	2	35.7	48.7	14.2	1.3	(1)
Saleswomen	142,205	60,120	64,857	16,896	378	14	42.3	45.6	11.9	0.3	(1)
Stenographers and typewriters	85,086	45,373	33,688	5,845	174	6	53.3	39.6	6.9	0.2	(1)
Telegraph and telephone operators	21,980	12,011	8,601	1,355	11	2	54.6	39.1	6.2	0.1	(1)
Other persons in trade and transportation	16,587	6,282	4,899	4,122	1,284	20	37.8	29.5	24.9	7.7	0.1
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	1,199,452	473,221	432,898	257,793	32,069	3,471	39.5	36.1	21.5	2.7	0.3
Bookbinders	14,303	4,487	8,207	1,575	34	.....	31.4	57.4	11.0	0.2	.....
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	36,490	14,720	16,500	5,261	66	3	40.3	45.2	14.3	0.2	(1)
Boxmakers (paper)	14,498	4,620	7,793	2,041	44	.....	31.9	53.8	14.1	0.3	.....
Confectioners	7,805	2,315	3,528	1,894	67	1	29.7	45.2	24.3	0.9	(1)
Glovemakers	7,170	3,999	2,138	1,014	10	39	55.4	29.8	14.1	0.1	0.5
Gold and silver workers	5,787	1,607	3,029	1,129	2	.....	27.8	52.5	19.6	(1)	.....
Paper and pulp mill operatives	8,709	2,558	3,899	2,227	25	.....	29.4	44.8	25.6	0.3	.....
Printers, lithographers, and pressworkers	15,353	8,453	5,703	1,100	96	1	55.1	37.1	7.2	0.6	(1)
Rubber factory operatives	6,945	1,257	3,507	2,180	1	.....	18.1	50.5	31.4	(1)	.....
Textile mill operatives	231,458	74,617	77,521	78,833	481	6	32.2	33.5	34.1	0.2	(1)
Carpet factory operatives	8,332	2,164	3,648	2,513	7	.....	26.0	43.8	30.2	0.1	.....
Cotton mill operatives	97,181	35,079	20,299	41,514	289	.....	36.1	20.9	42.7	0.3	.....
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	28,293	12,333	10,006	5,339	15	.....	43.6	37.5	18.9	0.1	.....
Silk mill operatives	26,432	8,571	11,304	6,513	44	.....	32.4	42.8	24.6	0.2	.....
Woolen mill operatives	27,169	6,803	11,380	8,916	70	.....	25.0	41.9	32.8	0.3	.....
Other textile mill operatives	44,051	9,667	20,284	14,038	56	6	21.9	46.0	31.9	0.1	(1)
Textile workers	675,255	293,604	232,297	122,847	24,385	2,042	43.5	34.4	18.2	3.6	0.3
Dressmakers	338,144	152,821	117,287	55,523	12,418	95	45.2	34.7	16.4	3.7	(1)
Hat and cap makers	7,049	2,491	2,987	1,569	2	.....	35.3	42.4	22.3	(1)	.....
Milliners	82,936	45,180	28,748	8,829	169	4	54.5	34.7	10.6	0.2	(1)
Seamstresses	178,724	80,223	41,888	25,050	11,296	267	43.4	30.2	18.1	8.1	0.2
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	37,788	11,412	11,045	4,568	109	4	41.1	42.0	16.5	0.4	(1)
Tailoresses	61,571	14,087	23,631	23,447	301	105	22.9	38.4	38.1	0.5	0.2
Other textile workers	19,043	7,444	6,091	3,831	90	1,587	39.1	32.0	20.1	0.5	8.3
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	37,126	12,750	10,028	9,705	4,639	3	34.3	27.0	26.1	12.5	(1)
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	138,574	48,204	58,748	28,047	2,219	1,356	34.8	42.4	20.2	1.6	1.0

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

TABLE 14.—TOTAL NUMBER OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND OCCUPATION, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION[1]): 1900 AND 1890.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.									
	1900					1890				
	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
All occupations	5,007,009	1,825,850	1,138,129	861,963	1,181,127	3,712,144	1,310,148	774,751	756,006	871,239
Agricultural pursuits	811,744	274,332	26,653	41,165	469,594	595,134	190,789	12,817	33,179	358,349
Agricultural laborers	497,886	92,201	7,114	4,800	393,771	363,554	49,935	2,998	2,661	307,960
Farmers, planters, and overseers	307,788	179,475	18,665	34,982	74,666	226,427	138,742	8,954	29,106	49,625
Other agricultural pursuits	6,070	2,656	874	1,383	1,157	5,153	2,112	865	1,412	764
Professional service	430,766	275,765	113,112	26,002	15,887	311,241	211,716	71,093	19,587	8,845
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	6,819	3,484	2,022	1,046	267	4,491	2,470	1,064	876	81
Artists and teachers of art	10,989	7,621	2,393	886	89	10,775	7,912	2,008	788	67
Literary and scientific persons	5,989	4,439	1,164	361	25	2,764	2,083	451	207	23
Musicians and teachers of music	52,257	34,204	13,423	3,373	1,197	34,435	23,676	7,585	2,568	606
Officials (government)	8,126	6,132	1,522	415	57	4,875	3,768	749	333	25
Physicians and surgeons	7,399	4,886	1,276	1,067	170	4,557	3,202	550	572	133
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	327,905	208,193	88,630	17,314	13,768	245,839	166,207	67,999	13,793	7,840
Other professional service	11,282	6,746	2,682	1,540	314	3,505	2,398	587	450	70
Domestic and personal service	2,012,040	554,903	341,604	462,119	653,414	1,590,187	427,251	236,322	451,681	474,933
Barbers and hairdressers	5,533	1,701	1,804	1,026	1,002	2,779	774	927	562	516
Boarding and lodging house keepers	59,511	31,773	9,797	14,326	3,615	32,593	17,030	4,018	9,736	1,809
Hotel keepers	8,545	5,045	1,518	1,811	171	5,276	3,146	635	1,369	126
Housekeepers and stewardesses	147,103	77,993	29,209	30,348	9,553	85,089	46,823	11,280	19,775	8,211
Janitors and sextons	8,028	1,353	1,924	3,890	861	2,803	471	565	1,323	444
Laborers (not specified)	111,503	22,613	7,304	8,189	73,397	50,321	7,734	3,086	4,481	35,020
Laundresses	332,065	42,322	29,641	43,107	217,595	215,121	19,517	12,698	31,905	151,001
Nurses and midwives	108,978	43,886	19,546	26,750	18,816	41,396	17,480	5,847	13,164	4,905
Servants and waitresses	1,213,828	323,703	237,539	327,700	324,886	1,145,255	311,479	195,841	366,097	272,038
Other domestic and personal service	16,346	4,534	3,322	4,972	3,518	8,554	2,797	1,625	3,269	863
Trade and transportation	494,126	238,349	199,864	61,776	4,137	222,553	100,529	86,019	33,714	2,291
Agents	10,538	6,677	2,271	1,318	272	4,853	3,346	808	636	63
Bookkeepers and accountants	73,830	36,200	31,070	6,347	203	27,806	14,872	10,534	2,145	55
Clerks and copyists	83,726	41,918	33,364	7,885	559	62,817	31,431	24,741	6,299	346
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	34,006	10,506	8,286	14,298	916	25,284	7,407	5,219	12,010	648
Packers and shippers	18,673	6,711	9,123	2,605	234	6,147	1,836	3,340	930	41
Saleswomen	140,577	61,561	67,054	17,553	409	57,171	21,781	28,537	6,713	140
Stenographers and typewriters	85,912	45,669	34,100	5,960	183	21,214	12,861	6,966	1,356	31
Telegraph and telephone operators	22,454	12,284	8,771	1,386	13	8,403	4,204	3,393	750	56
Other persons in trade and transportation	18,418	6,823	5,825	4,424	1,346	9,058	2,791	2,481	2,875	911
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	1,258,393	492,501	456,896	270,901	38,095	993,029	379,863	308,500	217,845	26,821
Bookbinders	15,171	4,797	8,867	1,673	34	11,271	3,044	6,930	1,253	14
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	38,285	15,410	17,364	5,440	71	32,948	13,892	14,543	4,431	82
Boxmakers (paper)	15,992	5,063	8,564	2,321	44	12,325	3,739	6,969	1,612	5
Confectioners	8,586	2,555	3,885	2,073	73	5,328	1,283	2,188	1,774	73
Glovemakers	7,543	4,100	2,317	1,072	54	3,608	2,017	1,115	471	5
Gold and silver workers	6,158	1,705	3,244	1,207	2	3,253	1,036	1,693	524	
Paper and pulp mill operatives	9,164	2,689	4,120	2,330	25	8,719	2,298	3,706	2,694	21
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	15,770	8,602	5,867	1,142	99	12,026	6,260	4,665	1,030	71
Rubber factory operatives	7,238	2,333	3,669	3,234	2	6,331	1,190	3,330	1,808	3
Textile mill operatives	250,376	82,228	84,211	83,405	532	211,112	55,527	77,471	77,334	780
Carpet factory operatives	8,679	2,250	3,833	2,583	7	10,452	3,247	4,147	3,016	42
Cotton mill operatives	104,944	38,931	21,967	43,731	315	84,220	21,674	23,121	39,182	243
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	31,108	13,598	11,709	5,784	17	19,321	7,217	8,129	3,951	24
Silk mill operatives	29,200	9,633	12,535	6,960	52	19,108	4,072	9,665	5,358	13
Woolen mill operatives	28,961	7,316	12,157	9,415	73	34,428	7,644	16,081	10,663	70
Other textile mill operatives	47,484	10,474	22,010	14,932	68	43,583	11,673	16,398	15,164	388
Textile workers	693,158	298,388	240,253	127,463	27,054	588,277	260,129	203,952	103,862	20,334
Dressmakers	342,579	153,912	119,686	56,381	12,601	290,308	129,768	103,056	49,846	7,638
Hat and cap makers	7,398	2,588	3,112	1,696	2	6,562	2,364	2,030	1,154	4
Milliners	85,025	45,943	28,718	9,187	177	60,653	34,855	18,194	7,240	364
Seamstresses	145,270	61,517	43,622	26,236	11,895	143,339	69,806	40,761	21,000	11,772
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	29,509	12,118	12,324	4,942	125	15,534	5,140	7,347	2,993	54
Tailoresses	65,353	14,657	25,275	24,961	460	61,488	15,528	26,250	19,265	445
Other textile workers	20,024	7,653	6,517	4,060	1,794	10,403	2,668	5,314	2,364	57
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	40,325	13,866	11,249	10,411	4,799	25,853	7,014	8,070	6,714	4,055
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	150,627	51,705	63,486	30,130	5,306	71,978	22,434	33,858	14,508	1,378

[1] Comprises in 1900 continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad; in 1890, continental United States only.

TABLE 15.—PER CENT DISTRIBUTION, BY RACE AND NATIVITY, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY OCCUPATION, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION[1]): 1900 AND 1890.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.							
	Per cent native white—				Per cent foreign born white.		Per cent negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	
	Both parents native.		One or both parents foreign born.					
	1900	1890	1900	1890	1900	1890	1900	1890
All occupations	36.5	35.3	22.7	20.9	17.2	20.4	23.6	23.5
Agricultural pursuits	33.8	32.1	3.3	2.2	5.1	5.6	57.9	60.2
Agricultural laborers	18.5	13.7	1.4	0.8	1.0	0.7	79.1	84.7
Farmers, planters, and overseers	58.3	61.3	6.1	4.0	11.4	12.9	24.3	21.9
Other agricultural pursuits	43.8	41.0	14.4	16.8	22.8	27.4	19.1	14.8
Professional service	64.0	68.0	26.3	22.8	6.0	6.3	3.7	2.8
Actresses, professional show-women, etc.	51.1	55.0	23.7	23.7	15.3	19.5	3.9	1.8
Artists and teachers of art	69.4	73.4	21.8	18.6	8.1	7.3	0.8	0.6
Literary and scientific persons	74.1	75.4	19.4	16.3	6.0	7.5	0.4	0.8
Musicians and teachers of music	65.6	68.8	25.7	22.0	8.5	7.5	2.3	1.8
Officials (government)	75.5	77.3	18.7	15.4	5.1	6.8	0.7	0.5
Physicians and surgeons	66.0	70.8	17.2	14.3	14.4	12.6	2.3	2.9
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	63.5	67.6	27.0	23.6	5.3	5.6	4.2	3.2
Other professional service	59.8	58.4	23.8	16.7	13.7	12.8	2.8	2.0
Domestic and personal service	27.6	26.9	17.0	14.9	23.0	28.4	32.5	29.9
Barbers and hairdressers	30.7	27.9	32.6	33.4	18.5	20.2	18.1	18.6
Boarding and lodging house keepers	53.4	52.3	16.5	12.3	24.1	29.9	6.1	5.6
Hotel keepers	59.0	59.6	17.8	12.0	21.2	25.9	2.0	2.4
Housekeepers and stewardesses	53.0	54.4	19.9	13.1	20.6	23.0	6.5	8.5
Janitors and sextons	16.9	16.8	24.0	20.2	48.5	47.2	10.7	15.8
Laborers (not specified)	20.3	15.4	6.6	6.1	7.3	8.9	65.8	69.6
Laundresses	12.7	9.1	8.9	5.9	13.0	14.8	65.4	70.2
Nurses and midwives	40.3	42.2	17.9	14.1	24.5	31.8	17.3	11.8
Servants and waitresses	26.7	27.2	16.6	17.1	27.0	32.0	26.8	23.8
Other domestic and personal service	27.7	32.7	20.3	19.0	30.4	38.2	21.5	10.1
Trade and transportation	46.2	45.2	40.4	38.7	12.5	15.1	0.8	1.0
Agents	63.4	68.9	21.6	16.6	12.5	13.1	2.6	1.3
Bookkeepers and accountants	49.0	53.9	42.1	38.2	8.6	7.8	0.3	0.2
Clerks and copyists	50.1	50.0	38.8	39.4	9.4	10.0	0.7	0.6
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	30.9	29.3	24.4	20.6	42.0	47.5	2.7	2.6
Packers and shippers	35.9	29.9	48.9	54.3	14.0	15.1	1.3	0.7
Saleswomen	42.0	38.1	45.7	49.9	12.0	11.7	0.3	0.2
Stenographers and typewriters	53.2	60.6	36.7	32.8	6.9	6.4	0.2	0.1
Telegraph and telephone operators	54.7	50.0	36.1	40.4	6.2	8.9	0.1	0.7
Other persons in trade and transportation	37.0	30.8	31.6	27.4	24.0	31.7	7.3	10.1
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	39.1	38.3	36.3	37.1	21.5	21.9	3.0	2.7
Bookbinders	31.6	27.0	57.1	61.5	11.0	11.4	0.2	0.1
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	40.3	42.2	45.4	44.1	14.2	13.4	0.2	0.2
Boxmakers (paper)	31.7	30.3	53.5	56.5	14.5	13.1	0.3	(2)
Confectioners	29.8	24.1	45.2	41.3	24.1	33.3	0.9	1.4
Glovemakers	54.4	55.9	30.7	30.9	14.2	13.1	0.7	0.1
Gold and silver workers	37.7	31.8	52.7	52.0	19.6	16.1	(2)	
Paper and pulp mill operatives	39.3	26.4	45.0	42.5	25.4	30.9	0.3	0.2
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	54.9	52.1	37.2	38.8	7.2	8.6	0.6	0.6
Rubber factory operatives	18.4	13.8	50.7	52.6	30.9	28.5	(2)	(2)
Textile mill operatives	32.8	26.3	33.6	36.7	33.3	36.6	0.2	0.4
Carpet factory operatives	26.0	31.1	44.2	39.7	29.8	28.9	0.1	0.4
Cotton mill operatives	37.1	25.7	20.9	27.5	41.7	46.5	0.3	0.3
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	43.7	37.4	37.8	42.1	18.6	20.4	0.1	0.1
Silk mill operatives	33.1	21.3	42.9	50.6	23.8	28.0	0.2	0.1
Woolen mill operatives	25.3	22.2	42.0	46.6	32.5	31.0	0.3	0.2
Other textile mill operatives	32.1	26.8	48.4	37.5	31.4	34.8	0.1	0.9
Textile workers	43.0	44.2	34.7	34.7	18.4	17.7	3.9	3.5
Dressmakers	44.9	44.7	34.9	35.5	16.5	17.2	3.7	2.6
Hat and cap makers	35.0	36.1	42.1	46.2	22.9	17.6	(2)	0.1
Milliners	54.0	57.5	35.0	30.0	10.8	11.9	0.2	0.6
Seamstresses	42.9	43.7	30.4	28.4	18.3	14.7	8.3	8.2
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	41.1	33.1	41.8	47.3	16.7	19.3	0.4	0.3
Tailoresses	22.4	25.3	38.7	42.7	38.2	31.3	0.7	0.7
Other textile workers	38.2	25.6	32.5	51.1	20.3	22.7	9.0	0.8
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	34.4	27.1	27.9	31.2	25.8	25.0	11.9	15.7
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	34.3	31.2	42.1	47.0	20.0	19.9	3.5	1.9

[1] Comprises in 1900 continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad; in 1890, continental United States only.

[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

TABLE 16.—PER CENT DISTRIBUTION, BY OCCUPATION, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION[1]): 1900 AND 1890.

OCCUPATION.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION, BY OCCUPATION, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.									
	Total.		Native white—				Foreign born white.		Negro.	
			Both parents native.		One or both parents foreign born.					
	1900	1890	1900	1890	1900	1890	1900	1890	1900	1890
All occupations	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agricultural pursuits	16.2	16.0	15.0	14.6	2.3	1.7	4.8	4.4	39.8	41.2
Agricultural laborers	9.9	9.8	5.0	3.8	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	33.5	35.5
Farmers, planters, and overseers	6.1	6.1	9.8	10.6	1.6	1.2	4.1	3.8	6.2	5.7
Other agricultural pursuits	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
Professional service	8.6	8.4	15.1	16.2	9.9	9.2	3.0	2.6	1.3	1.0
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	(2)	(2)
Artists and teachers of art	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	(2)	(2)
Literary and scientific persons	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Musicians and teachers of music	1.0	0.9	1.9	1.8	1.2	1.0	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.1
Officials (government)	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Physicians and surgeons	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	(2)	(2)
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	6.5	6.6	11.4	12.7	7.8	7.5	2.0	1.8	1.2	0.9
Other professional service	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	(2)	(2)
Domestic and personal service	40.2	42.8	30.4	32.6	30.0	30.5	53.6	59.7	55.8	54.5
Barbers and hairdressers	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Boarding and lodging house keepers	1.2	0.9	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.5	1.7	1.3	0.3	0.2
Hotel keepers	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	(2)	(2)
Housekeepers and stewardesses	2.9	2.3	4.3	3.6	2.0	1.5	3.5	2.6	0.8	0.9
Janitors and sextons	0.2	0.1	0.1	(2)	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1
Laborers (not specified)	2.2	1.4	1.2	0.6	0.6	0.4	1.0	0.6	6.3	4.0
Laundresses	6.6	5.8	2.3	1.5	2.6	1.6	5.0	4.2	18.6	17.3
Nurses and midwives	2.2	1.1	2.4	1.3	1.7	0.8	3.1	1.7	1.6	0.6
Servants and waitresses	24.2	30.9	17.7	23.8	20.9	25.3	38.0	48.4	27.8	31.2
Other domestic and personal service	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.1
Trade and transportation	9.9	6.0	12.5	7.7	17.6	11.1	7.2	4.5	0.3	0.3
Agents	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	(2)	(2)
Bookkeepers and accountants	1.5	0.7	2.0	1.1	2.7	1.4	0.7	0.3	(2)	(2)
Clerks and copyists	1.7	1.7	2.3	2.4	2.9	3.2	0.9	0.8	(2)	(2)
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.7	1.6	0.1	0.1
Packers and shippers	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.1	(2)	(2)
Saleswomen	2.0	1.5	3.4	1.7	3.9	3.7	2.0	0.9	(2)	(2)
Stenographers and typewriters	1.7	0.6	2.5	1.0	3.0	0.9	0.7	0.2	(2)	(2)
Telegraph and telephone operators	0.4	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.1	(2)	(2)
Other persons in trade and transportation	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.1
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	25.1	26.8	27.0	29.0	40.1	47.6	31.4	28.8	2.8	3.0
Bookbinders	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.8	0.9	0.2	0.2	(2)	(2)
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	0.8	0.9	0.8	1.1	1.5	1.9	0.6	0.6	(2)	(2)
Boxmakers (paper)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.2	(2)	(2)
Confectioners	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	(2)	(2)
Glovemakers	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	(2)	(2)
Gold and silver workers	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	(2)	
Paper and pulp mill operatives	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.4	(2)	(2)
Printers, lithographers, and pressewomen	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.1	0.1	(2)	(2)
Rubber factory operatives	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	(2)	(2)
Textile mill operatives	5.0	5.7	4.5	4.2	7.4	10.0	9.7	10.2	(2)	0.1
Carpet factory operatives	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.4	(2)	(2)
Cotton mill operatives	2.1	2.3	2.1	1.7	1.9	3.0	5.1	5.2	(2)	(2)
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.6	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.5	(2)	(2)
Silk mill operatives	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.3	1.1	1.2	0.8	0.7	(2)	(2)
Woolen mill operatives	0.6	0.9	0.4	0.6	1.1	2.1	1.1	1.4	(2)	(2)
Other textile mill operatives	0.9	1.2	0.6	0.9	1.9	2.1	1.7	2.0	(2)	(2)
Textile workers	13.8	15.8	16.3	19.9	21.1	28.3	14.8	13.7	2.1	2.3
Dressmakers	6.8	7.8	8.4	9.9	10.5	13.3	6.5	6.6	1.1	0.9
Hat and cap makers	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2	(2)	(2)
Milliners	1.7	1.6	2.5	2.7	2.6	2.3	1.1	1.0	(2)	(2)
Seamstresses	2.9	3.9	3.4	5.3	3.8	5.3	3.0	2.8	1.0	1.3
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	0.6	0.4	0.7	0.4	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.4	(2)	(2)
Tailoresses	1.3	1.7	0.8	1.2	2.2	3.4	2.9	2.5	(2)	(2)
Other textile workers	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.3	(2)	(2)
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.2	0.9	0.4	0.5
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	3.0	1.9	2.8	1.7	5.6	4.4	3.5	1.9	0.2	0.1

[1] Comprises in 1900 continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad; in 1890, continental United States only.
[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

TABLE 17.—DISTRIBUTION, BY AGE PERIODS, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND OCCUPATION, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION[1]): 1900.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS.											
	16 years of age and over.	16 to 24 years of age.		25 to 34 years of age.		35 to 44 years of age.		45 to 54 years of age.		55 years of age and over.		Age unknown.	
		Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.
All occupations	4,843,155	2,139,370	44.2	1,171,952	24.2	676,548	14.0	441,457	9.1	395,617	8.2	18,211	0.4
Agricultural pursuits	772,731	262,633	34.0	125,062	16.2	114,452	14.8	116,879	15.1	150,225	19.4	3,480	0.5
Agricultural laborers	458,975	250,029	54.5	94,410	20.6	52,321	11.4	34,563	7.5	25,495	5.6	2,157	0.5
Farmers, planters, and overseers	307,788	11,632	3.8	29,761	9.7	61,004	19.8	81,078	26.3	123,010	40.0	1,303	0.4
Other agricultural pursuits	5,968	972	16.3	891	14.9	1,127	18.9	1,238	20.7	1,720	28.8	20	0.3
Professional service	430,067	188,178	43.8	147,800	34.4	56,213	13.1	23,737	5.5	12,975	3.0	1,164	0.3
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	6,713	3,279	48.8	2,462	36.7	677	10.1	194	2.9	74	1.1	27	0.4
Artists and teachers of art	10,913	3,032	27.8	3,915	35.9	2,272	20.8	1,048	9.6	623	5.7	23	0.2
Literary and scientific persons	5,389	1,527	28.5	1,673	31.3	1,200	20.0	742	12.4	632	10.6	15	0.3
Musicians and teachers of music	52,028	22,544	43.3	17,330	33.3	7,494	14.4	3,137	6.0	1,423	2.7	100	0.2
Officials (government)	8,126	2,220	27.3	2,356	29.0	1,607	19.8	1,060	13.0	868	10.7	15	0.2
Physicians and surgeons	7,399	504	6.8	2,065	27.9	2,205	29.8	1,411	19.1	1,177	15.9	37	0.5
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	327,635	152,149	46.4	114,012	34.8	38,475	11.7	14,879	4.5	7,205	2.2	915	0.3
Other professional service	11,264	2,923	25.9	3,787	33.6	2,283	20.3	1,266	11.2	978	8.6	32	0.3
Domestic and personal service	1,956,973	817,623	41.8	463,461	23.7	294,032	15.0	201,320	10.3	168,396	8.7	11,141	0.6
Barbers and hairdressers	5,448	2,071	38.0	1,672	30.7	944	17.3	486	8.9	266	4.9	9	0.2
Boarding and lodging house keepers	59,511	1,874	3.1	10,060	16.9	17,298	29.1	16,064	27.0	14,104	23.7	111	0.2
Hotel keepers	8,543	222	2.6	1,190	13.9	2,457	28.8	2,457	28.8	2,200	25.7	19	0.2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	147,103	41,413	28.2	31,621	21.5	26,838	18.3	22,511	15.3	24,189	16.4	514	0.3
Janitors and sextons	8,012	483	6.0	1,716	21.4	2,695	33.6	1,914	23.9	1,185	14.8	19	0.2
Laborers (not specified)	107,081	42,021	39.2	23,791	22.2	16,794	15.7	12,225	11.4	11,628	10.9	622	0.6
Laundresses	329,359	76,576	23.3	81,352	24.7	77,004	23.4	54,028	16.4	37,457	11.4	2,852	0.9
Nurses and midwives	108,978	28,021	25.7	28,078	25.8	17,537	16.1	15,389	14.1	19,338	17.7	615	0.6
Servants and waitresses	1,166,708	622,494	53.4	280,416	24.0	127,966	11.0	73,069	6.3	56,858	4.9	5,905	0.5
Other domestic and personal service	16,228	2,448	15.1	3,565	22.0	4,322	26.9	3,177	19.6	2,201	13.6	475	2.9
Trade and transportation	481,380	272,060	56.5	130,201	27.0	44,678	9.3	19,782	4.1	13,954	2.9	695	0.1
Agents	10,472	1,856	17.7	2,570	24.5	2,511	24.0	1,892	18.1	1,603	15.3	40	0.4
Bookkeepers and accountants	72,923	41,856	57.4	23,597	32.4	5,673	7.8	1,288	1.8	430	0.6	84	0.1
Clerks and copyists	81,023	48,068	59.3	21,728	26.8	7,083	8.7	2,776	3.4	1,256	1.6	112	0.1
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	33,872	2,902	8.6	6,834	20.2	9,417	27.8	7,392	21.8	7,256	21.4	71	0.2
Packers and shippers	17,052	12,791	75.0	2,073	17.4	836	4.9	311	1.8	137	0.8	4	(2)
Saleswomen	142,290	88,626	62.3	37,911	26.6	10,948	7.7	3,334	2.3	1,295	0.9	176	0.1
Stenographers and typewriters	85,126	53,816	63.2	26,001	30.5	4,351	5.1	876	0.8	162	0.2	120	0.1
Telegraph and telephone operators	21,999	15,637	71.1	4,979	22.6	975	4.4	293	1.3	97	0.4	28	0.1
Other persons in trade and transportation	16,618	6,517	39.2	3,608	21.7	2,885	17.4	1,820	11.0	1,728	10.4	60	0.4
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	1,202,004	598,867	49.8	305,428	25.4	167,172	13.9	79,739	6.6	49,067	4.1	1,731	0.1
Bookbinders	14,306	9,282	64.9	3,475	24.3	983	6.9	353	2.5	207	1.4	6	(2)
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	36,490	19,830	54.3	9,873	27.1	4,557	12.5	1,634	4.5	547	1.5	49	0.1
Boxmakers (paper)	14,498	10,322	71.2	3,015	20.8	832	5.7	250	1.7	74	0.5	5	(2)
Confectioners	7,810	4,822	61.7	1,297	16.6	827	10.6	457	5.9	401	5.1	6	0.1
Glovemakers	7,175	3,555	49.5	1,730	24.1	993	13.8	569	7.9	322	4.5	6	0.1
Gold and silver workers	5,767	3,895	67.5	1,269	22.0	431	7.5	131	2.3	41	0.7		
Paper and pulp mill operatives	8,709	5,227	60.0	1,947	22.4	855	9.8	470	5.4	202	2.3	8	0.1
Printers, lithographers, and presswomen	15,361	9,256	60.3	4,348	28.3	1,174	7.6	428	2.8	134	0.9	21	0.1
Rubber factory operatives	6,945	3,993	57.5	2,096	30.2	638	9.1	159	2.3	50	0.7	12	0.2
Textile mill operatives	231,458	146,126	63.1	51,236	22.1	21,560	9.3	8,363	3.6	3,816	1.6	357	0.2
Carpet factory operatives	8,332	4,030	48.4	2,078	24.9	1,030	12.4	540	6.5	651	7.8	3	(2)
Cotton mill operatives	97,181	59,955	61.7	21,769	22.4	10,006	10.3	3,875	4.0	1,433	1.5	143	0.1
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	28,293	19,703	70.0	5,535	19.6	1,893	6.7	731	2.6	311	1.1	30	0.1
Silk mill operatives	26,432	19,116	72.3	5,082	19.2	1,519	5.7	461	1.7	175	0.7	79	0.3
Woolen mill operatives	27,189	16,025	59.0	6,794	25.0	2,812	10.4	1,097	4.0	384	1.4	57	0.2
Other textile mill operatives	44,051	27,207	61.8	9,978	22.7	4,300	9.8	1,659	3.8	862	2.0	45	0.1
Textile workers	675,948	271,623	40.2	188,375	27.9	117,595	17.4	59,128	8.7	38,231	5.7	996	0.1
Dressmakers	338,290	110,355	32.6	103,421	30.6	70,719	20.9	34,548	10.2	18,795	5.6	452	0.1
Hat and cap makers	7,049	3,922	55.6	1,833	26.0	795	11.3	325	4.6	167	2.4	7	0.1
Milliners	82,958	40,964	49.4	23,070	27.8	10,778	13.0	4,971	6.0	2,994	3.6	181	0.2
Seamstresses	139,149	59,480	42.7	35,401	25.4	21,728	15.6	12,266	8.8	10,033	7.2	241	0.2
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	27,788	16,321	58.7	6,718	24.2	3,003	10.8	1,120	4.0	599	2.2	27	0.1
Tailoresses	61,612	32,426	52.6	14,149	23.0	8,143	13.2	3,969	6.4	2,856	4.6	69	0.1
Other textile workers	19,102	8,155	42.7	3,783	19.8	2,429	12.7	1,929	10.1	2,787	14.6	19	0.1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	37,126	23,685	63.8	7,657	20.6	3,628	9.8	1,495	4.0	614	1.7	47	0.1
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	140,411	87,251	62.1	29,110	20.7	13,102	9.3	6,302	4.5	4,428	3.2	218	0.2

[1] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.

[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

TABLE 17.—DISTRIBUTION, BY AGE PERIODS, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND OCCUPATION, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION[1]): 1900—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	NATIVE WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
	16 years of age and over.	16 to 24 years of age.		25 to 34 years of age.		35 to 44 years of age.		45 to 54 years of age.		55 years of age and over.		Age unknown.	
		Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.
All occupations	1,773,109	753,286	42.5	399,376	22.5	244,556	13.8	182,214	10.3	188,305	10.6	5,362	0.3
Agricultural pursuits	264,687	55,747	21.1	26,923	10.2	41,532	15.7	54,900	20.7	85,057	32.1	528	0.2
Agricultural laborers	82,584	51,210	62.0	13,859	16.8	8,221	10.0	5,570	6.7	3,590	4.3	134	0.2
Farmers, planters, and overseers	179,475	4,193	2.3	12,688	7.1	32,791	18.3	48,744	27.2	80,672	44.9	387	0.2
Other agricultural pursuits	2,628	344	13.1	376	14.3	520	19.8	586	22.3	795	30.3	7	0.3
Professional service	275,384	122,334	44.4	92,329	33.5	34,766	12.6	15,866	5.8	9,164	3.3	925	0.3
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	3,425	1,645	48.0	1,277	37.3	349	10.2	102	3.0	29	0.8	23	0.7
Artists and teachers of art	7,588	1,915	25.2	2,705	35.6	1,667	22.0	802	10.6	480	6.3	19	0.3
Literary and scientific persons	4,439	1,008	22.7	1,382	31.1	906	20.4	599	13.5	530	11.9	14	0.3
Musicians and teachers of music	34,145	14,795	43.3	11,300	33.1	4,879	14.3	2,134	6.2	955	2.8	81	0.2
Officials (government)	6,132	1,648	26.9	1,736	28.3	1,185	19.3	842	13.7	707	11.5	14	0.2
Physicians and surgeons	4,886	304	6.2	1,304	26.7	1,427	29.2	966	19.8	852	17.4	33	0.7
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	208,030	99,477	47.8	70,422	33.9	22,937	11.0	9,569	4.6	4,911	2.4	714	0.3
Other professional service	6,739	1,542	22.9	2,203	32.7	1,416	21.0	852	12.6	690	10.4	27	0.4
Domestic and personal service	535,566	238,844	44.6	103,882	19.4	72,746	13.6	59,348	11.1	58,215	10.9	2,531	0.5
Barbers and hairdressers	1,672	597	35.7	513	30.7	299	17.9	149	8.9	110	6.6	4	0.2
Boarding and lodging house keepers	31,773	884	2.8	4,576	14.4	8,588	27.0	8,929	28.1	8,763	27.6	33	0.1
Hotel keepers	5,045	112	2.2	833	16.9	1,407	27.9	1,443	28.6	1,419	28.1	11	0.2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	77,993	22,163	28.4	14,581	18.7	13,212	16.9	12,905	16.5	14,871	19.1	261	0.3
Janitors and sextons	1,348	115	8.5	247	18.3	419	31.1	320	23.7	241	17.9	6	0.4
Laborers (not specified)	21,705	7,787	35.9	4,086	18.9	3,963	18.3	3,112	14.3	2,668	12.3	77	0.4
Laundresses	41,690	9,987	24.0	8,869	21.3	9,967	23.9	7,619	18.3	5,038	12.1	200	0.5
Nurses and midwives	43,866	9,587	21.9	11,636	26.5	7,045	16.1	6,562	15.0	8,718	19.9	318	0.7
Servants and waitresses	305,975	186,886	61.1	57,718	18.9	26,723	8.7	17,410	5.7	15,633	5.1	1,605	0.5
Other domestic and personal service	4,509	726	16.1	991	22.0	1,123	24.9	899	19.9	754	16.7	16	0.4
Trade and transportation	223,938	121,856	54.4	62,969	28.1	22,504	10.0	9,855	4.4	6,294	2.8	460	0.2
Agents	6,543	1,110	16.7	1,499	22.6	1,583	23.8	1,268	19.1	1,151	17.3	32	0.5
Bookkeepers and accountants	36,911	19,045	53.0	12,035	33.5	3,513	9.8	940	2.6	310	0.9	68	0.2
Clerks and copyists	40,994	22,540	55.0	11,227	27.4	4,318	10.5	1,901	4.6	916	2.2	92	0.2
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	10,471	1,070	10.2	2,222	21.2	2,743	26.2	2,180	20.8	2,238	21.4	18	0.2
Packers and shippers	6,091	4,613	75.7	946	15.5	330	5.4	136	2.2	65	1.1	1	(2)
Saleswomen	60,129	36,195	60.2	15,857	26.4	5,280	8.8	1,943	3.2	743	1.2	111	0.2
Stenographers and typewriters	45,398	26,560	58.5	15,105	33.3	2,990	6.6	525	1.2	120	0.3	98	0.2
Telegraph and telephone operators	12,018	8,437	70.2	2,673	22.2	618	5.1	204	1.7	63	0.5	23	0.2
Other persons in trade and transportation	6,283	2,286	36.4	1,386	22.1	1,129	18.0	738	12.1	688	11.0	27	0.4
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	473,534	214,465	45.3	113,373	23.9	73,003	15.4	42,245	8.9	29,575	6.2	948	0.2
Bookbinders	4,499	2,020	65.0	953	21.2	347	7.7	163	3.6	104	2.3	2	(2)
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	14,720	7,632	51.8	3,591	24.4	2,062	14.0	1,018	6.9	381	2.6	36	0.2
Box makers (paper)	4,620	3,321	71.9	835	18.1	295	6.4	122	2.6	44	1.0	3	0.1
Confectioners	2,315	1,516	65.5	369	15.9	205	8.9	125	5.4	97	4.2	3	0.1
Glovemakers	3,969	1,863	46.9	976	24.6	646	16.3	431	10.9	248	6.2	5	0.1
Gold and silver workers	1,607	1,086	67.6	325	20.2	125	7.8	53	3.3	18	1.1		
Paper and pulp mill operatives	2,588	1,676	65.5	456	17.8	207	8.1	151	5.9	64	2.5	4	0.2
Printers, lithographers, and presswomen	8,457	5,068	60.3	2,322	27.5	649	7.7	288	3.4	88	1.0	12	0.1
Rubber factory operatives	1,257	776	61.7	287	22.8	123	9.8	53	4.2	15	1.2	3	0.2
Textile mill operatives	74,617	51,514	69.0	12,884	17.3	5,645	7.6	2,749	3.7	1,671	2.2	154	0.2
Carpet factory operatives	2,164	853	39.4	356	16.5	295	13.6	259	12.0	400	18.5	1	(2)
Cotton mill operatives	35,079	24,601	70.1	5,986	17.1	2,645	7.5	1,235	3.5	533	1.5	79	0.2
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	12,333	8,801	71.4	2,079	16.9	835	6.8	406	3.3	188	1.5	24	0.2
Silk mill operatives	8,571	6,555	80.0	1,261	14.7	332	3.9	87	1.0	31	0.4	5	0.1
Woolen mill operatives	6,803	4,304	63.3	1,416	20.8	639	9.4	286	4.2	134	2.0	24	0.4
Other textile mill operatives	9,667	6,100	63.1	1,786	18.5	899	9.3	476	4.9	385	4.0	21	0.2
Textile workers	293,832	99,522	33.9	78,329	26.7	56,739	19.3	33,980	11.6	24,639	8.4	623	0.2
Dressmakers	182,866	40,717	26.6	43,551	28.6	35,188	23.0	20,618	13.5	12,505	8.2	287	0.2
Hat and cap makers	2,491	1,267	50.9	596	23.9	317	12.7	192	7.7	114	4.6	5	0.2
Milliners	45,193	20,928	46.3	12,694	28.1	6,245	13.8	3,115	6.9	2,064	4.6	147	0.3
Seamstresses	60,339	21,889	36.3	14,763	24.5	10,455	17.4	6,918	11.5	6,157	10.2	127	0.2
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	11,412	6,814	59.7	2,358	20.7	1,250	11.0	581	5.1	391	3.4	18	0.2
Tailoresses	14,087	5,832	41.4	3,275	23.2	2,154	15.3	1,382	9.8	1,416	10.1	28	0.2
Other textile workers	7,444	2,075	27.9	1,092	14.7	1,100	14.8	1,174	15.8	1,992	26.8	11	0.1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	12,751	8,383	65.8	2,652	20.8	1,051	8.2	422	3.3	226	1.8	15	0.1
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	48,342	20,376	60.8	9,294	19.2	4,914	10.2	2,690	5.6	1,980	4.1	88	0.2

[1] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.
[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

TABLE 17.—DISTRIBUTION, BY AGE PERIODS, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND OCCUPATION, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION[1]): 1900—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	NATIVE WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
	16 years of age and over.	16 to 24 years of age.		25 to 34 years of age.		35 to 44 years of age.		45 to 54 years of age.		55 years of age and over.	Age unknown.	
		Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Number.	Per cent.
All occupations	1,091,200	593,435	54.4	297,916	27.3	130,749	12.0	46,925	4.3	21,350	825	0.1
Agricultural pursuits	26,775	5,592	21.7	3,213	12.5	5,672	22.0	5,645	21.9	5,615	38	0.1
Agricultural laborers	6,243	4,606	73.8	916	14.7	417	6.7	187	3.0	105	12	0.2
Farmers, planters, and overseers	18,665	795	4.3	2,114	11.3	5,040	27.0	5,301	28.4	5,391	24	0.1
Other agricultural pursuits	867	191	22.0	183	21.1	215	24.8	157	18.1	119	2	0.2
Professional service	112,921	50,123	44.4	41,688	36.9	14,963	13.3	4,572	4.0	1,445	130	0.1
Actresses, professional show-women, etc.	1,995	1,057	53.0	695	34.8	181	9.1	47	2.4	13	2	0.1
Artists and teachers of art	2,363	842	35.6	907	38.4	416	17.6	131	5.5	66	1	(2)
Literary and scientific persons	1,164	431	37.0	384	33.0	209	18.0	92	7.9	48	4.1	.....
Musicians and teachers of music	13,352	6,124	45.9	4,671	35.0	1,808	13.5	563	4.2	180	6	(2)
Officials (government)	1,522	499	32.8	503	33.0	326	21.4	122	8.0	71	1	0.1
Physicians and surgeons	1,276	101	7.9	445	34.9	414	32.4	216	16.9	97	3	0.2
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	88,572	40,091	45.3	33,131	37.4	11,143	12.6	3,207	3.6	886	114	0.1
Other professional service	2,677	978	36.5	992	35.6	466	17.4	194	7.2	84	3	0.1
Domestic and personal service	325,949	176,721	54.2	77,661	23.8	43,995	13.5	18,792	5.8	8,443	337	0.1
Barbers and hairdressers	1,775	850	47.9	576	32.5	246	13.9	83	4.7	19	1	0.1
Boarding and lodging house keepers	9,797	318	3.2	2,136	21.8	3,742	38.2	2,337	23.9	1,253	11	0.1
Hotel keepers	1,518	66	4.3	309	20.4	578	38.1	383	25.2	181	1	0.1
Housekeepers and stewardesses	29,209	9,845	33.7	8,050	27.6	6,376	21.8	3,217	11.0	1,685	36	0.1
Janitors and sextons	1,917	151	7.9	484	25.2	804	41.9	382	19.9	95	1	0.1
Laborers (not specified)	6,787	3,749	55.2	1,353	19.9	984	14.5	462	6.8	232	7	0.1
Laundresses	28,738	11,100	38.6	7,121	24.8	5,605	23.0	2,888	10.0	993	29	0.1
Nurses and midwives	19,546	5,352	27.4	6,602	33.8	4,022	20.6	2,204	11.3	1,344	22	0.1
Servants and waitresses	223,381	144,614	64.7	50,111	22.4	19,598	8.8	6,368	2.9	2,466	224	0.1
Other domestic and personal service	3,281	676	20.6	919	28.0	1,040	31.7	468	14.3	173	5	0.2
Trade and transportation	193,588	121,202	62.6	53,497	27.6	13,884	7.2	3,639	1.9	1,261	105	0.1
Agents	2,248	539	24.0	740	32.9	553	24.6	287	12.8	127	2	0.1
Bookkeepers and accountants	30,624	18,858	61.6	9,777	31.9	1,703	5.6	226	0.7	47	13	(1)
Clerks and copyists	32,108	20,793	64.8	8,594	26.8	2,059	6.4	494	1.5	149	19	0.1
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	8,223	1,065	13.0	2,209	26.9	2,961	36.0	1,360	16.5	616	12	0.1
Packers and shippers	8,309	6,301	75.8	1,596	19.2	324	3.9	77	0.9	10	1	(1)
Saleswomen	64,864	41,454	63.9	18,228	28.1	4,216	6.5	769	1.2	192	35	0.1
Stenographers and typewriters	33,700	23,214	68.9	9,256	27.5	1,090	3.2	105	0.3	18	17	0.1
Telegraph and telephone operators	8,611	6,277	72.9	1,989	23.1	280	3.3	56	0.7	6	3	(1)
Other persons in trade and transportation	4,901	2,701	55.1	1,108	22.6	698	14.2	265	5.4	126	3	0.1
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	432,967	239,707	55.4	121,857	28.1	52,235	12.1	14,277	3.3	4,586	215	(2)
Bookbinders	8,208	5,341	65.1	2,172	26.5	519	6.3	126	1.5	53	3	(1)
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	16,500	9,425	57.1	4,904	29.7	1,789	10.8	332	2.0	43	7	(1)
Boxmakers (paper)	7,793	5,499	70.2	1,811	23.2	428	5.5	78	1.0	10	0.1	.....
Confectioners	3,528	2,401	68.1	657	18.6	320	9.1	104	2.9	46	1.3	.....
Glovemakers	2,138	1,335	62.4	516	24.1	195	9.1	70	3.3	21	1	(1)
Gold and silver workers	3,029	2,068	68.3	699	23.1	210	6.9	44	1.5	8	0.3	.....
Paper and pulp mill operatives	3,899	2,506	64.3	956	24.5	343	8.8	81	2.1	12	0.3	1 (2)
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	5,706	3,465	60.7	1,724	30.2	411	7.2	85	1.5	14	0.2	7 0.1
Rubber factory operatives	3,507	2,027	57.8	1,107	31.6	323	9.2	40	1.1	9	0.3	1 (2)
Textile mill operatives	77,521	50,126	64.7	19,204	24.8	6,408	8.3	1,470	1.9	274	0.4	39 0.1
Carpet factory operatives	3,648	2,069	56.7	1,056	28.9	360	10.7	86	2.4	46	1.3	1 (2)
Cotton mill operatives	20,299	12,373	61.0	5,295	26.1	2,007	9.9	528	2.6	84	0.4	11 0.1
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	10,806	7,356	69.4	2,425	22.9	654	6.2	137	1.3	30	0.3	4 (2)
Silk mill operatives	11,304	8,347	73.8	2,374	21.0	498	4.4	70	0.6	13	0.1	2 (2)
Woolen mill operatives	11,380	6,889	60.5	3,089	27.1	1,121	9.9	241	2.1	27	0.2	13 0.1
Other textile mill operatives	20,284	13,092	64.5	4,965	24.5	1,738	8.6	407	2.0	74	0.4	8 (2)
Textile workers	233,352	108,937	46.9	72,603	31.2	36,324	15.6	10,657	4.6	3,697	134	0.1
Dressmakers	117,314	47,701	40.7	39,881	34.0	21,674	18.5	6,109	5.2	1,887	62	0.1
Hat and cap makers	2,987	1,647	55.1	926	31.0	346	11.6	55	1.8	11	2	0.1
Milliners	28,752	15,834	55.1	8,293	28.8	3,277	11.4	959	3.3	367	22	0.1
Seamstresses	41,912	21,025	50.2	11,984	28.6	5,907	14.1	2,004	4.9	904	28	0.1
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	11,665	6,691	57.4	3,393	29.1	1,219	10.5	280	2.4	77	5	(2)
Tailoresses	23,531	12,423	52.6	6,648	28.1	3,297	14.0	902	4.1	291	10	(2)
Other textile workers	6,091	3,616	59.4	1,478	24.3	604	9.9	238	3.7	160	5	0.1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	10,028	7,360	73.4	2,044	20.4	503	5.0	95	0.9	23	3	(2)
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	58,758	39,337	66.9	13,460	22.9	4,462	7.6	1,104	1.9	376	19	(2)

[1] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.

[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

TABLE 17.—DISTRIBUTION, BY AGE PERIODS, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND OCCUPATION, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION[1]): 1900—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FOREIGN BORN WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS.											
	16 years of age and over.	16 to 24 years of age.		25 to 34 years of age.		35 to 44 years of age.		45 to 54 years of age.		55 years of age and over.		Age unknown.	
		Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.
All occupations	840,686	347,759	41.4	202,922	24.1	119,316	14.2	86,136	10.2	82,825	9.9	2,328	0.3
Agricultural pursuits	40,917	2,271	5.6	2,150	5.3	5,209	12.7	10,373	25.4	20,813	50.9	101	0.2
Agricultural laborers	4,567	1,788	39.2	755	16.5	744	16.3	614	13.4	648	14.2	18	0.4
Farmers, planters, and overseers	34,982	328	0.9	1,299	3.7	4,249	12.1	9,425	26.9	19,602	56.0	79	0.2
Other agricultural pursuits	1,368	155	11.3	96	7.0	216	15.8	334	24.4	563	41.2	4	0.3
Professional service	25,937	7,581	29.2	8,170	31.5	4,964	19.1	2,946	11.4	2,195	8.5	73	0.3
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	1,031	412	40.0	405	39.3	138	13.4	43	4.2	32	3.1	1	0.1
Artists and teachers of art	875	235	26.9	272	31.1	181	20.7	110	12.6	75	8.6	2	0.2
Literary and scientific persons	361	82	22.7	93	25.8	81	22.4	50	13.9	54	15.0	1	0.3
Musicians and teachers of music	3,354	1,008	30.1	976	29.1	689	20.5	400	11.9	276	8.2	5	0.1
Officials (government)	415	61	14.7	100	24.1	81	19.5	92	22.2	81	19.5		
Physicians and surgeons	1,067	67	6.3	270	25.3	324	30.4	205	19.2	200	18.7	1	0.1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	17,299	5,373	31.1	5,542	32.0	3,145	18.2	1,864	10.8	1,314	7.6	61	0.4
Other professional service	1,535	343	22.3	521	33.9	325	21.2	182	11.9	163	10.6	1	0.1
Domestic and personal service	456,070	177,545	38.9	120,913	26.5	66,998	14.7	47,538	10.4	41,419	9.1	1,657	0.4
Barbers and hairdressers	1,002	393	39.2	285	28.4	163	16.3	101	10.1	59	5.9	1	0.1
Boarding and lodging house keepers	14,326	355	2.5	2,210	15.4	3,946	27.5	4,125	28.8	3,559	25.5	31	0.2
Hotel keepers	1,811	29	1.6	183	10.1	423	23.4	598	32.9	576	31.8	4	0.2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	30,348	6,491	21.4	6,537	21.5	5,648	18.8	5,245	17.3	6,271	20.7	106	0.3
Janitors and sextons	3,890	128	3.3	782	20.1	1,210	31.1	1,029	26.5	736	18.9	5	0.1
Laborers (not specified)	7,963	2,196	27.6	1,510	19.0	1,569	19.7	1,334	16.8	1,314	16.5	40	0.5
Laundresses	42,835	6,493	15.2	8,398	19.6	11,552	27.0	9,291	21.7	6,934	16.2	167	0.4
Nurses and midwives	26,750	4,864	18.2	7,641	28.6	4,790	17.9	4,385	16.4	4,961	18.5	109	0.4
Servants and waitresses	322,190	156,149	48.5	92,498	28.7	36,225	11.2	20,180	6.3	15,950	5.0	1,188	0.4
Other domestic and personal service	4,955	447	9.0	869	17.5	1,422	28.7	1,252	25.3	959	19.4	6	0.1
Trade and transportation	59,793	27,582	46.1	12,684	21.2	7,568	12.7	5,853	9.8	6,014	10.1	92	0.2
Agents	1,314	127	9.7	252	19.2	314	23.9	310	23.6	305	23.3	5	0.4
Bookkeepers and accountants	6,195	3,829	61.8	1,728	27.9	447	7.2	118	1.9	71	1.1	2	(2)
Clerks and copyists	7,372	4,437	60.2	1,760	23.9	639	8.7	354	4.8	174	2.4	8	0.1
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	14,260	690	4.8	2,167	15.2	3,446	24.2	3,664	25.7	4,265	29.9	28	0.2
Packers and shippers	2,426	1,760	72.5	371	15.3	152	6.3	87	3.6	56	2.3		
Saleswomen	16,898	10,773	63.8	3,709	21.9	1,404	8.3	608	3.6	376	2.2	28	0.2
Stenographers and typewriters	5,848	3,930	67.2	1,586	27.1	261	4.5	44	0.8	22	0.4	5	0.1
Telegraph and telephone operators	1,357	911	67.1	316	23.3	77	5.7	33	2.4	18	1.3	2	0.1
Other persons in trade and transportation	4,123	1,125	27.3	795	19.3	828	20.1	635	15.4	726	17.6	14	0.3
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	257,969	132,780	51.5	58,396	22.6	34,577	13.4	19,426	7.5	12,384	4.8	406	0.2
Bookbinders	1,575	1,003	63.7	339	21.5	115	7.3	69	4.4	48	3.0	1	0.1
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	5,201	2,737	52.6	1,365	26.2	694	13.3	282	5.4	118	2.3	5	0.1
Boxmakers (paper)	2,041	1,512	74.1	355	17.4	105	5.1	48	2.4	19	0.9	2	0.1
Confectioners	1,894	892	47.1	255	13.5	281	14.8	216	11.4	247	13.0	3	0.2
Glovemakers	1,014	549	54.1	229	22.6	139	13.7	58	5.7	39	3.8		
Gold and silver workers	1,129	740	65.5	244	21.6	96	8.5	34	3.0	15	1.3		
Paper and pulp mill operatives	2,227	1,031	46.3	529	23.8	303	13.6	237	10.6	124	5.6	3	0.1
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	1,101	640	58.1	285	24.1	106	9.9	54	4.9	31	2.8	2	0.2
Rubber factory operatives	2,180	1,189	54.5	702	32.2	189	8.7	66	3.0	26	1.2	8	0.4
Textile mill operatives	78,833	44,231	56.1	19,068	24.2	9,455	12.0	4,105	5.2	1,826	2.3	158	0.2
Carpet factory operatives	2,513	1,107	44.1	665	26.5	345	13.7	194	7.7	201	8.0	1	(2)
Cotton mill operatives	41,514	22,822	55.0	10,434	25.1	5,317	12.8	2,090	5.0	804	1.9	47	0.1
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	5,339	3,627	67.9	1,029	19.3	404	7.6	186	3.5	91	1.7	2	(2)
Silk mill operatives	6,513	3,879	59.8	1,441	22.1	689	10.6	302	4.6	130	2.0	72	1.1
Woolen mill operatives	8,016	4,811	54.0	2,274	25.5	1,045	11.7	561	6.3	305	2.3	20	0.2
Other textile mill operatives	14,038	7,985	56.9	3,215	22.9	1,655	11.8	772	5.5	395	2.8	16	0.1
Textile workers	122,937	55,409	45.1	28,184	22.9	19,180	15.6	11,813	9.6	8,246	6.7	155	0.1
Dressmakers	55,566	18,473	33.2	15,466	27.8	11,140	20.0	6,568	11.8	3,856	6.9	64	0.1
Hat and cap makers	1,569	1,008	64.2	310	19.8	131	8.3	78	5.0	42	2.7		
Milliners	8,840	4,120	46.6	2,031	23.0	1,230	13.9	893	10.1	554	6.3	12	0.1
Seamstresses	25,055	13,092	52.2	4,664	18.6	3,056	12.2	2,113	8.4	2,118	8.4	42	0.2
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	4,598	2,732	59.4	946	20.6	530	11.5	256	5.6	130	2.8	4	0.1
Tailoresses	23,448	14,035	59.9	4,086	17.4	2,596	11.1	1,577	6.7	1,124	4.8	30	0.1
Other textile workers	3,831	1,949	50.9	681	17.8	447	11.7	328	8.6	423	11.0	3	0.1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	9,705	5,884	60.6	1,746	18.0	1,250	12.9	610	6.3	210	2.2	5	0.1
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	28,132	16,963	60.3	5,125	18.2	2,711	9.6	1,334	6.5	1,435	5.1	64	0.2

[1] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.

[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

TABLE 17.—DISTRIBUTION, BY AGE PERIODS, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND OCCUPATION, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION[1]): 1900—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	NEGRO FEMALE BREADWINNERS.											
	16 years of age and over.	16 to 24 years of age.		25 to 34 years of age.		35 to 44 years of age.		45 to 54 years of age.		55 years of age and over.		Age unknown.	
		Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.
All occupations	1,119,653	439,725	39.3	266,956	23.8	178,810	16.0	124,024	11.1	101,074	9.0	9,064	0.8
Agricultural pursuits	434,041	197,167	45.4	90,601	20.9	60,865	14.0	45,045	10.4	37,633	8.7	2,730	0.6
Agricultural laborers	361,804	191,047	52.8	77,305	21.4	42,470	11.7	28,021	7.7	21,013	5.8	1,948	0.5
Farmers, planters, and overseers	71,665	5,982	8.3	13,169	18.4	18,296	25.5	16,947	23.6	16,496	23.0	775	1.1
Other agricultural pursuits	572	138	24.1	127	22.2	99	17.3	77	13.5	124	21.7	7	1.2
Professional service	15,515	7,948	51.2	5,529	35.6	1,494	9.6	343	2.2	165	1.1	36	0.2
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	252	160	63.5	82	32.5	8	3.2	2	0.8				
Artists and teachers of art	83	40	(2)	30	(2)	8	(2)	3	(2)	1	(2)	1	(2)
Literary and scientific persons	25	6	(2)	14	(2)	4	(2)	1	(2)				
Musicians and teachers of music	1,159	603	52.0	381	32.9	117	10.1	40	3.5	10	0.9	8	0.7
Officials (government)	80	10	(2)	15	(2)	13	(2)	4	(2)	8	(2)		
Physicians and surgeons	160	29	18.1	42	26.3	39	24.4	24	15.0	26	16.3		
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	13,479	7,041	52.2	4,857	36.0	1,230	9.1	232	1.7	93	0.7	26	0.2
Other professional service	307	59	19.2	108	35.2	75	24.4	37	12.1	27	8.8	1	0.3
Domestic and personal service	634,104	222,828	35.1	159,517	25.2	109,479	17.3	75,135	11.8	61,018	9.6	6,127	1.0
Barbers and hairdressers	931	221	22.5	233	29.9	234	23.9	182	15.5	78	8.0	3	0.3
Boarding and lodging house keepers	3,576	313	8.8	1,126	31.5	1,010	28.2	666	18.6	426	11.9	35	1.0
Hotel keepers	162	15	9.9	40	26.3	42	27.6	29	19.1	23	15.1	3	2.0
Housekeepers and stewardesses	9,408	2,855	30.3	2,409	25.6	1,577	16.8	1,134	12.1	1,327	14.1	106	1.1
Janitors and sextons	854	89	10.4	202	23.7	262	30.7	182	21.3	112	13.1	7	0.8
Laborers (not specified)	70,112	28,173	40.2	16,700	23.8	10,181	14.5	7,242	10.3	7,327	10.5	489	0.7
Laundresses	215,043	48,757	22.7	56,639	26.3	48,765	22.7	34,059	15.8	24,391	11.3	2,432	1.1
Nurses and midwives	18,676	8,181	43.8	2,142	11.5	1,663	8.9	2,225	11.9	4,239	23.0	166	0.9
Servants and waitresses	313,091	133,865	42.8	79,415	25.4	45,161	14.4	28,907	9.2	22,753	7.3	2,870	0.9
Other domestic and personal service	2,211	226	14.9	551	24.9	584	26.4	449	20.3	282	12.8	16	0.7
Trade and transportation	3,920	1,390	35.5	1,000	25.5	696	17.8	426	10.9	372	9.5	36	0.9
Agents	265	80	30.2	78	29.4	61	23.0	27	10.2	18	6.8	1	0.4
Bookkeepers and accountants	189	121	64.0	52	27.5	10	5.3	4	2.1	1	0.5	1	0.5
Clerks and copyists	539	292	54.2	133	24.7	67	12.4	27	5.0	17	3.2	3	0.6
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	856	68	7.9	214	25.0	244	28.5	183	21.4	134	15.7	13	1.5
Packers and shippers	224	110	51.8	60	26.8	30	13.4	10	4.5	6	2.7	2	0.9
Saleswomen	378	197	52.1	105	27.8	47	12.4	14	3.7	13	3.4	2	0.5
Stenographers and typewriters	174	107	61.5	53	30.5	10	5.7	2	1.1	2	1.1		
Telegraph and telephone operators	11	10	(2)	1	(2)								
Other persons in trade and transportation	1,284	399	31.1	304	23.7	227	17.7	159	12.4	181	14.1	14	1.1
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	32,073	10,392	32.4	10,309	32.1	6,276	19.6	3,075	9.6	1,886	5.9	135	0.4
Bookbinders	34	18	(2)	11	(2)	2	(2)	1	(2)	2	(2)		
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	66	33	(2)	13	(2)	12	(2)	2	(2)	5	(2)	1	(2)
Boxmakers (paper)	44	20	(2)	14	(2)	4	(2)	5	(2)	1	(2)		
Confectioners	67	13	(2)	12	(2)	20	(2)	12	(2)	11	(2)		
Glovemakers	10	4	(2)	1	(2)	2	(2)	1	(2)	2	(2)		
Gold and silver workers	2	1	(2)	1	(2)								
Paper and pulp mill operatives	25	14	(2)	6	(2)	2	(2)	1	(2)	2	(2)		
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	96	53	(2)	30	(2)	5	(2)	1	(2)	1	(2)		
Rubber factory operatives	1	1	(2)										
Textile mill operatives	481	252	52.4	90	18.7	51	10.6	37	7.7	45	9.4	6	1.2
Carpet factory operatives	7	1	(2)	1	(2)			1	(2)	4	(2)		
Cotton mill operatives	289	159	55.0	54	18.7	37	12.8	21	7.3	12	4.2	6	2.1
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	15	9	(2)	2	(2)			2	(2)	2	(2)		
Silk mill operatives	44	35	(2)	6	(2)			2	(2)	1	(2)		
Woolen mill operatives	70	21	(2)	15	(2)	7	(2)	9	(2)	18	(2)		
Other textile mill operatives	66	27	(2)	12	(2)	7	(2)	2	(2)	8	(2)		
Textile workers	24,389	7,025	28.8	8,431	34.6	4,994	20.5	2,423	9.9	1,436	5.9	80	0.3
Dressmakers	12,421	3,428	27.6	4,478	36.1	2,688	21.6	1,246	10.0	544	4.4	37	0.3
Hat and cap makers	2			1	(2)	1	(2)						
Milliners	169	82	48.5	49	29.0	25	14.8	4	2.4	9	5.3		
Seamstresses	11,297	3,309	29.3	3,784	33.5	2,201	19.5	1,128	10.0	833	7.4	42	0.4
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	109	84	77.1	19	17.4	3	2.8	3	2.8	1	0.9		
Tailoresses	301	99	32.9	80	26.6	65	21.6	34	11.3	22	7.3	1	0.3
Other textile workers	90	23	(2)	20	(2)	11	(2)	9	(2)	27	(2)		
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	4,639	2,056	44.3	1,214	26.2	823	17.7	368	7.9	154	3.3	24	0.5
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	2,219	903	40.7	490	21.6	361	16.3	224	10.1	227	10.2	24	1.1

[1] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.

[2] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

TABLE 18.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE AND OCCUPATION, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION[1]): 1900 AND 1890.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS.								
	1900[2]		1890						
	15 years of age and over.	15 to 24 years of age.	15 years of age and over.	15 to 24 years of age.	25 to 34 years of age.	35 to 44 years of age.	45 to 54 years of age.	55 years of age and over.	Age unknown.
All occupations	5,007,069	2,303,284	3,712,144	1,853,460	807,670	441,067	313,363	278,545	18,039
Agricultural pursuits	811,744	301,646	595,134	213,902	91,005	87,020	92,380	108,658	2,169
Agricultural laborers	497,886	288,940	363,554	200,154	70,901	44,233	27,868	18,953	1,445
Farmers, planters, and overseers	307,788	11,632	226,427	12,551	19,244	41,898	63,544	88,462	708
Other agricultural pursuits	6,070	1,074	5,153	1,197	860	889	968	1,223	16
Professional service	430,766	188,877	311,241	163,978	91,458	31,943	15,589	6,965	1,308
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	6,819	3,385	4,491	2,323	1,545	387	120	54	62
Artists and teachers of art	10,989	3,108	10,775	4,324	3,083	1,515	809	406	38
Literary and scientific persons	3,989	1,527	2,764	762	776	539	408	269	10
Musicians and teachers of music	52,257	22,773	34,435	16,890	10,896	4,149	1,761	634	105
Officials (government)	8,126	2,220	4,875	1,519	1,188	909	733	453	12
Physicians and surgeons	7,309	504	4,557	659	1,179	1,071	886	739	24
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	327,905	152,419	245,839	136,610	71,133	22,868	10,343	4,046	1,039
Other professional service	11,282	2,941	3,505	831	1,058	705	530	364	17
Domestic and personal service	2,012,040	872,690	1,590,187	789,347	336,962	195,657	137,995	118,947	11,579
Barbers and hairdressers	5,533	2,156	2,779	1,206	725	444	242	153	9
Boarding and lodging house keepers	59,511	1,874	32,583	979	5,879	9,425	9,152	7,061	97
Hotel keepers	8,545	222	5,276	132	762	1,494	1,585	1,281	22
Housekeepers and stewardesses	147,103	41,413	86,089	19,462	18,127	15,930	14,813	17,283	474
Janitors and sextons	8,028	499	2,803	220	645	822	645	440	15
Laborers (not specified)	111,503	46,443	50,321	21,893	10,509	7,635	5,307	4,552	325
Laundresses	332,665	79,882	215,121	59,409	41,281	46,020	32,642	22,614	2,255
Nurses and midwives	108,978	28,021	41,396	9,657	8,744	6,730	7,101	8,889	275
Servants and waitresses	1,213,828	669,614	1,145,255	674,968	238,132	104,039	64,770	55,284	8,062
Other domestic and personal service	16,346	2,566	8,554	1,411	1,858	2,218	1,738	1,284	45
Trade and transportation	494,126	284,815	222,553	132,464	49,784	20,031	11,422	8,154	698
Agents	10,538	1,922	4,853	1,045	1,222	1,190	823	547	26
Bookkeepers and accountants	73,820	42,748	27,606	17,850	7,291	1,661	482	149	73
Clerks and copyists	83,726	50,771	62,817	41,842	14,274	4,264	1,701	598	208
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	34,008	3,038	25,284	2,647	4,907	6,630	5,874	5,134	92
Packers and shippers	18,673	14,412	6,147	4,796	906	289	93	53	10
Saleswomen	146,577	92,913	57,171	39,553	12,507	3,486	1,108	401	116
Stenographers and typewriters	85,912	54,602	21,214	15,188	5,025	789	125	11	76
Telegraph and telephone operators	22,454	16,092	8,403	6,811	1,901	477	127	45	42
Other persons in trade and transportation	18,418	8,317	9,068	3,833	1,751	1,305	1,089	1,226	55
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	1,258,393	655,256	993,029	553,769	238,761	106,416	55,977	35,821	2,285
Bookbinders	15,171	10,147	11,271	8,338	2,019	600	221	80	13
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	38,285	21,625	32,948	19,983	8,377	3,060	1,037	383	108
Bookmakers (paper)	15,992	11,816	12,325	9,797	1,918	436	115	40	19
Confectioners	8,586	5,598	3,328	2,577	771	689	549	465	7
Glovemakers	7,543	3,923	3,608	2,003	861	429	204	104	7
Gold and silver workers	6,158	4,286	3,253	2,322	684	180	55	27	5
Paper and pulp mill operatives	9,164	5,682	8,719	5,587	1,727	755	409	222	19
Printers, lithographers, and presswomen	15,770	9,665	12,026	8,325	2,529	791	272	87	22
Rubber factory operatives	7,238	4,286	6,321	4,535	1,348	311	90	34	13
Textile mill operatives	250,376	165,044	211,112	143,075	40,852	14,648	6,947	5,133	407
Carpet factory operatives	8,679	4,377	10,452	5,431	1,938	864	807	1,399	13
Cotton mill operatives	104,944	67,718	84,220	56,188	17,270	6,512	2,934	1,142	174
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	31,108	22,608	19,321	14,184	3,375	1,006	398	315	43
Silk mill operatives	29,200	21,884	19,108	15,185	2,872	692	241	95	23
Woolen mill operatives	28,961	17,317	34,428	23,602	7,023	2,343	978	420	62
Other textile mill operatives	47,484	30,640	43,583	28,485	8,374	3,231	1,589	1,812	92
Textile workers	603,158	288,533	588,277	279,202	160,370	77,848	42,606	27,045	1,406
Dressmakers	342,579	114,644	290,308	130,175	87,236	41,318	20,820	10,111	648
Hat and cap makers	7,398	4,271	6,552	4,039	1,573	522	258	145	15
Milliners	85,025	43,031	60,553	27,830	16,348	8,367	5,070	2,850	188
Seamstresses	143,270	63,601	143,339	66,174	35,770	19,187	11,814	10,005	389
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	29,309	18,042	15,534	9,907	3,624	1,242	500	233	28
Tailoresses	65,333	35,167	61,488	34,330	13,505	6,271	3,794	3,464	124
Other textile workers	20,024	9,077	10,403	6,747	2,314	741	350	237	14
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	40,325	26,884	25,853	18,092	4,373	2,099	859	382	48
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	150,627	97,467	71,978	49,633	12,952	4,800	2,613	1,760	211

[1] Comprises in 1900 continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad; in 1890, continental United States only.
[2] Figures for age periods 25 years and over are given in Table 17.

TABLE 19.—PER CENT DISTRIBUTION, BY AGE PERIODS, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY OCCUPATION, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION [1]): 1900 AND 1890.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER: PER CENT—											
	15 to 24 years of age.		25 to 34 years of age.		35 to 44 years of age.		45 to 54 years of age.		55 years of age and over.		Age unknown.	
	1900	1890	1900	1890	1900	1890	1900	1890	1900	1890	1900	1890
All occupations	46.0	49.9	23.4	21.8	13.5	11.9	8.8	8.4	7.9	7.5	0.4	0.5
Agricultural pursuits	37.2	35.0	15.4	15.3	14.1	14.6	14.4	15.5	18.5	18.3	0.4	0.4
Agricultural laborers	58.0	55.1	19.0	19.5	10.5	12.2	6.9	7.7	5.1	5.2	0.4	0.4
Farmers, planters, and overseers	0.8	5.5	9.7	8.5	19.8	18.5	26.3	28.1	40.0	39.1	0.4	0.3
Other agricultural pursuits	17.7	23.2	14.7	16.7	18.6	17.3	20.4	18.8	28.3	23.7	0.3	0.3
Professional service	43.8	52.7	34.3	29.4	13.0	10.3	5.5	5.0	3.0	2.2	0.3	0.4
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	49.6	51.7	36.1	34.4	9.9	8.6	2.8	2.7	1.1	1.2	0.4	1.4
Artists and teachers of art	28.3	40.1	35.6	34.2	20.7	14.1	9.5	7.5	5.7	3.8	0.2	0.4
Literary and scientific persons	25.5	27.6	31.3	28.1	20.0	19.5	12.4	14.8	10.6	9.7	0.3	0.4
Musicians and teachers of music	43.6	49.0	33.2	31.6	14.3	12.0	6.0	5.1	2.7	1.8	0.2	0.3
Officials (government)	27.3	32.4	29.0	24.4	19.8	18.6	13.0	15.0	10.7	9.3	0.2	0.3
Physicians and surgeons	6.8	14.5	27.9	25.9	26.8	23.5	19.1	19.4	15.9	16.2	0.5	0.5
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	46.5	55.6	34.8	28.9	11.7	9.2	4.5	4.2	2.2	1.8	0.3	0.4
Other professional service	26.1	28.7	33.6	30.2	20.2	20.1	11.2	15.1	8.6	10.4	0.3	0.5
Domestic and personal service	43.4	49.6	24.0	21.2	14.6	12.3	10.0	8.7	8.4	7.5	0.6	0.7
Barbers and hairdressers	39.0	43.4	30.2	26.1	17.1	16.0	8.8	8.7	4.8	5.6	0.2	0.3
Boarding and lodging house keepers	3.1	3.0	16.9	18.0	28.1	28.9	27.0	28.1	23.7	21.7	0.2	0.3
Hotel keepers	2.6	2.5	13.9	14.4	28.8	28.3	28.8	30.0	25.7	24.3	0.2	0.4
Housekeepers and stewardesses	28.2	22.6	21.5	21.1	18.3	18.5	15.3	17.2	16.4	20.1	0.3	0.6
Janitors and sextons	6.2	8.2	21.4	23.0	33.6	29.3	23.8	28.0	14.8	15.9	0.2	0.5
Laborers (not specified)	41.7	43.5	21.3	20.9	15.1	15.2	11.0	10.5	10.4	9.2	0.6	0.6
Laundresses	24.0	27.6	24.5	23.8	23.2	21.8	16.2	15.2	11.3	10.5	0.9	1.0
Nurses and midwives	25.7	23.3	25.8	21.1	16.1	16.3	14.1	17.2	17.7	21.5	0.6	0.7
Servants and waitresses	55.2	58.9	23.1	20.8	10.5	9.1	6.0	5.7	4.7	4.8	0.5	0.7
Other domestic and personal service	15.7	16.5	21.8	21.7	29.7	25.9	19.4	20.3	13.5	15.0	2.9	0.5
Trade and transportation	57.6	59.5	26.3	22.4	9.0	9.0	4.0	5.1	2.8	3.7	0.1	0.3
Agents	18.2	21.5	24.4	26.2	23.8	24.5	18.0	17.0	15.2	11.3	0.4	0.5
Bookkeepers and accountants	57.9	65.0	32.0	28.4	7.7	6.0	1.7	1.7	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.3
Clerks and copyists	60.6	66.6	26.0	22.7	8.5	6.7	3.3	2.7	1.5	0.9	0.1	0.3
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	8.9	10.5	20.1	19.4	27.7	26.2	21.7	23.2	21.3	20.3	0.2	0.4
Packers and shippers	77.2	78.0	15.9	14.7	4.5	4.7	1.7	1.5	0.7	0.9	(2)	0.2
Saleswomen	63.4	69.2	25.9	21.9	7.5	6.1	2.3	1.9	0.9	0.7	0.1	0.2
Stenographers and typewriters	63.6	71.6	30.3	23.7	5.1	3.7	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4
Telegraph and telephone operators	71.7	68.2	22.2	22.6	4.3	5.7	1.3	1.5	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.5
Other persons in trade and transportation	45.2	40.1	19.6	19.3	18.7	14.4	9.9	12.0	6.4	13.5	0.4	0.6
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	52.1	55.8	24.3	24.0	13.3	10.7	6.3	5.6	3.9	3.6	0.1	0.2
Bookbinders	66.9	74.0	22.9	17.9	6.5	5.3	2.8	2.0	1.4	0.7	(2)	0.1
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	56.5	60.7	25.8	25.4	11.9	9.3	4.3	3.1	1.4	1.2	0.1	0.3
Boxmakers (paper)	73.9	79.5	18.9	15.6	5.2	3.5	1.6	0.9	0.5	0.3	(2)	0.2
Confectioners	65.2	54.0	15.1	14.5	9.0	12.4	5.3	10.3	4.7	8.7	0.1	0.1
Glovemakers	52.0	55.3	22.9	23.9	13.2	11.9	7.5	5.7	4.3	2.9	0.1	0.2
Gold and silver workers	69.6	71.4	20.6	20.4	7.0	5.5	2.1	1.7	0.7	0.8	.....	0.2
Paper and pulp mill operatives	62.0	64.1	21.2	19.8	9.3	8.7	5.1	4.7	2.2	2.5	0.1	0.2
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	61.3	69.2	27.0	21.0	7.4	6.6	2.7	2.3	0.8	0.7	0.1	0.2
Rubber factory operatives	59.2	71.6	20.0	21.3	8.8	4.9	2.2	1.4	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.2
Textile mill operatives	65.9	67.8	20.5	19.4	8.6	6.9	3.3	3.3	1.5	2.5	0.2	0.2
Carpet factory operatives	50.4	52.0	23.0	18.5	11.9	8.3	6.2	7.7	7.5	13.4	(2)	0.1
Cotton mill operatives	64.5	66.7	20.7	20.5	9.5	7.7	3.7	3.5	1.4	1.4	0.1	0.2
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	72.7	73.4	17.8	17.5	6.1	6.2	2.3	2.1	1.0	1.6	0.1	0.2
Silk mill operatives	74.9	79.5	17.4	15.0	5.2	3.6	1.6	1.3	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.1
Woolen mill operatives	61.5	68.6	23.5	20.4	9.7	6.8	3.8	2.8	1.3	1.2	0.2	0.2
Other textile mill operatives	64.5	65.4	21.0	19.2	9.1	7.4	3.5	3.6	1.8	4.2	0.1	0.2
Textile workers	41.7	47.5	27.2	27.3	17.0	13.2	8.5	7.2	5.5	4.6	0.1	0.2
Dressmakers	33.5	44.8	30.2	30.0	20.6	14.2	10.1	7.2	5.5	3.5	0.1	0.2
Hat and cap makers	57.7	61.6	24.8	24.0	10.7	8.0	4.4	3.9	2.3	2.2	0.1	0.2
Milliners	50.6	48.9	27.1	27.0	12.7	13.8	5.8	8.4	3.5	4.7	0.2	0.2
Seamstresses	44.4	46.2	24.7	25.0	15.2	13.4	8.6	8.2	7.0	7.0	0.2	0.2
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	61.1	63.8	22.8	23.3	10.2	8.0	3.8	3.2	2.0	1.5	0.1	0.2
Tailoresses	55.3	55.8	21.7	22.0	12.5	10.2	6.1	6.2	4.4	5.6	0.1	0.2
Other textile workers	45.3	64.9	18.9	22.2	12.1	7.1	9.6	3.4	13.9	2.3	0.1	0.1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	66.7	70.0	19.0	16.0	9.0	8.1	3.7	3.3	1.5	1.5	0.1	0.2
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	64.7	69.0	19.3	18.0	8.7	6.7	4.2	3.6	2.9	2.5	0.1	0.2

[1] Comprises in 1900 continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad; in 1890, continental United States only.
[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

TABLE 20.—PER CENT DISTRIBUTION, BY OCCUPATION, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY AGE PERIODS, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION[1]): 1900 AND 1890.

OCCUPATION.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION, BY OCCUPATION, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS—									
	15 years of age and over.		15 to 24 years of age.		25 to 34 years of age.		35 to 44 years of age.		45 years of age and over.	
	1900	1890	1900	1890	1900	1890	1900	1890	1900	1890
All occupations	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agricultural pursuits	16.2	16.0	13.1	11.5	10.7	11.3	16.9	19.7	31.9	34.0
Agricultural laborers	9.9	9.8	12.5	10.8	8.1	8.8	7.7	10.0	7.2	7.9
Farmers, planters, and overseers	6.1	6.1	0.5	0.7	2.5	2.4	9.0	9.5	24.4	25.7
Other agricultural pursuits	0.1	0.1	[2]	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4
Professional service	8.6	8.4	8.2	8.8	12.6	11.3	8.3	7.2	4.4	3.8
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	[2]	[2]
Artists and teachers of art	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
Literary and scientific persons	0.1	0.1	0.1	[2]	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
Musicians and teachers of music	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.5	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.5	0.4
Officials (government)	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Physicians and surgeons	0.1	0.1	[2]	[2]	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	6.5	6.6	6.6	7.4	9.7	8.8	5.7	5.1	2.6	2.4
Other professional service	0.2	0.1	0.1	[2]	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2
Domestic and personal service	40.2	42.8	37.9	42.6	39.5	41.7	43.5	44.4	44.3	43.4
Barbers and hairdressers	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Boarding and lodging house keepers	1.2	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.9	0.7	2.6	2.1	3.6	2.7
Hotel keepers	0.2	0.1	[2]	[2]	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.5
Housekeepers and stewardesses	2.9	2.3	1.8	1.1	2.7	2.2	4.0	3.6	5.6	5.4
Janitors and sextons	0.2	0.1	[2]	[2]	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.2
Laborers (not specified)	2.2	1.4	2.0	1.2	2.0	1.3	2.5	1.7	2.8	1.7
Laundresses	6.6	5.8	3.5	3.2	6.9	6.3	11.4	10.6	10.9	9.3
Nurses and midwives	2.2	1.1	1.2	0.5	2.4	1.1	2.6	1.5	4.1	2.7
Servants and waitresses	24.2	30.9	29.1	35.4	23.9	29.5	18.9	23.6	15.5	20.3
Other domestic and personal service	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5
Trade and transportation	9.9	6.0	12.4	7.1	11.1	6.2	6.6	4.5	4.0	3.3
Agents	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.2
Bookkeepers and accountants	1.5	0.7	1.9	1.0	2.0	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.1
Clerks and copyists	1.7	1.7	2.2	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.4
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	0.7	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.6	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.9
Packers and shippers	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	[2]
Saleswomen	2.9	1.5	4.0	2.1	3.2	1.5	1.6	0.8	0.6	0.3
Stenographers and typewriters	1.7	0.6	2.4	0.8	2.2	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.1	[2]
Telegraph and telephone operators	0.4	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	[2]	[2]
Other persons in trade and transportation	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	25.1	26.8	28.4	29.9	26.1	29.6	24.7	24.1	15.4	15.5
Bookbinders	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1	0.8	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.2
Boxmakers (paper)	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	[2]	[2]
Confectioners	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Glovemakers	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Gold and silver workers	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	[2]	[2]	[2]
Paper and pulp mill operatives	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
Rubber factory operatives	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	[2]	[2]
Textile mill operatives	5.0	5.7	7.2	7.7	4.4	5.1	3.2	3.3	1.5	2.0
Carpet factory operatives	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.4
Cotton mill operatives	2.1	2.3	2.9	3.0	1.6	2.1	1.5	1.5	0.6	0.7
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	0.6	0.5	1.0	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
Silk mill operatives	0.6	0.5	1.0	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
Woolen mill operatives	0.6	0.9	0.8	1.3	0.6	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.2
Other textile mill operatives	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.5	0.9	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.3	0.6
Textile workers	13.8	15.8	12.5	15.1	16.1	19.9	17.4	17.6	11.6	11.8
Dressmakers	6.8	7.8	5.0	7.0	8.8	10.8	10.5	9.4	6.4	5.2
Hat and cap makers	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Milliners	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.3	2.0	2.0	1.6	1.9	1.0	1.3
Seamstresses	2.9	3.9	2.8	3.6	3.0	4.4	3.2	4.4	2.7	3.7
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	0.6	0.4	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
Tailoresses	1.3	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.2	1.7	1.2	1.4	0.8	1.2
Other textile workers	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	0.8	0.7	1.2	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.2
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	3.0	1.9	4.2	2.7	2.5	1.6	1.9	1.1	1.3	0.7

[1] Comprises in 1900 continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad: in 1890, continental United States only.
[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

TABLE 21.—DISTRIBUTION,[1] BY MARITAL CONDITION, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND OCCUPATION, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION[2]): 1900.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.								
	Total.	Number.				Percent.			
		Single.[3]	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.	Single.[3]	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.
All occupations	4,843,155	3,145,751	775,924	857,922	63,558	65.0	16.0	17.7	1.3
Agricultural pursuits	772,731	250,189	229,438	283,448	9,656	32.4	29.7	36.7	1.2
Agricultural laborers	458,975	220,515	179,766	54,882	3,822	48.0	39.2	12.0	0.8
Farmers, planters, and overseers	307,788	28,118	47,983	225,991	5,696	9.1	15.6	73.4	1.9
Other agricultural pursuits	5,968	1,556	1,699	2,575	138	26.1	28.5	43.1	2.3
Professional service	430,067	375,918	31,954	19,500	2,695	87.4	7.4	4.6	0.6
Actresses, professional show-woman, etc	6,712	3,515	2,577	433	188	52.4	38.4	6.4	2.8
Artists and teachers of art	10,913	8,269	1,519	969	156	75.8	13.9	8.9	1.4
Literary and scientific persons	5,989	4,656	600	676	57	77.7	10.0	11.3	1.0
Musicians and teachers of music	52,028	41,426	6,466	3,488	648	79.6	12.4	6.7	1.3
Officials (government)	8,126	4,805	1,724	1,487	110	59.1	21.2	18.3	1.4
Physicians and surgeons	7,399	5,349	2,358	1,499	193	45.3	31.9	20.2	2.6
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	327,535	302,140	14,581	9,610	1,204	92.2	4.5	2.9	0.4
Other professional service	11,264	7,758	2,029	1,338	139	68.9	18.0	11.9	1.2
Domestic and personal service	1,956,973	1,204,484	324,105	394,955	33,429	61.5	16.6	20.2	1.7
Barbers and hairdressers	5,448	3,283	1,198	832	135	60.2	22.0	15.3	2.5
Boarding and lodging house keepers	59,511	8,376	15,637	33,104	2,394	14.1	26.3	55.6	4.0
Hotel keepers	8,545	954	2,630	4,633	328	11.2	30.8	54.2	3.8
Housekeepers and stewardesses	147,103	87,460	18,086	37,901	3,656	59.4	12.3	25.8	2.5
Janitors and sextons	8,012	960	3,404	3,485	133	12.3	43.5	43.5	1.7
Laborers (not specified)	107,081	44,596	31,416	29,062	2,007	41.7	29.3	27.1	1.9
Laundresses	329,358	94,702	112,012	114,679	7,966	28.8	34.0	34.8	2.4
Nurses and midwives	108,978	63,382	13,342	29,384	1,770	58.7	12.7	27.0	1.6
Servants and waitresses	1,166,708	895,084	120,341	136,065	14,618	76.7	10.4	11.7	1.2
Other domestic and personal service	16,228	5,087	4,039	5,810	422	31.2	30.4	35.8	2.6
Trade and transportation	481,380	408,141	34,179	35,345	3,715	84.8	7.1	7.3	0.8
Agents	10,472	4,926	2,189	2,998	359	47.1	20.9	28.6	3.4
Bookkeepers and accountants	72,928	67,720	2,950	1,856	402	92.9	4.0	2.5	0.6
Clerks and copyists	81,023	72,684	4,219	3,624	496	89.7	5.2	4.5	0.6
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	33,872	8,332	9,673	15,249	618	24.6	28.6	45.0	1.8
Packers and shippers	17,052	15,510	861	686	95	91.0	5.0	3.4	0.6
Saleswomen	142,290	128,422	7,621	5,342	905	90.2	5.4	3.8	0.6
Stenographers and typewriters	85,126	80,811	2,079	1,704	532	94.9	2.5	2.0	0.6
Telegraph and telephone operators	21,999	20,393	897	592	117	92.7	4.1	2.7	0.5
Other persons in trade and transportation	16,518	9,343	3,690	3,394	191	56.2	22.2	20.4	1.2
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	1,202,004	907,019	156,248	124,674	14,063	75.4	13.0	10.4	1.2
Bookbinders	14,306	13,274	401	579	52	92.8	2.8	4.0	0.4
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	36,490	29,558	4,578	1,848	406	81.3	12.5	5.1	1.1
Boxmakers (paper)	14,498	13,409	519	415	55	92.5	4.3	2.8	0.4
Confectioners	7,810	5,524	817	1,109	60	74.6	10.4	14.2	0.8
Glovemakers	7,175	4,406	2,170	526	74	61.4	30.3	7.3	1.0
Gold and silver workers	5,767	5,206	315	195	51	90.3	5.4	3.4	0.9
Paper and pulp mill operatives	8,709	7,213	844	590	62	82.8	9.7	6.8	0.7
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	15,361	13,799	946	496	120	89.8	6.2	3.2	0.8
Rubber factory operatives	6,945	6,002	578	338	27	86.4	8.3	4.9	0.4
Textile mill operatives	231,458	184,225	33,234	12,189	1,210	79.8	14.4	5.3	0.5
Carpet factory operatives	8,332	6,217	1,067	968	80	74.6	13.1	11.6	0.9
Cotton mill operatives	97,181	71,627	19,688	5,381	485	73.7	20.3	5.5	0.5
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	28,293	24,720	2,280	1,145	148	87.4	8.1	4.0	0.5
Silk mill operatives	26,432	23,832	1,671	823	106	90.2	6.3	3.1	0.4
Woolen mill operatives	27,169	21,917	3,721	1,355	176	80.7	13.7	5.0	0.6
Other textile mill operatives	44,051	36,512	4,787	2,517	235	82.9	10.9	5.7	0.5
Textile workers	675,948	482,662	89,528	93,207	10,521	71.4	13.2	13.8	1.6
Dressmakers	338,290	231,859	49,253	51,057	6,121	68.5	14.6	15.1	1.8
Hat and cap makers	7,049	5,935	643	430	41	84.2	9.1	6.1	0.6
Milliners	82,958	65,112	10,453	6,343	1,050	78.5	12.6	7.6	1.3
Seamstresses	139,149	96,773	15,367	24,133	2,276	69.6	11.5	17.3	1.6
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	27,788	23,405	2,385	1,831	167	84.2	8.6	6.6	0.6
Tailoresses	61,612	47,959	6,807	6,293	553	77.8	11.1	10.2	0.9
Other textile workers	19,102	11,649	4,020	3,120	313	61.0	21.1	16.3	1.6
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	37,126	26,694	7,110	2,974	348	71.9	19.2	8.0	0.9
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	140,411	114,017	15,108	10,209	1,077	81.2	10.7	7.3	0.8

[1] On the assumption that all the married, widowed, and divorced women reported as breadwinners are 16 years of age and over.

[2] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.

[3] Including unknown.

TABLE 21.—DISTRIBUTION,[1] BY MARITAL CONDITION, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND OCCUPATION, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION[2]): 1900—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	NATIVE WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER HAVING BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.							
	Total.	Number.				Per cent.			
		Single.[3]	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.	Single.[3]	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.
All occupations	1,773,109	1,178,062	217,565	347,736	29,746	66.4	12.3	19.6	1.7
Agricultural pursuits	264,687	74,915	40,339	145,946	3,487	28.3	15.3	55.1	1.3
Agricultural laborers	82,584	57,885	17,123	7,096	480	70.1	20.7	8.6	0.6
Farmers, planters, and overseers	179,475	16,220	22,525	137,681	2,049	9.1	12.6	76.7	1.6
Other agricultural pursuits	2,628	710	691	1,169	58	27.0	26.3	44.5	2.2
Professional service	275,384	239,542	20,682	13,248	1,912	87.0	7.5	4.8	0.7
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	3,425	1,783	1,326	208	108	52.1	38.7	6.1	3.1
Artists and teachers of art	7,598	5,683	1,097	682	126	74.9	14.4	9.0	1.7
Literary and scientific persons	4,439	3,435	454	511	39	77.4	10.2	11.5	0.9
Musicians and teachers of music	34,145	27,043	4,390	2,250	462	79.2	12.9	6.6	1.3
Officials (government)	6,132	3,538	1,337	1,172	85	57.7	21.8	19.1	1.4
Physicians and surgeons	4,886	2,226	1,574	955	131	45.6	32.2	19.5	2.7
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	208,030	191,400	9,188	6,516	866	92.0	4.4	3.2	0.4
Other professional service	6,739	4,434	1,316	894	95	65.8	19.5	13.3	1.4
Domestic and personal service	535,566	346,250	66,619	109,277	13,320	64.7	12.4	20.4	2.5
Barbers and hairdressers	1,672	916	406	289	61	54.8	24.3	17.3	3.6
Boarding and lodging house keepers	31,773	4,110	8,223	18,026	1,414	12.9	25.9	56.7	4.5
Hotel keepers	5,045	501	1,622	2,719	203	9.9	32.2	53.9	4.0
Housekeepers and stewardesses	77,993	44,403	9,902	21,276	2,412	56.9	12.7	27.3	3.1
Janitors and sextons	1,348	240	414	652	42	17.8	30.7	48.4	3.1
Laborers (not specified)	21,705	10,129	4,708	6,314	554	46.7	21.7	29.1	2.5
Laundresses	41,080	13,968	10,279	15,567	1,866	33.5	24.7	37.3	4.5
Nurses and midwives	43,866	25,355	4,951	12,526	1,034	57.8	11.3	28.5	2.4
Servants and waitresses	305,975	245,042	24,843	30,530	5,560	80.1	8.1	10.0	1.8
Other domestic and personal service	4,509	1,686	1,271	1,378	174	37.4	28.2	30.6	3.8
Trade and transportation	223,998	189,520	16,847	15,291	2,280	84.7	7.5	6.8	1.0
Agents	6,643	3,022	1,411	1,941	269	45.5	21.2	29.2	4.1
Bookkeepers and accountants	35,911	32,577	1,857	1,209	268	90.7	5.2	3.4	0.7
Clerks and copyists	40,994	35,878	2,505	2,281	330	87.5	6.1	5.6	0.8
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	10,471	3,140	3,154	3,966	211	30.0	30.1	37.9	2.0
Packers and shippers	6,091	5,368	400	266	57	88.1	6.6	4.4	0.9
Saleswomen	60,129	52,626	4,107	2,819	577	87.5	6.8	4.7	1.0
Stenographers and typewriters	45,398	42,380	1,416	1,206	396	93.3	3.1	2.7	0.9
Telegraph and telephone operators	12,018	10,922	620	387	89	90.9	5.2	3.2	0.7
Other persons in trade and transportation	8,283	3,507	1,377	1,216	83	57.4	21.9	19.4	1.3
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	473,534	327,735	73,078	63,974	8,747	69.2	15.4	13.5	1.9
Bookbinders	4,489	4,044	164	252	29	90.1	3.7	5.6	0.6
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	14,720	10,699	2,709	1,028	284	72.7	18.4	7.0	1.9
Boxmakers (paper)	4,620	4,166	276	147	31	90.2	6.0	3.2	0.6
Confectioners	2,315	1,709	250	274	22	76.4	10.8	11.8	1.0
Glovemakers	3,999	1,997	1,592	336	44	50.3	40.1	8.5	1.1
Gold and silver workers	1,607	1,403	111	67	26	87.3	6.9	4.2	1.6
Paper and pulp mill operatives	2,558	2,085	246	187	40	81.5	9.6	7.3	1.6
Printers, lithographers, and pressawomen	8,457	7,450	625	294	88	88.1	7.4	3.5	1.0
Rubber factory operatives	1,257	1,041	118	82	16	82.8	9.4	6.5	1.3
Textile mill operatives	74,617	57,965	11,074	4,871	707	77.7	14.8	6.5	1.0
Carpet factory operatives	2,164	1,273	413	433	45	58.8	19.1	20.0	2.1
Cotton mill operatives	35,079	25,772	6,610	2,390	307	73.5	18.8	6.8	0.9
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	12,333	10,334	1,266	631	102	83.8	10.3	5.1	0.8
Silk mill operatives	8,571	7,851	443	223	54	91.6	5.2	2.6	0.6
Woolen mill operatives	6,803	5,213	1,062	390	108	76.6	16.1	5.7	1.6
Other textile mill operatives	9,667	7,522	1,280	804	91	77.8	12.9	8.3	1.0
Textile workers	293,832	187,883	47,484	51,744	6,721	63.9	16.2	17.6	2.3
Dressmakers	152,866	91,942	27,573	29,220	4,031	60.2	18.0	19.2	2.6
Hat and cap makers	2,491	1,918	335	211	27	77.0	13.4	8.5	1.1
Milliners	45,193	33,448	6,919	4,065	761	74.0	15.3	9.0	1.7
Seamstresses	60,339	38,264	7,587	13,140	1,378	63.4	12.5	21.8	2.3
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	11,412	9,013	1,387	901	111	79.0	12.1	7.9	1.0
Tailoresses	14,987	9,737	1,873	2,224	248	65.1	13.3	15.8	1.8
Other textile workers	7,444	3,561	1,835	1,883	165	47.8	24.7	25.3	2.2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	12,751	9,391	2,474	737	149	73.6	19.4	5.8	1.2
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	48,342	37,842	5,955	3,955	590	78.3	12.3	8.2	1.2

[1] On the assumption that all the married, widowed, and divorced women reported as breadwinners are 16 years of age and over.
[2] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.
[3] Including unknown.

TABLE 21.—DISTRIBUTION,[1] BY MARITAL CONDITION, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND OCCUPATION, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION[2]): 1900—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	NATIVE WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER HAVING ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.							
	Total.	Number.				Per cent.			
		Single.[3]	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.	Single.[3]	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.
All occupations	1,081,200	930,165	69,065	83,154	8,816	85.3	6.3	7.6	0.8
Agricultural pursuits	25,775	8,083	4,423	12,836	433	31.3	17.2	49.8	1.7
Agricultural laborers	6,243	5,303	747	172	21	84.9	12.0	2.8	0.3
Farmers, planters, and overseers	18,665	2,407	3,493	12,376	389	12.9	18.7	66.3	2.1
Other agricultural pursuits	867	373	183	288	23	43.0	21.1	33.2	2.7
Professional service	112,921	104,284	5,005	3,147	485	92.4	4.4	2.8	0.4
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	1,995	1,118	696	128	53	56.0	34.9	6.4	2.7
Artists and teachers of art	2,363	1,929	249	165	20	81.6	10.5	7.0	0.9
Literary and scientific persons	1,164	982	88	83	11	84.4	7.6	7.1	0.9
Musicians and teachers of music	13,352	11,456	1,119	654	123	85.8	8.4	4.9	0.9
Officials (government)	1,522	1,043	261	198	20	68.5	17.2	13.0	1.3
Physicians and surgeons	1,276	651	369	213	43	51.0	28.9	16.7	3.4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	88,572	85,001	1,883	1,501	187	96.0	2.1	1.7	0.2
Other professional service	2,677	2,104	349	205	28	78.6	12.7	7.7	1.0
Domestic and personal service	325,949	262,176	24,757	34,978	4,043	80.4	7.6	10.7	1.3
Barbers and hairdressers	1,775	1,404	198	149	24	79.1	11.2	8.4	1.3
Boarding and lodging house keepers	9,797	1,712	2,539	5,061	485	17.5	25.9	51.7	4.9
Hotel keepers	1,518	256	429	766	67	16.9	28.2	50.5	4.4
Housekeepers and stewardesses	29,209	21,018	2,976	4,659	556	72.0	10.2	15.9	1.9
Janitors and sextons	1,917	313	733	829	42	16.3	38.2	43.3	2.2
Laborers (not specified)	6,787	4,702	1,025	955	105	69.3	15.1	14.1	1.5
Laundresses	28,738	16,360	4,658	7,052	668	56.9	16.2	24.6	2.3
Nurses and midwives	19,546	13,527	1,869	3,861	289	69.2	9.6	19.7	1.5
Servants and waitresses	223,381	201,559	9,568	10,535	1,719	90.2	4.3	4.7	0.8
Other domestic and personal service	3,281	1,325	762	1,106	88	40.4	23.2	33.7	2.7
Trade and transportation	193,588	177,619	7,291	7,708	970	91.7	3.8	4.0	0.5
Agents	2,248	1,356	383	462	47	60.3	17.0	20.6	2.1
Bookkeepers and accountants	30,624	29,370	690	454	110	95.9	2.2	1.5	0.4
Clerks and copyists	32,108	30,170	962	852	124	94.0	3.0	2.6	0.4
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	8,223	2,994	1,926	3,068	235	36.4	23.4	37.3	2.9
Packers and shippers	8,309	7,915	200	167	27	95.3	2.4	2.0	0.3
Saleswomen	64,864	61,032	1,907	1,648	257	94.1	2.9	2.6	0.4
Stenographers and typewriters	33,700	32,724	485	379	112	97.1	1.5	1.1	0.3
Telegraph and telephone operators	8,611	8,230	207	151	23	95.6	2.4	1.7	0.3
Other persons in trade and transportation	4,901	3,808	531	627	35	77.7	10.8	10.8	0.7
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	432,967	378,903	27,589	24,490	2,885	87.3	5.4	5.6	0.7
Bookbinders	8,208	7,776	175	241	17	94.7	2.1	3.0	0.2
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	16,500	14,982	987	470	81	90.7	6.0	2.8	0.5
Boxmakers (paper)	7,793	7,361	231	183	18	94.5	3.0	2.3	0.2
Confectioners	3,528	2,968	240	298	22	84.1	6.8	8.5	0.6
Glovemakers	2,138	1,708	314	94	22	79.9	14.7	4.4	1.0
Gold and silver workers	3,029	2,828	115	70	16	93.4	3.8	2.3	0.5
Paper and pulp mill operatives	3,899	3,331	213	140	15	90.5	5.5	3.6	0.4
Printers, lithographers, and presswomen	5,706	5,332	213	136	25	93.5	3.7	2.4	0.4
Rubber factory operatives	3,507	3,177	191	131	8	90.6	5.5	3.7	0.2
Textile mill operatives	77,521	69,293	5,621	2,366	241	89.4	7.2	3.1	0.3
Carpet factory operatives	3,648	3,195	250	197	6	87.6	6.8	5.4	0.2
Cotton mill operatives	20,299	17,199	2,337	688	77	84.7	11.5	3.4	0.4
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	10,606	9,857	458	256	35	93.0	4.3	2.4	0.3
Silk mill operatives	11,304	10,743	332	203	26	95.1	2.9	1.8	0.2
Woolen mill operatives	11,380	10,161	804	322	33	89.3	7.6	2.8	0.3
Other textile mill operatives	20,284	18,138	1,380	702	64	89.4	6.8	3.5	0.3
Textile workers	232,352	196,856	15,862	17,706	2,128	84.7	6.8	7.6	0.9
Dressmakers	117,314	97,245	9,021	9,837	1,211	82.9	7.7	8.4	1.0
Hat and cap makers	2,987	2,727	132	119	9	91.3	4.4	4.0	0.3
Milliners	28,752	25,139	2,101	1,304	208	87.4	7.3	4.5	0.7
Seamstresses	41,912	35,103	2,291	4,051	467	83.7	5.5	9.7	1.1
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	11,665	10,528	578	526	34	90.2	5.0	4.5	0.3
Tailoresses	23,631	20,616	1,359	1,503	153	87.2	5.8	6.4	0.6
Other textile workers	6,091	5,206	380	367	46	87.0	6.2	6.0	0.8
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	10,028	8,915	630	403	80	88.9	6.3	4.0	0.8
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	58,758	53,407	2,797	2,222	212	91.0	4.8	3.8	0.4

[1] On the assumption that all the married, widowed, and divorced women reported as breadwinners are 16 years of age and over.
[2] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employes) stationed abroad.
[3] Including unknown.

TABLE 21.—DISTRIBUTION,[1] BY MARITAL CONDITION, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND OCCUPATION, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION[2]): 1900—Continued

OCCUPATION.	FOREIGN BORN WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.								
	Total.	Number.				Per cent.			
		Single.[3]	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.	Single.[3]	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.
All occupations	840,686	586,514	102,416	145,315	6,441	69.7	12.2	17.3	0.8
Agricultural pursuits	40,917	3,474	7,536	29,371	536	8.5	18.4	71.8	1.3
Agricultural laborers	4,567	2,182	1,824	544	17	47.8	39.9	11.9	0.4
Farmers, planters, and overseers	34,982	1,036	5,339	28,098	489	3.0	15.3	80.3	1.4
Other agricultural pursuits	1,368	256	353	729	30	18.7	25.8	53.3	2.2
Professional service	25,937	21,010	2,667	2,094	166	81.0	10.3	8.1	0.6
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	1,031	472	443	92	24	45.8	43.0	8.9	2.3
Artists and teachers of art	875	606	146	114	9	69.3	16.7	13.0	1.0
Literary and scientific persons	301	226	50	78	7	62.6	13.9	21.6	1.9
Musicians and teachers of music	3,354	2,227	604	475	48	66.4	18.0	14.2	1.4
Officials (government)	415	201	102	107	5	48.4	24.6	25.8	1.2
Physicians and surgeons	1,067	421	348	285	13	39.5	32.6	26.7	1.2
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	17,299	15,762	715	775	47	91.1	4.1	4.5	0.3
Other professional service	1,535	1,095	239	168	13	71.3	15.9	10.9	0.9
Domestic and personal service	456,070	335,455	42,339	74,649	3,627	73.5	9.3	16.4	0.8
Barbers and hairdressers	1,002	593	219	166	24	59.2	21.8	16.6	2.4
Boarding and lodging house keepers	14,326	1,899	3,900	8,162	365	13.3	27.2	57.0	2.5
Hotel keepers	1,811	187	523	1,067	54	9.2	28.9	58.9	3.0
Housekeepers and stewardesses	30,348	17,743	3,453	8,704	448	58.4	11.4	28.7	1.5
Janitors and sextons	3,890	276	1,902	1,671	41	7.1	48.9	43.0	1.0
Laborers (not specified)	7,963	2,910	2,741	2,222	90	36.6	34.4	27.9	1.1
Laundresses	42,835	14,598	9,321	18,094	822	34.0	21.8	42.2	2.0
Nurses and midwives	26,750	15,508	3,629	7,340	273	58.0	13.6	27.4	1.0
Servants and waitresses	322,190	280,616	15,322	24,863	1,389	87.1	4.8	7.7	0.4
Other domestic and personal service	4,955	1,175	1,329	2,360	91	23.7	26.8	47.6	1.9
Trade and transportation	59,793	39,304	8,678	11,400	411	65.7	14.5	19.1	0.7
Agents	1,314	432	318	527	37	32.9	24.2	40.1	2.8
Bookkeepers and accountants	6,196	5,623	374	177	21	90.8	6.0	2.9	0.3
Clerks and copyists	7,372	6,267	640	429	36	85.0	8.7	5.8	0.5
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	14,260	2,065	4,138	7,900	157	14.5	29.0	55.4	1.1
Packers and shippers	2,426	2,095	201	120	10	86.4	8.3	4.9	0.4
Saleswomen	16,898	14,525	1,485	818	70	86.0	8.8	4.8	0.4
Stenographers and typewriters	5,848	5,555	156	113	24	95.0	2.7	1.9	0.4
Telegraph and telephone operators	1,357	1,228	70	54	5	90.5	5.1	4.0	0.4
Other persons in trade and transportation	4,123	1,514	1,296	1,262	51	36.7	31.4	30.6	1.3
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	257,969	187,371	41,196	27,801	1,701	72.6	16.0	10.8	0.6
Bookbinders	1,575	1,430	57	82	6	90.8	3.6	5.2	0.4
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	5,201	3,949	867	345	40	75.9	16.7	6.6	0.8
Boxmakers (paper)	2,041	1,856	99	80	6	90.9	4.9	3.9	0.3
Confectioners	1,894	1,069	301	510	14	56.5	15.9	26.9	0.7
Glovemakers	1,014	695	240	71	8	68.5	23.7	7.0	0.8
Gold and silver workers	1,129	973	89	58	9	86.2	7.9	5.1	0.8
Paper and pulp mill operatives	2,227	1,580	379	261	7	71.0	17.0	11.7	0.3
Printers, lithographers, and presswomen	1,101	934	100	61	6	84.8	9.1	5.5	0.6
Rubber factory operatives	2,180	1,783	269	125	3	81.8	12.4	5.7	0.1
Textile mill operatives	78,833	57,289	16,435	4,852	257	72.7	20.8	6.2	0.3
Carpet factory operatives	2,513	1,747	420	337	9	69.5	16.7	13.4	0.4
Cotton-mill operatives	41,514	28,489	10,080	2,249	96	68.6	25.7	5.4	0.3
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	5,339	4,521	552	255	11	84.7	10.3	4.8	0.2
Silk mill operatives	6,513	5,198	894	395	26	79.8	13.7	6.1	0.4
Woolen mill operatives	8,916	6,518	1,747	616	35	73.1	19.6	6.9	0.4
Other textile mill operatives	14,038	10,816	2,142	1,000	80	77.0	15.3	7.1	0.6
Textile workers	122,937	88,085	16,086	17,654	1,162	71.7	13.0	14.4	0.9
Dressmakers	55,366	37,522	8,224	9,162	668	67.5	14.8	16.5	1.2
Hat and cap makers	1,669	1,290	174	100	5	82.2	11.1	6.4	0.3
Milliners	8,840	6,424	1,388	960	78	72.7	15.7	10.7	0.9
Seamstresses	25,085	18,951	1,929	3,976	229	75.5	7.7	15.9	0.9
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	4,508	3,766	410	400	22	81.9	8.9	8.7	0.5
Tailoresses	23,448	17,461	3,380	2,463	144	74.5	14.4	10.5	0.6
Other textile workers	3,831	2,671	531	603	26	69.7	13.9	15.7	0.7
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	9,705	6,279	2,492	886	48	64.7	25.7	9.1	0.5
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	28,132	21,349	3,832	2,816	135	75.9	13.6	10.0	0.5

[1] On the assumption that all the married, widowed, and divorced women reported as breadwinners are 16 years of age and over.
[2] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.
[3] Including unknown.

TABLE 21.—DISTRIBUTION,[1] BY MARITAL CONDITION, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND OCCUPATION, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION[2]): 1900—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	NEGRO FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.								
	Total.	Number.				Per cent.			
		Single.[3]	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.	Single.[3]	Married.	Widowed.	Divorced.
All occupations	1,119,653	447,761	376,114	277,656	18,122	40.0	33.6	24.8	1.6
Agricultural pursuits	434,041	162,975	172,765	93,234	5,067	37.5	39.8	21.5	1.2
Agricultural laborers	361,804	154,669	157,073	46,808	3,254	42.8	43.4	12.9	0.9
Farmers, planters, and overseers	71,665	8,185	15,442	46,234	1,804	11.4	21.6	64.5	2.5
Other agricultural pursuits	572	121	250	192	9	21.1	43.7	33.6	1.6
Professional service	15,515	10,340	3,542	1,001	132	66.9	22.8	6.5	0.8
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	282	139	105	5	3	55.1	41.7	2.0	1.2
Artists and teachers of art	83	50	25	7	1	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Literary and scientific persons	25	13	8	4		(4)	(4)	(4)	
Musicians and teachers of music	1,159	686	350	108	15	59.2	30.2	9.3	1.3
Officials (government)	50	19	21	10		(4)	(4)	(4)	
Physicians and surgeons	160	47	61	46	6	29.4	38.1	28.8	3.7
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	13,470	9,762	2,863	750	104	72.4	21.2	5.6	0.8
Other professional service	307	124	109	71	3	40.4	35.5	23.1	1.0
Domestic and personal service	634,104	258,910	187,659	175,187	12,348	40.8	29.6	27.6	2.0
Barbers and hairdressers	981	367	382	226	26	37.4	38.9	23.0	2.7
Boarding and lodging house keepers	3,576	647	962	1,838	129	18.1	26.9	51.4	3.6
Hotel keepers	152	28	50	71	3	18.4	32.9	46.7	2.0
Housekeepers and stewardesses	9,408	4,238	1,694	3,237	239	45.1	18.0	34.4	2.5
Janitors and sextons	854	161	355	330	8	18.9	41.6	38.6	0.9
Laborers (not specified)	70,112	26,713	22,741	19,411	1,247	38.1	32.4	27.7	1.8
Laundresses	215,043	49,635	87,128	73,727	4,553	23.1	40.5	34.3	2.1
Nurses and midwives	18,676	9,559	3,316	5,627	174	51.2	17.8	30.1	0.9
Servants and waitresses	313,091	167,060	70,205	69,911	5,915	53.4	22.4	22.3	1.9
Other domestic and personal service	2,211	502	846	809	54	22.7	38.3	36.6	2.4
Trade and transportation	3,920	1,652	1,294	924	50	42.1	33.0	23.6	1.3
Agents	265	115	77	67	6	43.4	29.0	25.3	2.3
Bookkeepers and accountants	189	144	27	16	2	76.2	14.3	8.5	1.0
Clerks and copyists	539	360	112	62	5	66.8	20.8	11.5	0.9
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	856	125	415	302	14	14.6	48.5	35.3	1.6
Packers and shippers	224	132	58	33	1	58.9	25.9	14.7	0.5
Saleswomen	378	212	109	56	1	56.1	28.8	14.8	0.3
Stenographers and typewriters	174	148	22	5		85.9	12.6	2.5	
Telegraph and telephone operators	11	11				(4)			
Other persons in trade and transportation	1,284	407	474	382	21	31.7	36.9	29.8	1.6
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	32,073	13,334	10,854	7,310	525	41.7	33.9	22.8	1.6
Bookbinders	34	25	5	4		(4)	(4)	(4)	
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	66	45	15	5	1	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Boxmakers (paper)	44	26	13	5		(4)	(4)	(4)	
Confectioners	67	17	21	27	2	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Glovemakers	10	4	4	2		(4)	(4)	(4)	
Gold and silver workers	2	2				(4)			
Paper and pulp mill operatives	25	17	6	2		(4)	(4)	(4)	
Printers, lithographers, and presswomen	96	82	8	5	1	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Rubber factory operatives	1	1				(4)			
Textile mill operatives	481	276	102	98	5	57.4	21.2	20.4	1.0
Carpet factory operatives	7	2	4	1		(4)	(4)	(4)	
Cotton mill operatives	289	167	61	56	5	57.8	21.1	19.4	1.7
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	15	8	4	3		(4)	(4)	(4)	
Silk mill operatives	44	40	2	2		(4)	(4)	(4)	
Woolen mill operatives	70	25	18	27		(4)	(4)	(4)	
Other textile mill operatives	56	34	13	9		(4)	(4)	(4)	
Textile workers	24,389	9,792	8,415	5,757	425	40.2	34.5	23.6	1.7
Dressmakers	12,421	5,090	4,390	2,723	218	41.0	35.3	21.9	1.8
Hat and cap makers	2		2				(4)		
Milliners	169	101	42	24	2	59.8	24.8	14.2	1.2
Seamstresses	11,297	4,342	3,864	2,893	198	38.4	34.2	25.6	1.8
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	109	98	8	3		89.9	7.3	2.8	
Tailoresses	301	129	85	81	6	42.9	28.2	26.9	2.0
Other textile workers	90	32	24	33	1	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	4,639	2,109	1,512	947	71	45.5	32.6	20.4	1.5
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	2,219	988	753	458	20	44.5	33.9	20.7	0.9

[1] On the assumption that all the married, widowed, and divorced women reported as breadwinners are 16 years of age and over.
[2] Comprises continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad.
[3] Including unknown.
[4] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

TABLE 22.—INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED

	OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.							
		Aggregate.				Native white—both parents native.			
		1900	1890	Increase, 1890 to 1900.		1900	1890	Increase, 1890 to 1900.	
				Number.	Per cent.			Number.	Per cent.
1	All occupations	5,007,069	3,712,144	1,294,925	34.9	1,825,850	1,310,148	515,702	39.4
2	Agricultural pursuits	811,744	595,134	216,610	36 4	274,332	190,789	83,543	43.8
3	Agricultural laborers	497,886	363,554	134,332	36.9	92,201	49,935	42,266	84.6
4	Farmers, planters, and overseers	307,788	226,427	81,361	35.9	179,475	138,742	40,733	29.4
5	Other agricultural pursuits	6,076	5,153	917	17.8	2,656	2,112	544	25.8
6	Professional service	430,766	311,241	119,525	38.4	275,765	211,716	64,049	30.3
7	Actresses, professional show-women, etc	6,819	4,491	2,328	51.8	3,484	2,470	1,014	41.1
8	Artists and teachers of art	10,989	10,775	214	2.0	7,621	7,912	[2] 291	[2] 3.7
9	Literary and scientific persons	5,989	2,764	3,225	116.7	4,439	2,083	2,356	113.1
10	Musicians and teachers of music	52,257	34,435	17,822	51.8	34,264	23,676	10,588	44.7
11	Officials (government)	8,126	4,875	3,251	66.7	6,132	3,768	2,364	63.7
12	Physicians and surgeons	7,399	4,557	2,842	62.4	4,895	3,202	1,684	52.6
13	Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	327,965	245,839	82,066	33.4	208,193	166,207	41,986	25.3
14	Other professional service	11,282	3,506	7,777	221.9	6,746	2,308	4,348	181.3
15	Domestic and personal service	2,012,040	1,590,187	421,853	26.5	554,903	427.251	127,652	29.9
16	Barbers and hairdressers	5,833	2,779	2,754	99.1	1,701	774	924	119.8
17	Boarding and lodging house keepers	59,511	32,593	26,918	82.6	31,773	17,036	14,743	86.6
18	Hotel keepers	8,545	5,276	3,269	62.0	5,045	3,146	1,899	60.4
19	Housekeepers and stewardesses	147,103	86,089	61,014	70.9	77,993	46,823	31,170	66.6
20	Janitors and sextons	8,028	2,803	5,225	186.4	1,353	471	882	187.3
21	Laborers (not specified)	111,503	50,321	61,182	121.6	22,613	7,734	14,879	192.4
22	Laundresses	332,665	215,121	117,544	54.6	42,322	19,517	22,805	116.8
23	Nurses and midwives	108,978	41,396	67,582	163.3	43,866	17,480	26,386	150.9
24	Servants and waitresses	1,213,828	1,145,255	68,573	6.0	323,703	311,479	12,224	3.9
25	Other domestic and personal service	16,346	8,554	7,792	91.1	4,534	2,797	1,737	62.1
26	Trade and transportation	494,126	222,553	271,573	122.0	228,349	100,529	127,820	127.1
27	Agents	10,538	4,853	5,685	117.1	6,677	3,340	3,337	99.8
28	Bookkeepers and accountants	73,820	27,606	46,214	167.4	36,290	14,872	21,328	143.4
29	Clerks and copyists	83,726	62,817	20,909	33.3	41,918	31,431	10,487	33 4
30	Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	34,008	25,284	8,724	34.5	10,586	7,407	3,099	41.8
31	Packers and shippers	18,673	6,147	12,526	203.8	6,711	1,836	4,875	265.5
32	Saleswomen	146,577	57,171	89,406	156.4	61,561	21,781	39,780	182.6
33	Stenographers and typewriters	85,912	21,214	64,698	305.0	45,669	12,861	32,808	255.1
34	Telegraph and telephone operators	22,464	8,403	14,061	167.2	12,284	4,204	8,080	192.2
35	Other persons in trade and transportation	18,418	9,058	9,360	103.3	6,823	2,791	4,032	144.5
36	Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	1,258,393	993,029	265,364	26.7	492,501	379,863	112,638	29.7
37	Bookbinders	15,171	11,271	3,900	34.6	4,797	3,044	1,753	57.6
38	Boot and shoe makers and repairers	38,285	32,948	5,337	16.2	15,410	13,392	1,518	10.9
39	Boxmakers (paper)	15,992	12,325	3,667	29.8	5,063	3,739	1,324	35.4
40	Confectioners	8,586	5,328	3,258	61.1	2,555	1,283	1,272	99.1
41	Glovemakers	7,543	3,608	3,935	109.1	4,100	2,017	2,083	103.3
42	Gold and silver workers	6,158	3,253	2,905	89.3	1,705	1,036	669	64.6
43	Paper and pulp mill operatives	9,164	8,719	445	5.1	2,689	2,298	391	17.0
44	Printers, lithographers, and presswomen	15,770	12,026	3,744	31.1	8,662	6,260	2,402	38.4
45	Rubber factory operatives	7,238	6,331	907	14.3	1,333	1,190	143	12.0
46	Textile mill operatives	250,376	211,112	39,264	18.6	82,228	55,527	26,701	48.1
47	Carpet factory operatives	8,679	10,452	[2] 1,773	[2] 17.0	2,256	3,247	[2] 991	[2] 30.5
48	Cotton mill operatives	104,944	84,220	20,724	24.6	38,931	21,674	17,257	79.6
49	Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	31,108	19,321	11,787	61.0	13,598	7,217	6,381	88.4
50	Silk mill operatives	20,200	10,108	10,092	52.8	9,653	4,072	5,581	137.1
51	Woolen mill operatives	28,061	34,428	[2] 5,467	[2] 15.9	7,316	7,644	[2] 328	[2] 4.3
52	Other textile mill operatives	47,484	43,583	3,901	9.0	10,474	11,673	[2] 1,199	[2] 10.3
53	Textile workers	603,158	588,277	104,881	17.8	298,388	260,129	38,259	14.7
54	Dressmakers	342,579	290,308	52,271	18.0	153,912	129,768	24,144	18.6
55	Hat and cap makers	7,398	6,552	846	12.9	2,588	2,364	224	9.5
56	Milliners	85,025	60,653	24,372	40.2	45,943	34,855	11,088	31.8
57	Seamstresses	143,270	143,270	[2] 00	(1)	81,517	89,806	[2] 8,289	[2] 11.9
58	Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	20,509	15,531	13,975	90.0	12,118	5,140	6,978	135.8
59	Tailoresses	85,353	61,488	3,865	6.3	14,657	15,528	[2] 871	[2] 5.6
60	Other textile workers	20,024	10,403	9,621	92.5	7,653	2,668	4,985	186.8
61	Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	40,325	25,853	14,472	56.0	13,806	7,014	6,852	97.7
62	Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	150,627	71,978	78,649	109.3	51,705	22,434	29,271	130.5

[1] Comprises in 1900 continental United States, the territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employees) stationed abroad; in 1890, continental United States only.
[2] Decrease.

BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND OCCUPATION, FOR THE UNITED STATES (AREA OF ENUMERATION[1]): 1890 TO 1900.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

Native white—one or both parents foreign born.				Foreign born white.				Negro.				
1900	1890	Increase, 1890 to 1900.		1900	1890	Increase, 1890 to 1900.		1900	1890	Increase, 1890 to 1900.		
		Number.	Per cent.			Number.	Per cent.			Number.	Per cent.	
1,138,120	774,751	363,378	46.9	861,963	756,006	105,957	14.0	1,162,250	867,717	294,533	33.9	1
26,653	12,817	13,836	108.0	41,165	33,179	7,986	24.1	462,148	357,749	104,399	29.2	2
7,114	2,998	4,116	137.3	4,800	2,661	2,139	80.4	389,896	307,668	82,228	26.7	3
18,665	8,954	9,711	108.4	34,982	29,106	5,876	20.2	71,665	49,366	22,299	45.2	4
874	865	9	1.0	1,383	1,412	-29	-2.1	587	715	-128	-17.9	5
113,112	71,093	42,019	59.1	26,002	19,587	6,415	32.8	15,577	8,780	6,797	77.4	6
2,022	1,064	958	90.0	1,046	876	170	19.4	257	63	194	(a)	7
2,393	2,008	385	19.2	886	788	98	12.4	85	65	20	(a)	8
1,164	451	713	158.1	561	207	154	74.4	25	22	3	(a)	9
13,423	7,585	5,838	77.0	3,373	2,568	805	31.3	1,179	590	589	99.8	10
1,522	749	773	103.2	415	333	82	24.6	50	25	25	(a)	11
1,276	650	626	96.3	1,067	572	495	86.5	160	115	45	39.1	12
88,630	57,999	30,631	52.8	17,314	13,793	3,521	25.5	13,513	7,830	5,683	72.6	13
2,682	587	2,095	356.9	1,540	450	1,090	242.2	308	70	238	(a)	14
341,604	236,322	105,282	44.6	462,119	451,681	10,438	2.3	648,006	472,787	175,219	37.1	15
1,804	927	877	94.6	1,026	562	464	82.6	984	513	471	91.8	16
9,797	4,018	5,779	143.8	14,326	9,736	4,590	47.1	3,576	1,786	1,790	100.2	17
1,518	635	883	139.1	1,811	1,369	442	32.3	152	126	26	20.6	18
29,209	11,280	17,929	158.9	30,348	19,775	10,573	53.5	9,408	8,104	1,304	16.1	19
1,924	565	1,359	240.5	3,890	1,323	2,567	194.0	858	443	415	93.7	20
7,304	3,086	4,218	136.7	8,189	4,481	3,708	82.7	72,873	34,773	38,100	109.6	21
25,641	12,898	16,943	133.4	43,107	31,905	11,202	35.1	216,528	150,430	66,098	43.9	22
19,546	5,847	13,699	234.3	26,750	13,164	13,586	103.2	18,676	4,890	13,786	281.9	23
237,539	195,641	41,898	21.4	327,700	366,097	-38,397	-10.5	327,731	270,869	51,862	19.1	24
3,322	1,625	1,697	104.4	4,972	3,269	1,703	52.1	2,220	833	1,387	166.5	25
199,864	86,019	113,845	132.3	61,776	33,714	28,062	83.2	3,994	2,237	1,757	78.5	26
2,271	806	1,463	181.1	1,318	636	682	107.2	270	62	208	(a)	27
31,070	10,534	20,536	194.9	6,347	2,145	4,202	195.9	193	54	139	(a)	28
33,364	24,741	8,623	34.9	7,885	6,290	1,595	25.2	549	341	208	61.0	29
8,286	5,219	3,067	58.8	14,258	12,010	2,248	18.1	856	619	237	38.3	30
9,123	3,340	5,783	173.1	2,605	930	1,675	180.1	232	34	198	(a)	31
67,054	28,537	38,517	135.0	17,553	6,713	10,840	161.5	387	139	248	178.4	32
34,100	6,966	27,134	389.5	5,960	1,356	4,604	339.5	177	31	146	(a)	33
8,771	3,393	5,378	158.5	1,388	750	636	84.8	11	56	-45	(a)	34
5,826	2,481	3,344	134.8	4,424	2,875	1,549	53.9	1,319	901	418	46.4	35
456,896	368,500	88,396	24.0	270,901	217,845	53,056	24.4	32,525	26,164	6,361	24.3	36
8,667	6,930	1,737	25.1	1,673	1,283	390	30.4	34	14	20	(a)	37
17,364	14,543	2,821	19.4	5,440	4,431	1,009	22.8	68	78	-10	(a)	38
8,564	6,969	1,595	22.9	2,321	1,612	709	44.0	44	4	40	(a)	39
3,885	2,198	1,687	76.8	2,073	1,774	299	16.9	67	72	-5	(a)	40
2,317	1,115	1,202	107.8	1,073	471	601	127.6	10	4	6	(a)	41
3,244	1,693	1,551	91.6	1,207	524	683	130.3	2		2		42
4,120	3,706	414	11.2	2,330	2,094	-304	-13.5	25	21	4	(a)	43
5,867	4,665	1,202	25.8	1,142	1,030	112	10.9	98	71	27	(a)	44
3,669	3,330	339	10.2	2,234	1,808	426	23.6	2	3	-1	(a)	45
84,211	77,471	6,740	8.7	83,405	77,334	6,071	7.9	526	773	-247	-32.0	46
3,833	4,147	-314	-7.6	2,583	3,016	-433	-14.4	7	40	-33	(a)	47
21,967	23,121	-1,154	-5.0	43,731	39,182	4,549	11.6	315	241	74	30.7	48
11,709	8,129	3,580	44.0	5,784	3,951	1,833	46.4	17	24	-7	(a)	49
12,536	9,665	2,870	29.7	6,960	5,358	1,602	29.9	52	13	39	(a)	50
12,157	16,051	-3,894	-24.3	9,415	10,663	-1,248	-11.7	73	70	3	(a)	51
22,010	16,358	5,652	34.6	14,932	15,164	-232	-1.5	62	385	-323	-83.9	52
240,253	203,952	36,301	17.8	127,463	103,862	23,601	22.7	24,550	20,054	4,496	22.4	53
119,885	103,056	16,829	16.1	56,591	49,846	6,535	13.1	12,478	7,543	4,935	65.4	54
3,112	3,030	82	2.7	1,696	1,154	542	47.0	2	4	-2	(a)	55
29,718	18,194	11,524	63.3	9,187	7,240	1,947	26.9	173	359	-186	-51.8	56
43,622	40,761	2,861	7.0	26,236	21,000	5,236	24.9	11,374	11,681	-307	-2.6	57
12,324	7,347	4,977	67.7	4,942	2,993	1,949	65.1	120	54	66	(a)	58
25,275	26,250	-975	-3.7	24,961	19,265	5,696	29.6	312	366	-54	-14.8	59
6,517	5,314	1,203	22.6	4,060	2,364	1,696	71.7	91	47	44	(a)	60
11,249	8,070	3,179	39.4	10,411	6,714	3,697	55.1	4,796	4,046	750	18.5	61
63,486	33,858	29,628	87.5	30,130	14,308	15,822	110.6	2,303	1,024	1,279	124.9	62

[a] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

TABLE 23.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN CITIES HAVING AT LEAST 50,000 INHABITANTS AND IN SMALLER CITIES AND COUNTRY DISTRICTS, CLASSIFIED BY OCCUPATION, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.				
	Total.	Number living in—		Per cent living in—	
		Cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.	Smaller cities and country districts.	Cities having at least 50,000 inhabitants.	Smaller cities and country districts.
All occupations	4,833,690	1,657,728	3,175,962	34.3	65.7
Agricultural pursuits	770,055	2,853	767,202	0.4	99.6
Agricultural laborers	456,405	1,510	454,895	0.3	99.7
Farmers, planters, and overseers	307,706	541	307,165	0.2	99.8
Other agricultural pursuits	5,944	802	5,142	13.5	86.5
Professional service	429,491	118,854	310,643	27.7	72.3
Actresses, professional show-women, etc.	6,661	5,182	1,479	77.8	22.2
Artists and teachers of art	10,907	5,351	5,556	49.1	50.9
Literary and scientific persons	5,984	2,811	3,173	47.0	53.0
Musicians and teachers of music	52,010	18,563	33,447	35.7	64.3
Officials (government)	8,119	659	7,460	8.1	91.9
Physicians and surgeons	7,387	3,858	3,529	52.2	47.8
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	327,206	76,274	250,932	23.3	76.7
Other professional service	11,223	6,156	5,067	54.9	45.1
Domestic and personal service	1,953,457	683,609	1,269,858	35.0	65.0
Barbers and hairdressers	5,440	3,744	1,696	68.8	31.2
Boarding and lodging house keepers (including hotel keepers)	67,988	25,280	42,699	37.2	62.8
Housekeepers and stewardesses	146,329	33,722	113,207	23.0	77.0
Janitors and sextons	8,010	6,842	1,168	85.4	14.6
Laborers (not specified)	106,916	10,769	96,147	10.1	89.9
Laundresses	328,935	113,801	215,134	34.6	65.4
Nurses and midwives	108,691	48,869	59,822	45.0	55.0
Servants and waitresses	1,165,561	432,500	733,061	37.1	62.9
Other domestic and personal service	14,997	8,073	6,924	53.8	46.2
Trade and transportation	481,159	285,004	196,155	59.2	40.8
Agents	10,468	4,965	5,503	47.4	52.6
Bookkeepers and accountants	72,896	42,385	30,511	58.1	41.9
Clerks and copyists	81,000	49,483	31,517	61.1	38.9
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	33,825	19,175	14,650	56.7	43.3
Packers and shippers	17,062	10,362	6,700	60.7	39.3
Saleswomen	142,265	83,849	58,416	58.9	41.1
Stenographers and typewriters	85,086	54,063	31,023	63.5	36.5
Telegraph and telephone operators	21,980	10,514	11,466	47.8	52.2
Other persons in trade and transportation	16,587	10,218	6,369	61.6	38.4
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	1,199,452	567,408	632,044	47.3	52.7
Bookbinders	14,303	11,768	2,535	82.3	17.7
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	36,490	13,864	22,626	38.0	62.0
Boxmakers (paper)	14,498	10,010	4,488	69.0	31.0
Confectioners	7,805	5,881	1,924	75.3	24.7
Glovemakers	7,170	1,754	5,416	24.5	75.5
Gold and silver workers	5,767	3,471	2,296	60.2	39.8
Paper and pulp mill operatives	8,709	2,345	6,364	26.9	73.1
Printers, lithographers, and presswomen	15,353	6,360	8,994	41.5	58.5
Rubber factory operatives	6,945	2,308	4,637	33.2	66.8
Textile mill operatives	231,458	90,556	140,902	39.1	60.9
Carpet factory operatives	8,332	3,639	4,693	43.7	56.3
Cotton mill operatives	97,181	33,844	63,337	34.8	65.2
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	28,293	10,676	17,617	37.7	62.3
Silk mill operatives	26,432	11,085	15,347	41.9	58.1
Woolen mill operatives	27,166	8,493	18,676	31.3	68.7
Other textile mill operatives	44,061	22,819	21,242	51.8	48.2
Textile workers	675,255	324,510	350,745	48.1	51.9
Dressmakers	338,144	149,296	188,848	44.2	55.8
Hat and cap makers	7,049	3,522	3,527	50.0	50.0
Milliners	82,936	31,510	51,426	38.0	62.0
Seamstresses	138,724	72,362	66,372	52.2	47.8
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	27,788	13,608	14,180	49.0	51.0
Tailoresses	61,571	44,412	17,159	72.1	27.9
Other textile workers	19,043	9,810	9,233	51.5	48.5
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	37,125	19,659	17,466	53.0	47.0
Other manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	138,574	74,913	63,661	54.1	45.9

TABLE 24.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.															
	Agricultural laborers.					Farmers, planters, and overseers.					Actresses, professional show-women, etc.					
	Total.	Native white—			Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—			Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—			Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.			Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.			Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.		
Continental United States	456,405	82,505	8,236	4,543	363,061	307,706	179,448	18,963	34,975	74,620	6,661	3,404	1,983	1,020	254	
North Atlantic division	3,211	1,737	502	900	72	30,019	22,550	3,113	4,239	117	3,702	1,783	1,157	648	114	
New England	706	373	91	233	9	8,926	7,378	505	1,026	19	478	217	172	70	19	
Maine	123	89	15	19	.....	2,963	2,635	157	167	4	19	7	10	1	1	
New Hampshire	69	54	6	9	.....	1,409	1,362	35	71	1	20	10	9	1	.....	
Vermont	112	77	23	11	1	1,336	1,050	133	152	1	3	1	2	.....	.....	
Massachusetts	207	84	33	89	1	1,595	1,163	96	330	6	348	156	120	54	16	
Rhode Island	74	15	3	53	3	190	157	7	23	3	36	16	14	4	2	
Connecticut	121	54	11	52	4	1,375	1,011	77	283	4	52	25	17	10	.....	
Southern North Atlantic	2,505	1,364	411	667	63	21,091	15,172	2,608	3,213	98	3,224	1,566	985	578	95	
New York	1,269	543	254	451	21	10,512	6,950	1,455	2,047	60	2,817	1,333	866	539	80	
New Jersey	365	168	53	131	23	1,283	940	96	231	16	142	70	49	19	4	
Pennsylvania	871	663	104	85	19	9,296	7,282	1,057	935	22	265	163	71	20	11	
South Atlantic division	185,827	36,388	150	222	149,067	66,557	46,401	632	505	25,119	250	145	62	25	18	
Northern South Atlantic	9,264	2,121	48	198	6,897	10,570	14,728	393	389	4,060	190	111	53	18	8	
Delaware	107	78	2	.....	27	316	253	12	26	25	7	5	2	.....	.....	
Maryland	899	253	37	188	421	2,250	1,687	135	165	263	81	42	25	10	4	
District of Columbia	4	2	.....	.....	2	9	5	.....	4	.....	32	24	5	.....	3	
Virginia	7,856	1,400	5	9	6,442	12,164	8,253	84	99	3,728	57	32	19	6	.....	
West Virginia	398	388	4	1	5	4,831	4,530	162	95	44	13	8	2	2	1	
Southern South Atlantic	176,563	34,267	102	24	142,170	47,087	25,673	239	116	21,059	60	34	9	7	10	
North Carolina	38,001	12,498	29	5	25,469	16,074	11,640	54	33	4,347	7	4	2	1	.....	
South Carolina	71,865	11,067	40	10	60,748	13,545	4,454	50	24	9,017	2	2	.....	.....	.....	
Georgia	59,744	9,593	24	6	50,121	14,308	8,176	83	24	6,025	32	21	3	4	4	
Florida	6,953	1,109	9	3	5,832	3,160	1,403	52	35	1,670	19	7	4	2	6	
North Central division	9,636	4,423	3,180	1,856	177	84,656	47,216	11,823	24,604	1,013	1,777	975	478	231	93	
Eastern North Central	4,937	2,353	1,597	929	58	46,839	27,193	7,203	12,113	330	1,221	640	335	175	71	
Ohio	1,087	770	217	85	15	13,109	9,401	1,990	1,672	116	237	153	56	19	9	
Indiana	659	488	131	32	8	8,894	6,748	1,063	1,037	48	85	61	15	3	6	
Illinois	1,312	636	353	293	30	10,169	6,269	1,435	2,365	70	716	341	198	124	53	
Michigan	742	272	261	206	3	7,801	3,604	1,272	2,868	57	121	60	44	15	2	
Wisconsin	1,137	187	635	313	2	6,816	1,173	1,453	4,150	40	62	25	23	14	1	
Western North Central	4,699	2,070	1,583	927	119	37,817	20,023	4,620	12,491	683	550	335	143	56	22	
Minnesota	852	85	495	271	1	5,102	673	774	3,885	70	183	83	62	29	9	
Iowa	884	385	345	150	4	6,846	3,004	1,121	2,653	8	74	55	12	5	2	
Missouri	1,247	913	178	65	91	13,892	10,993	1,164	1,411	294	153	87	44	13	9	
North Dakota	273	61	66	144	2	1,312	183	165	839	125	3	2	1	.....	.....	
South Dakota	325	55	170	100	.....	1,468	308	238	844	78	10	8	2	.....	.....	
Nebraska	562	189	224	142	7	3,245	1,322	402	1,432	29	105	81	15	8	1	
Kansas	556	382	105	55	14	5,692	3,490	696	1,427	79	28	19	7	1	1	
South Central division	250,179	39,532	2,204	1,388	213,055	114,895	64,001	1,757	2,472	46,665	233	113	66	38	16	
Eastern South Central	165,614	23,887	245	92	141,390	68,093	38,227	553	498	29,415	90	48	32	9	7	
Kentucky	2,350	1,875	42	8	425	13,680	12,553	239	290	598	45	20	16	6	3	
Tennessee	12,133	3,270	37	17	8,809	14,447	11,861	108	96	2,382	35	19	13	1	2	
Alabama	73,738	12,425	71	12	61,230	20,428	8,180	109	62	12,077	12	7	2	2	1	
Mississippi	77,393	6,317	95	55	70,926	20,138	5,633	97	50	14,358	4	2	1	.....	1	
Western South Central	90,565	15,645	1,959	1,296	71,665	46,202	25,774	1,204	1,974	17,250	137	65	34	28	9	
Louisiana	42,553	3,285	68	106	39,098	8,554	3,076	125	115	5,338	14	5	6	2	1	
Arkansas	20,963	4,401	114	45	16,403	13,194	8,032	179	131	4,852	8	6	1	.....	1	
Indian Territory	1,600	1,176	18	2	404	2,539	1,378	24	11	926	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Oklahoma	420	254	33	11	122	2,845	1,946	200	184	355	13	8	2	3	.....	
Texas	25,029	6,529	1,730	1,132	15,638	19,330	11,342	676	1,533	5,779	102	46	25	24	7	
Western division	1,552	485	200	177	690	11,479	5,280	1,336	3,155	1,706	699	368	220	78	13	
Rocky Mountain	259	158	38	45	18	2,633	1,484	333	396	220	186	118	43	21	4	
Montana	27	13	4	7	3	452	175	78	126	63	43	21	12	9	1	
Idaho	42	12	16	7	7	621	300	93	174	54	17	10	5	2	.....	
Wyoming	13	8	3	2	.....	166	33	37	96	2	3	2	1	.....	.....	
Colorado	89	54	11	24	.....	904	568	113	217	6	122	85	25	9	3	
New Mexico	88	71	4	5	8	488	358	22	13	95	1	.....	.....	1	.....	
Basin and Plateau	240	29	33	23	145	2,385	336	190	578	1,281	24	11	10	3	.....	
Arizona	137	8	2	5	122	1,420	90	24	36	1,270	11	8	1	2	...	
Utah	64	21	25	17	1	875	205	189	608	3	12	3	9	.....	.....	
Nevada	29	...	6	1	22	90	41	7	34	8	1	.....	.....	1	.....	
Pacific	1,053	298	129	109	527	6,461	3,460	815	1,981	205	489	259	167	84	9	
Washington	532	58	14	19	441	1,280	640	168	374	107	139	85	38	15	1	
Oregon	109	57	22	16	14	1,309	845	151	290	23	39	19	12	4	4	
California	422	183	93	74	72	3,866	1,975	499	1,317	75	311	155	117	35	4	

TABLE 24.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.																	
	Artists and teachers of art.					Literary and scientific persons.					Musicians and teachers of music.							
	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.			
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.					
Continental United States	10,907	7,584	2,361	875	87	5,984	4,435	1,163	361	25	52,010	34,138	13,347	3,349	1,176			
North Atlantic division	4,569	3,108	1,008	421	22	3,046	2,312	554	171	9	18,187	11,388	5,058	1,474	267			
New England	1,390	1,043	230	113	4	1,334	1,143	151	38	2	5,916	3,985	1,449	418	64			
Maine	121	109	8	4		115	104	11			567	485	56	23	3			
New Hampshire	73	66	3	4		87	82	5			306	245	40	21				
Vermont	48	40	5	3		60	55	4	1		276	229	39	7	1			
Massachusetts	887	634	164	88	1	850	710	106	32	2	3,467	2,229	894	305	39			
Rhode Island	93	65	17	8	3	51	41	7	3		456	264	149	32	11			
Connecticut	168	129	33	6		171	151	18	2		844	533	271	30	10			
Southern North Atlantic	3,179	2,065	778	318	18	1,712	1,169	403	133	7	12,271	7,403	3,609	1,056	203			
New York	1,946	1,225	487	224	10	1,038	671	264	99	4	6,765	3,630	2,229	810	96			
New Jersey	344	194	105	42	3	176	137	29	9	1	1,378	850	400	88	31			
Pennsylvania	889	646	186	52	5	498	361	116	25	2	4,128	2,914	980	158	76			
South Atlantic division	687	546	98	30	13	305	242	38	22	3	3,273	2,480	451	105	237			
Northern South Atlantic	454	344	81	24	5	224	175	30	16	3	1,873	1,337	330	73	133			
Delaware	17	12	5			8	6	2			128	100	20	3	5			
Maryland	149	108	34	6	1	87	64	19	4		703	468	158	38	39			
District of Columbia	146	105	30	9	2	78	59	7	10	2	307	173	72	15	47			
Virginia	85	73	3	7	2	38	34	1	2	1	494	378	39	12	35			
West Virginia	57	46	9	2		13	12	1			271	218	41	5	7			
Southern South Atlantic	233	202	17	6	8	81	67	8	6		1,400	1,143	121	32	104			
North Carolina	49	46	3			13	11	1	1		333	294	19	6	14			
South Carolina	31	28	1	1	1	13	12	1			236	172	28	3	33			
Georgia	105	93	5	2	5	38	31	5	2		628	536	51	4	37			
Florida	48	35	8	3	2	17	13	1	3		203	141	23	19	20			
North Central division	3,703	2,506	880	298	19	2,005	1,421	451	125	8	21,194	13,831	5,902	1,142	269			
Eastern North Central	2,539	1,678	610	235	15	1,415	990	324	96	5	13,207	8,405	3,846	788	168			
Ohio	704	509	144	49	2	364	276	74	13	1	3,492	2,506	837	100	49			
Indiana	225	181	36	5	3	148	111	32	5		1,863	1,432	358	48	27			
Illinois	1,040	649	278	103	10	539	288	122	46	3	4,527	2,729	1,400	337	61			
Michigan	386	237	84	65		199	135	40	23	1	2,089	1,169	670	227	23			
Wisconsin	184	102	68	14		165	100	56	9		1,236	569	583	76	8			
Western North Central	1,164	828	270	62	4	590	431	127	29	3	7,987	5,426	2,056	404	101			
Minnesota	226	118	78	29	1	118	81	28	9		1,073	484	441	141	7			
Iowa	276	173	52	6		147	118	25	4		2,186	1,524	589	62	11			
Missouri	357	253	73	19	2	152	106	38	6	2	2,197	1,603	472	72	50			
North Dakota	14	8	4	2		7	5	2			120	51	41	28				
South Dakota	19	13	6			14	8	3	3		218	135	68	13	2			
Nebraska	112	86	23	2	1	83	57	21	5		863	599	205	52	7			
Kansas	160	122	34	4		69	56	10	2	1	1,330	1,030	240	36	24			
South Central division	785	667	69	19	30	197	171	15	6	5	5,346	4,115	614	151	366			
Eastern South Central	428	365	33	10	20	118	100	13	1	4	2,473	1,945	269	58	201			
Kentucky	134	108	15	6	5	50	41	8	1		872	633	153	29	57			
Tennessee	157	129	14	3	11	35	31	2		2	734	596	67	14	57			
Alabama	85	76	4	1	4	20	16	2		2	475	389	28	8	50			
Mississippi	52	52				13	12	1			392	327	21	7	37			
Western South Central	357	302	36	9	10	79	71	2	5	1	2,773	2,170	245	93	165			
Louisiana	33	19	11	2	1	16	16				472	253	146	25	48			
Arkansas	54	53			1	13	11	1	1		373	299	34	8	32			
Indian Territory	19	15	1	1	1	2	2				110	85	8	2	15			
Oklahoma	20	18	1	1		7	7				199	151	13	3	2			
Texas	231	196	23	5	7	41	35	1	4	1	1,649	1,382	144	55	68			
Western division	1,163	757	306	97	3	431	289	105	37		4,110	2,324	1,322	427	37			
Rocky Mountain	209	152	39	17	1	80	60	15	5		866	546	226	77	17			
Montana	18	8	7	3		17	12	3	2		157	77	53	25	2			
Idaho	13	7	4	2		5	3	1	1		84	51	24	9				
Wyoming	5	3	1	1		3	2	1			48	24	15	5	4			
Colorado	167	132	25	9	1	54	43	9	2		552	374	129	38	11			
New Mexico	6	2	2	2		1		1			25	20	5					
Basin and Plateau	42	25	15	2		26	14	7	5		255	127	99	27	2			
Arizona	5	5				7	4	2	1		59	32	18	8	1			
Utah	34	19	14	1		14	7	3	4		161	78	66	16	1			
Nevada	3	1	1	1		5	3	2			35	17	15	3				
Pacific	912	580	252	78	2	325	215	83	27		2,989	1,651	997	323	18			
Washington	112	84	18	10		33	25	7	1		446	282	110	50	4			
Oregon	94	69	20	5		26	24	2			384	250	93	40	1			
California	706	427	214	63	2	266	166	74	26		2,159	1,119	794	233	13			

TABLE 24.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.														
	Officials (government).					Physicians and surgeons.					Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.				
	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	8,119	6,127	1,520	415	57	7,387	4,882	1,274	1,063	168	327,206	207,833	88,449	17,218	13,716
North Atlantic division	1,859	1,413	321	122	3	2,758	1,856	442	430	30	101,799	64,887	30,142	6,367	403
New England	697	563	93	40	1	1,056	760	142	145	9	34,179	24,273	7,797	2,061	48
Maine	151	136	12	3	.....	67	60	5	1	1	5,499	4,724	588	185	2
New Hampshire	77	72	2	3	.....	61	54	6	1	.....	2,817	2,424	280	111	2
Vermont	73	66	5	2	.....	21	19	2	.....	.....	2,845	2,197	532	115	1
Massachusetts	282	201	52	28	1	729	504	101	118	6	15,857	10,356	4,291	1,183	24
Rhode Island	41	30	10	1	.....	55	34	12	9	1	2,100	1,384	557	157	2
Connecticut	73	58	12	3	.....	122	89	16	16	1	5,061	3,185	1,549	310	17
Southern North Atlantic	1,162	850	228	82	2	1,702	1,096	300	285	21	67,620	40,614	22,345	4,306	355
New York	499	352	108	39	.....	925	547	105	202	11	35,410	19,327	13,234	2,736	113
New Jersey	109	78	19	10	2	176	127	30	18	1	7,836	4,902	2,311	535	88
Pennsylvania	554	420	101	33	.....	601	422	165	65	9	24,374	16,385	6,800	1,035	154
South Atlantic division	990	894	46	21	29	303	195	42	33	28	30,908	21,879	2,195	612	6,222
Northern South Atlantic	397	345	27	15	10	200	124	38	26	12	16,527	12,265	1,697	401	2,164
Delaware	13	13	.....	.....	.....	7	4	2	1	.....	717	478	151	26	62
Maryland	100	78	13	8	1	87	52	23	12	.....	4,755	3,322	871	190	372
District of Columbia	18	11	4	3	.....	56	36	9	5	6	1,598	807	258	85	448
Virginia	186	169	6	2	9	32	18	2	8	6	6,769	5,340	182	70	1,177
West Virginia	80	74	4	2	.....	18	16	2	.....	.....	2,688	2,318	235	30	105
Southern South Atlantic	593	549	19	6	19	103	71	4	12	16	14,381	9,614	498	211	4,058
North Carolina	184	174	1	.....	9	22	18	1	2	1	4,088	3,016	64	27	981
South Carolina	104	93	3	1	7	17	9	.....	.....	8	3,150	2,072	104	19	955
Georgia	221	213	7	.....	1	43	27	3	6	7	5,480	3,462	209	51	1,758
Florida	84	69	8	5	2	21	17	.....	4	.....	1,663	1,064	121	114	364
North Central division	2,999	2,072	759	166	2	3,015	1,990	536	425	64	139,590	83,962	46,636	7,854	1,154
Eastern North Central	1,610	1,108	410	90	2	1,890	1,213	314	312	51	76,444	44,896	26,473	4,653	522
Ohio	429	348	67	14	.....	451	317	62	48	24	18,580	12,700	4,893	792	195
Indiana	282	231	44	6	1	195	145	27	17	6	9,806	7,244	2,082	325	155
Illinois	510	313	159	37	1	820	494	140	167	19	23,087	13,081	8,424	1,443	139
Michigan	216	123	70	23	.....	270	169	48	51	2	12,834	6,893	4,761	1,158	22
Wisconsin	173	93	70	10	.....	154	88	37	29	.....	12,137	4,978	6,313	835	11
Western North Central	1,389	964	349	76	.....	1,125	777	222	113	13	63,152	39,066	20,163	3,201	632
Minnesota	173	74	80	19	.....	199	100	53	38	2	10,825	4,498	5,290	1,025	12
Iowa	391	286	97	8	.....	260	187	55	17	1	19,579	12,410	6,610	544	9
Missouri	284	225	46	13	.....	303	213	55	31	4	11,711	8,299	2,464	476	472
North Dakota	32	11	13	8	.....	15	12	2	1	.....	1,376	755	672	442	6
South Dakota	72	30	29	7	.....	24	18	2	4	.....	3,135	1,650	1,224	250	11
Nebraska	176	130	34	12	.....	134	94	27	10	3	7,673	5,109	2,175	321	8
Kansas	261	202	50	9	.....	190	147	28	12	3	8,353	6,269	1,727	243	114
South Central division	1,315	1,140	123	22	21	381	246	54	42	39	34,114	24,527	2,825	861	5,901
Eastern South Central	694	638	44	3	9	178	112	30	11	25	18,030	13,035	1,166	256	3,573
Kentucky	196	178	18	.....	.....	98	65	18	6	9	6,052	4,496	668	154	734
Tennessee	144	137	5	2	.....	46	28	9	2	9	4,538	3,420	267	37	814
Alabama	183	170	10	1	2	16	11	1	2	2	3,322	2,253	132	46	900
Mississippi	171	153	11	.....	7	16	8	2	1	5	4,108	2,866	99	19	1,124
Western South Central	621	511	79	19	12	203	134	24	31	14	16,084	11,492	1,659	605	2,328
Louisiana	142	107	29	3	3	25	15	4	4	2	3,277	1,930	633	145	569
Arkansas	117	110	4	1	2	39	26	1	6	6	2,428	1,832	120	57	419
Indian Territory	46	36	3	2	5	13	10	1	.....	2	707	465	35	14	193
Oklahoma	53	41	10	2	.....	26	19	5	2	.....	1,202	852	146	25	49
Texas	263	217	33	11	2	100	64	13	19	4	8,470	6,283	725	364	1,098
Western division	956	599	271	84	2	930	595	200	128	7	20,789	12,578	6,651	1,524	36
Rocky Mountain	334	228	74	31	1	220	140	40	31	.....	5,259	3,502	1,348	327	22
Montana	92	38	17	6	1	16	8	6	2	.....	1,020	607	321	84	8
Idaho	61	44	12	5	.....	15	10	4	1	.....	632	432	170	30	.....
Wyoming	25	12	8	5	.....	12	6	3	3	.....	424	274	124	26	.....
Colorado	156	110	33	13	.....	172	121	26	25	.....	2,793	1,967	650	167	
New Mexico	30	24	4	2	.....	5	4	1	.....	.....	390	282	83	20	
Basin and Plateau	145	59	66	19	1	44	15	17	11	1	1,741	866	764	107	
Arizona	24	11	10	3	.....	4	4	.....	.....	.....	373	254	88	28	
Utah	101	42	43	16	1	34	10	14	10	.....	1,038	472	501	64	
Nevada	20	6	13	.....	.....	6	1	3	1	1	330	140	175	15	.....
Pacific	477	312	131	34	.....	666	431	143	86	6	13,789	8,150	4,539	1,090	1
Washington	88	47	27	14	.....	62	39	11	11	1	2,585	1,636	698	248	
Oregon	106	85	15	6	.....	82	60	15	8	.....	2,530	1,781	588	150	
California	283	180	89	14	.....	522	333	117	67	5	8,674	4,733	3,253	686	

TABLE 24.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.														
	Barbers and hairdressers.					Boarding and lodging house keepers.					Hotel keepers.				
	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	5,440	1,670	1,775	1,002	993	59,455	31,756	9,784	14,305	3,610	8,533	5,040	1,518	1,807	168
North Atlantic division	2,204	559	844	580	221	20,724	10,110	3,505	6,630	479	1,504	706	346	507	5
New England	484	160	187	102	35	7,651	3,457	1,088	3,014	92	311	209	37	64	1
Maine	11	7	1	3	.....	724	515	52	157	.....	65	55	.....	10	.....
New Hampshire	16	9	4	3	.....	548	315	68	165	.....	33	29	1	3	.....
Vermont	9	6	2	1	.....	346	200	64	82	.....	13	11	1	1	.....
Massachusetts	346	109	136	75	26	4,221	1,663	591	1,905	72	127	74	24	28	1
Rhode Island	30	8	15	5	2	654	256	132	259	7	16	12	3	1	.....
Connecticut	72	21	29	15	7	1,158	518	181	446	13	47	25	8	11	.....
Southern North Atlantic	1,720	399	657	478	186	13,073	6,653	2,417	3,616	387	1,253	497	309	443	4
New York	1,145	228	461	378	78	6,379	2,846	1,298	2,157	78	634	231	147	254	2
New Jersey	160	43	65	35	17	2,003	1,067	345	487	104	258	116	57	84	1
Pennsylvania	415	128	131	65	91	4,691	2,740	774	972	205	361	150	105	105	1
South Atlantic division	269	80	68	25	96	5,680	4,171	419	329	761	782	617	55	57	33
Northern South Atlantic	230	09	64	22	65	2,923	2,059	294	234	336	280	204	31	32	13
Delaware	7	2	1	1	3	207	130	19	31	27	5	1	1	3	.....
Maryland	84	27	41	9	7	820	566	114	84	56	48	30	8	9	1
District of Columbia	86	28	16	7	35	490	310	55	55	60	21	10	3	6	2
Virginia	28	6	6	3	13	933	682	54	31	166	92	73	6	4	9
West Virginia	15	6	.....	2	7	483	371	52	33	27	114	90	13	10	1
Southern South Atlantic	49	11	4	3	31	2,757	2,112	125	95	425	482	413	24	25	20
North Carolina	9	.....	.....	.....	9	698	616	11	6	65	128	110	7	4	7
South Carolina	12	2	2	.....	8	427	333	18	14	62	66	61	1	1	3
Georgia	22	8	2	3	9	1,107	834	65	38	170	161	149	5	3	4
Florida	6	1	.....	.....	5	525	329	31	37	128	127	93	11	17	6
North Central division	1,947	662	544	271	470	18,450	9,661	3,722	4,406	661	3,265	1,803	725	717	20
Eastern North Central	1,324	382	393	198	351	11,790	6,025	2,453	2,929	383	1,765	964	419	377	5
Ohio	269	67	61	23	118	2,879	1,672	566	494	147	359	236	81	41	1
Indiana	168	59	37	3	69	1,890	1,396	271	163	61	288	215	47	24	2
Illinois	584	154	180	128	122	4,198	1,922	911	1,213	152	651	358	153	139	1
Michigan	175	74	43	25	33	1,782	698	366	701	17	236	97	56	83	.....
Wisconsin	128	28	72	19	9	1,041	338	339	358	6	231	58	82	90	1
Western North Central	623	280	151	73	119	6,660	3,636	1,269	1,477	278	1,500	839	306	340	15
Minnesota	123	33	41	31	18	949	242	247	438	22	239	47	71	118	3
Iowa	101	46	29	11	15	1,118	654	225	225	14	276	150	67	58	1
Missouri	222	92	58	15	57	2,885	1,705	507	467	206	496	366	64	58	8
North Dakota	9	3	.....	6	.....	111	25	23	63	.....	47	5	14	28	.....
South Dakota	7	6	1	.....	.....	133	71	36	41	5	60	29	15	16	.....
Nebraska	98	65	15	9	9	680	384	128	154	4	178	102	39	37	.....
Kansas	63	35	7	1	20	764	555	93	89	27	204	140	36	25	3
South Central division	207	51	18	15	123	7,583	4,767	666	578	1,572	1,697	1,344	126	129	98
Eastern South Central	90	18	12	2	58	3,457	2,264	206	158	829	668	550	44	37	37
Kentucky	33	4	8	1	20	848	613	73	68	104	143	118	10	10	5
Tennessee	35	10	4	.....	21	1,004	659	52	38	255	151	136	4	8	5
Alabama	17	4	.....	1	12	951	595	45	44	267	155	129	8	8	10
Mississippi	5	.....	.....	.....	5	654	397	36	18	203	219	167	22	13	17
Western South Central	117	33	6	13	65	4,126	2,503	460	420	743	1,029	794	82	92	61
Louisiana	44	2	1	5	36	996	422	148	114	212	158	119	14	14	11
Arkansas	15	4	1	1	9	804	518	65	40	181	280	215	14	14	13
Indian Territory	5	3	1	.....	1	181	126	9	13	33	86	65	3	2	16
Oklahoma	7	5	.....	.....	2	132	108	12	4	8	72	56	7	6	3
Texas	46	19	3	7	17	2,113	1,329	226	249	309	457	339	44	56	18
Western division	813	318	301	111	83	7,018	3,047	1,472	2,362	137	1,245	570	266	397	12
Rocky Mountain	173	69	62	19	23	2,683	1,109	600	842	72	410	191	103	118	4
Montana	22	7	5	4	6	635	170	150	289	26	81	27	22	31	1
Idaho	2	1	.....	1	.....	182	88	41	48	5	67	33	11	12	.....
Wyoming	2	2	.....	.....	.....	96	36	29	31	.....	33	14	3	11	.....
Colorado	145	58	57	14	16	1,650	813	356	447	34	203	93	53	55	2
New Mexico	2	1	.....	.....	1	120	62	24	27	7	42	24	9	8	1
Basin and Plateau	31	12	13	4	2	488	152	102	222	12	112	36	26	48	2
Arizona	7	4	2	.....	1	212	82	39	85	6	22	9	6	6	1
Utah	24	8	11	4	1	204	60	47	91	6	63	20	15	28	.....
Nevada	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	72	10	16	46	.....	27	7	5	14	1
Pacific	609	237	226	88	58	3,847	1,726	770	1,298	53	717	343	137	231	6
Washington	106	51	25	15	15	621	320	124	168	6	182	87	47	46	2
Oregon	44	20	12	5	7	546	319	101	118	8	111	72	19	20	.....
California	459	166	189	68	36	2,680	1,087	545	1,012	36	424	184	71	165	4

TABLE 24.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.														
	Housekeepers and stewardesses.					Janitors and sextons.					Laborers (not specified).				
	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	146,929	77,912	23,178	30,331	9,508	8,010	1,348	1,916	3,889	857	106,916	21,639	6,778	7,925	70,574
North Atlantic division	58,277	31,215	10,776	15,391	1,895	5,610	760	1,301	3,163	386	12,288	3,878	2,829	4,052	1,539
New England	23,903	13,042	3,493	6,975	393	326	58	70	141	57	3,077	774	861	1,242	200
Maine	3,292	2,619	275	385	13	2	1	.....	1	.....	371	212	50	102	7
New Hampshire	2,695	1,889	290	495	15	4	2	1	.....	1	226	80	51	92	3
Vermont	1,744	1,301	295	145	3	1	1	.....	.....	.....	231	90	71	66	4
Massachusetts	11,356	4,977	1,818	4,375	186	288	48	55	120	45	880	142	222	426	90
Rhode Island	1,542	677	274	527	64	17	2	6	4	5	240	25	66	118	31
Connecticut	3,374	1,729	575	958	112	34	4	8	16	6	1,129	225	401	438	65
Southern North Atlantic	35,374	18,173	7,283	8,416	1,502	5,284	702	1,231	3,022	329	9,221	3,104	1,968	2,810	1,339
New York	16,137	6,942	3,953	4,773	469	4,294	400	1,002	2,688	204	4,534	1,303	1,169	1,639	423
New Jersey	4,177	2,066	732	1,115	264	236	44	41	127	24	1,270	252	248	469	301
Pennsylvania	15,060	9,165	2,598	2,528	769	754	258	188	207	101	3,417	1,549	551	702	615
South Atlantic division	12,970	9,127	626	547	2,670	379	103	58	50	168	46,754	6,238	263	230	40,023
Northern South Atlantic	7,766	5,381	516	421	1,448	315	95	56	47	117	8,624	1,693	234	214	6,483
Delaware	496	293	44	33	126	7	2	.....	1	4	252	51	21	12	168
Maryland	2,294	1,419	254	227	394	203	64	30	38	51	1,764	323	127	172	1,142
District of Columbia	529	234	72	63	160	40	3	.....	4	33	261	57	55	16	133
Virginia	2,704	1,998	55	52	599	39	9	.....	2	28	5,939	915	19	5	5,000
West Virginia	1,743	1,437	91	46	169	26	17	6	2	1	408	317	12	9	70
Southern South Atlantic	5,204	3,746	110	126	1,222	64	8	2	3	51	38,130	4,545	29	16	33,540
North Carolina	2,188	1,679	13	18	478	11	2	1	.....	8	9,845	2,147	9	1	7,688
South Carolina	892	696	19	20	157	10	.....	.....	1	9	10,177	946	6	4	9,221
Georgia	1,659	1,122	50	57	430	34	4	.....	1	29	16,108	1,183	8	4	14,913
Florida	467	249	28	31	159	9	2	1	1	5	2,000	269	6	7	1,718
North Central division	54,259	28,102	15,081	11,445	1,631	1,582	373	471	551	187	11,904	4,763	2,862	2,700	1,579
Eastern North Central	33,724	17,507	8,996	6,296	925	1,207	272	355	467	113	8,063	3,103	2,166	2,074	720
Ohio	9,542	6,145	2,052	1,030	315	460	122	155	129	54	2,256	1,075	564	370	247
Indiana	4,917	3,573	816	317	211	132	62	33	19	16	1,157	710	191	108	148
Illinois	10,130	4,512	2,698	2,585	335	436	67	110	222	37	2,401	711	632	836	222
Michigan	5,339	2,400	1,547	1,330	53	115	17	36	58	6	1,372	447	410	445	70
Wisconsin	3,796	868	1,883	1,034	11	64	4	19	41	.....	877	160	369	315	33
Western North Central	20,535	8,595	6,085	5,149	706	375	101	116	84	74	3,841	1,660	696	626	859
Minnesota	4,211	737	1,684	1,769	21	53	6	16	27	4	417	82	129	191	15
Iowa	5,251	2,209	1,812	1,176	54	58	20	17	15	6	740	396	168	132	45
Missouri	4,534	2,790	838	493	413	198	49	71	22	56	1,585	714	228	115	528
North Dakota	1,107	183	273	644	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	108	41	40	22	5
South Dakota	759	236	284	232	7	6	3	2	.....	.....	60	12	12	35	1
Nebraska	1,884	839	554	465	26	25	10	4	8	3	371	164	74	102	31
Kansas	2,789	1,601	640	370	178	33	13	5	10	5	560	251	44	29	236
South Central division	12,126	7,641	775	629	3,081	182	38	22	20	102	33,243	5,462	355	420	27,006
Eastern South Central	6,826	4,530	373	222	1,701	134	26	14	13	81	20,050	3,303	76	60	16,611
Kentucky	2,362	1,583	232	122	425	94	22	11	11	50	1,690	783	35	20	852
Tennessee	2,484	1,863	72	53	496	21	4	2	2	13	3,368	1,151	14	4	2,199
Alabama	1,166	698	42	26	400	14	.....	1	.....	13	8,359	903	11	5	7,440
Mississippi	814	386	27	21	380	5	.....	.....	.....	5	6,633	466	16	31	6,120
Western South Central	5,300	3,111	402	407	1,380	48	12	8	7	21	13,193	2,159	279	366	10,389
Louisiana	947	371	86	61	429	26	7	6	3	10	5,484	341	79	54	4,970
Arkansas	1,108	724	29	25	330	6	3	.....	1	2	2,568	778	12	7	1,771
Indian Territory	432	322	18	10	82	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	393	204	3	.....	186
Oklahoma	469	341	66	30	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	92	53	8	4	27
Texas	2,344	1,353	203	281	507	16	2	2	3	9	4,656	743	177	301	3,435
Western division	8,297	3,827	1,920	2,319	231	257	74	64	105	14	2,717	1,298	469	517	433
Rocky Mountain	2,513	1,211	573	640	90	38	14	8	12	4	1,172	825	143	111	93
Montana	647	236	162	240	9	7	2	2	3	.....	65	19	20	18	.....
Idaho	242	126	62	49	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	29	9	9	9	.....
Wyoming	287	134	67	74	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27	11	10	4	.....
Colorado	1,176	608	264	249	55	30	11	6	9	4	334	133	77	59	65
New Mexico	161	107	17	28	9	1	1	.....	.....	.....	717	653	27	21	16
Basin and Plateau	509	192	153	154	10	26	4	7	15	.....	353	50	69	85	149
Arizona	177	88	35	44	10	1	.....	1	.....	.....	127	12	15	33	67
Utah	256	67	105	84	.....	29	4	5	14	.....	129	32	49	47	.....
Nevada	76	37	13	26	.....	2	.....	1	1	.....	97	6	5	5	81
Pacific	5,275	2,424	1,195	1,525	131	193	56	49	78	10	1,192	423	257	321	191
Washington	1,030	531	196	280	23	8	3	1	4	.....	150	48	22	54	26
Oregon	899	548	168	172	11	2	1	.....	1	.....	893	70	26	14	783
California	3,346	1,345	831	1,073	97	183	52	48	73	10	893	305	210	253	125

TABLE 24.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Laundresses.					Nurses and midwives.					Servants and waitresses.				
	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	328,935	41,643	28,727	42,774	215,791	108,691	43,764	19,505	26,702	18,720	1,165,561	305,883	223,327	322,062	314,289
North Atlantic division	58,675	11,030	12,219	23,282	12,144	47,365	21,240	9,534	15,667	924	446,342	110,350	77,522	211,867	46,603
New England	15,004	2,563	2,884	7,079	2,478	15,467	7,502	2,494	5,282	189	118,569	24,664	17,676	69,918	6,311
Maine	995	473	195	305	22	1,277	980	115	179	3	10,832	6,008	1,535	3,191	98
New Hampshire	634	243	129	254	8	940	682	85	200	3	6,735	3,046	1,049	2,532	108
Vermont	541	236	136	150	17	683	471	118	90	4	6,054	3,224	1,010	1,152	68
Massachusetts	8,751	1,114	1,821	4,622	1,194	9,035	3,700	1,518	3,726	91	68,701	8,562	9,522	47,369	3,218
Rhode Island	1,572	132	241	601	598	950	383	155	380	32	8,149	996	1,005	5,185	960
Connecticut	2,511	365	360	1,147	639	2,562	1,316	503	707	56	18,101	2,828	2,955	10,459	1,859
Southern North Atlantic	43,671	8,467	9,335	16,203	9,666	31,898	13,738	7,040	10,385	735	327,773	85,686	59,846	141,949	40,292
New York	25,861	3,796	5,994	11,758	4,313	18,541	6,541	4,316	7,337	347	174,286	31,938	34,190	93,488	14,683
New Jersey	6,422	913	955	1,952	2,602	3,712	1,653	819	1,111	129	38,478	6,469	6,125	17,240	8,644
Pennsylvania	11,388	3,758	2,386	2,493	2,751	9,645	5,544	1,905	1,937	259	115,006	47,279	19,541	31,221	16,965
South Atlantic division	101,174	4,496	644	476	95,558	15,666	4,293	621	685	10,067	161,379	27,588	3,107	4,116	126,568
Northern South Atlantic	38,942	2,579	591	429	35,343	7,447	2,633	532	585	3,697	91,133	18,907	2,965	3,912	65,349
Delaware	609	88	30	16	475	264	168	33	41	22	4,024	814	226	492	2,492
Maryland	10,316	573	399	276	9,068	2,390	946	297	368	779	28,945	5,527	1,792	2,359	19,267
District of Columbia	7,136	160	53	63	6,860	1,311	491	107	119	594	14,694	1,021	382	744	12,567
Virginia	19,206	954	13	19	18,220	3,024	728	41	40	2,215	35,204	5,579	92	130	29,403
West Virginia	1,655	804	96	55	700	458	300	54	17	87	8,266	5,966	493	187	1,620
Southern South Atlantic	62,232	1,917	53	47	60,215	8,219	1,660	89	100	6,370	70,246	8,691	142	204	61,209
North Carolina	12,506	781	2	1	11,722	2,139	674	9	11	1,445	21,395	5,114	19	27	16,235
South Carolina	12,490	212	14	4	12,266	1,679	242	15	20	1,402	14,210	853	26	51	13,280
Georgia	29,989	632	17	10	29,330	3,030	571	47	43	3,029	29,032	2,163	53	60	26,756
Florida	7,241	292	20	32	6,897	711	173	18	26	494	5,609	561	44	66	4,938
North Central division	61,037	16,601	12,329	14,684	17,223	26,895	11,873	6,873	7,443	706	366,202	126,527	125,598	87,168	26,909
Eastern North Central	36,572	10,557	8,594	9,905	7,516	16,229	8,043	4,576	5,235	375	235,896	85,635	78,275	57,765	14,201
Ohio	10,535	3,274	2,449	2,005	2,807	4,600	2,440	1,095	946	119	60,953	29,399	16,700	9,850	5,004
Indiana	6,139	2,846	895	460	1,938	1,917	1,169	367	281	70	24,989	19,003	5,553	1,804	3,469
Illinois	12,941	3,019	3,024	4,483	2,415	6,078	2,590	1,603	2,331	149	74,919	20,761	22,389	27,157	4,632
Michigan	3,882	1,064	1,096	1,429	293	2,881	1,233	698	923	27	36,542	10,994	13,641	10,994	913
Wisconsin	3,075	354	1,130	1,528	63	2,158	611	783	754	10	33,593	5,478	20,012	7,920	183
Western North Central	24,465	6,044	3,935	4,779	9,707	8,666	3,830	2,297	2,208	331	130,306	40,892	47,323	29,383	12,708
Minnesota	3,154	291	809	1,989	65	2,233	684	730	804	15	31,648	3,334	16,343	11,643	328
Iowa	3,395	1,375	843	857	320	1,727	930	458	323	16	26,588	10,101	10,873	5,143	471
Missouri	12,462	2,568	1,502	852	7,540	2,560	1,115	653	557	230	38,670	15,732	8,980	4,267	9,631
North Dakota	354	43	73	223	15	216	53	57	104	2	5,275	633	1,974	2,648	20
South Dakota	364	90	89	164	21	217	104	43	63	7	4,457	1,003	2,069	1,347	38
Nebraska	1,589	508	316	476	229	832	380	308	230	14	11,518	3,967	4,276	3,070	475
Kansas	3,147	1,109	303	218	1,517	881	564	143	127	47	11,850	6,032	2,808	1,265	1,745
South Central division	99,236	6,634	1,483	1,591	89,528	10,857	2,828	576	582	6,871	148,169	27,436	5,119	3,791	111,823
Eastern South Central	60,618	3,394	592	248	56,184	7,065	1,775	292	195	4,803	92,547	17,045	2,034	1,053	72,415
Kentucky	13,292	1,333	443	196	11,320	1,765	841	179	112	633	29,422	8,594	1,676	906	18,344
Tennessee	19,724	1,730	108	29	17,857	3,133	497	51	54	1,531	27,466	5,831	206	140	21,289
Alabama	17,048	377	32	16	16,623	2,009	319	47	20	1,623	19,979	1,719	103	78	18,079
Mississippi	10,554	154	9	7	10,384	1,158	118	15	9	1,016	15,680	901	49	27	14,703
Western South Central	38,618	3,040	891	1,343	33,344	3,792	1,053	284	387	2,068	55,622	10,391	3,085	2,738	39,408
Louisiana	13,587	480	278	152	12,677	1,528	281	114	97	1,036	19,691	1,924	1,069	612	16,056
Arkansas	5,788	672	49	19	5,048	539	164	24	23	328	9,748	2,953	214	129	6,452
Indian Territory	787	267	21	9	470	68	46	1	1	20	2,031	1,146	51	17	817
Oklahoma	532	108	27	12	325	96	47	10	11	7	1,866	1,158	205	97	406
Texas	17,924	1,433	516	1,151	14,824	1,561	495	135	255	676	22,286	3,210	1,516	1,883	15,677
Western division	8,813	2,882	1,852	2,741	1,338	7,908	3,530	1,901	2,325	152	43,469	13,972	11,181	15,120	2,396
Rocky Mountain	3,213	1,516	547	725	425	1,878	925	375	536	42	12,442	4,414	3,118	3,978	932
Montana	456	108	110	183	55	343	117	66	157	3	2,922	716	865	1,247	94
Idaho	179	76	35	51	17	134	75	27	32		945	418	316	194	17
Wyoming	137	42	39	42	14	63	36	9	16	2	767	312	241	195	19
Colorado	1,574	576	321	381	296	1,171	581	250	308	32	6,886	2,343	1,583	2,238	722
New Mexico	867	714	42	68	43	167	116	23	23	5	922	625	113	104	80
Basin and Plateau	1,301	141	197	621	342	635	194	164	267	10	3,353	729	1,333	1,007	284
Arizona	449	67	65	215	102	121	49	20	45	7	543	164	112	154	113
Utah	594	66	127	383	18	452	130	124	196	2	2,420	464	1,114	800	42
Nevada	258	8	5	23	222	62	15	20	26	1	390	101	107	53	129
Pacific	4,299	1,225	1,108	1,395	571	5,395	2,411	1,362	1,522	100	27,674	8,829	7,530	10,135	1,180
Washington	698	246	170	244	38	799	386	184	221	8	4,776	1,919	1,171	1,535	151
Oregon	542	264	114	127	37	546	307	101	131	7	4,182	2,087	1,054	904	137
California	3,059	715	824	1,024	496	4,050	1,718	1,077	1,170	85	18,716	4,823	5,305	7,696	892

TABLE 24.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.													
	Agents.					Bookkeepers and accountants.					Clerks and copyists.				
	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	10,468	6,641	2,247	1,313	267	72,896	35,896	30,610	6,194	196	81,000	40,984	32,099	7,368	549
North Atlantic division	4,160	2,411	1,015	670	54	39,255	18,563	16,919	3,724	49	34,922	17,230	14,167	3,423	102
New England	1,321	872	223	208	18	16,687	8,680	6,349	1,645	14	10,326	5,539	3,608	1,153	26
Maine	105	85	12	8	.....	1,076	839	189	48	.....	923	668	176	79	.....
New Hampshire	72	63	7	1	1	755	544	136	73	.....	471	306	88	77	.....
Vermont	50	36	10	4	.....	355	229	103	23	.....	222	148	58	16	.....
Massachusetts	813	513	135	155	10	11,294	5,502	4,503	1,280	9	6,486	3,316	2,368	787	15
Rhode Island	104	88	26	17	3	1,351	662	586	113	1	968	501	372	79	6
Connecticut	177	117	33	23	4	1,866	914	830	108	4	1,266	600	546	115	5
Southern North Atlantic	2,829	1,539	792	462	36	22,568	9,883	10,571	2,079	35	24,596	11,691	10,559	2,270	76
New York	1,669	800	515	328	16	13,391	4,764	7,064	1,560	13	13,502	5,109	6,738	1,570	25
New Jersey	316	170	90	51	5	2,605	1,252	1,164	186	3	2,746	1,420	1,071	240	15
Pennsylvania	854	569	187	83	15	6,572	3,867	2,343	333	19	8,348	5,102	2,750	460	36
South Atlantic division	517	360	52	35	70	2,491	1,860	515	67	49	8,080	5,967	1,677	256	240
Northern South Atlantic	295	188	36	25	46	1,859	1,364	420	51	24	6,969	5,150	1,429	217	173
Delaware	13	9	4	.....	.....	190	136	43	11	.....	232	172	49	7	4
Maryland	100	69	12	15	13	712	515	176	16	5	1,094	744	305	36	9
District of Columbia	61	34	13	9	5	476	328	133	18	2	4,664	3,486	939	155	84
Virginia	71	43	2	1	25	283	238	25	4	16	908	456	66	13	73
West Virginia	41	33	5	.....	3	198	152	43	2	1	371	292	70	6	3
Southern South Atlantic	222	172	16	10	24	632	496	95	16	25	1,061	807	148	39	67
North Carolina	51	44	2	.....	5	146	132	6	2	6	246	227	5	1	13
South Carolina	29	17	2	4	6	118	97	17	.....	4	190	120	41	13	16
Georgia	105	80	10	6	9	282	209	52	10	11	495	383	73	16	23
Florida	37	31	2	.....	4	86	58	20	4	4	130	77	29	9	15
North Central division	4,306	2,867	922	462	55	25,317	12,195	11,001	2,068	53	31,832	13,987	14,455	3,276	114
Eastern North Central	2,909	1,883	644	344	38	18,535	8,462	8,440	1,597	37	23,044	9,273	11,123	2,563	85
Ohio	722	499	144	62	17	4,704	2,606	1,909	178	11	5,590	2,944	2,302	319	25
Indiana	468	379	61	13	5	2,087	1,422	605	52	8	1,760	1,076	624	58	2
Illinois	1,035	611	268	144	12	7,346	2,799	3,682	847	18	10,610	3,510	5,592	1,453	55
Michigan	452	270	93	86	3	2,765	1,113	1,247	405	.....	3,259	1,217	1,495	544	3
Wisconsin	242	124	78	39	1	1,634	522	997	115	.....	1,825	526	1,110	189	.....
Western North Central	1,397	984	278	108	27	6,781	3,733	2,561	471	16	8,788	4,714	3,332	713	29
Minnesota	208	111	59	35	3	1,467	540	721	195	2	2,327	759	1,220	343	5
Iowa	358	261	66	28	3	1,543	888	561	63	1	1,656	968	615	69	3
Missouri	408	308	74	16	11	2,126	1,237	770	105	8	2,380	1,176	766	111	8
North Dakota	23	10	11	2	.....	73	33	24	16	.....	124	39	47	38	.....
South Dakota	30	22	6	2	.....	100	59	32	9	.....	160	74	68	15	3
Nebraska	162	120	30	10	2	672	405	211	55	1	1,056	579	367	108	2
Kansas	208	152	32	16	8	800	582	206	28	4	1,086	800	249	29	8
South Central division	774	564	103	36	71	2,240	1,567	583	52	38	3,037	2,173	683	97	84
Eastern South Central	403	285	50	21	46	1,456	978	420	30	28	1,849	1,325	422	50	52
Kentucky	192	137	33	13	9	806	480	300	18	8	848	533	278	27	10
Tennessee	116	92	8	7	9	372	280	72	7	13	518	410	76	16	16
Alabama	82	28	4	1	19	170	127	34	4	5	275	220	40	4	11
Mississippi	43	29	5	.....	9	108	91	14	1	2	208	162	28	3	15
Western South Central	371	278	53	15	25	784	589	163	22	10	1,188	848	261	47	32
Louisiana	82	42	23	7	10	197	115	73	7	2	384	245	113	16	10
Arkansas	46	36	4	1	5	135	110	16	2	1	112	91	13	3	5
Indian Territory	20	19	1	.....	.....	38	33	1	.....	4	55	44	6	.....	5
Oklahoma	17	15	1	.....	1	70	62	7	1	.....	138	113	21	2	2
Texas	206	166	24	7	9	344	263	66	12	3	499	355	108	26	10
Western division	721	439	155	120	7	3,593	1,711	1,592	283	7	3,179	1,637	1,217	316	9
Rocky Mountain	205	133	44	25	3	706	431	213	61	1	841	498	252	87	4
Montana	22	12	5	5	.....	119	56	52	11	.....	188	90	58	39	1
Idaho	16	9	6	.....	1	34	26	7	1	.....	33	25	7	1	.....
Wyoming	11	4	1	6	.....	31	16	11	4	.....	40	21	14	5	.....
Colorado	130	104	30	14	2	497	316	137	43	1	555	347	164	41	3
New Mexico	6	4	2	.....	.....	25	17	6	2	.....	25	15	9	1	.....
Basin and Plateau	51	30	6	14	1	157	69	75	13	.....	266	106	130	30	.....
Arizona	5	3	1	1	.....	38	26	10	2	.....	54	31	21	2	.....
Utah	42	24	4	13	1	106	37	58	11	.....	186	63	98	25	.....
Nevada	4	3	1	.....	.....	13	6	7	.....	.....	26	12	11	3	.....
Pacific	465	276	105	81	3	2,730	1,211	1,304	209	6	2,072	1,033	835	199	5
Washington	74	33	9	12	.....	333	193	105	35	.....	406	225	131	49	1
Oregon	51	31	15	2	.....	303	173	103	27	.....	223	132	61	29	1
California	340	190	80	67	3	2,094	845	1,096	147	6	1,443	676	643	121	3

TABLE 24.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued													
	Merchants and dealers (except wholesale).					Packers and shippers.					Saleswomen.				
	Total.	Native white—			Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—			Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—			Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.			Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.			Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	
Continental United States	33,825	10,402	8,218	14,254	891	17,052	6,091	8,309	2,426	226	142,265	60,120	64,857	16,896	392
North Atlantic division	10,232	3,942	4,072	8,132	86	9,849	3,392	4,985	1,462	10	69,258	25,220	33,940	10,026	72
New England	3,252	1,007	686	1,542	17	4,041	1,249	2,040	745	7	17,883	6,332	8,393	3,137	21
Maine	228	164	33	31	.....	144	99	39	6	.....	1,207	780	314	113	.....
New Hampshire	128	80	18	30	.....	68	40	14	14	.....	614	336	203	74	1
Vermont	77	50	13	14	.....	20	11	6	3	.....	441	242	163	36	.....
Massachusetts	2,097	551	458	1,076	12	2,314	702	1,124	482	6	11,686	3,723	5,637	2,312	14
Rhode Island	322	58	70	193	1	304	83	164	57	.....	1,408	387	753	263	5
Connecticut	400	104	94	198	4	1,191	314	693	183	1	2,527	864	1,323	339	1
Southern North Atlantic	12,980	2,935	3,386	6,590	69	5,808	2,143	2,945	717	3	51,375	18,888	25,547	6,889	51
New York	6,249	1,048	1,720	3,467	14	2,950	722	1,727	499	2	28,920	7,968	16,125	4,811	16
New Jersey	1,967	444	446	1,053	14	690	252	365	72	1	5,199	2,077	2,480	633	9
Pennsylvania	4,764	1,443	1,220	2,060	41	2,168	1,169	853	146	.....	17,256	8,843	6,942	1,445	26
South Atlantic division	3,846	1,648	687	1,105	436	1,350	594	342	117	197	9,000	6,119	2,350	396	135
Northern South Atlantic	2,823	1,060	587	961	215	1,105	474	337	116	178	6,832	4,436	2,028	311	57
Delaware	238	111	47	73	7	8	4	3	1	.....	403	267	111	21	4
Maryland	1,470	434	380	600	56	542	297	235	102	8	3,273	1,906	1,196	161	10
District of Columbia	417	123	67	158	69	8	8	.....	.....	.....	1,247	809	376	49	13
Virginia	524	294	47	100	83	328	126	27	5	170	1,254	1,009	158	59	28
West Virginia	174	98	46	30	.....	119	39	72	8	.....	655	445	187	21	2
Southern South Atlantic	1,023	588	70	144	221	245	220	5	1	19	2,168	1,683	322	85	78
North Carolina	207	156	6	9	36	193	178	.....	.....	15	555	496	33	11	15
South Carolina	242	108	20	54	60	4	2	1	.....	1	485	367	79	16	23
Georgia	415	243	28	52	92	40	36	1	1	2	932	686	170	47	29
Florida	159	81	16	29	33	8	4	3	.....	1	196	134	40	11	11
North Central division	8,641	2,892	2,446	3,250	53	4,741	1,400	2,576	760	5	49,259	20,549	23,300	5,349	61
Eastern North Central	6,199	1,852	1,783	2,529	35	3,702	1,093	1,992	616	1	33,801	13,064	16,747	3,946	44
Ohio	1,760	603	537	609	11	1,449	604	741	104	.....	9,555	4,530	4,383	626	16
Indiana	664	298	196	164	6	310	205	79	26	.....	4,247	2,771	1,316	155	5
Illinois	2,253	533	585	1,121	14	1,032	144	646	241	1	11,443	3,377	6,087	1,958	21
Michigan	877	282	233	359	3	406	69	210	127	.....	4,474	1,521	2,178	773	2
Wisconsin	645	136	232	276	1	505	71	316	118	.....	4,082	865	2,783	434	.....
Western North Central	2,442	1,040	663	721	18	1,039	307	584	144	4	15,458	7,485	6,553	1,403	17
Minnesota	397	106	141	147	3	176	32	97	47	.....	2,529	587	1,512	430	.....
Iowa	446	223	123	99	1	241	75	126	40	.....	3,532	1,807	1,490	233	2
Missouri	925	332	272	325	6	549	173	324	49	4	5,290	2,780	2,153	354	9
North Dakota	45	15	7	22	1	1	.....	.....	1	.....	205	45	87	73	.....
South Dakota	55	24	12	19	.....	3	.....	2	1	.....	319	124	153	42	.....
Nebraska	215	109	45	58	3	37	7	24	6	.....	1,557	806	579	171	1
Kansas	359	241	63	51	4	32	20	11	1	.....	2,020	1,336	579	100	5
South Central division	3,092	1,346	611	840	295	404	205	175	13	11	7,994	5,318	2,205	360	111
Eastern South Central	1,607	740	311	353	203	276	151	112	9	4	4,463	2,980	1,262	155	66
Kentucky	635	237	193	170	35	200	91	102	7	.....	2,129	1,190	844	87	8
Tennessee	334	166	51	87	30	63	50	8	2	3	1,174	892	234	32	16
Alabama	308	166	38	46	58	10	7	2	.....	1	731	566	125	19	21
Mississippi	330	171	29	50	80	3	3	.....	.....	.....	429	332	59	17	21
Western South Central	1,485	606	300	487	92	128	54	63	4	7	3,531	2,338	943	205	45
Louisiana	679	162	193	300	24	102	45	51	1	5	930	455	423	40	12
Arkansas	177	115	17	16	29	4	2	1	.....	1	466	373	67	16	12
Indian Territory	41	28	.....	2	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	120	93	16	3	8
Oklahoma	62	47	5	4	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	247	200	35	10	2
Texas	526	254	84	165	23	22	7	11	3	1	1,766	1,217	402	136	11
Western division	2,014	634	432	927	21	708	400	231	74	3	6,754	2,914	3,062	765	13
Rocky Mountain	448	205	94	148	1	29	13	12	4	.....	1,633	837	618	177	1
Montana	76	22	27	26	1	1	.....	.....	1	.....	232	83	102	47	.....
Idaho	34	18	6	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	153	73	68	12	.....
Wyoming	30	13	6	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	63	31	25	7	.....
Colorado	273	124	53	96	.....	28	13	12	3	.....	1,143	624	411	107	1
New Mexico	35	28	2	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42	26	12	4	.....
Basin and Plateau	153	34	30	89	.....	15	2	10	3	.....	637	181	386	70	.....
Arizona	32	9	9	14	.....	2	1	.....	1	.....	43	23	16	4	.....
Utah	103	21	16	66	.....	13	1	10	2	.....	576	150	365	61	.....
Nevada	18	4	5	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18	8	5	5	.....
Pacific	1,413	395	308	690	20	664	385	209	67	3	4,484	1,896	2,058	518	12
Washington	165	75	38	51	1	37	28	6	3	.....	634	317	215	102	.....
Oregon	160	63	29	54	4	30	13	16	1	.....	986	395	231	66	4
California	1,088	257	241	585	15	597	344	187	63	3	3,184	1,184	1,612	350	8

TABLE 24.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Stenographers and typewriters.					Telegraph and telephone operators.					Bookbinders.				
	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	85,086	45,373	33,688	5,845	180	21,980	12,011	8,601	1,355	13	14,303	4,487	8,207	1,575	34
North Atlantic division	36,239	18,244	15,059	2,880	56	8,239	4,030	3,649	556	4	8,364	2,325	5,050	980	9
New England	9,846	5,662	3,415	750	19	2,243	1,156	900	185	2	1,932	409	1,194	324	5
Maine	685	557	101	27	.....	180	144	26	10	.....	49	36	12	1	.....
New Hampshire	394	219	61	14	.....	120	90	21	9	.....	17	12	4	1	.....
Vermont	323	237	77	9	.....	76	49	23	4	.....	28	15	12	1	.....
Massachusetts	6,431	3,379	2,443	593	16	1,380	589	650	139	2	1,657	278	1,072	302	5
Rhode Island	585	464	182	38	1	160	84	64	12	.....	72	33	29	10	.....
Connecticut	1,528	906	551	69	2	327	200	116	11	.....	109	35	65	9	.....
Southern North Atlantic	26,393	12,582	11,644	2,130	37	5,996	2,874	2,749	371	2	6,432	1,916	3,856	656	4
New York	16,289	6,587	7,997	1,667	18	3,423	1,279	1,864	279	1	4,450	1,061	2,865	521	3
New Jersey	3,659	1,792	1,644	221	2	627	294	296	37	.....	529	157	317	55	.....
Pennsylvania	6,465	4,203	2,003	242	17	1,946	1,301	589	55	1	1,453	698	674	80	1
South Atlantic division	3,703	2,926	677	70	30	1,262	1,075	171	14	2	687	492	157	24	14
Northern South Atlantic	2,557	1,940	538	55	24	706	577	119	9	1	568	393	141	23	11
Delaware	137	101	33	3	.....	39	28	9	2	.....	16	12	4	.....	.....
Maryland	872	639	216	17	.....	195	147	44	4	.....	161	112	45	4	.....
District of Columbia	707	502	170	21	14	82	55	25	2	.....	279	178	73	17	11
Virginia	514	448	48	8	10	225	206	17	1	1	84	68	15	1	.....
West Virginia	327	250	71	6	.....	165	141	24	.....	.....	28	23	4	1	.....
Southern South Atlantic	1,146	986	139	15	6	556	498	52	5	1	119	99	16	1	3
North Carolina	226	208	12	4	2	128	123	4	1	.....	23	19	2	.....	2
South Carolina	193	172	21	.....	.....	117	102	15	.....	.....	22	18	4	.....	.....
Georgia	585	485	88	10	2	250	225	23	1	1	68	57	10	1	.....
Florida	142	121	18	1	2	61	48	10	3	.....	6	5	.....	.....	1
North Central division	35,626	18,492	14,620	2,439	75	8,735	4,501	3,598	633	3	4,373	1,274	2,566	531	2
Eastern North Central	24,171	11,958	10,349	1,805	59	6,260	3,105	2,670	482	3	3,283	879	1,979	423	2
Ohio	6,346	3,590	2,469	268	19	1,773	1,017	694	62	.....	763	326	393	42	2
Indiana	2,457	1,778	628	49	2	782	613	161	7	1	263	132	109	22	.....
Illinois	10,554	4,583	4,961	981	29	1,996	810	998	188	2	1,051	283	1,095	273	.....
Michigan	2,901	1,264	1,165	375	7	1,203	468	559	186	.....	330	107	177	46	.....
Wisconsin	2,013	753	1,126	132	2	506	207	260	39	.....	276	31	206	40	.....
Western North Central	11,455	6,534	4,271	634	16	2,475	1,396	928	151	.....	1,090	395	587	108	.....
Minnesota	2,395	944	1,157	286	8	467	159	235	73	.....	218	34	136	48	.....
Iowa	1,947	1,217	664	63	3	590	380	188	22	.....	150	79	57	14	.....
Missouri	4,369	2,575	1,650	142	2	847	489	334	24	.....	554	188	334	32	.....
North Dakota	163	57	72	34	.....	36	16	11	9	.....	4	1	2	1	.....
South Dakota	200	118	69	13	.....	50	32	15	3	.....	13	7	6	.....	.....
Nebraska	1,259	794	364	99	2	207	120	75	12	.....	76	34	33	10	.....
Kansas	1,123	829	295	27	1	278	200	70	8	.....	75	53	19	3	.....
South Central division	3,959	2,808	1,065	70	16	1,738	1,398	310	26	4	853	256	159	9	.....
Eastern South Central	2,431	1,686	698	35	12	779	638	134	5	2	333	196	122	6	.....
Kentucky	1,242	740	481	18	3	249	193	53	2	1	173	78	94	1	.....
Tennessee	779	610	155	11	2	296	248	45	3	.....	145	108	24	4	.....
Alabama	292	230	42	5	5	120	103	16	.....	1	14	10	4	.....	.....
Mississippi	128	106	19	1	2	114	94	20	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....
Western South Central	1,528	1,122	367	35	4	959	760	176	21	2	100	60	37	3	.....
Louisiana	392	249	142	1	.....	152	104	45	3	.....	17	11	6	.....	.....
Arkansas	227	180	44	2	1	150	122	27	1	.....	18	13	5	.....	.....
Indian Territory	31	26	2	1	2	22	20	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oklahoma	125	103	19	2	1	26	22	4	.....	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....
Texas	753	564	160	29	.....	609	492	100	17	.....	63	34	26	3	.....
Western division	5,559	2,903	2,207	386	3	2,006	1,007	873	126	.....	446	140	275	31	.....
Rocky Mountain	1,205	744	382	78	1	338	204	115	19	.....	74	39	31	4	.....
Montana	217	106	86	25	.....	59	28	25	6	.....	4	2	2	.....	.....
Idaho	59	32	21	6	.....	24	18	6	.....	.....	3	3	.....	.....	.....
Wyoming	62	35	27	.....	.....	8	5	3	.....	.....	3	.....	3	.....	.....
Colorado	836	550	238	47	1	233	142	79	12	.....	63	33	26	4	.....
New Mexico	31	21	10	.....	.....	14	11	2	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Basin and Plateau	275	129	128	18	.....	88	38	46	4	.....	22	5	8	9	.....
Arizona	39	27	12	.....	.....	20	15	5	.....	.....	2	1	.....	1	.....
Utah	216	92	107	17	.....	60	20	36	4	.....	19	3	8	8	.....
Nevada	20	10	9	1	.....	8	3	5	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Pacific	4,079	2,030	1,757	290	2	1,580	765	712	103	.....	350	90	236	18	.....
Washington	704	423	206	75	.....	291	170	95	26	.....	32	19	7	6	.....
Oregon	649	387	218	44	.....	220	143	68	9	.....	28	18	8	2	.....
California	2,726	1,220	1,333	171	2	1,069	452	549	68	.....	290	59	221	10	.....

TABLE 24.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.													
	Boot and shoe makers and repairers.					Boxmakers (paper).					Confectioners.			
	Total.	Native white—			Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—			Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—			Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.			Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.			Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	
Continental United States	30,490	14,720	16,500	5,201	69	14,498	4,620	7,703	2,041	44	7,805	2,315	3,528	1,894	68
North Atlantic division	28,678	11,985	12,112	4,534	47	10,727	3,330	5,776	1,585	36	3,861	997	1,685	1,171	8
New England	21,362	8,515	8,963	3,839	45	4,420	1,339	2,332	719	30	1,017	162	516	336	3
Maine	1,457	1,054	281	121	1	92	47	38	7	.....	65	25	30	10	.....
New Hampshire	3,131	1,715	833	580	3	163	89	45	29	.....	6	2	1	3	.....
Vermont	91	53	30	8	.....	43	27	15	1	.....	36	13	23	.....	.....
Massachusetts	16,359	5,606	7,653	3,060	40	2,687	838	1,410	428	11	845	114	427	302	2
Rhode Island	118	15	73	27	1	318	84	169	74	.....	34	1	21	12	.....
Connecticut	206	72	91	43	.....	1,117	254	664	180	19	31	7	14	9	1
Southern North Atlantic	7,316	3,470	3,149	695	2	6,307	1,991	3,444	866	6	2,844	835	1,169	835	5
New York	3,801	1,167	2,142	491	1	3,831	958	2,251	619	3	1,543	262	697	581	3
New Jersey	1,310	766	430	84	1	779	233	428	116	2	259	68	90	100	1
Pennsylvania	2,199	1,537	548	114	.....	1,697	800	765	131	1	1,042	505	382	154	1
South Atlantic divison	272	188	66	7	11	635	436	177	18	4	395	210	103	54	28
Northern South Atlantic	229	153	65	7	4	321	328	173	16	4	334	165	97	51	21
Delaware	11	8	2	1	.....	13	6	7	.....	.....	10	6	3	1	1
Maryland	138	76	57	5	.....	264	120	130	13	1	237	116	82	33	6
District of Columbia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	5	2	.....	.....	34	11	7	6	10
Virginia	73	67	3	1	2	216	190	20	3	3	24	10	2	8	4
West Virginia	7	2	3	.....	2	21	7	14	.....	.....	29	23	3	3	.....
Southern South Atlantic	43	35	1	.....	7	114	108	4	2	.....	61	45	6	3	7
North Carolina	6	6	.....	.....	.....	22	22	.....	.....	.....	6	4	1	.....	1
South Carolina	6	2	1	.....	3	4	4	.....	.....	.....	3	3	.....	.....	2
Georgia	28	26	.....	.....	2	84	80	4	.....	.....	46	37	5	1	3
Florida	3	1	.....	.....	2	4	2	.....	2	.....	4	1	.....	2	1
North Central division	6,866	2,331	3,921	610	4	2 798	718	1.655	421	4	2,887	853	1,458	564	12
Eastern North Central	4,625	1,726	2,483	412	4	2,361	585	1,413	361	2	1,852	467	960	417	8
Ohio	2,792	1,252	1,412	127	1	846	303	467	76	.....	397	154	173	66	4
Indiana	104	64	34	6	.....	123	35	34	4	.....	164	97	58	9	.....
Illinois	918	233	521	142	2	818	80	550	187	1	741	116	394	228	3
Michigan	233	68	131	34	.....	397	101	292	63	1	186	45	97	43	1
Wisconsin	578	89	385	103	1	177	16	120	31	.....	364	55	238	71	.....
Western North Central	2,241	605	1,438	198	.....	437	133	242	60	2	1,035	386	498	147	4
Minnesota	385	55	235	95	.....	93	15	52	26	.....	238	34	127	76	1
Iowa	176	48	108	20	.....	47	12	32	3	.....	187	71	102	14	.....
Missouri	1,668	498	1,091	77	.....	260	92	148	18	2	465	264	217	41	3
North Dakota	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	3	4	2	.....
South Dakota	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	1	7	1	.....
Nebraska	8	.....	3	5	.....	23	6	6	11	.....	71	32	30	9	.....
Kansas	5	4	1	.....	.....	14	8	4	2	.....	56	41	11	4	.....
South Central division	466	174	264	22	6	166	84	80	2	.....	307	135	114	40	18
Eastern South Central	441	165	255	18	3	135	69	65	1	.....	189	87	79	15	8
Kentucky	423	152	253	17	1	79	25	53	1	.....	129	48	66	15	.....
Tennessee	14	12	1	.....	1	52	41	11	.....	.....	44	31	12	.....	1
Alabama	3	1	1	1	.....	3	2	1	.....	.....	12	4	1	.....	7
Mississippi	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	4	4	.....	.....	.....
Western South Central	25	9	9	4	3	31	15	15	1	.....	118	48	35	25	10
Louisiana	16	3	8	2	3	19	8	11	.....	.....	36	13	12	8	3
Arkansas	2	2	.....	.....	.....	4	3	1	.....	.....	11	3	2	5	1
Indian Territory	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	4	.....	.....	1
Oklahoma	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	9	.....	.....	.....
Texas	7	4	1	2	.....	8	4	3	1	.....	57	19	21	12	5
Western division	208	42	137	28	1	172	52	105	15	.....	355	120	168	65	2
Rocky Mountain	4	3	1	.....	.....	11	5	4	2	.....	89	39	36	14	.....
Montana	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1	.....	1	.....	20	6	11	3	.....
Idaho	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	1	3	.....
Wyoming	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Colorado	4	3	1	.....	.....	9	4	4	1	.....	64	32	22	8	.....
New Mexico	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1	1	.....	.....
Basin and Plateau	31	4	18	9	.....	3	.....	2	1	.....	47	9	27	11	.....
Arizona	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utah	31	4	18	9	.....	3	.....	2	1	.....	2	1	.....	1	.....
Nevada	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	45	8	27	10	.....
Pacific	173	35	118	19	1	158	47	99	12	.....	219	72	105	40	2
Washington	8	4	4	.....	.....	8	4	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oregon	3	1	.....	2	.....	14	6	7	1	.....	44	19	12	12	1
California	162	30	114	17	1	136	37	88	11	.....	29	18	10	1	.....
											146	35	83	27	1

TABLE 24.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.														
	Glovemakers.					Gold and silver workers.					Paper and pulp mill operatives.				
	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	7,170	3,999	2,136	1,014	49	5,767	1,607	3,029	1,129	2	8,709	2,558	3,899	2,227	25
North Atlantic division	5,474	3,498	1,362	705	9	5,569	1,543	2,914	1,111	1	6,474	1,856	2,975	1,835	7
New England	235	61	82	92		3,828	1,061	1,907	859	1	4,567	835	2,170	1,559	3
Maine	3	3				2	2				262	185	59	38	
New Hampshire	97	33	26	38		8	6		2		136	47	46	45	
Vermont	2	1	1								49	18	22	9	
Massachusetts	125	22	52	51		1,785	508	789	487	1	3,735	550	1,792	1,390	3
Rhode Island	3		1	2		1,910	517	1,044	349		13	3	7	3	
Connecticut	5	2	2	1		143	28	74	41		370	52	244	74	
Southern North Atlantic	5,239	3,437	1,180	613	9	1,741	482	1,007	252		1,907	821	806	276	4
New York	4,993	3,365	1,064	555	9	793	151	492	150		1,062	319	529	210	4
New Jersey	174	33	94	47		707	187	431	89		187	74	90	23	
Pennsylvania	72	39	22	11		241	144	84	13		658	428	187	43	
South Atlantic division	102	99	3			80	19	10	1		246	175	53	9	9
Northern South Atlantic	100	98	2			29	19	9	1		224	154	58	9	8
Delaware											72	37	27	8	
Maryland	37	36	1			15	6	8	1		75	61	8		6
District of Columbia	2	1	1			3	2	1			5	5			
Virginia	59	59				11	11				41	36	3		2
West Virginia	2	2									31	15	15	1	
Southern South Atlantic	2	1	1			1		1			22	21			1
North Carolina	1	1													
South Carolina											1	1			
Georgia						1		1			21	20			1
Florida	1		1												
North Central division	1,241	264	701	275	1	166	41	100	15		1,351	710	853	380	8
Eastern North Central	1,142	224	652	265	1	141	37	89	15		1,800	663	781	358	7
Ohio	143	85	49	9		31	12	18	1		558	297	196	63	2
Indiana	101	43	53	4	1	12	9	3			88	60	25	3	
Illinois	643	51	398	194		88	16	62	10		251	74	114	62	1
Michigan	33	17	12	4		7		3	4		336	164	106	61	4
Wisconsin	222	28	140	54		3		3			577	68	340	169	
Western North Central	99	40	49	10		15	4	11			142	47	72	22	1
Minnesota	16	2	9	5		1		1			23	6	9	8	
Iowa	70	38	32	5		1	1				7	4	3		
Missouri	10	2	8			11	1	10			89	25	49	14	1
North Dakota															
South Dakota															
Nebraska	2	2				1	1				6		6		
Kansas	1	1				1	1				17	12	5		
South Central division	2	2				8	2	4	1	1	16	8	7		1
Eastern South Central						6	2	4			15	7	7		1
Kentucky						6	2	4			9	2	7		
Tennessee											6	5			1
Alabama															
Mississippi															
Western South Central	2	2				2			1	1	1	1			
Louisiana															
Arkansas															
Indian Territory															
Oklahoma	2	2													
Texas						2			1	1	1	1			
Western division	351	106	172	34	39	4	2	1	1		22	9	10	3	
Rocky Mountain	5	1	1	2	1	3	2	1			7	6	1		
Montana											1	1			
Idaho	1				1										
Wyoming	2		1	1											
Colorado	2	1		1		1		1			6	5	1		
New Mexico						2	2								
Basin and Plateau	16	6	1	2	7						1			1	
Arizona															
Utah	15	5	1	2	7						1			1	
Nevada	1	1													
Pacific	330	99	170	30	31	1			1		14	3	9	2	
Washington	8	4	4								6	2	3	1	
Oregon	33	4	2	1	26						1	1			
California	289	91	164	29	5	1			1		7		6	1	

TABLE 24.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.													
	Printers, lithographers, and presswomen.					Rubber factory operatives.					Textile mill operatives.			
	Total.	Native white—			Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—			Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—			Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.			Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.			Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.	Foreign born white.	
Continental United States	15,353	8,453	5,703	1,100	97	6,945	1,267	3,507	2,180	1	231,458	74,617	77,521	78,823	497
North Atlantic division	6,431	2,952	2,859	606	14	6,281	998	3,202	2,080	1	184,490	37,573	70,701	76,154	62
New England	2,953	1,323	1,297	323	10	5,238	653	2,619	1,965	1	109,728	12,493	37,787	59,412	36
Maine	372	286	71	15	1	4	1	1	2		7,907	2,097	1,511	4,299	
New Hampshire	155	115	29	11		8		2	6		12,116	1,734	2,850	7,540	2
Vermont	142	82	51	9							1,282	449	514	319	
Massachusetts	1,946	693	988	258	7	2,789	309	1,335	1,144	1	60,695	4,581	21,063	35,031	20
Rhode Island	84	36	42	6		1,024	152	523	349		15,941	1,860	6,439	7,585	7
Connecticut	254	112	116	24	2	1,413	191	758	464		11,787	1,782	5,360	4,628	7
Southern North Atlantic	3,478	1,629	1,562	283	4	1,043	345	583	115		74,762	25,080	32,914	16,742	26
New York	2,017	797	1,024	196		385	69	271	45		24,061	7,202	11,491	5,356	12
New Jersey	320	134	151	34	1	401	132	218	51		15,073	2,753	6,207	6,109	4
Pennsylvania	1,141	698	387	53	3	257	144	94	19		35,628	15,125	15,216	5,277	10
South Atlantic division	982	693	227	28	34	3	2	1			27,615	26,465	714	135	301
Northern South Atlantic	798	533	212	25	28	3	2	1			5,186	4,467	588	95	36
Delaware	41	30	8	2	1						741	401	286	53	1
Maryland	67	44	21	1	1	3	2	1			2,311	2,047	227	26	1
District of Columbia	480	276	167	18	19						4	3	1		
Virginia	92	76	6	4	6						1,744	1,668	31	15	30
West Virginia	118	107	10		1						386	348	33	1	4
Southern South Atlantic	184	160	15	3	6						22,429	21,998	126	40	265
North Carolina	28	28									9,607	9,506	33	10	58
South Carolina	35	30	3		3						6,975	6,831	49	22	73
Georgia	109	92	11	3	3						5,846	5,661	44	8	133
Florida	12	10	1		1						1				1
North Central division	6,436	3,835	2,193	388	20	658	255	303	100		11,161	3,927	4,949	2,264	21
Eastern North Central	3,997	2,270	1,454	264	9	630	248	284	98		9,661	3,289	4,409	1,947	16
Ohio	1,258	791	416	49	2	485	208	214	63		1,951	806	741	401	6
Indiana	584	430	136	16	2	40	29	7	4		2,007	1,121	807	165	4
Illinois	1,133	577	448	104	4	34	3	23	8		1,542	360	735	444	3
Michigan	587	307	222	57	1						1,841	770	744	324	3
Wisconsin	435	165	232	38		71	8	40	23		2,230	232	1,382	613	
Western North Central	2,439	1,565	739	124	11	28	7	19	2		1,500	638	540	317	5
Minnesota	298	134	128	36		1		1			419	57	198	162	2
Iowa	650	436	189	24	1						374	248	78	47	1
Missouri	748	463	260	23	2	26	7	17	2		463	201	205	56	1
North Dakota	29	16	6	7							26		13	13	
South Dakota	79	43	32	4							17	11	1	5	
Nebraska	230	152	54	20	4						123	68	22	33	
Kansas	405	321	70	10	4	1		1			78	53	23	1	1
South Central division	572	454	70	25	23						7,420	6,354	970	94	102
Eastern South Central	291	232	41	9	9						6,510	5,772	587	53	98
Kentucky	125	91	27	5	2						1,235	690	490	45	10
Tennessee	103	64	10	3	6						1,622	1,507	47	6	62
Alabama	28	25	1	1	1						2,880	2,812	18	1	19
Mississippi	35	32	3								773	733	32	1	7
Western South Central	281	222	29	16	14						910	582	283	41	4
Louisiana	35	27	5		3						434	197	215	20	2
Arkansas	60	58	8		3						96	93	3		
Indian Territory	12	10			2						8	3			
Oklahoma	33	29	3	1							10	5	1	2	2
Texas	132	98	13	15	6						367	284	64	10	
Western division	932	519	354	53	6	3	2	1			772	298	287	186	1
Rocky Mountain	144	93	43	5	3						143	101	20	22	
Montana	14	6	7	1							2	1	1		
Idaho	21	15	5		1						7	2		5	
Wyoming	13	8	5								1	1			
Colorado	83	55	22	4	2						131	96	18	16	
New Mexico	13	9	4								2	1		1	
Basin and Plateau	45	20	23	2							143	33	31	79	
Arizona	17	8	8	1											
Utah	23	10	12	1							143	33	31	79	
Nevada	5	2	3												
Pacific	743	406	288	46	3	3	2	1			486	164	236	85	
Washington	64	46	13	5							10	5	2	3	
Oregon	154	122	27	5							173	107	43	23	
California	525	238	248	36	3	3	2	1			303	52	191	59	

TABLE 24.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.														
	Carpet factory operatives.					Cotton mill operatives.					Hosiery and knitting mill operatives.				
	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	8,332	2,164	3,648	2,513	7	97,181	35,079	20,299	41,514	289	28,293	12,333	10,606	5,339	15
North Atlantic division	7,002	1,266	3,498	2,235	3	66,556	6,489	18,826	41,225	16	21,784	9,172	8,362	4,246	4
New England	1,539	130	829	580	.....	59,942	4,293	15,922	39,713	14	6,512	1,582	2,451	2,476	3
Maine	3	3	.....	.....	.....	5,322	777	1,120	3,425	.....	28	28	.....	.....	.....
New Hampshire	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,041	525	1,985	6,531	.....	1,170	470	277	422	1
Vermont	7	4	1	2	.....	450	87	186	177	.....	432	210	159	63	.....
Massachusetts	1,188	102	653	433	.....	34,593	1,853	8,841	23,879	10	3,261	575	1,113	1,572	1
Rhode Island	2	1	1	.....	.....	6,654	619	2,425	3,610	.....	409	68	237	104	.....
Connecticut	339	40	174	125	.....	3,882	422	1,365	2,091	4	1,212	231	665	315	1
Southern North Atlantic	5,463	1,116	2,669	1,675	3	6,614	2,196	2,904	1,512	2	15,272	7,590	5,911	1,770	1
New York	3,085	477	1,567	1,040	1	2,413	756	968	688	1	6,799	3,013	2,788	998	.....
New Jersey	220	78	76	66	.....	1,430	268	763	396	1	551	240	239	72	.....
Pennsylvania	2,158	561	1,026	569	2	2,771	1,172	1,171	428	.....	7,922	4,337	2,884	700	1
South Atlantic division	73	63	6	4	.....	23,930	23,190	438	70	232	2,129	1,977	117	28	7
Northern South Atlantic	45	35	6	4	.....	2,984	2,603	323	44	14	1,161	1,023	114	20	4
Delaware	4	3	.....	1	.....	318	134	165	28	1	288	179	68	11	.....
Maryland	13	5	5	3	.....	1,679	1,520	146	13	.....	293	232	21	.....	.....
District of Columbia	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Virginia	13	12	1	.....	.....	987	959	12	3	13	386	375	3	8	.....
West Virginia	12	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	284	237	22	1	4
Southern South Atlantic	28	28	.....	.....	.....	20,946	20,587	115	26	218	968	954	3	8	3
North Carolina	8	8	.....	.....	.....	8,960	8,890	29	6	25	470	464	3	2	1
South Carolina	15	15	.....	.....	.....	6,712	6,588	42	12	70	149	143	.....	6	.....
Georgia	5	5	.....	.....	.....	5,283	5,109	44	8	122	349	347	.....	.....	2
Florida	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
North Central division	1,122	740	133	246	3	1,375	652	590	130	3	4,047	926	2,071	1,048	2
Eastern North Central	774	508	101	162	3	1,262	602	550	108	2	3,829	859	1,965	1,004	1
Ohio	232	173	30	28	1	74	22	43	9	.....	586	214	250	122	.....
Indiana	153	128	16	8	1	923	538	347	36	2	444	168	206	70	.....
Illinois	189	125	19	45	.....	132	16	79	37	.....	619	104	208	246	1
Michigan	104	63	10	30	1	8	2	5	1	.....	973	266	493	214	.....
Wisconsin	96	19	26	51	.....	125	24	76	25	.....	1,207	107	748	352	.....
Western North Central	348	232	32	84	.....	113	50	40	22	1	218	67	106	44	1
Minnesota	47	7	3	37	.....	3	2	.....	1	.....	143	23	86	34	.....
Iowa	177	129	18	30	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	65	40	16	8	1
Missouri	55	55	.....	.....	.....	44	13	24	7	.....	9	4	4	1	.....
North Dakota	2	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Dakota	4	3	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nebraska	57	35	7	15	.....	44	20	10	14	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....
Kansas	6	3	3	.....	.....	21	15	3	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Central division	85	75	6	3	1	5,098	4,649	372	39	38	286	252	28	4	2
Eastern South Central	64	59	3	1	1	4,456	4,238	168	13	37	249	235	11	2	1
Kentucky	39	36	1	1	1	261	155	96	9	1	7	2	4	1	.....
Tennessee	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	690	645	27	3	15	183	177	5	1	.....
Alabama	25	23	2	.....	.....	2,774	2,740	14	1	19	45	43	2	.....	.....
Mississippi	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	731	698	31	.....	2	14	13	.....	.....	1
Western South Central	21	16	3	2	.....	642	411	204	26	1	37	17	17	2	1
Louisiana	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	348	155	175	18	.....	36	17	17	1	1
Arkansas	11	10	1	.....	.....	74	72	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Indian Territory	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oklahoma	6	3	1	2	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Texas	4	3	1	.....	.....	218	183	27	8	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....
Western division	50	20	5	25	.....	222	99	73	50	.....	47	6	28	13	.....
Rocky Mountain	10	6	1	3	.....	126	92	18	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montana	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Idaho	4	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wyoming	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Colorado	3	2	1	.....	.....	126	92	18	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Mexico	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Basin and Plateau	29	8	2	19	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	18	4	6	8	.....
Arizona	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utah	29	8	2	19	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	18	4	6	8	.....
Nevada	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pacific	11	6	2	3	.....	95	6	55	34	.....	29	2	22	5	.....
Washington	4	2	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	2	.....
Oregon	4	3	.....	1	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
California	3	1	1	1	.....	94	6	54	34	.....	27	2	22	3	.....

TABLE 24.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—Continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Silk mill operatives					Woolen mill operatives					Dressmakers.				
	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	26,432	8,571	11,304	6,513	44	27,169	6,803	11,390	8,916	70	338,144	152,821	117,287	55,523	12,513
North Atlantic division	25,460	7,974	11,034	6,441	11	23,277	4,777	10,035	8,456	9	148,987	59,076	54,701	32,582	2,628
New England	4,644	898	2,170	1,573	3	17,288	2,917	7,117	7,248	6	35,006	14,191	10,816	9,564	435
Maine	98	22	34	42		1,362	953	162	247		3,380	2,449	458	472	1
New Hampshire	156	59	30	67		1,016	295	374	347		2,138	1,269	349	519	1
Vermont	1	1				316	124	124	68		1,661	971	522	187	1
Massachusetts	1,468	215	765	466	2	9,515	850	4,143	4,521	1	19,471	6,397	6,210	6,603	261
Rhode Island	220	24	57	139		3,324	421	1,462	1,437	4	3,050	1,000	1,104	847	99
Connecticut	2,721	577	1,284	869	1	1,755	274	852	628	1	5,286	2,105	2,173	936	72
Southern North Atlantic	20,816	7,076	8,864	4,868	8	5,989	1,860	2,918	1,208	3	113,981	44,885	43,885	23,018	2,193
New York	3,166	773	1,748	641	4	2,405	751	1,295	444	2	63,582	18,405	27,046	17,060	981
New Jersey	8,605	1,462	3,891	3,251	1	977	221	385	371		11,268	4,863	4,367	1,770	268
Pennsylvania	9,045	4,841	3,225	976	3	2,517	888	1,235	393	1	39,131	21,527	12,472	4,188	944
South Atlantic division	384	306	36	11	31	404	368	30	2	4	27,796	17,913	3,372	887	5,624
Northern South Atlantic	319	271	36	11	1	263	230	30	2	1	16,838	10,708	2,989	751	2,390
Delaware	59	36	15	8		43	28	13	2		1,164	807	270	53	34
Maryland	89	67	19	3		84	73	11			7,056	4,195	1,824	454	583
District of Columbia	1		1								2,967	1,167	415	154	1,231
Virginia	170	168	1		1	69	64	4		1	3,875	3,171	142	49	513
West Virginia						67	65	2			1,776	1,368	338	41	29
Southern South Atlantic	65	35			30	141	138			3	10,958	7,205	383	136	3,234
North Carolina	65	35			30	56	56				2,700	2,382	38	12	268
South Carolina											2,631	1,151	68	19	1,393
Georgia						85	82			3	4,297	3,051	150	43	1,053
Florida											1,330	621	127	62	520
North Central division	525	273	196	55	1	2,060	723	953	382	2	120,445	52,641	48,637	17,707	1,460
Eastern North Central	523	272	196	54	1	1,715	535	832	326	2	81,429	34,444	33,554	12,361	1,070
Ohio	6	2	3	1		598	174	258	166		22,280	11,757	8,296	1,853	374
Indiana						429	214	185	30		9,168	6,460	2,256	349	103
Illinois	89	7	60	22		150	49	78	21	2	24,580	8,842	10,034	5,241	473
Michigan	428	263	133	31	1	185	77	76	32		13,139	4,878	5,231	2,918	102
Wisconsin						353	41	235	77		12,362	2,507	7,737	2,000	18
Western North Central	2	1		1		345	188	121	56		39,016	18,197	15,083	5,346	390
Minnesota						87	9	41	37		8,520	1,642	4,616	2,205	57
Iowa						104	70	30	4		10,066	5,067	4,026	946	27
Missouri	1	1				102	59	33	10		9,592	5,627	3,085	706	174
North Dakota						7		3	4		1,006	160	406	433	1
South Dakota											1,698	384	521	191	2
Nebraska	1			1		2	1	1			4,048	2,067	1,374	583	24
Kansas						43	29	13	1		4,092	3,250	1,055	282	105
South Central division	2	1			1	1,169	819	270	26	54	21,041	14,176	3,393	869	2,603
Eastern South Central	2	1			1	1,126	782	267	24	53	12,261	8,573	1,920	277	1,491
Kentucky	1	1				429	142	259	22	6	5,264	3,361	1,460	178	265
Tennessee	1				1	670	618	8	1	43	5,456	2,675	239	56	486
Alabama						2	2				2,137	1,538	158	30	411
Mississippi						25	20		1	4	1,404	999	63	13	329
Western South Central						43	37	3	2	1	8,780	5,603	1,473	592	1,112
Louisiana						3	1	1		1	2,362	979	652	173	558
Arkansas						5	5				1,222	905	107	22	188
Indian Territory											336	329	22	13	22
Oklahoma											484	389	65	15	15
Texas						35	31	2	2		4,376	3,001	627	369	329
Western division	61	17	38	6		259	116	92	50	1	19,375	9,015	7,184	3,478	198
Rocky Mountain						4	3		2		4,598	2,549	1,251	742	46
Montana											961	392	329	226	14
Idaho						2		2			382	196	122	61	1
Wyoming											260	121	94	44	1
Colorado						1	1				2,524	1,450	663	387	29
New Mexico						1	1				466	388	53	24	1
Basin and Plateau	6	2		4		50	8	22	20		1,825	567	798	442	18
Arizona											300	137	63	92	8
Utah	6	2		4		50	8	22	20		1,328	338	667	317	6
Nevada											197	92	68	33	4
Pacific	55	15	38	2		205	106	70	28	1	13,452	5,899	5,135	2,294	134
Washington	1	1				2		1	1		1,951	994	547	387	23
Oregon						129	86	29	14		1,747	1,048	478	209	12
California	54	14	38	2		74	20	40	13	1	9,754	3,857	4,110	1,698	99

TABLE 24.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Hat and cap makers.					Milliners.					Seamstresses.				
	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	7,049	2,491	2,987	1,569	2	82,936	45,186	28,748	8,829	173	138,724	60,223	41,838	25,050	11,563
North Atlantic division	6,098	2,076	2,605	1,416	1	32,008	14,983	12,386	4,598	41	46,312	15,855	15,353	14,409	695
New England	1,943	754	748	440	1	9,123	4,512	3,273	1,320	18	9,522	3,719	3,011	2,651	141
Maine	26	12	9	5	.....	1,134	902	165	67	.....	705	460	135	108	2
New Hampshire	2	1	1	.....	.....	668	456	112	90	.....	474	302	84	88	.....
Vermont	3	2	1	.....	.....	539	363	147	29	.....	538	302	168	68	.....
Massachusetts	633	151	220	261	1	4,815	2,029	1,902	872	12	6,147	2,048	1,986	2,022	91
Rhode Island	10	1	7	2	.....	718	268	313	129	3	641	199	258	151	33
Connecticut	1,269	587	510	172	.....	1,264	494	634	133	3	1,017	408	380	214	15
Southern North Atlantic	4,155	1,322	1,857	976	.....	22,885	10,471	9,113	3,278	23	36,790	12,136	12,342	11,758	554
New York	2,120	467	1,007	646	.....	12,715	4,498	5,792	2,414	11	22,713	4,573	8,110	9,754	276
New Jersey	1,125	222	628	275	.....	2,163	1,028	848	287	.....	3,426	1,444	1,296	620	66
Pennsylvania	910	633	222	55	.....	8,007	4,945	2,473	577	12	10,651	6,119	2,936	1,384	212
South Atlantic division	168	122	31	15	.....	5,169	4,116	862	169	22	19,229	11,762	2,282	865	4,320
Northern South Atlantic	158	112	31	15	.....	3,319	2,496	691	123	9	11,489	6,929	2,088	743	1,729
Delaware	2	1	.....	1	.....	215	180	26	8	1	233	175	33	15	10
Maryland	145	101	31	13	.....	1,612	1,147	386	76	3	6,612	3,814	1,774	629	395
District of Columbia	1	1	.....	.....	.....	334	197	118	17	2	808	282	106	47	373
Virginia	5	5	.....	.....	.....	657	587	56	12	2	3,048	2,048	92	31	907
West Virginia	5	4	.....	1	.....	501	385	105	10	1	788	610	113	21	44
Southern South Atlantic	10	10	.....	.....	.....	1,850	1,620	171	46	13	7,740	4,833	194	122	2,591
North Carolina	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	507	492	9	5	1	2,301	1,775	34	10	482
South Carolina	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	349	284	50	12	3	1,461	826	46	16	574
Georgia	8	8	.....	.....	.....	822	710	87	18	7	3,131	1,873	67	22	1,169
Florida	2	2	.....	.....	.....	172	134	25	11	2	847	359	48	74	366
North Central division	628	197	300	131	.....	35,870	19,620	12,899	3,308	43	49,393	20,307	19,883	8,123	980
Eastern North Central	482	144	227	111	.....	22,958	12,076	8,658	2,187	37	29,727	12,881	13,467	5,776	633
Ohio	105	45	80	40	.....	6,172	3,742	2,105	308	17	9,668	4,265	4,203	1,013	187
Indiana	69	54	13	2	.....	3,483	2,598	783	100	2	6,214	3,849	1,846	325	194
Illinois	121	27	53	41	.....	7,195	3,342	2,865	977	11	11,518	3,254	4,800	3,254	210
Michigan	38	11	16	11	.....	3,366	1,566	1,266	529	5	3,017	1,070	1,243	674	30
Wisconsin	89	7	65	17	.....	2,742	828	1,639	273	2	2,310	413	1,375	510	12
Western North Central	146	53	73	20	.....	12,912	7,544	4,241	1,121	6	16,666	7,546	6,426	2,347	347
Minnesota	42	8	19	15	.....	2,050	575	1,091	380	4	2,977	482	1,513	966	16
Iowa	15	1	13	1	.....	3,450	2,149	1,086	215	.....	2,535	1,338	930	258	9
Missouri	40	19	20	1	.....	3,823	2,461	1,168	192	2	8,525	4,296	3,235	762	232
North Dakota	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200	47	84	69	.....	95	21	34	37	3
South Dakota	13	6	7	.....	.....	329	168	120	41	.....	214	95	82	29	8
Nebraska	22	11	8	3	.....	1,262	779	360	123	.....	1,074	490	367	201	16
Kansas	14	8	6	.....	.....	1,798	1,365	332	101	.....	1,246	824	265	94	63
South Central division	104	77	26	.....	1	5,619	4,400	982	195	56	19,107	10,234	2,800	757	5,316
Eastern South Central	78	64	14	.....	.....	3,074	2,399	568	80	27	11,232	6,566	1,505	227	2,994
Kentucky	42	29	13	.....	.....	1,517	1,110	363	38	6	4,468	2,683	1,200	134	451
Tennessee	33	32	1	.....	.....	753	623	103	20	7	3,054	1,980	147	55	872
Alabama	1	1	.....	.....	.....	456	366	67	17	6	2,018	1,026	70	25	897
Mississippi	2	2	.....	.....	.....	348	300	35	5	8	1,752	877	88	13	774
Western South Central	26	13	12	.....	1	2,545	2,007	394	115	29	7,815	3,668	1,295	530	2,322
Louisiana	2	1	.....	.....	1	345	177	130	26	12	4,041	1,393	831	180	1,637
Arkansas	2	2	.....	.....	.....	426	370	36	13	7	944	573	28	23	210
Indian Territory	2	1	1	.....	.....	159	141	12	1	5	171	116	8	2	45
Oklahoma	1	.....	1	.....	.....	221	183	33	5	.....	167	128	18	10	11
Texas	19	9	10	.....	.....	1,394	1,136	183	70	5	2,592	1,458	400	315	419
Western division	51	19	25	7	.....	4,270	2,001	1,639	559	11	4,683	1,975	1,560	896	252
Rocky Mountain	10	4	4	2	.....	974	551	297	123	3	1,104	647	268	156	33
Montana	1	.....	1	.....	.....	185	90	57	36	2	138	64	45	24	5
Idaho	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	95	56	33	6	.....	114	73	24	15	2
Wyoming	2	.....	2	.....	.....	78	47	24	7	.....	71	36	23	10	2
Colorado	7	4	1	2	.....	576	336	170	69	1	698	409	171	97	21
New Mexico	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40	22	13	5	.....	83	65	5	10	3
Basin and Plateau	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	351	117	162	72	.....	339	110	111	102	16
Arizona	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	45	29	10	6	.....	108	38	29	32	9
Utah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	274	74	141	59	.....	194	57	70	65	2
Nevada	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	32	14	11	7	.....	37	15	12	5	5
Pacific	41	15	21	5	.....	2,945	1,333	1,180	364	8	3,240	1,218	1,181	638	203
Washington	1	.....	1	.....	.....	518	278	156	78	6	352	189	93	58	12
Oregon	13	10	3	.....	.....	450	299	112	39	.....	421	232	106	73	10
California	27	5	17	5	.....	1,977	816	912	247	2	2,467	797	982	507	181

TABLE 24.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE AND NATIVITY, FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES: 1900—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER continued.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Shirt, collar, and cuff makers.					Tailoresses.					Tobacco and cigar factory operatives.				
	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.	Total.	Native white—		Foreign born white.	Negro, Indian, and Mongolian.
		Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.				Both parents native.	One or both parents foreign born.		
Continental United States	27,788	11,412	11,665	4,598	113	61,571	14,087	23,631	23,447	406	37,125	12,750	10,028	9,705	4,642
North Atlantic division	22,366	8,881	9,591	3,881	13	34,085	7,036	11,301	15,686	62	18,260	7,146	4,448	6,647	19
New England	2,444	857	1,049	537	1	5,407	1,004	1,369	2,903	31	766	131	361	272	2
Maine	122	96	21	15	.....	763	537	127	99	.....	23	13	10	.....	.....
New Hampshire	11	5	6	.....	.....	401	250	47	102	2	12	.....	4	8	.....
Vermont	433	164	254	35	.....	322	135	119	68	.....	3	2	.....	1	.....
Massachusetts	1,314	425	502	376	1	3,406	574	874	1,934	24	533	61	247	224	1
Rhode Island	53	6	24	24	.....	261	49	96	117	2	54	13	27	14	.....
Connecticut	461	152	242	87	.....	254	62	106	83	3	141	42	73	25	1
Southern North Atlantic	19,922	8,024	8,542	3,344	12	28,678	5,432	9,932	13,283	31	17,494	7,015	4,087	6,375	17
New York	14,507	5,174	6,933	2,388	12	20,916	2,212	7,471	11,213	20	8,292	974	2,164	5,152	2
New Jersey	1,588	666	597	325	.....	1,371	294	592	479	6	968	140	424	403	1
Pennsylvania	3,827	2,184	1,012	631	.....	6,391	2,926	1,869	1,591	5	8,234	5,901	1,499	820	14
South Atlantic division	2,410	1,589	657	112	52	3,729	1,812	967	872	78	7,162	1,962	538	716	3,946
Northern South Atlantic	2,372	1,555	655	110	52	2,903	1,092	937	851	23	4,410	1,381	451	210	2,368
Delaware	184	157	23	4	.....	88	56	26	3	1	47	28	16	3	.....
Maryland	2,068	1,308	629	105	16	2,110	569	739	794	8	721	266	282	171	2
District of Columbia	6	6	.....	.....	.....	208	110	68	24	6	16	5	7	4	.....
Virginia	105	65	3	1	36	328	272	31	17	8	3,446	984	76	20	2,366
West Virginia	19	19	.....	.....	.....	169	83	73	13	.....	180	98	70	12	.....
Southern South Atlantic	38	34	2	2	.....	826	720	30	21	55	2,752	581	87	506	1,578
North Carolina	20	20	.....	.....	.....	284	272	1	3	8	1,897	502	.....	.....	1,395
South Carolina	4	1	1	2	.....	66	37	8	5	16	4	.....	.....	.....	4
Georgia	13	13	.....	.....	.....	455	401	19	10	25	19	18	.....	.....	1
Florida	1	.....	1	.....	.....	21	10	2	3	6	832	61	87	506	178
North Central division	2,462	770	1,137	520	35	18,863	3,501	9,072	6,251	39	9,549	2,924	4,325	2,173	127
Eastern North Central	1,773	511	826	403	33	15,099	2,566	7,568	5,533	32	7,481	2,383	3,304	1,788	6
Ohio	324	125	120	47	32	5,282	1,223	3,049	992	18	4,263	1,770	1,923	568	2
Indiana	447	122	216	109	.....	1,156	556	514	80	6	571	299	230	41	1
Illinois	453	75	228	150	.....	6,357	361	2,501	3,468	7	1,042	180	307	553	2
Michigan	415	175	162	78	.....	1,724	322	783	619	.....	1,227	81	603	542	1
Wisconsin	134	14	100	19	1	1,200	104	721	374	1	378	53	241	84	.....
Western North Central	689	259	311	117	2	3,764	935	1,504	718	7	2,068	541	1,021	385	121
Minnesota	159	8	88	63	.....	379	36	162	201	.....	209	25	127	57	.....
Iowa	42	18	20	4	.....	610	201	297	112	.....	406	154	198	53	1
Missouri	402	186	181	34	1	1,756	514	933	304	5	1,287	282	649	236	120
North Dakota	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	3	1	14	.....	3	1	1	1	.....
South Dakota	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	3	5	4	.....	5	1	1	4	.....
Nebraska	32	8	12	11	1	132	46	38	47	1	67	23	20	24	.....
Kansas	54	39	10	5	.....	237	132	68	36	1	90	55	25	10	.....
South Central division	178	94	69	10	5	3,122	1,349	1,423	232	118	2,001	694	644	117	546
Eastern South Central	127	65	53	6	3	2,677	1,141	1,330	185	21	1,564	516	441	99	508
Kentucky	103	48	52	3	.....	2,190	727	1,291	168	4	1,302	455	428	18	321
Tennessee	18	17	1	.....	.....	325	279	28	12	6	246	48	10	1	187
Alabama	6	.....	.....	3	3	108	86	10	3	9	16	13	3	.....	.....
Mississippi	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	54	49	1	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western South Central	51	29	16	4	2	445	208	93	47	97	437	178	203	18	38
Louisiana	28	16	10	.....	2	233	60	62	18	93	402	162	193	9	38
Arkansas	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	34	23	7	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Indian Territory	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	7	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oklahoma	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	12	1	1	.....	3	3	.....	.....	.....
Texas	23	13	6	4	.....	155	106	23	23	3	32	13	10	9	.....
Western division	372	78	211	75	8	1,772	389	868	406	109	153	24	73	72	4
Rocky Mountain	17	8	9	.....	.....	220	83	76	61	.....	30	3	13	14	.....
Montana	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21	3	6	12	.....	3	.....	1	2	.....
Idaho	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	2	1	.....	2	.....	.....	2	.....
Wyoming	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	1	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Colorado	17	8	9	.....	.....	189	78	66	45	.....	25	3	12	10	.....
New Mexico	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Basin and Plateau	3	2	.....	1	.....	55	9	16	30	.....	2	1	.....	1	.....
Arizona	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utah	3	2	.....	1	.....	49	6	13	30	.....	2	1	.....	1	.....
Nevada	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pacific	352	68	202	74	8	1,497	297	776	315	109	121	20	60	37	4
Washington	2	1	1	.....	.....	118	36	27	52	1	14	4	7	3	.....
Oregon	19	12	5	2	.....	90	27	35	25	2	5	1	2	2	.....
California	331	55	196	72	8	1,289	232	714	228	106	102	15	51	32	4

TABLE 25.—PER CENT DISTRIBUTION, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900.

PER CENT DISTRIBUTION BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS.

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	Total population.	Female population 16 years of age and over.	Female breadwinners 16 years of age and over— In all gainful occupations.	In agricultural pursuits.		In professional service.							In domestic and personal service.				
				Agricultural laborers.	Farmers, planters, and overseers.	Actresses, professional showwomen, etc.	Artists and teachers of art.	Literary and scientific persons.	Musicians and teachers of music.	Officials (government).	Physicians and surgeons.	Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	Barbers and hairdressers.	Boarding and lodging house keepers.	Hotel keepers.	Housekeepers and stewardesses.	Janitors and sextons.
Continental United States	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
North Atlantic division	27.7	30.7	35.9	0.7	9.8	55.6	41.9	50.9	35.0	22.9	37.3	31.1	40.5	34.9	18.3	40.3	70.0
New England	7.4	8.6	11.6	0.2	2.9	7.2	12.7	22.3	11.4	8.6	14.3	10.4	8.9	12.9	3.6	16.3	4.1
Southern North Atlantic	20.3	22.1	24.3	0.5	6.9	48.4	29.1	28.6	23.6	14.3	23.0	20.7	31.6	22.0	14.7	24.1	66.0
South Atlantic division	13.7	13.1	16.0	40.7	21.7	3.8	6.3	5.1	6.3	12.2	4.1	9.4	4.9	9.6	8.9	8.8	4.7
Northern South Atlantic	5.9	5.9	5.9	2.0	6.4	2.9	4.2	3.7	3.6	4.9	2.7	5.1	4.0	4.9	3.3	5.3	3.9
Southern South Atlantic	7.8	7.3	10.0	38.7	15.3	0.9	2.1	1.4	2.7	7.3	1.4	4.4	0.9	4.6	5.6	3.5	0.8
North Central division	34.7	34.5	27.2	2.1	27.5	26.7	34.0	33.5	40.7	36.9	40.8	42.7	35.8	31.0	38.3	36.9	19.8
Eastern North Central	21.1	21.6	17.6	1.1	15.2	18.3	23.3	23.6	25.4	19.8	25.6	23.4	24.3	19.8	20.7	23.0	15.1
Western North Central	13.6	12.9	9.6	1.0	12.3	8.3	10.7	9.9	15.4	17.1	15.2	19.3	11.5	11.2	17.6	14.0	4.7
South Central division	18.5	16.8	10.0	56.1	37.3	3.5	7.2	3.3	10.1	16.2	5.2	10.4	3.8	12.8	19.9	8.3	2.3
Eastern South Central	9.9	9.3	10.4	36.8	22.3	1.4	3.9	2.0	4.8	8.5	2.4	5.5	1.7	5.8	7.8	4.6	1.7
Western South Central	8.6	7.5	6.5	19.8	15.0	2.1	3.3	1.3	5.3	7.6	2.7	4.9	2.2	6.9	12.1	3.6	0.6
Western division	5.4	4.9	4.0	0.3	3.7	10.5	10.7	7.2	7.9	11.8	12.6	6.4	14.9	11.8	14.6	5.5	3.2
Rocky Mountain	1.6	1.4	1.0	0.1	0.9	2.8	1.9	1.3	1.7	4.1	3.0	1.6	3.2	4.5	4.9	1.7	0.5
Basin and Plateau	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	1.8	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.3	0.3	0.3
Pacific	3.2	3.0	2.6	0.2	2.1	7.3	8.4	5.4	5.7	5.9	9.0	4.3	11.2	6.5	8.4	3.6	2.4

PER CENT DISTRIBUTION BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS—continued.

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	Female breadwinners 16 years of age and over (continued)																
	In domestic and personal service—Continued.				In trade and transportation.								In manufacturing and mechanical pursuits.				
	Laborers (not specified).	Laundresses.	Nurses and midwives.	Servants and waitresses.	Agents.	Bookkeepers and accountants.	Clerks and copyists.	Merchants and dealers (except wholesale).	Packers and shippers.	Saleswomen.	Stenographers and typewriters.	Telegraph and telephone operators.	Bookbinders.	Boot and shoe makers and repairers.	Box-makers (paper).	Confectioners.	Glovemakers.
Continental United States	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
North Atlantic division	11.5	17.8	43.6	38.3	39.6	53.9	43.1	48.0	57.8	48.7	42.6	37.5	58.5	76.6	74.0	49.5	76.3
New England	2.9	4.6	14.2	10.2	12.6	22.9	12.7	9.6	23.7	12.6	11.6	10.2	13.5	58.5	30.5	13.0	3.3
Southern North Atlantic	8.6	13.3	29.3	28.1	27.0	31.0	30.4	38.4	34.1	36.1	31.0	27.3	45.0	20.0	43.5	36.4	73.1
South Atlantic division	43.7	30.8	14.4	13.8	4.9	3.4	9.9	11.4	7.9	6.3	4.4	5.7	4.8	0.7	4.4	5.1	1.4
Northern South Atlantic	8.1	11.8	6.9	7.8	2.8	2.6	8.6	8.3	6.5	4.8	3.0	3.2	4.0	0.6	3.6	4.3	1.4
Southern South Atlantic	35.7	18.9	7.6	6.0	2.1	0.9	1.3	3.0	1.4	1.5	1.3	2.5	0.8	0.1	0.8	0.8	(1)
North Central division	11.1	18.6	24.7	31.4	41.1	34.7	39.3	25.5	27.8	34.6	41.9	39.7	30.6	18.8	19.3	37.0	17.3
Eastern North Central	7.5	11.1	16.8	20.2	27.8	23.4	28.4	18.3	21.7	23.8	28.4	28.6	23.0	12.7	16.3	23.7	15.9
Western North Central	3.6	7.4	8.0	11.2	13.3	9.3	10.8	7.2	6.1	10.9	13.5	11.3	7.6	6.1	3.0	13.3	1.4
South Central division	31.1	30.2	10.0	12.7	7.4	3.1	3.7	9.1	2.4	5.6	4.7	7.9	3.0	1.3	1.1	3.9	(1)
Eastern South Central	18.8	18.4	6.5	7.9	3.8	2.0	2.3	4.8	1.6	3.1	2.9	3.5	2.3	1.2	0.9	2.4	....
Western South Central	12.3	11.7	3.5	4.8	3.5	1.1	1.5	4.4	0.8	2.5	1.8	4.4	0.7	0.1	0.2	1.5	(1)
Western division	2.5	2.7	7.3	3.7	6.9	4.9	3.9	6.0	4.2	4.7	6.5	9.1	3.1	0.6	1.2	4.5	4.9
Rocky Mountain	1.1	1.0	1.7	1.1	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.3	0.2	1.1	1.4	1.5	0.5	(1)	0.1	1.1	0.1
Basin and Plateau	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.1	(1)	0.6	0.2
Pacific	1.1	1.3	5.0	2.4	4.4	3.7	2.6	4.2	3.9	3.2	4.8	7.2	2.4	0.5	1.1	2.8	4.6

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

TABLE 25.—PER CENT DISTRIBUTION, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, FOR CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES: 1900—Continued.

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION.	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS—continued. Female breadwinners 16 years of age and over—(continued) In manufacturing and mechanical pursuits—Continued.																
					Textile mill operatives.						Textile workers.						
	Gold and silver workers.	Paper and pulp mill operatives.	Printers, lithographers, and press-women.	Rubber factory operatives.	Total.	Carpet factory operatives.	Cotton mill operatives.	Hosiery and knitting mill operatives.	Silk mill operatives.	Woolen mill operatives.	Dressmakers.	Hat and cap makers.	Milliners.	Seamstresses.	Shirt, collar, and cuff makers.	Tailoresses.	Tobacco and cigar factory operatives.
Continental United States	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
North Atlantic division	96.6	74.3	41.9	90.4	76.7	84.0	58.5	77.0	96.3	85.7	44.1	86.5	38.6	33.4	80.5	55.4	49.2
New England	66.4	52.4	19.2	75.4	47.4	18.5	61.7	23.0	17.6	63.5	10.4	27.6	11.0	6.9	8.8	8.8	2.1
Southern North Atlantic	30.2	21.9	22.7	15.0	32.3	65.6	6.8	54.0	78.8	22.0	33.7	58.9	27.6	26.5	71.7	46.6	47.1
South Atlantic division	0.5	2.8	6.4	(1)	11.9	0.9	24.6	7.5	1.5	1.5	8.2	2.4	6.2	13.9	8.7	6.1	19.3
Northern South Atlantic	0.5	2.6	5.2	(1)	2.2	0.5	3.1	4.1	1.2	1.0	5.0	2.2	4.0	8.3	8.5	4.7	11.9
Southern South Atlantic	(1)	0.3	1.2	.....	9.7	0.3	21.6	3.4	0.2	0.5	3.2	0.1	2.2	5.6	0.1	1.3	7.4
North Central division	2.7	22.4	41.9	9.5	4.8	13.5	1.4	14.3	2.0	7.6	35.6	8.9	43.3	35.6	8.6	30.6	25.7
Eastern North Central	2.4	20.8	26.0	9.1	4.2	9.3	1.3	13.5	2.0	6.3	24.1	6.8	27.7	23.6	6.4	25.5	20.2
Western North Central	0.3	1.6	15.9	0.4	0.6	4.2	0.1	0.8	(1)	1.3	11.5	2.1	15.6	12.0	2.5	5.1	5.6
South Central division	0.1	0.2	3.7	.....	3.2	1.0	5.2	1.0	(1)	4.3	6.2	1.5	6.8	13.8	0.6	5.1	5.4
Eastern South Central	0.1	0.2	1.9	.....	2.8	0.8	4.6	0.9	(1)	4.1	3.6	1.1	3.7	8.1	0.5	4.3	4.2
Western South Central	(1)	(1)	1.8	.....	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.1	.....	0.2	2.6	0.4	3.1	5.6	0.2	0.7	1.2
Western division	0.1	0.3	6.1	(1)	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.0	5.9	0.7	5.1	3.4	1.3	2.9	0.4
Rocky Mountain	0.1	0.1	0.9	.....	0.1	0.1	0.1	.....	.....	(1)	1.4	0.1	1.2	0.8	0.1	0.4	0.1
Basin and Plateau	.....	(1)	0.3	.....	0.1	0.3	(1)	0.1	(1)	0.2	0.5	.....	0.4	0.2	(1)	0.1	(1)
Pacific	(1)	0.2	4.8	(1)	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.8	4.0	0.6	3.6	2.3	1.3	2.4	0.3

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

TABLE 26.—DISTRIBUTION, BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900.

MARITAL CONDITION.	Number.							Per cent.					
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—				Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—			
				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES.[1]													
ALL OCCUPATIONS.													
All classes	1,232,268	798,711	146,902	323,763	149,770	178,276	433,557	64.8	11.9	26.3	12.2	14.5	35.2
Single[2]	940,777	584,260	35,912	312,059	139,302	96,987	356,517	62.1	3.8	33.2	14.8	10.3	37.9
Married	125,601	94,914	17,964	6,310	4,272	66,368	30,687	75.6	14.3	5.0	3.4	52.8	24.4
Widowed and divorced	165,890	119,537	93,026	5,394	6,196	14,921	46,353	72.1	56.1	3.3	3.7	9.0	27.9
BOARDING AND LODGING HOUSE KEEPERS (23 CITIES ONLY[3]).													
All classes	15,133	14,824	12,875	91	104	1,754	309	98.0	85.1	0.6	0.7	11.6	2.0
Single[2]	2,824	2,691	2,498	40	42	111	133	95.3	88.5	1.4	1.5	3.9	4.7
Married	3,367	3,298	1,675	32	18	1,575	69	98.0	49.7	1.0	0.5	46.8	2.0
Widowed and divorced	8,942	8,835	8,702	19	40	66	107	98.8	97.3	0.2	0.5	0.8	1.2
BOOKKEEPERS AND ACCOUNTANTS (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	31,068	26,204	863	14,804	6,597	3,940	4,864	84.3	2.8	47.7	21.2	12.7	15.7
Single[2]	29,017	24,774	488	14,542	6,382	3,361	4,243	85.4	1.7	50.1	22.0	11.6	14.6
Married	1,041	734	86	134	71	443	307	70.5	8.3	12.9	6.8	42.5	29.5
Widowed and divorced	1,010	696	289	128	143	136	314	68.9	28.6	12.7	14.2	13.5	31.1
CLERKS AND COPYISTS.													
All classes	39,487	32,410	1,895	16,915	8,276	5,324	7,077	82.1	4.8	42.8	21.0	13.5	17.9
Single[2]	35,348	29,509	742	16,566	7,939	4,202	5,839	83.5	2.1	46.9	22.5	12.1	16.5
Married	1,740	1,276	206	155	109	806	464	73.3	11.8	8.9	6.3	46.3	26.7
Widowed and divorced	2,399	1,625	947	194	228	266	774	67.7	39.5	8.1	9.5	10.7	32.3
COTTON MILL OPERATIVES (9 CITIES ONLY[5]).													
All classes	19,223	15,315	1,242	6,652	2,828	4,543	3,908	79.7	6.7	34.6	14.7	23.6	20.3
Single[2]	13,752	10,906	415	6,349	2,580	1,652	2,756	80.0	3.0	46.2	18.8	12.0	20.0
Married	4,222	3,417	265	231	168	2,753	805	80.9	6.3	5.5	4.0	65.2	19.1
Widowed and divorced	1,249	992	612	72	80	138	347	72.2	49.0	5.8	6.4	11.0	27.8
DRESSMAKERS.													
All classes	111,969	92,637	20,273	33,417	16,606	22,338	19,332	82.7	18.1	29.8	14.8	20.0	17.3
Single[2]	82,112	67,348	6,755	31,890	15,308	13,395	14,764	82.0	8.2	38.8	18.6	16.3	18.0
Married	12,101	10,496	2,075	766	441	7,214	1,605	86.7	17.1	6.3	3.6	59.6	13.3
Widowed and divorced	17,756	14,793	11,443	761	860	1,729	2,963	83.3	64.4	4.3	4.8	9.7	16.7
HOUSEKEEPERS AND STEWARDESSES													
All classes	23,518	8,115	2,566	419	226	4,904	15,403	34.5	10.9	1.8	1.0	20.9	65.5
Single[2]	13,144	4,409	639	322	109	3,279	8,735	33.5	4.9	2.4	1.3	24.9	66.5
Married	2,999	1,015	326	40	23	627	1,984	33.8	10.9	1.3	0.7	20.9	66.2
Widowed and divorced	7,375	2,691	1,601	57	35	998	4,684	36.5	21.7	0.8	0.5	13.5	63.5
LAUNDRESSES													
All classes	80,342	66,386	30,893	8,110	6,079	21,314	13,956	82.6	38.4	10.1	7.6	26.5	17.4
Single[2]	27,270	18,499	3,718	6,809	4,604	3,368	8,771	67.8	13.6	25.0	16.9	12.4	32.2
Married	23,066	21,130	4,212	763	657	15,468	1,936	91.6	18.3	3.3	2.8	67.2	8.4
Widowed and divorced	30,006	26,757	22,963	538	818	2,448	3,249	89.2	76.5	1.8	2.7	8.2	10.8
MERCHANTS AND DEALERS (19 CITIES ONLY[6]).													
All classes	14,536	13,709	8,264	1,212	644	3,589	827	95.6	57.6	8.5	4.9	24.7	4.4
Single[2]	3,652	3,251	1,126	1,008	558	559	401	89.0	30.8	27.6	15.3	15.3	11.0
Married	3,838	3,750	808	129	41	2,772	88	97.7	21.1	3.4	1.1	72.2	2.3
Widowed and divorced	6,846	6,708	6,330	75	95	208	138	98.0	92.5	1.1	1.4	3.0	2.0

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 56.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Paterson, N. J.; and Rochester, N. Y.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except New Orleans, La.
[5] Includes the cities of Atlanta, Ga.; Baltimore, Md.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Lowell, Mass.; Newark, N. J.; New Orleans, La.; Philadelphia, Pa. and Providence, R. I.
[6] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga., Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Kansas City, Mo.; Lowell, Mass.; Minneapolis, Minn.; Rochester N. Y.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 26.—DISTRIBUTION, BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES[1]—continued.

MARITAL CONDITION.	Number.							Per cent.					
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—				Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—			
				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
MILLINERS.													
All classes	23,453	20,127	1,604	10,784	4,227	3,512	3,326	85.8	6.8	46.0	18.0	15.0	14.2
Single[2]	20,453	17,753	704	10,522	4,022	2,505	2,700	86.8	3.4	51.4	19.7	12.2	13.2
Married	1,458	1,205	153	130	82	841	252	82.7	10.5	8.9	5.6	57.7	17.3
Widowed and divorced	1,542	1,168	747	132	123	166	374	75.7	48.4	8.6	8.0	10.8	24.3
MUSICIANS AND TEACHERS OF MUSIC (23 CITIES ONLY[3]).													
All classes	12,691	10,360	1,303	4,955	2,070	2,032	2,331	81.6	10.3	39.0	16.3	16.0	18.4
Single[2]	10,073	8,278	532	4,688	1,905	1,153	1,795	82.2	5.3	46.5	18.9	11.4	17.8
Married	1,371	1,108	143	141	57	767	263	80.8	10.4	10.3	4.2	55.9	19.2
Widowed and divorced	1,247	974	628	126	108	112	273	78.1	50.4	10.1	8.7	9.0	21.9
NURSES AND MIDWIVES.													
All classes	34,724	13,453	5,057	2,163	1,348	4,385	21,271	38.7	14.6	6.2	3.9	14.1	61.3
Single[2]	22,822	5,583	963	1,894	1,122	1,604	17,239	24.5	4.2	8.3	4.9	7.0	75.5
Married	3,550	2,525	475	99	64	1,887	1,025	71.1	13.4	2.8	1.8	53.2	28.9
Widowed and divorced	8,352	5,345	3,619	170	162	1,394	3,007	64.0	43.3	2.0	1.9	16.7	36.0
SALESWOMEN.													
All classes	65,186	55,466	1,861	30,742	13,389	8,974	9,720	85.1	2.9	47.2	21.3	13.8	14.9
Single[2]	60,062	51,693	785	30,096	13,380	7,432	8,369	86.1	1.3	50.1	22.3	12.4	13.9
Married	2,486	1,899	228	304	173	1,194	587	76.4	9.2	12.2	7.0	48.0	23.6
Widowed and divorced	2,638	1,874	848	342	836	348	764	71.0	32.1	13.0	12.7	13.2	29.0
SEAMSTRESSES (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	56,495	45,702	7,942	19,685	9,001	9,074	10,793	80.9	14.1	34.8	15.9	16.1	19.1
Single[2]	43,764	35,412	2,010	19,010	8,302	6,090	8,352	80.9	4.6	43.4	19.0	13.9	19.1
Married	4,250	3,491	853	299	235	2,104	759	82.1	20.1	7.0	5.5	49.5	17.9
Widowed and divorced	8,481	6,799	5,079	376	464	880	1,682	80.2	59.9	4.4	5.5	10.4	19.8
SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.													
All classes	327,573	67,046	16,177	18,808	9,772	22,289	260,527	20.5	4.9	5.7	3.0	6.8	79.5
Single[2]	263,055	40,943	4,286	17,488	8,295	10,874	222,112	15.6	1.6	6.6	3.2	4.1	84.4
Married	28,124	12,189	2,252	767	737	8,433	15,935	43.3	8.0	2.7	2.6	30.0	56.7
Widowed and divorced	36,394	13,914	9,639	553	740	2,982	22,480	38.2	26.5	1.5	2.0	8.2	61.8
STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	40,580	32,168	923	17,818	8,469	4,958	8,412	79.3	2.3	43.9	20.9	12.2	20.7
Single[2]	38,666	30,965	649	17,542	8,271	4,503	7,701	80.1	1.7	45.4	21.4	11.6	19.9
Married	883	570	49	124	65	332	313	64.6	5.5	14.0	7.4	37.6	35.4
Widowed and divorced	1,031	633	225	152	133	123	398	61.4	21.8	14.7	12.9	11.9	38.6
TAILORESSES (21 CITIES ONLY[5]).													
All classes	37,862	33,677	3,793	17,171	5,959	6,754	4,185	88.9	10.0	45.4	15.7	17.8	11.1
Single[2]	30,332	26,911	972	16,674	5,899	3,666	3,421	88.7	3.2	55.0	18.5	12.1	11.3
Married	3,854	3,544	402	271	121	2,660	310	92.0	12.0	7.0	3.1	69.8	8.0
Widowed and divorced	3,676	3,222	2,359	226	239	398	454	87.6	64.2	6.1	6.5	10.8	12.4
TEACHERS AND PROFESSORS IN COLLEGES, ETC.													
All classes	52,876	38,203	3,495	17,650	9,604	7,454	14,673	72.3	6.6	33.4	18.2	14.1	27.7
Single[2]	40,210	35,412	2,409	17,329	9,306	6,314	13,798	72.0	4.9	35.2	19.0	12.8	28.0
Married	1,468	1,199	132	147	82	837	269	81.7	9.0	10.0	5.7	57.0	18.3
Widowed and divorced	2,198	1,592	960	174	155	303	606	72.4	43.7	7.9	7.1	13.8	27.6

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 56.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Lowell, Mass.; and Paterson, N. J.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.
[5] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Lowell, Mass.; Paterson, N. J.; Providence, R. I.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 26.—DISTRIBUTION, BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

MARITAL CONDITION.	Aggregate.	Number.						Per cent.					
		Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—				Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—			
				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER HAVING BOTH PARENTS NATIVE IN 27 SELECTED CITIES.[1]													
ALL OCCUPATIONS.													
All classes	279,013	184,676	31,975	76,889	36,227	39,605	94,337	66.2	11.5	27.6	13.0	14.2	33.8
Single[2]	216,275	141,907	9,187	73,853	33,576	25,291	74,368	65.6	4.2	34.1	15.5	11.7	34.4
Married	24,405	16,997	3,895	1,535	971	10,596	7,408	69.6	16.0	6.3	4.0	43.4	30.4
Widowed and divorced	38,333	25,772	18,893	1,481	1,680	3,718	12,561	67.2	49.3	3.9	4.4	9.7	32.8
BOARDING AND LODGING HOUSE KEEPERS (23 CITIES ONLY[3]).													
All classes	6,113	5,996	5,195	40	46	715	117	98.1	85.0	0.7	0.8	11.7	1.9
Single[2]	1,105	1,059	983	19	18	39	46	95.8	89.0	1.7	1.6	3.5	4.2
Married	1,368	1,342	674	14	6	648	26	98.1	49.3	1.0	0.4	47.4	1.9
Widowed and divorced	3,640	3,595	3,538	7	22	28	45	98.8	97.2	0.2	0.6	0.8	1.2
BOOKKEEPERS AND ACCOUNTANTS (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	11,668	8,849	434	4,682	2,228	1,505	2,819	75.8	3.7	40.1	19.1	12.9	24.2
Single[2]	10,585	8,157	233	4,553	2,131	1,240	2,428	77.1	2.2	43.0	20.1	11.7	22.9
Married	523	332	42	64	32	194	191	63.5	8.0	12.2	6.1	37.1	36.5
Widowed and divorced	560	360	159	65	65	71	200	64.3	28.4	11.6	11.6	12.7	35.7
CLERKS AND COPYISTS.													
All classes	16,433	12,218	1,057	5,812	3,064	2,285	4,215	74.4	6.4	35.4	18.6	13.9	25.6
Single[2]	14,088	10,721	392	5,650	2,894	1,785	3,367	76.1	2.8	40.1	20.5	12.7	23.9
Married	990	587	116	63	60	348	303	66.0	13.0	7.1	6.7	39.1	34.0
Widowed and divorced	1,455	910	549	99	110	152	545	62.5	37.7	6.8	7.6	10.4	37.5
COTTON MILL OPERATIVES (9 CITIES ONLY[5]).													
All classes	2,793	2,166	142	1,122	474	428	627	77.6	5.1	40.2	17.0	15.3	22.4
Single[2]	2,262	1,816	48	1,081	432	255	446	80.3	2.1	47.8	19.1	11.3	19.7
Married	322	220	20	28	21	151	102	68.3	6.2	8.7	6.5	46.9	31.7
Widowed and divorced	209	130	74	13	21	22	79	62.2	35.4	6.2	10.0	10.5	37.8
DRESSMAKERS.													
All classes	28,482	21,288	6,333	6,005	3,170	5,780	7,194	74.7	22.2	21.1	11.1	20.3	25.3
Single[2]	18,056	13,015	1,703	5,542	2,743	3,027	5,041	72.1	9.4	30.7	15.2	16.8	27.9
Married	3,824	3,157	722	237	131	2,067	667	82.6	18.9	6.2	3.4	54.1	17.4
Widowed and divorced	6,602	5,116	3,908	226	296	688	1,486	77.5	59.2	3.4	4.5	10.4	22.5
HOUSEKEEPERS AND STEWARDESSES.													
All classes	6,567	2,017	711	85	61	1,160	4,550	30.7	10.8	1.3	0.9	17.7	69.3
Single[2]	3,280	1,001	206	57	38	700	2,279	30.5	6.3	1.7	1.2	21.3	69.5
Married	994	310	104	11	6	189	684	34.7	11.6	1.2	0.7	21.1	65.3
Widowed and divorced	2,393	706	401	17	17	271	1,587	29.5	16.8	0.7	0.7	11.3	70.5
LAUNDRESSES.													
All classes	5,809	4,528	1,743	1,132	639	1,014	1,281	77.9	30.0	19.5	11.0	17.5	22.1
Single[2]	2,984	2,110	176	1,044	530	360	874	70.7	5.9	35.0	17.8	12.1	29.3
Married	1,083	905	286	45	43	531	178	83.6	26.4	4.2	4.0	49.0	16.4
Widowed and divorced	1,742	1,513	1,281	43	66	123	229	86.9	73.5	2.5	3.8	7.1	13.1
MERCHANTS AND DEALERS (19 CITIES ONLY[6]).													
All classes	2,188	1,952	957	258	186	581	236	89.2	43.7	11.8	7.1	26.6	10.8
Single[2]	797	641	179	220	130	112	156	80.4	22.5	27.6	16.3	14.1	19.6
Married	602	567	108	28	8	423	35	94.2	17.9	4.7	1.3	70.3	5.8
Widowed and divorced	789	744	670	10	18	46	45	94.3	84.9	1.3	2.3	5.8	5.7

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 56.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Paterson, N. J.; and Rochester, N. Y.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except New Orleans, La.
[5] Includes the cities of Atlanta, Ga.; Baltimore, Md.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Lowell, Mass.; Newark, N. J.; New Orleans, La.; Philadelphia, Pa.; and Providence, R. I.
[6] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Kansas City, Mo.; Lowell, Mass.; Minneapolis, Minn.; Rochester, N. Y.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 26.—DISTRIBUTION, BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

NATIVE WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER HAVING BOTH PARENTS NATIVE IN 27 SELECTED CITIES[1]—cont'd.

MARITAL CONDITION.	Number.							Per cent.					
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—				Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—			
				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
MILLINERS.													
All classes	7,464	5,822	502	3,058	1,138	1,124	1,642	78.0	6.7	41.0	15.2	15.1	22.0
Single[2]	6,301	5,021	216	2,953	1,061	791	1,280	79.7	3.4	46.9	16.8	12.6	20.3
Married	534	392	48	50	28	266	142	73.4	9.0	9.4	5.2	49.8	26.6
Widowed and divorced	629	409	238	55	49	67	220	65.0	37.8	8.7	7.8	10.7	35.0
MUSICIANS AND TEACHERS OF MUSIC (23 CITIES ONLY[3]).													
All classes	5,905	4,583	592	2,165	854	972	1,322	77.6	10.0	36.6	14.5	16.5	22.4
Single[2]	4,601	3,604	245	2,024	778	557	997	78.3	5.3	44.0	16.9	12.1	21.7
Married	680	521	67	73	19	362	165	75.9	9.8	10.6	2.8	52.8	24.1
Widowed and divorced	618	458	280	68	57	53	160	74.1	45.3	11.0	9.2	8.6	25.9
NURSES AND MIDWIVES.													
All classes	11,023	3,295	1,264	526	314	1,191	7,728	29.9	11.5	4.8	2.8	10.8	70.1
Single[2]	7,855	1,490	314	455	242	479	6,365	19.0	4.0	5.8	3.1	6.1	81.0
Married	730	431	121	19	19	272	299	59.0	16.6	2.6	2.6	37.3	41.0
Widowed and divorced	2,438	1,374	829	52	53	440	1,064	56.4	34.0	2.1	2.2	18.0	43.6
SALESWOMEN.													
All classes	19,390	14,750	618	7,871	3,563	2,698	4,640	76.0	3.2	40.6	18.4	13.9	24.0
Single[2]	17,372	13,495	258	7,064	3,375	2,198	3,877	77.7	1.5	44.1	19.4	12.7	22.3
Married	919	601	82	94	65	360	318	65.4	8.9	10.2	7.1	39.2	34.6
Widowed and divorced	1,105	654	278	113	123	140	451	59.2	25.2	10.2	11.1	12.7	40.8
SEAMSTRESSES (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	13,366	9,717	2,317	3,389	1,783	2,228	3,649	72.7	17.3	25.4	13.3	16.7	27.3
Single[2]	9,282	6,674	522	3,193	1,576	1,383	2,608	71.9	5.6	34.4	17.0	14.9	28.1
Married	1,238	933	271	83	67	512	305	75.4	21.9	6.7	5.4	41.4	24.6
Widowed and divorced	2,846	2,110	1,524	113	140	333	736	74.1	53.5	4.0	4.9	11.7	25.9
SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.													
All classes	36,108	6,279	1,431	2,297	883	1,768	29,829	17.4	3.7	6.4	2.4	4.9	82.6
Single[2]	28,662	4,285	375	2,156	741	1,013	24,377	15.0	1.3	7.5	2.6	3.5	85.0
Married	3,047	930	205	99	65	471	2,217	27.2	6.7	2.9	2.1	15.5	72.8
Widowed and divorced	4,399	1,064	751	52	77	284	3,235	20.5	17.1	1.2	1.8	6.5	73.5
STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	17,816	12,442	529	6,201	3,338	2,374	5,374	69.8	3.0	34.8	18.7	13.3	30.2
Single[2]	16,612	11,731	356	6,054	3,226	2,095	4,881	70.6	2.1	36.4	19.4	12.6	29.4
Married	535	333	33	61	38	201	202	62.2	6.2	11.4	7.1	37.6	37.8
Widowed and divorced	669	378	140	86	74	78	291	56.5	20.9	12.9	11.1	11.7	43.5
TAILORESSES (21 CITIES ONLY[5]).													
All classes	3,908	3,175	556	1,306	592	721	733	81.2	14.2	33.1	15.1	18.4	18.8
Single[2]	2,580	2,338	144	1,255	531	408	551	80.9	5.0	43.4	18.4	14.1	19.1
Married	395	334	65	27	20	222	61	84.6	16.5	6.8	5.1	56.2	15.4
Widowed and divorced	624	503	347	24	41	91	121	80.6	55.6	3.8	6.6	14.6	19.4
TEACHERS AND PROFESSORS IN COLLEGES, ETC.													
All classes	22,902	16,618	1,583	7,505	4,060	3,470	6,284	72.6	6.9	32.8	17.7	15.2	27.4
Single[2]	21,102	15,325	1,068	7,366	3,952	2,939	5,777	72.6	5.1	34.9	18.7	13.9	27.4
Married	667	515	51	53	33	368	152	77.2	7.6	9.4	4.9	55.2	22.8
Widowed and divorced	1,133	778	464	76	75	163	355	68.7	41.0	6.7	6.6	14.4	31.3

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 56.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Lowell, Mass.; and Paterson, N. J.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.
[5] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Lowell, Mass.; Paterson, N. J.; Providence, R. I.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 26.—DISTRIBUTION, BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

NATIVE WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER HAVING ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN IN 27 SELECTED CITIES.[1]

MARITAL CONDITION.	Number.							Per cent.					
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—				Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—			
				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL OCCUPATIONS.													
All classes	424,552	333,793	31,496	107,954	81,966	52,377	90,759	78.6	7.4	39.6	19.3	12.3	21.4
Single[2]	370,775	291,885	10,682	163,712	77,902	39,529	78,890	78.7	2.9	44.2	21.0	10.7	21.3
Married	21,863	16,952	3,360	2,078	1,493	10,021	4,741	78.1	15.5	9.6	6.9	46.2	21.9
Widowed and divorced	32,084	24,956	17,454	2,164	2,511	2,827	7,128	77.8	54.4	6.7	7.8	8.8	22.2
BOARDING AND LODGING HOUSE KEEPERS (23 CITIES ONLY[3]).													
All classes	3,009	3,009	2,595	22	35	357	60	98.0	84.6	0.7	11.4	11.6	2.0
Single[2]	659	632	568	10	16	38	27	95.9	86.2	1.5	2.4	5.8	4.1
Married	655	642	328	5	5	304	13	98.0	50.1	0.8	0.8	46.4	2.0
Widowed and divorced	1,755	1,735	1,699	7	14	15	20	98.9	96.8	0.4	0.8	0.9	1.1
BOOKKEEPERS AND ACCOUNTANTS (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	15,601	14,237	310	8,354	3,730	1,843	1,364	91.3	2.0	53.5	23.9	11.8	8.7
Single[2]	14,989	13,761	206	8,244	3,642	1,669	1,228	91.8	1.4	55.0	24.3	11.1	8.2
Married	305	243	24	56	26	137	62	79.7	7.9	18.4	8.5	44.9	20.3
Widowed and divorced	307	233	80	54	62	37	74	75.9	26.1	17.6	20.2	12.1	24.1
CLERKS AND COPYISTS.													
All classes	18,282	16,414	534	9,154	4,525	2,201	1,868	89.8	2.9	50.1	24.8	12.0	10.2
Single[2]	17,189	15,556	248	8,995	4,386	1,927	1,633	90.5	1.4	52.3	25.5	11.2	9.5
Married	480	388	61	72	42	213	92	80.8	12.7	15.0	8.8	44.4	19.2
Widowed and divorced	613	470	225	87	97	61	143	76.7	36.7	14.2	15.8	10.0	23.3
COTTON MILL OPERATIVES (9 CITIES ONLY[5]).													
All classes	4,909	4,292	227	2,156	1,054	855	617	87.4	4.6	43.9	21.5	17.4	12.6
Single[2]	4,084	3,573	106	2,072	972	423	461	88.6	2.6	51.4	24.1	10.5	11.4
Married	657	550	35	62	54	399	107	83.7	5.3	9.4	8.2	60.7	16.3
Widowed and divorced	218	169	86	22	28	33	49	77.5	39.4	10.1	12.8	15.1	22.5
DRESSMAKERS.													
All classes	46,926	42,034	5,726	19,113	9,847	7,348	4,892	89.6	12.2	40.7	21.0	15.7	10.4
Single[2]	39,760	35,721	2,379	18,505	9,306	5,531	4,048	89.8	6.0	46.5	23.4	13.9	10.2
Married	2,620	2,324	901	259	159	1,005	296	88.7	19.1	9.9	6.1	53.6	11.3
Widowed and divorced	4,537	3,989	2,846	349	382	412	548	87.9	62.7	7.7	8.4	9.1	12.1
HOUSEKEEPERS AND STEWARDESSES													
All classes	6,211	2,610	602	171	73	1,764	3,601	42.0	9.7	2.8	1.2	28.4	58.0
Single[2]	4,063	1,782	185	137	59	1,401	2,281	43.9	4.6	3.4	1.5	34.5	56.1
Married	679	231	77	13	6	135	448	34.0	11.3	1.9	0.9	19.9	66.0
Widowed and divorced	1,469	597	340	21	8	228	872	40.6	23.1	1.4	0.5	15.5	59.4
LAUNDRESSES.													
All classes	12,373	10,346	3,162	3,358	2,003	1,823	2,027	83.6	25.6	27.1	16.2	14.7	16.4
Single[2]	7,662	6,166	362	3,147	1,747	910	1,496	80.5	4.7	41.1	22.8	11.9	19.5
Married	1,582	1,367	440	103	90	728	215	86.4	28.2	6.5	5.7	46.0	13.6
Widowed and divorced	3,129	2,813	2,354	108	166	185	316	89.9	75.2	3.5	5.3	5.9	10.1
MERCHANTS AND DEALERS (19 CITIES ONLY[6]).													
All classes	4,021	3,872	1,932	577	401	942	149	96.3	48.5	14.3	10.0	23.4	3.7
Single[2]	1,537	1,432	371	503	337	241	105	93.3	23.8	32.3	21.6	15.5	6.7
Married	910	892	175	45	21	651	18	98.0	19.2	4.9	2.3	71.5	2.0
Widowed and divorced	1,554	1,528	1,486	29	43	50	26	98.3	90.5	1.9	2.8	3.2	1.7

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 50.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Paterson, N. J.; and Rochester, N. Y.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except New Orleans, La.
[5] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except New Orleans, La.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Lowell, Mass.; Newark, N. J.; New Orleans, La.; Philadelphia, Pa. and Providence, R. I.
[6] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Kansas City, Mo.; Lowell, Mass.; Minneapolis, Minn.; Rochester N. Y.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 26.—DISTRIBUTION, BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

NATIVE WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER HAVING ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN IN 27 SELECTED CITIES[5]—continued.

MARITAL CONDITION.	Number.							Per cent.					
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—				Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—			
				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
MILLINERS.													
All classes	11,396	10,417	600	5,843	2,491	1,483	979	91.4	5.3	51.3	21.9	13.0	8.6
Single[2]	10,447	9,600	309	5,735	2,388	1,168	847	91.9	3.0	54.9	22.9	11.2	8.1
Married	457	406	46	54	40	266	51	88.8	10.1	11.8	8.8	58.2	11.2
Widowed and divorced	492	411	245	54	63	49	81	83.5	49.8	11.0	12.8	10.0	16.5
MUSICIANS AND TEACHERS OF MUSIC (23 CITIES ONLY[3]).													
All classes	4,780	4,239	353	2,265	981	640	541	88.7	7.4	47.4	20.5	13.4	11.3
Single[2]	4,164	3,706	170	2,183	918	435	458	89.0	4.1	52.4	22.0	10.4	11.0
Married	321	286	89	46	25	176	35	89.1	12.1	14.3	77.9	54.8	10.9
Widowed and divorced	295	247	144	36	38	29	48	83.7	48.8	12.2	12.9	9.8	16.3
NURSES AND MIDWIVES.													
All classes	7,676	3,225	1,609	813	482	910	4,451	42.0	13.1	10.7	6.3	11.9	58.0
Single[2]	5,365	1,778	220	730	396	432	3,727	32.3	4.0	13.3	7.2	7.8	67.7
Married	591	387	90	25	23	249	204	65.5	15.2	4.2	3.9	42.1	34.5
Widowed and divorced	1,580	1,060	699	63	63	235	520	67.1	44.2	4.0	4.0	14.9	32.9
SALESWOMEN.													
All classes	35,093	31,802	739	17,879	8,806	4,378	3,291	90.6	2.1	50.9	25.1	12.5	9.4
Single[2]	33,249	30,318	357	17,558	8,539	3,864	2,931	91.2	1.1	52.8	25.7	11.6	8.8
Married	839	673	85	138	87	363	166	80.2	10.1	16.4	10.4	43.3	19.8
Widowed and divorced	1,005	811	297	183	180	151	194	80.7	29.6	18.2	17.9	15.0	19.3
SEAMSTRESSES (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	22,147	19,237	2,311	9,044	4,955	2,924	2 910	86.9	10.4	40.8	22.4	13.2	13.1
Single[2]	18,921	16,496	746	8,767	4,638	2,335	2,425	87.1	3.9	46.3	24.5	12.3	12.9
Married	994	838	238	113	108	379	156	84.3	23.9	11.4	10.9	38.1	15.7
Widowed and divorced	2,232	1,903	1,327	164	212	210	319	85.7	59.5	7.3	9.5	9.4	14.3
SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.													
All classes	62,017	15,683	1,816	7,584	3,091	3,192	46,334	25.3	2.9	12.2	5.0	5.1	74.7
Single[2]	54,678	13,010	546	7,310	2,790	2,364	41,662	23.8	1.0	13.4	5.1	4.3	76.2
Married	2,886	1,047	236	144	129	538	1,839	36.3	8.2	5.0	4.5	18.6	63.7
Widowed and divorced	4,453	1,626	1,034	130	166	290	2,833	36.4	23.2	2.9	3.7	6.5	63.6
STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	18,947	16,717	280	9,897	4,476	2,085	2,230	88.2	1.5	52.2	23.6	10.8	11.8
Single[2]	18,435	16,367	218	9,797	4,406	1,946	2,068	88.8	1.2	53.1	23.9	10.6	11.2
Married	242	159	10	48	21	80	83	65.7	4.1	19.8	8.7	33.1	34.3
Widowed and divorced	270	191	61	52	49	29	79	70.7	22.6	19.3	18.1	10.7	29.3
TAILORESSES (21 CITIES ONLY[5]).													
All classes	14,335	13,466	1,106	7,330	3,405	1,625	869	93.9	7.7	51.1	23.8	11.3	6.1
Single[2]	12,583	11,865	415	7,110	3,214	1,126	718	94.3	3.3	56.5	25.5	8.9	5.7
Married	740	680	102	102	60	416	60	91.9	13.8	13.8	8.1	56.2	8.1
Widowed and divorced	1,012	921	589	118	131	83	91	91.0	58.2	11.7	12.9	8.2	9.0
TEACHERS AND PROFESSORS IN COLLEGES, ETC.													
All classes	22,365	17,485	1,197	8,010	4,688	2,990	5,080	77.5	5.3	38.2	20.8	13.3	22.5
Single[2]	21,000	16,690	926	8,487	4,598	2,679	4,910	77.3	4.3	39.3	21.3	12.4	22.7
Married	405	351	34	36	37	224	54	86.7	8.4	13.8	9.1	55.3	13.3
Widowed and divorced	960	444	237	67	53	87	116	79.3	42.3	12.0	9.5	15.5	20.7

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 36.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Lowell, Mass.; and Paterson, N. J.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.
[5] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Lowell, Mass.; Paterson, N. J.; Providence, R. I.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 26.—DISTRIBUTION, BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

MARITAL CONDITION.	Aggregate.	Number.						Per cent.					
		Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—				Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—			
				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
FOREIGN BORN WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES.[1]													
ALL OCCUPATIONS.													
All classes	393,082	200,083	58,780	69,177	22,395	54,731	193,599	50.8	13.7	17.6	5.7	13.9	49.2
Single[2]	292,671	124,513	10,796	66,617	20,803	26,297	168,158	42.5	3.7	22.8	7.1	9.0	57.5
Married	41,569	32,324	6,188	1,537	653	23,946	9,245	77.8	14.9	3.7	1.6	57.6	22.2
Widowed and divorced	59,442	43,246	36,796	1,023	939	4,488	16,196	72.8	61.9	1.7	1.6	7.6	27.2
BOARDING AND LODGING HOUSE KEEPERS (23 CITIES ONLY[3]).													
All classes	4,986	4,885	4,263	27	21	574	101	98.0	85.5	0.5	0.4	11.5	2.0
Single[2]	853	816	768	10	6	32	47	54.6	89.0	1.2	1.7	3.7	5.4
Married	1,089	1,069	529	13	5	523	20	98.2	48.6	1.1	0.5	48.0	1.8
Widowed and divorced	3,044	3,000	2,966	6	10	19	34	98.9	97.8	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.1
BOOKKEEPERS AND ACCOUNTANTS (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	3,718	3,049	109	1,737	625	578	669	82.0	2.9	46.7	16.8	15.5	18.0
Single[2]	3,381	2,801	48	1,716	596	441	580	82.8	1.4	50.8	17.6	13.0	17.2
Married	206	154	18	14	13	109	52	74.8	8.7	6.8	6.3	52.9	25.2
Widowed and divorced	131	94	43	7	16	28	37	71.8	32.8	5.3	12.2	21.4	28.2
CLERKS AND COPYISTS.													
All classes	4,522	3,608	374	1,896	651	787	914	79.8	8.1	41.9	14.4	17.4	20.2
Single[2]	3,894	3,114	93	1,870	628	523	780	80.0	2.4	48.0	16.1	13.4	20.0
Married	338	279	28	19	6	228	59	82.5	8.3	5.6	1.8	66.9	17.5
Widowed and divorced	290	215	153	7	17	36	75	74.1	52.8	2.4	5.9	13.1	25.9
COTTON MILL OPERATIVES (9 CITIES ONLY[5]).													
All classes	11,505	8,841	919	3,374	1,295	3,253	2,664	76.8	8.0	29.3	11.3	28.3	23.2
Single[2]	7,450	5,601	201	3,196	1,171	973	1,849	75.2	3.5	42.9	15.7	13.1	24.8
Married	3,241	2,645	209	141	93	2,202	596	81.6	6.4	4.4	2.9	67.9	18.4
Widowed and divorced	814	595	449	37	31	78	219	73.1	55.2	4.5	3.8	9.6	26.9
DRESSMAKERS													
All classes	31,560	25,382	7,114	7,584	3,095	7,539	6,218	80.3	22.5	24.0	9.8	23.9	19.7
Single[2]	22,138	17,052	2,438	7,269	2,866	4,479	5,086	77.0	11.0	32.8	12.9	20.2	23.0
Married	3,909	3,502	678	177	87	2,560	407	89.6	17.3	4.5	2.2	65.5	10.4
Widowed and divorced	5,503	4,778	3,998	138	142	500	725	86.8	72.7	2.5	2.6	9.1	13.2
HOUSEKEEPERS AND STEWARDESSES.													
All classes	8,982	2,797	952	112	32	1,701	6,185	31.1	10.6	1.2	0.4	18.9	68.9
Single[2]	5,029	1,383	193	88	26	1,077	3,646	27.5	3.8	1.7	0.5	21.4	72.5
Married	1,005	283	89	9	1	184	722	28.2	8.9	0.9	0.1	18.3	71.8
Widowed and divorced	2,948	1,131	671	15	5	440	1,817	38.4	22.8	0.5	0.2	14.9	61.6
LAUNDRESSES.													
All classes	21,373	15,958	10,027	1,552	780	3,599	5,415	74.7	46.9	7.3	3.6	16.8	25.3
Single[2]	8,105	4,047	1,072	1,340	635	1,000	4,118	49.6	13.1	16.4	7.8	12.2	50.4
Married	3,989	3,495	1,158	120	48	2,169	394	89.9	29.8	3.1	1.2	55.8	10.1
Widowed and divorced	9,319	8,416	7,797	92	97	430	903	90.3	83.7	1.0	1.0	4.6	9.7
MERCHANTS AND DEALERS (19 CITIES ONLY[6]).													
All classes	7,989	7,714	5,372	364	132	1,946	275	97.2	66.4	4.6	1.7	24.5	2.8
Single[2]	1,256	1,128	863	276	89	200	128	89.8	44.8	22.0	7.1	15.9	10.2
Married	2,242	2,210	512	53	9	1,636	32	98.6	22.8	2.4	0.4	73.0	1.4
Widowed and divorced	4,441	4,376	4,197	35	34	110	66	98.5	94.5	0.8	0.8	2.5	1.5

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 56.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Paterson, N. J.; and Rochester, N. Y.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except New Orleans, La.
[5] Includes the cities of Atlanta, Ga.; Baltimore, Md.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Lowell, Mass.; Newark, N. J.; New Orleans, La.; Philadelphia, Pa. and Providence, R. I.
[6] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Kansas City, Mo.; Lowell, Mass.; Minneapolis, Minn.; Rochester N. Y.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 26.—DISTRIBUTION, BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

FOREIGN BORN WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES[1]—continued.

MARITAL CONDITION.	Number.						Per cent.					
	Aggregate.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	Heads of families.	Living with— Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	Total.	Heads of families.	Living with— Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
MILLINERS.												
All classes	4,526	3,839	493	1,860	586	891	696	84.6	10.9	41.1	12.9	19.7	15.4
Single[2]	3,058	3,092	177	1,812	564	539	566	84.5	4.8	49.5	15.4	14.7	15.5
Married	453	396	57	36	11	302	57	87.4	12.6	8.7	2.4	66.7	12.6
Widowed and divorced	415	342	259	22	11	50	73	82.4	62.4	5.3	2.7	12.0	17.6
MUSICIANS AND TEACHERS OF MUSIC (23 CITIES ONLY [3]).												
All classes	1,573	1,200	310	399	177	314	373	76.3	19.7	25.4	11.3	20.0	23.7
Single[2]	1,054	774	102	375	165	132	280	73.4	9.7	35.6	15.7	12.5	26.6
Married	241	200	30	9	4	157	41	83.0	12.4	3.7	1.7	65.1	17.0
Widowed and divorced	278	226	178	15	8	25	52	81.3	64.0	5.4	2.9	9.0	18.7
NURSES AND MIDWIVES.												
All classes	12,926	4,963	2,307	394	219	2,043	7,963	38.4	17.8	3.0	1.7	15.8	61.6
Single[2]	7,696	1,310	360	319	183	448	6,386	17.0	4.7	4.1	2.4	5.8	83.0
Married	1,721	1,320	222	49	10	1,043	401	76.7	12.9	2.3	0.6	60.9	23.3
Widowed and divorced	3,509	2,333	1,725	38	26	547	1,176	66.5	49.2	1.0	0.7	15.6	33.5
SALESWOMEN.												
All classes	10,595	8,842	499	4,964	1,501	1,878	1,753	83.5	4.7	46.9	14.2	17.7	16.5
Single[2]	9,367	7,825	108	4,849	1,450	1,368	1,542	83.5	1.8	51.8	15.5	14.5	16.5
Married	712	614	60	70	20	464	98	86.2	8.4	9.8	2.8	65.2	13.8
Widowed and divorced	516	403	271	45	31	56	113	78.1	52.5	8.7	6.0	10.9	21.9
SEAMSTRESSES (26 CITIES ONLY [4]).												
All classes	17,969	14,301	2,690	6,845	1,914	2,952	3,668	79.6	14.4	38.1	10.7	16.4	20.4
Single[2]	14,248	11,244	620	6,700	1,812	2,132	2,984	79.1	4.4	47.0	12.7	15.0	20.9
Married	1,112	924	241	69	28	585	188	83.1	21.7	6.2	2.5	52.7	16.9
Widowed and divorced	2,609	2,113	1,729	76	74	234	496	81.0	66.3	2.9	2.8	9.0	19.0
SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.												
All classes	156,689	16,571	4,558	4,152	1,428	6,433	140,118	10.6	2.9	2.6	0.9	4.1	89.4
Single[2]	137,196	10,719	1,243	3,965	1,278	4,233	126,477	7.8	0.9	2.9	0.9	3.1	92.2
Married	6,723	1,982	489	99	60	1,334	4,741	29.5	7.3	1.5	0.9	19.8	70.5
Widowed and divorced	12,770	3,870	2,826	88	90	866	8,900	30.3	22.1	0.7	0.7	6.8	69.7
STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS (26 CITIES ONLY [4]).												
All classes	3,718	2,945	102	1,693	640	510	773	79.2	2.7	45.5	17.2	13.7	20.8
Single[2]	3,538	2,815	72	1,667	627	449	723	79.6	2.0	47.1	17.7	12.7	20.4
Married	93	69	6	13	4	46	24	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
Widowed and divorced	87	61	24	13	9	15	26	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
TAILORESSES (21 CITIES ONLY [6]).												
All classes	19,453	16,891	2,090	8,503	1,934	4,364	2,562	86.8	10.7	43.7	9.9	22.4	13.2
Single[2]	14,784	12,043	406	8,279	1,834	3,124	2,141	85.5	2.7	56.0	12.4	14.4	14.5
Married	2,677	2,494	290	141	39	2,024	183	93.2	10.8	5.3	1.5	75.6	6.8
Widowed and divorced	1,992	1,754	1,394	83	61	216	238	88.1	70.0	4.2	3.1	10.8	11.9
TEACHERS AND PROFESSORS IN COLLEGES, ETC.												
All classes	5,710	2,690	572	988	486	644	3,020	47.1	10.0	17.3	8.5	11.3	52.9
Single[2]	5,102	2,233	336	961	465	471	2,869	43.8	6.6	18.8	9.1	9.2	56.2
Married	227	188	33	10	7	138	39	82.8	14.5	4.4	3.1	60.8	17.2
Widowed and divorced	381	269	203	17	14	35	112	70.6	53.3	4.5	3.7	9.2	29.4

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 56.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Lowell, Mass.; and Paterson, N. J.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.
[5] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.
[6] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Lowell, Mass.; Paterson, N. J.; Providence, R. I.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 26.—DISTRIBUTION, BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

NEGRO FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES.[1]

MARITAL CONDITION.	Number.							Per cent.					
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—				Total.	Heads of families.	Living with—			
				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL OCCUPATIONS.													
All classes	134,945	80,137	20,641	9,762	9,177	31,557	54,808	59.4	22.0	7.2	6.8	23.4	40.6
Single[2]	61,014	25,051	5,247	7,877	6,959	5,868	35,063	42.5	8.6	12.9	11.4	9.6	57.5
Married	37,917	28,634	4,519	1,160	1,153	21,802	9,283	75.5	11.9	3.1	3.0	57.5	24.5
Widowed and divorced	36,014	25,552	10,875	725	1,065	3,887	10,462	71.0	55.2	2.0	3.0	10.8	29.0
BOARDING AND LODGING HOUSE KEEPERS (23 CITIES ONLY[3]).													
All classes	966	934	822	2	2	108	31	96.8	85.2	0.2	0.2	11.2	3.2
Single[2]	197	184	179	1	2	2	13	93.4	90.9	0.5	1.0	1.0	6.6
Married	255	245	144	1	.....	100	10	96.1	56.5	0.4	.....	39.2	3.9
Widowed and divorced	513	505	499	.....	.....	6	8	98.4	97.3	.....	.....	1.2	1.6
BOOKKEEPERS AND ACCOUNTANTS (25 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	81	69	10	31	14	14	12	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
Single[2]	62	55	1	29	14	11	7	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
Married	7	5	2	.....	.....	3	2	(5)	(5)	.....	.....	(5)	(5)
Widowed and divorced	12	9	7	2	.....	.....	3	(5)	(5)	(5)	.....	.....	(5)
CLERKS AND COPYISTS.													
All classes	250	170	30	53	36	51	80	68.0	12.0	21.2	14.4	20.4	32.0
Single[2]	177	118	9	51	31	27	59	66.7	5.1	28.8	17.5	15.3	33.3
Married	32	22	1	1	1	19	10	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
Widowed and divorced	41	30	20	1	4	5	11	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
COTTON MILL OPERATIVES (9 CITIES ONLY[6]).													
All classes	16	16	4	.....	5	7	.....	(5)	(5)	.....	(5)	(5)	.....
Single[2]	6	6	.....	.....	5	1	.....	(5)	.....	.....	(5)	(5)	.....
Married	2	2	1	.....	.....	1	.....	(5)	(5)	.....	.....	(5)	.....
Widowed and divorced	8	8	3	.....	.....	5	.....	(5)	(5)	.....	.....	(5)	.....
DRESSMAKERS.													
All classes	5,006	3,981	1,099	715	496	1,671	1,025	79.5	22.0	14.3	9.9	33.4	20.5
Single[2]	2,149	1,560	235	574	293	358	586	72.7	11.0	26.7	13.3	16.7	27.3
Married	1,747	1,512	174	93	63	1,182	235	86.5	10.0	5.3	3.6	67.7	13.5
Widowed and divorced	1,113	909	690	48	40	131	204	81.7	62.0	4.3	3.6	11.8	18.3
HOUSEKEEPERS AND STEWARDESSES													
All classes	1,737	691	301	51	60	279	1,066	39.3	17.1	2.9	3.4	15.9	60.7
Single[2]	772	243	56	40	46	101	529	31.5	7.3	5.2	6.0	13.1	68.5
Married	420	161	56	7	9	119	259	45.5	13.3	1.7	2.1	28.3	54.5
Widowed and divorced	565	257	189	4	5	59	308	45.5	33.5	0.7	0.9	10.4	54.5
LAUNDRESSES.													
All classes	40,781	35,551	15,049	2,068	2,657	14,977	5,230	87.2	36.1	5.1	6.5	36.5	12.8
Single[2]	8,456	6,176	2,108	1,278	1,692	1,098	2,280	73.0	24.9	15.1	20.0	13.0	27.0
Married	16,512	15,363	2,422	495	476	12,070	1,149	93.0	14.1	3.0	2.9	73.1	7.0
Widowed and divorced	15,813	14,012	11,519	295	489	1,709	1,801	88.6	72.8	1.9	3.1	10.8	11.4
MERCHANTS AND DEALERS (19 CITIES ONLY[7]).													
All classes	188	171	83	13	5	70	17	91.0	44.1	6.9	2.7	37.2	9.0
Single[2]	42	30	13	6	2	6	12	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
Married	84	81	13	3	3	62	3	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
Widowed and divorced	62	60	57	1	.....	2	2	(5)	(5)	(5)	.....	(5)	(5)

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 56.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Paterson, N. J.; and Rochester, N. Y.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except New Orleans, La.
[5] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.
[6] Includes the cities of Atlanta, Ga.; Baltimore, Md.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Lowell, Mass.; Newark, N. J.; New Orleans, La.; Philadelphia, Pa.; and Providence, R. I.
[7] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Kansas City, Mo.; Lowell, Mass.; Minneapolis, Minn.; Rochester, N. Y.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 26.—DISTRIBUTION, BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

NEGRO FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES[1]—continued.

MARITAL CONDITION.	Number.						Per cent.					
	Aggregate.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	Living with— Heads of families.	Father.	Mother.	Other relative.		Total.	Living with— Heads of families.	Father.	Mother.	Other relative.
MILLINERS.												
All classes	67	58	9	23	12	14	9	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Single[3]	47	40	2	22	9	7	7	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Married	14	12	2	.....	3	7	2	(2)	(2)	.....	(2)	(2)	(2)
Widowed and divorced	6	6	5	1	.....	.....	.....	(2)	(2)	(2)	.....	.....	.....
MUSICIANS AND TEACHERS OF MUSIC (23 CITIES ONLY[4]).												
All classes	433	338	48	126	58	106	95	78.1	11.1	29.1	13.4	24.5	21.9
Single[3]	254	194	15	106	44	29	60	76.4	5.9	41.7	17.3	11.4	23.6
Married	123	101	7	13	9	72	22	82.1	5.7	10.6	7.3	58.5	17.9
Widowed and divorced	56	43	26	7	5	5	13	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
NURSES AND MIDWIVES.												
All classes	3,097	1,969	476	425	333	735	1,128	63.6	15.4	13.7	10.8	23.7	36.4
Single[3]	1,705	1,005	69	390	201	245	700	58.9	3.9	22.1	17.1	13.9	43.1
Married	508	387	42	15	12	318	121	76.2	8.3	3.0	2.4	62.6	23.8
Widowed and divorced	824	577	365	20	20	172	247	70.0	44.3	2.4	2.4	20.9	30.0
SALESWOMEN.												
All classes	102	72	5	28	19	20	30	70.6	4.9	27.5	18.6	19.6	29.4
Single[3]	74	55	2	25	16	12	19	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Married	16	11	1	2	1	7	5	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Widowed and divorced	12	6	2	1	2	1	6	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
SEAMSTRESSES (26 CITIES ONLY[5]).												
All classes	3,012	2,446	724	407	345	970	566	81.2	24.0	13.5	11.5	32.2	18.8
Single[3]	1,313	988	122	380	276	240	325	75.2	9.3	28.7	21.0	18.3	24.8
Married	905	765	103	34	31	627	110	87.8	11.4	3.8	3.4	69.3	12.2
Widowed and divorced	794	663	499	23	38	103	131	83.5	62.8	2.9	4.8	13.0	16.5
SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.												
All classes	72,715	28,309	8,470	4,774	4,370	10,695	44,206	39.2	11.6	6.6	6.0	15.0	60.8
Single[3]	42,490	12,923	2,122	4,057	3,480	3,264	29,567	30.4	5.0	9.5	8.2	7.7	69.6
Married	15,461	8,329	1,322	435	483	6,089	7,132	53.9	8.6	2.8	3.1	39.4	46.1
Widowed and divorced	14,764	7,257	5,026	282	407	1,342	7,507	49.2	34.0	1.9	2.8	10.4	50.8
STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS (26 CITIES ONLY[5]).												
All classes	98	63	3	27	15	18	35	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Single[3]	80	51	3	24	12	12	29	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Married	13	9	.....	2	2	5	4	(2)	.....	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Widowed and divorced	5	3	.....	1	1	1	2	(2)	.....	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
TAILORESSES (21 CITIES ONLY[6]).												
All classes	164	143	40	32	27	44	21	87.2	24.4	19.5	16.5	26.8	12.8
Single[3]	76	65	7	30	20	8	11	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Married	41	35	4	1	2	28	6	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Widowed and divorced	47	43	29	1	5	8	4	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
TEACHERS AND PROFESSORS IN COLLEGES, ETC.												
All classes	1,698	1,409	143	547	369	350	289	83.0	8.4	32.2	21.7	20.6	17.0
Single[3]	1,405	1,163	73	515	350	225	242	82.8	5.2	36.7	24.9	16.0	17.2
Married	169	145	14	18	6	107	24	85.8	8.3	10.7	3.6	63.3	14.2
Widowed and divorced	124	101	56	14	13	18	23	81.5	45.2	11.3	10.5	14.5	18.5

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 56.
[2] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.
[3] Including unknown.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Lowell, Mass.; and Paterson, N. J.
[5] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.
[6] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Lowell, Mass.; Paterson, N. J.; Providence, R. I.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 27.—DISTRIBUTION, BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900.

MARITAL CONDITION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES.[1]											
	Number.							Per cent.				
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	In families having—					Total.	In families having—			
			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL OCCUPATIONS.												
All classes	1,232,268	798,711	110,661	240,963	203,371	243,716	433,557	64.8	9.0	19.6	16.5	19.8	35.2
Single[2]	940,777	584,260	48,607	153,419	166,271	215,963	356,517	62.1	5.2	16.3	17.7	23.0	37.9
Married	125,601	94,914	12,679	50,177	17,486	14,572	30,687	75.6	10.1	39.9	13.9	11.6	24.4
Widowed and divorced	165,890	119,537	49,375	37,367	19,614	13,181	46,353	72.1	29.8	22.5	11.8	7.9	27.9
BOARDING AND LODGING HOUSE KEEPERS (23 CITIES ONLY[3]).												
All classes	15,133	14,824	8,199	4,031	1,623	971	309	98.0	54.2	26.6	10.7	6.4	2.0
Single[2]	2,824	2,691	1,989	419	185	98	133	95.3	70.4	14.8	6.6	3.5	4.7
Married	3,367	3,298	1,109	1,423	487	279	69	98.0	32.9	42.3	14.5	8.3	2.0
Widowed and divorced	8,942	8,835	5,101	2,189	951	594	107	98.8	57.0	24.5	10.6	6.6	1.2
BOOKKEEPERS AND ACCOUNTANTS (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).												
All classes	31,068	26,204	1,936	7,826	7,592	8,850	4,864	84.3	6.2	25.2	24.4	28.5	15.7
Single[2]	29,017	24,774	1,601	7,239	7,333	8,601	4,243	85.4	5.5	24.9	25.3	29.6	14.6
Married	1,041	734	96	344	145	149	307	70.5	9.2	33.0	13.9	14.3	29.5
Widowed and divorced	1,010	696	239	243	114	100	314	68.9	23.7	24.1	11.3	9.9	31.1
CLERKS AND COPYISTS.												
All classes	39,487	32,410	2,724	9,585	9,420	10,681	7,077	82.1	6.9	24.3	23.9	27.0	17.9
Single[2]	35,348	29,509	1,951	8,429	8,860	10,269	5,839	83.5	5.5	23.8	25.1	29.1	16.5
Married	1,740	1,276	212	574	254	236	464	73.3	12.2	33.0	14.6	13.6	26.7
Widowed and divorced	2,399	1,625	561	582	306	176	774	67.7	23.4	24.3	12.8	7.3	32.3
COTTON MILL OPERATIVES (9 CITIES ONLY[5]).												
All classes	19,223	15,315	936	4,263	3,417	6,699	3,908	79.7	4.9	22.2	17.8	34.8	20.3
Single[2]	13,752	10,996	489	1,959	2,644	5,904	2,756	80.0	3.6	14.2	19.2	42.9	20.0
Married	4,222	3,417	174	2,039	574	630	805	80.9	4.1	48.3	13.6	14.9	19.1
Widowed and divorced	1,249	902	273	265	199	165	347	72.2	21.9	21.2	15.9	13.2	27.8
DRESSMAKERS												
All classes	111,969	92,637	14,079	28,946	22,870	26,742	19,332	82.7	12.6	25.9	20.4	23.9	17.3
Single[2]	82,112	67,348	6,716	18,597	18,340	23,695	14,764	82.0	8.2	22.6	22.3	28.9	18.0
Married	12,101	10,496	1,328	5,637	2,056	1,475	1,605	86.7	11.0	46.6	17.1	12.1	13.3
Widowed and divorced	17,756	14,793	6,035	4,712	2,464	1,572	2,963	83.3	34.0	26.5	13.9	8.9	16.7
HOUSEKEEPERS AND STEWARDESSES												
All classes	23,518	8,115	1,783	2,841	1,784	1,707	15,403	34.5	7.6	12.1	7.6	7.3	65.5
Single[2]	13,144	4,409	627	1,564	1,102	1,116	8,735	33.5	4.8	11.9	8.4	8.5	66.5
Married	2,999	1,015	227	396	193	199	1,984	33.8	7.6	13.2	6.4	6.6	66.2
Widowed and divorced	7,375	2,691	929	881	489	392	4,684	36.5	12.6	11.9	6.6	5.3	63.5
LAUNDRESSES.												
All classes	80,342	66,386	17,616	24,007	13,018	11,745	13,956	82.6	21.9	29.9	16.2	14.6	17.4
Single[2]	27,270	18,499	3,414	4,834	4,226	5,825	8,771	67.8	12.5	17.7	17.0	20.6	32.2
Married	23,066	21,130	2,643	11,074	4,020	3,393	1,936	91.6	11.5	48.0	17.4	14.7	8.4
Widowed and divorced	39,006	26,757	11,559	8,099	4,372	2,727	3,249	68.6	29.2	38.5	27.0	14.0	9.1	10.8
MERCHANTS AND DEALERS (19 CITIES ONLY[6]).												
All classes	14,336	13,709	4,375	4,913	2,436	1,985	627	95.6	30.5	34.3	17.0	13.8	4.4
Single[2]	3,652	3,251	803	914	695	749	401	89.0	24.5	25.0	19.0	20.5	11.0
Married	3,853	3,760	554	1,980	703	533	88	97.7	14.4	51.1	18.3	13.9	2.3
Widowed and divorced	6,840	6,708	2,928	2,009	1,038	703	138	98.0	42.8	29.8	15.2	10.3	2.0

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 50.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Paterson, N. J.; and Rochester, N. Y.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except New Orleans, La.
[5] Includes the cities of Atlanta, Ga.; Baltimore, Md.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Lowell, Mass.; Newark, N. J.; New Orleans, La.; Philadelphia, Pa.; and Providence, R. I.
[6] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Kansas City, Mo., Lowell, Mass.; Minneapolis, Minn.; Rochester, N. Y.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 27.—DISTRIBUTION, BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES[1]—continued.

MARITAL CONDITION.	Number.							Per cent.					
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	In families having—					Total.	In families having—				
			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.	
MILLINERS.													
All classes	23,453	20,127	1,654	5,849	5,675	6,949	3,326	85.8	7.1	24.9	24.2	29.6	14.2
Single[2]	20,453	17,753	1,105	4,813	5,253	6,582	2,700	86.8	5.4	23.5	25.7	32.2	13.2
Married	1,458	1,206	116	654	218	218	252	82.7	8.0	44.9	15.0	15.0	17.3
Widowed and divorced	1,542	1,168	433	382	204	149	374	75.7	28.1	24.8	13.2	9.7	24.3
MUSICIANS AND TEACHERS OF MUSIC (23 CITIES ONLY[3]).													
All classes	12,691	10,360	1,402	3,897	2,672	2,329	2,331	81.6	11.5	30.7	21.1	18.4	18.4
Single[2]	10,073	8,278	964	2,941	2,293	2,080	1,795	82.2	9.6	29.2	22.8	20.6	17.8
Married	1,371	1,108	113	647	203	145	263	80.8	8.2	47.2	14.8	10.6	19.2
Widowed and divorced	1,247	974	385	309	176	104	273	78.1	30.9	24.8	14.1	8.3	21.9
NURSES AND MIDWIVES.													
All classes	34,724	13,453	3,144	4,995	2,773	2,541	21,271	38.7	9.1	14.4	8.0	7.3	61.3
Single[2]	22,822	5,583	1,007	1,716	1,297	1,563	17,239	24.5	4.4	7.5	5.7	6.8	75.5
Married	3,550	2,525	280	1,323	529	393	1,025	71.1	7.9	37.3	14.9	11.1	28.9
Widowed and divorced	8,352	5,345	1,857	1,956	947	585	3,007	64.0	22.2	23.4	11.3	7.0	36.0
SALESWOMEN.													
All classes	65,186	55,466	3,319	14,838	16,361	20,948	9,720	85.1	5.1	22.8	25.1	32.1	14.9
Single[2]	60,062	51,063	2,547	13,261	15,005	20,280	8,999	85.1	4.2	22.1	25.0	33.8	13.9
Married	2,486	1,890	224	950	365	350	587	76.4	9.0	38.2	14.7	14.5	23.6
Widowed and divorced	2,638	1,874	548	627	391	308	764	71.0	20.8	23.8	14.8	11.7	29.0
SEAMSTRESSES (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	56,495	45,702	5,919	12,925	11,839	15,019	10,793	80.9	10.5	22.9	21.0	26.6	19.1
Single[2]	43,764	35,412	2,644	9,003	10,004	13,761	8,352	80.9	6.0	20.6	22.9	31.4	19.1
Married	4,250	3,491	576	1,604	689	633	759	82.1	13.6	36.9	16.2	12.5	17.9
Widowed and divorced	8,481	6,799	2,699	2,228	1,147	725	1,682	80.2	31.8	26.3	13.5	8.5	19.8
SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.													
All classes	327,573	67,046	11,800	22,548	15,282	17,416	260,527	20.5	3.6	6.9	4.7	5.3	79.5
Single[2]	263,055	40,043	4,397	11,539	10,848	13,939	222,112	15.6	1.7	4.4	4.1	5.3	84.4
Married	28,124	12,189	1,653	6,631	2,003	1,812	15,935	43.3	5.9	23.6	7.4	6.4	56.7
Widowed and divorced	36,394	13,914	5,750	4,378	2,341	1,645	22,480	38.2	15.2	12.0	6.4	4.5	61.8
STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	40,580	32,168	2,609	9,891	9,563	10,105	8,412	79.3	6.4	24.4	23.6	24.9	20.7
Single[2]	38,666	30,965	2,337	9,304	9,354	9,910	7,701	80.1	6.0	24.2	24.2	25.6	19.9
Married	883	570	53	301	103	113	313	64.6	6.0	34.1	11.7	12.8	35.4
Widowed and divorced	1,031	633	219	226	106	82	398	61.4	21.2	21.9	10.3	8.0	38.6
TAILORESSES (21 CITIES ONLY[5]).													
All classes	37,862	33,677	2,965	9,296	9,349	12,067	4,185	88.9	7.8	24.6	24.7	31.9	11.1
Single[2]	30,332	26,911	1,503	6,353	8,031	11,024	3,421	88.7	5.0	20.9	26.5	36.3	11.3
Married	3,854	3,544	309	1,897	723	615	310	92.0	8.0	49.2	18.8	16.0	8.0
Widowed and divorced	3,676	3,222	1,153	1,046	595	428	454	87.6	31.4	28.5	16.2	11.6	12.4
TEACHERS AND PROFESSORS IN COLLEGES, ETC.													
All classes	52,876	38,203	4,909	12,056	10,570	10,668	14,673	72.3	8.3	22.5	20.0	20.2	27.7
Single[2]	49,210	35,412	4,247	10,799	10,069	10,297	13,798	72.0	8.6	21.9	20.5	20.9	28.0
Married	1,468	1,199	119	682	209	189	269	81.7	8.1	46.5	14.2	12.9	18.3
Widowed and divorced	2,198	1,592	553	575	292	172	606	72.4	25.2	26.2	13.3	7.8	27.6

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 56.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Lowell, Mass.; and Paterson, N. J.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.
[5] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Lowell, Mass.; Paterson, N. J.; Providence, R. I.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 27.—DISTRIBUTION, BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES [1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

NATIVE WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER HAVING BOTH PARENTS NATIVE IN 27 SELECTED CITIES.[1]

MARITAL CONDITION.	Number.							Per cent.					
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	In families having—					Total.	In families having—				
			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.	
ALL OCCUPATIONS.													
All classes	279,013	184,676	28,322	61,567	40,358	45,429	94,337	66.2	10.2	22.1	17.7	16.3	33.8
Single [2]	216,275	141,907	14,339	44,362	42,490	46,716	74,368	65.6	6.6	20.5	19.6	18.8	34.4
Married	24,405	16,997	2,919	8,678	3,078	2,322	7,408	69.6	12.0	35.6	12.6	9.5	30.4
Widowed and divorced	38,333	25,772	11,064	8,527	3,790	2,391	12,561	67.2	28.9	22.2	9.9	6.2	32.8
BOARDING AND LODGING HOUSE KEEPERS (23 CITIES ONLY [3]).													
All classes	6,113	5,996	3,390	1,649	622	335	117	98.1	55.5	27.0	10.2	5.5	1.9
Single [2]	1,105	1,060	814	151	66	28	46	95.8	73.7	13.7	6.0	2.5	4.2
Married	1,368	1,342	451	578	207	106	26	98.1	33.0	42.3	15.1	7.7	1.9
Widowed and divorced	3,640	3,595	2,125	920	349	201	45	98.8	58.4	25.3	9.6	5.5	1.2
BOOKKEEPERS AND ACCOUNTANTS (26 CITIES ONLY [4]).													
All classes	11,668	8,849	897	3,237	2,592	2,123	2,819	75.8	7.7	27.7	22.2	18.2	24.2
Single [2]	10,585	8,157	721	2,945	2,472	2,019	2,428	77.1	6.8	27.8	23.4	19.1	22.9
Married	523	332	43	163	65	61	191	63.5	8.2	31.2	12.4	11.7	36.5
Widowed and divorced	560	360	133	129	55	43	200	64.3	23.8	23.0	9.8	7.7	35.7
CLERKS AND COPYISTS.													
All classes	16,433	12,218	1,309	4,266	3,609	2,974	4,215	74.4	8.3	26.0	22.0	18.1	25.6
Single [2]	14,088	10,721	931	3,639	3,341	2,810	3,367	76.1	6.6	25.8	23.7	19.9	23.9
Married	890	587	111	289	100	87	303	66.0	12.5	32.5	11.2	9.8	34.0
Widowed and divorced	1,455	910	327	338	168	77	545	62.5	22.5	23.2	11.5	5.3	37.5
COTTON MILL OPERATIVES (9 CITIES ONLY [5]).													
All classes	2,793	2,166	122	506	542	996	627	77.6	4.4	18.1	19.4	35.7	22.4
Single [2]	2,262	1,816	68	367	475	906	446	80.3	3.0	16.2	21.0	40.1	19.7
Married	322	220	16	104	39	61	102	68.3	5.0	32.3	12.1	18.9	31.7
Widowed and divorced	209	130	38	35	28	29	79	62.2	18.2	16.7	13.4	13.9	37.8
DRESSMAKERS.													
All classes	28,482	21,288	4,298	7,480	5,648	4,462	7,194	74.7	15.1	26.3	17.7	15.7	25.3
Single [2]	18,056	13,015	1,709	4,135	3,599	3,572	5,041	72.1	9.5	22.9	19.9	19.8	27.9
Married	3,824	3,167	452	1,637	659	409	657	82.8	11.8	42.8	17.2	10.7	17.4
Widowed and divorced	6,602	5,116	2,137	1,708	790	481	1,486	77.5	32.4	25.9	12.0	7.3	225.
HOUSEKEEPERS AND STEWARDESSES.													
All classes	6,567	2,017	576	733	374	334	4,550	30.7	8.8	11.2	5.7	5.1	69.3
Single [2]	3,288	1,001	211	380	227	183	2,279	30.5	6.4	11.6	6.9	5.6	69.5
Married	894	310	79	166	45	20	584	34.7	8.8	11.9	5.0	8.9	65.3
Widowed and divorced	2,393	706	286	247	102	71	1,687	29.5	12.0	10.3	4.3	3.0	70.5
LAUNDRESSES.													
All classes	5,809	4,528	1,113	1,485	998	932	1,281	77.9	19.2	25.6	17.2	16.0	22.1
Single [2]	2,984	2,110	221	583	617	689	874	70.7	7.4	19.5	20.7	23.1	29.3
Married	1,083	905	192	443	146	124	178	83.6	17.7	40.9	13.5	11.4	16.4
Widowed and divorced	1,742	1,513	700	459	235	119	229	86.9	40.2	26.3	13.5	6.8	13.1
MERCHANTS AND DEALERS (19 CITIES ONLY [6]).													
All classes	2,188	1,952	641	719	352	240	236	89.2	29.3	32.9	16.1	11.0	10.8
Single [2]	797	641	109	188	149	135	156	80.4	21.2	23.6	18.7	16.9	19.6
Married	602	567	105	281	112	69	35	94.2	17.4	46.3	18.6	9.8	5.8
Widowed and divorced	789	744	367	246	91	46	45	94.3	46.5	30.4	11.5	5.8	5.7

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 66.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Paterson, N. J.; and Rochester, N. Y.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except New Orleans, La.
[5] Includes the cities of Atlanta, Ga.; Baltimore, Md.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Lowell, Mass.; Newark, N. J.; New Orleans, La.; Philadelphia, Pa. and Providence, R. I.
[6] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Kansas City, Mo.; Lowell, Mass.; Minneapolis, Minn.; Rochester, N. Y.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 27.—DISTRIBUTION, BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

NATIVE WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER HAVING BOTH PARENTS NATIVE IN 27 SELECTED CITIES[1]—cont'd.

MARITAL CONDITION.	Number.							Per cent.					
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	In families having—					Total.	In families having—				
			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.	
MILLINERS.													
All classes	7,464	5,822	565	1,990	1,701	1,566	1,642	78.0	7.6	26.7	22.8	21.0	22.0
Single[2]	6,301	5,021	361	1,626	1,581	1,453	1,280	79.7	5.7	25.8	25.1	23.1	20.3
Married	534	392	37	215	72	68	142	73.4	6.9	40.3	13.5	12.7	26.6
Widowed and divorced	629	409	167	149	48	45	220	65.0	26.6	23.7	7.6	7.2	35.0
MUSICIANS AND TEACHERS OF MUSIC (23 CITIES ONLY[3]).													
All classes	5,905	4,583	739	1,914	1,182	748	1,322	77.6	12.5	32.4	20.0	12.7	22.4
Single[2]	4,601	3,604	481	1,466	1,009	648	997	78.3	10.5	31.9	21.9	14.1	21.7
Married	686	521	61	302	95	63	165	75.9	8.9	44.0	13.8	9.2	24.1
Widowed and divorced	618	458	197	146	78	37	160	74.1	31.9	23.6	12.6	6.0	25.9
NURSES AND MIDWIVES.													
All classes	11,023	3,295	837	1,305	649	504	7,728	29.9	7.6	11.8	5.9	4.6	70.1
Single[2]	7,855	1,490	342	505	329	314	6,365	19.0	4.4	6.4	4.2	4.0	81.0
Married	730	431	69	227	81	54	299	59.0	9.5	31.1	11.1	7.4	41.0
Widowed and divorced	2,438	1,374	426	573	239	136	1,064	56.4	17.5	23.6	9.8	5.6	43.6
SALESWOMEN.													
All classes	19,390	14,750	1,078	4,586	4,655	4,431	4,646	76.0	5.6	23.6	24.0	22.8	24.0
Single[2]	17,372	13,495	807	4,031	4,417	4,240	3,877	77.7	4.6	23.2	25.4	24.4	22.3
Married	919	601	74	316	116	95	318	65.4	8.1	34.4	12.6	10.3	34.6
Widowed and divorced	1,105	654	197	239	122	96	451	59.2	17.8	21.6	11.0	8.7	40.8
SEAMSTRESSES (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	13,366	9,717	1,644	3,080	2,510	2,483	3,649	72.7	12.3	23.0	18.8	18.6	27.3
Single[2]	9,282	6,674	639	1,901	1,990	2,144	2,608	71.9	6.9	20.5	21.4	23.1	28.1
Married	1,238	933	182	442	183	126	305	75.4	14.7	35.7	14.8	10.2	24.6
Widowed and divorced	2,846	2,110	823	737	337	213	736	74.1	28.9	25.9	11.8	7.5	25.9
SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.													
All classes	36,108	6,279	1,120	2,141	1,510	1,508	29,829	17.4	3.1	5.9	4.2	4.2	82.6
Single[2]	28,662	4,285	479	1,347	1,202	1,257	24,377	15.0	1.7	4.7	4.2	4.4	85.0
Married	3,047	830	155	411	141	123	2,217	27.2	5.1	13.5	4.6	4.0	72.8
Widowed and divorced	4,399	1,164	486	383	167	128	3,235	26.5	11.0	8.7	3.8	2.9	73.5
STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	17,816	12,442	1,359	4,653	3,608	2,762	5,374	69.8	7.6	26.1	20.6	15.5	30.2
Single[2]	16,612	11,731	1,185	4,329	3,556	2,661	4,881	70.6	7.1	26.1	21.4	16.0	29.4
Married	535	333	38	184	54	57	202	62.2	7.1	34.4	10.1	10.7	37.8
Widowed and divorced	669	378	136	140	58	44	291	56.5	20.3	20.9	8.7	6.6	43.5
TAILORESSES (21 CITIES ONLY[5]).													
All classes	3,908	3,175	392	1,003	872	908	733	81.2	10.0	25.7	22.3	23.2	18.8
Single[2]	2,889	2,338	179	640	711	808	551	80.9	6.2	22.2	24.6	28.0	19.1
Married	395	334	42	177	68	47	61	84.6	10.6	44.8	17.2	11.9	15.4
Widowed and divorced	624	503	171	186	93	53	121	80.6	27.4	29.8	14.9	8.5	19.4
TEACHERS AND PROFESSORS IN COLLEGES, ETC.													
All classes	22,902	16,618	2,369	5,920	4,750	3,579	6,284	72.6	10.3	25.8	20.7	15.6	27.4
Single[2]	21,102	15,325	2,053	5,323	4,514	3,435	5,777	72.6	9.7	25.2	21.4	16.3	27.4
Married	667	515	47	306	88	74	152	77.2	7.0	45.9	13.2	11.1	22.8
Widowed and divorced	1,133	778	269	291	148	70	355	68.7	23.7	25.7	13.1	6.2	31.3

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 56.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Lowell, Mass.; and Paterson, N. J.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.
[5] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Lowell, Mass.; Paterson, N. J.; Providence, R. I.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 27.—DISTRIBUTION, BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

MARITAL CONDITION.	NATIVE WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER HAVING ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN IN 27 SELECTED CITIES.[3]											
	Number.						Per cent.					
	Aggregate.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	In families having—				Total.	In families having—				
			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.		No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.	
ALL OCCUPATIONS.												
All classes	424,552	333,793	30,351	85,590	91,071	126,781	90,759	78.6	7.1	20.2	21.5	29.9	21.4
Single[2]	370,775	291,885	18,353	69,065	83,237	120,630	78,890	78.7	4.9	18.8	22.4	32.5	21.3
Married	21,693	16,952	2,615	8,217	3,256	2,864	4,741	78.1	12.1	37.9	15.0	13.2	21.9
Widowed and divorced	32,084	24,956	9,383	7,708	4,578	3,287	7,128	77.8	29.2	24.0	14.3	10.2	22.2
BOARDING AND LODGING HOUSE KEEPERS (23 CITIES ONLY[4]).												
All classes	3,069	3,009	1,648	827	356	178	60	98.0	53.7	26.9	11.6	5.8	2.0
Single[2]	659	632	434	113	56	29	27	95.9	65.9	17.1	8.5	4.4	4.1
Married	655	642	224	281	96	41	13	98.0	34.2	42.9	14.7	6.3	2.0
Widowed and divorced	1,755	1,735	990	433	204	108	20	98.9	56.4	24.7	11.6	6.2	1.1
BOOKKEEPERS AND ACCOUNTANTS (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).												
All classes	15,601	14,237	841	3,695	4,087	5,614	1,364	91.3	5.4	23.7	26.2	36.0	8.7
Single[2]	14,389	13,761	740	3,509	3,991	5,521	1,228	91.8	4.9	23.4	26.6	36.8	8.2
Married	305	243	32	108	53	50	62	79.7	10.5	35.4	17.4	16.4	20.3
Widowed and divorced	307	233	69	78	43	43	74	75.9	22.5	25.4	14.0	14.0	24.1
CLERKS AND COPYISTS												
All classes	18,282	16,414	1,055	4,172	4,772	6,415	1,868	89.8	5.8	22.8	26.1	35.1	10.2
Single[2]	17,189	15,556	835	3,890	4,583	6,248	1,633	90.5	4.9	22.6	26.7	36.3	9.5
Married	480	388	69	142	83	94	92	80.8	14.4	29.6	17.3	19.6	19.2
Widowed and divorced	613	470	151	140	106	73	143	76.7	24.6	22.8	17.3	11.9	23.3
COTTON MILL OPERATIVES (9 CITIES ONLY[5]).												
All classes	4,909	4,292	223	1,065	1,080	1,974	617	87.4	4.5	21.7	21.0	40.2	12.6
Single[2]	4,034	3,573	149	684	897	1,843	461	88.6	3.7	17.0	22.2	45.7	11.4
Married	657	590	25	330	102	93	107	83.7	3.8	50.2	15.5	14.2	16.3
Widowed and divorced	218	169	49	51	31	38	49	77.5	22.5	23.4	14.2	17.4	22.5
DRESSMAKERS												
All classes	46,926	42,034	4,653	11,266	11,076	15,039	4,892	89.6	9.9	24.0	23.6	32.0	10.4
Single[2]	39,709	35,721	2,766	8,909	9,896	14,150	4,048	89.8	7.0	22.4	24.9	35.6	10.2
Married	2,620	2,224	351	1,134	468	371	396	88.7	13.4	43.3	17.9	14.2	11.3
Widowed and divorced	4,537	3,989	1,536	1,223	712	518	548	87.9	33.9	27.0	15.7	11.4	12.1
HOUSEKEEPERS AND STEWARDESSES												
All classes	6,211	2,810	402	842	708	858	3,401	42.0	6.5	13.6	11.4	10.6	58.0
Single[2]	4,063	1,782	174	565	528	515	2,281	43.9	4.3	14.0	13.0	12.7	56.1
Married	679	231	46	89	57	39	448	34.0	6.8	13.1	8.4	5.7	66.0
Widowed and divorced	1,469	797	182	188	123	104	672	40.6	12.4	12.8	8.4	7.1	59.4
LAUNDRESSES.												
All classes	12,373	10,346	1,913	3,026	2,507	2,900	2,027	83.6	15.5	24.5	20.3	23.4	16.4
Single[2]	7,602	6,106	496	1,536	1,740	2,334	1,496	80.3	6.5	20.0	22.7	31.2	19.5
Married	1,682	1,367	270	635	257	205	315	86.4	17.1	40.1	16.2	13.0	13.6
Widowed and divorced	3,129	2,813	1,147	855	510	361	316	89.9	36.7	27.3	16.3	9.6	10.1
MERCHANTS AND DEALERS (19 CITIES ONLY[6]).												
All classes	4,021	3,873	1,085	1,353	751	683	140	96.3	27.0	33.6	18.7	17.0	3.7
Single[2]	1,557	1,452	276	428	342	406	105	93.3	17.7	27.5	22.0	26.1	6.7
Married	918	892	138	460	173	121	18	98.0	15.2	50.5	19.0	13.3	2.0
Widowed and divorced	1,554	1,528	671	465	236	156	26	98.3	43.2	29.9	15.2	10.0	1.7

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 56.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass., Jersey City, N. J.; Paterson, N. J.; and Rochester, N. Y.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except New Orleans, La.
[5] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Baltimore, Md.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Lowell, Mass.; Newark, N. J.; New Orleans, La.; Philadelphia, Pa.; and Providence, R. I.
[6] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Kansas City, Mo.; Lowell, Mass.; Minneapolis, Minn.; Rochester N. Y.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 27.—DISTRIBUTION, BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

NATIVE WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER HAVING ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN IN 27 SELECTED CITIES[1]—continued.

MARITAL CONDITION.	Number.							Per cent.						
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	
		Total.	In families having—					Total.	In families having—					
			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.		
MILLINERS.														
All classes	11,396	10,417	719	2,690	2,915	4,093	979	91.4	6.3	23.6	25.6	35.9	8.6	
Single[2]	10,447	9,600	535	2,387	2,748	3,949	847	91.9	5.1	22.7	26.3	37.8	8.1	
Married	457	406	36	208	82	80	51	88.8	7.9	45.5	17.9	17.5	11.2	
Widowed and divorced	492	411	147	115	85	64	81	83.5	29.9	23.4	17.3	13.0	16.5	
MUSICIANS AND TEACHERS OF MUSIC (23 CITIES ONLY[3]).														
All classes	4,780	4,239	448	1,413	1,115	1,263	541	88.7	9.4	29.6	23.3	26.4	11.3	
Single[2]	4,164	3,706	340	1,158	1,021	1,187	458	89.0	8.2	27.8	24.5	28.5	11.0	
Married	321	286	29	171	46	40	35	89.1	9.0	53.3	14.3	12.5	10.9	
Widowed and divorced	295	247	79	84	48	36	48	83.7	26.8	28.5	16.3	12.2	16.3	
NURSES AND MIDWIVES.														
All classes	7,676	3,225	632	1,098	701	794	4,451	42.0	8.2	14.3	9.1	10.3	58.0	
Single[2]	5,505	1,778	254	529	404	591	3,727	32.3	4.6	9.6	7.3	10.7	67.7	
Married	591	387	38	187	96	66	204	65.5	6.4	31.6	16.2	11.2	34.5	
Widowed and divorced	1,580	1,060	340	382	201	137	520	67.1	21.5	24.2	12.7	8.7	32.9	
SALESWOMEN.														
All classes	35,093	31,802	1,709	7,732	9,219	13,142	3,291	90.6	4.9	22.0	26.3	37.4	9.4	
Single[2]	33,249	30,318	1,410	7,170	8,897	12,841	2,931	91.2	4.2	21.6	26.8	38.6	8.8	
Married	839	673	92	300	132	149	166	80.2	11.0	35.8	15.7	17.8	19.8	
Widowed and divorced	1,005	811	207	262	190	152	194	80.7	20.6	26.1	18.9	15.1	19.3	
SEAMSTRESSES (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).														
All classes	22,147	19,237	2,063	4,906	5,095	7,173	2,910	86.9	9.3	22.2	23.0	32.4	13.1	
Single[2]	18,921	16,486	1,199	3,960	4,550	6,777	2,435	87.1	6.3	20.9	24.0	35.8	12.9	
Married	994	838	173	337	172	156	156	84.3	17.4	33.9	17.3	15.7	15.7	
Widowed and divorced	2,232	1,913	691	609	373	240	319	85.7	31.0	27.3	16.7	10.8	14.3	
SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.														
All classes	62,017	15,683	1,609	4,302	4,138	5,634	46,334	25.3	2.6	6.9	6.7	9.1	74.7	
Single[2]	54,678	13,016	804	3,332	3,638	5,242	41,662	23.8	1.5	6.1	6.7	9.6	76.2	
Married	2,886	1,047	204	460	203	180	1,839	36.3	7.1	15.9	7.0	6.2	63.7	
Widowed and divorced	4,453	1,620	601	510	297	212	2,833	36.4	13.5	11.5	6.7	4.8	63.6	
STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).														
All classes	18,947	16,717	1,040	4,389	4,965	6,323	2,230	88.2	5.5	23.2	26.2	33.4	11.8	
Single[2]	18,435	16,367	967	4,260	4,892	6,248	2,068	88.8	5.2	23.1	26.5	33.9	11.2	
Married	242	159	10	80	35	34	83	65.7	4.1	33.1	14.5	14.0	34.3	
Widowed and divorced	270	191	63	59	38	31	79	70.7	23.3	21.9	14.1	11.5	29.3	
TAILORESSES (21 CITIES ONLY[5]).														
All classes	14,335	13,466	1,130	3,231	3,795	5,310	869	93.9	7.9	22.5	26.5	37.0	6.1	
Single[2]	12,583	11,865	748	2,587	3,482	5,048	718	94.3	5.9	20.6	27.7	40.1	5.7	
Married	740	680	72	360	135	112	60	91.9	9.7	48.6	18.4	15.1	8.1	
Widowed and divorced	1,012	921	310	284	177	150	91	91.0	30.6	28.1	17.5	14.8	9.0	
TEACHERS AND PROFESSORS IN COLLEGES, ETC.														
All classes	22,565	17,485	1,878	4,800	4,840	5,967	5,080	77.5	8.3	21.3	21.4	26.4	22.5	
Single[2]	21,600	16,690	1,708	4,465	4,678	5,839	4,910	77.3	7.9	20.7	21.7	27.0	22.7	
Married	405	351	36	173	74	68	54	86.7	8.9	42.7	18.3	16.8	13.3	
Widowed and divorced	560	444	134	162	88	60	116	79.3	23.9	28.9	15.7	10.7	20.7	

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 56.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Lowell, Mass.; and Paterson, N. J.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.
[5] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Lowell, Mass.; Paterson, N. J.; Providence, R. I.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 27.—DISTRIBUTION, BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

MARITAL CONDITION.	FOREIGN BORN WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES.[1]											
	Number.							Per cent.				
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	In families having—					Total.	In families having—			
			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL OCCUPATIONS												
All classes	393,682	200,083	34,050	63,565	46,663	55,805	193,599	50.3	8.6	16.1	11.9	14.2	49.2
Single[2]	232,671	124,513	11,231	32,655	34,012	46,615	168,158	42.5	3.8	11.2	11.6	15.9	57.5
Married	41,569	32,324	4,186	17,573	5,784	4,781	9,245	77.8	10.1	42.3	13.9	11.5	22.2
Widowed and divorced	59,442	43,246	18,633	13,337	6,867	4,409	16,196	72.8	31.3	22.4	11.6	7.4	27.2
BOARDING AND LODGING HOUSE KEEPERS (23 CITIES ONLY[3]).												
All classes	4,986	4,855	2,574	1,321	574	416	101	96.0	51.6	26.5	11.5	8.3	2.0
Single[2]	863	816	584	141	53	38	47	54.6	67.7	16.3	6.1	4.4	5.4
Married	1,089	1,069	329	461	161	118	20	98.2	30.2	42.3	14.8	10.8	1.8
Widowed and divorced	3,034	3,000	1,661	719	360	260	34	98.9	54.7	23.7	11.9	8.6	1.1
BOOKKEEPERS AND ACCOUNTANTS (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).												
All classes	3,718	3,049	188	875	894	1,092	669	82.0	5.1	23.5	24.0	29.4	18.0
Single[2]	3,381	2,891	127	771	852	1,041	590	82.8	4.1	22.8	25.2	30.8	17.2
Married	206	154	20	70	27	37	52	74.8	9.7	34.0	13.1	18.0	25.2
Widowed and divorced	131	94	31	34	15	14	37	71.8	23.7	26.0	11.5	10.7	28.2
CLERKS AND COPYISTS.												
All classes	4,522	3,608	273	1,082	1,000	1,253	914	79.8	6.0	23.9	22.1	27.7	20.2
Single[2]	3,894	3,114	171	862	904	1,177	780	80.0	4.4	22.1	23.2	30.2	20.0
Married	338	279	30	128	67	54	59	82.5	8.9	37.9	19.8	16.0	17.5
Widowed and divorced	290	215	72	92	29	22	75	74.1	24.8	31.7	10.0	7.6	25.9
COTTON MILL OPERATIVES (8 CITIES ONLY[5]).												
All classes	11,505	8,841	588	2,688	1,839	3,726	2,664	76.8	5.1	23.4	16.0	32.4	23.2
Single[2]	7,450	5,601	272	907	1,267	3,155	1,849	75.2	3.7	12.2	17.0	42.3	24.8
Married	3,241	2,645	132	1,604	433	476	596	81.6	4.1	49.5	13.4	14.7	18.4
Widowed and divorced	814	595	184	177	139	95	219	73.1	22.6	21.7	17.1	11.7	26.9
DRESSMAKERS.												
All classes	31,550	25,332	4,411	8,560	5,804	6,497	6,218	80.3	14.0	27.1	18.6	20.6	19.7
Single[2]	22,138	17,052	2,018	5,068	4,426	5,540	5,086	77.0	9.1	22.9	20.0	25.0	23.0
Married	3,909	3,502	406	1,995	632	469	407	89.6	10.4	51.0	16.2	12.0	10.4
Widowed and divorced	5,503	4,778	1,987	1,497	806	488	725	86.8	36.1	27.2	14.6	8.9	13.2
HOUSEKEEPERS AND STEWARDESSES.												
All classes	8,982	2,797	584	1,041	576	596	6,185	31.1	6.5	11.6	6.4	6.6	68.9
Single[2]	5,029	1,383	185	555	300	343	3,646	27.5	3.7	11.0	6.0	6.8	72.5
Married	1,005	283	60	109	57	58	722	28.2	6.0	10.7	5.7	5.8	71.8
Widowed and divorced	2,948	1,131	339	378	219	195	1,817	38.4	11.5	12.8	7.4	6.6	61.6
LAUNDRESSES.												
All classes	21,373	15,968	5,887	5,429	2,667	1,975	5,405	74.7	27.5	25.4	12.5	9.2	25.3
Single[2]	5,165	4,047	981	1,130	942	1,024	1,118	49.6	12.0	13.8	11.2	12.5	50.4
Married	3,880	3,495	772	1,760	555	378	394	89.9	19 9	45.3	15.0	9.7	10.1
Widowed and divorced	9,319	8,416	4,134	2,539	1,170	573	903	90.3	44.4	27.2	12.6	6.1	9.7
MERCHANTS AND DEALERS (19 CITIES ONLY[6]).												
All classes	7,930	7,714	2,597	2,767	1,304	1,046	226	97.2	32.7	34.9	16.4	13.2	2.8
Single[2]	1,256	1,128	436	290	199	203	128	89.8	34.7	23.1	15.8	16.2	10.2
Married	2,242	2,210	305	1,157	400	348	32	98.6	13.6	51.6	17.8	15.5	1.4
Widowed and divorced	4,441	4,376	1,856	1,320	705	495	65	98.5	41.8	29.7	15.9	11.1	1.5

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 56.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Paterson, N. J., and Rochester, N. Y.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except New Orleans, La.
[5] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Baltimore, Md.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Lowell, Mass.; Newark, N. J.; New Orleans, La.; Philadelphia, Pa.; and Providence, R. I.
[6] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Kansas City, Mo.; Lowell, Mass.; Minneapolis, Minn.; Rochester, N. Y.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 27.—DISTRIBUTION, BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

FOREIGN BORN WHITE FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES[1]—continued.

MARITAL CONDITION.	Number.							Per cent.					
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	In families having—					Total.	In families having—				
			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.	
MILLINERS.													
All classes	4,826	3,830	362	1,144	1,043	1,281	996	84.6	8.0	25.3	23.0	28.3	15.4
Single[2]	3,658	3,092	205	806	909	1,172	566	84.5	5.6	22.0	24.8	32.0	15.5
Married	453	396	41	222	63	70	57	87.4	9.1	49.0	13.9	15.5	12.6
Widowed and divorced	715	342	116	116	71	39	73	82.4	28.0	28.0	17.1	9.4	17.6
MUSICIANS AND TEACHERS OF MUSIC (23 CITIES ONLY[3]).													
All classes	1,573	1,200	236	433	294	237	373	76.3	15.0	27.5	18.7	15.1	23.7
Single[2]	1,054	774	124	251	209	190	280	73.4	11.8	23.8	19.8	18.0	26.6
Married	241	200	18	118	40	24	41	83.0	7.5	49.0	16.6	10.0	17.0
Widowed and divorced	278	226	94	64	45	23	52	81.3	33.8	23.0	16.2	8.3	18.7
NURSES AND MIDWIVES.													
All classes	12,926	4,963	1,411	1,926	934	692	7,963	38.4	10.9	14.9	7.2	5.4	61.6
Single[2]	7,696	1,310	337	428	285	260	6,386	17.0	4.4	5.6	3.7	3.4	83.0
Married	1,721	1,320	149	685	277	209	401	76.7	8.7	39.8	16.1	12.1	23.3
Widowed and divorced	3,509	2,333	925	813	372	223	1,176	66.5	26.4	23.2	10.6	6.4	33.5
SALESWOMEN.													
All classes	16,595	8,842	329	2,489	2,464	3,360	1,753	83.5	5.0	23.5	23.3	31.7	16.5
Single[2]	9,307	7,825	327	2,039	2,274	3,185	1,542	83.5	3.5	21.8	24.3	34.0	16.5
Married	712	614	58	325	116	115	98	86.2	8.1	45.6	16.3	16.2	13.8
Widowed and divorced	516	403	144	125	74	60	113	78.1	27.9	24.2	14.3	11.6	21.9
SEAMSTRESSES (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	17,969	14,301	1,772	4,018	3,699	4,812	3,668	79.6	9.9	22.4	20.6	26.8	20.4
Single[2]	14,248	11,264	691	2,875	3,194	4,504	2,984	79.1	4.8	20.2	22.4	31.6	20.9
Married	1,112	924	160	458	184	122	188	83.1	14.4	41.3	16.5	11.0	16.9
Widowed and divorced	2,009	2,113	921	685	321	186	496	81.0	35.3	26.3	12.3	7.1	19.0
SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.													
All classes	156,689	16,571	3,340	5,932	3,573	3,726	140,118	10.6	2.1	3.8	2.3	2.4	89.4
Single[2]	137,196	10,719	1,360	3,672	2,627	3,060	126,477	7.8	1.0	2.7	1.9	2.2	92.2
Married	6,723	1,922	348	1,061	317	256	4,741	29.5	5.2	15.8	4.7	3.8	70.5
Widowed and divorced	12,770	3,870	1,632	1,199	629	410	8,900	30.3	12.8	9.4	4.9	3.2	69.7
STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS (26 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	3,718	2,945	204	827	911	1,003	773	79.2	5.5	22.2	24.5	27.0	20.8
Single[2]	3,538	2,815	180	768	880	978	723	79.6	5.1	21.7	25.1	27.6	20.4
Married	93	69	5	33	12	19	24	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
Widowed and divorced	87	61	19	26	10	6	26	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
TAILORESSES (21 CITIES ONLY[6]).													
All classes	19,453	16,891	1,418	5,007	4,656	5,810	2,562	86.8	7.3	25.7	23.9	29.9	13.2
Single[2]	14,784	12,643	508	3,105	3,828	5,142	2,141	85.5	3.8	21.0	25.9	34.8	14.5
Married	2,677	2,494	193	1,342	508	451	183	93.2	7.2	50.1	19.0	16.8	6.8
Widowed and divorced	1,992	1,754	657	560	320	217	238	88.1	33.0	28.1	16.1	10.9	11.9
TEACHERS AND PROFESSORS IN COLLEGES, ETC.													
All classes	5,710	2,690	531	843	606	710	3,020	47.1	9.3	14.8	10.6	12.4	52.9
Single[2]	5,102	2,233	395	632	549	657	2,869	43.8	7.7	12.4	10.8	12.9	56.2
Married	227	188	23	115	24	26	39	82.8	10.1	50.7	10.6	11.5	17.2
Widowed and divorced	381	269	113	96	33	27	112	70.6	29.7	25.2	8.7	7.1	29.4

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 56.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Lowell, Mass.; and Paterson, N. J.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.
[5] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.
[6] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Lowell, Mass.; Paterson, N. J.; Providence, R. I.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 27.—DISTRIBUTION, BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

NEGRO FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES.[1]

MARITAL CONDITION.	Number.							Per cent.					
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	In families having—					Total.	In families having—				
			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.	
ALL OCCUPATIONS.													
All classes	134,945	80,137	17,931	30,235	18,275	15,696	54,808	59.4	13.3	22.4	12.1	11.6	40.6
Single[2]	61,014	25,951	4,084	6,730	5,532	7,999	35,063	42.5	7.7	11.0	10.7	13.1	57.5
Married	37,917	28,634	2,956	15,709	5,366	4,603	9,283	75.5	7.8	41.4	14.2	12.1	24.5
Widowed and divorced	36,014	25,552	10,291	7,790	4,377	3,094	10,462	71.0	28.6	21.6	12.2	8.6	29.0
BOARDING AND LODGING HOUSE KEEPERS (23 CITIES ONLY[3]).													
All classes	965	934	587	234	71	42	31	96.8	60.8	24.2	7.4	4.4	3.2
Single[2]	197	184	157	14	10	3	13	93.4	79.7	7.1	5.1	1.5	6.6
Married	255	245	105	103	23	14	10	96.1	41.2	40.4	9.0	5.5	3.9
Widowed and divorced	513	505	325	117	38	25	8	98.4	63.4	22.8	7.4	4.9	1.6
BOOKKEEPERS AND ACCOUNTANTS (25 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	81	69	10	19	19	21	12	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
Single[2]	62	55	3	14	18	20	7	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
Married	7	5	1	3	.....	1	2	(5)	(5)	(5)	.....	.....	(5)
Widowed and divorced	12	9	6	2	1	.....	3	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	.....	(5)
CLERKS AND COPYISTS.													
All classes	250	170	27	65	39	39	80	68.0	10.8	26.0	15.6	15.6	32.0
Single[2]	177	118	14	38	32	34	59	66.7	7.9	21.5	18.1	19.2	33.3
Married	32	22	2	15	4	1	10	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
Widowed and divorced	41	30	11	12	3	4	11	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
COTTON MILL OPERATIVES (9 CITIES ONLY[6]).													
All classes	16	16	3	4	6	3	.....	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	.....
Single[2]	6	6	.....	1	5	.....	.....	(5)	.....	(5)	(5)	.....	.....
Married	2	2	1	1	.....	.....	.....	(5)	(5)	(5)	.....	.....	.....
Widowed and divorced	8	8	2	2	1	3	.....	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	.....
DRESSMAKERS.													
All classes	5,006	3,981	716	1,040	881	744	1,025	79.5	14.3	32.8	17.6	14.9	20.5
Single[2]	2,146	1,560	223	485	419	433	586	72.7	10.4	22.6	19.5	20.2	27.3
Married	1,747	1,512	119	871	308	216	235	86.5	6.8	49.9	17.5	12.4	13.5
Widowed and divorced	1,113	909	374	284	156	95	204	81.7	33.6	25.5	14.0	8.5	18.3
HOUSEKEEPERS AND STEWARDESSES.													
All classes	1,757	691	221	225	126	119	1,066	39.3	12.6	12.8	7.2	6.8	60.7
Single[2]	772	243	57	64	47	75	529	31.5	7.4	8.3	6.1	9.7	68.5
Married	420	191	42	93	34	22	229	45.5	10.0	22.1	8.1	5.2	54.5
Widowed and divorced	565	257	122	68	45	22	308	45.5	21.6	12.0	8.0	3.9	54.5
LAUNDRESSES.													
All classes	40,781	35,551	8,703	14,065	6,845	5,938	5,230	87.2	21.3	34.5	16.8	14.6	12.8
Single[2]	8,456	6,176	1,710	1,585	1,357	1,518	2,280	73.0	20.3	18.7	16.0	18.0	27.0
Married	16,512	15,363	1,409	8,336	3,032	2,586	1,149	93.0	8.5	49.9	18.4	16.3	7.0
Widowed and divorced	15,813	14,012	5,578	4,944	2,456	1,734	1,801	88.6	35.3	20.8	15.5	11.0	11.4
MERCHANTS AND DEALERS (19 CITIES ONLY[7]).													
All classes	188	171	52	74	39	16	17	91.0	27.7	39.4	15.4	8.5	9.0
Single[2]	42	30	12	8	5	5	12	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
Married	84	81	6	52	18	5	3	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
Widowed and divorced	62	60	34	14	6	6	2	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 56.
[2] Including unknown.
[3] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Paterson, N. J.; and Rochester, N. Y.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except New Orleans, La.
[5] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.
[6] Includes the cities of Atlanta, Ga.; Baltimore, Md., Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Lowell, Mass.; Newark, N. J.; New Orleans, La.; Philadelphia, Pa., and Providence, R. I.
[7] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Kansas City, Mo.; Lowell, Mass.; Minneapolis, Minn.; Rochester, N. Y.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 27.—DISTRIBUTION, BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, OF FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING IN SELECTED CITIES[1] AND EMPLOYED IN SELECTED OCCUPATIONS, CLASSIFIED BY RACE, NATIVITY, AND MARITAL CONDITION: 1900—Continued.

NEGRO FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER IN 27 SELECTED CITIES[1]—continued.

MARITAL CONDITION.	Number.							Per cent.					
	Aggregate.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.	Living at home.					Living with employer or boarding.
		Total.	In families having—					Total.	In families having—				
			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			No other breadwinners.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.	
MILLINERS.													
All classes	67	58	8	25	16	9	9	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Single[3]	47	40	3	14	15	8	7	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Married	14	12	2	9	1	.....	2	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Widowed and divorced	6	6	3	2	.....	1	.....	(2)	(2)	(2)	.....	(2)	.....
MUSICIANS AND TEACHERS OF MUSIC (23 CITIES ONLY[4]).													
All classes	433	338	39	137	81	81	95	78.1	9.0	31.6	18.7	18.7	21.9
Single[3]	254	194	19	66	54	55	60	76.4	7.5	26.0	21.3	21.7	23.6
Married	123	101	5	56	22	18	22	82.1	4.1	45.5	17.9	14.6	17.9
Widowed and divorced	56	43	15	15	5	8	13	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
NURSES AND MIDWIVES.													
All classes	3,097	1,969	263	666	489	551	1,128	63.6	8.5	21.5	15.8	17.8	36.4
Single[3]	1,765	1,005	74	254	279	398	760	56.9	4.2	14.4	15.8	22.5	43.1
Married	508	387	24	224	75	64	121	76.2	4.7	44.1	14.8	12.6	23.8
Widowed and divorced	824	577	165	188	135	89	247	70.0	20.0	22.8	16.4	10.8	30.0
SALESWOMEN.													
All classes	102	72	3	31	23	15	30	70.6	2.9	30.4	22.5	14.7	29.4
Single[3]	74	55	3	21	17	14	19	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Married	16	11	.....	9	1	1	5	(2)	.....	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Widowed and divorced	12	6	.....	1	5	.....	6	(2)	.....	(2)	(2)	.....	(2)
SEAMSTRESSES (26 CITIES ONLY[5]).													
All classes	3,012	2,446	440	921	534	551	566	81.2	14.6	30.6	17.7	18.3	18.8
Single[3]	1,313	988	115	267	270	336	325	75.2	8.8	20.3	20.6	25.6	24.8
Married	905	795	61	457	148	129	110	87.8	6.7	50.5	16.4	14.3	12.2
Widowed and divorced	794	663	264	197	116	86	131	83.5	33.2	24.8	14.6	10.8	16.5
SERVANTS AND WAITRESSES.													
All classes	72,715	28,509	5,729	10,172	6,060	6,548	44,206	39.2	7.9	14.0	8.3	9.0	60.8
Single[3]	42,490	12,923	1,954	3,188	3,381	4,400	29,567	30.4	4.6	7.5	8.0	10.4	69.6
Married	15,461	8,329	945	4,699	1,432	1,253	7,132	53.9	6.1	30.4	9.3	8.1	46.1
Widowed and divorced	14,764	7,257	2,830	2,285	1,247	895	7,507	49.2	19.2	15.5	8.4	6.1	50.8
STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPEWRITERS (26 CITIES ONLY[5]).													
All classes	98	63	6	22	19	16	35	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Single[3]	80	51	5	17	17	12	29	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Married	13	9	.....	4	2	3	4	(2)	.....	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Widowed and divorced	5	3	1	1	.....	1	2	(2)	(2)	(2)	.....	(2)	(2)
TAILORESSES (21 CITIES ONLY[6]).													
All classes	164	143	24	54	26	39	21	87.2	14.6	32.9	15.9	23.8	12.8
Single[3]	76	65	8	21	10	26	11	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Married	41	35	1	18	11	5	6	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Widowed and divorced	47	43	15	15	5	8	4	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
TEACHERS AND PROFESSORS IN COLLEGES, ETC.													
All classes	1,698	1,409	141	493	374	401	289	83.0	8.3	29.0	22.0	23.6	17.0
Single[3]	1,405	1,163	91	378	328	365	242	82.8	6.5	27.0	23.3	26.0	17.2
Married	169	145	13	88	23	21	24	85.8	7.7	52.1	13.6	12.4	14.2
Widowed and divorced	124	101	37	26	23	15	23	81.5	29.8	21.0	18.5	12.1	18.5

[1] For a list of the cities, see page 56.
[2] Per cent not shown where base is less than 100.
[3] Including unknown.
[4] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Atlanta, Ga.; Fall River, Mass.; Lowell, Mass.; and Paterson, N. J.
[5] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.
[6] Includes all cities in the list of 27 except Fall River, Mass.; Jersey City, N. J.; Lowell, Mass.; Paterson, N. J.; Providence, R. I.; and St. Paul, Minn.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900.

ATLANTA, GA.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	14,257	4,347	1,709	1,506	3,770	2,833	6,092	799	1,475	1,271	827	1,720
Boarding and lodging house keepers	208	159	2	1	41	5	35	28	1	.....	1	5
Bookkeepers and accountants	111	12	35	27	11	26	96	5	33	26	9	23
Clerks and copyists	132	5	44	40	20	23	108	2	44	37	10	15
Cotton mill operatives	334	30	116	74	64	50	213	6	107	64	12	24
Dressmakers	758	250	85	89	229	105	306	33	66	65	68	72
Housekeepers and stewardesses	117	15	1	1	13	87	56	8	1	.....	11	35
Laundresses	4,822	2,228	263	407	1,669	255	1,056	326	167	280	145	138
Milliners	152	11	53	30	28	30	117	3	50	23	18	23
Nurses and midwives	768	103	108	114	183	260	494	27	99	106	70	192
Saleswomen	234	8	80	65	33	48	198	3	75	62	22	36
Seamstresses	495	144	72	62	130	87	248	34	61	49	50	54
Servants and waitresses	4,139	1,091	255	355	912	1,526	1,844	273	217	265	219	870
Stenographers and typewriters	282	7	89	62	37	87	237	4	86	56	31	60
Tailoresses	236	54	58	31	57	36	130	8	53	21	18	30
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	476	36	160	96	114	70	372	14	149	90	62	57
All other occupations	1,013	194	288	144	224	163	593	25	264	127	81	96
	WHITE.											
All occupations	4,037	740	989	645	775	888	2,585	143	915	560	354	613
Boarding and lodging house keepers	182	140	2	1	34	5	31	24	1	.....	1	5
Bookkeepers and accountants	104	9	34	26	10	25	92	5	32	25	8	22
Clerks and copyists	124	5	43	40	17	19	102	2	43	37	9	11
Cotton mill operatives	319	27	116	69	57	50	207	6	107	59	11	24
Dressmakers	567	134	68	72	149	94	254	20	54	56	60	64
Milliners	152	11	53	30	28	30	117	3	50	23	18	23
Nurses and midwives	133	17	7	4	6	99	96	7	7	2	3	77
Saleswomen	233	8	80	65	32	48	197	3	75	62	21	36
Seamstresses	389	91	58	50	76	64	196	16	52	43	43	42
Servants and waitresses	132	22	2	2	18	88	73	8	2	1	5	57
Stenographers and typewriters	280	7	89	62	36	86	235	4	86	56	30	59
Tailoresses	227	51	58	30	52	36	129	7	53	21	18	30
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	291	23	100	32	63	53	244	10	94	51	44	45
All other occupations	974	145	279	142	197	211	612	28	259	124	83	118
	NEGRO.											
All occupations	10,220	3,607	720	853	2,995	1,945	3,507	656	560	711	473	1,107
Dressmakers	191	66	17	17	80	11	52	13	14	9	8	8
Laundresses	4,753	2,199	255	367	1,654	248	1,025	318	160	272	142	133
Nurses and midwives	635	86	101	110	177	161	388	20	92	104	67	105
Seamstresses	156	53	14	12	54	23	52	18	9	6	7	12
Servants and waitresses	4,007	1,069	253	353	894	1,438	1,771	285	215	264	214	813
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	185	13	60	44	51	17	126	4	55	30	18	12
All other occupations	393	121	20	20	85	47	91	18	15	17	17	24

BALTIMORE, MD.

	ALL CLASSES.[2]										
All occupations	56,563	8,481	13,179	6,538	11,586	16,779	37,488	1,752	12,502	5,905	4,630	12,699
Boarding and lodging house keepers	540	464	4	2	61	9	144	125	4	1	10	4
Bookkeepers and accountants	587	6	301	118	74	88	558	2	297	113	69	77
Clerks and copyists	766	30	327	172	137	100	679	6	318	164	107	84
Cotton mill operatives	1,132	37	515	216	143	221	1,039	18	502	206	122	191
Dressmakers	4,773	754	1,393	580	1,189	757	3,318	224	1,292	609	606	587
Housekeepers and stewardesses	996	89	19	10	95	483	371	25	15	8	37	286
Laborers (not specified)	535	155	114	32	171	63	231	21	105	26	30	49
Laundresses	7,660	2,569	512	491	3,129	979	1,858	372	383	337	243	523
Merchants and dealers	1,188	711	43	33	378	23	194	88	34	22	36	14
Milliners	1,033	33	491	209	177	105	925	22	482	200	130	91

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 1 Chinese woman.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ATLANTA, GA.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL CLASSES.												
All occupations	3,659	548	93	124	2,480	414	4,506	3,000	141	203	463	699
Boarding and lodging house keepers	52	13			39		121	118	1	1	1	
Bookkeepers and accountants	4	1		1	2		11	6	2			3
Clerks and copyists	12			3	7	2	12	3			3	6
Cotton mill operatives	67	2	7	6	40	12	54	22	2	4	12	14
Dressmakers	191	30	7	8	139	7	261	187	10	16	22	26
Housekeepers and stewardesses	9				2	7	53	7		1	5	40
Laundresses	1,776	293	44	46	1,351	42	1,990	1,609	52	81	173	75
Milliners	12			2	7	3	23	8	3	5	3	4
Nurses and midwives	103	4	3	3	72	21	181	72	6	5	41	57
Saleswomen	22	1	3	1	9	8	14	4	2	2	2	4
Seamstresses	113	21	3	6	67	16	134	89	8	7	13	17
Servants and waitresses	985	133	9	32	549	262	1,310	685	29	58	144	394
Stenographers and typewriters	10	1	1	1	3	4	15	2	2	5	3	3
Tailoresses	43	6	1	3	31	2	63	40	4	7	8	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	60	7	3	2	44	4	44	15	8	4	8	9
All other occupations	200	36	12	10	118	24	220	133	12	7	25	43
WHITE.												
All occupations	561	69	31	34	336	91	891	528	43	51	85	184
Boarding and lodging house keepers	43	11			32		108	105	1	1	1	
Bookkeepers and accountants	4	1		1	2		8	3	2			3
Clerks and copyists	10			3	5	2	12	3			3	6
Cotton mill operatives	66	2	7	6	39	12	46	19	2	4	7	14
Dressmakers	107	19	6	4	72	6	206	145	8	12	17	24
Milliners	12			2	7	3	23	8	3	5	3	4
Nurses and midwives	7			1	2	4	30	10		1	1	18
Saleswomen	22	1	3	1	9	8	14	4	2	2	2	4
Seamstresses	47	12	1	2	23	9	96	53	5	5	10	13
Servants and waitresses	23	1			9	13	36	13		1	4	18
Stenographers and typewriters	10	1	1	1	3	4	15	2	2	5	3	3
Tailoresses	39	6	1	3	27	2	59	38	4	6	7	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	22	2	2		15	3	25	11	4	1	4	5
All other occupations	149	13	10	10	91	25	213	104	10	8	23	68
NEGRO.												
All occupations	3,098	479	62	90	2,144	323	3,615	2,472	98	152	378	515
Dressmakers	84	11	1	4	67	1	55	42	2	4	5	2
Laundresses	1,762	282	43	45	1,340	42	1,966	1,589	52	80	172	73
Nurses and midwives	96	4	3	2	70	17	151	62	6	4	40	39
Seamstresses	56	9	2	4	44	7	38	26	3	2	3	4
Servants and waitresses	962	132	9	32	540	249	1,274	672	29	57	140	376
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	38	5	1	2	29	1	19	4	4	3	4	4
All other occupations	90	26	3	1	54	6	112	77	2	2	14	17

BALTIMORE, MD.

	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	9,328	1,334	384	309	5,704	1,597	9,747	5,395	293	324	1,252	2,483
Boarding and lodging house keepers	113	61		1	49	2	283	278			2	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	13	2	2	1	3	5	16	2	2	4	2	6
Clerks and copyists	51	7	5	4	25	10	36	17	4	4	5	6
Cotton mill operatives	46	6	8	6	12	14	47	13	5	4	9	16
Dressmakers	675	90	51	24	471	39	780	440	50	47	112	131
Housekeepers and stewardesses	90	9	2	2	22	55	235	55	2		36	142
Laborers (not specified)	198	56	6	3	124	9	106	78	3	3	17	5
Laundresses	3,406	481	87	99	2,576	163	2,414	1,716	42	55	310	291
Merchants and dealers	413	82	5	6	315	5	581	541	4	5	27	4
Milliners	56	3	7	5	34	7	54	28	2	4	13	7

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 1 Chinese woman.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BALTIMORE, MD.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	ALL CLASSES[2]—continued.											
Musicians and teachers of music	406	49	159	73	70	46	322	19	153	66	43	36
Nurses and midwives	1,498	219	158	80	269	772	983	38	147	70	88	590
Packers and shippers	603	50	276	101	131	45	452	6	258	95	54	39
Saleswomen	2,810	77	1,349	586	461	338	2,612	25	1,325	565	396	302
Seamstresses	5,079	706	1,675	856	974	869	3,739	190	1,581	789	581	668
Servants and waitresses	15,725	1,342	1,228	699	2,099	10,257	10,656	387	1,117	706	700	7,746
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	1,516	41	812	297	199	167	1,392	8	793	286	152	143
Stenographers and typewriters	717	9	323	151	116	118	691	4	316	148	111	112
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	2,272	114	747	450	427	534	2,170	87	742	440	396	505
Tailoresses	1,948	260	739	300	445	204	1,417	44	721	280	211	161
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	667	26	377	131	77	56	599	4	365	121	56	53
All other occupations	4,390	721	1,617	712	796	545	3,188	107	1,552	653	438	438
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	18,685	1,986	6,074	2,719	3,243	4,663	14,848	496	5,846	2,538	2,177	3,801
Boarding and lodging house keepers	348	294	3	1	47	3	88	76	3	1	6	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	469	3	199	80	56	71	388	1	196	77	52	63
Clerks and copyists	493	20	209	108	81	75	442	5	206	105	62	65
Cotton mill operatives	1,025	31	477	179	129	209	938	13	465	171	109	180
Dressmakers	2,396	384	616	313	500	493	1,685	112	668	273	344	388
Housekeepers and stewardesses	286	46	10	3	26	201	164	17	7	3	14	113
Laborers (not specified)	101	28	38	8	19	8	60	3	34	8	8	7
Laundresses	345	94	66	37	83	65	199	6	59	31	25	48
Merchants and dealers	209	137	15	8	93	16	60	23	12	5	9	11
Milliners	641	25	307	115	106	88	588	11	301	110	89	77
Musicians and teachers of music	240	28	102	37	46	27	191	11	98	34	27	21
Nurses and midwives	575	71	27	21	82	374	374	12	24	18	18	302
Packers and shippers	279	13	140	50	55	21	229	1	131	46	32	19
Saleswomen	1,580	31	715	305	264	245	1,457	10	699	294	232	222
Seamstresses	2,586	331	809	372	491	583	1,927	58	787	337	323	422
Servants and waitresses	1,501	64	98	46	68	1,225	1,158	8	92	40	33	985
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	820	25	402	151	122	120	743	5	393	144	99	102
Stenographers and typewriters	504	5	204	103	91	101	485	3	198	101	87	96
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,406	66	471	290	290	289	1,350	54	470	283	273	270
Tailoresses	472	80	143	80	99	70	326	14	137	72	49	54
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	220	7	120	46	26	31	204	.....	114	42	19	29
All other occupations	2,219	203	903	366	379	368	1,832	43	874	343	267	305
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	11,302	1,238	4,328	2,202	1,756	1,778	9,170	303	4,162	2,073	1,153	1,479
Bookkeepers and accountants	160	2	92	37	16	13	153	1	92	35	15	10
Clerks and copyists	241	5	111	61	44	20	217	1	107	56	38	15
Dressmakers	1,463	174	577	297	285	130	1,176	62	549	281	188	96
Housekeepers and stewardesses	142	16	2	1	35	88	74	2	1	.....	17	54
Laborers (not specified)	103	23	41	9	26	5	63	.....	39	8	12	4
Laundresses	321	15	83	55	54	34	171	9	75	47	19	21
Merchants and dealers	328	152	19	19	108	.....	78	31	15	16	16	.....
Milliners	325	20	159	81	52	13	286	9	157	77	32	11
Musicians and teachers of music	105	8	43	26	22	6	93	3	42	26	17	5
Nurses and midwives	211	45	26	13	38	89	124	4	23	10	18	69
Packers and shippers	217	16	111	38	36	17	174	2	103	37	16	16
Saleswomen	1,090	28	553	265	167	77	1,027	11	546	266	147	57
Seamstresses	1,595	180	634	395	236	149	1,292	43	593	372	159	125
Servants and waitresses	1,146	57	158	64	77	790	940	13	154	57	48	668
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	585	8	351	126	65	35	590	1	341	122	56	31
Stenographers and typewriters	198	3	114	43	22	16	193	.....	114	42	21	16
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	574	32	189	120	99	144	559	26	189	120	84	140
Tailoresses	687	67	298	159	122	41	589	18	289	152	79	31
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	265	9	158	59	28	11	246	2	154	55	25	10
All other occupations	1,556	270	609	333	234	110	1,185	65	579	304	147	90

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 1 Chinese woman.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BALTIMORE, MD.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL CLASSES[2]—continued.												
Musicians and teachers of music	46	8	2	3	27	6	38	22	4	4	4	4
Nurses and midwives	156	34	3	1	81	37	409	147	8	9	100	145
Packers and shippers	36	5	10	4	66	1	65	39	8	2	11	5
Saleswomen	92	11	9	10	45	17	106	41	15	10	21	19
Seamstresses	503	110	45	24	271	53	837	475	69	43	122	148
Servants and waitresses	2,488	221	75	70	1,031	1,091	2,581	734	36	62	328	1,420
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	52	5	8	6	26	7	72	28	11	5	11	17
Stenographers and typewriters	6	1		1	2	2	20	4	7	2	3	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	30	3	4	1	13	9	72	24	1	9	18	20
Tailoresses	270	36	11	8	196	19	261	180	7	12	38	24
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	31	2	5	6	16	2	37	20	7	4	5	1
All other occupations	505	101	39	24	299	42	697	513	26	35	58	65
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	1,503	291	110	57	745	290	2,334	1,209	118	114	321	572
Boarding and lodging house keepers	76	36			39	1	184	182			2	
Bookkeepers and accountants	9	1	2		2	4	12	1	2	3	2	4
Clerks and copyists	31	5	2	3	15	6	20	10	2		4	4
Cotton mill operatives	42	6	7	4	12	13	45	13	5	4	8	16
Dressmakers	280	43	22	12	177	26	431	229	26	28	69	79
Housekeepers and stewardesses	32	5	2		4	21	100	24	1		5	67
Laborers (not specified)	28	15	2		10	1	13	10	2		1	
Laundresses	82	21	3	2	49	7	94	67	4	4	9	10
Merchants and dealers	98	13	2	1	76	3	111	101	1	2	5	2
Milliners	23	1	5	3	8	6	30	13	1	2	9	5
Musicians and teachers of music	25	6	1		16	2	24	11	3	3	3	4
Nurses and midwives	57	17	1		25	14	144	42	2	3	39	58
Packers and shippers	30	2	5	3	20		20	10	4	1	3	2
Saleswomen	51	6	6	7	21	11	52	15	10	4	11	12
Seamstresses	214	47	20	11	104	32	425	226	23	24	64	89
Servants and waitresses	136	13	4	3	19	97	207	43	3	3	16	143
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	30	5	3	3	17	2	47	15	6	4	6	16
Stenographers and typewriters	4			1	1	2	15	2	6	1	3	3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	10				3	7	46	12	1	7	14	12
Tailoresses	59	13	4	3	34	5	87	53	2	5	16	11
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	13	2	2		7	2	13	5	4	4		
All other occupations	173	34	17	11	83	28	214	126	12	12	29	35
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	834	143	84	51	469	87	1,298	792	82	78	134	212
Bookkeepers and accountants	3			1	1	1	4	1		1		2
Clerks and copyists	14	2	2	1	6	3	10	2	2	4		2
Dressmakers	119	16	15	3	83	2	158	96	13	13	14	22
Housekeepers and stewardesses	20	2		1	7	10	46	12	1		11	24
Laborers (not specified)	21	7	1		13		19	15	1	1	1	1
Laundresses	59	17	5	4	29	4	91	69	3	4	6	9
Merchants and dealers	109	15	2	1	91		141	136	2	2	1	
Milliners	23	2	2	2	16	1	16	9		2	4	1
Musicians and teachers of music	6				5	1	6	5	1			
Nurses and midwives	15	5	1	1	7	1	72	36	2	2	13	19
Packers and shippers	21	1	4		16		22	12	4	1	4	1
Saleswomen	26	3	2	3	12	6	37	14	5	6	8	4
Seamstresses	111	32	17	8	48	6	192	105	24	16	29	18
Servants and waitresses	55	3	2	3	11	36	151	41	2	4	18	86
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	17		5	3	6	3	18	7	8	1	4	1
Stenographers and typewriters	2	1			1		3	2		1		
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	5	1			3	1	10	5			2	3
Tailoresses	56	6	5	4	36	6	62	43	4	3	8	4
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	6		2	4			13	7	2		3	1
All other occupations	146	30	19	12	79	6	235	175	11	17	8	14

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 1 Chinese woman.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BALTIMORE, MD.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	6,297	1,492	1,105	315	1,154	2,228	3,789	173	1,071	285	384	1,846
Dressmakers	397	104	94	28	109	62	239	32	86	23	47	51
Housekeepers and stewardesses	148	16	1	.....	16	115	81	1	1	.....	4	75
Laborers (not specified)	124	43	24	4	43	10	36	1	22	4	3	6
Laundresses	230	141	4	8	49	28	44	8	4	5	7	20
Merchants and dealers	551	375	5	4	161	6	52	34	3	1	11	3
Nurses and midwives	261	57	3	3	89	139	129	15	3	1	12	98
Saleswomen	151	16	73	15	28	13	124	3	78	15	16	12
Seamstresses	597	136	189	60	121	91	394	12	182	58	73	69
Servants and waitresses	1,787	112	56	18	100	1,501	1,428	16	54	15	50	1,293
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	126	11	13	10	13	79	113	6	13	10	10	74
Tailoresses	782	110	265	61	223	93	519	12	292	56	83	76
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	170	10	99	26	21	14	149	2	97	24	12	14
All other occupations	973	361	243	81	211	77	461	31	236	73	66	55
NEGRO.												
All occupations	20,278	3,765	1,672	1,299	5,433	8,109	9,711	790	1,423	1,009	916	5,573
Dressmakers	527	92	105	42	205	82	218	18	89	32	27	52
Housekeepers and stewardesses	119	11	6	6	18	78	62	5	6	5	2	44
Laborers (not specified)	207	62	11	11	83	40	72	17	10	6	7	32
Laundresses	6,784	2,239	359	391	2,943	852	1,474	349	245	254	192	434
Nurses and midwives	451	46	102	43	90	170	306	7	97	41	40	121
Seamstresses	321	58	43	28	126	66	126	7	39	22	26	32
Servants and waitresses	11,291	1,109	916	711	1,814	6,741	7,130	350	817	594	569	4,800
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	166	5	74	30	35	22	148	1	70	27	29	21
All other occupations	412	143	55	37	119	58	175	36	50	28	24	37

BOSTON, MASS.

	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	68,799	7,303	14,506	7,021	8,935	30,435	54,935	2,356	14,086	7,182	5,970	25,341
Boarding and lodging house keepers	1,423	1,197	4	6	179	37	324	237	4	5	6	12
Bookbinders	865	27	415	218	133	72	825	17	408	213	126	61
Bookkeepers and accountants	3,541	125	1,490	744	480	762	3,289	84	1,409	721	413	662
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	642	30	262	126	86	138	554	12	257	123	57	105
Boxmakers (paper)	466	8	223	128	59	48	440	5	220	120	53	42
Clerks and copyists	2,106	82	832	420	272	500	1,897	46	810	405	235	401
Confectioners	561	9	340	102	63	47	529	3	333	100	51	42
Dressmakers	6,312	1,143	1,201	511	1,215	1,852	4,585	489	1,240	758	774	1,324
Housekeepers and stewardesses	2,146	223	24	20	218	1,461	1,304	39	17	15	295	918
Laundresses	2,865	1,044	255	170	469	927	1,340	110	233	142	145	708
Merchants and dealers	691	365	46	44	162	74	242	79	43	33	43	42
Milliners	1,295	130	448	227	182	308	1,081	72	435	208	119	247
Musicians and teachers of music	918	91	325	105	151	246	744	49	308	96	91	200
Nurses and midwives	2,428	230	92	76	205	1,765	1,795	63	79	68	118	1,467
Packers and shippers	462	9	250	103	70	30	447	7	248	99	65	28
Printers, lithographers, and pressworkers	616	19	269	141	88	99	570	7	263	139	76	85
Saleswomen	5,012	126	2,063	1,045	703	1,035	4,629	65	2,049	1,014	611	890
Seamstresses	2,120	281	440	259	384	756	1,567	77	426	229	274	561
Servants and waitresses	19,348	744	563	392	1,084	16,565	16,284	212	528	341	667	14,536
Stenographers and typewriters	2,167	40	851	412	239	625	2,063	31	841	405	219	567
Tailoresses	1,896	216	526	249	431	472	1,510	88	806	229	315	372
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	2,481	173	693	418	335	862	2,293	120	679	405	291	798
Telegraph and telephone operators	506	6	262	94	65	79	480	6	260	91	55	68
Textile mill operatives	997	56	427	232	186	116	887	20	415	221	134	97
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	411	38	159	73	80	61	350	16	154	68	65	47
All other occupations	6,524	891	1,993	1,006	1,156	1,478	4,900	313	1,922	994	670	1,061

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BALTIMORE, MD.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	885	185	17	13	589	81	1,653	1,134	17	29	181	301
Dressmakers	69	14	3	2	49	1	89	58	5	3	13	10
Housekeepers and stewardesses	14	1			3	10	53	14			9	30
Laborers (not specified)	47	10	2		33	2	41	32			7	2
Laundresses	56	23		1	29	3	130	110		2	13	5
Merchants and dealers	184	50	1	2	130	1	315	291	1	1	20	2
Nurses and midwives	29	5			18	6	103	37		2	29	35
Saleswomen	12	1	1		10		15	12			2	1
Seamstresses	53	16	4	1	31	1	150	108	3	1	17	21
Servants and waitresses	65	6		1	16	42	294	90	2	2	34	166
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	4	2			2		9	3			1	5
Tailoresses	152	15	2	1	126	8	111	83	1	4	14	9
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	11		1	2	8		10	8	1		1	
All other occupations	189	43	3	3	134	7	333	288	4	5	21	15
NEGRO.												
All occupations	6,105	715	173	178	3,901	1,138	4,462	2,260	76	112	616	1,398
Dressmakers	207	17	11	7	162	10	102	57	6	3	16	20
Housekeepers and stewardesses	23	1		1	8	13	34	5			8	21
Laborers (not specified)	102	24	1	3	68	6	33	21		2	6	2
Laundresses	3,211	420	79	92	2,469	151	2,099	1,470	35	45	282	267
Nurses and midwives	55	7	1		31	16	90	32	4	2	19	33
Seamstresses	126	15	4	4	88	14	70	36		2	12	20
Servants and waitresses	2,232	199	69	63	985	916	1,929	760	30	54	260	1,025
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	11		4	1	5	1	7	4		2	1	
All other occupations	139	32	4	7	85	11	98	75	1	2	10	10

BOSTON, MASS.

ALL CLASSES.

All occupations	5,901	966	200	196	2,294	2,245	7,963	2,981	210	243	671	2,858
Boarding and lodging house keepers	353	170			167	16	746	740		1	6	9
Bookbinders	20	3	3	1	5	8	20	7	4	4	2	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	137	11	15	10	56	65	95	30	6	13	11	35
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	50	2	3	3	26	16	38	16	2		3	17
Boxmakers (paper)	18	1	2	6	5	4	8	2	1	2	1	2
Clerks and copyists	101	8	9	5	31	48	108	28	13	10	6	51
Confectioners	23	3	6	1	10	3	9	3	1	1	2	2
Dressmakers	704	106	27	23	346	202	1,023	548	24	30	95	326
Housekeepers and stewardesses	274	32	4	1	59	178	568	132	3	4	64	365
Laundresses	549	102	8	19	261	99	970	763	15	9	63	120
Merchants and dealers	161	40	1	1	105	14	288	246	2	10	12	18
Milliners	107	13	5	9	58	22	107	45	8	10	5	39
Musicians and teachers of music	104	9	8	5	57	25	70	33	9	4	3	21
Nurses and midwives	183	25	1	3	61	93	450	142	12	5	86	205
Packers and shippers	11	1	1	3	5	1	4	1	1	1		1
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	28	2	4	2	10	10	18	10	2		2	4
Saleswomen	194	22	16	10	71	75	189	39	19	21	21	89
Seamstresses	198	33	6	9	80	70	355	171	8	21	30	125
Servants and waitresses	1,406	126	18	23	289	950	1,688	406	17	28	128	1,079
Stenographers and typewriters	62	4	6	3	15	34	42	5	4	4	5	24
Tailoresses	191	28	13	9	89	52	195	100	9	11	27	48
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	80	10	3	10	33	24	108	43	11	3	11	40
Telegraph and telephone operators	13		1	1	5	6	13		1	2	5	5
Textile mill operatives	53	8	7	6	27	5	57	28	5	5	5	14
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	32	8	2	2	13	7	29	14	3	3	2	7
All other occupations	829	139	41	31	410	208	795	439	30	41	76	209

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BOSTON, MASS.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	15,290	1,885	2,746	1,622	2,046	6,991	11,346	694	2,634	1,510	1,276	5,232
Boarding and lodging house keepers	489	417	3	2	50	17	97	84	3	2	3	5
Bookkeepers and accountants	1,296	62	358	227	187	462	1,140	38	348	215	147	392
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	138	10	44	16	21	47	105	4	43	15	11	32
Clerks and copyists	866	37	267	145	111	306	758	22	259	137	95	245
Dressmakers	1,447	345	129	80	253	640	796	114	113	72	112	385
Housekeepers and stewardesses	649	62	6	4	108	469	317	17	3	2	67	228
Laundresses	166	54	26	14	17	55	82	.....	25	13	6	38
Merchants and dealers	118	38	8	11	29	32	53	12	8	7	7	19
Milliners	437	55	116	58	49	159	336	31	109	51	24	121
Musicians and teachers of music	496	56	137	51	84	168	394	27	130	48	51	138
Nurses and midwives	781	61	15	12	72	621	571	17	11	11	35	497
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	157	5	41	28	32	50	133	1	38	27	26	41
Saleswomen	1,192	42	316	191	157	486	1,017	22	310	180	119	386
Seamstresses	505	69	54	45	79	258	314	21	51	33	44	165
Servants and waitresses	1,519	45	53	35	79	1,307	1,096	12	43	20	39	967
Stenographers and typewriters	1,019	26	263	179	105	446	950	21	257	173	94	405
Tailoresses	151	18	12	8	35	78	90	8	10	6	12	54
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	1,382	114	323	210	191	544	1,262	82	316	204	161	499
Telegraph and telephone operators	146	1	51	25	23	46	132	1	51	25	16	39
All other occupations	2,337	367	524	281	364	801	1,703	160	501	259	207	576
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	21,282	1,415	8,405	4,377	2,854	4,231	18,791	585	8,229	4,178	2,380	3,419
Boarding and lodging house keepers	223	193	.....	2	23	5	51	47	.....	1	.....	3
Bookbinders	615	15	294	169	100	37	594	9	290	167	95	33
Bookkeepers and accountants	1,718	48	886	432	209	143	1,667	35	877	425	196	134
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	328	12	163	77	31	45	304	7	161	75	23	38
Boxmakers (paper)	327	6	165	102	36	18	317	5	165	98	33	16
Clerks and copyists	930	31	469	224	112	94	871	17	458	218	105	73
Confectioners	285	3	170	69	22	21	277	2	167	69	21	18
Dressmakers	2,058	231	767	471	304	285	1,780	124	747	446	242	221
Housekeepers and stewardesses	406	41	8	10	150	206	334	18	5	7	124	160
Laundresses	557	115	159	86	93	111	377	12	143	79	60	83
Merchants and dealers	166	72	20	19	36	19	82	19	19	15	17	12
Milliners	543	40	238	130	74	61	489	23	235	118	61	52
Musicians and teachers of music	298	15	155	38	44	46	258	10	149	35	28	36
Nurses and midwives	454	44	51	42	39	278	358	11	44	37	22	244
Packers and shippers	284	3	167	96	37	11	275	2	166	62	35	10
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	383	8	195	98	37	25	351	4	194	97	34	22
Saleswomen	2,700	49	1,360	680	341	270	2,567	29	1,339	664	324	231
Seamstresses	648	70	184	123	123	148	540	23	179	112	110	116
Servants and waitresses	2,333	96	254	164	193	1,626	1,869	23	242	142	132	1,330
Stenographers and typewriters	879	11	503	191	90	84	861	8	500	191	86	76
Tailoresses	482	60	127	114	98	83	396	32	119	104	81	60
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	846	34	336	178	114	184	810	28	330	171	105	176
Telegraph and telephone operators	303	4	188	61	31	19	298	4	187	59	31	17
Textile mill operatives	574	17	292	162	68	35	539	7	286	154	63	29
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	193	14	91	41	33	14	177	9	90	38	28	12
All other occupations	2,880	183	1,169	628	416	284	2,348	77	1,137	594	324	217
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	29,968	3,518	3,268	1,516	3,662	18,004	23,722	984	3,149	1,413	2,229	15,947
Boarding and lodging house keepers	656	556	1	2	86	11	171	161	1	2	3	4
Bookbinders	161	9	79	31	21	21	149	7	76	30	19	17
Bookkeepers and accountants	523	15	185	83	83	157	478	11	183	79	66	136
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	169	7	53	33	32	44	141	1	51	33	22	34
Clerks and copyists	302	14	93	50	48	97	261	7	90	49	35	80
Confectioners	218	5	137	24	34	18	197	1	133	22	24	17
Dressmakers	2,681	535	387	248	631	880	1,964	246	374	230	413	691
Housekeepers and stewardesses	914	105	7	4	149	649	628	21	7	4	99	497
Laundresses	1,650	551	70	52	238	739	764	74	59	38	66	527
Merchants and dealers	405	254	18	14	97	22	107	48	16	11	21	11

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BOSTON, MASS.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	1,635	246	49	43	563	702	2,309	943	63	69	177	1,057
Boarding and lodging house keepers	116	63			46	7	276	270			1	5
Bookkeepers and accountants	98	6	8	5	34	45	58	18	2	7	6	25
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	18	1	1	1	10	5	15	5				10
Clerks and copyists	48	3	2	3	12	28	59	12	6	5	4	32
Dressmakers	245	40	11	3	107	84	406	161	5	5	34	171
Housekeepers and stewardesses	37	8			21	58	245	37	3	2	20	183
Laundresses	22	5		1	8	8	62	49	1		3	9
Merchants and dealers	30	7			17	6	35	19		4	5	7
Milliners	47	6	2	2	23	14	54	18	5	5	2	24
Musicians and teachers of music	55	5	2	2	31	15	47	24	5	1	2	15
Nurses and midwives	62	12			14	36	143	32	4	1	23	83
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	15		2	1	6	6	9	5	1			3
Saleswomen	37	8	1	3	31	44	88	12	5	3	7	56
Seamstresses	63	9		4	25	25	128	39	3	3	10	68
Servants and waitresses	209	9	2	4	26	168	214	24	3	1	14	172
Stenographers and typewriters	41	4	4	2	10	21	28	1	2	4	1	20
Tailoresses	20	2	2		16	9	33	8		2	7	15
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	51	6	1	3	24	17	66	26	6	3	6	25
Telegraph and telephone operators	9				4	5	5				3	2
All other occupations	303	54	11	9	128	101	331	153	12	13	30	124
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	1,130	181	90	87	369	403	1,361	649	86	112	105	409
Boarding and lodging house keepers	60	36			22	2	112	110		1	1	
Bookbinders	11	2	1	1	4	3	10	4	3	1	1	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	27	3	6	3	9	6	24	10	3	4	4	3
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	14	1	1	2	6	4	10	4	1		2	3
Boxmakers (paper)	6	1		2	2	1	4			2	1	1
Clerks and copyists	24	4	5	1	5	9	35	10	6	5	2	12
Confectioners	5	1	3			1	3				1	2
Dressmakers	109	13	9	10	45	28	169	91	11	15	16	36
Housekeepers and stewardesses	82	5	3	1	12	61	99	18		2	14	65
Laundresses	71	20	4	5	30	12	109	83	5	2	3	16
Merchants and dealers	26	8		1	15	2	58	45	1	3	4	5
Milliners	25	2	1	7	12	3	28	15	2	5	1	6
Musicians and teachers of music	28	1	5	2	15	5	12	4	2	1	1	4
Nurses and midwives	30	3	1	1	10	15	66	30	6	4	7	19
Packers and shippers	5			3	2		4	1	1	1		1
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	6			1	3	2	6	4	1			1
Saleswomen	49	5	10	5	10	19	64	15	11	11	7	20
Seamstresses	36	7	2	3	11	13	72	40	3	8	2	19
Servants and waitresses	247	23	7	9	50	158	217	50	5	12	11	138
Stenographers and typewriters	10		2		2	6	8	3	1		2	2
Tailoresses	43	9	5	4	11	14	43	19	3	6	6	9
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	19	2	1	7	6	3	17	4	5		3	5
Telegraph and telephone operators	3		1	1		1	2			1		1
Textile mill operatives	17	2	2	5	5	3	13	3	4	3		3
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	7	1	1	1	3	1	9	4		2	2	1
All other occupations	170	28	20	12	78	31	161	77	12	22	14	36
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	2,514	435	63	50	1,113	853	3,732	2,099	56	53	320	1,204
Boarding and lodging house keepers	149	65			80	4	336	330			3	3
Bookbinders	6		2		1	3	6	2	1	1	1	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	32	2	1	2	13	14	13	2	1	2	1	7
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	16		1		9	6	12	6	1		1	4
Clerks and copyists	37	1	2	1	13	10	14	6	1			7
Confectioners	15	1	3	1	9	1	6	3	1	1	1	
Dressmakers	311	42	6	8	177	78	416	247	7	10	41	111
Housekeepers and stewardesses	86	15			21	50	200	69			29	102
Laundresses	287	90	3	7	140	47	598	487	8	7	32	65
Merchants and dealers	104	25	1		73	5	194	181	1	3	3	6

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BOSTON, MASS.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
FOREIGN BORN WHITE—continued.												
Milliners	310	35	92	37	58	88	252	18	89	37	34	7
Musicians and teachers of music	109	18	30	12	21	28	83	10	28	10	12	2
Nurses and midwives	1,163	121	26	15	149	852	846	34	24	14	59	71
Packers and shippers	102	3	44	21	22	12	97	2	43	21	30	1
Saleswomen	1,113	35	406	172	205	295	1,019	14	399	168	168	27
Seamstresses	929	134	199	89	176	331	698	31	193	83	120	27
Servants and waitresses	14,286	481	228	152	668	12,757	12,632	148	214	140	447	11,67
Stenographers and typewriters	261	3	81	42	44	91	245	2	80	41	39	8
Tailoresses	1,254	133	388	126	208	309	1,019	45	376	118	222	25
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	244	25	27	29	30	133	212	10	26	20	25	12
Textile mill operatives	324	34	100	59	76	55	283	11	95	56	54	4
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	143	12	51	25	33	22	115	2	48	23	27	1
All other occupations	2,051	333	566	196	463	493	1,401	80	544	175	231	37
NEGRO.												
All occupations	2,259	485	86	106	373	1,209	1,076	93	74	81	85	74
Dressmakers	126	32	8	12	27	47	55	5	6	10	7	2
Laundresses	462	224	7	18	121	122	123	33	5	12	13	6
Servants and waitresses	1,210	122	28	41	144	875	697	20	24	29	40	56
All other occupations	461	107	43	35	81	165	201	26	39	30	16	9

BUFFALO, N. Y.

	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	26,738	2,889	8,219	3,222	3,018	9,390	22,311	790	8,014	3,058	1,972	8,27
Boarding and lodging house keepers	359	307	2	1	44	5	83	77	1	.....	3	
Bookbinders	200	2	117	59	15	7	191	.....	116	56	13	
Bookkeepers and accountants	973	16	517	205	116	119	934	14	506	198	109	10
Clerks and copyists	1,404	47	733	323	172	129	1,331	24	718	317	152	12
Dressmakers	3,076	479	1,205	481	483	428	2,474	104	1,167	454	316	34
Housekeepers and stewardesses	553	67	22	6	107	351	357	18	20	5	84	23
Laundresses	1,084	409	198	120	167	130	456	38	178	100	42	10
Merchants and dealers	377	235	24	16	86	16	93	38	20	12	10	1
Milliners	517	29	242	85	74	87	459	13	239	83	49	7
Musicians and teachers of music	321	26	137	50	63	45	261	12	133	46	34	8
Nurses and midwives	1,000	96	103	40	131	630	746	28	93	32	50	54
Packers and shippers	210	3	141	41	15	10	209	2	141	41	15	1
Saleswomen	1,463	37	776	266	189	195	1,356	11	763	255	156	17
Seamstresses	716	109	301	139	89	87	567	20	296	127	60	6
Servants and waitresses	7,781	230	889	284	326	6,102	6,894	60	863	212	235	5,52
Stenographers and typewriters	1,033	26	457	209	143	198	989	20	450	205	135	17
Tailoresses	981	110	548	184	100	39	849	33	538	175	69	3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,677	112	937	288	235	445	1,603	84	891	284	212	45
Telegraph and telephone operators	202	9	91	46	18	38	196	8	89	45	17	3
All other occupations	2,811	499	1,119	429	445	329	2,063	99	1,092	411	211	23
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	5,997	579	1,911	749	681	2,077	4,980	180	1,873	709	462	1,75
Boarding and lodging house keepers	100	84	1	1	11	3	19	19	.....	.....	.....	
Bookkeepers and accountants	365	7	176	84	36	62	348	7	173	81	34	
Clerks and copyists	406	18	213	85	47	45	380	7	209	81	40	
Dressmakers	639	107	218	68	101	145	481	40	210	63	51	1
Housekeepers and stewardesses	116	16	2	2	15	80	61	4	2	1	11	
Laundresses	121	45	27	14	14	21	63	3	26	12	4	
Milliners	147	4	60	25	17	32	136	3	89	25	11	
Musicians and teachers of music	133	9	56	17	26	25	102	3	54	15	11	
Nurses and midwives	262	26	20	9	24	183	203	7	18	6	12	1
Saleswomen	387	9	106	68	56	99	338	2	192	63	47	
Seamstresses	116	16	53	15	19	13	86	1	52	13	13	
Servants and waitresses	1,277	37	168	30	67	965	1,066	9	153	26	49	8
Stenographers and typewriters	406	8	150	85	56	107	385	6	148	83	50	
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	519	38	193	89	69	130	488	24	191	87	61	1
All other occupations	1,002	155	390	157	123	187	799	45	376	152	68	1

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 201 negro women and 1 Indian woman, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BOSTON, MASS.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.				Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.	
FOREIGN BORN WHITE—continued.												
Milliners	34	5	2		22	5	24	12	1		2	9
Musicians and teachers of music	16	3		1	9	3	10	5	2	1		2
Nurses and midwives	96	10		1	36	39	231	77	2		54	98
Packers and shippers	5	1	1		2	1						
Saleswomen	57	9	4	2	30	12	37	12	3	2	7	13
Seamstresses	86	16	4	2	41	23	145	87	2	4	15	37
Servants and waitresses	664	63	8	4	148	441	1,000	270	6	8	73	643
Stenographers and typewriters	10			1	3	6	6	1	1		2	2
Tailoresses	117	17	6	5	62	27	118	71	6	3	14	24
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	10	2	1		3	4	22	13			2	7
Textile mill operatives	30	5	4	1	18	2	31	18	1	2	4	6
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	14	2	1	1	6	4	14	8	2	1		3
All other occupations	352	61	13	13	197	68	268	192	9	8	35	54
NEGRO.												
All occupations	622	102	7	16	219	278	561	290	5	9	69	188
Dressmakers	39	8	1	2	16	12	32	19	1		4	8
Laundresses	169	47	1	6	83	32	200	144	1		25	30
Servants and waitresses	286	31	1	6	55	183	227	62	3	6	30	126
All other occupations	128	16	4	2	55	51	102	65		3	10	24

BUFFALO, N. Y.

ALL CLASSES.[2]

All occupations	1,812	370	98	65	843	436	2,815	1,729	107	99	203	677
Boarding and lodging house keepers	90	47	1		40	2	186	183		1	1	1
Bookbinders	3	1		1	1		6	1	1	2	1	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	19	1	6	1	6	5	20	1	5	6	1	7
Clerks and copyists	40	8	5	4	19	4	33	15	10	2	1	5
Dressmakers	245	43	16	10	137	39	357	242	22	17	30	46
Housekeepers and stewardesses	54	13	1		9	31	142	36	1	1	14	90
Laundresses	197	67	12	3	105	10	431	367	8	17	20	19
Merchants and dealers	95	18	3	1	72	1	189	179	1	3	4	2
Milliners	30	6	1		20	3	28	10	2	2	5	9
Musicians and teachers of music	39	1	4	3	25	6	21	13		1	4	3
Nurses and midwives	84	6	4	1	52	21	170	92	6	7	29	66
Packers and shippers							1	1				
Saleswomen	53	6	5	5	26	11	54	20	8	6	7	13
Seamstresses	59	15	3	4	20	8	99	65	2	8	9	15
Servants and waitresses	366	38	14	15	50	249	521	132	12	7	41	329
Stenographers and typewriters	23		6	3	6	8	21	6	1	1	2	11
Tailoresses	35	4	4		26	1	97	73	6	9	5	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	24		6	2	16	3	50	28	3	2	7	10
Telegraph and telephone operators	4		2	1	1		2	1				
All other occupations	361	96	8	11	212	34	387	294	19	7	22	45
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE												
All occupations	410	77	20	13	177	123	607	322	18	27	42	198
Boarding and lodging house keepers	29	15	1		11	2	52	50		1		1
Bookkeepers and accountants	8		2		2	4	9		1	3		5
Clerks and copyists	16	5	1	3	7		12	6	3	1		2
Dressmakers	68	12	2	1	42	11	90	55	6	4	8	17
Housekeepers and stewardesses	13	3			2	8	41	9		1	2	29
Laundresses	18	6	1		9	2	40	36		1	1	2
Milliners	4				4		7	1			2	4
Musicians and teachers of music	20		2	1	13	4	11	6		1	2	2
Nurses and midwives	12	1	1		4	6	47	18	1	3	8	17
Saleswomen	15	3	1	2	7	2	19	4	2	3	2	8
Seamstresses	10	3	1	1	4	1	30	12		1	2	5
Servants and waitresses	85	6	2	2	11	64	106	22	3	2	7	72
Stenographers and typewriters	15		2	2	6	5	6	2				4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	9		2		6	1	22	14		2	2	4
All other occupations	88	23	2	1	49	13	125	87	2	4	6	26

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 261 negro women and 1 Indian woman, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	11,936	967	4,534	1,970	1,307	3,158	10,524	342	4,436	1,886	980	2,880
Boarding and lodging house keepers	113	96	1	.....	16	.....	30	27	1	.....	2	.....
Bookbinders	126	1	74	40	9	2	122	.....	73	39	8	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	479	7	275	101	63	33	464	6	269	100	59	30
Clerks and copyists	795	19	430	194	95	57	769	12	423	193	88	53
Dressmakers	1,539	193	688	315	215	128	1,330	91	672	302	160	105
Housekeepers and stewardesses	228	28	14	2	57	127	166	6	14	2	49	95
Laundresses	398	122	103	78	55	40	221	12	96	63	18	32
Merchants and dealers	152	83	13	11	36	7	50	19	11	8	6	6
Milliners	288	17	136	48	34	23	233	9	134	46	24	20
Musicians and teachers of music	138	11	64	26	29	8	117	5	63	24	18	7
Nurses and midwives	295	17	51	22	33	172	240	8	45	19	17	151
Packers and shippers	126	2	82	30	6	6	126	2	82	30	6	6
Saleswomen	793	12	448	169	87	77	753	2	442	163	75	71
Seamstresses	383	46	158	93	47	39	323	15	156	84	37	31
Servants and waitresses	2,838	59	468	138	105	2,068	2,617	18	456	127	82	1,934
Stenographers and typewriters	449	5	238	101	60	45	434	5	230	99	58	41
Tailoresses	586	30	300	141	54	11	496	20	283	135	38	10
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	916	57	380	190	130	159	888	47	346	159	122	184
Telegraph and telephone operators	101	4	49	23	9	16	97	4	47	23	8	15
All other occupations	1,283	136	595	248	165	107	1,048	34	583	241	104	86
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	8,543	1,273	1,763	490	987	4,028	6,490	357	1,700	451	515	3,567
Boarding and lodging house keepers	138	119	.....	.....	17	2	32	29	.....	.....	1	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	129	2	66	20	17	24	122	1	64	17	16	24
Clerks and copyists	200	10	90	44	30	26	181	5	86	43	24	23
Dressmakers	860	173	295	96	163	133	682	62	284	87	103	116
Housekeepers and stewardesses	196	20	6	2	33	135	124	7	4	2	24	87
Laundresses	547	290	68	28	94	67	167	19	56	24	18	50
Merchants and dealers	183	132	6	4	38	3	25	13	4	3	3	2
Milliners	111	8	37	12	23	31	89	1	36	12	14	26
Nurses and midwives	440	53	32	9	71	275	302	13	30	7	20	232
Saleswomen	282	16	133	29	45	58	249	7	129	29	34	50
Seamstresses	210	35	88	31	23	33	156	4	86	30	10	26
Servants and waitresses	3,534	110	261	58	140	2,965	3,118	28	252	52	100	2,686
Stenographers and typewriters	178	13	72	23	27	43	170	9	72	23	26	40
Tailoresses	345	51	206	30	40	18	284	9	203	28	27	17
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	239	17	54	9	35	124	224	13	54	8	28	121
All other occupations	951	224	351	95	190	91	595	37	340	86	67	65

CHICAGO, ILL.

	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	138,020	15,067	41,090	15,576	16,828	49,459	109,994	3,753	39,915	14,699	9,985	41,642
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	607	26	90	71	78	342	329	8	64	51	18	188
Agents	578	153	91	51	94	189	306	32	93	47	36	107
Artists and teachers of art	708	60	223	110	134	176	538	26	207	102	68	135
Barbers and hairdressers	453	79	122	40	81	131	286	21	115	38	32	80
Boarding and lodging house keepers	2,181	1,879	10	8	208	46	369	330	2	2	16	19
Bookbinders	1,400	24	771	334	155	116	1,337	13	763	325	132	104
Bookkeepers and accountants	4,970	171	2,220	970	672	937	4,529	96	2,164	930	544	795
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	455	16	224	106	61	48	401	3	216	99	45	38
Boxmakers (paper)	732	15	462	171	56	28	705	5	458	167	49	26
Clerks and copyists	8,203	213	4,061	1,665	976	1,288	7,810	98	4,003	1,615	798	1,096
Confectioners	561	96	254	79	92	30	491	20	248	73	33	27
Dressmakers	12,709	2,518	3,620	1,500	2,445	2,626	9,017	773	3,461	1,371	1,397	2,015
Glovemakers	574	18	306	102	51	37	545	7	301	99	46	32
Housekeepers and stewardesses	2,903	460	68	26	441	1,908	1,582	83	51	21	276	1,151
Laborers (not specified)	1,189	209	403	116	276	185	756	15	441	113	46	141

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 1 Chinese, 1 Japanese, and 1 Indian woman, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	537	97	39	32	257	112	875	528	59	52	70	166
Boarding and lodging house keepers	23	10			13		60	59			1	
Bookbinders	2	1				1	2		1		1	
Bookkeepers and accountants	6		2		3	1	9	1	4	1	1	2
Clerks and copyists	12	2	1	1	6	2	14	5	6		1	2
Dressmakers	75	12	7	3	45	8	134	90	9	10	10	15
Housekeepers and stewardesses	17	5			4	8	45	17			4	24
Laundresses	53	13	4	3	31	2	124	97	3	12	6	6
Merchants and dealers	40	8	1	1	29	1	62	56	1	2	3	
Milliners	11	2			8	1	14	6	2	2	2	2
Musicians and teachers of music	14		1	2	10	1	7	6			1	
Nurses and midwives	18		2	1	8	7	37	9	4	2	8	14
Packers and shippers												
Saleswomen	20	2	2	3	9	4	20	8	4	3	3	2
Seamstresses	22	6	1	3	8	4	38	25	1	6	2	4
Servants and waitresses	100	13	8	7	12	60	121	28	4	4	11	74
Stenographers and typewriters	7		4	1		2	8		1	1	1	5
Tailoresses	17	2	2		13		43	28	5	6	3	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	6		1	1	3	1	22	10	3		5	4
Telegraph and telephone operators	4		2	1	1							
All other occupations	90	21	1	4	54	10	115	83	11	3	7	11
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	779	175	37	19	383	165	1,274	841	28	20	89	296
Boarding and lodging house keepers	36	20			16		70	70				
Bookkeepers and accountants	5	1	2	1	1		2			2		
Clerks and copyists	12	1	3		6	2	7	4	1	1		1
Dressmakers	82	18	6	6	43	4	126	93	5	3	12	13
Housekeepers and stewardesses	18	3	1		1	13	54	10	1		8	35
Laundresses	121	45	7		63	6	251	226	5	4	13	11
Merchants and dealers	46	10	2		34		112	109		1	1	1
Milliners	15	4	1		8	2	7	3			1	3
Nurses and midwives	52	5	1		38	8	86	35	1	2	13	35
Saleswomen	18	1	2		10	5	15	8	2		2	3
Seamstresses	16	5	1		8	2	33	26	1	1	5	5
Servants and waitresses	150	13	4	5	19	109	266	69	5	1	21	170
Stenographers and typewriters	1					1	7	4			1	2
Tailoresses	17	2	2		12	1	44	40	1	2	1	
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	9			1	7	1	6	4				2
All other occupations	181	47	5	6	112	11	175	140	6	3	11	15

CHICAGO, ILL.

ALL CLASSES.[2]

OCCUPATION.												
All occupations	11,075	1,678	563	309	5,616	2,909	16,951	9,636	612	568	1,227	4,908
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	229	8	17	13	58	133	49	10	9	7	2	21
Agents	105	22	3	1	51	28	168	99	5	3	7	54
Artists and teachers of art	92	3	8	2	56	18	78	30	8	6	10	24
Barbers and hairdressers	84	17	1	1	43	22	83	41	6	1	6	29
Boarding and lodging house keepers	404	207	3	2	180	12	1,379	1,342	5	4	12	16
Bookbinders	38	4	3	3	19	9	25	7	5	6	4	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	225	14	25	16	110	60	216	61	31	24	18	82
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	22		4	1	9	8	32	13	4	6	7	2
Boxmakers (paper)	12	1	2	3	4	2	15	9	2	1	3	
Clerks and copyists	296	18	26	14	147	91	297	97	32	36	31	101
Confectioners	76	12	3	1	38	2	74	64	3	5	1	1
Dressmakers	1,460	268	65	38	839	230	2,292	1,477	94	91	189	441
Glovemakers	14	2	4	2	5	1	15	9	1	1		4
Housekeepers and stewardesses	389	67	13	2	69	204	1,022	310	5	3	96	608
Laborers (not specified)	235	42	14	1	158	20	196	152	8	2	12	22

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 1 Chinese, 1 Japanese, and 1 Indian woman, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CHICAGO, ILL.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.	
ALL CLASSES[2]—continued.												
Laundresses	6,178	2,303	1,177	513	1,042	1,143	2,920	249	1,112	432	319	816
Merchants and dealers	1,491	801	128	59	422	81	377	117	101	45	58	56
Milliners	3,164	212	1,444	449	506	553	2,715	97	1,412	432	348	426
Musicians and teachers of music	2,021	180	781	299	319	442	1,583	74	736	276	157	340
Nurses and midwives	3,782	586	185	113	587	2,311	2,439	136	156	94	179	1,874
Packers and shippers	823	23	538	153	66	43	789	9	534	150	56	40
Physicians and surgeons	548	108	37	19	152	142	234	74	30	16	26	88
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	546	24	241	129	68	84	472	8	236	120	45	63
Saleswomen	7,313	199	3,644	1,315	906	1,149	6,993	78	3,575	1,282	708	950
Seamstresses	7,029	873	2,797	980	1,022	1,357	5,590	217	2,718	909	701	1,044
Servants and waitresses	33,241	1,045	2,361	780	1,680	27,395	28,467	230	2,271	705	1,027	24,214
Stenographers and typewriters	7,958	198	3,279	1,451	961	2,069	7,499	152	3,222	1,414	835	1,876
Tailoresses	5,742	488	3,231	856	648	519	4,942	127	3,166	819	381	449
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	7,194	475	2,400	1,206	1,021	2,092	6,450	309	2,338	1,158	717	1,928
Telegraph and telephone operators	1,246	37	624	247	164	174	1,169	20	614	237	146	152
Textile mill operatives	506	14	348	89	28	27	484	5	346	88	20	25
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	959	73	472	171	141	102	826	25	462	164	90	85
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	774	28	438	75	56	177	705	4	431	71	35	164
All other occupations	9,302	1,367	3,920	1,323	1,299	1,393	7,011	270	3,818	1,234	601	1,088
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	27,069	3,437	5,921	2,789	3,719	11,223	19,912	986	5,655	2,547	2,089	8,685
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	275	10	41	25	27	172	147	3	26	17	5	96
Agents	288	77	33	13	48	117	139	17	30	10	16	66
Artists and teachers of art	393	42	113	53	71	114	287	17	105	49	30	86
Barbers and hairdressers	102	19	15	4	14	50	56	3	14	3	6	30
Boarding and lodging house keepers	716	625	3	1	71	16	92	85			2	5
Bookbinders	180	8	86	33	24	34	166	8	86	31	14	32
Bookkeepers and accountants	1,498	86	465	231	205	511	1,281	44	438	218	154	427
Clerks and copyists	2,231	77	849	362	221	632	1,986	32	832	340	234	548
Dressmakers	2,982	597	323	190	520	962	1,450	177	291	160	202	620
Housekeepers and stewardesses	535	111	12	11	76	425	277	22	8	8	38	201
Laundresses	486	151	77	52	77	129	244	15	73	44	29	83
Merchants and dealers	227	94	25	9	60	39	66	9	19	7	6	27
Milliners	870	71	286	81	142	290	690	34	276	78	90	212
Musicians and teachers of music	931	88	305	123	158	257	707	42	283	108	83	191
Nurses and midwives	1,152	132	35	26	119	840	816	42	26	21	40	687
Physicians and surgeons	290	94	21	10	73	92	130	33	17	9	15	56
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	169	11	51	30	22	49	122	1	50	22	14	35
Saleswomen	1,383	56	418	172	182	556	1,111	16	405	162	120	408
Seamstresses	910	138	152	76	133	411	602	30	143	65	77	287
Servants and waitresses	3,118	101	148	66	134	2,669	2,402	29	143	54	68	2,108
Stenographers and typewriters	3,082	114	842	478	414	1,234	2,814	83	818	460	345	1,108
Tailoresses	160	28	32	10	34	56	103	6	32	10	17	38
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	2,894	214	754	394	418	914	2,335	142	735	372	273	813
Telegraph and telephone operators	322	16	140	47	38	81	286	5	138	43	33	66
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	120	17	39	15	22	27	84	4	38	15	9	18
All other occupations	2,187	366	656	251	348	566	1,498	92	628	231	138	409
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	54,975	3,415	24,035	9,353	5,905	12,267	48,929	1,179	23,564	8,978	4,491	10,717
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	164	9	33	27	24	71	93	4	28	22	8	31
Agents	177	27	51	36	28	35	118	1	49	35	14	19
Artists and teachers of art	212	12	80	42	40	38	173	4	74	38	29	28
Barbers and hairdressers	158	13	70	31	26	18	135	8	66	30	16	15
Boarding and lodging house keepers	522	453	3	4	52	10	119	105	1		7	6
Bookbinders	969	15	543	262	94	55	930	8	535	256	86	51
Bookkeepers and accountants	2,710	56	1,396	601	342	316	2,568	38	1,374	581	298	277
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	305	5	148	86	38	28	286	2	146	81	34	23
Boxmakers (paper)	506	9	324	131	30	12	494	4	323	127	28	12
Clerks and copyists	4,611	78	2,546	1,109	470	408	4,411	43	2,509	1,086	416	357
Confectioners	301	27	158	56	43	17	249	7	153	53	20	16
Dressmakers	5,482	753	2,167	902	860	800	4,475	270	2,102	841	610	643
Glovemakers	364	9	243	69	32	11	350	3	241	67	30	9
Housekeepers and stewardesses	742	103	25	12	153	449	478	30	21	11	120	296
Laborers (not specified)	414	22	260	69	41	22	366	2	267	68	21	18

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 1 Chinese, 1 Japanese, and 1 Indian woman, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CHICAGO, ILL.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.[1]	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.				Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.	
ALL CLASSES[2]—continued.												
Laundresses	1,069	275	35	30	604	115	2,190	1,779	30	51	119	211
Merchants and dealers	468	80	17	3	353	15	646	604	10	11	11	10
Milliners	219	18	18	8	127	48	230	97	14	9	31	79
Musicians and teachers of music	245	15	26	8	146	50	193	91	19	13	16	52
Nurses and midwives	458	52	10	6	285	105	885	398	19	13	123	332
Packers and shippers	16	4	2	1	9		18	10	2	2	1	3
Physicians and surgeons	164	22	4		114	24	150	102	3	3	12	30
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	38	2	3	3	20	10	36	14	2	6	3	11
Saleswomen	322	31	31	12	165	83	298	90	33	21	33	116
Seamstresses	458	83	23	19	248	85	972	573	56	52	73	218
Servants and waitresses	1,805	116	44	34	414	1,197	2,969	679	46	41	219	1,984
Stenographers and typewriters	234	6	24	12	103	89	225	40	33	25	23	104
Tailoresses	366	64	31	10	233	27	435	297	34	27	34	43
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	406	19	38	24	263	64	336	147	24	24	41	100
Telegraph and telephone operators	38	3	4	5	16	10	39	14	6	5	2	12
Textile mill operatives	10	1			8	1	12	8	2	1		1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	71	13	2	5	42	9	62	35	8	2	9	8
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	37	4	3	2	19	9	32	20	4	2	2	4
All other occupations	1,009	180	58	27	621	123	1,282	917	44	62	77	182
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	2,964	433	134	83	1,337	977	4,193	2,018	122	139	323	1 591
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	99	3	9	3	20	64	29	4	6	5	1	13
Agents	32	11	1		26	14	95	49	2	3	4	37
Artists and teachers of art	54	5	4	1	33	11	52	20	4	3	8	17
Barbers and hairdressers	25	6		1	7	11	21	10	1		1	9
Boarding and lodging house keepers	146	77	1		63	3	478	463	2	1	4	8
Bookbinders	8				7	1	6			2	3	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	107	6	12	8	46	35	110	36	15	5	6	49
Clerks and copyists	117	10	8	6	48	45	128	35	9	16	9	59
Dressmakers	463	84	18	11	245	106	760	436	14	19	73	218
Housekeepers and stewardesses	101	26	3	1	18	53	257	63	1	2	20	171
Laundresses	90	29	3	2	36	20	182	107	1	6	12	26
Merchants and dealers	75	11	4		50	10	84	74	2	2	4	2
Milliners	82	5	3	1	40	33	98	33	7	2	12	45
Musicians and teachers of music	129	9	15	6	65	34	95	37	7	9	10	32
Nurses and midwives	89	10		2	43	34	247	80	9	3	36	119
Physicians and surgeons	85	13	3		54	15	75	48	1	1	4	21
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	20	2	1	2	7	8	17	8		2	1	6
Saleswomen	115	6	6	4	53	46	127	33	7	6	9	72
Seamstresses	89	19	1	2	39	28	219	80	8	9	17	96
Servants and waitresses	296	17	2	5	44	227	421	55	3	7	22	334
Stenographers and typewriters	131	5	10	8	57	51	137	26	14	10	12	75
Tailoresses	27	6			14	7	30	16			3	11
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	199	8	12	11	128	40	160	64	7	11	17	61
Telegraph and telephone operators	18	3		2	5	8	18	8	1	2		7
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	23	7			11	5	13	6	1		2	4
All other occupations	325	55	18	7	176	69	364	219	10	13	34	88
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	2,478	355	210	126	1,146	641	3,568	1,881	261	249	268	909
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	63	1	5	4	16	37	8	4		1		3
Agents	25	2		1	12	9	34	23	2		2	7
Artists and teachers of art	22	3	2	1	10	6	17	5	4	3	1	4
Barbers and hairdressers	15	4	1		10		8	1	3	1		3
Boarding and lodging house keepers	92	49		1	41	1	311	299	2	3	4	3
Bookbinders	16	2	3	2	7	2	17	5	5	4	1	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	73	4	9	4	38	18	99	13	13	16	6	21
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	7			1	2	4	12	3	2	4	2	1
Boxmakers (paper)	4	1		3			8	4	1	1	2	
Clerks and copyists	97	5	16	8	44	24	103	30	21	15	10	27
Confectioners	31	4	2	1	23	1	21	16	3	2		
Dressmakers	343	70	19	15	184	55	664	413	46	46	57	102
Glovemakers	7	1	2	2	2		7	5				2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	74	11	3		10	50	190	62	1	1	23	103
Laborers (not specified)	36	4		1	18	3	22	16	3		2	1

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 1 Chinese, 1 Japanese, and 1 Indian woman, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CHICAGO, ILL.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Laundresses	1,656	252	668	270	201	265	1,244	32	649	239	120	204
Merchants and dealers	381	169	61	35	106	10	155	37	58	29	23	8
Milliners	1,533	77	826	271	206	153	1,400	43	810	261	160	126
Musicians and teachers of music	775	40	393	145	93	104	682	14	381	137	57	93
Nurses and midwives	926	115	88	42	108	573	694	37	80	37	60	480
Packers and shippers	541	13	345	120	43	20	530	8	344	120	39	19
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	281	10	149	74	29	19	260	6	146	71	23	14
Saleswomen	4,131	85	2,296	578	473	699	3,919	41	2,262	881	410	345
Seamstresses	3,066	233	1,526	586	366	375	2,691	67	1,487	532	295	310
Servants and waitresses	8,146	155	1,229	369	359	6,034	7,374	56	1,200	351	287	5,480
Stenographers and typewriters	3,980	63	2,013	830	417	657	3,843	52	1,989	816	384	602
Tailoresses	2,195	62	1,492	383	152	106	2,063	24	1,467	370	110	92
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	3,561	162	1,437	702	465	795	3,304	113	1,405	679	351	756
Telegraph and telephone operators	759	17	409	168	98	67	732	12	404	165	88	63
Textile mill operatives	331	3	241	68	10	9	326	1	240	68	9	8
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	497	12	273	116	50	36	483	6	270	111	43	31
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	216	7	151	34	14	12	200	1	148	32	8	11
All other occupations	4,361	350	2,391	845	432	343	3,798	100	2,345	803	276	274
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	51,098	7,117	10,902	3,210	6,261	23,608	39,178	1,449	10,523	2,988	3,259	20,949
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	116	5	8	17	20	66	53	1	5	12	3	37
Agents	110	48	6	2	19	35	46	14	4	2	6	20
Barbers and hairdressers	117	27	32	3	20	35	72	4	31	3	9	25
Boarding and lodging house keepers	809	709	4	3	77	16	146	131	1	2	7	5
Bookbinders	251	6	142	39	37	27	235	2	142	38	32	21
Bookkeepers and accountants	749	30	353	136	124	106	668	14	347	129	91	87
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	100	9	57	13	13	8	79	1	53	12	6	7
Boxmakers (paper)	178	4	116	28	19	11	167	.....	114	28	14	11
Clerks and copyists	1,309	58	661	187	204	199	1,174	23	657	182	141	171
Confectioners	197	56	78	15	38	10	116	8	77	13	10	8
Dressmakers	4,208	980	1,100	391	949	788	2,935	320	1,047	357	555	656
Glovemakers	178	6	108	29	16	19	167	3	106	28	13	17
Housekeepers and stewardesses	1,434	200	30	2	189	1,013	776	24	22	1	114	615
Laborers (not specified)	631	151	170	39	150	121	328	11	154	39	20	104
Laundresses	3,118	1,475	414	139	495	595	1,301	157	380	122	157	485
Merchants and dealers	877	537	40	15	254	31	151	71	22	9	29	20
Milliners	752	63	329	94	157	109	617	20	323	90	97	87
Musicians and teachers of music	267	48	72	27	56	64	170	17	64	27	13	49
Nurses and midwives	1,605	321	60	37	343	844	873	57	48	31	72	665
Packers and shippers	208	8	140	22	20	18	191	1	138	20	15	17
Physicians and surgeons	145	62	5	4	47	27	54	23	2	4	6	19
Saleswomen	1,713	58	928	261	249	217	1,551	21	906	256	176	192
Seamstresses	2,906	409	1,103	326	486	522	2,246	117	1,075	303	321	430
Servants and waitresses	19,471	488	883	244	833	17,023	17,454	112	863	223	686	15,080
Stenographers and typewriters	871	20	421	138	124	168	825	16	413	134	104	158
Tailoresses	3,381	397	1,707	462	460	355	2,773	97	1,667	438	253	318
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	901	95	200	104	130	372	787	53	191	101	89	353
Telegraph and telephone operators	164	4	75	32	28	25	150	3	71	29	25	22
Textile mill operatives	132	7	89	13	15	8	119	2	88	13	8	8
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	341	43	160	40	59	39	279	15	154	38	36	36
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	541	19	286	38	42	156	494	1	282	37	27	147
All other occupations	3,318	714	1,125	310	588	581	2,176	110	1,086	277	224	479
NEGRO.												
All occupations	4,875	1,097	232	244	943	2,359	1,973	139	173	176	176	1,309
Boarding and lodging house keepers	104	92	.....	.....	8	4	11	9	.....	.....	.....	2
Dressmakers	397	88	30	17	116	146	148	6	21	13	21	87
Housekeepers and stewardesses	152	46	1	1	23	81	51	7	.....	1	4	39
Laundresses	917	426	18	52	299	153	139	45	10	27	13	44
Seamstresses	147	33	16	12	37	49	60	3	13	9	8	27
Servants and waitresses	2,505	300	101	101	334	1,669	1,237	53	75	77	86	946
All other occupations	653	113	66	61	156	257	327	16	54	40	44	169

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CHICAGO, ILL.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Laundresses	164	48	11	14	64	27	248	172	8	17	17	34
Merchants and dealers	99	12	2	1	82	2	127	120	1	5	1	
Milliners	71	5	11	5	41	9	62	29	5	5	5	18
Musicians and teachers of music	53	5	8	2	35	3	40	21	4	6	1	8
Nurses and midwives	70	10	3	2	28	27	162	68	5	3	20	66
Packers and shippers	5	1			4		5	4	1			1
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	9		1	1	5	2	12	4	2	2	1	3
Saleswomen	112	15	16	6	47	28	190	29	18	11	16	26
Seamstresses	129	26	14	10	51	28	246	140	25	24	20	37
Servants and waitresses	305	14	13	7	52	219	467	85	16	11	20	335
Stenographers and typewriters	70	1	8	3	27	31	67	10	16	11	6	24
Tailoresses	59	4	12	2	34	7	73	34	13	11	8	7
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	153	6	22	12	97	16	104	43	10	11	17	23
Telegraph and telephone operators	14		2	1	9	2	13	5	3	2	1	2
Textile mill operatives	1				1		4	2	1			1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	21	3	1	4	11	2	13	3	2	1	4	3
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	12	3	2	1	5	1	6	3	1	1	1	
All other occupations	236	40	22	11	136	27	327	210	24	31	20	42
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	4,418	790	183	74	2,520	851	7,502	4,878	196	138	482	1,808
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	49	2	1	4	17	25	9	2	2	1		4
Agents	26	8	1		12	5	38	26	1		1	10
Barbers and hairdressers	19	5			9	5	26	18	1		2	5
Boarding and lodging house keepers	141	64	2	1	67	7	522	514	1		3	4
Bookbinders	14	2		1	5	6	2	2				
Bookkeepers and accountants	45	4	4	4	26	7	36	12	2	3	7	12
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	7		3		4		14	8	1	1	3	1
Boxmakers (paper)	5		1		4		6	4	1		1	
Clerks and copyists	72	3	2		51	16	63	32	2	5	12	12
Confectioners	36	7	1		27	1	45	41		2	1	1
Dressmakers	524	105	21	11	345	42	749	555	32	23	49	90
Glovemakers	5	1	1		3		3	2	1	1		2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	150	23	5	1	30	91	508	153	3		45	307
Laborers (not specified)	176	32	11		125	8	127	108	5		5	9
Laundresses	535	171	16	7	300	41	1,282	1,147	16	10	38	69
Merchants and dealers	292	57	11	2	219	3	434	409	7	4	6	8
Milliners	66	8	4	2	46	6	69	35	2	2	14	16
Musicians and teachers of music	49	1	2		38	8	48	30	6		5	7
Nurses and midwives	292	30	7	2	210	43	440	234	5	4	61	136
Packers and shippers	9	2	1	1	5		8	5	1	1		1
Physicians and surgeons	46	6	1		35	4	45	33	2		6	4
Saleswomen	94	10	9	1	65	9	68	27	13	4	8	16
Seamstresses	207	38	8	7	132	22	453	314	20	16	33	70
Servants and waitresses	644	61	12	9	131	431	1,373	315	18	12	116	912
Stenographers and typewriters	28		5	1	16	6	18	4	3	3	4	4
Tailoresses	276	53	19	8	184	12	332	247	21	16	23	25
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	46	4	3	1	34	4	68	38	6	2	7	15
Telegraph and telephone operators	6		2	2	2		8	1	2	1	1	3
Textile mill operatives	7				7		6	5	1			
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	26	2	1	1	20	2	36	26	5	1	3	1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	22	1	1		14	6	25	17	3	1	1	3
All other occupations	504	90	28	8	337	41	638	514	11	25	27	61
NEGRO.												
All occupations	1,215	100	36	26	613	440	1,687	858	23	42	154	610
Boarding and lodging house keepers	25	17			7	1	68	66			1	1
Dressmakers	130	9	7	1	85	28	119	73	2	3	10	31
Housekeepers and stewardesses	34	7	1		11	15	67	32			8	27
Laundresses	270	27	5	7	204	27	508	353	3	18	52	82
Seamstresses	33				26	7	54	30	3	3	3	15
Servants and waitresses	361	24	17	13	187	320	707	223	9	11	61	403
All other occupations	162	16	6	5	93	42	164	81	6	7	19	51

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.	
ALL CLASSES.												
All occupations	35,150	5,530	10,069	6,079	4,190	9,282	27,518	1,573	9,689	5,708	2,649	7,899
Boarding and lodging house keepers	319	281	2	6	22	8	96	83	1	3	3	6
Bookbinders	202	18	73	63	32	15	183	9	71	60	30	13
Bookkeepers and accountants	666	17	312	196	77	61	641	13	310	193	67	58
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	1,317	46	687	383	158	43	1,251	26	670	375	142	38
Boxmakers (paper)	384	8	212	105	42	17	368	2	208	102	39	17
Clerks and copyists	960	34	452	265	118	90	900	18	446	253	104	79
Dressmakers	2,662	630	887	535	420	190	2,015	231	858	502	291	133
Housekeepers and stewardesses	504	36	16	4	95	353	314	7	13	3	66	225
Laundresses	2,932	1,351	313	234	576	458	1,057	193	251	178	117	318
Merchants and dealers	422	282	34	27	63	16	105	41	22	25	8	9
Milliners	599	47	282	139	95	36	522	17	279	132	66	28
Musicians and teachers of music	380	43	147	96	52	42	324	10	140	91	41	33
Nurses and midwives	757	170	44	28	96	419	479	28	36	21	33	361
Packers and shippers	347	24	193	72	45	13	314	7	190	69	36	12
Saleswomen	1,919	66	889	553	236	175	1,802	37	877	524	203	161
Seamstresses	2,831	554	937	674	351	316	2,218	193	895	625	256	249
Servants and waitresses	8,499	694	741	409	487	6,168	6,996	229	699	366	299	5,403
Stenographers and typewriters	1,255	34	588	332	146	155	1,213	25	582	329	136	141
Tailoresses	1,701	216	724	490	211	70	1,427	84	682	453	147	61
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,312	115	397	296	197	307	1,236	92	392	292	169	291
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	1,493	100	777	382	133	71	1,349	33	761	366	127	62
All other occupations	3,690	763	1,362	797	508	260	2,708	186	1,306	746	269	201
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	9,494	1,232	3,022	1,506	1,061	2,674	7,822	432	2,940	1,410	759	2,281
Boarding and lodging house keepers	137	121	1	4	9	2	53	46	1	1	3	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	268	9	113	84	22	40	255	7	112	82	16	38
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	357	7	219	70	44	17	345	6	214	68	42	15
Boxmakers (paper)	121	1	79	26	10	5	120	.....	78	26	10	6
Clerks and copyists	391	12	185	94	52	48	368	5	182	90	48	43
Dressmakers	606	212	198	77	119	90	453	70	185	68	70	60
Housekeepers and stewardesses	125	10	3	1	11	100	76	3	3	1	4	65
Laundresses	433	144	83	45	67	94	222	22	77	38	26	59
Milliners	177	14	72	41	25	25	151	4	71	38	18	20
Musicians and teachers of music	178	17	76	41	22	22	151	6	72	38	18	17
Nurses and midwives	250	41	16	8	28	156	177	6	13	5	12	141
Packers and shippers	133	9	72	27	19	6	119	2	70	26	15	6
Saleswomen	594	25	287	139	64	79	560	17	283	131	54	75
Seamstresses	739	171	227	127	77	137	564	63	216	116	68	101
Servants and waitresses	1,948	118	109	83	88	1,490	1,670	42	166	75	63	1,324
Stenographers and typewriters	534	16	224	127	61	106	509	12	221	125	56	95
Tailoresses	284	33	133	54	36	20	228	16	127	45	20	12
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	456	39	135	93	86	83	429	30	154	91	78	76
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	379	33	191	86	49	20	342	13	186	83	38	11
All other occupations	1,286	194	519	278	170	124	1,022	68	506	264	93	91
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	17,788	1,894	6,201	4,096	1,937	3,660	15,328	638	6,007	3,880	1,504	3,299
Bookbinders	126	8	46	41	23	8	115	3	44	38	22	8
Bookkeepers and accountants	367	6	185	109	49	18	355	4	184	105	45	17
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	906	29	443	306	104	24	865	18	431	301	94	21
Boxmakers (paper)	248	7	124	77	28	12	235	2	121	74	26	12
Clerks and copyists	512	21	243	162	52	34	482	12	240	154	46	30
Dressmakers	1,590	258	638	410	220	64	1,345	106	625	391	176	47
Housekeepers and stewardesses	212	7	10	1	51	143	159	3	9	1	42	104
Laundresses	853	336	154	118	107	138	433	45	137	96	48	107
Merchants and dealers	178	109	20	18	27	3	54	15	14	18	6	
Milliners	378	21	203	93	51	10	341	9	201	89	35	
Musicians and teachers of music	177	17	68	53	22	17	153	9	65	51	17	11
Nurses and midwives	262	48	18	18	29	149	192	11	14	15	15	137
Packers and shippers	203	10	118	43	25	7	186	2	117	41	20	6

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

ALL CLASSES.

OCCUPATION.	Married. Total.	Married. Living at home. Heads of families.	Married. Living at home. Living with— Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]	Married. Living with employer or boarding.	Widowed and divorced. Total.	Widowed and divorced. Living at home. Heads of families.	Widowed and divorced. Living at home. Living with— Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	Widowed and divorced. Living with employer or boarding.
All occupations	2,557	596	203	119	1,207	432	5,075	3,361	177	252	334	951
Boarding and lodging house keepers	69	51			18		154	147	1	3	1	2
Bookbinders	4	1	1	1	1		15	9	1	2	1	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	8				7	1	17	4	2	6	3	2
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	29	5	10	4	9	1	37	15	7	4	7	4
Boxmakers (paper)	9	3	4	1	1		7	3		2	2	
Clerks and copyists	25	4	3	3	11	4	34	12	3	9	3	7
Dressmakers	177	47	13	5	98	14	470	352	16	28	21	43
Housekeepers and stewardesses	35	1	1	1	11	21	155	28	2		18	107
Laundresses	706	194	35	25	407	45	1,169	964	27	31	52	95
Merchants and dealers	78	16	10	1	50	1	239	225	2	1	5	6
Milliners	35	2	3	3	25	2	42	28		4	4	6
Musicians and teachers of music	23	7	2	1	10	3	33	17	5	4	1	6
Nurses and midwives	55	14		3	29	9	223	128	8	4	34	49
Packers and shippers	11	1	2		7	1	22	16	1	3	2	
Saleswomen	47	4	10	8	21	4	70	25	2	21	12	10
Seamstresses	153	46	16	11	63	15	460	313	26	38	32	51
Servants and waitresses	518	85	22	16	130	265	985	380	20	27	58	500
Stenographers and typewriters	17	1	2	1	5	8	25	8	4	2	5	6
Talloresses	101	12	30	8	51		173	120	12	19	13	9
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	30	2	3	2	17	6	46	21	2	2	11	10
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	67	16	9	5	32	5	77	51	7	11	4	4
All other occupations	360	82	27	20	204	27	622	496	29	31	35	32

NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.

All occupations	563	148	39	33	219	124	1,109	632	43	62	83	269
Boarding and lodging house keepers	15	9			6		69	66		3		
Bookkeepers and accountants	4				4		9	2	1	2	2	2
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	8	1	4	2	1		4		1		1	2
Boxmakers (paper)	1	1										
Clerks and copyists	7	2		1	2	2	16	5	3	3	2	3
Dressmakers	78	22	7	2	40	7	165	120	6	7	9	23
Housekeepers and stewardesses	10	1			4	5	39	6			3	30
Laundresses	76	30	2	4	32	8	125	92	4	3	6	20
Milliners	9		1	2	4	2	17	10		1	3	3
Musicians and teachers of music	11	4	1		4	2	16	7	3	3		3
Nurses and midwives	10	3		1	3	3	72	32	3	2	13	22
Packers and shippers	5		1		4		9	7	1	1		
Saleswomen	14	2	3	1	6	2	20	6	1	7	4	2
Seamstresses	40	16	5	3	8	8	135	92	6	9	6	22
Servants and waitresses	99	18	2	2	15	62	179	58	1	6	10	104
Stenographers and typewriters	8	1		1	1	5	17	3	3	1	4	6
Talloresses	16	3	3	6	4		42	26	3	3	5	5
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	10			1	6	3	17	9	1	1	2	4
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	19	7	1	1	9	1	18	13	1	2	2	
All other occupations	123	28	9	6	66	14	140	98	5	8	11	18

NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.

All occupations	751	179	96	56	315	105	1,708	1,077	98	151	118	264
Bookbinders	3	1	1	1			8	4	1	2	1	
Bookkeepers and accountants	4				3	1	8	2	1	4	1	
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	17	3	6	2	5	1	24	8	6	3	5	2
Boxmakers (paper)	7	2	3	1	1		6	3		2	1	
Clerks and copyists	14	2	3	2	6	1	16	7		6		3
Dressmakers	59	17	5	2	31	4	186	136	8	17	13	13
Housekeepers and stewardesses	11				3	8	42	4	1		6	31
Laundresses	118	28	7	8	47	8	302	243	10	14	12	23
Merchants and dealers	32	8	6		18		92	86		1	3	2
Milliners	19	1	2	1	15		18	11		3	1	3
Musicians and teachers of music	9	2	1	1	4	1	13	6	2	1	1	3
Nurses and midwives	16	5		2	6	3	54	32	4	1	8	9
Packers and shippers	6	1	1		3	1	11	7		2	2	

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CINCINNATI, OHIO—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Saleswomen	1,204	25	551	391	149	88	1,142	14	546	371	131	80
Seamstresses	1,591	234	636	507	199	115	1,439	94	611	475	159	100
Servants and waitresses	3,460	174	437	217	177	2,455	3,082	66	419	199	140	2,258
Stenographers and typewriters	677	16	342	195	79	45	662	11	340	194	75	42
Tailoresses	1,163	113	499	362	120	69	1,036	53	473	377	97	36
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	673	51	219	176	78	149	651	44	217	175	70	145
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	913	45	466	265	94	43	834	13	456	252	78	35
All other occupations	1,995	359	781	503	253	99	1,566	104	743	472	162	85
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	5,202	1,549	663	301	611	2,078	3,203	274	605	270	289	1,765
Dressmakers	311	138	45	42	66	20	178	44	42	38	39	15
Housekeepers and stewardesses	134	16	2	.....	27	89	61	1	.....	.....	19	41
Laundresses	595	385	29	14	70	97	140	26	16	8	14	76
Merchants and dealers	189	145	8	6	25	5	30	16	4	5	1	4
Nurses and midwives	219	76	7	1	35	100	100	9	6	.....	5	80
Saleswomen	119	15	51	23	23	7	99	5	48	22	18	6
Seamstresses	316	121	60	35	48	52	186	30	57	31	31	37
Servants and waitresses	1,904	177	69	25	74	1,559	1,550	39	62	21	50	1,378
Tailoresses	247	64	91	33	48	11	162	21	81	30	20	10
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	134	21	9	11	24	69	113	15	7	10	16	65
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	201	22	120	31	20	8	173	7	116	31	11	8
All other occupations	833	369	172	80	151	61	411	61	166	74	65	45
NEGRO.												
All occupations	2,666	855	183	177	581	870	1,164	229	137	139	97	562
Laundresses	1,051	486	47	57	332	129	252	100	21	36	26	69
Servants and waitresses	1,187	225	66	84	148	664	594	82	52	71	46	443
All other occupations	428	144	70	36	101	77	218	47	64	32	25	50

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	29,263	3,150	9,969	3,476	3,390	9,288	23,473	720	9,690	3,279	1,972	7,812
Boarding and lodging house keepers	429	375	1	2	47	4	49	46	.....	1	.....	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	857	30	434	183	109	101	788	18	423	174	85	88
Clerks and copyists	894	31	486	161	109	107	840	16	481	157	97	89
Dressmakers	3,026	492	1,240	465	520	309	2,331	158	1,205	434	301	233
Housekeepers and stewardesses	646	65	28	2	108	443	382	24	25	2	65	266
Laundresses	1,440	570	219	149	293	209	600	43	204	131	84	138
Merchants and dealers	305	180	26	8	85	6	60	23	19	7	8	3
Milliners	766	54	422	125	91	74	662	20	410	118	60	54
Musicians and teachers of music	326	35	162	54	41	44	256	12	146	47	16	35
Nurses and midwives	914	133	63	32	106	580	612	19	54	27	36	476
Packers and shippers	218	2	148	34	26	8	210	1	145	32	25	7
Saleswomen	1,707	44	944	324	212	183	1,567	17	921	306	165	158
Seamstresses	1,326	163	674	223	123	143	1,094	39	657	206	85	107
Servants and waitresses	7,310	218	716	184	345	5,846	6,200	45	692	163	228	5,072
Stenographers and typewriters	1,380	49	631	278	150	271	1,317	26	623	268	145	255
Tailoresses	1,335	74	855	221	145	40	1,198	24	839	214	88	33
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	1,748	100	657	328	203	460	1,650	80	638	322	163	447
Telegraph and telephone operators	348	9	178	77	53	26	332	7	176	76	49	24
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	280	12	180	42	31	15	252	2	176	42	21	11
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	254	7	179	25	22	21	235	3	178	24	14	16
Woolen mill operatives	276	10	190	28	38	10	243	.....	188	28	18	9
All other occupations	3,463	497	1,536	531	522	397	2,595	97	1,490	500	219	289

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CINCINNATI, OHIO—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Saleswomen	25	2	4	7	11	1	37	9	1	13	7	7
Seamstresses	61	18	9	7	23	4	191	122	16	25	17	11
Servants and waitresses	116	26	7	6	19	58	262	82	11	12	18	139
Stenographers and typewriters	7		1		3	3	9	5	1	1	1	
Tailoresses	46	7	18	2	19		81	53	8	13	4	3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	5		1		3	1	17	7	1	1	5	3
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	34	5	6	4	15	4	45	27	4	9	1	4
All other occupations	142	31	15	10	80	6	287	224	23	21	11	8
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	494	141	37	7	245	64	1,505	1,134	21	24	77	249
Dressmakers	29	8	1	1	19		194	86	2	3	8	5
Housekeepers and stewardesses	7		1		1	5	66	15	1		7	43
Laundresses	100	39	8	1	47	5	356	320	5	5	9	16
Merchants and dealers	32	6	2	1	23		127	123	2		1	1
Nurses and midwives	27	6			19	2	92	61	1	1	11	18
Saleswomen	7		3		4		13	10		1	1	1
Seamstresses	23	7	1		13	2	107	84	2	4	4	13
Servants and waitresses	68	11	4		10	43	286	127	3	4	14	138
Tailoresses	36	2	9		25		49	41	1	3	3	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	12	2	2	1	5	2	9	4			3	2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	14	4	2		8		14	11	2		1	
All other occupations	139	56	4	3	71	5	253	252	2	3	15	11
NEGRO.												
All occupations	749	128	31	23	428	139	753	498	15	15	56	169
Laundresses	412	77	18	12	281	24	387	309	8	9	25	36
Servants and waitresses	235	30	9	8	86	102	258	113	5	5	16	119
All other occupations	102	21	4	3	61	13	108	76	2	1	15	14

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ALL CLASSES.

All occupations	2,439	433	130	70	1,132	674	3,351	1,097	139	127	286	802
Boarding and lodging house keepers	116	69		1	44	2	264	260	1		3	
Bookkeepers and accountants	26	3	6		15	2	43	9	5	9	9	11
Clerks and copyists	22	3	3	2	8	6	32	12	2	2	4	12
Dressmakers	280	61	14	8	170	27	415	273	21	23	49	49
Housekeepers and stewardesses	78	8	2		19	49	186	33	1		24	128
Laundresses	321	90	9	7	184	31	519	446	6	11	25	31
Merchants and dealers	102	20	7		74	1	143	137		1	3	2
Milliners	47	3	5	2	27	10	57	31	7	5	4	10
Musicians and teachers of music	33	1	2	2	22	6	37	22	4	5	3	3
Nurses and midwives	85	14	1		41	29	217	100	8	5	29	75
Packers and shippers	2			1		1	6	1	3	1	1	
Saleswomen	66	7	10	3	37	9	74	20	13	15	10	16
Seamstresses	80	25	7	5	29	14	152	99	10	12	9	22
Servants and waitresses	596	37	13	16	86	414	544	136	11	5	32	360
Stenographers and typewriters	28	2	5	1	13	7	35	12	3	9	2	9
Tailoresses	69	6	8	3	47	5	63	44	8	4	10	2
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	52	3	13	1	30	5	49	17	6	5	10	8
Telegraph and telephone operators	3				2	1	8	2	2	1	2	1
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	10		2		6	2	18	10	2		4	2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	9	1			6	2	10	3	1	1	2	3
Woolen mill operatives	19	1			18		14	9	2		2	1
All other occupations	425	79	23	18	264	51	463	321	23	13	49	57

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CLEVELAND, OHIO—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	6,363	827	1,673	668	844	2,331	4,860	251	1,602	639	506	1,862
Boarding and lodging house keepers	161	137	.....	1	23	.....	20	20	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bookkeepers and accountants	295	16	120	56	34	69	264	11	115	52	26	60
Clerks and copyists	277	16	121	49	33	58	248	7	118	47	29	47
Dressmakers	660	185	138	60	137	132	393	57	129	51	65	91
Housekeepers and stewardesses	178	23	2	.....	31	122	88	8	2	.....	14	64
Laundresses	146	56	25	15	15	33	66	5	21	14	5	21
Milliners	229	16	116	29	27	41	188	6	113	26	17	26
Musicians and teachers of music	148	21	64	18	19	26	108	7	60	15	6	20
Nurses and midwives	344	37	16	9	22	260	242	7	15	8	6	206
Saleswomen	421	19	194	59	60	89	375	8	185	56	50	76
Seamstresses	193	52	47	25	25	44	127	16	41	22	16	32
Servants and waitresses	1,075	28	71	21	54	901	855	4	66	18	30	737
Stenographers and typewriters	554	26	174	99	76	179	517	17	171	94	68	167
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	644	40	226	111	99	168	595	28	219	110	78	160
Telegraph and telephone operators	105	4	53	17	17	14	100	3	52	17	15	13
All other occupations	943	151	306	119	172	195	674	47	295	109	81	142
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN												
All occupations	12,791	740	6,008	2,188	1,170	2,685	11,459	242	5,876	2,083	873	2,390
Bookkeepers and accountants	492	10	275	118	65	24	466	6	270	114	54	22
Clerks and copyists	498	10	304	99	50	35	430	7	302	98	44	29
Dressmakers	1,572	180	820	305	198	69	1,369	57	800	288	145	79
Housekeepers and stewardesses	199	14	15	1	37	132	138	6	13	1	25	93
Laundresses	419	86	146	89	52	46	306	11	141	81	32	40
Milliners	412	16	248	87	37	24	384	10	241	83	29	21
Musicians and teachers of music	133	9	69	31	14	10	117	4	68	29	7	9
Nurses and midwives	208	29	32	14	23	110	152	8	26	11	14	93
Packers and shippers	131	2	90	25	11	3	125	1	88	24	10	2
Saleswomen	998	15	591	228	99	65	938	4	578	219	80	57
Seamstresses	729	53	428	144	61	43	655	14	422	136	48	35
Servants and waitresses	2,310	56	371	105	87	1,691	2,071	11	363	95	67	1,535
Stenographers and typewriters	695	10	390	156	64	75	677	7	386	152	60	72
Tailoresses	757	22	523	157	43	12	715	10	514	151	30	10
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	871	36	387	188	80	180	840	34	375	185	69	177
Telegraph and telephone operators	212	4	113	55	31	9	209	4	112	54	30	9
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	113	2	80	18	8	5	108	2	77	18	8	3
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	101	3	72	14	7	5	96	1	72	13	6	4
Woolen mill operatives	126	.....	102	16	5	3	125	.....	102	16	5	2
All other occupations	1,815	213	952	338	198	114	1,489	45	926	320	110	88
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	9,323	1,398	2,217	502	1,220	3,925	6,770	187	2,154	524	556	3,349
Boarding and lodging house keepers	138	126	.....	1	11	1	7	5	.....	1	.....	1
Clerks and copyists	110	3	57	12	26	12	104	1	57	11	24	11
Dressmakers	742	145	272	93	164	68	543	40	206	90	90	57
Housekeepers and stewardesses	243	22	11	.....	39	171	145	7	10	.....	25	103
Laundresses	725	368	44	37	180	96	200	19	40	31	40	70
Merchants and dealers	184	122	6	1	54	1	22	12	4	1	4	1
Milliners	119	21	56	9	24	9	86	3	54	9	13	7
Nurses and midwives	389	66	18	8	57	206	211	4	11	7	16	173
Saleswomen	283	10	156	37	51	29	249	5	155	31	33	25
Seamstresses	386	53	198	58	32	80	304	9	193	47	20	35
Servants and waitresses	3,534	97	253	42	155	2,987	3,027	16	243	38	111	2,619
Stenographers and typewriters	129	4	46	23	20	16	121	2	65	22	17	15
Tailoresses	511	38	311	56	86	20	481	6	305	56	97	17
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	227	24	42	28	21	112	211	18	42	26	15	110
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	130	10	89	22	20	9	128	.....	88	22	11	7
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	138	4	99	11	14	10	124	2	98	11	7	6
Woolen mill operatives	146	10	86	12	32	6	114	.....	84	12	12	6
All other occupations	1,207	270	458	117	234	122	743	38	439	109	71	86

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CLEVELAND, OHIO—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	593	102	33	16	252	190	910	474	38	33	86	279
Boarding and lodging house keepers	46	24	.....	1	21	.....	95	93	.....	.....	2	.....
Bookkeepers and accountants	11	1	3	.....	5	2	20	4	2	4	3	7
Clerks and copyists	8	1	1	1	1	4	21	8	2	1	3	7
Dressmakers	96	24	4	1	54	13	161	102	5	8	18	28
Housekeepers and stewardesses	27	1	.....	.....	10	16	63	14	.....	.....	7	42
Laundresses	36	15	2	.....	10	9	44	36	2	1	.....	3
Milliners	18	1	.....	.....	9	8	23	9	3	3	1	7
Musicians and teachers of music	17	1	1	1	10	4	23	13	3	2	3	2
Nurses and midwives	24	3	.....	.....	6	15	78	27	1	1	10	39
Saleswomen	17	1	2	1	9	4	29	10	7	2	1	9
Seamstresses	20	6	3	.....	6	5	46	30	3	3	3	7
Servants and waitresses	104	4	2	2	18	78	116	20	3	1	6	86
Stenographers and typewriters	15	.....	2	1	7	5	22	9	1	4	1	7
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	22	2	4	.....	13	3	27	10	3	1	8	5
Telegraph and telephone operators	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	4	1	1	.....	1	1
All other occupations	131	18	9	8	72	24	138	86	2	2	19	29
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	588	123	62	37	232	134	744	375	70	63	65	171
Bookkeepers and accountants	7	.....	2	.....	5	.....	19	4	3	4	6	2
Clerks and copyists	11	1	2	1	5	2	7	2	.....	.....	1	4
Dressmakers	78	21	6	6	39	6	125	72	14	11	14	14
Housekeepers and stewardesses	24	3	1	.....	5	15	37	5	1	.....	7	24
Laundresses	40	15	4	5	18	4	68	60	1	3	2	2
Milliners	17	1	4	2	8	2	11	5	3	2	.....	1
Musicians and teachers of music	8	.....	1	.....	7	.....	6	5	.....	2	.....	1
Nurses and midwives	15	4	1	.....	4	6	61	17	5	3	5	11
Packers and shippers	2	.....	.....	1	.....	1	4	1	2	.....	1	.....
Saleswomen	28	4	7	1	13	3	32	7	6	3	6	5
Seamstresses	28	12	2	3	9	2	46	27	4	5	4	6
Servants and waitresses	111	13	3	7	15	73	128	32	5	3	5	83
Stenographers and typewriters	9	1	3	.....	3	2	9	2	1	4	1	1
Tailoresses	21	4	3	3	10	1	21	6	6	3	3	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	21	.....	9	1	9	2	10	2	3	2	2	1
Telegraph and telephone operators	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	1	1	1	.....
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	2	.....	1	.....	.....	1	3	.....	2	.....	.....	1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	3	1	.....	.....	1	1	2	1	.....	1	.....	.....
Woolen mill operatives	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
All other occupations	157	43	13	7	81	13	109	125	13	11	7	13
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	1,055	171	34	13	553	284	1,497	1,040	29	25	111	292
Boarding and lodging house keepers	34	23	.....	.....	11	.....	97	97	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clerks and copyists	3	1	.....	.....	2	.....	3	1	.....	1	.....	1
Dressmakers	83	14	4	1	60	4	116	91	2	2	14	7
Housekeepers and stewardesses	21	2	1	.....	4	14	77	13	.....	.....	10	54
Laundresses	186	46	2	2	125	11	339	303	2	4	15	15
Merchants and dealers	61	11	2	.....	48	.....	101	99	.....	.....	2	.....
Milliners	10	1	1	.....	8	.....	23	17	1	.....	3	2
Nurses and midwives	44	7	.....	.....	29	8	95	55	2	1	12	25
Saleswomen	21	2	1	1	15	2	13	3	.....	5	3	2
Seamstresses	26	6	2	2	10	6	55	38	3	4	2	9
Servants and waitresses	271	14	8	4	28	217	236	67	2	.....	16	151
Stenographers and typewriters	4	1	.....	.....	3	.....	4	1	1	1	.....	1
Tailoresses	43	2	4	.....	35	2	37	30	2	.....	4	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	7	1	.....	.....	6	.....	9	5	.....	2	.....	2
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	8	.....	1	.....	6	1	14	10	.....	.....	3	1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	6	.....	.....	.....	5	1	8	2	1	.....	2	3
Woolen mill operatives	19	1	.....	.....	18	.....	13	9	2	.....	2	.....
All other occupations	208	39	8	3	140	18	256	199	11	5	23	18

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CLEVELAND, OHIO—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.	
NEGRO.												
All occupations	787	185	61	38	156	347	384	40	58	28	37	221
Laundresses	150	67	4	8	46	25	29	8	2	5	7	7
Servants and waitresses	391	37	21	16	50	267	247	14	20	12	20	181
All other occupations	246	81	36	14	60	55	108	18	36	11	10	33

DETROIT, MICH.

	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	24,997	2,329	7,874	3,005	2,663	9,126	20,884	542	7,719	2,864	1,798	7,961
Boarding and lodging house keepers	306	252	1	4	40	3	42	20		2	8	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	748	15	336	175	84	138	714	11	333	171	76	123
Boxmakers (paper)	262	3	164	51	24	10	246	2	163	50	22	9
Clerks and copyists	1,300	43	588	271	163	235	1,213	13	586	266	142	206
Dressmakers	2,815	487	905	399	428	626	2,213	182	884	360	293	512
Housekeepers and stewardesses	484	46	1	1	99	337	273	13	1	1	77	181
Laborers (not specified)	244	34	116	46	22	24	183	2	114	44	8	15
Laundresses	936	362	247	86	128	113	448	21	234	77	36	80
Merchants and dealers	286	186	31	16	71	12	84	23	29	15	12	5
Milliners	539	40	235	93	79	92	409	14	230	91	51	83
Musicians and teachers of music	423	32	194	77	40	80	359	10	186	74	27	62
Nurses and midwives	642	92	24	20	85	421	415	13	23	18	29	332
Packers and shippers	249	6	166	39	24	14	239	4	162	38	22	13
Saleswomen	1,056	34	471	199	153	199	964	11	462	194	126	171
Seamstresses	860	80	305	147	102	226	726	16	303	140	81	186
Servants and waitresses	6,422	159	482	170	305	5,306	5,639	30	466	147	186	4,810
Stenographers and typewriters	934	20	412	192	92	218	903	12	408	187	85	210
Tailoresses	875	75	461	138	102	99	773	24	455	130	76	88
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,397	96	429	203	147	422	1,240	74	424	200	129	413
Telegraph and telephone operators	333	8	158	80	42	64	333	4	156	78	41	54
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	969	33	743	97	48	48	915	14	731	94	31	45
All other occupations	3,008	286	1,405	498	379	439	2,493	49	1,375	478	239	352
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	4,696	480	1,169	535	563	1,949	3,772	140	1,137	498	367	1,630
Bookkeepers and accountants	183	6	65	42	19	51	167	3	64	42	17	41
Clerks and copyists	354	17	133	65	51	88	315	4	132	65	40	74
Dressmakers	568	132	89	56	95	196	384	36	86	49	56	157
Housekeepers and stewardesses	106	5	1	1	17	82	31	3	1	1	11	31
Milliners	147	18	48	23	20	41	125	6	47	23	13	36
Musicians and teachers of music	164	12	66	20	18	38	128	6	63	19	12	28
Nurses and midwives	137	22	4	3	17	111	98	4	4	2	5	83
Saleswomen	213	7	64	22	26	94	187	3	61	21	24	78
Seamstresses	154	18	37	25	14	60	122	2	37	24	9	50
Servants and waitresses	867	20	49	25	34	739	752	8	46	17	18	663
Stenographers and typewriters	302	7	120	41	33	101	288	4	118	40	26	9
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	445	34	142	69	56	144	421	26	141	69	46	139
All other occupations	1,046	185	351	143	163	204	734	35	337	126	87	149
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	10,500	589	4,495	1,661	988	2,767	9,570	194	4,435	1,611	801	2,529
Bookkeepers and accountants	380	4	208	93	38	37	372	4	207	90	37	34
Boxmakers (paper)	177	2	121	37	12	5	175	2	120	37	12	
Clerks and copyists	665	14	356	149	73	73	641	7	355	146	68	65
Dressmakers	1,217	121	560	218	150	168	1,057	43	548	209	116	141
Housekeepers and stewardesses	126	8			47	83	96	2			42	52
Laborers (not specified)	103	3	57	30	8	5	94		57	28	5	
Laundresses	300	58	137	40	33	32	221	4	133	40	17	27
Milliners	255	16	134	50	31	24	233	6	132	48	23	24
Musicians and teachers of music	189	5	93	40	11	20	169	3	91	38	10	17
Nurses and midwives	136	16	7	5	18	90	96	3	7	5	8	73

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CLEVELAND, OHIO—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	NEGRO.											
All occupations	203	37	1	4	93	68	200	108	2	6	24	60
Laundresses	53	14	1	.....	31	7	68	45	1	3	8	11
Servants and waitresses	80	6	.....	3	25	46	64	17	1	1	5	40
All other occupations	70	17	.....	1	39	13	68	46	.....	2	11	9
DETROIT, MICH.												
	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	1,530	293	73	54	645	465	2,583	1,494	82	87	220	700
Boarding and lodging house keepers	74	38	1	.....	35	.....	190	184	.....	2	3	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	16	1	1	1	5	8	18	3	2	3	3	7
Boxmakers (paper)	3	.....	1	1	1	.....	3	1	.....	.....	1	1
Clerks and copyists	37	5	.....	2	15	15	50	25	2	3	6	14
Dressmakers	208	39	9	9	113	38	394	266	12	21	22	73
Housekeepers and stewardesses	75	1	.....	.....	14	60	130	32	.....	.....	8	90
Laborers (not specified)	29	10	1	1	12	5	32	22	1	3	2	4
Laundresses	143	47	5	3	72	16	345	294	6	6	20	17
Merchants and dealers	71	11	.....	1	56	3	131	122	2	.....	3	4
Milliners	42	6	3	1	26	6	28	20	2	1	2	3
Musicians and teachers of music	29	8	1	1	12	7	35	14	7	2	1	11
Nurses and midwives	47	9	1	1	22	14	190	70	.....	1	34	75
Packers and shippers	4	.....	3	.....	1	.....	6	2	1	1	1	1
Saleswomen	44	4	5	1	20	14	48	19	4	4	7	14
Seamstresses	45	17	.....	3	15	10	89	47	2	4	6	30
Servants and waitresses	316	22	10	15	55	214	467	107	12	8	64	276
Stenographers and typewriters	10	2	1	1	5	1	21	6	3	4	1	7
Tailoresses	44	12	5	1	20	6	58	39	1	7	6	5
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	15	3	1	.....	9	2	42	19	4	3	9	7
Telegraph and telephone operators	9	.....	2	1	1	5	10	4	.....	1	.....	5
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	30	6	4	1	17	2	24	13	3	2	.....	1
All other occupations	239	52	19	10	119	39	276	185	11	11	21	48
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE											
All occupations	366	67	16	14	144	125	558	273	16	23	52	194
Bookkeepers and accountants	9	1	.....	.....	2	6	7	2	1	.....	.....	4
Clerks and copyists	18	3	.....	.....	8	7	21	10	1	.....	3	7
Dressmakers	59	14	1	.....	30	14	126	82	2	7	9	25
Housekeepers and stewardesses	20	1	.....	.....	3	16	35	1	.....	.....	3	31
Milliners	13	3	1	.....	6	3	9	0	.....	.....	1	2
Musicians and teachers of music	12	2	.....	.....	6	4	14	4	3	1	.....	0
Nurses and midwives	10	2	.....	1	3	4	49	16	.....	.....	9	24
Saleswomen	13	1	2	.....	1	9	13	3	1	1	1	7
Seamstresses	9	2	.....	.....	4	3	23	14	.....	1	1	7
Servants and waitresses	39	5	3	5	9	37	56	7	.....	3	7	39
Stenographers and typewriters	4	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	10	3	2	1	.....	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	4	.....	1	.....	3	.....	20	8	.....	.....	7	5
All other occupations	136	38	8	8	65	22	176	117	6	9	11	33
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	332	65	29	16	143	99	578	330	31	34	44	139
Bookkeepers and accountants	2	.....	1	1	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	2	1	3
Boxmakers (paper)	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Clerks and copyists	10	1	.....	2	3	4	14	6	1	1	2	4
Dressmakers	56	13	4	2	30	7	104	65	8	7	4	20
Housekeepers and stewardesses	17	.....	.....	.....	4	13	25	6	.....	.....	1	18
Laborers (not specified)	5	1	.....	.....	3	1	4	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Laundresses	25	9	1	.....	11	4	54	45	3	2	.....	.....
Milliners	11	2	.....	1	8	.....	11	8	2	1	5	1
Musicians and teachers of music	4	1	1	1	1	.....	5	1	1	1	.....	.....
Nurses and midwives	9	2	.....	.....	4	3	31	11	.....	.....	6	14

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

DETROIT, MICH.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Packers and shippers	135	2	93	20	13	7	132	2	92	20	12	6
Saleswomen	568	16	305	127	66	54	531	7	299	124	57	44
Seamstresses	322	22	177	83	36	74	302	6	176	81	31	68
Servants and waitresses	2,141	37	264	73	90	1,677	1,984	7	258	70	74	1,575
Stenographers and typewriters	431	10	233	106	34	48	419	6	231	102	33	47
Tailoresses	439	28	264	73	43	31	408	11	261	71	36	29
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	618	43	293	115	73	164	601	35	291	113	68	164
Telegraph and telephone operators	182	6	87	46	21	22	175	3	86	46	21	19
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	472	11	380	54	18	9	460	9	376	53	14	8
All other occupations	1,582	167	796	302	173	144	1,353	34	785	290	117	127
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	9,219	1,144	2,138	736	1,014	4,187	7,231	197	2,085	696	603	3,650
Boarding and lodging house keepers	144	124	.....	1	18	1	13	11	.....	.....	1	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	185	5	63	40	27	50	175	4	62	39	22	48
Clerks and copyists	280	12	99	56	39	74	255	2	99	54	34	67
Dressmakers	983	198	242	114	175	254	740	71	236	102	119	212
Housekeepers and stewardesses	229	30	.....	.....	33	166	124	8	.....	.....	24	92
Laborers (not specified)	108	22	47	13	12	14	69	1	46	12	2	8
Laundresses	443	216	89	29	54	55	166	9	88	25	12	37
Merchants and dealers	165	99	12	4	44	6	35	11	11	4	6	3
Milliners	132	9	49	20	28	26	106	2	47	20	15	22
Nurses and midwives	343	54	11	10	50	218	217	6	10	9	16	176
Saleswomen	274	11	102	49	61	51	245	1	102	48	45	49
Seamstresses	295	35	89	35	47	89	234	8	88	33	38	68
Servants and waitresses	3,110	81	137	44	138	2,710	2,702	12	129	39	79	2,443
Stenographers and typewriters	198	3	58	43	25	69	193	2	58	43	24	66
Tailoresses	357	40	174	44	48	51	304	13	171	41	32	47
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	225	18	61	16	18	112	209	12	59	15	15	108
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	477	19	388	38	29	33	441	5	351	37	17	31
All other occupations	1,271	168	547	180	168	208	1,002	19	533	176	102	172
NEGRO.												
All occupations	582	116	72	73	98	223	311	11	62	59	27	152
Laundresses	128	62	7	14	32	13	29	5	4	10	5	5
Servants and waitresses	304	21	32	28	43	180	201	3	27	21	15	135
All other occupations	150	33	33	31	23	30	81	3	31	28	7	12

FALL RIVER, MASS.

	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	16,170	1,245	5,847	2,110	4,013	2,960	11,303	354	5,572	1,955	1,222	2,160
Bookkeepers and accountants	132	2	85	19	19	7	121	2	82	19	11	7
Clerks and copyists	157	2	99	24	24	8	147	1	98	23	18	7
Cotton mill operatives	10,274	691	3,880	1,437	2,928	1,330	6,903	195	3,705	1,315	783	905
Dressmakers	584	111	181	68	167	57	368	41	107	64	53	43
Hat and cap makers	259	9	88	36	58	68	207	5	85	35	29	53
Housekeepers and stewardesses	341	31	3	9	90	209	158	5	1	2	53	97
Laundresses	179	69	21	11	58	20	62	8	20	10	12	12
Milliners	153	5	84	25	26	13	133	3	79	25	14	12
Nurses and midwives	136	18	17	8	20	73	90	3	17	7	4	59
Saleswomen	264	10	147	39	42	26	225	4	140	36	27	18
Servants and waitresses	988	32	30	22	70	834	772	4	26	17	36	689
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	445	27	190	70	49	109	423	20	185	69	42	107
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1,562	58	810	270	367	127	1,278	28	776	263	123	88
All other occupations	966	189	202	85	160	69	416	35	191	81	57	52

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 130 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

DETROIT, MICH.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Packers and shippers	2			1	1		1					1
Saleswomen	12	1	3		5	3	25	8	3	3	4	7
Seamstresses	12	4		1	3	4	15	12	1	1	2	2
Servants and waitresses	66	5	4	2	9	46	91	25	2	1	7	56
Stenographers and typewriters	5	1	1	1	1	1	7	3	1	3		
Tailoresses	13	3	2		7	1	18	14	1	2		1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	5	2			3		12	6	2	2	2	
Telegraph and telephone operators	4		1			3	3	3				
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	7	1	1	1	4		5	1	3			1
All other occupations	86	19	8	4	46	9	143	114	3	8	10	8
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	662	145	25	18	306	198	1,296	802	28	22	105	339
Boarding and lodging house keepers	38	22			16		93	91		1	1	
Bookkeepers and accountants	5				3	2	5	1	1	1	2	
Clerks and copyists	9	1			4	4	15	9		2	1	3
Dressmakers	84	11	4	7	48	14	159	116	2	5	8	28
Housekeepers and stewardesses	35				5	30	70	22			4	44
Laborers (not specified)	17	5	1	1	8	2	22	16			2	4
Laundresses	73	27	2	2	33	9	204	180	4	2	9	9
Merchants and dealers	42	5			36	1	88	83	1		2	2
Milliners	18	1	2		12	3	8	6			1	1
Nurses and midwives	27	5	1		15	6	99	43		1	19	36
Saleswomen	19	2		1	14	2	10	8			2	
Seamstresses	22	9		2	8	3	39	18	1	1	1	18
Servants and waitresses	136	10	2	2	21	101	272	39	6	3	38	166
Stenographers and typewriters	1	1					4				1	3
Tailoresses	24	6	3		12	3	29	21		3	4	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	6	1			3	2	10	5	2	1		2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	19	3	2		12	2	17	11	5	1		
All other occupations	117	36	3	3	58	14	152	113	6	1	10	22
NEGRO.												
All occupations	120	16	3	6	52	43	151	89	7	8	19	28
Laundresses	35	7	2		23	3	64	50	1	4	4	5
Servants and waitresses	55	2	1	6	16	30	48	16	4	1	12	15
All other occupations	30	7			13	10	39	23	2	3	3	8

FALL RIVER, MASS.

	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	3,688	278	215	120	2,597	478	1,179	613	60	41	153	312
Bookkeepers and accountants	11		3		8							
Clerks and copyists	9	1	1	1	5	1	1				1	
Cotton mill operatives	2,815	173	152	95	2,061	314	556	323	33	27	62	111
Dressmakers	145	16	12	2	108	7	71	54	2	2	6	7
Hat and cap makers	46	2	3		28	13	6	2		1	1	2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	38	5	1		5	27	145	21	1		38	85
Laundresses	63	15		1	41	6	54	46	1		5	2
Milliners	15		2		12	1	5	2	3			
Nurses and midwives	13				9	4	33	15		1	7	10
Saleswomen	27	2	4	2	13	6	12	4	3	1	2	2
Servants and waitresses	109	14	3	4	19	69	107	14	1	1	15	76
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	11	1	3		6	1	11	6	2	1	1	1
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	246	14	27	12	171	22	38	16	7	6	3	6
All other occupations	140	35	4	3	91	7	140	110	7	1	12	10

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 130 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

FALL RIVER, MASS.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	1,326	125	486	184	254	277	983	42	467	167	121	196
Cotton mill operatives	345	19	151	51	80	44	253	5	143	44	21	30
Dressmakers	113	25	20	15	33	20	62	7	16	14	10	15
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	204	12	91	39	27	35	188	10	86	38	21	33
All other occupations	664	69	224	79	114	178	480	20	212	71	69	118
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN												
All occupations	4,899	206	2,388	875	901	499	4,003	91	2,294	820	403	395
Cotton mill operatives	2,291	88	1,095	455	462	191	1,805	37	1,051	421	178	118
Dressmakers	159	21	73	26	23	7	126	13	70	25	12	6
Saleswomen	117	2	71	23	11	10	105	.....	67	22	8	8
Servants and waitresses	157	6	14	12	13	112	135	3	12	10	11	99
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	158	9	85	22	21	21	155	7	85	22	20	21
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1,454	49	703	249	275	118	1,186	22	730	233	111	90
All other occupations	572	31	287	88	96	70	491	9	279	87	63	53
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	9,845	891	2,999	1,055	2,844	2,086	6,249	217	2,817	967	736	1,513
Cotton mill operatives	7,667	583	2,644	931	2,384	1,125	4,845	153	2,511	850	574	757
Dressmakers	316	68	88	27	111	27	178	21	81	25	31	20
Hat and cap makers	164	3	32	17	44	58	110	.....	31	17	18	44
Housekeepers and stewardesses	244	22	2	1	74	145	108	4	1	1	38	64
Laundresses	105	51	7	1	35	11	26	7	7	1	5	6
Servants and waitresses	656	18	12	6	44	576	528	1	11	5	17	494
All other occupations	703	151	184	72	152	144	454	31	175	68	52	128

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

ALL CLASSES.

All occupations	15,444	2,434	3,807	1,887	2,359	4,957	10,493	415	3,570	1,676	1,079	3,741
Boarding and lodging house keepers	467	385	3	5	57	17	49	33	2	1	.....	4
Bookkeepers and accountants	457	20	224	86	55	72	416	10	218	83	40	65
Clerks and copyists	362	20	145	73	58	66	313	5	140	71	40	57
Cotton mill operatives	158	5	76	33	21	23	140	.....	74	29	15	22
Dressmakers	1,144	291	263	174	261	105	647	36	237	151	104	99
Housekeepers and stewardesses	391	34	3	4	54	291	225	5	7	1	40	172
Laborers (not specified)	150	17	56	21	36	20	100	1	52	20	13	14
Laundresses	1,334	530	155	127	346	176	391	40	126	87	46	92
Milliners	459	38	223	70	72	56	374	16	214	65	38	41
Musicians and teachers of music	201	21	87	33	30	30	149	5	77	27	14	26
Nurses and midwives	393	61	32	22	50	230	249	11	27	15	18	178
Saleswomen	715	32	364	138	97	84	637	10	333	128	74	77
Seamstresses	1,116	209	322	186	199	200	751	44	294	168	103	142
Servants and waitresses	3,906	317	327	212	342	2,768	2,757	47	290	170	139	2,111
Stenographers and typewriters	839	17	359	175	95	183	784	11	352	168	83	170
Tailoresses	314	41	92	49	58	54	222	17	85	45	29	46
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	900	63	279	154	133	271	811	34	269	150	97	259
All other occupations	2,086	313	802	325	405	241	1,485	62	768	297	186	172
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	7,746	1,216	2,021	900	1,167	2,442	5,456	235	1,889	806	576	1,950
Boarding and lodging house keepers	431	258	1	4	44	14	28	23	1	1	.....	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	307	15	137	56	39	60	277	9	131	54	28	55
Clerks and copyists	211	12	80	36	34	49	179	3	79	35	22	40
Dressmakers	719	212	119	81	176	131	341	36	100	66	63	76

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

FALL RIVER, MASS.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	199	21	20	11	112	35	144	62	9	6	21	46
Cotton mill operatives	74	3	8	5	49	9	18	11	.....	2	.....	5
Dressmakers	26	2	2	1	20	1	25	16	2	.....	3	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	9	.....	3	.....	5	1	7	2	2	1	1	1
All other occupations	90	16	7	5	38	24	94	33	5	3	17	36
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	715	48	74	43	482	68	151	67	20	12	16	36
Cotton mill operatives	389	23	30	28	274	28	67	28	8	6	10	15
Dressmakers	17	2	3	1	10	1	7	6	.....	.....	1	.....
Saleswomen	9	1	2	1	3	2	3	1	2	.....	.....	.....
Servants and waitresses	14	2	2	2	2	6	8	1	.....	.....	.....	7
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	2	1	.....	.....	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	233	11	26	11	163	22	35	16	7	5	1	6
All other occupations	51	8	5	.....	29	9	30	14	3	1	4	8
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	2,734	200	121	66	1,994	353	862	474	31	22	115	220
Cotton mill operatives	2,351	146	108	62	1,758	277	471	284	25	19	52	91
Dressmakers	100	11	7	.....	78	4	38	31	.....	2	2	3
Hat and cap makers	39	1	1	.....	25	12	5	2	.....	.....	1	2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	21	2	1	.....	3	15	115	16	.....	.....	33	66
Laundresses	36	7	.....	.....	26	3	43	37	.....	.....	4	2
Servants and waitresses	57	7	.....	1	13	36	71	10	1	.....	14	46
All other occupations	130	26	4	3	91	6	119	94	5	1	9	10

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

ALL CLASSES.

All occupations	1,811	261	94	63	1,012	381	3,152	1,758	143	148	268	835
Boarding and lodging house keepers	110	50	1	1	55	3	317	302	.....	3	2	10
Bookkeepers and accountants	19	3	2	1	10	3	22	7	4	2	5	4
Clerks and copyists	26	3	2	1	16	4	23	12	3	1	2	5
Cotton mill operatives	10	1	1	2	6	.....	8	4	1	2	.....	1
Dressmakers	165	25	6	4	119	11	332	210	20	19	28	55
Housekeepers and stewardesses	44	5	.....	.....	6	33	122	24	1	3	8	86
Laborers (not specified)	33	5	2	1	22	3	17	11	2	.....	1	3
Laundresses	359	61	8	15	255	20	584	420	21	25	45	64
Milliners	37	2	5	2	24	4	48	20	4	3	10	11
Musicians and teachers of music	22	.....	5	2	13	2	30	16	5	4	3	2
Nurses and midwives	33	2	2	1	16	12	113	45	3	6	16	43
Saleswomen	40	6	10	1	20	3	48	16	6	9	3	14
Seamstresses	114	20	10	4	69	11	251	145	18	14	27	47
Servants and waitresses	458	45	18	16	136	243	751	225	19	26	67	414
Stenographers and typewriters	17	1	2	3	8	3	28	5	5	4	4	10
Tailoresses	33	3	5	1	21	3	59	41	2	3	8	5
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	43	.....	2	1	34	6	46	24	8	3	2	9
All other occupations	248	29	13	7	182	17	358	222	21	21	37	52
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	823	127	58	23	458	157	1,567	854	74	71	133	435
Boarding and lodging house keepers	76	32	.....	1	42	1	217	203	.....	2	2	10
Bookkeepers and accountants	11	1	2	.....	6	2	19	5	4	2	5	3
Clerks and copyists	15	1	.....	.....	10	4	17	8	1	1	2	5
Dressmakers	129	18	4	2	95	10	249	158	15	13	18	45

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.

OCCUPATION.	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.												
Housekeepers and stewardesses	195	21	1	1	23	149	99	4	1	.....	15	79
Laundresses	280	99	42	24	44	51	100	7	37	16	6	34
Milliners	306	22	146	32	59	40	244	7	142	36	29	30
Musicians and teachers of music	125	12	56	21	18	18	88	3	47	16	8	12
Nurses and midwives	227	38	14	13	28	133	141	8	11	9	12	101
Saleswomen	410	22	199	73	53	63	348	7	185	67	39	50
Seamstresses	659	144	162	90	132	131	411	30	145	79	63	94
Servants and waitresses	1,389	98	104	50	79	1,058	1,001	21	92	38	38	812
Stenographers and typewriters	601	11	242	120	69	159	559	6	235	114	58	146
Tailoresses	100	42	34	15	32	37	98	11	29	14	13	31
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	564	41	186	99	78	160	514	25	181	98	63	147
All other occupations	1,292	169	498	178	258	189	927	35	473	163	119	137
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	3,920	354	1,368	694	473	1,040	3,334	107	1,325	682	334	916
Bookkeepers and accountants	126	4	75	26	12	9	119	1	75	26	9	8
Clerks and copyists	133	6	60	36	17	14	124	2	55	36	16	14
Dressmakers	311	43	114	85	46	23	254	16	110	79	32	17
Laundresses	193	43	51	34	33	32	138	8	50	33	21	26
Milliners	131	12	68	28	12	11	111	6	64	26	8	7
Saleswomen	255	8	136	56	32	23	237	2	134	53	27	21
Seamstresses	348	29	141	79	48	51	289	10	132	74	33	40
Servants and waitresses	756	26	78	40	36	578	663	5	76	36	28	518
Stenographers and typewriters	204	5	105	51	23	20	201	4	105	50	22	20
Tailoresses	129	10	51	32	20	16	110	6	49	29	12	14
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	247	18	70	39	33	87	236	12	68	37	27	92
All other occupations	1,064	150	419	186	161	176	838	36	400	173	99	142
FOREIGN BORN WHITE												
All occupations	1,204	232	199	65	151	557	806	23	192	56	69	466
Servants and waitresses	451	12	25	5	19	390	377	.....	24	5	12	336
All other occupations	753	220	174	60	132	167	429	23	168	51	57	130
NEGRO.												
All occupations	2,565	632	219	228	568	918	985	50	164	162	100	509
Laundresses	800	349	51	66	251	83	126	24	29	35	16	22
Servants and waitresses	1,368	181	120	117	208	742	716	21	98	91	61	445
All other occupations	397	102	48	45	109	93	143	5	37	36	23	42

JERSEY CITY, N. J.

ALL CLASSES.[2]

All occupations	15,343	1,611	5,399	2,441	2,193	3,699	12,458	329	5,249	2,318	1,503	3,05
Bookbinders	239	7	127	60	32	13	236	6	127	59	31	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	467	14	263	96	70	24	444	8	257	95	64	2
Boxmakers (paper)	244	5	136	50	39	14	233	2	136	46	37	1
Clerks and copyists	388	13	197	78	71	29	351	4	194	75	51	2
Dressmakers	1,435	230	543	295	265	102	1,097	52	517	274	176	7
Housekeepers and stewardesses	356	59	10	.....	113	174	185	8	5	.....	77	9
Laundresses	596	235	115	51	111	84	277	21	111	45	46	5
Merchants and dealers	295	184	25	7	71	8	68	25	21	5	13	
Milliners	330	23	194	65	33	15	291	5	189	62	22	1
Musicians and teachers of music	178	13	86	36	35	8	156	4	84	25	27	
Nurses and midwives	327	82	35	19	89	111	153	5	27	14	27	8
Packers and shippers	177	4	93	44	29	7	168	1	92	42	26	
Saleswomen	1,102	32	593	257	146	74	1,029	9	564	251	117	6
Seamstresses	599	75	212	116	95	61	460	21	201	114	80	4
Servants and waitresses	3,688	95	252	102	216	2,373	2,506	24	230	88	133	2,01

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 459 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.												
Housekeepers and stewardesses	26	3			4	19	70	14		1	4	51
Laundresses	52	17		2	28	5	108	75	5	6	10	12
Milliners	27	2	2	1	21	1	35	13	2	2	9	9
Musicians and teachers of music	18		5	2	9	2	18	9	4	3	1	1
Nurses and midwives	17		2	1	7	7	69	30	1	3	10	25
Saleswomen	24	4	8		11	1	38	11	6	6	3	12
Seamstresses	85	15	8	3	50	9	163	99	9	8	19	28
Servants and waitresses	127	16	8	5	21	77	261	81	4	7	20	169
Stenographers and typewriters	15	1	2	2	7	3	27	4	5	4	4	10
Tailoresses	21		3		16	2	41	31	2	1	3	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	21		2		14	5	29	16	3	1	1	8
All other occupations	139	17	12	4	117	9	206	117	13	11	22	43
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	206	32	16	13	104	41	389	215	27	29	35	83
Bookkeepers and accountants	5	1			3	1	2	2				
Clerks and copyists	3		2		1		6	4	2			
Dressmakers	18	5	1	1	10	1	39	22	3	5	4	5
Laundresses	11				9	2	44	35	1	1	3	4
Milliners	8		2	1	3	2	12	6	2	1	1	2
Saleswomen	10	1	2	1	5	1	8	5		2		1
Seamstresses	11		1	1	9		48	19	8	4	6	11
Servants and waitresses	34	5	1	2	5	21	61	16	1	2	3	39
Stenographers and typewriters	2			1	1		1	1				
Tailoresses	9	1	2	1	4	1	10	3		2	4	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	7			1	5	1	10	6	2	1	1	
All other occupations	88	19	5	4	49	11	148	96	8	11	13	20
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	125	29	3	3	66	24	273	180	4	6	16	67
Servants and waitresses	20	2	1		3	14	54	10			4	40
All other occupations	105	27	2	3	63	10	219	170	4	6	12	27
NEGRO.												
All occupations	657	73	17	24	384	159	923	509	38	42	84	250
Laundresses	274	36	8	13	204	13	400	289	14	18	31	48
Servants and waitresses	277	22	8	9	107	131	375	138	14	17	40	166
All other occupations	106	15	1	2	73	15	148	82	10	7	13	36

JERSEY CITY, N. J.

ALL CLASSES.[2]

All occupations	1,083	202	74	52	505	250	1,802	1,080	76	71	185	390
Bookbinders	2	1		1			1					
Bookkeepers and accountants	13	1	4	1	3	4	10	5			1	
Boxmakers (paper)	2			1		1	9	3	2		3	
Clerks and copyists	23	1		1	19	2	14	8		3	2	1
Dressmakers	130	36	10	6	69	9	208	142	16	15	20	15
Housekeepers and stewardesses	45	9			11	25	126	42	2		25	57
Laundresses	99	33	2	3	53	8	220	181	2	3	12	22
Merchants and dealers	86	26	3		56	1	141	133	1	2	2	3
Milliners	17	3	2	2	9	1	22	15	3	1	2	1
Musicians and teachers of music	9	2	1		5	1	13	7	1	1	3	1
Nurses and midwives	47	9	3	3	29	3	127	68	5	2	24	28
Packers and shippers	3			2	1		6	3	1		2	
Saleswomen	37	7	1	2	26	1	36	16	8	4	3	5
Seamstresses	15	4	4	1	4	2	84	50	7	1	11	15
Servants and waitresses	218	11	17	8	26	156	314	00	5	6	37	206

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 459 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

JERSEY CITY, N. J.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL CLASSES—continued.												
Silk mill operatives	307	21	127	88	56	15	254	5	126	83	28	12
Stenographers and typewriters	811	11	460	193	94	53	794	9	455	182	90	48
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	832	42	330	138	102	220	800	33	326	136	90	215
Telegraph and telephone operators	157	4	76	41	15	21	147	1	75	39	14	18
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	413	38	196	82	70	27	356	9	192	79	52	24
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	337	37	118	85	56	41	279	14	113	78	36	38
Trunk and leather-case makers, etc.	129	4	81	31	11	2	125	2	80	31	10	2
All other occupations	2,626	383	1,130	507	383	223	2,049	61	1,104	475	236	173
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	3,106	273	1,289	503	476	565	2,590	73	1,241	475	342	459
Bookkeepers and accountants	149	8	81	28	23	9	139	6	77	28	21	7
Clerks and copyists	134	6	60	31	25	12	121	2	57	31	19	12
Dressmakers	287	73	81	40	54	39	184	14	69	35	37	29
Saleswomen	274	5	159	43	37	30	258	2	157	41	30	28
Seamstresses	116	15	44	21	21	15	92	5	41	20	17	9
Servants and waitresses	259	7	30	13	15	194	216	1	30	9	8	168
Stenographers and typewriters	287	6	155	55	37	34	277	4	152	55	35	31
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	306	20	114	62	46	58	283	13	112	61	42	54
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	165	13	93	26	20	13	142	4	90	23	13	12
All other occupations	1,132	120	472	184	195	161	878	22	456	172	119	109
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	7,312	438	3,343	1,060	983	888	6,595	145	3,275	1,567	810	799
Bookbinders	164	5	92	45	18	4	161	4	92	44	17	4
Bookkeepers and accountants	274	3	157	57	45	12	266	2	155	56	42	11
Boxmakers (paper)	158	4	82	33	28	11	150	1	82	30	27	10
Clerks and copyists	213	3	120	41	35	14	199	1	120	38	28	12
Dressmakers	805	75	370	219	110	31	699	28	358	205	80	28
Housekeepers and stewardesses	117	11	3	.....	54	49	86	5	2	.....	45	34
Laundresses	183	44	69	22	26	22	128	7	67	22	19	13
Milliners	188	6	120	40	19	3	176	1	117	40	15	3
Packers and shippers	128	1	67	35	19	6	123	.....	67	33	17	6
Saleswomen	693	13	369	196	82	33	665	6	362	192	74	31
Seamstresses	315	20	128	84	48	26	274	8	121	84	42	19
Servants and waitresses	692	11	133	64	64	410	597	2	125	59	56	355
Silk mill operatives	177	9	79	60	24	5	161	2	79	57	18	5
Stenographers and typewriters	478	5	281	126	54	13	473	5	280	124	52	12
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	428	16	205	72	46	89	416	14	203	71	40	88
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	234	14	115	58	35	12	212	4	113	56	29	10
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	235	19	90	68	32	26	211	11	87	63	26	24
All other occupations	1,840	170	863	441	244	122	1,598	44	845	413	192	104
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	4,466	318	721	256	662	2,009	3,021	98	683	239	317	1,674
Dressmakers	315	78	89	32	90	26	201	10	88	31	53	19
Housekeepers and stewardesses	169	35	2	.....	38	94	73	3	1	.....	22	47
Laundresses	262	141	17	18	50	36	79	8	17	16	14	24
Merchants and dealers	183	128	3	1	46	5	26	17	2	.....	6	2
Nurses and midwives	130	43	3	3	40	41	41	.....	1	2	7	31
Saleswomen	133	14	65	16	27	11	104	1	65	16	13	9
Seamstresses	124	30	40	10	25	19	93	8	39	9	21	16
Servants and waitresses	1,845	66	66	21	116	1,576	1,521	16	57	17	80	1,351
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	156	28	62	23	29	14	117	5	61	22	17	12
All other occupations	1,149	255	374	132	201	187	766	30	302	120	86	163

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 459 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

JERSEY CITY, N. J.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL CLASSES[2]—continued.												
Silk mill operatives	39	3	1	5	28	2	14	13				1
Stenographers and typewriters	12	1	5	1	1	4	5	1			3	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	15	2	2	1	9	1	17	7	2	1	3	4
Telegraph and telephone operators	4		1	1	1	1	6	3		1		2
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	27	3	3	2	17	2	30	26	1	1	1	1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	23	4		1	17	1	35	19	5	6	3	2
Trunk and leather-case makers, etc.	1		1				3	2			1	
All other occupations	216	46	14	10	121	25	361	276	12	22	26	25
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	202	38	22	9	96	37	314	162	26	19	38	69
Bookkeepers and accountants	5		2		1	2	5	2	2		1	
Clerks and copyists	5				5		8	4	3		1	
Dressmakers	32	13	3		13	3	71	45	9	5	4	7
Saleswomen	6	1			5		10	2	2	2	2	2
Seamstresses	5	1	2	1	1		19	9	1		3	6
Servants and waitresses	17	2		2	4	9	26	4		2	3	17
Stenographers and typewriters	7	1	3			3	3	1			2	
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	8	2	1		4	1	12	5	1	1	2	3
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	12		2	2	7	1	9	1	1			
All other occupations	105	18	9	4	56	18	149	80	7	8	20	34
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	262	57	31	33	112	29	455	236	37	40	52	90
Bookbinders	2	1		1			1				1	
Bookkeepers and accountants	7	1	2	1	2	1	1				1	
Boxmakers (paper)							8	3		3	1	1
Clerks and copyists	11	1		1	7	2	3	1		2		
Dressmakers	32	14	6	6	24	2	54	33	6	8	6	1
Housekeepers and stewardesses	5	2			1	2	26	4	1		8	13
Laundresses	11	4	1		4	2	44	33	1		3	7
Milliners	5	1	1		3		7	4	2		1	
Packers and shippers	3			2	1		2	1			1	
Saleswomen	14	3	1	2	7	1	14	4	6	2	1	1
Seamstresses	7	2	2		2	1	34	19	5		4	6
Servants and waitresses	29	3	6	3	3	14	56	6	2	2	5	41
Silk mill operatives	11	2		3	6		5	5				
Stenographers and typewriters	3		1	1	1		2				1	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	7		1	1	5		5	2	1		1	1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	10	1	2	1	5	1	12	9		1	1	1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	9	3		1	4	1	15	5	3	4	2	1
All other occupations	76	19	8	10	37	2	166	107	10	18	15	16
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	532	96	16	8	264	148	913	624	12	9	81	187
Dressmakers	39	8	1		28	2	75	60		1	9	5
Housekeepers and stewardesses	22	2			4	16	74	30	1		12	31
Laundresses	56	22		1	31	2	127	111		1	5	10
Merchants and dealers	58	18	1		38		99	93		1	2	3
Nurses and midwives	31	8	1	1	20	1	58	35	1		13	9
Saleswomen	17	3			14		12	10				2
Seamstresses	2	1				1	29	21	1	1	4	2
Servants and waitresses	135	6	6	2	13	108	189	44	3	2	23	117
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	17	4		1	11	1	22	19	1		1	1
All other occupations	155	24	7	3	104	17	228	201	5	3	12	7

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 459 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

KANSAS CITY, MO.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.

OCCUPATION.	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL CLASSES.[2]												
All occupations	16,684	2,732	2,871	1,590	2,347	6,144	9,857	485	2,617	1,403	978	4,374
Boarding and lodging house keepers	531	485	4	4	74	14	79	74	.....	2	.....	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	544	19	207	97	75	146	474	5	192	93	58	126
Clerks and copyists	387	15	165	76	56	75	339	7	158	74	39	61
Dressmakers	1,191	326	183	121	284	277	560	59	147	107	91	156
Housekeepers and stewardesses	273	29	10	6	28	200	136	7	10	4	17	98
Laundresses	2,121	781	241	183	520	396	653	67	192	140	70	184
Milliners	278	20	88	40	57	73	222	4	84	40	30	35
Musicians and teachers of music	245	29	94	26	50	46	174	14	80	21	28	31
Nurses and midwives	382	71	17	8	40	216	203	16	15	4	7	161
Saleswomen	954	32	373	156	128	263	810	8	362	145	83	212
Seamstresses	845	186	105	112	159	223	492	37	148	92	81	134
Servants and waitresses	4,228	271	197	191	281	3,288	2,911	63	172	155	107	2,414
Stenographers and typewriters	979	45	334	161	115	324	897	28	320	153	104	292
Tailoresses	201	37	48	31	38	47	129	12	46	27	13	31
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	666	50	200	112	98	206	605	28	196	106	88	188
Telegraph and telephone operators	169	6	67	38	21	37	153	3	64	37	15	34
All other occupations	1,470	330	478	226	323	313	1,020	53	431	204	142	100
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	7,366	1,157	1,645	805	1,040	2,719	4,891	229	1,502	725	502	1,933
Boarding and lodging house keepers	350	287	4	2	48	9	47	44	.....	1	.....	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	361	15	114	67	48	117	312	4	106	63	39	100
Clerks and copyists	260	10	104	48	30	59	226	6	98	47	27	48
Dressmakers	773	224	103	64	173	209	337	42	80	54	47	114
Housekeepers and stewardesses	121	9	4	.....	9	99	49	.....	4	.....	6	39
Laundresses	370	103	86	48	67	66	190	9	79	42	21	39
Milliners	161	10	44	22	35	50	122	1	41	22	20	38
Musicians and teachers of music	172	20	71	16	35	30	122	10	61	13	20	18
Nurses and midwives	179	39	11	5	16	108	104	10	11	2	5	76
Saleswomen	611	21	210	99	71	210	500	5	202	89	39	165
Seamstresses	567	126	123	71	99	149	511	17	107	59	44	84
Servants and waitresses	1,129	42	53	31	46	957	803	13	48	24	18	700
Stenographers and typewriters	699	29	233	94	79	264	632	18	220	89	79	226
Tailoresses	120	19	25	17	23	36	68	2	24	14	8	20
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	436	27	144	73	65	127	397	13	141	69	60	114
All other occupations	1,057	177	316	148	187	229	671	35	280	137	91	128
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	3,048	866	820	454	413	995	2,395	87	777	423	277	831
Boarding and lodging house keepers	102	87	.....	1	13	3	20	18	.....	1	.....	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	146	3	77	25	21	20	133	1	72	25	10	15
Dressmakers	274	65	63	49	58	39	160	8	53	45	30	24
Laundresses	196	36	57	32	37	34	124	5	49	29	20	21
Saleswomen	271	8	127	53	44	39	248	3	124	50	36	35
Seamstresses	172	34	30	32	33	43	129	11	29	28	29	32
Servants and waitresses	644	14	85	25	16	554	553	4	32	23	12	482
Stenographers and typewriters	244	14	95	61	26	48	230	9	94	58	26	43
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	135	9	37	27	19	43	127	5	37	25	19	41
All other occupations	864	96	299	149	146	174	671	23	287	139	90	132
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	1,154	285	191	77	191	910	1,155	52	182	70	76	775
Dressmakers	106	29	13	6	37	21	55	8	13	6	13	15
Servants and waitresses	711	21	16	10	14	650	611	4	14	10	9	574
All other occupations	837	235	162	61	140	239	489	40	155	54	54	186

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 1 Indian woman.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

KANSAS CITY, MO.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL CLASSES.[2]												
All occupations	2,394	368	137	67	1,109	713	3,433	1,879	117	120	250	1,057
Boarding and lodging house keepers	147	65	3		73	6	355	346	1	2	1	5
Bookkeepers and accountants	38	2	9	2	14	11	32	12	6	2	3	9
Clerks and copyists	24	2	3	2	11	6	24	6	4		6	8
Dressmakers	262	39	24	2	155	42	369	228	13	12	38	79
Housekeepers and stewardesses	34	6			2	26	103	16		2	9	76
Laundresses	613	104	25	16	386	82	855	610	24	27	64	130
Milliners	28	5	1		19	3	28	11	3		3	11
Musicians and teachers of music	43	3	8	4	20	8	28	12	6	1	2	7
Nurses and midwives	46	7	2	2	19	16	103	48		2	14	39
Saleswomen	67	10	3	4	36	14	77	14	8	9	9	37
Seamstresses	128	32	5	7	52	32	226	117	12	13	26	57
Servants and waitresses	586	40	14	15	123	394	731	168	11	21	51	490
Stenographers and typewriters	29		7	3	7	12	53	17	7	5	4	20
Taileresses	30	2	1	1	21	5	42	23	1	3	4	11
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	15	2	1	1	6	5	46	20	3	6	4	13
Telegraph and telephone operators	10		2		6	2	6	3	1	1		1
All other occupations	294	49	29	8	159	49	356	228	18	14	22	74
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	964	158	72	29	431	294	1,491	770	71	51	107	492
Boarding and lodging house keepers	96	41	3		48	4	207	202	1	1		3
Bookkeepers and accountants	25	1	5	2	8	9	24	10	3	2	1	8
Clerks and copyists	19	2	3	1	8	5	15	2	3		4	6
Dressmakers	175	25	16	2	100	32	261	157	7	8	26	63
Housekeepers and stewardesses	15	3			1	11	57	6			2	49
Laundresses	68	10	2	3	41	12	112	84	5	3	5	15
Milliners	20	3	1		13	3	19	6	2		2	9
Musicians and teachers of music	29	1	6	2	15	5	21	9	4	1		7
Nurses and midwives	21	5		1	6	9	54	24		2	5	23
Saleswomen	47	7	1	3	23	13	94	9	7	7	9	32
Seamstresses	90	22	5	6	35	22	166	86	11	6	20	43
Servants and waitresses	140	8	3	2	14	113	186	21	2	5	14	144
Stenographers and typewriters	24		6	2	7	9	43	11	7	3	2	20
Taileresses	21	2		1	14	4	31	15	1	2	4	9
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	7	1			2	4	32	13	3	4	3	9
All other occupations	187	27	21	4	96	39	199	115	15	7	10	32
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	239	42	28	9	104	56	414	237	15	22	32	108
Boarding and lodging house keepers	18	5			10	1	66	64			1	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	9	1	3		4	1	4	1	2		1	
Dressmakers	42	8	8		22	6	72	49	4	4	6	9
Laundresses	31	7	5	1	13	5	41	24	3	2	4	8
Saleswomen	15	3	2	1	9		8	2	1	2		3
Seamstresses	14	7			3	4	29	18	1	4	1	7
Servants and waitresses	32	2	2	1	3	24	59	8	1	1	1	48
Stenographers and typewriters	5		1	1		3	9	5		2	2	
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	1			1			7	4		1		2
All other occupations	74	9	9	4	40	12	119	64	3	6	16	30
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	175	29	6	1	93	46	324	204	3	6	22	89
Dressmakers	25	4			19	2	26	17			5	4
Servants and waitresses	30	1	1		4	24	70	16	1		1	52
All other occupations	120	24	5	1	70	20	228	171	2	6	16	33

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 1 Indian woman.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

KANSAS CITY, MO.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NEGRO.												
All occupations	3,615	923	215	254	703	1,520	1,416	117	156	185	123	83
Laundresses	1,474	609	86	99	402	278	303	51	52	63	25	11
Servants and waitresses	1,744	194	93	125	205	1,127	944	42	78	98	68	65
All other occupations	397	120	36	30	96	115	169	24	26	22	30	6
LOUISVILLE, KY.												
ALL CLASSES.												
All occupations	21,831	4,207	4,065	3,030	3,991	5,938	13,949	1,063	4,343	2,659	1,539	4,34
Boarding and lodging house keepers	274	219	2	4	44	5	40	35	.....	3	.....	
Bookkeepers and accountants	382	10	182	51	51	35	351	5	178	94	44	3
Clerks and copyists	394	15	183	42	59	45	358	8	177	84	50	3
Dressmakers	1,511	222	454	317	261	157	1,125	106	434	291	174	12
Housekeepers and stewardesses	282	27	6	1	74	174	168	10	4	1	54	9
Laundresses	3,703	1,529	311	304	1,261	298	998	256	228	198	127	18
Merchants and dealers	229	146	11	18	44	10	56	14	9	15	10	
Milliners	306	18	131	71	86	28	274	12	127	69	62	2
Musicians and teachers of music	201	27	95	42	38	29	153	10	67	40	24	2
Nurses and midwives	549	88	55	33	101	269	344	20	48	27	41	20
Saleswomen	726	24	344	184	107	67	609	13	336	172	91	5
Seamstresses	1,217	252	377	196	202	190	853	68	300	170	117	13
Servants and waitresses	6,657	912	474	438	946	3,837	4,183	302	999	347	264	2,87
Stenographers and typewriters	594	14	259	187	65	69	578	10	255	184	63	6
Tailoresses	1,003	84	475	228	141	75	880	30	400	213	107	6
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	919	89	287	209	134	220	806	57	245	200	97	20
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	205	9	112	61	13	10	188	3	111	58	7	
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	706	105	393	163	116	79	558	22	287	142	57	3
Woolen mill operatives	346	25	163	97	36	25	312	8	157	95	30	2
All other occupations	1,478	291	498	281	242	166	1,069	68	471	256	146	12
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	6,103	875	1,735	941	838	1,714	4,716	266	1,659	846	544	1,40
Boarding and lodging house keepers	177	135	1	3	35	3	22	19	.....	2	.....	
Bookkeepers and accountants	195	6	92	45	20	32	176	3	90	38	18	2
Clerks and copyists	213	13	89	52	25	34	195	7	86	46	22	3
Dressmakers	605	108	159	86	108	90	407	52	145	75	60	6
Laundresses	185	66	43	22	39	35	93	7	37	17	15	1
Milliners	172	6	79	37	33	17	152	3	76	35	25	1
Nurses and midwives	194	24	16	9	22	123	148	7	13	8	13	10
Saleswomen	294	14	140	62	40	38	261	7	136	55	33	3
Seamstresses	594	129	162	76	106	121	409	39	155	61	65	8
Servants and waitresses	1,010	55	56	32	49	818	824	20	52	21	27	69
Stenographers and typewriters	323	12	112	103	36	55	311	8	110	106	35	5
Tailoresses	375	34	173	65	57	44	321	10	174	61	38	3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	432	49	127	96	53	107	383	33	121	92	43	9
Textile mill operatives	126	7	65	30	13	11	114	2	64	28	9	1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	300	24	136	61	44	35	265	4	128	52	25	2
All other occupations	898	133	289	157	158	161	665	36	272	146	110	10
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	5,876	561	2,108	1,317	725	1,165	5,043	197	2,032	1,242	563	1,00
Bookkeepers and accountants	171	4	84	56	24	3	162	2	83	54	20	
Clerks and copyists	164	1	84	39	30	10	150	1	81	34	26	
Dressmakers	743	103	276	213	109	42	641	39	270	204	91	3
Laundresses	268	56	77	51	36	28	160	9	73	41	17	2
Milliners	121	10	49	32	21	0	112	8	48	32	15	

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

KANSAS CITY, MO.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	NEGRO.											
All occupations	996	139	31	28	481	317	1,203	667	26	41	99	368
Laundresses	502	84	18	12	324	64	669	474	16	22	53	104
Servants and waitresses	384	29	8	12	102	233	416	123	7	15	35	236
All other occupations	110	26	5	4	55	20	118	70	5	4	11	28

LOUISVILLE, KY.

	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	3,216	406	159	115	1,998	538	4,666	2,738	163	256	454	1,055
Boarding and lodging house keepers	62	17	2	.....	42	1	172	167	.....	1	2	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	9	1	1	.....	6	1	22	4	3	10	1	4
Clerks and copyists	10	.....	2	.....	6	2	26	7	4	3	3	4
Dressmakers	103	15	11	4	64	9	283	201	9	22	23	28
Housekeepers and stewardesses	17	2	1	.....	3	11	102	15	1	.....	17	69
Laundresses	1,349	192	51	44	993	69	1,446	1,081	32	62	141	130
Merchants and dealers	39	7	1	1	30	.....	134	125	1	2	4	2
Milliners	14	.....	2	.....	11	1	17	7	2	2	3	3
Musicians and teachers of music	20	1	4	.....	12	3	28	16	4	2	2	4
Nurses and midwives	48	3	2	.....	33	10	157	65	8	6	27	51
Saleswomen	22	4	2	3	12	1	35	7	6	9	4	9
Seamstresses	112	21	6	3	64	18	252	163	11	23	21	34
Servants and waitresses	1,086	91	33	41	535	381	1,388	519	37	50	147	635
Stenographers and typewriters	4	1	1	.....	.....	2	12	3	3	3	2	1
Tailoresses	32	3	5	2	20	2	91	45	10	13	14	9
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	33	3	2	1	23	4	80	39	10	8	14	19
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	9	1	.....	1	6	1	8	5	1	2	.....	.....
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	88	14	11	6	49	8	120	69	5	15	10	21
Woolen mill operatives	13	2	5	.....	5	1	21	15	1	3	1	2
All other occupations	146	28	12	9	84	13	272	195	15	16	18	28
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	397	58	36	24	204	75	900	551	40	71	90	238
Boarding and lodging house keepers	44	9	1	.....	34	.....	111	107	.....	1	1	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	5	1	1	.....	2	1	14	2	1	7	.....	4
Clerks and copyists	3	.....	1	.....	1	1	15	6	2	3	2	2
Dressmakers	43	4	4	2	29	4	155	112	4	9	13	17
Laundresses	37	12	3	.....	20	2	63	47	3	5	4	6
Milliners	8	.....	1	.....	6	1	12	3	2	2	2	3
Nurses and midwives	6	1	1	.....	3	1	40	16	2	1	6	15
Saleswomen	10	3	1	2	4	.....	23	4	3	5	3	8
Seamstresses	51	9	4	2	30	6	134	81	3	13	11	26
Servants and waitresses	64	2	2	9	10	41	122	24	2	2	12	82
Stenographers and typewriters	4	1	1	.....	.....	2	8	3	1	2	1	1
Tailoresses	15	3	1	1	9	1	39	21	.....	3	10	5
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	9	1	.....	.....	3	2	43	15	6	4	7	11
Textile mill operatives	7	2	1	1	3	.....	5	3	.....	1	1	.....
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	24	1	6	3	13	1	41	19	2	6	6	8
All other occupations	70	9	8	4	37	12	163	88	9	7	11	48
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	225	31	28	8	114	41	608	330	48	67	48	115
Bookkeepers and accountants	3	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	6	2	1	2	1	.....
Clerks and copyists	5	.....	1	.....	3	1	9	.....	2	5	1	1
Dressmakers	26	7	3	1	13	2	76	37	3	8	5	3
Laundresses	30	7	3	2	17	1	58	40	1	8	2	7
Milliners	6	.....	1	.....	5	.....	3	2	.....	.....	1	.....

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

LOUISVILLE, KY.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Saleswomen	391	7	184	117	58	25	372	4	180	113	52	23
Seamstresses	440	62	189	103	53	33	389	21	182	97	41	28
Servants and waitresses	918	30	92	37	48	711	802	11	86	34	38	633
Stenographers and typewriters	263	2	142	79	27	12	259	2	141	78	26	12
Tailoresses	569	39	277	155	72	26	516	21	264	146	63	22
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	283	16	81	71	38	77	268	13	80	70	30	75
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	138	5	80	40	8	5	129	2	79	39	5	4
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	253	26	117	74	24	12	211	7	112	66	18	8
Woolen mill operatives	245	12	114	79	25	15	226	5	110	77	21	13
All other occupations	929	186	261	171	152	157	666	52	243	157	100	114
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	1,446	365	185	74	181	641	911	52	174	64	81	540
Servants and waitresses	563	24	20	12	25	482	467	9	19	11	13	415
All other occupations	883	341	165	62	156	159	444	43	155	53	68	125
NEGRO.												
All occupations	8,406	2,406	637	668	2,247	2,418	3,279	548	478	507	351	1,395
Laundresses	3,201	1,352	185	229	1,172	323	727	238	114	139	92	144
Nurses and midwives	186	30	23	16	49	68	92	7	20	13	15	37
Seamstresses	129	40	13	12	36	28	50	8	11	8	7	16
Servants and waitresses	4,166	803	306	357	824	1,876	2,090	253	242	281	186	1,128
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	163	22	43	40	34	24	119	10	38	36	18	17
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	151	43	22	20	38	28	64	9	19	16	8	12
All other occupations	350	116	45	24	94	71	137	23	34	14	25	41

LOWELL, MASS.

	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	16,453	1,385	4,111	1,812	3,039	6,106	12,167	482	3,912	1,673	1,482	4,618
Boarding and lodging house keepers	185	143	7	1	31	3	42	31	5	1	3	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	385	21	153	86	51	74	343	14	146	82	40	61
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	154	3	64	23	28	36	118	.....	56	21	12	29
Carpet factory operatives	353	29	110	55	74	85	290	18	107	53	39	73
Clerks and copyists	248	11	95	57	33	52	210	5	88	52	24	41
Cotton mill operatives	4,725	337	919	421	990	1,978	3,235	129	866	430	427	1,374
Dressmakers	690	153	154	74	170	139	435	60	130	63	52	111
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	1,956	48	806	249	294	558	1,673	16	780	235	188	454
Housekeepers and stewardesses	437	32	9	2	106	205	229	13	8	2	67	139
Laundresses	177	56	23	10	55	33	66	7	20	9	7	23
Milliners	180	6	59	33	35	47	150	3	55	33	21	38
Nurses and midwives	200	24	7	6	34	129	124	6	6	4	12	96
Saleswomen	407	25	152	67	89	74	328	9	145	65	51	58
Seamstresses	127	22	13	7	30	50	84	5	17	6	19	37
Servants and waitresses	1,619	63	53	34	99	1,370	1,259	19	48	28	46	1,118
Stenographers and typewriters	131	1	57	28	13	32	127	1	56	28	11	31
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	458	37	138	72	61	150	444	30	136	71	59	148
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	2,005	120	627	226	398	634	1,463	38	594	202	153	476
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	169	7	57	11	53	41	128	4	54	11	26	33
Woolen mill operatives	916	69	325	153	221	148	747	28	314	141	137	127
All other occupations	931	137	278	137	171	208	672	46	272	127	78	149

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 32 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

LOUISVILLE, KY.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Saleswomen	10	1	1	1	6	1	9	2	3	3	.....	1
Seamstresses	17	6	2	.....	7	2	54	35	5	6	5	3
Servants and waitresses	30	2	1	.....	5	22	86	17	5	3	5	56
Stenographers and typewriters	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	2	1	1	.....
Tailoresses	12	.....	4	1	6	1	41	18	9	8	3	3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	6	1	.....	.....	5	.....	9	2	1	1	3	2
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	4	.....	.....	.....	3	1	5	3	1	1	.....	.....
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	11	1	3	1	5	1	31	18	2	7	1	3
Woolen mill operatives	8	.....	3	.....	4	1	11	7	1	2	.....	1
All other occupations	57	9	6	2	32	8	206	127	12	12	20	35
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	120	33	4	1	64	18	415	280	7	9	36	83
Servants and waitresses	15	.....	.....	.....	3	12	81	15	1	1	9	55
All other occupations	105	33	4	1	61	6	334	265	6	8	27	28
NEGRO.												
All occupations	2,474	281	91	82	1,616	404	2,553	1,577	68	109	280	519
Laundresses	1,268	168	45	42	948	65	1,266	946	26	48	132	114
Nurses and midwives	31	.....	.....	.....	23	8	63	23	3	3	11	23
Seamstresses	36	2	.....	1	24	9	43	30	2	3	5	3
Servants and waitresses	977	87	35	32	517	306	1,099	463	29	44	121	442
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	19	1	2	1	13	2	25	11	3	3	3	5
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	47	9	2	2	28	6	40	25	1	2	2	10
All other occupations	96	14	7	4	63	8	117	79	4	6	6	22

LOWELL, MASS.

ALL CLASSES.[2]

All occupations	2,801	214	145	91	1,405	946	1,485	689	54	48	152	542
Boarding and lodging house keepers	47	19	1	.....	26	1	96	93	1	.....	2	.....
Bookkeepers and accountants	31	1	5	3	11	11	11	6	2	1	.....	2
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	27	.....	5	1	15	6	9	3	3	1	1	1
Carpet factory operatives	43	4	1	1	30	7	20	7	2	1	5	5
Clerks and copyists	21	1	5	.....	8	7	17	5	2	5	1	4
Cotton mill operatives	1,112	67	38	33	536	438	378	161	15	9	27	166
Dressmakers	151	24	9	7	101	10	104	69	6	4	7	18
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	220	11	20	12	103	74	63	22	6	2	3	30
Housekeepers and stewardesses	66	7	.....	.....	15	44	142	32	1	.....	27	82
Laundresses	65	13	3	1	43	5	46	36	.....	.....	5	5
Milliners	24	.....	2	.....	14	8	6	3	.....	.....	.....	1
Nurses and midwives	24	3	1	1	10	9	52	15	.....	1	12	24
Saleswomen	63	4	6	2	37	14	16	12	1	.....	1	2
Seamstresses	21	6	.....	.....	9	6	22	11	1	1	2	7
Servants and waitresses	173	8	4	3	34	124	187	36	1	3	10	123
Stenographers and typewriters	4	.....	1	.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	7	2	2	.....	1	2	7	5	.....	1	1	.....
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	413	15	26	17	229	126	129	67	7	7	16	32
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	31	.....	3	.....	23	5	10	3	.....	.....	4	3
Woolen mill operatives	108	8	8	7	76	9	61	33	3	5	8	12
All other occupations	150	21	5	3	82	39	109	70	1	7	11	20

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 32 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

LOWELL, MASS.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	2,853	349	594	298	442	1,170	2,016	133	563	270	231	819
Bookkeepers and accountants	107	14	57	30	22	44	146	10	53	28	17	38
Clerks and copyists	132	7	46	25	19	35	110	2	42	23	16	27
Cotton mill operatives	406	39	41	35	58	233	253	19	41	34	18	141
Dressmakers	175	47	21	13	41	53	91	15	18	7	13	38
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	317	16	107	29	47	118	249	4	100	29	28	88
Housekeepers and stewardesses	118	9	1	.....	25	83	45	2	1	.....	10	32
Saleswoman	102	10	28	17	11	36	79	4	24	17	8	26
Servants and waitresses	219	17	9	5	18	170	140	6	8	4	9	113
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	225	27	71	34	35	58	216	22	70	34	33	57
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	249	19	52	31	45	102	200	10	52	25	26	87
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	134	20	15	9	27	63	95	9	13	8	13	52
All other occupations	609	124	146	70	94	175	392	30	141	61	40	120
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	4,539	255	1,778	832	694	980	3,802	119	1,715	799	414	765
Bookkeepers and accountants	154	4	77	39	19	15	144	4	74	38	16	12
Carpet factory operatives	167	6	75	46	20	20	150	5	72	44	11	17
Cotton mill operatives	1,099	58	356	180	179	318	854	24	341	180	82	227
Dressmakers	171	31	65	26	35	15	133	21	57	24	18	13
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	526	9	286	98	55	78	486	5	280	93	40	68
Saleswomen	164	4	83	32	31	14	148	3	83	31	18	13
Servants and waitresses	190	7	14	13	14	142	139	3	13	11	8	104
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	174	6	94	37	23	44	172	6	93	36	23	44
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	636	30	262	123	101	120	518	12	248	112	48	98
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	150	5	77	20	28	20	132	1	74	20	19	18
Woolen mill operatives	380	16	170	83	70	41	340	8	166	79	52	35
All other occupations	728	79	230	127	119	153	586	27	243	121	79	116
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.											
All occupations	9,029	778	1,732	682	1,896	3,941	6,332	230	1,627	614	835	3,026
Boarding and lodging house keepers	106	77	6	.....	22	1	30	23	5	.....	1	1
Carpet factory operatives	163	20	30	6	4	58	122	12	29	6	25	50
Cotton mill operatives	3,220	260	523	257	753	1,427	2,128	86	484	225	327	1,006
Dressmakers	343	75	68	36	93	71	210	24	64	32	30	60
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	1,113	24	413	122	192	362	938	7	400	113	120	298
Housekeepers and stewardesses	236	31	5	2	59	139	135	7	5	2	37	84
Laundresses	165	37	4	5	37	22	29	5	2	4	2	16
Saleswomen	141	11	41	18	47	24	101	2	38	17	25	19
Servants and waitresses	1,194	39	29	16	67	1,043	971	10	26	13	29	893
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1,212	78	341	88	273	432	815	18	322	76	91	308
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	188	9	41	22	61	55	133	2	38	22	33	38
Woolen mill operatives	467	49	132	57	135	94	355	19	125	54	76	31
All other occupations	541	68	99	53	108	213	365	15	89	50	39	172

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	23,523	2,254	8,938	2,911	2,303	7,117	20,146	501	8,707	2,773	1,470	6,633
Boarding and lodging house keepers	301	246	1	3	49	2	47	39	1	3	3	1
Bookbinders	231	2	178	41	9	1	227	2	174	41	9	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	502	13	291	119	60	79	536	6	289	116	55	70
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	289	10	184	58	24	13	276	4	183	56	20	13
Clerks and copyists	502	14	276	110	51	51	466	4	266	109	43	44

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 94 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

LOWELL, MASS.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE												
All occupations	434	50	21	9	175	179	403	166	10	19	36	172
Bookkeepers and accountants	13	1	2	1	5	4	8	3	2	1	.....	2
Clerks and copyists	11	1	2	.....	2	6	11	4	2	2	1	2
Cotton mill operatives	100	6	.....	.....	38	56	53	14	.....	1	2	36
Dressmakers	43	7	2	3	25	6	41	25	1	3	3	9
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	44	5	4	.....	18	17	24	7	3	.....	1	13
Housekeepers and stewardesses	19	1	.....	.....	6	12	54	6	.....	.....	9	39
Saleswomen	15	1	3	.....	3	8	8	5	1	.....	.....	2
Servants and waitresses	44	4	1	.....	7	32	35	7	.....	1	2	25
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	4	1	1	.....	1	1	5	4	.....	.....	1	.....
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	31	2	.....	4	18	7	18	7	.....	2	1	8
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	20	3	1	.....	10	6	19	8	1	1	4	5
All other occupations	90	18	5	1	42	24	127	76	.....	8	12	31
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	509	34	39	32	254	150	228	102	24	11	26	65
Bookkeepers and accountants	10	.....	3	1	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Carpet factory operatives	13	1	.....	1	8	3	4	.....	2	1	1	.....
Cotton mill operatives	185	9	9	8	88	70	60	25	5	1	8	21
Dressmakers	24	2	4	1	16	1	14	8	4	.....	1	1
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	24	.....	4	4	14	2	16	4	2	1	1	8
Saleswomen	15	1	.....	1	12	1	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
Servants and waitresses	33	.....	1	2	5	25	18	4	.....	.....	1	13
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	87	3	8	9	49	18	31	15	6	2	4	4
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	12	1	1	.....	9	1	6	3	2	.....	.....	1
Woolen mill operatives	26	2	3	3	16	2	14	6	1	1	2	4
All other occupations	79	15	5	2	33	24	63	37	2	4	7	13
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	1,851	180	85	50	971	615	846	418	20	18	90	300
Boarding and lodging house keepers	27	8	.....	.....	19	.....	49	46	1	.....	2	.....
Carpet factory operatives	29	3	1	.....	21	4	12	5	.....	.....	3	4
Cotton mill operatives	827	62	29	25	400	312	265	122	10	1	17	109
Dressmakers	84	15	3	3	60	3	49	36	1	1	3	8
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	152	6	12	8	71	55	23	11	1	1	1	9
Housekeepers and stewardesses	30	3	.....	.....	8	19	71	21	.....	.....	14	36
Laundresses	42	7	2	1	30	2	34	25	.....	.....	5	4
Saleswomen	33	2	3	1	22	5	7	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
Servants and waitresses	94	4	2	1	22	65	129	25	1	2	16	85
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	308	11	18	7	170	102	89	49	1	5	12	22
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	43	2	3	.....	26	12	12	5	.....	.....	2	5
Woolen mill operatives	70	5	5	1	53	6	42	25	2	2	6	7
All other occupations	112	12	7	3	60	30	64	41	3	.....	9	11

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	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	1,256	230	137	40	703	146	2,121	1,463	94	98	130	336
Boarding and lodging house keepers	72	25	.....	.....	46	1	182	182	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bookbinders	3	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Bookkeepers and accountants	7	.....	.....	1	3	3	19	7	2	2	2	6
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	4	2	.....	.....	2	.....	9	4	1	2	2	.....
Clerks and copyists	17	3	5	.....	6	3	17	7	5	1	2	2

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 98 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	ALL CLASSES[2]—continued.											
Confectioners	216	26	128	28	21	3	183	6	136	28	10	3
Dressmakers	3,035	355	1,436	471	457	316	2,592	154	1,399	440	315	284
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	597	10	442	100	22	23	578	2	440	99	16	21
Housekeepers and stewardesses	357	32	19	6	63	237	256	15	15	5	45	176
Laundresses	1,139	484	284	85	194	112	469	26	222	69	60	92
Merchants and dealers	249	153	22	17	48	9	59	17	14	13	8	7
Milliners	703	54	377	139	60	73	626	13	366	132	52	63
Musicians and teachers of music	258	20	112	50	26	50	217	7	109	43	12	46
Nurses and midwives	564	91	47	9	118	299	343	20	35	5	30	253
Packers and shippers	203	.....	144	43	12	4	199	.....	143	43	11	2
Saleswomen	1,558	25	882	339	150	162	1,486	13	870	333	122	148
Seamstresses	936	114	459	151	100	112	806	30	452	139	81	98
Servants and waitresses	5,744	119	607	142	227	4,649	5,396	39	594	129	187	4,447
Stenographers and typewriters	886	13	452	204	96	121	860	10	445	204	84	117
Tailoresses	696	56	405	115	80	40	603	20	397	107	45	34
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	1,253	77	390	184	115	487	1,217	61	385	182	110	479
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	240	8	177	38	7	10	229	1	175	37	6	10
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	225	10	141	29	26	19	215	6	137	29	24	19
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	185	6	122	30	4	13	177	2	129	30	3	13
All other occupations	2,594	336	1,362	400	264	232	2,081	68	1,331	381	119	192
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	3,205	265	1,063	397	334	1,146	2,750	71	1,039	381	222	1,037
Bookkeepers and accountants	143	5	73	25	10	30	132	1	72	24	9	26
Clerks and copyists	121	3	67	24	15	12	109	1	63	24	12	9
Dressmakers	317	39	119	41	59	59	255	12	119	38	39	47
Milliners	127	2	63	20	15	27	113	1	63	17	12	20
Nurses and midwives	101	10	6	.....	10	75	80	2	6	.....	8	64
Saleswomen	263	10	140	52	24	37	246	5	137	52	23	29
Servants and waitresses	672	12	61	9	21	569	629	4	60	9	17	539
Stenographers and typewriters	271	4	130	53	36	48	257	3	127	53	27	47
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	339	23	108	50	25	133	319	13	107	48	22	129
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	139	12	61	21	19	26	122	5	59	21	15	22
All other occupations	712	145	235	102	90	140	488	24	226	95	38	105
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	13,915	841	5,811	2,053	1,196	4,012	12,815	333	5,707	1,969	944	3,862
Boarding and lodging house keepers	106	82	1	3	19	1	25	18	1	3	3	.....
Bookbinders	175	1	134	32	8	.....	172	1	131	32	8	.....
Bookkeepers and accountants	373	7	192	85	46	43	361	5	191	83	42	40
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	197	7	123	42	18	7	190	3	122	41	17	7
Clerks and copyists	316	6	173	78	27	32	302	3	168	77	24	30
Confectioners	145	13	97	21	12	2	130	3	96	21	8	2
Dressmakers	2,021	204	967	345	287	198	1,794	107	961	323	219	184
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	363	3	282	60	7	11	358	1	281	60	5	11
Housekeepers and stewardesses	188	12	15	3	39	119	167	2	13	2	31	102
Laundresses	414	111	122	52	70	59	269	12	116	47	40	54
Milliners	495	20	270	113	52	40	457	11	264	109	36	37
Musicians and teachers of music	168	8	78	34	13	35	145	5	76	29	10	25
Nurses and midwives	231	22	29	6	30	144	133	3	29	4	16	126
Packers and shippers	134	.....	99	27	5	3	133	.....	98	27	5	2
Saleswomen	1,090	12	622	254	91	107	1,060	7	615	253	78	102
Seamstresses	601	55	295	109	62	80	535	19	292	100	52	72
Servants and waitresses	3,308	50	371	101	118	2,668	3,193	24	362	96	107	2,604
Stenographers and typewriters	551	7	285	140	55	64	544	6	282	140	53	63
Tailoresses	401	26	243	81	30	21	375	15	241	76	23	20
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	741	36	252	116	78	259	730	30	248	116	78	258
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	165	1	126	27	6	5	162	1	125	26	5	5
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	151	6	101	17	18	9	147	4	99	17	18	9
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	118	3	82	20	3	10	115	1	81	20	3	10
All other occupations	1,407	149	832	277	104	105	1,278	40	814	262	63	99

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 98 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL CLASSES[2]—continued.												
Confectioners	16	3	2		11		17	17				
Dressmakers	189	25	21	10	126	9	254	178	16	21	16	23
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	8		1		6	1	11	8	1	1		1
Housekeepers and stewardesses	24	4	2	1	7	10	77	13	2		11	51
Laundresses	218	60	29	4	119	6	452	398	13	12	15	14
Merchants and dealers	53	10	5		38		137	126	3	4	2	2
Milliners	43	5	9	1	25	3	34	16	2	6	3	7
Musicians and teachers of music	22	5	2		13	2	19	8	1	7	1	2
Nurses and midwives	100	8	10	2	71	9	121	63	2	2	17	37
Packers and shippers	2				1	1	2		1			1
Saleswomen	42	2	9	2	24	5	30	10	3	4	4	9
Seamstresses	34	10	1	4	14	5	96	68	6	8	5	9
Servants and waitresses	114	7	8	4	25	70	234	73	5	9	15	132
Stenographers and typewriters	9		3		4	2	17	3	4		8	2
Tailoresses	39	1	3	2	31	2	54	35	5	6	4	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	13	3	3	1	4	2	23	13	2	1	1	6
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	3		2		1		8	7		1		
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	4	2	1		1		6	2	3		1	
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	1		1				7	4	2		1	
All other occupations	219	57	17	8	126	12	294	221	14	11	20	28
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	169	32	12	4	78	43	286	162	12	12	24	76
Bookkeepers and accountants	4			1	1	2	7	4	1			2
Clerks and copyists	5		2		2	1	7	2	2		1	2
Dressmakers	25	4			17	4	37	23		3	3	8
Milliners	3				2	1	11	1		3	1	6
Nurses and midwives	4	1				3	17	7			2	8
Saleswomen	8	1	3		1	3	9	4				5
Servants and waitresses	14		1		3	10	29	8			1	20
Stenographers and typewriters	4		1		2	1	10	1	2		7	
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	6	1	1	1	2	1	14	9		1	1	3
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	6				3	3	11	7	2		1	1
All other occupations	90	25	4	2	45	14	134	96	5	5	7	21
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	417	72	52	24	219	50	883	436	52	60	35	100
Boarding and lodging house keepers	22	5			16	1	59	39				
Bookbinders	2		2				1		1			
Bookkeepers and accountants	2				2		10	2	1	2	2	3
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	3	2					5	2	1	1	1	
Clerks and copyists	8	1	2		3	2	6	2	3	1		
Confectioners	7	2	1		4		8	8				
Dressmakers	98	11	12	8	62	5	129	86	14	14	6	9
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	3		1		2		2	2				
Housekeepers and stewardesses	9		1	1	3	4	22	3	1		5	13
Laundresses	48	16	4		27	1	97	83	2	5	3	4
Milliners	23	2	4	1	14	2	15	7	2	3	2	1
Musicians and teachers of music	5	2	1		2		8	1	1	5	1	
Nurses and midwives	13	1		1	8	3	35	13		1	6	15
Packers and shippers							1					1
Saleswomen	19	1	4	2	10	2	17	4	3	4	3	3
Seamstresses	21	7		4	7	3	45	29	3	5	3	5
Servants and waitresses	45	2	6	2	10	25	70	24	3	3	1	38
Stenographers and typewriters	4		2		2		3	1	1			1
Tailoresses	8		1		7		18	11	1	3		3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	4	2	2				7	4	2			1
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	2		1		1		1			1		
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	1	1					3	1	2			
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives							3	2	1			
All other occupations	71	17	8	5	39	2	118	92	10	10	2	4

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 98 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.											
All occupations	6,305	1,118	2,068	460	767	1,902	4,534	151	1,956	423	300	1,704
Boarding and lodging house keepers	118	100			17	1	11	10				1
Dressmakers	690	110	329	85	108	58	540	35	319	79	55	52
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	215	7	150	37	12	9	202	1	150	36	8	7
Housekeepers and stewardesses	117	5	1	3	18	90	72	2	1	3	11	55
Laundresses	652	340	131	26	111	38	165	12	95	17	15	26
Merchants and dealers	136	96	5	1	29	5	19	10	3		3	3
Nurses and midwives	228	57	12	3	78	78	78	10		1	6	61
Saleswomen	199	3	120	23	35	18	180	1	118	23	21	17
Seamstresses	252	49	128	28	29	18	200	13	125	25	23	14
Servants and waitresses	1,713	51	174	32	82	1,374	1,547	10	171	24	61	1,281
Tailoresses	254	27	146	30	41	10	191	3	140	27	14	7
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	171	17	29	18	12	95	166	17	29	18	10	92
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	138	15	75	15	20	13	108	2	69	15	9	13
All other occupations	1,422	235	758	159	176	95	1,055	25	736	156	64	75

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	19,110	2,230	3,808	1,505	2,379	9,188	15,609	688	3,659	1,426	1,529	8,307
Boarding and lodging house keepers	332	267			53	12	51	42			3	6
Bookkeepers and accountants	645	24	244	129	80	168	590	16	241	120	69	150
Clerks and copyists	664	30	285	96	78	166	597	20	275	91	63	148
Dressmakers	1,887	450	356	154	366	561	1,335	170	341	142	208	474
Housekeepers and stewardesses	479	41	3	1	90	344	317	12	1	1	66	237
Laundresses	1,055	372	120	51	138	374	606	67	108	46	64	321
Milliners	390	26	161	43	50	91	331	12	158	42	47	74
Musicians and teachers of music	325	24	135	44	54	68	253	12	129	43	25	44
Nurses and midwives	628	119	37	18	95	359	411	27	31	13	37	293
Saleswomen	844	37	332	106	144	225	740	18	319	104	103	196
Seamstresses	1,074	132	290	104	157	391	933	57	282	102	135	357
Servants and waitresses	5,640	156	197	65	233	4,989	5,257	58	189	58	184	4,768
Stenographers and typewriters	897	20	323	152	109	293	822	13	312	145	81	271
Tailoresses	222	37	50	24	44	67	188	21	48	24	36	59
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	1,331	60	411	196	181	483	1,212	32	396	190	148	446
Textile mill operatives	201	20	99	26	24	32	185	12	97	24	21	31
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	179	17	68	16	32	46	152	4	67	15	23	42
All other occupations	2,337	398	697	281	442	519	1,629	101	667	260	216	385
	NATIVE WHITE BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	4,415	595	1,059	468	632	1,661	3,218	146	993	434	324	1,321
Bookkeepers and accountants	270	14	100	49	27	80	239	4	97	43	23	72
Clerks and copyists	240	13	105	29	25	74	218	7	101	26	19	65
Dressmakers	422	137	56	26	85	118	209	33	51	21	23	81
Housekeepers and stewardesses	109	12	1	1	13	82	57	5		1	8	43
Milliners	110	8	42	12	13	35	88	3	39	12	8	26
Musicians and teachers of music	172	11	60	25	32	44	123	6	57	24	12	24
Nurses and midwives	221	49	8	8	35	121	133	8	7	8	18	92
Saleswomen	236	11	84	33	40	68	189	7	81	32	24	45
Seamstresses	157	30	33	16	21	58	109	7	29	14	14	45
Servants and waitresses	413	20	26	7	20	340	348	6	25	6	13	298
Stenographers and typewriters	391	14	118	58	50	151	336	8	109	56	29	135
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	750	40	221	122	89	278	666	18	208	117	68	254
All other occupations	928	280	205	83	182	222	504	34	189	75	68	141

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 201 negro and 4 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	649	124	73	12	396	44	1,122	843	20	25	71	154
Boarding and lodging house keepers	31	14			17		76	76				
Dressmakers	65	8	9	2	46		85	67	1	4	7	6
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	5				4	1	8	6		1		1
Housekeepers and stewardesses	9	1			2	6	36	2			5	29
Laundresses	155	39	25	4	85	2	332	295	11	5	11	10
Merchants and dealers	30	4	2		24		87	82		1	2	2
Nurses and midwives	83	6	10	1	63	3	67	41	2	1	9	14
Saleswomen	15		2		13		4	2			1	1
Seamstresses	8	3	1		4		44	33	2	3	2	4
Servants and waitresses	41	4	1	2	8	26	125	37	2	6	13	67
Tailoresses	30	1	2	2	24	1	33	23	4	1	3	2
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	3				2	1	2					2
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	20	4	6		10		10	9			1	
All other occupations	154	40	15	1	94	4	213	170	7	3	17	16

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

ALL CLASSES.[2]

All occupations	1,450	285	75	28	700	362	2,051	1,257	74	51	150	519
Boarding and lodging house keepers	90	39			48	3	191	186			2	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	21	1	2	5	8	5	34	13	1	4	3	13
Clerks and copyists	37	6	4	2	15	10	20	4	6	2		8
Dressmakers	219	42	8	4	134	31	333	238	7	8	24	56
Housekeepers and stewardesses	43	5			4	34	119	24	2		20	73
Laundresses	156	63	6	1	65	21	293	242	6	4	9	32
Milliners	22	2	3		11	6	27	12	2	1	1	11
Musicians and teachers of music	48	2	5	1	27	13	24	10	1		2	11
Nurses and midwives	66	12	4		35	15	151	80	2		23	46
Saleswomen	54	1	8		34	11	80	18	5	2	7	18
Seamstresses	48	15	4	1	19	9	93	60	4	1	3	25
Servants and waitresses	167	25	4	2	30	97	216	73	4	5	10	124
Stenographers and typewriters	45	1	4	4	24	12	30	6	7	3	4	10
Tailoresses	16	4	1		8	3	18	12	1			5
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	51	5	7	2	26	11	68	23	8	4	7	26
Textile mill operatives	5		1	1	3		11	8	1	1		1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	8	3			5		19	10	1		4	4
All other occupations	354	59	14	5	195	81	354	238	16	16	31	53
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	528	81	33	11	248	155	669	368	33	23	60	185
Bookkeepers and accountants	12	1	2	2	4	3	19	9	1	4		5
Clerks and copyists	19	4	1	2	6	6	9	2	3	1		3
Dressmakers	91	18	1	2	55	15	122	86	4	3	7	22
Housekeepers and stewardesses	13	2				11	39	5	1		5	28
Milliners	12	1	2		5	4	10	4	1			5
Musicians and teachers of music	33	1	2	1	19	10	16	4	1		1	10
Nurses and midwives	33	6	1		7	9	65	35			10	20
Saleswomen	20		3		12	5	17	4		1	4	8
Seamstresses	15	3	2		5	5	33	20	2	1	2	8
Servants and waitresses	29	3			5	21	36	11	1	1	2	21
Stenographers and typewriters	35	1	4	2	18	10	20	5	5	1	3	6
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	32	3	6	1	15	7	53	19	7	4	6	17
All other occupations	194	38	9	1	97	49	230	164	7	7	20	32

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 201 negro and 4 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	7,791	568	1,913	735	942	3,633	6,911	225	1,862	706	720	3,398
Bookkeepers and accountants	289	8	114	64	43	60	272	5	114	62	39	53
Clerks and copyists	310	10	134	54	41	71	295	8	130	54	38	65
Dressmakers	531	140	202	91	160	238	668	66	196	85	112	210
Housekeepers and stewardesses	153	13	.....	.....	31	109	115	3	.....	.....	25	87
Laundresses	224	45	50	22	23	84	164	8	49	19	12	76
Milliners	186	9	91	22	28	36	170	5	89	21	22	33
Musicians and teachers of music	115	4	67	13	15	16	104	3	65	13	9	14
Nurses and midwives	169	21	17	6	21	104	126	6	14	6	11	89
Saleswomen	439	17	176	48	74	124	395	5	167	48	64	111
Seamstresses	509	52	148	59	74	176	452	18	146	58	68	164
Servants and waitresses	2,343	43	102	30	73	2,095	2,243	24	98	26	64	2,031
Stenographers and typewriters	422	3	177	79	50	113	407	2	175	77	45	108
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	449	12	157	61	75	144	424	9	155	61	65	134
Textile mill operatives	103	7	56	12	16	12	99	5	55	11	16	12
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	165	12	44	16	34	50	134	6	41	16	26	45
All other occupations	1,093	172	378	158	184	201	842	52	369	149	106	166
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.											
All occupations	6,699	1,002	823	290	750	3,834	5,405	300	795	276	468	3,557
Boarding and lodging house keepers	147	119	.....	.....	23	5	24	20	.....	.....	1	3
Dressmakers	617	169	97	36	116	199	450	70	94	35	72	179
Housekeepers and stewardesses	213	16	2	.....	45	150	143	4	1	.....	32	106
Laundresses	724	285	55	22	97	265	402	56	49	21	47	229
Nurses and midwives	232	47	12	3	38	132	151	13	10	3	8	117
Saleswomen	179	9	72	25	30	43	156	6	71	24	15	40
Seamstresses	405	50	109	30	60	156	371	32	107	30	55	147
Servants and waitresses	2,781	67	62	22	115	2,515	2,626	24	61	22	100	2,419
Tailoresses	127	25	28	14	26	34	112	16	28	14	22	32
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	131	8	33	12	17	61	122	5	33	11	15	58
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	164	20	62	15	29	38	140	7	62	15	25	31
All other occupations	979	187	291	111	154	236	708	56	279	101	76	196

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	26,845	7,295	3,397	3,436	6,460	6,267	12,867	1,177	3,008	2,870	1,941	3,871
Boarding and lodging house keepers	519	469	2	3	36	9	117	110	1	1	.....	5
Clerks and copyists	286	25	80	80	66	35	225	5	78	73	43	26
Cotton mill operatives	336	22	116	119	58	21	269	3	111	100	44	11
Dressmakers	1,554	524	225	281	347	177	871	118	208	282	185	108
Housekeepers and stewardesses	274	74	6	12	26	156	114	16	4	9	12	73
Laborers (not specified)	317	104	43	38	55	47	122	14	36	27	19	26
Laundresses	6,223	2,541	327	426	2,239	690	1,161	273	197	256	163	272
Merchants and dealers	492	349	8	14	110	11	47	22	5	6	8	6
Milliners	185	26	62	33	40	24	145	8	60	33	28	16
Musicians and teachers of music	288	61	61	74	63	29	203	18	54	68	39	24
Nurses and midwives	690	139	59	58	166	268	356	14	54	51	43	194
Saleswomen	745	37	233	246	155	74	669	12	230	235	127	65
Seamstresses	2,543	733	409	456	652	293	1,370	127	380	375	293	195
Servants and waitresses	8,899	1,506	898	746	1,740	4,009	4,667	236	760	591	510	2,520
Stenographers and typewriters	333	13	89	112	78	41	310	10	85	109	70	36
Tailoresses	223	46	55	59	50	13	132	10	49	50	16	7
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	1,109	152	253	279	201	224	957	79	244	264	171	199
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	396	18	150	146	67	15	364	7	148	139	60	10
All other occupations	1,433	456	321	254	271	131	708	45	304	231	110	78

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 1 Chinese woman.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	392	74	26	13	183	96	488	269	25	16	39	120
Bookkeepers and accountants	6			2	3	1	10	3			1	6
Clerks and copyists	11	2	3		3	3	4		1			3
Dressmakers	69	15	5	2	37	10	94	30	2	4	11	18
Housekeepers and stewardesses	11	1			3	7	27	9			3	15
Laundresses	26	8	1	1	10	6	34	29		2	1	2
Milliners	7		1		5	1	9	4	1	1	1	2
Musicians and teachers of music	8		2		5	1	3	1			1	1
Nurses and midwives	10	1	1		6	2	33	14	2		4	13
Saleswomen	17	1	4		7	5	27	11	5		3	8
Seamstresses	22	11	1	1	8	1	35	23	1			11
Servants and waitresses	51	7	2	2	6	34	49	12	2	2	3	30
Stenographers and typewriters	8			2	5	1	7	1	2			4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	14	1	1		9	3	11	2	1		1	7
Textile mill operatives	1		1				3	2		1		
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	10	2	1		5	2	12	4	2		3	3
All other occupations	121	25	3	3	71	19	130	95	6	6	7	16
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	467	116	13	4	236	98	827	577	15	10	46	179
Boarding and lodging house keepers	42	19			21	2	81	80			1	
Dressmakers	60	9	2		40	5	111	90	1	1	4	15
Housekeepers and stewardesses	17	2			1	14	53	10	1		12	30
Laundresses	100	44	1		45	10	222	185	5	1	5	26
Nurses and midwives	31	5	2		21	3	50	29			9	12
Saleswomen	17		1		15	1	6	3		1		2
Seamstresses	9	1	1		4	3	25	17	1		1	6
Servants and waitresses	56	9	1		12	34	99	34			3	62
Tailoresses	6	2			4		9	7				2
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	5	1		1	2	1	4	2				2
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	6	2			3	1	18	11			1	6
All other occupations	122	22	5	3	68	24	149	109	7	7	10	16

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

ALL CLASSES.[1]

All occupations	6,547	770	216	221	3,600	740	8,431	5,348	173	345	909	1,656
Boarding and lodging house keepers	57	47		1	36	3	315	312	1	1		1
Clerks and copyists	32	4	2	1	22	3	29	16		6	1	6
Cotton mill operatives	24	1	4	3	10	6	43	18	1	16	4	4
Dressmakers	197	43	9	6	108	29	496	361	8	23	54	40
Housekeepers and stewardesses	36	7	1	3	6	19	124	51	1		8	64
Laborers (not specified)	108	20	5	7	64	12	87	70	2	4	2	9
Laundresses	2,296	291	77	74	1,742	112	2,766	1,977	53	96	334	306
Merchants and dealers	116	20	1	2	91	1	330	307	2	6	11	4
Milliners	18	3	2		10	3	22	15			2	5
Musicians and teachers of music	28	6	2	2	16	2	57	37	5	4	8	3
Nurses and midwives	122	8	4	2	87	21	212	117	1	5	36	53
Saleswomen	28	5		3	18	2	43	20	3	8	10	7
Seamstresses	408	56	18	32	274	28	763	350	11	49	85	70
Servants and waitresses	1,742	196	73	75	933	465	2,490	1,024	65	80	297	1,024
Stenographers and typewriters	6	1	1		4		17	2	3	3	4	5
Tailoresses	32	2	2	1	25	2	59	34	4	8	9	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	35	1	6	2	21	5	117	72	3	13	9	20
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	10	5		2	2	1	22	6	2	5	5	4
All other occupations	233	52	9	5	131	26	442	359	8	18	30	27

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 1 Chinese woman.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	4,840	910	1,010	851	824	1,245	3,447	217	982	772	552	92
Boarding and lodging house keepers	178	159	1	.....	10	8	43	40	1	.....	.....	
Clerks and copyists	171	16	49	49	33	24	138	2	48	43	25	2
Cotton mill operatives	144	7	64	39	25	9	127	2	63	33	23	
Dressmakers	478	149	83	86	95	65	290	34	80	76	54	4
Laundresses	203	77	30	24	41	31	79	5	28	19	12	1
Musicians and teachers of music	120	19	29	32	28	12	89	7	25	29	19	
Nurses and midwives	124	13	7	5	15	84	87	3	7	4	6	6
Saleswomen	324	16	106	98	60	44	301	6	105	95	55	4
Seamstresses	604	168	103	100	136	97	367	35	100	81	88	6
Servants and waitresses	900	64	90	55	74	617	666	21	88	47	43	46
Stenographers and typewriters	199	5	52	51	49	32	181	4	49	50	43	2
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	428	49	106	94	89	90	375	25	103	91	79	7
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	161	3	71	51	29	7	156	1	71	50	28	
All other occupations	811	165	219	157	140	130	548	32	214	145	78	7
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	5,276	1,075	1,001	1,243	917	1,040	3,589	219	940	1,086	573	77
Boarding and lodging house keepers	122	107	1	2	10	2	17	17	.....	.....	.....	
Cotton mill operatives	174	6	47	79	30	12	135	.....	44	68	20	
Dressmakers	575	170	97	139	117	52	378	42	92	128	77	3
Laundresses	262	109	34	44	51	34	87	5	18	33	14	1
Merchants and dealers	170	118	5	8	37	2	23	12	4	4	2	
Musicians and teachers of music	117	27	20	36	22	12	84	6	19	33	15	1
Saleswomen	385	15	122	140	86	22	344	6	120	133	67	1
Seamstresses	710	180	135	184	147	64	461	39	128	150	100	4
Servants and waitresses	1,020	81	116	124	96	603	722	12	104	92	55	45
Stenographers and typewriters	133	8	37	51	29	8	128	6	36	50	28	
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	447	65	96	129	78	80	404	41	94	122	71	7
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	191	9	69	83	27	3	174	3	67	77	26	
All other occupations	970	180	233	224	187	146	632	30	214	198	98	9
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	1,927	921	55	51	247	653	601	79	48	39	54	38
Dressmakers	156	86	11	7	16	36	45	9	10	6	11	
Laundresses	143	94	1	3	18	27	12	4	.....	.....	1	
Merchants and dealers	242	190	.....	1	48	3	5	2	.....	.....	2	
Seamstresses	164	97	11	11	14	31	49	11	10	7	3	1
Servants and waitresses	542	76	7	2	32	425	294	14	7	2	14	25
All other occupations	680	378	25	27	119	131	196	39	21	24	23	8
NEGRO.												
All occupations	14,801	4,389	1,331	1,291	4,462	3,328	5,230	662	1,038	973	762	1,79
Boarding and lodging house keepers	131	114	.....	1	13	3	39	36	.....	1	.....	
Dressmakers	345	119	34	49	119	24	158	33	26	42	63	1
Housekeepers and stewardesses	102	41	4	6	10	41	44	10	3	5	5	2
Laborers (not specified)	184	58	18	19	54	35	64	10	15	12	9	1
Laundresses	5,015	2,261	272	355	2,129	598	988	259	151	204	136	23
Nurses and midwives	384	84	41	41	107	111	182	9	38	37	29	6
Seamstresses	1,065	288	160	161	355	101	498	42	142	137	102	7
Servants and waitresses	6,437	1,285	585	565	1,538	2,364	2,985	239	561	450	398	1,33
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	163	16	32	52	26	17	130	7	47	49	15	1
All other occupations	375	123	65	42	111	34	192	17	55	36	25	1

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	368	77	12	22	167	90	1,025	616	16	57	105	231
Boarding and lodging house keepers	23	12			10	1	107	107				
Clerks and copyists	14	3	1	1	7	2	19	11		5	1	2
Cotton mill operatives	8	1	1	1	2	3	9	4		5		
Dressmakers	40	12	1	2	20	5	148	103	2	8	21	14
Laundresses	38	10	1	2	22	3	86	62	1	3	7	13
Musicians and teachers of music	9	1	1		5	2	22	11	3	3	4	1
Nurses and midwives	11				6	5	26	10		1	3	12
Saleswomen	7	2		1	3	1	16	8	1	2	2	3
Seamstresses	48	6	1	7	24	11	189	123	2	12	24	23
Servants and waitresses	61	6	1	2	15	37	173	37	1	6	16	113
Stenographers and typewriters	6	1	1		4		12		2	2	3	5
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	8		1		6	1	45	24	2	3	4	12
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	3	1		1		1	2	1			1	
All other occupations	92	23	3	5	43	18	171	110	2	7	19	33
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	445	77	26	36	236	73	1,239	779	35	121	168	196
Boarding and lodging house keepers	25	13		1	10	1	39	77	1	1		1
Cotton mill operatives	13		2	2	6	3	26	6	1	11	4	4
Dressmakers	39	13	2	1	21	2	158	115	3	10	19	11
Laundresses	40	7	3	2	26	2	135	97	3	9	11	15
Merchants and dealers	41	7		1	33		106	99	1	3	2	1
Musicians and teachers of music	11	3	1	2	5		22	18		1	2	1
Saleswomen	15	2		1	11	1	26	7	2	6	8	3
Seamstresses	60	11	3	12	30	4	189	130	4	22	17	16
Servants and waitresses	70	6	5	8	12	39	228	68	7	24	29	105
Stenographers and typewriters							5	2	1	1	1	
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	5				4	1	38	24	1	7	3	3
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	3	2		1			14	4	2	5	1	2
All other occupations	126	13	10	5	78	20	212	127	9	21	11	34
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	263	70	4	5	140	44	1,063	772	3	7	53	228
Dressmakers	25	9				16	86	68	1	1	5	11
Laundresses	20	7	1	2	9	1	111	83		1	8	19
Merchants and dealers	50	10			40		187	178		1	6	2
Seamstresses	14	3	1	2	6	2	101	83		2	5	11
Servants and waitresses	30	4			9	17	218	58			9	151
All other occupations	124	37	2	1	76	8	360	302	2	2	20	34
NEGRO.												
All occupations	4,467	546	174	158	3,057	532	5,104	3,181	119	160	643	1,001
Boarding and lodging house keepers	28	14			13	1	64	64				
Dressmakers	93	11	6	3	67	6	94	75	2	4	9	4
Housekeepers and stewardesses	13	4	1	1	2	5	45	27		4	3	11
Laborers (not specified)	74	13	3	4	44	10	46	35		3	1	7
Laundresses	2,198	267	72	68	1,685	106	2,434	1,735	49	83	308	259
Nurses and midwives	75	6	3	2	52	12	127	66		2	26	33
Seamstresses	286	37	13	11	214	11	286	209	5	13	39	20
Servants and waitresses	1,581	180	67	65	897	372	1,871	866	57	50	243	655
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	22	1	5	2	11	3	11	8		1		2
All other occupations	97	13	4	2	72	6	126	93	6	4	14	9

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (BROOKLYN BOROUGH).

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL CLASSES.[2]												
All occupations	100,103	11,517	28,303	14,114	13,993	32,176	80,264	2,679	27,552	13,342	9,242	27,449
Boarding and lodging house keepers	735	614	4	10	91	16	111	94	2	2	7	
Bookbinders	1,839	79	866	459	303	132	1,733	40	853	439	282	119
Bookkeepers and accountants	2,629	54	1,369	609	325	242	2,509	22	1,376	600	288	223
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	712	49	330	178	110	45	647	25	322	170	93	37
Boxmakers (paper)	935	35	462	248	138	52	862	12	454	232	120	44
Clerks and copyists	2,887	99	1,281	749	425	313	2,670	41	1,254	728	367	280
Confectioners	343	117	112	51	54	9	209	17	103	48	28	13
Dressmakers	9,080	1,901	2,809	1,524	1,837	1,009	6,761	601	2,686	1,412	1,231	771
Hat and cap makers	409	35	175	101	74	24	387	18	171	94	61	23
Housekeepers and stewardesses	1,563	128	25	21	438	951	843	37	21	18	309	458
Janitors and sextons	447	250	12	7	168	10	35	10	9	5	7	4
Laborers (not specified)	530	148	175	70	80	57	334	19	171	65	41	38
Laundresses	4,522	2,262	381	342	948	589	1,513	274	343	267	258	371
Merchants and dealers	1,550	919	124	78	403	38	334	101	106	58	48	21
Milliners	1,868	118	800	348	281	141	1,497	41	779	333	226	118
Musicians and teachers of music	1,088	123	456	200	180	129	872	43	428	188	116	97
Nurses and midwives	2,698	616	187	120	407	1,369	1,562	73	165	98	136	1,090
Packers and shippers	919	27	485	236	122	49	880	13	478	230	111	48
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	452	21	208	126	59	38	418	8	206	123	49	32
Saleswomen	6,453	202	3,253	1,465	893	640	6,029	88	3,189	1,421	773	558
Seamstresses	3,434	593	1,180	611	645	405	2,564	161	1,145	560	502	296
Servants and waitresses	26,024	708	1,369	590	1,188	22,769	22,936	168	1,322	533	792	20,121
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	373	37	146	83	88	49	316	15	141	76	41	43
Silk mill operatives	369	13	212	82	45	17	342	5	209	77	37	14
Stenographers and typewriters	4,097	73	1,970	975	544	535	3,949	48	1,942	947	517	495
Tailoresses	5,260	691	2,285	897	1,089	298	3,920	122	2,234	856	472	236
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	4,677	317	1,716	989	772	903	4,376	208	1,688	968	673	839
Telegraph and telephone operators	900	15	478	207	119	81	864	8	474	203	113	66
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1,335	74	654	289	189	129	1,198	26	643	271	146	112
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	1,079	77	501	222	192	87	967	25	493	214	161	74
All other occupations	10,465	1,122	4,248	2,239	1,816	1,050	8,604	316	4,149	2,107	1,227	805
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	19,573	1,960	6,846	3,143	2,972	4,647	16,121	551	6,656	2,974	2,203	3,737
Boarding and lodging house keepers	281	215	2	4	34	6	34	28	1		2	
Bookbinders	461	21	226	91	78	36	420	8	220	88	72	32
Bookkeepers and accountants	853	25	408	179	116	125	799	9	399	175	101	115
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	169	13	83	40	24	9	153	7	82	38	20	6
Boxmakers (paper)	208	2	118	43	30	15	195	1	116	41	24	13
Clerks and copyists	1,009	34	470	262	164	169	1,013	14	460	251	143	145
Dressmakers	1,784	455	443	241	355	290	1,150	115	417	207	216	195
Housekeepers and stewardesses	338	32	4		81	221	175	12	4		58	101
Laundresses	332	114	72	36	68	42	174	13	67	31	33	30
Merchants and dealers	188	76	36	23	41	12	89	13	34	22	11	
Milliners	426	26	206	76	65	53	373	6	196	72	53	46
Musicians and teachers of music	449	44	189	68	76	72	337	12	180	66	46	53
Nurses and midwives	735	129	57	22	100	427	460	21	45	15	45	334
Packers and shippers	219	11	109	50	35	14	207	5	108	49	31	14
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	150	5	69	40	15	21	140	2	68	39	13	18
Saleswomen	1,685	48	806	350	239	242	1,548	22	789	338	198	201
Seamstresses	628	130	200	108	103	87	490	32	186	96	81	95
Servants and waitresses	1,980	49	177	43	94	1,497	1,536	10	159	39	69	1,259
Stenographers and typewriters	1,548	40	633	331	244	300	1,473	26	626	317	231	273
Tailoresses	373	44	185	66	51	27	312	13	180	63	36	20
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,995	128	693	383	329	462	1,857	88	682	373	289	425
Telegraph and telephone operators	276	3	151	47	39	36	263		149	47	37	30
Textile mill operatives	310	7	181	59	37	26	295	5	179	58	29	24
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	370	30	190	73	41	36	325	6	187	70	32	30
All other occupations	2,866	289	1,139	513	513	412	2,320	83	1,112	481	333	311

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 1 Indian woman.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (BROOKLYN BOROUGH).

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL CLASSES.[2]												
All occupations	6,764	1,012	333	278	3,530	1,611	13,075	7,826	418	404	1,221	3,116
Boarding and lodging house keepers	151	65	1	4	79	2	473	455	1	4	5	8
Bookbinders	27	6	5	6	7	3	79	33	8	14	14	10
Bookkeepers and accountants	56	9	11	4	24	8	64	23	12	5	13	11
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	27	4	4	4	13	2	38	20	4	4	4	6
Boxmakers (paper)	20	2	3	5	8	2	53	21	5	11	10	6
Clerks and copyists	91	14	15	5	42	15	106	44	12	15	16	18
Confectioners	36	10	1	.....	24	1	98	90	3	3	2	.....
Dressmakers	694	143	52	32	414	53	1,585	1,157	71	80	192	185
Hat and cap makers	9	1	.....	2	6	.....	33	16	4	5	7	1
Housekeepers and stewardesses	184	8	.....	.....	33	143	536	83	4	3	96	350
Janitors and sextons	187	30	1	1	152	3	225	210	2	1	9	3
Laborers (not specified)	71	23	3	2	37	6	125	106	1	3	2	13
Laundresses	869	206	18	30	536	79	2,140	1,722	20	45	154	139
Merchants and dealers	400	62	8	5	323	2	826	756	10	13	32	15
Milliners	69	11	8	3	41	6	122	66	13	12	14	17
Musicians and teachers of music	90	10	12	5	50	13	126	70	16	7	14	19
Nurses and midwives	249	33	6	4	142	64	888	510	16	18	120	215
Packers and shippers	11	.....	4	1	6	.....	28	14	3	5	5	1
Printers, lithographers, and pressworkers	17	5	.....	1	7	4	17	8	2	3	3	1
Saleswomen	182	21	30	14	85	32	242	93	34	30	35	50
Seamstresses	186	46	15	17	79	29	584	386	20	34	64	80
Servants and waitresses	1,318	79	23	28	239	949	2,368	461	24	28	157	1,697
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	24	4	4	4	10	2	33	18	1	3	7	4
Silk mill operatives	9	1	1	1	5	1	18	7	2	4	3	2
Stenographers and typewriters	65	8	10	16	16	21	83	17	18	18	11	19
Tailoresses	694	71	26	17	560	20	646	408	25	24	87	42
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	117	13	10	11	68	15	204	96	18	10	31	49
Telegraph and telephone operators	18	.....	1	3	6	8	18	7	3	1	.....	7
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	61	7	5	9	32	8	76	41	8	9	11	9
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	36	6	4	3	19	4	76	46	4	5	13	9
All other occupations	796	114	62	47	467	116	1,065	602	56	75	112	130
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	1,124	176	93	60	489	306	2,328	1,233	97	114	280	604
Boarding and lodging house keepers	60	28	.....	2	28	1	167	159	1	2	3	2
Bookbinders	8	4	1	.....	2	1	23	9	4	3	4	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	23	3	6	1	9	4	31	15	3	3	6	6
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	8	1	.....	2	3	2	8	5	1	.....	1	1
Boxmakers (paper)	6	.....	1	1	3	1	7	1	1	1	3	1
Clerks and copyists	38	3	6	3	15	11	46	17	4	8	6	13
Dressmakers	145	40	9	6	73	17	489	300	17	28	66	78
Housekeepers and stewardesses	41	3	.....	.....	9	29	122	17	.....	.....	14	91
Laundresses	38	11	2	1	20	4	120	90	3	4	15	8
Merchants and dealers	32	4	2	.....	25	1	67	58	.....	1	5	2
Milliners	22	5	5	1	8	3	31	15	5	3	4	4
Musicians and teachers of music	39	4	4	.....	22	9	53	28	5	3	8	9
Nurses and midwives	48	4	2	3	21	18	227	104	10	4	34	75
Packers and shippers	3	.....	1	.....	2	.....	9	6	.....	1	2	.....
Printers, lithographers, and pressworkers	7	3	.....	1	1	2	3	.....	1	.....	1	1
Saleswomen	65	6	9	6	28	16	72	20	8	6	13	25
Seamstresses	34	8	7	3	6	10	135	80	7	10	16	22
Servants and waitresses	119	6	7	3	12	91	211	33	1	1	13	163
Stenographers and typewriters	35	4	2	6	9	14	40	10	5	8	4	13
Tailoresses	21	3	2	.....	13	3	40	28	3	3	2	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	49	5	6	5	25	8	89	35	5	5	15	29
Telegraph and telephone operators	5	.....	1	.....	2	2	8	3	1	.....	.....	4
Textile mill operatives	7	1	1	.....	5	.....	8	1	1	1	3	2
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	16	3	3	3	5	2	29	21	.....	.....	4	4
All other occupations	255	27	16	13	142	57	291	179	11	19	38	44

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 1 Indian woman.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (BROOKLYN BOROUGH)—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	40,386	3,195	16,463	9,071	5,633	6,024	35,425	1,032	15,088	8,653	4,489	5,16
Boarding and lodging house keepers	151	124	1	3	12	1	24	20	.....	2	1	
Bookbinders	1,195	45	561	331	191	68	1,142	30	553	315	178	6
Bookkeepers and accountants	1,471	22	816	399	163	81	1,428	11	804	385	154	7
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	465	19	221	128	72	25	439	12	216	123	65	2
Boxmakers (paper)	619	25	289	189	91	25	574	10	285	177	82	2
Clerks and copyists	1,523	42	716	448	210	107	1,455	19	701	441	193	10
Confectioners	164	31	66	42	22	3	129	9	63	41	13	
Dressmakers	4,371	605	1,795	994	688	288	3,664	226	1,732	937	528	24
Hat and cap makers	263	21	101	71	48	12	234	13	98	67	45	1
Housekeepers and stewardesses	476	31	12	11	174	248	285	9	11	9	133	12
Janitors and sextons	125	72	6	2	44	1	10	2	4	2	2	.....
Laborers (not specified)	241	34	104	54	38	11	193	4	100	52	26	1
Laundresses	1,040	384	205	170	180	101	517	37	190	142	80	6
Merchants and dealers	418	201	46	36	127	6	103	23	41	23	14	
Milliners	969	63	477	227	148	54	888	30	469	216	129	4
Musicians and teachers of music	480	44	220	113	64	29	416	22	214	105	58	2
Nurses and midwives	688	147	86	67	96	302	426	20	81	54	48	23
Packers and shippers	591	11	314	172	70	24	574	7	310	167	67	2
Printers, lithographers, and presswomen	277	14	124	83	41	15	265	5	124	81	33	1
Saleswomen	3,808	95	1,999	961	474	269	3,624	44	1,962	953	434	23
Seamstresses	1,661	200	629	395	301	136	1,426	71	617	383	299	11
Servants and waitresses	4,586	111	734	322	275	3,144	4,042	20	714	304	218	2,77
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	226	16	87	61	34	28	200	8	82	57	28	2
Silk mill operatives	244	4	142	62	27	9	233	1	140	60	26	
Stenographers and typewriters	2,166	22	1,160	563	243	178	2,114	16	1,144	550	235	16
Tailoresses	2,185	203	1,071	577	251	83	1,859	54	1,048	549	141	6
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	2,275	136	929	553	369	288	2,157	98	914	545	339	27
Telegraph and telephone operators	551	10	291	144	71	35	535	7	289	140	68	3
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	796	36	393	206	104	54	736	14	386	193	91	4
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	648	31	302	159	116	40	606	15	298	152	106	3
All other occupations	5,715	386	2,536	1,516	888	389	5,126	165	2,498	1,444	718	30
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	35,625	5,604	4,757	1,875	4,706	18,883	26,196	958	4,597	1,553	2,378	16,71
Boarding and lodging house keepers	314	262	1	3	41	7	50	44	1	.....	4	
Bookbinders	190	13	79	37	34	27	170	2	79	36	32	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	302	6	174	41	46	35	280	2	172	40	33	3
Boxmakers (paper)	108	8	55	16	17	12	93	1	53	14	14	1
Clerks and copyists	240	22	92	38	51	37	198	8	90	35	31	2
Confectioners	122	76	20	4	19	3	89	8	19	3	6	
Dressmakers	2,712	799	539	270	716	388	1,782	248	509	250	466	30
Housekeepers and stewardesses	706	64	9	4	179	450	359	16	6	3	176	21
Janitors and sextons	245	141	4	3	92	5	14	6	3	1	3	
Laborers (not specified)	147	75	29	5	19	19	62	11	29	5	5	
Laundresses	2,149	1,295	61	72	417	304	585	136	54	58	107	2
Merchants and dealers	953	641	42	17	234	19	140	65	31	13	32	
Milliners	292	29	117	44	68	34	235	5	114	44	44	
Musicians and teachers of music	137	33	29	17	33	25	87	9	26	17	16	
Nurses and midwives	1,198	327	85	23	193	620	626	31	30	21	39	5
Packers and shippers	108	5	61	14	17	11	98	1	59	14	13	
Saleswomen	958	59	447	133	180	139	855	22	437	129	141	1
Seamstresses	1,008	257	332	99	217	103	740	55	329	95	153	1
Servants and waitresses	17,328	400	367	129	615	15,817	15,415	86	368	116	427	14,4
Stenographers and typewriters	378	11	176	79	57	55	358	6	171	78	51	
Tailoresses	2,695	442	1,028	251	786	188	1,746	55	1,005	242	295	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	392	48	82	52	66	144	332	19	81	49	49	1
Textile mill operatives	355	40	150	42	66	57	276	11	147	33	37	
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	364	51	142	42	85	44	285	16	140	38	52	
All other occupations	2,164	500	681	240	458	285	1,371	75	666	219	215	2

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (BROOKLYN BOROUGH)—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN											
All occupations	1,636	265	145	139	800	287	3,325	1,898	230	279	344	574
Boarding and lodging house keepers	26	13	1	1	11		101	101				
Bookbinders	16	2	4	5	4	1	38	13	4	11	9	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	21	4	4	3	7	3	22	7	3	1	2	4
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	9		3	1	5		17	7	2	4	2	2
Boxmakers (paper)	12	2	2	4	3	1	33	13	3	8	6	4
Clerks and copyists	32	10	7	1	10	4	36	13	8	6	7	2
Confectioners	11	4			7		24	18	3	1	2	
Dressmakers	206	45	27	20	103	13	499	334	36	37	58	34
Hat and cap makers	2				2		17	8	3	4	1	1
Housekeepers and stewardesses	59	2			15	42	132	20	1	2	26	83
Janitors and sextons	48	9	1		38		67	61	1		4	1
Laborers (not specified)	19	3	3	1	12		29	27	1	1		
Laundresses	134	39	3	9	73	10	389	308	12	19	27	23
Merchants and dealers	117	17	1	4	95		196	161	4	9	18	4
Milliners	22	4	2	2	12	2	59	29	6	9	7	8
Musicians and teachers of music	30	5	7	4	12	2	34	17	9	4	2	2
Nurses and midwives	57	9	1	1	32	14	205	118	4	12	21	50
Packers and shippers	4		2	1	1		13	4	2	4	2	1
Printers, lithographers, and pressworkers	10	2			6	2	11	7		2	2	
Saleswomen	66	12	14	7	23	10	118	39	22	21	17	18
Seamstresses	51	9	3	11	24	4	184	120	9	21	18	16
Servants and waitresses	184	11	8	7	25	133	360	70	12	11	32	235
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	9	1	4	1	2	1	17	7	1	3	4	2
Silk mill operatives	2		1			1	9	3	1	3	1	1
Stenographers and typewriters	21	2	7	4	4	4	31	4	9	9	4	5
Tailoresses	135	18	7	10	97	3	191	131	16	18	13	13
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	45	4	3	5	28	5	73	34	12	3	12	12
Telegraph and telephone operators	10			3	3	4	6	3	2	1		
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	22	1	4	6	9	2	37	21	3	4	4	5
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	10	1		2	6	1	32	15	4	5	4	4
All other occupations	244	36	26	26	131	25	345	185	33	46	39	43
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.											
All occupations	3,002	463	78	41	1,821	602	6,427	4,183	85	81	512	1,566
Boarding and lodging house keepers	61	24		1	36		203	194		2	1	6
Bookbinders	3			1	1	1	17	11			1	5
Bookkeepers and accountants	12	2	1		8	1	10	2	1	1	5	1
Boxmakers (paper)	2				2		13	7	2	2	1	1
Clerks and copyists	21	1	2	1	17		21	13		2	3	3
Confectioners	20	6	1		13		63	62		1		
Dressmakers	281	55	15	5	191	15	649	496	15	15	59	64
Housekeepers and stewardesses	74	3			8	63	273	45	3	1	56	168
Janitors and sextons	103	15		1	85	2	128	120	1	1	4	2
Laborers (not specified)	23	9			13	1	62	55			1	6
Laundresses	374	99	3	4	240	28	1,190	1,040	4	10	70	66
Merchants and dealers	261	41	5	1	203	1	562	535	6	3	9	9
Milliners	25	2	1		21	1	32	22	2		3	5
Musicians and teachers of music	15	1	1		11	2	35	23	2		3	7
Nurses and midwives	137	20	3		85	29	435	276	2	2	69	86
Packers and shippers	4		1		3		6	4	1		1	
Saleswomen	51	3	7	1	34	6	82	34	3	3	5	7
Seamstresses	77	24	4	1	37	11	251	178	4	3	27	39
Servants and waitresses	520	35	1	3	99	382	1,393	379	10	10	89	1,005
Stenographers and typewriters	8	2	1		3	2	12	3	4	1	3	1
Tailoresses	536	80	17	6	449	14	413	337	6	3	42	25
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	19	3		1	13	2	41	26	1	2	4	8
Textile mill operatives	39	6		4	23	6	40	23	3	5	6	3
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	32	6	1	3	20	2	47	29	1	1	13	3
All other occupations	314	56	11	8	206	33	479	369	14	13	37	46

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (BROOKLYN BOROUGH)—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.	
	NEGRO.											
All occupations	4,518	758	237	220	682	2,621	2,522	138	211	162	177	1,834
Dressmakers	213	42	32	19	77	43	105	12	28	18	21	26
Laundresses	1,001	469	43	64	283	142	237	68	32	36	38	63
Servants and waitresses	2,850	148	91	96	204	2,311	1,951	42	83	74	76	1,674
All other occupations	454	99	71	41	118	125	229	16	68	34	40	71

NEW YORK, N. Y. (MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS).

	ALL CLASSES.[2]										
All occupations	229,380	24,730	55,991	24,908	32,789	90,908	179,797	6,734	54,500	23,601	18,187	76,769
Actresses, professional show-women, etc.	2,258	253	253	220	453	1,079	1,195	104	215	174	84	618
Agents	652	185	139	90	120	118	405	58	126	80	57	84
Artists and teachers of art	741	131	164	106	129	221	574	78	151	95	69	181
Barbers and hairdressers	653	99	216	83	137	118	488	31	206	80	79	92
Boarding and lodging house keepers	1,877	1,564	10	17	239	47	407	351	7	7	23	19
Bookbinders	1,783	86	814	497	272	174	1,651	41	804	416	238	152
Bookkeepers and accountants	4,998	139	2,610	1,056	584	609	4,713	80	2,584	1,029	502	518
Boxmakers (paper)	1,546	74	739	386	230	117	1,406	31	726	359	189	101
Carpet factory operatives	502	39	220	121	78	44	450	20	210	116	66	38
Clerks and copyists	5,152	205	2,268	1,109	725	845	4,729	92	2,240	1,069	596	732
Confectioners	782	114	362	127	143	46	615	19	345	122	87	42
Dressmakers	25,226	4,221	7,947	3,860	5,014	4,184	19,609	1,565	7,710	3,663	3,275	3,396
Hat and cap makers	767	26	430	132	99	80	718	10	425	129	80	74
Housekeepers and stewardesses	3,157	477	30	30	644	1,976	1,706	108	19	21	444	1,114
Hucksters and peddlers	496	196	30	15	115	90	78	3	27	11	12	25
Janitors and sextons	3,559	1,391	60	43	2,001	64	169	76	19	21	37	16
Laborers (not specified)	312	308	86	57	222	140	276	27	76	51	37	75
Laundresses	10,563	4,159	713	604	1,953	3,134	4,451	601	632	486	509	2,223
Literary and scientific persons	418	75	72	52	63	146	315	36	69	60	36	114
Manufacturers and officials, etc.	419	90	124	75	94	36	269	15	117	71	40	23
Merchants and dealers	2,333	1,101	367	180	552	133	837	143	333	155	116	90
Milliners	5,019	371	2,351	980	710	607	4,445	171	2,305	934	538	497
Musicians and teachers of music	1,995	263	646	301	315	470	1,453	99	621	266	152	345
Nurses and midwives	6,596	940	261	210	650	4,535	4,550	226	223	177	198	3,726
Packers and shippers	1,081	34	370	228	102	86	1,008	14	559	220	141	74
Saleswomen	14,125	383	6,033	3,176	1,365	2,078	13,208	185	6,507	3,084	1,591	1,841
Seamstresses	12,411	1,099	5,373	1,801	1,846	2,292	10,714	344	5,275	1,717	1,438	1,940
Servants and waitresses	68,165	2,530	1,918	1,045	3,579	59,093	57,042	811	1,798	915	2,023	51,495
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	1,145	86	489	149	186	235	1,013	30	482	141	152	208
Silk mill operatives	1,328	66	637	324	182	119	1,207	29	624	306	148	100
Stenographers and typewriters	6,077	165	2,875	1,231	711	1,095	5,849	118	2,847	1,215	659	1,010
Tailoresses	7,809	549	3,333	779	1,903	1,243	6,027	98	3,238	736	912	1,043
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	7,066	510	2,343	1,276	972	1,965	6,571	350	2,311	1,247	837	1,826
Telegraph and telephone operators	1,260	20	660	307	157	116	1,244	11	661	302	149	101
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1,051	56	509	233	104	89	958	22	502	221	134	79
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	3,255	225	1,400	688	504	378	2,895	86	1,429	657	397	326
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	5,073	510	1,605	599	2,243	716	3,207	61	1,525	547	481	593
All other occupations	16,653	1,990	6,667	2,830	2,773	2,393	13,318	580	6,532	2,701	1,667	1,838
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	20,908	3,559	7,127	3,806	4,093	11,323	23,365	1,250	6,915	3,572	2,663	8,965
Actresses, professional show-women, etc.	1,076	132	79	87	183	595	570	55	66	66	31	352
Agents	208	40	38	25	32	64	128	16	32	22	18	40
Artists and teachers of art	390	79	41	55	71	144	298	49	39	48	41	121
Boarding and lodging house keepers	518	439	4	6	61	6	106	92	3	4	6	1
Bookbinders	307	16	130	76	48	37	285	7	130	73	43	32
Bookkeepers and accountants	1,127	40	400	221	143	267	1,024	27	453	212	114	218
Boxmakers (paper)	230	9	111	65	46	20	228	3	109	58	39	19
Clerks and copyists	1,520	84	589	308	210	378	1,384	41	552	297	183	311
Dressmakers	3,218	705	709	378	501	874	2,216	215	663	349	349	640
Housekeepers and stewardesses	604	94	5	8	96	401	286	29	4	4	55	194

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 29 Chinese, 4 Japanese, and 5 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (BROOKLYN BOROUGH)—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.				Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.	
	NEGRO.											
All occupations	1,001	108	20	38	420	415	905	512	6	20	85	372
Dressmakers	60	3	1	1	47	8	48	27	3	.....	9	9
Laundresses	323	57	10	16	203	37	441	344	1	12	42	42
Servants and waitresses	495	27	7	15	103	343	404	79	1	7	23	294
All other occupations	123	21	2	6	67	27	102	62	1	1	11	27

NEW YORK, N. Y. (MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS).

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	22,505	2,764	792	516	12,570	5,863	27,084	15,232	693	851	2,032	8,276
Actresses, professional show-women, etc.	840	58	25	29	356	372	223	91	13	17	13	89
Agents	100	21	9	3	58	9	147	106	4	7	5	25
Artists and teachers of art	97	13	1	6	56	21	70	40	2	5	4	19
Barbers and hairdressers	85	16	7	.....	53	10	80	52	3	3	6	16
Boarding and lodging house keepers	406	183	7	4	207	5	1,064	1,030	2	6	9	17
Bookbinders	52	7	2	9	25	9	80	38	8	12	9	13
Bookkeepers and accountants	147	16	14	10	59	48	138	43	12	17	23	43
Boxmakers (paper)	53	8	6	11	21	7	87	35	7	16	20	9
Carpet factory operatives	15	1	1	1	11	1	37	18	3	4	7	5
Clerks and copyists	218	30	11	13	110	54	205	83	17	27	19	59
Confectioners	69	10	6	3	49	1	98	85	1	2	7	3
Dressmakers	2,382	392	119	66	1,449	335	3,265	2,264	118	131	299	453
Hat and cap makers	24	2	2	.....	16	4	25	14	3	3	3	2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	436	63	2	2	82	288	1,016	306	9	7	118	576
Hucksters and peddlers	161	32	1	1	92	25	217	161	2	3	11	40
Janitors and sextons	2,133	146	33	3	1,933	18	1,257	1,169	8	19	31	30
Laborers (not specified)	247	58	5	4	152	28	289	213	4	2	33	37
Laundresses	2,087	452	42	38	1,208	347	4,025	3,106	39	80	236	564
Literary and scientific persons	46	6	2	1	24	13	57	33	1	1	3	19
Manufacturers and officials, etc.	79	18	4	.....	50	7	74	57	3	4	4	6
Merchants and dealers	575	120	22	8	403	22	921	838	12	17	33	21
Milliners	369	39	13	17	148	52	305	161	33	29	24	58
Musicians and teachers of music	278	38	17	13	145	65	234	126	8	22	18	60
Nurses and midwives	646	83	19	8	286	250	1,400	631	19	25	166	559
Packers and shippers	38	7	8	3	15	5	35	13	3	6	6	7
Saleswomen	455	33	51	32	226	113	462	165	65	60	48	124
Seamstresses	612	111	48	28	280	136	1,085	644	50	56	119	216
Servants and waitresses	4,722	292	76	68	1,195	3,091	6,401	1,427	44	62	361	4,507
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	51	8	4	4	23	12	81	48	3	4	11	15
Silk mill operatives	60	7	10	6	28	9	61	30	3	12	6	10
Stenographers and typewriters	97	9	12	5	37	34	131	38	16	11	15	51
Tailoresses	1,168	97	59	18	904	90	614	334	38	25	57	110
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	179	26	14	9	95	35	319	134	18	20	49	107
Telegraph and telephone operators	22	1	3	3	7	8	24	8	6	2	1	7
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	44	5	6	5	23	5	49	29	1	7	7	5
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	161	29	16	12	80	24	199	110	15	19	27	28
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	1,920	71	49	36	1,703	73	546	378	31	26	59	52
All other occupations	1,572	266	66	47	962	241	1,763	1,154	69	82	144	314
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	2,813	403	112	98	1,143	1,062	3,725	1,906	100	136	287	1,296
Actresses, professional show-women, etc.	396	28	8	12	147	201	110	49	5	9	5	42
Agents	25	5	4	.....	11	5	55	28	2	3	3	19
Artists and teachers of art	52	8	1	3	27	13	40	22	1	4	3	10
Boarding and lodging house keepers	107	52	1	1	52	1	305	296	.....	3	3	4
Bookbinders	6	1	.....	2	2	1	16	8	.....	1	3	4
Bookkeepers and accountants	54	6	2	4	17	25	59	13	5	5	12	24
Boxmakers (paper)	10	2	1	3	4	.....	12	4	1	4	2	1
Clerks and copyists	75	14	1	5	25	30	80	29	6	6	2	37
Dressmakers	336	65	19	11	149	91	667	425	18	18	63	143
Housekeepers and stewardesses	95	14	.....	1	19	61	223	51	1	3	22	146

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 29 Chinese, 4 Japanese, and 5 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS)—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.												
Janitors and sextons	277	117	2	6	143	9	20	8	1	4	4	3
Laundresses	553	146	88	58	94	167	309	21	85	46	32	125
Literary and scientific persons	239	43	25	31	38	92	167	19	24	30	23	71
Merchants and dealers	191	60	36	27	37	31	94	8	32	24	10	20
Milliners	794	71	291	130	124	178	674	32	279	122	105	136
Musicians and teachers of music	729	106	180	102	93	248	531	42	169	91	44	185
Nurses and midwives	1,444	184	42	37	113	1,068	1,115	76	40	33	46	920
Packers and shippers	200	3	94	49	32	22	190	1	93	47	30	19
Saleswomen	2,752	90	1,034	509	368	751	2,586	42	1,022	491	323	708
Seamstresses	892	138	227	112	120	295	661	30	216	101	87	227
Servants and waitresses	3,938	156	177	62	204	3,337	3,035	47	161	56	98	2,673
Silk mill operatives	157	3	89	20	16	29	145	2	86	19	14	24
Stenographers and typewriters	1,892	80	603	343	245	621	1,785	59	592	340	237	557
Tailoresses	134	16	30	28	27	33	97	5	28	28	14	22
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	2,394	202	694	390	336	772	2,187	141	680	377	279	710
Telegraph and telephone operators	387	5	184	78	41	49	343	3	182	76	38	44
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	182	11	77	39	29	26	167	3	75	38	28	23
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	392	40	157	59	57	79	343	18	155	57	44	69
All other occupations	3,153	433	969	495	526	730	2,441	159	944	459	338	541
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	71,769	5,365	28,647	14,782	9,508	13,467	62,541	2,005	27,978	14,132	7,074	11,352
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	686	60	129	98	143	256	392	24	110	79	35	144
Agents	255	47	81	56	43	28	204	20	75	53	30	26
Artists and teachers of art	206	21	82	36	28	39	170	11	81	32	17	29
Barbers and hairdressers	273	34	114	45	41	39	231	16	112	42	30	31
Boarding and lodging house keepers	339	269	3	5	57	5	77	64	3	2	6	2
Bookbinders	1,227	40	581	314	180	103	1,150	27	572	297	162	92
Bookkeepers and accountants	2,981	72	1,673	698	311	227	2,334	48	1,657	684	291	204
Boxmakers (paper)	924	54	408	271	130	61	835	25	401	254	106	49
Carpet factory operatives	330	16	160	94	43	18	304	12	156	89	32	15
Clerks and copyists	2,764	69	1,371	683	365	276	2,622	38	1,351	656	323	254
Confectioners	353	30	179	80	46	18	317	8	177	77	38	17
Dressmakers	10,474	1,085	4,455	2,373	1,589	972	9,208	500	4,346	2,280	1,257	825
Hat and cap makers	280	6	159	66	29	17	273	3	157	69	27	17
Housekeepers and stewardesses	776	129	14	7	237	389	459	29	8	5	157	229
Janitors and sextons	780	288	30	25	433	13	61	19	12	10	16	4
Laborers (not specified)	158	43	36	30	31	18	85	5	32	20	10	9
Laundresses	1,954	533	383	292	311	435	1,102	74	343	255	139	291
Literary and scientific persons	116	21	32	24	12	27	96	11	31	23	6	25
Manufacturers and officials, etc	154	24	54	41	29	6	115	4	53	38	15	5
Merchants and dealers	621	182	173	110	120	36	387	47	161	100	50	29
Milliners	2,624	143	1,330	634	308	209	2,435	73	1,312	610	263	177
Musicians and teachers of music	759	66	341	139	114	99	534	32	332	124	71	75
Nurses and midwives	1,307	171	115	94	112	815	942	44	98	79	52	669
Packers and shippers	668	15	359	141	93	50	629	9	352	139	87	42
Saleswomen	8,372	162	4,184	2,255	987	804	8,002	94	4,108	2,193	875	732
Seamstresses	3,600	295	1,569	809	420	507	3,218	128	1,533	773	346	438
Servants and waitresses	8,328	305	897	446	573	6,017	6,925	125	853	402	373	5,172
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	352	34	128	76	61	53	310	14	125	69	54	48
Silk mill operatives	852	32	412	246	109	53	797	19	403	234	94	47
Stenographers and typewriters	3,333	59	1,840	756	359	319	3,247	41	1,827	747	337	295
Tailoresses	924	95	406	219	117	87	790	33	390	201	90	76
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	3,430	180	1,436	780	477	557	3,313	141	1,422	769	451	530
Telegraph and telephone operators	807	11	441	209	98	48	784	7	434	206	96	41
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	671	24	337	173	94	43	625	11	332	165	79	38
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	1,564	70	727	437	203	127	1,450	31	714	416	179	110
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	1,045	44	496	250	179	76	858	17	467	236	73	65
All other occupations	7,483	538	3,512	1,767	1,046	620	6,610	201	3,438	1,694	777	500

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS)—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.												
Janitors and sextons	146	8	1	.....	136	1	111	101	.....	2	3	5
Laundresses	101	14	2	8	52	25	143	111	1	4	10	17
Literary and scientific persons	30	6	1	1	12	10	33	18	1	.....	3	11
Merchants and dealers	44	11	3	1	24	5	53	41	1	2	3	6
Milliners	53	9	3	3	17	21	67	30	9	5	2	21
Musicians and teachers of music	115	18	7	2	47	41	83	46	4	9	2	22
Nurses and midwives	85	14	2	.....	30	39	244	94	.....	4	37	109
Packers and shippers	3	1	.....	.....	1	1	7	1	1	2	1	2
Saleswomen	99	7	4	5	35	48	117	41	8	13	10	45
Seamstresses	70	30	5	7	14	24	161	88	6	4	19	44
Servants and waitresses	410	22	14	1	80	293	493	89	2	5	26	371
Silk mill operatives	9	.....	3	1	2	3	3	1	.....	.....	.....	2
Stenographers and typewriters	40	4	3	.....	13	20	67	17	8	3	5	34
Tailoresses	18	3	1	.....	12	2	19	8	1	.....	1	9
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	67	6	5	5	37	14	140	55	9	8	20	48
Telegraph and telephone operators	8	.....	1	2	3	2	6	2	1	.....	.....	3
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	6	2	2	1	1	.....	9	6	.....	.....	.....	3
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	21	1	2	2	11	5	28	21	.....	.....	2	5
All other occupations	338	62	16	17	163	80	374	212	9	19	25	109
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	3,895	470	317	228	1,963	917	5,333	2,890	352	422	471	1,198
Actresses, professional show-women, etc.	234	14	13	13	101	93	60	22	6	6	7	19
Agents	25	5	5	2	13	.....	26	22	1	1	.....	2
Artists and teachers of art	20	2	.....	3	10	5	16	8	1	1	1	5
Barbers and hairdressers	15	4	2	.....	7	2	27	14	.....	3	4	6
Boarding and lodging house keepers	78	27	.....	1	49	1	184	178	.....	2	2	2
Bookbinders	31	3	2	6	14	6	46	19	7	11	4	5
Bookkeepers and accountants	45	3	10	5	16	11	52	21	6	9	4	12
Boxmakers (paper)	35	6	3	8	12	6	54	23	4	9	12	6
Carpet factory operatives	9	.....	1	1	7	.....	17	3	3	4	4	3
Clerks and copyists	67	7	9	8	32	11	75	24	11	19	10	11
Confectioners	11	1	1	2	6	1	25	21	1	1	2	.....
Dressmakers	473	82	46	24	263	58	793	503	63	69	69	89
Hat and cap makers	2	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	5	3	2	.....	.....	.....
Housekeepers and stewardesses	85	14	1	.....	14	56	233	86	5	1	36	104
Janitors and sextons	457	25	15	3	411	3	271	244	3	12	6	6
Laborers (not specified)	25	5	1	.....	15	4	48	33	3	1	6	5
Laundresses	288	58	20	12	131	67	564	401	20	25	41	77
Literary and scientific persons	7	.....	1	.....	6	.....	13	10	.....	1	.....	2
Manufacturers and officials, etc.	21	6	1	.....	14	.....	18	14	.....	3	.....	1
Merchants and dealers	101	18	10	5	64	4	133	117	2	5	6	3
Milliners	72	11	5	6	38	12	117	59	13	18	7	20
Musicians and teachers of music	65	9	5	6	36	9	60	25	4	9	7	15
Nurses and midwives	96	13	8	3	21	51	269	114	9	12	30	95
Packers and shippers	13	1	5	.....	3	4	16	5	2	2	3	4
Saleswomen	168	10	33	22	69	34	202	58	43	40	23	38
Seamstresses	122	18	14	12	46	32	260	149	22	24	28	37
Servants and waitresses	585	40	22	23	157	343	818	230	22	21	43	502
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	11	3	.....	4	4	.....	31	17	3	3	3	5
Silk mill operatives	25	3	6	4	10	2	30	10	3	8	5	4
Stenographers and typewriters	38	8	6	3	14	12	48	15	7	6	8	12
Tailoresses	44	6	7	6	20	5	90	56	9	12	7	6
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	36	6	7	3	13	7	81	33	7	8	13	20
Telegraph and telephone operators	8	.....	2	1	1	4	15	4	5	2	1	3
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	22	2	4	2	11	3	24	11	1	6	4	2
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	44	6	5	7	16	10	70	33	8	14	8	7
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	128	8	11	6	95	8	59	19	18	3	11	3
All other occupations	389	51	36	27	222	53	484	286	36	46	47	69

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS)—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.											
All occupations	117,125	13,861	19,922	5,933	17,414	59,995	88,459	3,096	19,367	5,560	8,089	52,347
Actresses, professional show-women, etc.	432	55	43	25	106	203	209	23	37	22	17	110
Agents	180	87	19	8	41	25	69	22	18	4	6	17
Artists and teachers of art	139	29	30	14	30	36	102	18	30	14	11	29
Barbers and hairdressers	281	42	86	25	75	53	191	7	80	25	36	43
Boarding and lodging house keepers	980	823	9	4	115	29	218	189	1	1	11	16
Bookbinders	249	21	103	47	44	34	216	7	102	46	33	28
Bookkeepers and accountants	873	20	477	135	128	113	802	5	474	131	96	96
Boxmakers (paper)	372	11	220	50	55	36	343	3	216	47	44	33
Carpet factory operatives	112	22	33	11	27	19	88	7	33	11	20	17
Clerks and copyists	834	48	335	115	146	190	713	11	334	113	88	167
Confectioners	355	76	129	35	84	21	235	9	134	34	40	18
Dressmakers	10,954	2,270	2,755	1,060	2,887	2,182	7,943	809	2,671	994	1,630	1,839
Hat and cap makers	628	19	246	51	58	56	301	7	243	48	42	51
Housekeepers and stewardesses	1,609	210	8	6	287	1,098	893	42	5	4	191	651
Hucksters and peddlers	451	194	24	13	112	58	99	3	21	9	11	25
Janitors and sextons	2,339	929	27	9	1,341	33	73	41	5	5	16	6
Laborers (not specified)	497	203	33	18	153	90	135	23	31	17	19	45
Laundresses	5,971	2,563	207	157	931	2,113	2,560	365	183	122	289	1,601
Manufacturers and officials, etc.	179	46	45	20	49	19	97	6	41	19	16	15
Merchants and dealers	1,514	853	158	43	395	65	855	85	140	31	56	40
Milliners	1,593	157	729	212	276	219	1,333	66	713	201	169	184
Musicians and teachers of music	459	84	113	52	96	114	294	24	109	46	34	81
Nurses and midwives	3,940	556	84	60	393	2,547	2,380	101	66	50	92	2,051
Packers and shippers	223	16	117	39	37	14	189	4	114	34	24	13
Saleswomen	2,992	131	1,399	412	530	520	2,662	49	1,371	400	393	449
Seamstresses	7,754	633	3,566	865	1,248	1,442	6,760	180	3,516	832	984	1,248
Servants and waitresses	46,213	1,440	706	344	2,142	44,581	42,907	497	668	306	1,350	40,086
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	701	38	335	68	109	151	625	9	332	67	86	131
Silk mill operatives	317	31	136	56	57	37	263	8	135	51	40	29
Stenographers and typewriters	844	26	427	131	106	154	810	18	424	127	94	147
Tailoresses	6,741	435	2,899	531	1,757	1,119	5,135	60	2,820	506	806	943
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	1,193	122	206	101	147	617	1,032	65	202	96	98	571
Telegraph and telephone operators	126	4	65	20	18	18	116	1	65	20	15	15
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	258	23	122	37	49	27	224	9	122	34	35	24
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	1,443	129	627	209	273	210	1,234	44	610	201	197	182
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	4,535	461	1,077	337	2,039	621	2,279	42	1,026	300	395	514
All other occupations	6,360	1,064	2,317	613	1,275	1,101	4,534	234	2,273	592	603	832
	NEGRO.											
All occupations	10,546	1,941	295	446	1,771	6,093	5,411	383	246	337	360	4,085
Dressmakers	578	160	37	45	177	158	242	41	30	40	39	92
Housekeepers and stewardesses	168	44	2	9	24	88	68	8	2	7	11	40
Janitors and sextons	154	57	1	3	84	9	15	8	1	2	1	3
Laborers (not specified)	112	49	1	3	30	24	31	6	.....	4	5	16
Laundresses	2,084	916	35	97	617	419	480	141	21	63	49	206
Nurses and midwives	205	29	20	19	32	105	133	5	19	15	8	86
Seamstresses	165	33	11	15	58	48	75	6	10	11	21	27
Servants and waitresses	6,657	537	138	193	660	5,129	4,155	142	116	151	202	3,544
All other occupations	423	116	49	54	89	115	212	26	47	44	24	71
	NEWARK, N. J.											
	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	22,105	2,490	7,516	3,504	2,655	5,940	17,742	568	7,273	3,301	1,689	4,911
Boarding and lodging house keepers	237	187	3	3	42	2	35	29	1	1	2	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	529	9	312	102	60	46	508	4	309	101	51	43
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	291	14	139	78	40	20	271	5	139	75	33	19
Boxmakers (paper)	216	11	111	50	24	20	206	5	111	49	24	17
Buttonmakers	281	9	165	65	28	14	261	7	160	58	23	12

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS)—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.											
All occupations	13,024	1,558	324	125	8,212	2,805	15,642	9,207	231	248	1,113	4,842
Actresses, professional show-women, etc.	172	12	4	2	88	66	51	20	2	1	1	27
Agents	46	10		1	31	4	65	55	1	3	2	4
Artists and teachers of art	24	2			19	3	13	9				4
Barbers and hairdressers	54	9	4		37	4	36	26	2		2	6
Boarding and lodging house keepers	212	100	6	2	101	3	550	534	2	1	3	10
Bookbinders	15	3		1	9	2	18	11	1		2	4
Bookkeepers and accountants	44	6	2	1	25	10	27	9	1	3	7	7
Boxmakers (paper)	8		2		5	1	21	8	2	3	6	2
Carpet factory operatives	6	1			4	1	18	14			3	1
Clerks and copyists	74	9	1		51	13	47	28		2	7	10
Confectioners	53	7	5	1	40		67	60			4	3
Dressmakers	1,338	220	49	23	900	146	1,673	1,241	35	43	157	197
Hat and cap makers	19	2	2		12	3	18	10	1	3	2	2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	203	21			38	144	513	147	3	2	58	303
Hucksters and peddlers	146	31	1	1	90	23	216	160	2	3	11	40
Janitors and sextons	1,433	101	17		1,303	12	833	787	5	4	22	15
Laborers (not specified)	166	37	2		109	18	196	143		1	25	27
Laundresses	937	251	8	6	526	146	2,474	1,947	16	29	116	366
Manufacturers and officials, etc.	43	9	1		30	3	39	31	3	1	3	1
Merchants and dealers	428	89	9	2	315	13	731	676	9	10	24	13
Milliners	139	19	5	5	92	18	121	72	11	6	15	17
Musicians and teachers of music	80	9	4	2	53	12	85	51		4	9	21
Nurses and midwives	428	51	8	3	216	148	862	404	10	7	83	342
Packers and shippers	22	5	3	3	11		12	7		2	2	1
Saleswomen	187	16	14	5	122	30	143	66	14	7	15	41
Seamstresses	365	67	28	8	197	65	629	386	22	25	67	129
Servants and waitresses	2,349	133	22	16	564	1,614	3,957	810	16	22	228	2,881
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	34	5	3		15	11	42	24		1	8	9
Silk mill operatives	26	4	1	1	16	4	28	19		4	1	4
Stenographers and typewriters	19	2	3	2	10	2	15	6		2	2	5
Tailoresses	1,103	87	51	12	872	81	503	288	28	13	79	95
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	68	12	2	1	42	11	93	45	2	4	7	35
Telegraph and telephone operators	6	1			3	2	3	2				1
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	16	1		2	11	2	18	13		1	3	1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	104	22	10	3	58	11	110	63	7	5	18	17
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	1,775	63	36	19	1,597	60	481	356	13	18	47	47
All other occupations	882	141	21	3	598	119	944	679	23	18	74	150
	NEGRO.											
All occupations	2,759	332	39	64	1,250	1,074	2,376	1,226	10	45	161	934
Dressmakers	205	25	5	7	128	40	131	94	2	1	10	24
Housekeepers and stewardesses	52	14	1	1	11	25	48	22		1	2	23
Janitors and sextons	97	12			83	2	42	37		1		
Laborers (not specified)	46	15		4	24	3	33	28	1		1	3
Laundresses	761	129	12	12	499	109	843	646	2	22	69	104
Nurses and midwives	37	5	1	2	17	12	35	19		2	7	7
Seamstresses	55	6	1	1	32	15	35	21		3	5	1
Servants and waitresses	1,373	97	18	28	394	836	1,129	298	4	14	64	749
All other occupations	131	29	1	9	62	30	80	61	1	1	3	14
	NEWARK, N. J.											
	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	1,681	316	121	81	734	429	2,682	1,606	122	122	232	600
Boarding and lodging house keepers	62	24			38		140	134	2	2	2	
Bookkeepers and accountants	10	2	1		5	2	11	3	2	1	4	
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	4	2			2		16	7		3	5	
Boxmakers (paper)	4	1				3	6	5		1		
Buttonmakers	10		4	3	3		10	2	1	4	2	

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEWARK, N. J.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL CLASSES—continued.												
Clerks and copyists	696	26	354	154	80	82	651	12	349	150	67	73
Corsetmakers	1,080	48	584	272	103	73	1,005	17	569	263	90	66
Cotton mill operatives	584	51	251	157	82	43	541	27	245	152	76	41
Dressmakers	1,620	314	531	261	321	163	1,189	103	498	262	205	121
Gold and silver workers	544	20	339	111	40	34	519	8	335	109	36	32
Hat and cap makers	506	35	269	122	52	28	455	19	260	114	41	21
Housekeepers and stewardesses	319	23	8	4	75	209	171	9	7	3	49	103
Laborers (not specified)	240	68	65	34	47	26	121	8	62	30	10	11
Laundresses	941	471	92	82	184	112	262	27	78	58	34	65
Merchants and dealers	399	209	61	17	101	11	109	16	53	15	16	8
Milliners	376	19	204	74	39	40	332	5	199	70	26	32
Musicians and teachers of music	187	25	79	36	25	22	153	15	74	33	15	15
Nurses and midwives	561	121	42	27	88	283	336	20	36	22	24	234
Saleswomen	1,248	35	681	268	147	122	1,126	10	674	256	120	106
Seamstresses	619	119	227	116	65	92	483	28	219	109	41	68
Servants and waitresses	4,859	175	315	132	201	3,836	3,806	34	298	118	117	3,239
Stenographers and typewriters	671	13	345	185	79	49	645	9	339	180	75	42
Tailoresses	387	93	242	107	99	46	453	30	225	94	69	35
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	937	57	316	179	130	255	893	45	310	173	118	247
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	212	12	92	58	26	24	196	4	92	57	20	23
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	285	22	146	60	34	23	247	5	141	58	24	19
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	213	7	137	35	22	12	201	5	132	34	20	10
All other occupations	3,067	297	1,406	690	421	253	2,547	64	1,358	656	264	205
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	5,495	550	2,098	921	721	1,195	4,509	169	2,030	870	511	929
Boarding and lodging house keepers	102	77	1	1	22	1	29	19	.....	.....	9	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	228	5	134	34	26	30	216	2	133	34	19	28
Clerks and copyists	338	12	170	70	40	46	315	5	169	66	34	41
Corsetmakers	197	14	97	46	17	23	177	5	95	45	12	20
Dressmakers	525	116	133	83	97	96	356	35	118	76	61	66
Gold and silver workers	118	1	75	24	10	8	114	.....	74	23	9	8
Milliners	128	3	72	18	12	23	110	2	69	16	5	18
Musicians and teachers of music	102	15	38	19	19	11	77	8	35	17	10	7
Nurses and midwives	186	33	14	13	28	98	111	5	13	9	10	74
Saleswomen	411	14	213	76	45	63	377	4	211	73	35	54
Seamstresses	204	51	64	31	22	36	140	11	63	28	15	23
Servants and waitresses	496	14	40	24	14	395	374	4	44	22	10	294
Stenographers and typewriters	332	9	150	89	49	35	310	5	146	84	46	29
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	512	29	180	106	81	116	486	23	176	102	75	110
Textile mill operatives	139	4	76	33	16	10	131	2	73	32	14	10
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	212	23	92	39	29	29	175	8	80	34	21	23
All other occupations	1,265	130	541	220	195	179	1,018	31	522	209	133	123
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	9,004	674	4,041	2,031	993	1,265	7,982	237	3,925	1,941	781	1,098
Bookkeepers and accountants	265	3	160	58	31	13	259	2	158	58	29	12
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	207	8	98	53	31	14	196	4	96	55	27	14
Boxmakers (paper)	128	7	62	36	12	11	121	3	62	35	12	9
Buttonmakers	182	6	101	47	19	9	171	6	99	41	16	9
Clerks and copyists	302	11	162	71	32	26	288	6	159	71	29	23
Corsetmakers	688	19	381	192	64	32	648	6	370	184	59	29
Cotton mill operatives	374	25	167	112	47	23	354	17	164	108	43	22
Dressmakers	729	103	310	159	119	38	615	46	296	149	92	32
Gold and silver workers	360	15	223	77	26	19	347	7	221	77	24	18
Hat and cap makers	249	17	129	76	19	7	226	10	124	72	15	5
Laundresses	191	63	47	28	31	22	90	2	44	20	12	12
Merchants and dealers	113	44	34	9	23	3	56	3	30	9	9	3
Milliners	188	10	98	52	16	12	176	3	98	51	14	9
Nurses and midwives	155	22	9	8	15	98	122	2	18	8	8	79
Saleswomen	644	9	309	162	76	48	619	4	304	150	67	44

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEWARK, N. J.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	ALL CLASSES—continued.											
Clerks and copyists	22	4	2		12	4	23	10	3	4	1	5
Corsetmakers	30	6	9	3	9	3	45	25	6	6	4	4
Cotton mill operatives	10	4	1	1	3	1	33	20	5	4	3	1
Dressmakers	156	35	12	8	89	12	275	176	21	21	27	30
Gold and silver workers	10	1	3	2	4		15	11	1		1	2
Hat and cap makers	20	1	5	2	8	4	31	15	4	6	3	3
Housekeepers and stewardesses	39	2			10	27	109	12	1	1	16	79
Laborers (not specified)	57	12	3	2	30	10	62	48		2	7	5
Laundresses	238	72	7	12	125	22	441	372	7	12	25	25
Merchants and dealers	109	22	4		82	1	181	171	4	1	3	2
Milliners	21	2	3	4	10	2	23	12	2		3	6
Musicians and teachers of music	12	1	3		8		22	9	2	3	2	6
Nurses and midwives	61	15	1	1	29	15	164	86	5	4	35	34
Saleswomen	41	4	5	3	21	8	41	21	2	4	6	8
Seamstresses	50	17	5	5	15	8	106	76	3	2	9	16
Servants and waitresses	363	28	10	6	53	266	490	113	7	8	31	331
Stenographers and typewriters	11		3	2	3	3	15	4	3	3	1	4
Tailoresses	49	11	4	5	24	5	85	52	13	8	6	6
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	18	2	4	1	6	5	26	10	2	5	6	3
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	8	2			5	1	8	6		1	1	
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	13	3	3		6	1	25	14	2	2	4	3
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	7	1	3		2	1	5	1	2	1		1
All other occupations	246	42	26	21	132	25	274	191	22	13	25	23
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	357	75	28	25	140	89	629	306	40	36	70	177
Boarding and lodging house keepers	30	12			18		50	46	1	1	2	
Bookkeepers and accountants	4	1			2	1	8	2	1		4	1
Clerks and copyists	9	3			5	1	14	4	1	4	1	4
Corsetmakers	7	2	1		3	1	13	7	1	1	2	2
Dressmakers	49	11	5	4	24	5	120	70	9	8	12	21
Gold and silver workers	3		1	1	1		1	1				
Milliners	12	1	2	2	6	1	6		1		1	4
Musicians and teachers of music	9	1	1		7		16	6	2	2	2	4
Nurses and midwives	15	4		1	6	4	60	24	1	3	12	20
Saleswomen	16	3	2	1	6	4	18	7		2	4	5
Seamstresses	19	8	1	2	4	4	45	32		1	3	9
Servants and waitresses	47	4	2	2	1	38	75	6	3		3	63
Stenographers and typewriters	8		2	2	2	2	14	4	2	3	1	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	10	1	2	1	2	4	16	5	2	3	4	2
Textile mill operatives	1				1		7	2	3	1	1	
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	12	3		2	5	2	25	12	3	3	3	4
All other occupations	106	21	9	7	47	22	141	78	10	4	15	34
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	402	73	55	36	162	76	620	364	61	54	50	91
Bookkeepers and accountants	5	1	1		2	1	1		1			
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	1	1					10	3		3	4	
Boxmakers (paper)	3	1				2	4	3		1		
Buttonmakers	5		2	2	1		6			4	2	
Clerks and copyists	9	1	2		3	3	5	4	1			
Corsetmakers	17	3	6	3	3	2	23	10	5	5	2	1
Cotton mill operatives	4		1	1	1	1	15	8	2	3	3	
Dressmakers	39	10	4	3	18	4	75	47	10	7	9	2
Gold and silver workers	4	1	1		2		9	7	1			1
Hat and cap makers	9		3	1	4	1	13	7	2	3		1
Laundresses	34	9		4	17	4	67	52	3	4	2	6
Merchants and dealers	21	6	2		13		36	33	2		1	
Milliners	5	1		1	2	1	8	6				2
Nurses and midwives	9	1	1		3	4	24	12	3		4	5
Saleswomen	16	1	3	1	8	3	9	4	2	1	1	1

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEWARK, N. J.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Seamstresses	256	33	108	39	24	33	212	10	103	55	16	28
Servants and waitresses	857	31	135	58	52	581	742	8	132	54	36	512
Stenographers and typewriters	292	3	172	83	26	8	289	3	171	83	25	7
Tailoresses	296	44	126	72	40	14	236	17	114	65	30	10
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	318	18	115	61	34	90	308	16	114	59	31	88
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	120	6	46	39	16	13	117	4	46	39	15	13
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	161	9	92	36	14	10	146	3	88	35	11	9
All other occupations	1,930	169	896	488	226	151	1,645	46	864	463	161	111
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	5,365	1,039	1,279	454	763	2,830	4,592	128	1,241	425	358	2,440
Corsetmakers	195	15	106	34	22	18	180	6	104	34	19	17
Cotton mill operatives	128	24	38	24	26	16	108	8	38	23	24	15
Dressmakers	325	90	83	34	89	29	200	21	79	30	48	22
Hat and cap makers	167	10	97	26	21	13	151	5	95	25	16	10
Housekeepers and stewardesses	118	5	1	1	22	89	58	2	1	1	11	43
Laborers (not specified)	100	34	20	8	24	14	37	2	18	8	5	4
Laundresses	367	233	12	12	64	46	72	7	11	8	12	34
Merchants and dealers	233	147	10	6	67	3	36	6	8	5	4	2
Nurses and midwives	204	61	4	3	43	93	95	6	3	3	5	78
Saleswomen	193	12	109	35	26	11	170	2	109	33	18	8
Seamstresses	144	36	48	22	16	22	100	5	48	22	9	16
Servants and waitresses	2,539	80	83	19	76	2,281	2,179	13	80	16	48	2,022
Tailoresses	232	38	97	25	52	20	175	10	93	22	36	14
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	100	9	19	11	14	47	94	6	18	11	12	47
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	118	14	57	18	21	8	92	1	55	16	12	8
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	141	6	96	16	15	8	132	5	91	15	13	8
All other occupations	1,061	225	399	160	165	112	724	23	390	153	66	92
NEGRO.												
All occupations	1,241	227	98	88	178	650	659	34	77	65	39	444
Laundresses	303	142	18	32	75	36	66	16	9	21	7	13
Servants and waitresses	767	50	48	31	59	579	511	9	42	26	23	411
All other occupations	171	35	32	25	44	35	82	9	26	18	9	20

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	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	10,958	1,068	4,268	1,758	1,615	2,249	8,771	285	4,131	1,638	893	1,824
Bookkeepers and accountants	151	2	74	45	18	12	145	2	73	44	16	10
Clerks and copyists	103	4	54	20	14	11	95	1	54	20	11	9
Dressmakers	550	122	191	87	116	34	396	37	185	75	74	25
Hemp and jute mill operatives	128	27	30	18	34	19	83	6	30	15	19	13
Housekeepers and stewardesses	211	11	2	2	48	148	125	7	1	1	31	85
Laundresses	220	93	25	10	52	40	86	7	20	9	8	22
Linen mill operatives	222	46	45	30	55	46	150	23	43	28	30	26
Merchants and dealers	143	85	7	6	39	6	28	10	5	4	1	3
Milliners	182	8	90	24	15	15	138	4	88	24	10	12
Nurses and midwives	184	37	16	10	19	102	102	2	14	7	1	78
Saleswomen	301	10	152	64	43	32	272	3	152	56	34	27
Servants and waitresses	1,186	40	59	23	42	1,013	943	8	53	20	20	842
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	355	16	161	55	63	60	312	4	157	51	46	54
Silk mill operatives	5,316	317	2,654	1,050	797	498	4,547	122	2,567	985	447	426
Stenographers and typewriters	142	1	76	30	23	12	136	1	74	29	21	11
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	402	19	183	95	41	64	395	13	183	95	41	63
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	474	30	226	92	80	46	392	10	217	84	41	40
All other occupations	718	101	223	97	116	91	441	26	215	91	42	68

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 300 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEWARK, N. J.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Seamstresses	20	5	3	3	7	2	24	17	2	1	1	3
Servants and waitresses	47	4	3	1	11	28	68	19		3	5	41
Stenographers and typewriters	2				1	1	1		1			
Tailoresses	17	4	1	3	8	1	43	23	11	4	2	3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	5	1	1		2	1	5	1		2	1	1
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1				1		2	2				
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	4	1	2		1		11	5	2	1	2	1
All other occupations	125	22	19	13	54	17	160	101	13	12	11	23
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	624	127	23	8	322	144	1,149	784	15	21	83	246
Corsetmakers	6	1	2		3		9	8				1
Cotton mill operatives	6	4			2		14	12		1		1
Dressmakers	55	14	2		37	2	70	55	2	4	4	5
Hat and cap makers	7		2		3	2	9	5		1	2	1
Housekeepers and stewardesses	15	1			1	13	45	2			10	33
Laborers (not specified)	32	9	2		16	5	31	23			3	5
Laundresses	76	30	1		43	2	210	196		4	9	10
Merchants and dealers	74	12			62		134	129	2	1	1	1
Nurses and midwives	34	8			19	7	76	47	1		19	8
Saleswomen	9			1	7	1	14	10		1	1	2
Seamstresses	9	4			3	2	35	27			4	4
Servants and waitresses	129	11	1	1	15	101	231	56	2	2	13	158
Tailoresses	25	4	3	1	13	4	32	24	1	2	3	2
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	3		1		2		3	3				
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	10	2	1	1	6		16	11	1	1	3	
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	6	1	3		2		3		2	1		
All other occupations	128	26	5	4	88	5	209	176	4	3	11	15
NEGRO.												
All occupations	208	41	15	12	110	120	284	152	6	11	29	86
Laundresses	112	26	6	8	57	15	125	100	3	3	11	8
Servants and waitresses	140	9	4	2	26	99	116	32	2	3	10	69
All other occupations	46	6	5	2	27	6	43	20	1	5	8	9

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	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	1,132	173	83	55	627	194	1,055	610	54	65	95	231
Bookkeepers and accountants	3				2	1	3		1	1		1
Clerks and copyists	5				3	2	3	3				
Dressmakers	52	11	1	2	36	2	102	74	5	10	6	7
Hemp and jute mill operatives	19	2		1	12	4	26	19		2	3	2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	27		1		8	18	59	4		1	9	45
Laundresses	84	30	4	1	40	9	70	55	1		4	9
Linen mill operatives	34	5	2	1	20	6	28	18		1	5	4
Merchants and dealers	51	11	1		37	2	69	64	1	2	1	1
Milliners	5				4	1	9	4	2		1	2
Nurses and midwives	32	11	1		12	8	50	24	1	3	6	16
Saleswomen	16	2		3	7	4	13	5		5	2	1
Servants and waitresses	113	12	6	1	15	80	130	29	1	2	7	91
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	25	4	3	3	14	1	18	8	1	1	3	5
Silk mill operatives	490	46	52	38	318	36	279	149	35	27	32	36
Stenographers and typewriters	6		2	1	2	1						
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	2	2					5	4				1
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	47	2	7	2	33	3	35	18	2	6	6	3
All other occupations	121	35	4	2	64	16	156	131	4	4	10	7

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 300 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PATERSON, N. J.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	2,136	202	860	369	287	478	1,770	43	528	323	189	376
Dressmakers	192	53	53	32	39	15	124	14	50	28	21	11
Saleswomen	103	1	55	21	13	13	95	1	55	17	10	12
Servants and waitresses	172	6	15	.....	2	149	130	2	13	.....	.....	115
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	101	5	38	17	22	18	81	1	35	15	14	16
Silk mill operatives	765	28	387	158	85	107	678	8	372	146	63	90
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	159	6	72	34	22	25	157	5	72	34	22	24
All other occupations	694	103	240	97	103	151	505	17	231	89	60	108
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	4,113	107	2,042	929	487	458	3,724	67	2,003	890	365	399
Dressmakers	223	26	104	45	40	8	186	9	102	38	32	5
Saleswomen	138	4	69	32	20	13	131	1	69	32	19	10
Servants and waitresses	160	6	19	5	6	124	138	.....	18	4	4	112
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	109	2	57	20	12	18	104	.....	66	20	11	17
Silk mill operatives	2,403	81	1,306	587	271	158	2,227	35	1,279	564	208	141
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	211	7	103	57	18	26	209	5	103	57	18	26
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	271	12	132	65	35	27	244	3	129	62	25	25
All other occupations	508	50	262	118	85	84	485	14	347	113	48	63
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.											
All occupations	4,389	633	1,346	457	800	1,133	3,111	164	1,256	406	330	923
Dressmakers	132	43	34	10	34	11	84	14	33	9	19	9
Housekeepers and stewardesses	116	3	1	.....	18	94	66	2	1	.....	11	52
Laundresses	104	30	8	4	22	20	33	5	7	4	5	17
Linen mill operatives	166	39	22	19	52	34	112	20	21	17	26	28
Servants and waitresses	660	23	16	9	22	590	534	3	14	8	12	497
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	145	9	66	18	28	24	127	3	66	16	21	21
Silk mill operatives	2,148	206	961	305	441	233	1,642	79	916	275	177	195
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	292	44	102	43	70	33	202	18	96	36	30	24
All other occupations	606	304	136	49	113	104	306	22	132	43	27	82

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	136,368	11,548	37,201	16,480	18,848	52,341	107,949	2,962	35,790	15,229	12,176	41,792
Artists and teachers of art	430	29	173	94	61	73	377	19	167	88	47	56
Boarding and lodging house keepers	1,357	1,206	6	14	101	27	271	244	4	4	8	11
Bookbinders	1,069	27	477	252	170	143	979	17	461	239	139	123
Bookkeepers and accountants	3,067	56	1,467	611	430	503	2,688	26	1,447	593	377	443
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	821	38	305	161	184	133	714	20	291	148	120	135
Boxmakers (paper)	1,243	39	626	269	158	151	1,149	12	612	254	131	140
Carpet factory operatives	1,902	118	732	382	341	329	1,528	31	682	350	227	238
Clerks and copyists	2,840	90	1,240	564	420	526	2,363	36	1,215	538	316	458
Confectioners	477	52	238	81	67	39	400	9	236	78	44	34
Cotton mill operatives	1,110	55	546	189	162	158	953	20	525	172	113	123
Dressmakers	13,500	1,783	4,048	1,973	2,841	2,855	10,188	604	3,830	1,792	1,802	2,160
Hat and cap makers	414	18	181	77	78	62	384	6	174	74	66	64
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	3,893	73	2,162	833	444	381	3,660	30	2,117	901	377	335
Housekeepers and stewardesses	3,545	237	45	37	339	2,237	1,895	58	33	19	602	1,183
Laborers (not specified)	569	95	117	31	156	170	293	13	114	26	37	103
Laundresses	4,118	1,152	547	396	871	1,150	1,979	143	805	327	286	718
Merchants and dealers	2,822	1,477	159	91	477	118	625	233	139	70	105	78
Milliners	2,365	141	1,071	417	364	372	2,078	72	1,046	386	265	309
Musicians and teachers of music	1,196	87	526	194	191	197	1,022	49	496	185	131	161
Nurses and midwives	4,188	374	290	124	575	2,890	2,889	72	194	99	216	2,308

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 1 Chinese woman, 1 Japanese woman, and 15 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PATERSON, N. J.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	192	33	17	14	78	50	224	121	15	16	20	52
Dressmakers	28	8	1		18	1	40	31	2	4		3
Saleswomen	3			1	1	1	5			3	2	
Servants and waitresses	21	1	2		1	17	21	3			1	17
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	12	1	2	2	7		8	3	1		2	2
Silk mill operatives	46	3	8	7	18	10	41	17	7	5	5	7
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc							2	1				1
All other occupations	82	20	4	4	33	21	107	66	5	4	10	22
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	201	32	23	17	104	25	188	98	16	22	18	34
Dressmakers	11	2		2	6	1	26	15	2	5	2	2
Saleswomen	3				1	2	4	3				1
Servants and waitresses	6				2	4	16	6	1	1		8
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	3	1	1		1		2	1				1
Silk mill operatives	108	14	18	15	53	8	68	32	9	8	10	9
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1	1					1	1				
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	12		2		8	2	15	9	1	3	2	
All other occupations	57	14	2		33	8	56	31	3	5	4	13
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	656	91	38	22	419	86	592	368	22	27	51	124
Dressmakers	13	1			12		35	28	1	1	3	2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	16				4	12	34	1			3	30
Laundresses	35	18	1		15	1	31	27			2	2
Linen mill operatives	30	4	1	1	19	5	24	15		1	5	3
Servants and waitresses	46	5	2		6	33	70	15		1	4	50
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	10	2		1	6	1	8	4		1	1	2
Silk mill operatives	356	29	26	16	247	18	170	100	19	14	17	20
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	49	3	6	2	33	5	41	25		5	7	4
All other occupations	121	29	2	2	77	11	179	153	2	4	9	11

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

ALL CLASSES.[2]

All occupations	12,038	1,651	801	538	4,849	4,208	16,381	6,935	610	663	1,832	6,341
Artists and teachers of art	27	4	3	3	13	4	26	6	3	3	1	13
Boarding and lodging house keepers	270	172	1	1	90	6	816	793	1	9	3	10
Bookbinders	41		8	6	19	8	49	10	8	7	12	12
Bookkeepers and accountants	85	6	12	5	36	26	94	22	8	13	17	34
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	57	4	10	5	28	10	50	14	4	8	6	18
Boxmakers (paper)	47	4	6	7	20	10	47	13	8	8	7	11
Carpet factory operatives	204	29	27	20	90	38	170	58	23	12	24	53
Clerks and copyists	151	13	18	12	84	29	126	41	12	14	20	39
Confectioners	35	9	2	2	19	3	42	34	1	1	4	2
Cotton mill operatives	70	6	12	12	36	11	81	30	9	5	13	24
Dressmakers	1,474	244	121	67	807	235	1,838	935	97	114	232	460
Hat and cap makers	22	3	5	2	11	1	28	9	2	1	9	7
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	127	15	27	13	48	24	106	28	18	19	19	22
Housekeepers and stewardesses	585	32	5	4	146	398	1,065	147	7	4	191	716
Laborers (not specified)	159	19	2	3	110	25	117	63	1	2	9	42
Laundresses	884	189	29	36	470	160	1,253	820	13	33	115	272
Merchants and dealers	543	170	15	7	338	13	1,154	1,074	5	14	34	27
Milliners	149	10	15	14	85	25	138	59	10	17	14	38
Musicians and teachers of music	97	10	18	4	48	17	76	28	12	5	12	19
Nurses and midwives	315	49	4	9	121	132	979	253	22	16	238	450

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 1 Chinese woman, 1 Japanese woman, and 15 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	ALL CLASSES[2]—continued.											
Packers and shippers	975	17	503	221	134	100	923	9	495	214	118	87
Printers, lithographers, and pressewomen	506	16	234	116	71	70	457	3	227	113	55	59
Saleswomen	7,365	183	3,162	1,460	1,108	1,452	6,730	76	3,069	1,378	946	1,261
Seamstresses	3,507	418	930	494	521	1,044	2,850	103	874	458	413	702
Servants and waitresses	35,509	1,139	1,397	685	2,015	30,273	28,107	296	1,267	560	1,053	24,931
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	1,279	54	578	226	211	212	1,162	24	566	217	175	180
Silk mill operatives	880	31	428	202	105	114	797	7	421	193	83	93
Stenographers and typewriters	2,679	34	1,200	624	348	573	2,585	26	1,186	514	326	533
Tailoresses	2,555	280	966	345	511	454	1,929	61	917	313	300	338
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	4,980	266	1,796	856	730	1,332	4,740	260	1,771	838	680	1,251
Telegraph and telephone operators	418	8	202	74	51	83	390	6	198	72	42	72
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	8,890	390	4,196	1,786	1,252	1,266	7,704	103	4,035	1,651	885	1,030
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	1,051	55	494	190	169	143	931	22	484	181	130	114
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	983	58	517	110	146	149	793	9	505	99	73	107
Woolen mill operatives	1,119	43	550	238	176	112	974	9	523	224	128	90
All other occupations	13,254	1,417	5,166	2,123	2,199	2,350	10,382	202	4,965	1,961	1,370	1,774
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	45,756	3,611	14,244	5,869	6,808	15,224	36,974	1,040	13,701	5,424	4,755	12,054
Artists and teachers of art	284	20	116	57	44	47	254	14	114	54	33	39
Boarding and lodging house keepers	687	614	3	9	53	8	152	136	3	4	5	4
Bookbinders	472	13	203	100	83	73	433	9	196	95	68	65
Bookkeepers and accountants	1,088	39	757	316	238	338	1,577	19	748	307	207	296
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	303	13	105	47	56	82	258	7	99	45	45	62
Boxmakers (paper)	479	7	239	80	73	80	442	2	234	74	62	70
Carpet factory operatives	412	20	170	69	67	86	334	8	157	62	44	65
Clerks and copyists	1,661	41	697	297	243	383	1,503	18	680	282	189	334
Confectioners	195	17	100	29	29	20	167	4	99	26	22	16
Cotton mill operatives	318	10	183	49	49	47	279	2	159	46	38	34
Dressmakers	5,288	759	1,317	648	1,085	1,479	3,801	229	1,229	568	673	1,105
Hat and cap makers	198	10	80	29	36	43	173	4	78	28	25	38
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	1,365	25	769	245	164	162	1,278	9	750	233	138	148
Housekeepers and stewardesses	1,384	91	10	10	327	936	744	26	7	7	208	496
Laborers (not specified)	114	11	37	7	21	38	77	1	36	7	7	26
Laundresses	735	144	178	86	122	205	452	14	166	70	62	140
Merchants and dealers	517	257	54	33	125	48	200	51	50	27	38	34
Milliners	1,130	55	482	178	186	229	982	29	468	163	131	191
Musicians and teachers of music	687	44	304	102	108	129	553	23	284	98	76	107
Nurses and midwives	1,991	135	86	47	244	1,479	1,492	33	76	35	98	1,240
Packers and shippers	466	9	245	96	57	59	437	3	240	93	50	51
Printers, lithographers, and pressewomen	262	7	124	50	37	44	233	1	121	48	26	37
Saleswomen	3,389	78	1,290	588	514	919	3,068	34	1,243	545	443	793
Seamstresses	1,306	137	314	168	236	450	905	26	294	150	139	296
Servants and waitresses	5,501	130	304	93	296	4,678	4,334	32	273	73	181	3,775
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	313	21	117	52	50	73	266	8	114	48	37	59
Silk mill operatives	242	6	112	50	34	40	214	2	108	46	26	32
Stenographers and typewriters	1,616	25	649	282	208	452	1,555	18	641	277	198	421
Tailoresses	439	73	82	58	101	125	302	20	76	50	62	94
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	2,791	131	1,123	507	432	598	2,660	91	1,107	498	405	559
Telegraph and telephone operators	248	5	110	44	31	58	232	4	107	44	28	49
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	2,151	88	1,044	357	290	372	1,873	19	999	329	225	300
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	298	13	123	53	52	57	203	5	118	51	43	42
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	325	22	121	35	64	83	233	2	119	29	27	56
Woolen mill operatives	345	10	185	61	51	38	295	1	173	55	36	30
All other occupations	6,157	531	2,431	937	992	1,266	4,961	138	2,338	857	660	968

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 1 Chinese woman, 1 Japanese woman, and 15 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL CLASSES[2]—continued.												
Packers and shippers	33	3	7	2	11	9	19	5	1	4	5	4
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	30	3	4	2	15	6	19	9	3	1	1	5
Saleswomen	282	23	40	34	106	79	353	84	53	48	56	112
Seamstresses	275	43	26	15	93	93	682	272	30	21	110	249
Servants and waitresses	3,342	199	31	63	651	2,348	4,060	644	49	92	311	2,964
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	49	3	6	1	29	10	68	27	4	8	7	22
Silk mill operatives	42	6	6	4	15	11	41	18	1	5	7	10
Stenographers and typewriters	47	3	10	3	18	13	47	5	4	7	4	27
Tailoresses	289	47	28	10	168	36	337	172	20	22	43	80
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	78	12	10	4	30	22	162	54	15	14	20	59
Telegraph and telephone operators	16	1	3		6	6	12	1	1	2	3	5
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	631	63	94	75	288	111	555	224	67	60	79	125
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	66	12	5	5	35	9	54	21	5	4	4	20
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	107	10	7	7	66	17	83	39	5	4	16	25
Woolen mill operatives	80	8	18	6	38	10	65	26	9	8	10	12
All other occupations	1,323	228	121	74	647	253	1,569	897	79	58	182	323
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE												
All occupations	3,438	497	266	170	1,369	1,117	5,344	2,064	247	266	694	2,033
Artists and teachers of art	17	3		1	11	2	13	3	2	2		6
Boarding and lodging house keepers	122	74		1	46	1	413	404		4	2	3
Bookbinders	16		2	2	7	5	23	4	5	3	8	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	48	6	4	4	17	17	63	14	5	5	14	25
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	24	1	5	1	9	8	21	5	1	1	2	12
Boxmakers (paper)	17	1	1	3	7	5	20	4	4	3	4	5
Carpet factory operatives	41	6	6	4	17	8	37	8	7	3	6	13
Clerks and copyists	91	5	8	9	44	25	67	18	9	6	10	24
Confectioners	12	2	1	2	4	3	16	11		1	3	1
Cotton mill operatives	18	2	1	2	7	6	21	6	3	1	4	7
Dressmakers	610	108	54	29	306	113	877	422	37	51	106	261
Hat and cap makers	11	2	1		7	1	14	4	1	1	4	4
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	46	5	11	2	10	9	41	11	8	10	7	5
Housekeepers and stewardesses	193	10	2	1	32	128	447	55	1	2	77	312
Laborers (not specified)	12	2	1		8	1	25	8			6	11
Laundresses	113	29	8	6	43	27	170	101	4	10	17	38
Merchants and dealers	111	27	2	3	75	4	206	179	2	3	12	10
Milliners	78	2	9	7	48	12	70	24	5	8	7	26
Musicians and teachers of music	51	5	11	1	25	9	48	16	9	3	7	13
Nurses and midwives	101	15	2	4	32	48	408	87	8	8	114	191
Packers and shippers	16	2	4	2	3	5	13	4	1	1	4	3
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	19	2	1	1	11	4	10	4	2	1		3
Saleswomen	136	10	22	16	41	47	195	34	25	27	30	79
Seamstresses	129	22	10	6	42	48	271	88	10	12	55	106
Servants and waitresses	481	21	20	6	59	355	706	77	11	14	56	548
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	20	1	2	1	9	7	28	12	1	3	4	8
Silk mill operatives	17	2	3	3	6	3	11	2	1	1	2	5
Stenographers and typewriters	25	3	5	1	7	9	36	4	3	4	3	22
Tailoresses	42	8	2	3	22	8	95	45	4	6	17	23
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	44	7	6	3	16	12	97	33	10	6	11	37
Telegraph and telephone operators	10	1	2		2	5	6		1		1	4
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	189	12	26	17	51	33	140	57	19	11	14	39
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	19	4	3	1	7	4	17	4	2	1	2	8
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	46	5		3	28	10	46	15	2	3	9	17
Woolen mill operatives	28	5	7	2	9	5	22	4	5	4	6	3
All other occupations	555	76	54	33	262	130	651	317	39	47	70	178

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 1 Chinese woman, 1 Japanese woman, and 15 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.										
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).				
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.			Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—		
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.										
All occupations	42,380	2,611	17,095	8,167	5,808	8,699	36,684	847	16,518	7,662	4,487	7,170
Artists and teachers of art	110	5	46	31	13	15	98	4	42	29	13	10
Boarding and lodging house keepers	253	219	2	4	21	7	58	52	1		2	3
Bookbinders	539	11	245	143	77	63	493	6	236	135	64	52
Bookkeepers and accountants	1,172	8	625	261	161	117	1,123	5	614	253	145	106
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	421	15	172	100	70	64	385	9	165	91	60	60
Boxmakers (paper)	654	17	324	173	71	69	614	9	317	165	62	61
Carpet factory operatives	956	44	406	231	149	126	802	10	383	213	110	87
Clerks and copyists	986	28	480	245	132	101	910	11	472	236	102	89
Confectioners	226	17	116	48	29	16	204	4	115	48	22	15
Cotton mill operatives	566	28	298	104	73	62	501	13	283	95	54	56
Dressmakers	4,999	419	2,104	998	859	619	4,295	177	2,023	931	663	501
Hat and cap makers	168	2	78	44	30	14	155	1	75	42	25	12
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	2,017	34	1,086	515	211	171	1,912	17	1,062	496	188	149
Housekeepers and stewardesses	779	60	20	7	273	419	492	15	16	5	214	242
Laborers (not specified)	113	11	50	13	21	18	89	2	49	11	13	14
Laundresses	874	139	255	166	138	176	615	14	263	144	83	131
Merchants and dealers	619	332	82	49	120	35	262	75	72	41	47	26
Milliners	942	39	495	213	122	33	863	18	476	200	97	72
Musicians and teachers of music	382	26	190	76	55	45	344	16	174	73	42	39
Nurses and midwives	866	88	80	47	127	524	605	16	69	37	61	422
Packers and shippers	450	6	234	113	65	32	435	5	231	110	60	29
Printers, lithographers, and pressewomen	205	7	91	61	26	20	191	2	88	60	24	17
Saleswomen	3,196	64	1,534	769	448	381	2,991	28	1,494	737	392	340
Seamstresses	1,199	110	410	247	179	253	965	27	387	230	141	180
Servants and waitresses	4,383	124	493	190	256	3,315	3,602	24	459	161	176	2,782
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	442	12	198	110	77	45	409	7	196	107	67	33
Silk mill operatives	499	13	261	115	87	43	432	3	249	110	35	35
Stenographers and typewriters	916	6	487	222	109	91	896	5	484	219	103	85
Tailoresses	777	80	301	160	118	118	619	24	281	142	76	96
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	1,725	102	592	310	252	469	1,664	84	585	303	238	454
Telegraph and telephone operators	155	1	86	30	19	19	145	1	85	28	14	17
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	4,824	146	2,459	1,118	582	519	4,311	46	2,369	1,033	431	432
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	511	18	277	106	68	42	461	9	273	102	62	35
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	283	15	170	55	27	16	247	6	162	50	18	11
Woolen mill operatives	561	17	281	139	83	41	509	4	271	134	66	34
All other occupations	4,633	343	2,091	953	710	551	3,967	97	2,018	892	517	443
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.										
All occupations	34,478	3,726	5,162	1,808	4,443	19,339	26,140	768	4,960	1,653	2,405	16,324
Boarding and lodging house keepers	313	274	1	1	25	12	43	38			1	4
Bookkeepers and accountants	197	7	80	33	29	48	179	3	80	32	23	41
Boxmakers (paper)	109	5	62	16	14	12	92	1	60	15	7	9
Carpet factory operatives	533	54	156	81	125	117	392	15	142	76	73	86
Clerks and copyists	173	17	59	20	42	35	139	6	59	20	23	31
Cotton mill operatives	227	17	85	36	40	49	173	5	83	31	21	33
Dressmakers	2,497	455	509	266	694	573	1,760	171	679	245	422	243
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	511	14	307	73	69	48	470	4	305	72	51	38
Housekeepers and stewardesses	930	56	5	2	247	620	487	15	5	2	148	317
Laborers (not specified)	179	37	22	3	63	54	70	6	22	1	8	33
Laundresses	1,109	306	62	49	244	448	551	51	57	42	93	308
Merchants and dealers	1,164	878	22	9	224	31	157	105	17	2	18	15
Milliners	281	45	99	24	56	56	222	25	97	21	37	42
Nurses and midwives	1,149	134	32	13	175	795	684	19	29	13	43	580
Saleswomen	709	40	337	100	144	148	576	14	331	95	110	126
Seamstresses	883	147	194	72	180	290	615	42	181	71	125	196
Servants and waitresses	15,431	281	210	82	556	14,302	13,625	80	196	71	355	12,723
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	524	21	361	64	84	94	438	9	257	62	71	39
Silk mill operatives	179	12	66	37	34	31	151	2	64	37	22	26

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.	
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	2,422	367	324	229	928	574	3,274	1,397	253	276	393	955
Artists and teachers of art	6		3	1		2	6	1	1	1		3
Boarding and lodging house keepers	60	33	1		16	2	135	129		4		2
Bookbinders	23		6	4	10	3	23	5	3	4	3	8
Bookkeepers and accountants	28		8	1	14	5	21	3	3	7	2	6
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	19	1	4	4	8	2	17	5	3	5	2	2
Boxmakers (paper)	22	3	4	4	7	4	18	5	3	4	2	4
Carpet factory operatives	81	9	14	12	30	16	73	25	9	7	9	23
Clerks and copyists	41	6	5	2	25	3	35	11	3	7	5	9
Confectioners	12	5			7		10	8	1			1
Cotton mill operatives	36	3	10	6	14	3	28	12	5	3	5	3
Dressmakers	306	51	39	21	151	44	398	121	42	46	45	74
Hat and cap makers	7		3	2	2		6	1			3	2
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	55	8	14	10	14	9	59	9	10	9	9	13
Housekeepers and stewardesses	107	11	1	1	25	69	180	34	3	1	34	108
Laborers (not specified)	10	2			8		14	7	1	2		4
Laundresses	106	31	8	6	40	18	153	24	4	13	15	27
Merchants and dealers	117	34	9	3	68	3	240	222	2	5	5	6
Milliners	40	5	4	5	21	5	39	16	5	8	4	6
Musicians and teachers of music	24	3	5	2	11	3	14	7	1	1	2	3
Nurses and midwives	62	13	1	4	20	24	199	59	10	6	46	78
Packers and shippers	12		3	1	5	3	3	1			2	
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	7	1	2	1	1	2	7	4	1		1	1
Saleswomen	93	9	16	15	35	18	112	27	24	17	21	23
Seamstresses	65	10	10	8	16	21	169	73	13	9	22	52
Servants and waitresses	292	17	23	18	44	190	499	83	16	11	36	343
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	14	1	3		9	1	19	4		3	1	11
Silk mill operatives	14	2	2	1	2	7	13	8		4		1
Stenographers and typewriters	13		3	1	5	4	7	1		3	1	2
Tailoresses	73	14	11	7	35	6	85	42	9	11	7	16
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	15	3	3		6	3	46	15	4	7	8	12
Telegraph and telephone operators	6		1		4	1	4			2	1	1
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	289	24	51	47	163	44	244	76	39	38	48	43
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	14	3	1	2	6	2	16	6	3	2		5
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	23	4	5	4	9	3	11	5	3	1		2
Woolen mill operatives	26	1	3	3	14	2	24	12	3	2	3	5
All other occupations	320	55	43	30	140	52	366	196	30	31	53	56
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.											
All occupations	3,172	476	124	59	1,528	985	5,166	2,482	78	66	510	2,030
Boarding and lodging house keepers	58	32			23	3	212	204	1	1	1	5
Bookkeepers and accountants	9				5	4	9	4		1	1	3
Boxmakers (paper)	8		1		6	1	8	4	1	1	1	2
Carpet factory operatives	81	14	7	3	43	14	50	25	7	2	9	17
Clerks and copyists	18	2			15	1	16	9			4	3
Cotton mill operatives	22		1	4	15	2	32	12	1	1	4	14
Dressmakers	327	49	18	10	207	43	410	235	12	11	65	87
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	26	2	2	1	13	6	15	8			3	4
Housekeepers and stewardesses	105	3			34	128	338	38			65	235
Laborers (not specified)	66	6		2	53	8	40	25			2	13
Laundresses	211	46	3	5	119	38	407	289	2	2	32	102
Merchants and dealers	307	107	4	1	189	6	700	686	1	6	17	10
Milliners	31	3	2	2	16	8	28	18		1	3	6
Nurses and midwives	128	19	1		60	48	337	96	2		72	167
Saleswomen	51	4	2	3	29	13	42	22	4	2	5	9
Seamstresses	57	9	6	1	25	16	211	96	7		30	78
Servants and waitresses	674	35	8	5	109	517	1,332	166	7	6	92	1,061
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	15	1	1		11	2	21	11	3	2	2	3
Silk mill operatives	11	2	1		7	1	17	8			5	4

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
FOREIGN BORN WHITE—continued.												
Stenographers and typewriters	135	2	63	18	20	23	126	2	60	18	24	21
Tailoresses	1,335	127	580	126	302	210	1,005	17	558	120	162	148
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	355	24	44	19	28	240	333	21	43	17	25	227
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1,613	156	693	310	379	375	1,520	38	667	288	229	298
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	288	29	117	35	58	49	223	8	114	32	31	38
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	369	21	226	20	54	48	310	1	224	20	27	38
Woolen mill operatives	213	16	84	38	42	33	170	4	79	35	26	26
All other occupations	2,592	490	787	261	516	538	1,680	66	752	245	230	387
NEGRO.												
All occupations	13,737	1,599	700	586	1,789	9,063	8,136	307	611	460	529	6,229
Boarding and lodging house keepers	194	102			2		18	18				
Dressmakers	713	150	118	61	203	181	329	27	102	48	44	108
Housekeepers and stewardesses	362	30	16	8	82	226	172	2	5	5	32	128
Laborers (not specified)	163	36	8	8	51	60	57	4	7	7	9	30
Laundresses	1,337	503	52	95	367	320	360	64	39	71	48	138
Nurses and midwives	176	17	22	17	29	91	117	4	20	14	14	65
Seamstresses	120	24	12	7	26	51	65	8	12	7	8	30
Servants and waitresses	10,184	604	385	320	907	7,963	6,737	160	340	255	341	5,641
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	109	9	37	20	18	25	93	4	36	20	12	21
All other occupations	489	124	56	50	104	105	188	16	50	33	21	68

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	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	22,205	2,189	6,096	2,500	2,454	8,966	18,300	536	5,896	2,379	1,666	7,820
Boarding and lodging house keepers	408	365	4	2	31	6	90	82	2	1	3	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	474	9	259	96	62	49	453	7	253	93	57	43
Clerks and copyists	778	27	364	174	107	106	721	9	359	171	91	91
Dressmakers	1,842	275	694	302	323	248	1,514	107	668	284	256	199
Housekeepers and stewardesses	622	61	12	7	169	373	410	21	12	5	133	239
Laborers (not specified)	295	41	85	23	109	37	140	5	77	22	16	20
Laundresses	1,006	321	242	124	130	189	540	33	228	106	36	137
Merchants and dealers	450	291	27	17	107	8	107	52	14	15	20	6
Milliners	371	19	209	53	50	40	333	5	204	51	38	35
Musicians and teachers of music	269	23	115	35	36	60	227	11	106	34	25	49
Nurses and midwives	618	54	68	18	66	412	476	9	65	16	32	354
Packers and shippers	166	2	100	43	16	7	167	2	100	43	16	6
Saleswomen	1,471	22	835	277	171	166	1,397	8	813	273	152	151
Seamstresses	658	69	231	106	108	144	538	12	223	99	84	120
Servants and waitresses	7,790	181	717	246	332	6,314	6,861	53	694	224	244	5,646
Stenographers and typewriters	775	11	338	174	94	158	743	7	334	171	84	147
Tailoresses	262	22	127	55	33	25	233	8	123	53	26	23
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	1,344	59	538	238	152	357	1,291	39	531	235	141	345
Telegraph and telephone operators	236	9	112	66	32	17	223	7	109	64	31	12
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	346	3	223	67	33	20	334	1	220	67	28	18
All other occupations	2,022	325	796	378	293	230	1,502	58	762	352	153	177
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	6,371	561	1,833	803	788	2,386	5,355	185	1,759	773	588	2,050
Boarding and lodging house keepers	153	140	2		9	2	45	41	1		2	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	220	6	101	45	32	36	208	5	97	44	28	34
Clerks and copyists	359	13	151	69	56	70	326	5	149	66	47	59
Dressmakers	625	107	168	82	118	130	479	34	176	78	88	103
Housekeepers and stewardesses	209	15	2	2	50	140	132	5	2	1	37	87
Laundresses	136	42	34	21	21	18	80	7	31	21	10	11
Milliners	141	9	75	23	14	20	123	1	72	23	12	15
Musicians and teachers of music	131	11	49	19	21	31	107	5	44	18	15	25

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Living with—						Living with—				
		Heads of families.	Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]			Heads of families.	Father.	Mother	Other relative.	
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE—continued.											
Stenographers and typewriters	7		2		5		3		1			2
Tailoresses	174	25	15	1	111	22	156	85	7	5	19	40
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	8	2		1	2	3	14	1	1	1	1	10
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	222	27	17	11	133	34	171	91	9	11	17	43
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	36	6	2	2	23	3	29	15	1	1	4	8
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	33	1	2		26	4	26	19			1	6
Woolen mill operatives	24	2	3	1	15	3	19	10	2	2	1	4
All other occupations	400	79	26	6	282	57	512	345	9	10	54	94
	NEGRO.											
All occupations	3,006	321	57	71	1,025	1,532	2,595	971	32	55	235	1,302
Boarding and lodging house keepers	30	28			2		56	56				
Dressmakers	231	36	10	7	143	35	153	87	6	6	16	38
Housekeepers and stewardesses	120	8	2	2	35	73	100	20	3	1	15	61
Laborers (not specified)	68	9	1	1	41	16	38	23			1	14
Laundresses	454	83	10	16	268	77	523	356	3	8	51	105
Nurses and midwives	24	2		1	9	12	35	11	2	2	6	14
Seamstresses	24	1			15	8	31	15			3	13
Servants and waitresses	1,915	126	30	34	439	1,286	1,532	318	13	31	127	1,041
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	11		1		6	4	5	5				
All other occupations	129	28	3	10	67	21	122	80	3	7	16	16

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	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	1,532	303	103	43	626	457	2,373	1,350	94	78	162	689
Boarding and lodging house keepers	81	52	1		27	1	237	231	1	1	1	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	12		3		5	4	9	2	3	2		2
Clerks and copyists	23	5	1	1	12	4	34	13	4	2	4	11
Dressmakers	127	36	11	7	51	22	201	132	15	11	16	27
Housekeepers and stewardesses	55	6			16	33	157	34		2	20	101
Laborers (not specified)	115	9	6		90	10	40	27	2	1	3	7
Laundresses	173	54	11	6	79	21	293	234	3	10	15	31
Merchants and dealers	114	26	6	1	81		229	213	7	1	6	2
Milliners	19	1	5	1	11	1	19	13		1	1	4
Musicians and teachers of music	25		6		11	8	17	12	1	1		3
Nurses and midwives	48	6	2	2	19	19	94	39	1		15	39
Packers and shippers							1					1
Saleswomen	34	1	10		12	11	40	13	12	4	7	4
Seamstresses	38	8	4	3	14	9	82	49	4	4	10	15
Servants and waitresses	399	36	11	6	66	280	530	92	12	16	22	388
Stenographers and typewriters	11		1		5	5	21	4	3	3	5	6
Tailoresses	16	6	2	1	5	2	14	9	2	1	2	
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	16	2	2		8	4	37	18	5	3	3	8
Telegraph and telephone operators	4			1		3	9	2	3	1	1	2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	7	1	2		4		5	1	1		1	2
All other occupations	216	55	19	12	110	20	304	212	15	14	30	33
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	382	71	45	9	141	116	634	325	29	21	59	200
Boarding and lodging house keepers	23	15	1		7		85	84				1
Bookkeepers and accountants	7		2		4	1	5	1	2	1		1
Clerks and copyists	13	2		1	7	3	20	6	2	2	2	8
Dressmakers	56	18	7	2	18	11	90	55	5	2	12	16
Housekeepers and stewardesses	17				6	11	60	10		1	7	42
Laundresses	20	6	2		7	5	36	29	1		4	2
Milliners	7	1	3		2	1	11	7				4
Musicians and teachers of music	13		4		6	3	11	6	1	1		3

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PITTSBURG, PA.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown)					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Head of families.	Living with—					Head of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.												
Nurses and midwives	279	16	27	6	23	207	236	4	25	6	15	186
Saleswomen	522	10	272	93	64	83	491	2	262	93	57	77
Seamstresses	195	25	49	26	31	64	155	6	48	25	23	53
Servants and waitresses	1,362	24	101	37	48	1,152	1,216	9	97	35	37	1,038
Stenographers and typewriters	466	9	179	96	63	119	439	6	176	93	54	110
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	625	28	245	108	80	164	593	14	243	106	74	156
Telegraph and telephone operators	123	7	58	31	16	11	116	6	57	30	16	7
All other occupations	825	119	300	145	142	119	609	35	278	134	73	88
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	8,177	569	3,161	1,267	883	2,197	7,310	186	3,095	1,317	724	1,988
Bookkeepers and accountants	214	2	136	44	23	9	210	2	134	43	23	8
Clerks and copyists	353	9	177	96	42	29	334	2	174	96	37	25
Dressmakers	860	97	372	189	139	63	768	51	365	178	122	52
Housekeepers and stewardesses	202	21	2	4	78	97	160	9	2	4	66	70
Laundresses	313	64	126	61	21	41	230	7	123	54	13	33
Merchants and dealers	126	74	11	8	30	3	45	20	5	7	11	2
Milliners	175	5	106	27	21	16	109	3	105	26	19	16
Musicians and teachers of music	110	4	62	14	10	20	93	1	60	14	8	10
Nurses and midwives	186	12	32	11	18	113	156	4	32	10	10	100
Packers and shippers	104	1	64	27	9	3	103	1	64	27	9	2
Saleswomen	763	9	433	155	89	57	734	5	443	152	82	52
Seamstresses	290	23	122	65	45	35	256	5	118	60	42	31
Servants and waitresses	2,103	35	381	129	96	1,462	1,936	10	372	122	81	1,351
Stenographers and typewriters	271	1	142	70	26	32	267	1	141	70	25	30
Tailoresses	151	3	81	36	17	9	141	3	79	36	14	9
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	611	22	269	123	60	137	600	18	267	122	57	136
Telegraph and telephone operators	106	2	49	34	15	6	100	1	47	33	14	5
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	146	1	91	41	7	6	144	1	91	41	6	5
All other occupations	1,093	179	485	233	137	59	868	42	473	223	86	45
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	5,983	744	980	252	545	3,462	4,705	122	914	234	284	3,151
Boarding and lodging house keepers	121	109	.....	1	10	1	12	12	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dressmakers	292	57	115	28	49	43	230	17	111	26	40	36
Housekeepers and stewardesses	145	12	4	.....	34	95	95	4	4	.....	28	59
Laborers (not specified)	118	16	24	4	56	18	43	3	20	4	4	12
Laundresses	316	109	61	23	40	83	189	11	58	20	9	71
Merchants and dealers	246	186	9	3	46	2	34	22	4	3	3	2
Nurses and midwives	139	22	8	.....	21	88	80	1	7	.....	7	65
Saleswomen	184	3	109	29	17	26	171	1	107	28	13	22
Seamstresses	139	13	51	14	27	34	108	1	49	13	17	28
Servants and waitresses	3,295	43	172	41	93	2,946	3,026	17	169	37	83	2,720
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	101	9	22	6	10	54	92	7	19	6	9	51
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	161	1	106	20	19	13	155	.....	107	20	15	13
All other occupations	726	164	267	83	123	89	490	26	259	77	56	72
NEGRO.												
All occupations	1,674	295	152	78	238	911	930	43	131	55	70	631
Laundresses	241	106	21	19	48	47	61	8	16	11	4	22
Servants and waitresses	1,030	79	63	39	95	754	683	17	56	30	43	537
All other occupations	403	110	68	20	95	110	186	18	59	14	23	72

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PITTSBURG, PA.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.												
Nurses and midwives	9	1	2		2	4	34	11			6	17
Saleswomen	15	1	5		5	4	16	7	5		2	2
Seamstresses	11	2		1	4	4	29	17	1		4	7
Servants and waitresses	62	4	3	1	6	48	84	11	1	1	5	66
Stenographers and typewriters	9		1		4	4	18	3	2	3	5	5
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	9	2	1		3	3	23	12	1	2	3	5
Telegraph and telephone operators	2					2	5	1	1	1		2
All other occupations	109	19	14	4	60	12	107	65	7	7	9	19
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	306	67	27	19	111	82	561	316	39	31	48	127
Bookkeepers and accountants	2		1			1	2		1	1		
Clerks and copyists	7	2	1		3	1	12	5	2		2	3
Dressmakers	31	7	2	3	15	4	61	39	5	8	2	7
Housekeepers and stewardesses	17	2			6	9	35	10			7	18
Laundresses	21	6	2	3	8	2	62	51	1	4		6
Merchants and dealers	27	6	2	1	18		54	48	4		1	1
Milliners	3		1	1	1		3	2			1	
Musicians and teachers of music	8		2		2	4	3	3				
Nurses and midwives	9			1	3	5	21	8			5	8
Packers and shippers							1					1
Saleswomen	9		4		2	3	20	4	6	3	5	2
Seamstresses	10	2	2	2	2	2	24	16	2	3	1	2
Servants and waitresses	62	7	3	3	6	43	105	18	6	4	9	68
Stenographers and typewriters	2				1	1	3		1			1
Tailoresses	4	2	1		1		6	3	1		2	
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	4		1		3		7	4	1	1		1
Telegraph and telephone operators	2			1		1	4	1	2		1	
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	1				1		1					1
All other occupations	87	33	5	4	39	6	138	104	7	7	12	8
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	459	94	18	6	223	118	819	528	18	12	38	223
Boarding and lodging house keepers	24	14			10		85	83		1		1
Dressmakers	18	7		1	7	3	44	33	4	1	2	4
Housekeepers and stewardesses	11	1			1	9	39	7			5	27
Laborers (not specified)	59	1	3		51	4	16	12	1		1	2
Laundresses	54	22	2	1	26	3	93	76	1	2	5	9
Merchants and dealers	57	17	2		38		155	147	3		5	
Nurses and midwives	24	4			11	9	35	17	1		3	14
Saleswomen	9		1		4	4	4	2	1	1		
Seamstresses	10	3	1		6		21	9	1	1	4	6
Servants and waitresses	90	3	3		8	76	179	23		4	2	150
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	2				1	1	7	2	3			2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	3				3		3	1	1		1	
All other occupations	98	22	6	4	57	9	138	116	2	2	10	8
NEGRO.												
All occupations	385	71	13	9	151	141	359	161	8	14	17	139
Laundresses	78	20	5	4	36	11	102	79		4	6	14
Servants and waitresses	185	22	2	2	46	113	162	40	5	7	6	104
All other occupations	122	29	6	3	67	17	95	63	3	3	5	21

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	22,068	2,294	6,650	3,057	3,055	7,012	17,501	725	6,212	2,823	1,953	5,788
Boarding and lodging house keepers	330	329	11	3	28	9	71	65	1	.....	1	4
Bookkeepers and accountants	773	26	394	158	82	114	729	16	384	154	75	101
Boxmakers (paper)	232	6	110	57	31	28	211	3	103	53	27	25
Clerks and copyists	631	17	293	143	84	104	572	9	272	131	75	85
Cotton mill operatives	570	44	223	122	97	84	459	17	214	103	60	65
Dressmakers	1,612	347	417	270	339	239	1,044	119	355	227	181	162
Gold and silver workers	1,642	40	851	384	198	169	1,515	21	823	366	167	138
Housekeepers and stewardesses	716	67	15	11	148	475	387	21	9	8	96	253
Laundresses	921	334	106	66	241	174	320	43	56	49	49	118
Merchants and dealers	201	97	25	9	66	14	57	22	6	8	13	8
Milliners	345	28	152	66	54	45	280	10	142	59	36	33
Musicians and teachers of music	234	14	110	44	40	26	195	6	104	42	23	20
Nurses and midwives	560	84	26	11	53	346	267	22	23	7	33	232
Packers and shippers	219	7	113	42	39	18	212	5	112	40	37	18
Rubber factory operatives	371	14	134	74	64	85	334	5	129	72	53	75
Saleswomen	804	27	375	163	112	127	722	11	354	160	94	103
Seamstresses	415	80	116	54	72	93	297	26	106	52	45	66
Servants and waitresses	4,322	191	167	101	197	3,666	3,627	57	138	77	115	3,240
Stenographers and typewriters	379	6	171	74	38	90	352	4	164	73	32	79
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	947	61	348	174	120	244	903	47	344	170	107	235
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1,649	85	829	291	244	200	1,439	38	783	279	178	161
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	292	37	103	41	73	38	227	20	96	36	46	29
Woolen mill operatives	1,612	100	688	300	287	237	1,364	43	657	279	190	195
Worsted mill operatives	358	19	154	69	73	43	320	10	147	66	57	40
All other occupations	1,893	235	729	330	255	344	1,497	81	688	312	163	253
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	5,280	677	1,631	735	764	1,483	3,916	205	1,503	666	500	1,042
Boarding and lodging house keepers	157	136	4	1	11	5	31	30	.....	.....	.....	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	375	19	163	67	45	81	345	10	157	64	42	72
Clerks and copyists	333	13	132	73	52	63	294	7	126	66	45	50
Dressmakers	539	151	85	75	113	115	280	36	61	48	54	62
Gold and silver workers	388	13	188	75	54	58	342	6	179	72	44	41
Housekeepers and stewardesses	257	20	2	4	58	173	114	6	.....	2	28	76
Milliners	141	16	57	22	21	25	106	6	51	20	12	17
Musicians and teachers of music	127	10	58	21	26	12	100	4	53	20	14	9
Nurses and midwives	202	31	9	6	29	127	128	5	8	3	14	98
Saleswomen	235	11	86	48	31	59	198	3	84	47	22	42
Seamstresses	129	42	17	11	19	40	62	8	13	10	9	22
Servants and waitresses	380	16	24	12	23	285	241	3	20	10	13	195
Stenographers and typewriters	240	6	96	48	33	57	220	4	93	47	27	49
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	570	48	213	113	74	122	535	36	209	112	64	114
Textile mill operatives	345	18	177	41	46	63	298	7	169	36	37	50
All other occupations	882	127	310	118	129	198	641	33	280	109	75	144
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	7,765	489	3,464	1,672	999	1,141	6,838	216	3,343	1,579	782	918
Bookkeepers and accountants	335	4	199	81	27	24	329	3	197	81	26	22
Boxmakers (paper)	120	1	59	39	11	10	116	.....	59	38	10	9
Clerks and copyists	250	3	129	66	23	29	236	2	127	62	22	23
Cotton mill operatives	286	15	132	71	41	27	247	10	126	60	29	22
Dressmakers	604	83	221	146	102	52	499	38	209	136	67	39
Gold and silver workers	953	16	504	264	105	64	905	9	494	262	93	57
Housekeepers and stewardesses	159	17	7	.....	37	98	92	7	3	.....	31	51
Laundresses	144	21	47	28	24	14	89	5	37	25	11	11
Milliners	147	9	71	29	22	16	127	8	67	28	19	13
Packers and shippers	118	3	57	29	21	8	115	2	57	29	19	8
Rubber factory operatives	183	6	85	43	25	24	174	4	83	42	23	22
Saleswomen	422	8	227	99	48	40	403	5	223	97	43	35
Seamstresses	172	19	75	28	25	25	156	13	73	27	21	22

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 1 Chinese woman and 2 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL CLASSES.[2]												
All occupations	2,118	310	346	109	852	502	2,449	1,269	92	126	250	722
Boarding and lodging house keepers	96	60	10	1	25	.....	213	204	.....	2	2	5
Bookkeepers and accountants	29	4	6	2	7	10	15	6	4	2	.....	3
Boxmakers (paper)	13	.....	6	3	3	1	8	3	1	1	1	2
Clerks and copyists	23	1	5	4	7	6	36	7	6	8	2	13
Cotton mill operatives	62	6	8	10	29	9	49	21	1	9	8	10
Dressmakers	264	41	52	20	123	28	304	187	10	23	35	49
Gold and silver workers	73	3	19	7	22	22	54	16	9	11	9	9
Housekeepers and stewardesses	83	9	2	1	13	58	246	37	4	2	39	164
Laundresses	305	56	47	10	169	23	296	230	3	7	23	33
Merchants and dealers	74	17	15	1	40	1	70	59	4	.....	3	5
Milliners	38	5	7	4	14	8	27	13	3	3	4	4
Musicians and teachers of music	25	1	5	.....	16	3	14	7	1	2	1	3
Nurses and midwives	41	7	3	.....	17	14	142	55	.....	4	33	50
Packers and shippers	2	.....	1	.....	1	.....	5	2	.....	2	1	.....
Rubber factory operatives	21	3	3	2	8	5	16	6	2	.....	3	5
Saleswomen	51	4	20	1	13	13	31	12	1	2	5	11
Seamstresses	35	9	5	.....	14	7	83	45	3	2	13	20
Servants and waitresses	299	29	23	12	64	171	396	106	6	12	18	255
Stenographers and typewriters	19	.....	7	.....	5	7	8	2	.....	1	1	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	16	.....	3	2	7	4	28	14	1	2	6	5
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	123	8	35	5	52	23	87	39	11	7	14	16
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	36	4	5	1	21	5	29	13	2	4	6	4
Woolen mill operatives	176	15	24	12	90	35	72	42	7	9	7	7
Worsted mill operatives	27	1	6	2	15	3	11	8	1	1	1	.....
All other occupations	187	27	29	8	77	46	209	127	12	10	15	45
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	522	86	82	29	175	150	843	386	36	60	89	291
Boarding and lodging house keepers	40	26	4	.....	10	.....	86	80	.....	1	1	4
Bookkeepers and accountants	17	3	3	1	3	7	13	6	3	2	.....	2
Clerks and copyists	14	1	2	2	5	4	25	5	4	5	2	9
Dressmakers	109	18	21	15	38	17	170	98	3	12	21	36
Gold and silver workers	25	1	5	1	6	12	21	6	4	2	4	5
Housekeepers and stewardesses	26	4	.....	.....	6	16	117	8	2	2	24	81
Milliners	20	3	4	1	8	4	15	7	2	1	1	4
Musicians and teachers of music	16	.....	4	.....	11	1	11	6	1	1	1	2
Nurses and midwives	11	1	1	.....	5	4	63	25	.....	3	10	25
Saleswomen	21	2	2	.....	8	9	16	6	.....	1	1	8
Seamstresses	14	5	1	.....	5	3	53	29	3	1	5	15
Servants and waitresses	49	3	1	2	8	35	70	10	3	.....	2	55
Stenographers and typewriters	13	.....	3	.....	5	5	7	2	.....	1	1	3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	11	.....	3	.....	5	3	24	12	1	1	5	5
Textile mill operatives	27	2	7	2	7	9	19	9	1	3	2	4
All other occupations	109	17	21	5	45	21	132	77	9	4	9	33
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	474	60	90	45	169	110	453	213	31	48	48	113
Bookkeepers and accountants	4	1	1	.....	1	1	2	.....	1	.....	.....	1
Boxmakers (paper)	3	.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clerks and copyists	5	.....	.....	2	1	2	9	1	2	2	.....	4
Cotton mill operatives	22	.....	3	7	10	2	17	5	1	4	2	5
Dressmakers	32	3	7	2	28	7	63	37	5	8	7	6
Gold and silver workers	27	2	8	5	7	5	21	5	2	7	5	2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	24	2	2	.....	1	19	43	8	2	.....	5	28
Laundresses	25	3	8	1	12	1	30	23	2	2	1	2
Milliners	10	1	3	2	1	3	10	5	1	2	2	.....
Packers and shippers	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	2	1	.....	.....	1	.....
Rubber factory operatives	7	.....	2	1	2	2	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Saleswomen	10	1	3	1	2	3	9	2	1	1	3	2
Seamstresses	9	3	2	.....	2	2	7	3	.....	1	2	1

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 1 Chinese woman and 2 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Servants and waitresses	456	28	65	31	41	291	334	7	56	21	28	222
Stenographers and typewriters	109	.....	67	23	1	18	103	.....	63	23	1	16
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	292	7	118	50	36	72	287	6	118	56	35	72
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	873	29	475	190	106	73	802	15	457	183	86	61
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	131	18	55	25	26	7	114	13	53	21	20	7
Woolen mill operatives	701	24	333	174	105	65	635	17	326	161	77	54
Worsted mill operatives	179	11	82	41	32	13	166	7	80	40	26	13
All other occupations	1,131	157	456	206	141	171	919	50	433	200	95	141
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	8,036	885	1,464	572	1,063	4,052	6,324	267	1,293	523	636	3,615
Boarding and lodging house keepers	140	119	5	2	11	3	27	22	1	.....	1	3
Cotton mill operatives	219	24	69	40	44	42	166	7	67	35	23	34
Dressmakers	409	96	96	42	107	68	267	41	74	38	57	57
Gold and silver workers	301	11	150	45	39	47	268	6	150	42	30	40
Housekeepers and stewardesses	257	20	6	3	50	178	162	6	6	3	36	112
Laundresses	368	139	33	15	70	101	154	23	10	11	29	81
Merchants and dealers	129	72	14	.....	39	4	27	14	3	.....	8	2
Nurses and midwives	233	36	6	3	34	154	153	10	4	2	9	128
Rubber factory operatives	131	7	28	26	20	42	116	1	27	24	24	40
Saleswomen	142	8	59	15	33	28	117	3	44	15	29	26
Servants and waitresses	3,084	101	37	23	81	2,842	2,792	31	27	20	59	2,655
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	621	47	260	91	121	102	496	16	234	87	79	80
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	264	26	86	35	65	52	199	10	81	33	36	39
Woolen mill operatives	813	72	309	108	172	152	643	26	287	101	104	125
Worsted mill operatives	150	8	55	26	34	27	126	3	51	24	24	24
All other occupations	784	99	242	99	134	210	610	38	227	86	88	169
NEGRO.												
All occupations	984	242	101	78	228	335	422	47	73	55	35	212
Laundresses	359	142	23	16	130	48	60	20	7	7	6	20
Servants and waitresses	422	46	41	35	52	248	260	16	35	26	15	168
All other occupations	203	54	37	27	46	39	102	11	31	22	14	24

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	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	18,910	1,738	6,078	2,808	2,331	5,955	15,574	513	5,913	2,659	1,465	5,024
Bookkeepers and accountants	701	12	315	157	82	135	666	6	315	152	69	124
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	1,285	59	603	315	169	139	1,192	28	595	307	142	120
Boxmakers (paper)	329	3	192	78	26	30	309	1	189	74	20	25
Clerks and copyists	767	28	305	175	80	175	715	11	302	169	79	154
Dressmakers	1,606	304	497	282	332	300	1,153	106	411	212	198	226
Housekeepers and stewardesses	366	19	1	1	33	262	234	7	.....	1	53	164
Laundresses	598	219	91	65	112	111	270	18	84	59	38	71
Milliners	313	24	115	68	59	47	276	16	111	66	42	41
Musicians and teachers of music	228	24	96	33	36	39	182	10	90	33	21	28
Nurses and midwives	598	49	40	19	65	425	441	13	34	15	18	361
Saleswomen	587	27	241	126	77	116	519	12	237	119	57	94
Seamstresses	522	97	138	84	94	109	379	26	132	74	66	81
Servants and waitresses	3,293	120	140	73	133	2,827	2,761	25	135	65	70	2,466
Stenographers and typewriters	714	10	325	144	72	163	672	4	320	138	62	148
Tailoresses	2,544	203	1,329	475	330	207	2,158	70	1,288	448	176	176
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	1,193	71	385	223	116	398	1,147	55	383	220	105	384
Textile mill operatives	337	16	184	61	36	40	305	6	183	58	25	33
All other occupations	2,990	458	1,141	479	420	432	2,215	99	1,104	450	230	332

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 106 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Servants and waitresses	64	8	8	4	11	33	58	13	1	6	2	36
Stenographers and typewriters	6		4			2						
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	3			2	1		2	1		1		
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	44	2	15	3	16	8	27	12	3	4	4	4
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	9	2	2	1	4		8	3		3	2	
Woolen mill operatives	50	3	4	9	25	9	16	4	3	4	3	2
Worsted mill operatives	10	1	2	1	6		3	3				
All other occupations	89	23	16	3	37	10	123	84	7	3	9	20
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	824	123	149	22	339	191	888	505	22	27	88	246
Boarding and lodging house keepers	34	19	4	1	10		79	78	1			
Cotton mill operatives	30	6	2	2	16	4	23	11		3	5	4
Dressmakers	83	11	21	2	44	4	60	44	1	2	6	7
Gold and silver workers	21		6	1	9	5	12	5	3	2		2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	26	1			4	21	68	13			10	45
Laundresses	85	22	23	2	33	5	119	94		2	8	15
Merchants and dealers	52	13	9		30		50	45	2		1	2
Nurses and midwives	17	3	2		6	6	63	23		1	19	20
Rubber factory operatives	9	3		1	4	1	6	3	1		1	1
Saleswomen	20	1	15		3	1	6	4			1	1
Servants and waitresses	108	12	9	2	15	70	184	58	1	1	7	117
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	70	5	19	2	33	11	55	26	7	2	9	11
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	34	3	4	1	20	6	31	13	1	1	9	7
Woolen mill operatives	119	11	18	2	64	24	51	35	4	5	4	3
Worsted mill operatives	16		3	1	9	3	8	3	1	1	1	
All other occupations	101	13	14	5	39	30	73	48	1	6	7	11
NEGRO.												
All occupations	288	41	25	12	169	51	264	154	3	11	24	72
Laundresses	173	26	15	6	111	15	126	96	1	3	13	13
Servants and waitresses	78	6	5	4	30	33	34	24	1	5	7	47
All other occupations	47	9	5	2	28	3	54	34	1	3	4	12

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	1,511	234	95	72	711	399	1,825	991	70	77	155	532
Bookkeepers and accountants	21	1		3	10	7	14	5		2	3	4
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	44	3	8	5	19	9	49	28		3	8	10
Boxmakers (paper)	13	1	2	1	5	4	7	1	1	3	1	1
Clerks and copyists	26	1	3	3	8	11	26	11		3	2	10
Dressmakers	207	42	7	8	119	31	245	156	19	12	20	38
Housekeepers and stewardesses	47	4	1		9	33	95	8			22	65
Laundresses	139	45	4	2	70	18	189	156	3	4	4	22
Milliners	26	2	3		17	4	11	6	1	2		2
Musicians and teachers of music	23	3	2	1	12	5	23	11	4		3	5
Nurses and midwives	52	8	2	2	24	16	105	28	4	2	23	48
Saleswomen	32	2	1	3	17	9	36	13	3	4	3	13
Seamstresses	51	12	5	6	22	6	92	59	1	4	6	22
Servants and waitresses	241	20	5	2	50	164	301	75		6	13	207
Stenographers and typewriters	19		2		9	8	23	6	3	6	1	7
Tailoresses	229	30	23	14	145	17	157	103	18	13	9	14
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	16	3	1	1	3	6	30	13	1	2	6	8
Textile mill operatives	20	1	1	3	10	5	12	9			1	2
All other occupations	305	56	25	18	160	46	410	303	12	11	30	54

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 106 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relatives.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	5,163	468	1,685	717	686	1,607	4,157	145	1,644	676	410	1,282
Bookkeepers and accountants	273	5	114	47	29	78	255	1	114	44	25	71
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	311	9	180	62	42	38	283	4	157	59	30	33
Clerks and copyists	282	7	101	64	32	78	257	2	99	62	27	67
Dressmakers	498	116	97	41	102	112	276	31	91	36	40	77
Housekeepers and stewardesses	108	9	.....	.....	20	79	52	3	.....	.....	11	38
Laundresses	122	40	23	11	26	22	57	6	20	9	7	15
Musicians and teachers of music	120	15	54	15	24	22	96	5	50	15	13	13
Nurses and midwives	203	9	19	4	29	142	163	3	17	3	11	129
Saleswomen	199	7	90	41	12	49	175	1	88	40	9	37
Seamstresses	159	28	33	25	35	38	109	8	32	23	25	21
Servants and waitresses	587	33	38	17	31	468	454	3	36	15	12	387
Stenographers and typewriters	338	6	145	50	41	96	308	2	142	46	34	84
Tailoresses	284	13	142	32	48	49	239	6	139	30	23	41
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	479	38	174	106	54	107	455	30	173	105	48	99
All other occupations	1,223	133	465	202	161	262	979	40	486	188	93	170
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	8,834	641	3,408	1,722	1,020	2,043	7,713	230	3,317	1,639	740	1,787
Bookkeepers and accountants	361	6	177	101	36	41	348	5	177	99	30	37
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	793	36	362	217	97	81	746	17	358	212	89	70
Boxmakers (paper)	200	1	123	49	11	16	192	1	120	47	10	14
Clerks and copyists	385	12	175	99	44	55	371	7	174	97	42	51
Dressmakers	812	118	275	163	154	102	658	53	256	150	111	88
Housekeepers and stewardesses	121	4	1	1	31	84	85	2	.....	1	23	59
Laundresses	220	61	53	33	38	37	127	6	50	32	15	24
Milliners	157	6	63	40	33	15	143	4	60	40	26	13
Nurses and midwives	192	11	16	10	14	141	146	3	13	8	4	118
Saleswomen	301	16	119	69	46	51	271	10	118	63	35	45
Seamstresses	257	45	84	51	34	43	196	10	80	45	25	36
Servants and waitresses	1,006	21	59	37	40	849	876	8	58	32	26	752
Stenographers and typewriters	316	3	148	84	24	57	305	1	147	82	21	54
Tailoresses	1,553	114	818	353	178	90	1,337	42	790	333	98	74
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	609	25	203	111	58	212	563	20	202	109	55	207
Textile mill operatives	192	7	114	28	22	17	183	2	114	26	18	13
All other occupations	1,353	155	618	266	162	152	1,136	39	600	253	112	132
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	4,807	611	983	363	603	2,247	3,653	137	950	339	312	1,915
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	181	14	81	36	30	20	163	7	80	36	23	17
Clerks and copyists	100	4	29	12	13	42	87	2	29	10	10	36
Dressmakers	321	68	66	27	75	86	218	22	64	25	41	66
Housekeepers and stewardesses	137	6	.....	.....	32	99	87	3	.....	.....	18	67
Laundresses	237	108	15	21	45	48	85	6	14	18	15	32
Nurses and midwives	201	29	5	5	22	140	131	7	4	4	3	113
Seamstresses	105	24	21	8	24	28	74	8	20	6	16	24
Servants and waitresses	1,629	63	42	14	49	1,461	1,378	14	40	13	32	1,279
Tailoresses	707	76	369	90	104	68	582	22	359	85	55	61
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	105	8	8	6	4	79	99	5	8	6	2	78
All other occupations	1,084	211	343	144	205	176	749	42	332	136	97	142

ST. LOUIS, MO.

	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	50,149	6,772	12,573	7,410	6,579	16,815	37,259	1,226	12,153	6,894	3,353	13,633
Boarding and lodging house keepers	1,084	903	.....	4	169	18	130	114	.....	2	5	9
Bookbinders	429	12	215	144	41	17	406	6	212	136	36	17
Bookkeepers and accountants	897	22	383	241	103	148	816	11	371	230	78	126
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	1,388	20	726	401	145	96	1,328	10	718	392	128	80
Clerks and copyists	887	40	401	229	101	116	806	18	396	216	77	99

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 5 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	476	68	24	16	218	150	530	255	17	25	58	175
Bookkeepers and accountants	9	1		1	3	4	9	3		2	1	3
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	14		3	1	8	2	14	5		2	4	3
Clerks and copyists	15		2	2	5	6	10	5				5
Dressmakers	96	23	1	2	53	17	97	62	5	3	9	18
Housekeepers and stewardesses	22	2			5	15	34	4			4	26
Laundresses	30	8	2		17	3	35	26	1	2	2	4
Musicians and teachers of music	17	2	1		9	5	17	8	3		2	4
Nurses and midwives	16	2	1	1	9	3	24	4	1		9	10
Saleswomen	10	1	1	1	3	4	14	5	1			8
Seamstresses	14	3		1	7	3	36	17	1	1	3	14
Servants and waitresses	65	8	2		13	42	68	22		1	6	39
Stenographers and typewriters	12		1		6	5	15	4	2	4	1	4
Tailoresses	31		2		23	6	14	7	1	2	2	2
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	7	1	1		2	3	17	7		1	4	5
All other occupations	118	17	7	7	55	32	126	76	2	7	11	30
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	519	73	50	44	234	116	602	336	41	39	46	140
Bookkeepers and accountants	9			2	4	3	4	1			2	1
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	20	2	4	4	5	5	27	17		1	3	6
Boxmakers (paper)	4		2			2	4		1	2	1	
Clerks and copyists	6	1	1		1	3	8	4		2	1	1
Dressmakers	63	11	6	5	36	5	91	54	13	8	7	9
Housekeepers and stewardesses	12	1	1			10	24	1			8	15
Laundresses	42	12	1	1	20	8	61	43	2		1	5
Milliners	12	1	3		7	1	2	1				1
Nurses and midwives	13	2		1	4	6	33	6	3	1	6	17
Saleswomen	14	1		2	8	3	16	5	1	4	3	3
Seamstresses	26	8	4	4	8	2	35	27		2	1	5
Servants and waitresses	58		1	1	13	43	72	13		4	1	54
Stenographers and typewriters	6		1		3	2	5	2		2		1
Tailoresses	124	14	15	12	76	8	92	58	13	8	5	8
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	6	1		1	2	2	10	4	1	1	1	3
Textile mill operatives	9	1		2	3	3	6	4			1	1
All other occupations	95	20	11	9	45	10	122	96	7	4	5	10
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	480	85	21	11	242	121	674	389	12	13	49	211
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	10	1	1		6	2	8	6			1	1
Clerks and copyists	5			1	2	2	8	2		1	1	4
Dressmakers	48	8		1	30	9	55	38	1	1	4	11
Housekeepers and stewardesses	13	1			4	8	37	3			10	24
Laundresses	55	21	1	1	29	3	97	81		3	1	13
Nurses and midwives	23	4	1		11	7	47	18		1	8	20
Seamstresses	10	1	1	1	6	1	21	15		1	2	3
Servants and waitresses	98	10	2		13	73	153	39		1	4	109
Tailoresses	74	16	6	2	47	3	51	38	4	3	2	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	3	1			1	1	3	2			1	
All other occupations	141	22	9	5	93	12	194	147	7	3	15	22

ST. LOUIS, MO.

ALL CLASSES.[2]

All occupations	4,989	851	185	194	2,648	1,111	7,901	4,695	285	322	578	2,071
Boarding and lodging house keepers	286	115			149	2	688	674		2	5	7
Bookbinders	9	2	2	2	3		14	5	1	6	2	
Bookkeepers and accountants	46	4	4	2	19	11	41	7	8	9	6	11
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	31	1	4	4	11	11	29	9	4	5	6	5
Clerks and copyists	41	7	2	4	23	5	40	15	3	9	1	12

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 5 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL CLASSES[2]—continued.												
Dressmakers	3,474	763	977	655	643	436	2,405	217	932	610	369	287
Housekeepers and stewardesses	890	62	9	8	201	610	492	16	6	7	144	319
Laborers (not specified)	370	79	122	58	53	58	224	10	119	49	6	40
Laundresses	5,018	1,977	544	468	1,226	703	1,558	174	457	366	171	390
Merchants and dealers	486	296	23	30	122	17	111	38	20	27	13	13
Milliners	1,099	67	523	222	165	122	965	29	513	214	116	93
Musicians and teachers of music	517	49	197	101	87	83	400	13	192	89	52	54
Nurses and midwives	1,286	227	71	39	241	708	707	14	82	26	38	557
Packers and shippers	442	4	274	122	27	15	427	.....	271	120	21	15
Saleswomen	2,401	80	1,056	647	318	300	2,199	30	1,028	620	243	248
Seamstresses	3,905	569	1,493	823	511	509	3,038	115	1,444	774	330	372
Servants and waitresses	13,393	501	915	503	697	10,777	10,976	123	373	431	369	9,180
Stenographers and typewriters	2,279	48	915	563	313	440	2,160	30	900	548	289	393
Tailoresses	1,264	118	565	312	175	96	1,066	29	553	291	120	73
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	2,400	145	721	470	312	752	2,227	89	710	460	266	712
Textile mill operatives	282	11	151	71	26	23	253	3	141	67	22	20
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	354	22	168	90	44	30	312	5	165	86	30	26
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	1,109	77	478	262	163	129	939	22	460	241	110	106
All other occupations	4,495	682	1,648	947	666	552	3,334	108	1,610	892	330	394
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	12,560	1,535	3,220	1,619	1,508	4,678	9,548	311	3,122	1,501	863	3,751
Boarding and lodging house keepers	424	358	.....	.....	60	6	80	46	.....	.....	.....	4
Bookbinders	100	3	67	11	8	5	90	3	67	8	6	6
Bookkeepers	368	5	137	33	45	98	228	3	131	79	31	84
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	335	8	161	88	33	45	312	3	157	87	29	36
Clerks and copyists	359	24	145	85	39	66	314	9	142	80	29	54
Dressmakers	971	274	206	88	205	198	520	55	196	74	79	116
Housekeepers and stewardesses	219	22	1	1	36	159	109	4	.....	.....	25	80
Laundresses	451	135	100	55	70	91	232	15	95	46	20	56
Milliners	366	20	172	64	48	62	316	7	169	69	39	42
Musicians and teachers of music	206	16	73	31	37	49	156	4	71	24	23	34
Nurses and midwives	394	47	15	7	37	288	268	6	10	6	11	235
Packers and shippers	108	.....	73	25	6	4	105	.....	72	25	4	4
Saleswomen	705	20	310	153	76	146	613	9	301	144	49	110
Seamstresses	992	176	303	143	148	222	690	36	293	130	84	147
Servants and waitresses	2,722	76	154	60	100	2,332	2,288	22	147	54	64	2,001
Stenographers and typewriters	1,026	30	324	220	141	311	942	14	316	209	122	281
Tailoresses	189	30	72	36	26	25	144	6	69	34	18	17
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	779	45	246	146	121	221	705	23	243	143	100	197
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	189	11	84	46	25	23	155	2	79	41	14	19
All other occupations	1,657	230	577	277	247	326	1,210	44	564	258	116	228
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	23,422	1,882	7,800	4,903	2,581	6,256	20,238	485	7,610	4,655	1,895	5,593
Boarding and lodging house keepers	256	206	.....	4	42	4	41	34	.....	2	4	1
Bookbinders	300	3	130	125	32	10	289	2	127	121	29	10
Bookkeepers and accountants	473	16	225	144	46	42	440	8	219	138	39	36
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	980	10	519	302	102	47	949	6	516	294	92	41
Clerks and copyists	476	12	235	137	52	40	451	8	234	130	42	37
Dressmakers	1,959	291	681	509	306	172	1,595	108	652	480	225	130
Housekeepers and stewardesses	341	19	0	5	100	211	223	10	5	5	80	123
Laborers (not specified)	143	15	77	27	12	12	113	2	74	23	3	11
Laundresses	1,042	306	267	186	152	129	585	18	244	168	66	89
Merchants and dealers	180	98	16	24	35	7	72	20	15	22	10	5
Milliners	644	29	324	144	95	52	591	19	317	141	67	47
Musicians and teachers of music	253	21	115	67	31	19	218	7	112	62	22	15
Nurses and midwives	444	76	88	23	74	233	263	4	36	13	18	192
Packers and shippers	293	3	173	90	17	10	285	.....	172	89	14	10
Saleswomen	1,499	42	640	463	202	122	1,371	16	628	446	171	110

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 5 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL CLASSES[2]—continued.												
Dressmakers	386	80	13	17	223	43	663	466	32	28	51	106
Housekeepers and stewardesses	104	10			18	76	294	36	3	1	39	215
Laborers (not specified)	70	14	1	3	42	10	76	55	2	6	5	8
Laundresses	1,440	284	38	36	944	138	2,020	1,519	49	66	151	235
Merchants and dealers	133	28		2	102	1	242	230	1	1	7	3
Milliners	60	7	4	3	38	8	74	31	6	5	11	21
Musicians and teachers of music	52	8	1	2	31	10	65	28	4	10	4	19
Nurses and midwives	229	28	2	4	165	30	350	185	7	9	38	111
Packers and shippers	10	2	2	2	4		5	2	1		2	
Saleswomen	101	7	11	7	56	20	131	43	17	20	19	32
Seamstresses	284	60	26	20	134	44	583	361	23	29	47	63
Servants and waitresses	961	81	17	34	233	596	1,456	297	25	38	95	1,001
Stenographers and typewriters	48	4	5	5	17	17	71	14	10	10	7	30
Tailoresses	75	10	7	6	46	6	123	77	5	15	9	17
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	42	2	4	3	26	7	121	54	7	7	20	33
Textile mill operatives	16	1	9	2	2	2	13	7	1	2	2	1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	19	3	2	2	9	3	23	14	1	2	5	1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	86	16	10	12	42	6	84	39	8	9	11	17
All other occupations	486	77	21	22	301	65	675	497	17	33	35	93
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	1,099	197	46	41	508	307	1,913	1,027	52	77	137	620
Boarding and lodging house keepers	112	51			59	2	282	261			1	
Bookbinders	4	1		1	2		6	4		2		
Bookkeepers	18	1	2		8	7	22	1	4	4	6	7
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	12	1	2	1	2	6	11	4	2		2	3
Clerks and copyists	20	4	1		10	5	25	11	2	5		7
Dressmakers	159	31	3	3	99	23	292	188	7	11	27	59
Housekeepers and stewardesses	29	2			4	23	81	16	1	1	7	56
Laundresses	82	18	3	3	44	14	137	102	2	6	6	21
Milliners	16	2	1	1	7	5	34	11	2	4	2	15
Musicians and teachers of music	22	3	1	1	12	5	28	9	1	6	2	10
Nurses and midwives	26	6	1	1	15	3	100	35	4		11	50
Packers and shippers	1		1				2				2	
Saleswomen	42	2	5	3	18	14	50	9	4	6	9	22
Seamstresses	101	20	3	5	46	27	201	120	7	8	18	48
Servants and waitresses	161	10	2	2	30	117	273	44	5	4	6	214
Stenographers and typewriters	33	4	3	3	12	11	51	12	5	8	7	19
Tailoresses	15	4	3	1	5	2	30	20		1	3	6
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	23	2	3	1	12	5	50	20		2	9	19
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	17	4	2	5	5	1	17	5	3		6	3
All other occupations	206	31	10	10	118	37	241	155	3	9	13	61
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	1,151	226	79	87	540	219	2,033	1,171	111	161	146	444
Boarding and lodging house keepers	61	24			37		154	148		2	1	3
Bookbinders	4		2	1	1		7	1	1	3	2	
Bookkeepers and accountants	16	3	2	1	7	3	17	5	4	5		3
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	15		2	3	6	4	16	4	1	5	4	2
Clerks and copyists	13	1		3	9		12	3	1	4	1	3
Dressmakers	127	30	8	13	63	13	237	153	21	16	18	29
Housekeepers and stewardesses	31	6			8	17	87	3	1		12	71
Laborers (not specified)	15	4	1	1	8	1	15	9	2	3	1	
Laundresses	145	49	7	5	71	13	312	239	16	15	15	27
Merchants and dealers	38	11		1	25	1	70	67	1	1		1
Milliners	30	2	3	2	21	2	23	8	4	1	7	3
Musicians and teachers of music	13	4		1	8		22	10	3	4	1	4
Nurses and midwives	71	11	1	2	45	12	110	61	1	8	11	29
Packers and shippers	7	2	1	1	3		1	1				
Saleswomen	37	4	3	3	22	5	61	22	9	14	9	7

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 5 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Seamstresses	2,286	231	989	620	250	196	1,967	62	959	590	195	161
Servants and waitresses	5,277	102	485	237	203	4,250	4,815	26	478	214	152	3,945
Stenographers and typewriters	1,169	17	557	320	161	114	1,139	16	550	316	157	100
Tailoresses	801	44	381	241	95	40	718	14	372	225	76	31
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	1,204	59	411	281	153	300	1,159	43	404	276	142	294
Textile mill operatives	171	6	96	48	10	11	154	3	89	45	9	8
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	210	5	106	70	21	6	196	1	107	66	16	6
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	611	32	279	172	70	58	548	10	271	157	59	49
All other occupations	2,440	239	1,048	662	320	171	2,068	48	1,020	632	207	142
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	7,734	1,714	1,127	436	1,005	3,452	4,959	197	1,087	412	375	2,888
Boarding and lodging house keepers	286	242			41	3	15	12			1	2
Dressmakers	457	164	82	58	103	50	287	46	77	56	52	36
Housekeepers and stewardesses	235	15	1		57	162	119	2			35	82
Laundresses	664	399	49	23	102	91	143	17	43	22	13	48
Merchants and dealers	234	161	1		71	1	16	11	1		3	1
Nurses and midwives	360	91	8	5	106	148	136	4	7	3	4	118
Saleswomen	221	18	104	31	39	29	182	5	99	30	23	25
Seamstresses	518	134	192	50	74	66	346	17	186	48	46	49
Servants and waitresses	2,798	100	83	31	86	2,498	2,373	19	82	31	54	2,187
Tailoresses	271	42	112	32	54	31	203	9	112	31	26	25
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	282	35	23	5	14	205	253	21	23	5	8	196
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	137	28	46	18	33	12	92	6	45	18	15	8
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	231	19	100	28	48	26	193	5	97	37	32	22
All other occupations	1,042	266	326	145	177	128	621	23	315	131	63	89
NEGRO.												
All occupations	6,428	1,640	426	448	1,485	2,429	2,512	233	334	324	220	1,401
Boarding and lodging house keepers	118	97			16	5	24	22				2
Laundresses	2,881	1,137	128	202	942	472	598	124	75	130	72	197
Seamstresses	110	28	9	9	39	25	35	3	6	6	5	15
Servants and waitresses	2,595	222	193	176	308	1,697	1,500	56	166	132	90	1,047
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	134	6	41	37	24	26	118	2	40	35	16	25
All other occupations	610	150	55	25	156	224	237	26	47	21	28	115

ST. PAUL, MINN.

	ALL CLASSES.[2]											
All occupations	15,444	1,355	3,679	1,341	1,444	7,625	13,268	461	3,593	1,282	948	6,984
Boarding and lodging house keepers	182	168	2		17	5	35	31	1			3
Bookkeepers and accountants	346	12	148	61	41	84	326	7	146	59	36	78
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	206	12	113	34	10	37	199	8	113	34	9	35
Clerks and copyists	960	36	363	174	98	289	876	18	358	168	73	259
Dressmakers	1,271	233	336	129	193	380	1,007	99	329	119	113	347
Housekeepers and stewardesses	301	17	5	2	47	230	211	6	3		38	164
Laundresses	727	203	122	35	103	264	424	39	107	29	37	212
Milliners	351	23	127	45	34	122	324	13	126	44	30	112
Musicians and teachers of music	180	20	66	22	28	44	148	9	64	20	15	40
Nurses and midwives	508	68	40	16	60	324	362	11	38	12	26	275
Saleswomen	455	15	189	83	62	106	409	2	183	81	50	93
Seamstresses	1,241	114	368	134	126	503	1,096	50	362	127	97	460
Servants and waitresses	4,894	126	317	73	166	4,012	4,328	52	313	67	113	3,783
Stenographers and typewriters	394	21	231	141	77	271	360	14	374	140	73	259
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	939	47	251	128	109	394	884	27	268	128	87	384
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	246	15	121	28	28	54	222	9	118	28	20	47
All other occupations	1,940	235	720	233	246	506	1,557	66	701	226	121	433

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

[2] Includes 228 negro women and 1 Japanese woman, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Seamstresses	102	25	20	13	34	10	217	144	10	17	21	25
Servants and waitresses	169	16	4	5	34	110	293	60	3	18	17	195
Stenographers and typewriters	12		2	2	4	4	18	1	5	2		10
Tailoresses	29	3	4	5	15	2	54	27	5	11	4	7
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	10		1	2	5	2	35	16	6	3	6	4
Textile mill operatives	12	1	7	2		2	5	2		1	1	1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	6	1	1	2	2		8	3		2	3	
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	29	5	4	7	9	4	36	17	4	8	2	5
All other occupations	159	24	6	12	103	14	223	167	13	18	10	15
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	885	177	18	8	540	142	1,890	1,340	22	16	90	422
Boarding and lodging house keepers	64	26			38		207	204			2	1
Dressmakers	65	15	1	1	46	2	125	103	4	1	5	12
Housekeepers and stewardesses	20				3	17	96	13	1		19	63
Laundresses	134	41	2	1	77	13	387	341	4		12	30
Merchants and dealers	77	15			62		141	135			6	
Nurses and midwives	114	10		1	95	8	110	77	1	1	9	22
Saleswomen	20	1	2	1	15	1	19	12	3		1	3
Seamstresses	44	12	3		25	4	126	105	3	2	3	13
Servants and waitresses	112	17	1		21	73	313	64			11	238
Tailoresses	31	3			26	2	37	30		1	2	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	3				3		26	14			3	9
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	20	3	1		15	1	25	19			3	3
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	17	2	2		13		21	12	1	1	1	6
All other occupations	164	32	6	4	101	21	257	211	5	10	13	18
NEGRO.												
All occupations	1,853	251	42	57	1,060	443	2,063	1,156	50	67	205	585
Boarding and lodging house keepers	29	14			15		65	61			1	3
Laundresses	1,079	176	26	27	752	98	1,184	837	27	45	118	157
Seamstresses	36	3		1	29	3	39	22	3	2	5	7
Servants and waitresses	519	38	10	27	148	296	576	128	17	16	61	354
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	6				6		10	4	1	2	2	1
All other occupations	184	20	6	2	110	46	189	104	2	2	18	63

ST. PAUL, MINN.

ALL CLASSES.[2]

All occupations	944	178	39	22	432	273	1,232	716	47	37	64	368
Boarding and lodging house keepers	37	21			15	1	110	106	1		2	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	6	1	1	1	2	1	14	4	1	1	3	5
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	2				1	1	5	4				1
Clerks and copyists	44	5	3	2	22	12	40	13	2	4	3	18
Dressmakers	123	27	3	5	72	16	141	107	4	5	8	17
Housekeepers and stewardesses	26	1	1	2	4	18	64	10	1		5	48
Laundresses	133	37	10	1	62	23	170	127	5	5	4	29
Milliners	12	4		1	3	4	15	6	2		1	6
Musicians and teachers of music	17	3			12	2	15	8	2	2	1	2
Nurses and midwives	49	10	2	1	25	11	97	47		3	9	38
Saleswomen	18	1			11	6	28	12	6	2	1	7
Seamstresses	52	11	1	1	24	15	99	53	5	6	4	28
Servants and waitresses	170	11	1	4	45	109	196	63	3	2	8	120
Stenographers and typewriters	11	2	1	1	4	3	23	5	6	3		9
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	24	3			17	4	31	17	3		5	6
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	13		2		8	3	11	6	1			4
All other occupations	207	41	14	3	105	44	176	128	5	4	10	29

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.
[2] Includes 228 negro women and 1 Japanese woman, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ST. PAUL, MINN.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	3,091	288	601	256	303	1,645	2,561	93	532	238	193	1,455
Bookkeepers and accountants	104	4	34	18	14	34	94	1	34	18	11	30
Clerks and copyists	285	10	78	39	36	122	249	5	78	37	26	103
Dressmakers	207	49	26	15	28	89	142	19	26	10	12	75
Nurses and midwives	148	17	12	3	12	104	119	3	12	1	9	94
Saleswomen	112	6	33	17	10	46	93	1	30	16	7	39
Seamstresses	209	22	28	7	11	141	171	6	26	6	4	129
Servants and waitresses	586	13	32	3	26	512	522	8	31	3	17	464
Stenographers and typewriters	328	11	102	54	28	128	300	6	97	52	25	120
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	332	20	88	54	47	123	306	10	86	54	37	119
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	114	7	28	6	8	63	104	5	28	8	7	56
All other occupations	671	127	140	38	83	283	460	20	134	33	38	236
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	7,335	453	2,005	840	649	3,379	6,727	217	1,971	832	522	3,195
Bookkeepers and accountants	194	7	92	38	21	36	186	6	90	36	20	34
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	133	7	80	24	4	18	131	6	80	24	4	17
Clerks and copyists	503	17	212	118	41	115	475	7	207	115	35	111
Dressmakers	606	69	190	86	91	200	585	55	188	82	70	190
Housekeepers and stewardesses	119	7	3	.....	22	87	97	2	2	.....	20	73
Laundresses	217	45	39	20	19	94	171	18	36	17	15	85
Milliners	180	6	77	29	17	57	181	5	76	28	16	56
Nurses and midwives	189	17	21	9	12	130	156	1	20	8	7	120
Saleswomen	268	7	113	54	45	49	248	1	111	53	40	43
Seamstresses	656	53	199	92	80	232	594	26	197	89	67	215
Servants and waitresses	2,099	37	149	46	65	1,803	1,996	21	146	43	51	1,735
Stenographers and typewriters	454	8	216	74	40	116	445	6	214	73	40	112
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	464	17	141	63	53	190	444	12	140	63	44	185
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	134	4	66	17	18	29	124	2	66	17	14	25
All other occupations	1,053	122	408	179	121	223	894	49	398	174	79	194
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	4,789	561	1,054	230	465	2,479	3,873	142	1,022	220	230	2,259
Clerks and copyists	169	9	72	16	21	51	150	6	72	16	12	44
Dressmakers	381	83	116	28	66	85	272	25	112	27	31	77
Housekeepers and stewardesses	117	5	.....	.....	19	93	73	2	.....	.....	14	57
Laundresses	422	137	80	12	72	121	206	19	68	9	16	94
Nurses and midwives	165	31	6	4	35	89	86	7	5	3	10	61
Seamstresses	376	39	141	34	34	128	329	18	139	32	26	114
Servants and waitresses	1,899	59	132	22	62	1,614	1,744	19	131	20	44	1,530
Stenographers and typewriters	112	2	62	15	8	25	112	2	62	15	8	25
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	141	10	30	11	9	81	122	5	30	11	6	30
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	161	21	75	19	19	27	135	10	71	19	13	22
All other occupations	856	165	340	69	117	165	629	29	332	68	50	150

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	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	40,382	6,712	5,961	4,037	9,060	14,612	23,020	1,384	5,310	3,435	2,829	10,062
Boarding and lodging house keepers	240	119	.....	1	54	6	117	108	.....	.....	6	3
Bookbinders	279	61	62	37	58	61	178	14	55	28	42	39
Bookkeepers and accountants	476	8	209	105	69	85	440	3	200	100	59	72
Clerks and copyists	4,664	698	954	783	718	1,511	3,364	213	887	713	494	1,057
Dressmakers	2,907	525	609	371	882	580	1,617	127	522	306	292	370
Housekeepers and stewardesses	529	84	14	9	78	344	239	21	10	6	39	163
Laborers (not specified)	261	60	42	39	58	62	125	3	35	33	21	33
Laundresses	7,156	2,190	496	469	3,059	952	1,454	231	314	311	216	382
Merchants and dealers	418	228	23	9	142	16	64	24	15	7	11	7
Milliners	334	13	149	54	51	70	239	4	143	53	38	51

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ST. PAUL, MINN.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	223	44	7	8	87	77	307	149	12	10	23	113
Bookkeepers and accountants	2				1	1	8	3			2	3
Clerks and copyists	21	2		2	9	8	15	3			1	11
Dressmakers	31	5		3	14	9	34	25		2	2	5
Nurses and midwives	5	3			1	1	24	11		2	2	9
Saleswomen	5				2	3	14	5	3	1	1	4
Seamstresses	12	4	1		3	4	26	12	1	1	4	8
Servants and waitresses	31	1	1		7	22	33	4			2	26
Stenographers and typewriters	7	1	1		3	2	16	4	4	2		6
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	9	1			7	1	17	9	2		3	3
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	4	1			1	2	6	1				5
All other occupations	96	26	4	3	30	24	115	72	2	2	6	33
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	275	59	12	9	110	85	333	177	22	18	17	99
Bookkeepers and accountants	3	1	1	1			5		1	1	1	2
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	1					1	1	1				
Clerks and copyists	12	3	3		5	1	16	7	2	3	1	3
Dressmakers	37	9	2	2	20	4	44	35		2	1	6
Housekeepers and stewardesses	5	1			1	3	17	4	1		1	11
Laundresses	21	11	1	1	2	6	25	10	2	2	2	3
Milliners	3	1		1	1		2		1			1
Nurses and midwives	8	2	1		2	3	25	14		1	3	7
Saleswomen	9	1			5	3	11	5	2	1		3
Seamstresses	21	4			13	4	41	23	2	3		13
Servants and waitresses	50	3		3	12	32	53	13	2		2	36
Stenographers and typewriters	2	1				1	7	1	2	1		3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	13	2			8	3	7	3	1		1	2
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	7				4	3	3	2				1
All other occupations	83	20	4	1	37	21	76	53	6	4	5	8
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	390	70	20	4	212	84	526	349	12	6	23	136
Clerks and copyists	11				8	3	8	3			1	4
Dressmakers	51	13	1		34	3	53	45	3	1	4	5
Housekeepers and stewardesses	9				2	7	30	3			3	24
Laundresses	92	20	9		54	9	124	98	3	3	2	18
Nurses and midwives	35	5	1	1	21	7	44	19			4	21
Seamstresses	19	3		1	8	7	28	18	2	1		7
Servants and waitresses	60	7		1	14	38	85	33	1	1	4	46
Stenographers and typewriters												
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	2				2		7	5			1	1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	11	2	2		5	2	15	9	2		1	3
All other occupations	100	20	7	1	64	8	127	116	1		3	7

WASHINGTON, D. C.

ALL CLASSES.

All occupations	8,840	940	407	322	5,248	1,923	8,322	4,388	244	280	983	2,627
Boarding and lodging house keepers	113	66			47		250	245		1	1	3
Bookbinders	13	2	2	3	4	2	88	45	5	6	12	20
Bookkeepers and accountants	15	1	1	1	7	5	21	4	2	4	3	8
Clerks and copyists	313	52	25	20	122	104	987	433	42	50	112	350
Dressmakers	765	75	63	39	513	75	585	323	24	26	77	135
Housekeepers and stewardesses	93	10	1	3	24	55	177	53	3		15	106
Laborers (not specified)	57	16	3	1	24	13	79	41	4	5	13	16
Laundresses	3,337	346	117	92	2,538	244	2,365	1,613	55	66	305	326
Merchants and dealers	158	22	5	1	126	4	196	182	3	1	5	5
Milliners	24	1	2		11	10	21	8	1	1	2	9

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL CLASSES—continued.												
Musicians and teachers of music	307	24	129	45	53	56	237	12	119	43	20	43
Nurses and midwives	1,311	165	106	70	205	765	854	24	93	62	60	615
Printers, lithographers, and pressewomen	480	48	166	106	71	89	404	20	155	95	55	79
Saleswomen	1,247	32	529	279	227	180	1,137	17	519	261	191	149
Seamstresses	808	138	149	98	203	220	452	28	131	81	69	143
Servants and waitresses	14,694	1,463	1,224	986	2,406	8,615	8,988	331	1,042	797	771	6,047
Stenographers and typewriters	707	33	289	126	100	159	631	22	254	121	81	153
Saleswomen	208	25	54	24	64	41	146	6	51	21	40	28
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,598	126	515	277	247	434	1,484	91	505	274	218	396
All other occupations	1,458	373	285	149	315	336	780	85	254	123	106	212
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	11,489	1,604	2,477	1,472	1,814	4,022	8,230	486	2,325	1,329	1,078	3,012
Boarding and lodging house keepers	310	288	.....	1	39	2	77	71	.....	.....	4	2
Bookbinders	178	33	35	23	37	50	112	4	30	18	29	31
Bookkeepers and accountants	323	6	137	71	48	61	297	2	134	67	42	52
Clerks and copyists	3,486	535	655	549	506	1,241	2,481	171	607	499	337	867
Dressmakers	1,167	241	232	119	294	281	671	51	210	96	123	191
Housekeepers and stewardesses	234	35	3	2	23	171	106	7	.....	2	15	82
Laundresses	160	38	34	24	35	29	75	4	30	16	8	17
Merchants and dealers	123	69	10	4	46	4	26	8	7	3	6	2
Milliners	197	8	78	32	30	49	165	2	75	31	22	35
Musicians and teachers of music	173	9	80	21	32	31	134	5	74	20	13	22
Nurses and midwives	491	41	26	22	34	368	382	10	23	18	11	320
Printers, lithographers, and pressewomen	276	29	96	53	37	61	225	9	88	49	25	54
Saleswomen	909	24	388	175	143	129	740	12	333	162	123	110
Seamstresses	282	56	48	24	55	99	179	12	45	23	28	71
Servants and waitresses	1,021	57	46	20	57	841	773	14	44	13	29	673
Stenographers and typewriters	502	22	171	86	78	145	443	14	166	83	61	119
Saleswomen	110	16	25	9	31	29	82	4	22	9	26	21
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	807	57	271	143	119	217	756	42	268	140	107	199
All other occupations	840	160	192	94	170	224	506	44	169	80	69	144
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	3,916	450	1,162	705	610	991	3,092	143	1,167	639	414	789
Bookkeepers and accountants	133	1	65	32	15	20	125	.....	55	31	12	17
Clerks and copyists	939	112	266	211	151	199	732	27	250	194	117	144
Dressmakers	415	63	135	70	80	67	306	23	122	64	46	54
Milliners	118	4	62	21	15	16	110	2	62	21	12	13
Nurses and midwives	107	12	10	3	12	70	80	.....	10	3	5	62
Printers, lithographers, and pressewomen	167	15	58	45	27	22	149	9	56	39	25	20
Saleswomen	376	6	169	95	68	38	346	4	166	90	56	30
Seamstresses	106	16	27	23	19	21	70	5	24	17	10	14
Servants and waitresses	362	23	27	14	18	280	286	5	24	11	9	237
Stenographers and typewriters	170	7	74	34	20	35	157	5	74	32	19	27
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	258	19	83	41	34	81	245	16	81	41	31	76
All other occupations	765	172	186	114	151	142	483	47	173	98	72	96
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	2,029	490	122	65	301	1,061	1,211	86	111	54	126	834
Clerks and copyists	155	36	20	10	42	47	94	11	18	9	30	26
Dressmakers	154	30	19	18	49	29	90	16	18	15	22	19
Merchants and dealers	158	114	2	.....	35	7	10	5	1	.....	1	3
Nurses and midwives	119	15	1	1	8	94	82	4	.....	1	1	76
Servants and waitresses	744	48	6	5	29	656	574	5	6	3	11	549
All other occupations	699	226	74	31	138	228	361	45	68	26	61	161

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
ALL CLASSES—continued.												
Musicians and teachers of music	41	1	5		29	6	29	11	5	2	4	7
Nurses and midwives	158	15	6	4	95	38	299	126	7	4	50	112
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	25	6	2	2	10	5	51	22	9	9	6	5
Saleswomen	54	3	5	7	26	13	56	12	5	11	10	18
Seamstresses	172	15	12	6	112	27	184	96	6	11	22	50
Servants and waitresses	3,093	250	131	124	1,348	1,240	2,613	882	51	65	287	1,328
Stenographers and typewriters	33	1	2	4	14	12	43	10	3	1	5	24
Tailoresses	35	8	2	1	19	5	27	11	1	2	5	8
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	38	1	3	1	20	13	76	33	7	2	9	25
All other occupations	303	49	20	13	169	52	375	239	11	13	40	72
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	1,134	187	73	[illegible]	516	307	2,125	1,021	79	92	220	713
Boarding and lodging house keepers	76	42			34		157	155		1	1	
Bookbinders	7	2	2	1		2	59	27	3	4	8	17
Bookkeepers and accountants	12		1	1	5	5	14	4	2	3	1	4
Clerks and copyists	345	41	19	14	82	89	760	323	29	39	87	285
Dressmakers	212	34	15	8	138	17	284	156	7	15	33	73
Housekeepers and stewardesses	40	5			4	31	88	23	3		4	58
Laundresses	42	7	2	4	24	5	43	27	2	4	3	7
Merchants and dealers	44	5	1		37	1	53	46	2	1	3	1
Milliners	15	1	2		6	6	17	5	1	1	2	8
Musicians and teachers of music	22		2		16	4	17	4	4	1	3	5
Nurses and midwives	27	3	1	1	11	11	82	28	2	3	12	37
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	17	5	2		8	2	34	15	6	4	4	5
Saleswomen	31	2	2	6	12	9	38	10	3	7	8	10
Seamstresses	36	7	2		17	10	67	37	1	1	10	18
Servants and waitresses	101	8	1	4	21	67	147	35	1	3	7	101
Stenographers and typewriters	27	1	2	3	12	9	32	7	3		5	17
Tailoresses	15	6	2		3	4	13	6	1		2	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	15		1	1	9	4	36	15	2	2	3	14
All other occupations	150	18	16	8	77	31	184	98	7	6	24	49
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	291	47	21	20	146	57	533	260	34	44	50	145
Bookkeepers and accountants	3	1			2		5			1	1	3
Clerks and copyists	47	8	4	6	19	10	160	77	12	11	15	45
Dressmakers	45	4	9	2	27	3	61	36	4	4	7	10
Milliners	5				3	2	3	2				1
Nurses and midwives	7	1			5	1	20	11			2	7
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	5	1		2		2	13	5	2	4	2	
Saleswomen	16		1	1	11	3	14	2	2	4	1	5
Seamstresses	8	1	1	1	5		28	10	2	5	4	7
Servants and waitresses	28	3	2	1	4	18	48	15	1	2	5	25
Stenographers and typewriters	3			1	1	1	10	2		1		7
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	3				3		10	3	2			5
All other occupations	121	28	4	6	66	17	161	97	9	12	13	30
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	279	52	5	3	140	79	539	342	6	8	35	148
Clerks and copyists	13	2	2		6	3	48	23		1	6	18
Dressmakers	33	5	1	2	22	3	31	18		1	5	7
Merchants and dealers	46	10	1		34	1	102	99				3
Nurses and midwives	9	1			3	5	28	10	1		4	13
Servants and waitresses	60	6		1	10	43	110	37		1	8	64
All other occupations	118	28	1		65	24	220	155	5	5	12	43

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	NEGRO.											
All occupations	22,948	4,088	2,200	1,797	6,335	8,528	10,487	669	1,767	1,413	1,211	5,427
Dressmakers	1,231	182	223	164	459	203	547	37	172	131	101	106
Housekeepers and stewardesses	160	31	10	6	38	75	70	6	9	4	10	41
Laborers (not specified)	103	30	11	7	25	30	34	2	9	7	6	10
Laundresses	6,880	2,124	440	433	2,991	892	1,320	225	274	236	197	344
Nurses and midwives	594	97	69	44	151	233	310	10	60	40	43	157
Seamstresses	373	57	66	47	122	81	175	10	54	38	26	47
Servants and waitresses	12,567	1,335	1,145	947	2,302	6,838	7,355	307	968	770	722	4,588
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	448	39	154	88	87	80	411	28	150	86	75	70
All other occupations	592	193	82	61	160	96	259	44	71	49	31	64

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 28.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.	Total.	Living at home.				Living with employer or boarding.
		Heads of families.	Living with—					Heads of families.	Living with—			
			Father.	Mother.	Other relative.[1]				Father.	Mother.	Other relative.	
	NEGRO.											
All occupations	7,136	664	308	248	4,446	1,480	5,325	2,766	125	136	678	1,621
Dressmakers	475	32	38	27	226	52	209	113	13	6	32	45
Housekeepers and stewardesses	38	2	1	2	19	14	52	23	.....	.....	9	20
Laborers (not specified)	38	12	1	.....	15	10	31	16	1	.....	4	10
Laundresses	3,262	331	115	88	2,493	235	2,292	1,568	51	59	301	313
Nurses and midwives	115	10	5	3	76	21	169	77	4	1	32	55
Seamstresses	121	6	9	5	88	13	77	41	3	4	8	21
Servants and waitresses	2,904	233	128	118	1,313	1,112	2,308	795	49	59	267	1,138
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	16	1	2	.....	7	6	21	10	2	.....	5	4
All other occupations	167	27	9	5	109	17	166	122	2	7	20	15

[1] Includes married women living with their husbands.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900.

ATLANTA, GA.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.										
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).				
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—			
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.		
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES.												
All occupations	11,424	2,771	8,653	4,140	2,442	2,071	4,372	751	3,621	1,166	1,187	1,268
Boarding and lodging house keepers	203	82	121	73	29	19	30	19	11	9	2	.....
Bookkeepers and accountants	85	17	68	16	30	22	73	11	62	15	27	20
Clerks and copyists	109	12	97	34	38	25	93	11	82	24	34	24
Cotton mill operatives	284	23	261	70	55	136	189	12	177	35	32	110
Dressmakers	653	131	522	260	143	119	234	32	202	81	66	55
Housekeepers and stewardesses	35	12	23	12	10	1	20	8	12	6	6	.....
Laundresses	4,567	1,325	3,242	1,781	867	574	918	255	663	246	223	194
Milliners	122	13	109	37	42	30	94	6	88	25	36	27
Nurses and midwives	508	62	446	157	147	142	302	22	280	70	94	116
Saleswomen	189	13	173	66	47	60	162	8	154	54	47	53
Seamstresses	408	86	322	142	100	80	194	34	160	50	57	53
Servants and waitresses	2,613	761	1,852	968	456	436	974	241	733	245	220	268
Stenographers and typewriters	195	16	179	68	64	47	177	13	164	62	60	42
Tailoresses	200	28	172	59	62	51	100	7	93	25	31	37
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	406	40	366	143	112	111	315	24	291	92	104	95
All other occupations	850	150	700	264	218	218	497	48	449	127	148	174
WHITE.												
All occupations	3,149	501	2,648	1,009	812	827	1,972	197	1,775	543	564	668
Boarding and lodging house keepers	177	68	109	63	28	18	26	15	11	9	2	.....
Bookkeepers and accountants	79	13	66	16	29	21	70	10	60	15	26	19
Clerks and copyists	106	12	93	31	37	25	91	11	80	23	33	24
Cotton mill operatives	269	21	248	66	49	133	183	12	171	34	27	110
Dressmakers	473	99	374	181	106	87	190	21	169	69	58	42
Milliners	122	13	109	37	42	30	94	6	88	25	36	27
Nurses and midwives	34	10	24	9	6	9	19	4	15	4	5	6
Saleswomen	185	13	172	66	47	60	161	8	153	53	47	53
Seamstresses	275	52	223	84	78	61	154	17	137	38	51	48
Servants and waitresses	44	18	26	17	5	4	16	9	7	2	2	3
Stenographers and typewriters	194	15	179	68	64	47	176	12	164	62	60	42
Tailoresses	191	25	166	57	59	50	99	6	93	25	31	37
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	238	21	217	78	64	75	190	15	183	57	60	66
All other occupations	763	121	642	237	198	207	494	50	444	127	146	171
NEGRO.												
All occupations	8,275	2,270	6,005	3,131	1,630	1,244	2,400	554	1,846	623	603	620
Dressmakers	180	32	148	79	37	32	44	11	33	12	8	13
Laundresses	4,505	1,308	3,197	1,765	873	559	892	249	643	243	217	183
Nurses and midwives	474	52	422	148	141	133	283	18	265	66	80	119
Seamstresses	133	34	99	58	22	19	40	17	23	12	6	5
Servants and waitresses	2,569	743	1,826	941	453	432	958	232	726	243	218	265
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	168	19	149	65	48	36	116	8	108	35	44	29
All other occupations	246	82	164	75	56	33	67	19	48	12	21	15

BALTIMORE, MD.

ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	39,784	5,045	34,739	12,031	9,961	12,747	24,789	2,039	22,750	5,826	7,041	9,883
Boarding and lodging house keepers	531	257	274	147	71	56	140	94	46	20	16	10
Bookkeepers and accountants	499	24	475	143	151	181	481	22	459	137	145	177
Clerks and copyists	666	48	618	182	198	238	595	32	563	156	182	225
Cotton mill operatives	911	30	881	170	197	514	848	23	825	153	185	487
Dressmakers	4,016	455	3,561	1,176	1,047	1,338	2,731	212	2,519	674	781	1,064
Housekeepers and stewardesses	213	62	151	61	46	44	86	23	62	27	12	23
Laborers (not specified)	472	81	391	191	97	103	182	24	158	46	49	63
Laundresses	6,701	1,215	5,486	2,633	1,354	1,499	1,335	311	1,024	303	311	410
Merchants and dealers	1,165	333	832	441	214	177	180	64	116	50	36	28
Milliners	930	56	874	246	251	347	834	42	792	205	262	325

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ATLANTA, GA.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES.												
All occupations	3,245	373	2,872	1,810	630	432	3,807	1,647	2,160	1,164	625	371
Boarding and lodging house keepers	52	8	44	27	8	9	121	55	66	37	19	10
Bookkeepers and accountants	4	1	3		3		8	5	3	1		2
Clerks and copyists	10	1	9	5	3	1	6		6	5	1	
Cotton mill operatives	55	1	54	23	11	20	40	10	30	12	12	6
Dressmakers	184	15	169	104	35	30	235	84	151	75	42	34
Housekeepers and stewardesses	2		2	1	1		13	4	9	5	3	1
Laundresses	1,734	193	1,541	970	355	216	1,915	877	1,038	565	309	164
Milliners	9		9	6	2	1	19	7	12	5	4	3
Nurses and midwives	82	4	78	45	21	12	124	36	88	42	32	14
Saleswomen	14	1	13	9		4	10	4	6	3		3
Seamstresses	97	10	87	53	20	14	117	42	75	39	23	13
Servants and waitresses	723	99	624	434	108	82	916	421	495	279	130	86
Stenographers and typewriters	6	1	5	3		2	12	2	10	3	4	3
Tailoresses	41	4	37	15	16	6	59	17	42	19	15	8
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	56	7	49	36	5	8	35	9	26	15	3	8
All other occupations	176	28	148	79	42	27	177	74	103	58	28	17
WHITE.												
All occupations	470	45	425	237	103	85	707	259	448	239	125	84
Boarding and lodging house keepers	43	6	37	21	8	8	108	47	61	33	18	10
Bookkeepers and accountants	4	1	3		3		5	2	3	1		2
Clerks and copyists	8	1	7	3	3	1	6		6	5	1	
Cotton mill operatives	54	1	53	22	11	20	32	8	24	10	11	3
Dressmakers	101	11	90	54	18	18	182	67	115	58	30	27
Milliners	9		9	6	2	1	19	7	12	6	4	2
Nurses and midwives	3		3	1	1	1	12	6	6	4		2
Saleswomen	14	1	13	9		4	10	4	6	3		3
Seamstresses	38	6	32	18	8	6	83	29	54	28	19	7
Servants and waitresses	10	1	9	7	1	1	18	8	10	8	2	
Stenographers and typewriters	6	1	5	3		2	12	2	10	3	4	3
Tailoresses	37	4	33	13	14	6	55	15	40	19	14	7
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	19		19	11	3	5	20	5	15	10	1	4
All other occupations	124	12	112	59	31	23	145	59	86	51	21	14
NEGRO.												
All occupations	2,775	328	2,447	1,583	527	337	3,100	1,388	1,712	925	500	287
Dressmakers	83	4	79	50	17	12	53	17	36	17	12	7
Laundresses	1,720	192	1,528	963	351	214	1,893	867	1,026	559	305	162
Nurses and midwives	79	4	75	44	20	11	112	80	32	38	32	12
Seamstresses	59	4	55	35	12	8	34	13	21	11	4	6
Servants and waitresses	713	98	615	427	107	81	898	413	485	271	128	86
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	37	7	30	25	2	3	15	4	11	5	2	4
All other occupations	84	19	65	39	18	8	95	44	51	24	17	10

BALTIMORE, MD.

ALL CLASSES.												
All occupations	7,731	767	6,964	3,863	1,494	1,607	7,264	2,239	5,025	2,342	1,426	1,257
Boarding and lodging house keepers	111	40	71	42	14	15	280	123	157	85	41	31
Bookkeepers and accountants	8		8	4	2	2	10	2	8	2	4	
Clerks and copyists	41	9	32	14	9	9	30	7	23	12	7	
Cotton mill operatives	32	4	28	8	6	14	31	3	28	9	6	13
Dressmakers	636	61	575	294	136	145	649	182	467	208	130	129
Housekeepers and stewardesses	35	4	31	14	11	6	93	35	58	20	23	15
Laborers (not specified)	189	30	159	105	29	24	101	27	74	39	19	16
Laundresses	3,243	241	3,002	1,977	618	707	2,128	663	1,465	653	425	387
Merchants and dealers	408	56	352	188	86	78	577	213	364	203	90	71
Milliners	49	3	46	23	8	15	47	11	36	18	11	

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BALTIMORE, MD.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.										
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).				
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—			
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.		
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES—continued.												
Musicians and teachers of music	360	46	314	122	99	93	286	29	257	93	87	77
Nurses and midwives	726	122	604	243	182	199	343	36	307	84	91	132
Packers and shippers	558	28	530	143	169	218	413	17	396	88	142	166
Saleswomen	2,472	120	2,352	598	735	1,019	2,310	94	2,216	531	687	998
Seamstresses	4,210	468	3,742	1,127	1,204	1,411	3,071	183	2,888	728	954	1,206
Servants and waitresses	5,468	818	4,650	1,760	1,225	1,665	2,910	352	2,558	589	761	1,208
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	1,349	47	1,302	281	396	625	1,249	30	1,219	250	370	599
Stenographers and typewriters	599	45	554	177	170	207	579	40	539	172	165	202
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,738	189	1,549	512	516	521	1,665	172	1,493	486	499	508
Tailoresses	1,744	182	1,562	476	453	633	1,256	60	1,196	284	340	572
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	611	24	587	135	199	253	546	14	532	110	185	237
All other occupations	3,845	425	3,420	1,067	977	1,376	2,750	165	2,585	640	769	1,176
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	14,022	1,434	12,588	3,861	3,945	4,782	11,047	738	10,309	2,771	3,336	4,202
Boarding and lodging house keepers	345	156	189	92	48	49	86	57	29	12	7	10
Bookkeepers and accountants	338	17	321	105	93	123	325	15	310	101	89	120
Clerks and copyists	418	31	387	116	127	144	377	20	357	104	118	135
Cotton mill operatives	816	26	790	144	182	464	758	20	738	127	171	440
Dressmakers	1,903	221	1,682	556	514	612	1,297	104	1,193	329	391	473
Housekeepers and stewardesses	85	32	53	19	14	20	41	14	27	9	6	12
Laborers (not specified)	93	13	80	31	21	28	53	5	48	13	15	20
Laundresses	280	50	230	96	70	64	121	9	112	31	38	43
Merchants and dealers	253	75	178	101	44	33	49	20	29	13	12	4
Milliners	553	29	524	153	178	193	511	24	487	133	170	184
Musicians and teachers of music	213	33	180	74	56	50	170	21	149	59	48	42
Nurses and midwives	201	41	160	82	39	39	72	10	62	29	14	19
Packers and shippers	258	4	254	58	91	105	210	2	208	41	80	87
Saleswomen	1,315	66	1,249	325	430	494	1,235	54	1,181	293	408	480
Seamstresses	2,003	215	1,788	536	603	649	1,485	80	1,405	365	480	560
Servants and waitresses	276	41	235	73	64	98	173	12	161	41	43	77
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	700	32	668	168	207	293	641	20	621	160	196	275
Stenographers and typewriters	403	35	368	121	116	131	389	32	357	118	112	127
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,177	125	992	344	337	311	1,080	116	964	332	328	304
Tailoresses	462	34	368	107	121	140	272	12	260	62	85	113
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	199	12	187	44	63	80	175	7	168	35	59	74
All other occupations	1,851	146	1,705	516	527	662	1,527	84	1,443	374	466	603
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	9,524	876	8,648	2,372	2,628	3,748	7,691	461	7,230	1,705	2,142	3,383
Bookkeepers and accountants	147	7	140	33	52	55	143	7	136	31	50	55
Clerks and copyists	221	16	205	57	61	87	202	12	190	49	57	84
Dressmakers	1,333	124	1,209	325	354	530	1,080	73	1,007	240	300	467
Housekeepers and stewardesses	54	9	45	19	17	9	20	2	18	9	4	5
Laborers (not specified)	98	9	89	33	28	28	59	2	57	13	21	23
Laundresses	287	46	241	91	66	84	150	12	138	36	39	63
Merchants and dealers	328	90	238	119	65	54	78	24	54	20	17	17
Milliners	312	21	291	75	88	128	275	16	259	62	80	117
Musicians and teachers of music	99	6	93	31	32	30	88	3	85	26	31	28
Nurses and midwives	122	22	100	40	17	43	55	8	47	13	10	24
Packers and shippers	200	15	185	54	56	75	158	11	147	38	47	62
Saleswomen	1,013	44	969	216	269	484	960	36	924	197	257	470
Seamstresses	1,446	148	1,298	343	402	553	1,167	78	1,089	255	341	493
Servants and waitresses	356	30	326	84	115	127	272	13	259	60	87	112
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	550	13	537	94	152	291	519	8	511	85	142	284
Stenographers and typewriters	182	9	173	53	51	69	177	7	170	52	50	68
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	430	46	384	112	134	138	419	43	376	107	131	138
Tailoresses	646	52	594	160	157	277	538	30	508	117	136	255
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	254	5	249	53	87	109	236	4	232	48	80	104
All other occupations	1,446	164	1,282	380	325	577	1,095	72	1,023	247	263	514

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BALTIMORE, MD.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES—continued.												
Musicians and teachers of music	40	4	36	20	9	7	34	13	21	9	3	9
Nurses and midwives	119	17	102	57	23	22	264	69	195	102	48	45
Packers and shippers	85		85	30	16	39	60	11	49	25	11	13
Saleswomen	75	9	66	44	10	12	87	17	70	23	28	19
Seamstresses	450	70	380	193	93	94	689	215	474	206	157	111
Servants and waitresses	1,397	122	1,275	789	238	248	1,161	344	817	382	226	209
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	45	4	41	17	11	13	55	13	42	14	15	13
Stenographers and typewriters	4	2	2	2			16	3	13	3	5	5
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	21	3	18	10	2	6	52	14	38	16	15	7
Tailoresses	251	24	227	115	62	50	237	68	169	77	51	41
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	29	2	27	10	8	9	36	8	28	15	6	7
All other occupations	463	62	401	206	103	92	632	198	434	221	105	108
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	1,213	180	1,033	513	260	260	1,762	516	1,246	577	349	320
Boarding and lodging house keepers	75	20	55	28	13	14	184	79	105	52	28	25
Bookkeepers and accountants	5		5	3	1	1	8	2	6	1	3	2
Clerks and copyists	25	6	19	7	6	6	16	5	11	5	3	3
Cotton mill operatives	29	4	25	8	5	12	29	2	27	9	6	12
Dressmakers	254	26	228	103	62	63	352	91	261	124	61	76
Housekeepers and stewardesses	11	3	8	3	3	2	33	15	18	7	5	6
Laborers (not specified)	27	7	20	12	5	3	13	1	12	6	1	5
Laundresses	75	12	63	38	8	17	84	29	55	27	24	4
Merchants and dealers	95	12	83	48	19	16	109	43	66	40	13	13
Milliners	17	1	16	7	3	6	26	4	21	13	5	3
Musicians and teachers of music	23	3	20	11	6	3	20	9	11	4	2	5
Nurses and midwives	43	7	36	19	9	8	86	24	62	34	16	12
Packers and shippers	30		30	10	8	12	18	2	16	7	3	6
Saleswomen	40	6	34	20	9	5	40	6	34	12	13	9
Seamstresses	182	27	155	71	49	35	336	108	228	100	74	54
Servants and waitresses	39	12	27	10	7	10	64	17	47	22	14	11
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	28	3	25	13	4	8	31	9	22	5	7	10
Stenographers and typewriters	2	1	1	1			12	2	10	2	4	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	3	1	2	1		1	34	8	26	11	9	6
Tailoresses	54	7	47	23	14	10	76	15	61	22	22	17
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	11	1	10	5	2	3	13	4	9	4	2	3
All other occupations	145	21	124	72	27	25	179	41	138	70	34	34
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	747	103	644	323	140	181	1,086	312	774	344	246	184
Bookkeepers and accountants	2		2	1	1		2		2	1	1	
Clerks and copyists	11	3	8	4	2	2	8	1	7	4	2	1
Dressmakers	117	13	104	50	19	35	136	38	98	35	35	28
Housekeepers and stewardesses	10	1	9	5	3	1	24	6	18	5	10	3
Laborers (not specified)	21	2	19	13	2	4	18	5	13	7	5	1
Laundresses	55	11	44	24	9	11	82	23	59	31	18	10
Merchants and dealers	109	11	98	55	24	19	141	55	86	44	24	18
Milliners	22	1	21	9	4	8	15	4	11	4	4	3
Musicians and teachers of music	5		5	4	1		6	3	3	1		2
Nurses and midwives	14	1	13	7	2	4	53	13	40	20	5	15
Packers and shippers	21		21	9	3	9	21	4	17	7	6	4
Saleswomen	20	1	19	13	1	5	33	7	26	6	11	9
Seamstresses	105	25	80	33	20	27	174	45	129	55	41	33
Servants and waitresses	19	2	17	6	5	6	65	15	50	18	23	9
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	14	1	13	2	7	4	17	4	13	7	3	3
Stenographers and typewriters	2	1	1	1			3	1	2		1	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	4	1	3	3			7	2	5	2	3	
Tailoresses	50	6	44	20	9	15	58	16	42	23	12	7
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	6		6		4	2	12	1	11	5	3	3
All other occupations	140	23	117	64	24	29	211	69	142	66	39	34

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BALTIMORE, MD.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	4,069	738	3,331	1,294	948	1,089	1,913	157	1,756	492	526	738
Dressmakers	335	53	282	111	67	104	188	22	166	56	38	72
Housekeepers and stewardesses	33	10	23	9	7	7	6	1	5	2	1	2
Laborers (not specified)	114	21	93	40	23	30	30	1	29	9	6	14
Laundresses	202	68	134	76	36	22	24	7	17	11	3	3
Merchants and dealers	545	166	399	208	98	93	49	19	30	16	8	6
Nurses and midwives	122	31	91	53	27	11	31	10	21	13	7	1
Saleswomen	138	10	128	53	36	39	112	4	108	40	32	36
Seamstresses	506	75	431	148	138	145	325	19	306	88	103	115
Servants and waitresses	286	60	226	85	75	66	135	15	120	34	40	46
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	47	10	37	13	11	13	39	8	31	10	8	13
Tailoresses	689	65	624	208	171	245	443	18	425	104	118	203
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	156	6	150	38	49	63	135	3	132	27	46	59
All other occupations	896	173	723	232	210	281	396	30	366	82	116	168
NEGRO.												
All occupations	12,169	1,997	10,172	4,804	2,540	3,128	4,138	683	3,455	838	1,037	1,580
Dressmakers	445	57	388	184	112	92	166	13	153	49	52	52
Housekeepers and stewardesses	41	11	30	14	8	8	18	6	12	7	1	4
Laborers (not specified)	167	38	129	87	25	17	40	16	24	11	7	6
Laundresses	5,932	1,051	4,881	2,370	1,182	1,329	1,040	283	757	225	231	301
Nurses and midwives	281	28	253	68	79	106	185	8	177	29	60	88
Seamstresses	255	30	225	100	61	64	94	6	88	20	30	38
Servants and waitresses	4,550	687	3,863	1,518	971	1,374	2,330	312	2,018	454	591	973
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	144	8	136	43	34	59	127	5	122	37	32	53
All other occupations	354	87	267	120	68	79	138	34	104	26	33	45

BOSTON, MASS.

	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	38,304	6,310	32,054	11,574	9,462	11,018	29,594	3,142	26,452	8,136	8,134	10,182
Boarding and lodging house keepers	1,380	352	534	358	114	62	312	238	74	49	20	5
Bookbinders	793	43	750	171	211	368	764	34	730	162	208	360
Bookkeepers and accountants	2,779	260	2,519	812	781	946	2,627	222	2,405	746	734	925
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	504	28	476	135	135	206	449	17	432	104	128	200
Boxmakers (paper)	418	20	398	101	105	192	388	18	380	90	102	188
Clerks and copyists	1,606	153	1,453	486	488	479	1,496	120	1,376	440	468	468
Confectioners	514	19	495	124	161	210	487	17	470	115	153	202
Dressmakers	4,460	830	3,630	1,433	1,028	1,169	3,261	445	2,816	925	832	1,059
Housekeepers and stewardesses	685	167	518	247	143	128	386	66	320	140	99	85
Laundresses	1,938	675	1,263	629	310	324	638	128	510	161	127	222
Merchants and dealers	617	235	382	204	105	73	200	69	131	54	39	38
Milliners	967	139	828	307	248	273	834	96	738	242	220	276
Musicians and teachers of music	672	109	563	247	159	157	544	72	472	182	151	139
Nurses and midwives	603	150	513	242	142	129	328	64	264	101	79	84
Packers and shippers	432	19	413	105	145	163	419	18	401	96	144	161
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	517	28	489	122	159	208	485	28	462	107	149	206
Saleswomen	3,957	258	3,699	1,603	1,120	1,516	3,729	209	3,520	908	1,073	1,499
Seamstresses	1,364	216	1,148	426	334	388	1,006	92	914	273	279	362
Servants and waitresses	2,783	602	2,181	970	595	616	1,743	243	1,500	534	445	521
Stenographers and typewriters	1,542	127	1,415	496	440	479	1,466	116	1,350	472	436	472
Tailoresses	1,424	174	1,250	444	376	430	1,138	108	1,030	318	318	394
Teachers and professors in colleges etc.	1,619	292	1,327	548	419	360	1,495	256	1,239	497	398	344
Telegraph and telephone operators	427	14	413	121	115	177	412	12	400	112	115	173
Textile mill operatives	881	54	827	191	289	347	790	32	758	167	259	332
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	350	34	316	97	103	116	303	20	283	82	89	112
All other occupations	5,046	812	4,234	1,495	1,247	1,492	3,839	402	3,437	993	1,079	1,365

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BALTIMORE, MD.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	804	115	689	342	171	176	1,332	466	886	490	251	175
Dressmakers	68	10	58	29	11	18	79	21	58	26	18	14
Housekeepers and stewardesses	4		4	2	1	1	22	9	14	5	5	4
Laborers (not specified)	45	7	38	19	11	8	39	13	26	12	6	8
Laundresses	53	10	43	24	10	9	125	51	74	41	23	10
Merchants and dealers	183	31	152	75	38	39	313	106	207	117	52	38
Nurses and midwives	23	3	20	10	6	4	68	18	50	30	14	6
Saleswomen	12	2	10	8		2	14	4	10	5	4	1
Seamstresses	52	9	43	24	9	10	129	47	82	36	26	20
Servants and waitresses	23	3	20	12	3	5	128	42	86	39	32	15
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	4	1	3	2	1		4	1	3	1	2	
Tailoresses	144	11	133	72	36	25	102	36	66	32	17	17
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	11	1	10	5	2	3	10	2	8	6	1	1
All other occupations	182	27	155	60	42	52	318	116	202	110	51	41
NEGRO.												
All occupations	4,967	369	4,598	2,685	923	990	3,064	945	2,119	961	580	578
Dressmakers	197	12	185	112	44	29	82	32	50	23	16	11
Housekeepers and stewardesses	10		10	4	4	2	13	5	8	3	3	2
Laborers (not specified)	96	14	82	62	11	9	31	8	23	14	7	2
Laundresses	3,060	208	2,852	1,591	591	670	1,832	560	1,272	554	360	358
Nurses and midwives	39	6	33	21	6	6	57	14	43	18	13	12
Seamstresses	111	9	102	65	15	22	50	15	35	15	16	4
Servants and waitresses	1,316	105	1,211	701	223	287	904	270	634	303	157	174
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	10		10	4	1	5	7	3	4	2	1	1
All other occupations	128	15	113	65	28	20	88	38	50	29	7	14

BOSTON, MASS.

ALL CLASSES.

All occupations	3,065	729	2,336	1,929	600	407	5,105	2,439	2,666	1,509	728	429
Boarding and lodging house keepers	337	124	213	156	34	23	737	490	247	153	60	34
Bookbinders	12	4	8	3	1	4	17	5	12	6	2	4
Bookkeepers and accountants	92	11	81	48	19	14	60	27	33	18	8	7
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	34	2	32	22	5	5	21	9	12	9	2	1
Boxmakers (paper)	14	1	13	8	2	3	6	1	5	3	1	1
Clerks and copyists	53	14	39	23	7	9	57	19	38	23	13	2
Confectioners	20		20	9	5	6	7	2	5		3	2
Dressmakers	502	68	434	297	87	50	697	317	380	211	109	60
Housekeepers and stewardesses	96	27	69	37	19	13	203	74	129	64	35	30
Laundresses	450	98	352	225	76	51	850	449	401	243	107	51
Merchants and dealers	147	24	123	78	27	18	270	142	128	72	39	17
Milliners	85	9	76	48	18	10	68	34	34	17	10	7
Musicians and teachers of music	79	8	71	53	13	5	49	29	20	12	5	3
Nurses and midwives	90	17	73	52	11	10	245	69	176	89	52	35
Packers and shippers	10	1	9	8	1	2	3		3	3		
Printers, lithographers, and pressewomen	18	1	17	10	6	1	14	4	10	5	4	1
Saleswomen	118	25	93	56	24	13	100	24	76	39	23	14
Seamstresses	128	24	104	69	22	13	230	100	130	84	33	13
Servants and waitresses	456	101	355	253	68	34	579	253	326	183	82	61
Stenographers and typewriters	28	4	24	17	2	5	18	7	11	7	2	2
Tailoresses	139	12	127	78	32	17	147	54	93	48	26	19
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	56	11	45	25	11	9	68	25	43	26	10	7
Telegraph and telephone operators	7	1	6	4		2	8	1	7	5		2
Textile mill operatives	48	9	39	16	14	9	43	13	30	8	16	6
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	25	6	19	10	6	3	22	8	14	5	8	1
All other occupations	621	127	494	326	90	78	586	283	303	176	78	49

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BOSTON, MASS.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	8,299	1,950	6,349	3,153	1,973	1,223	6,114	1,054	5,060	2,241	1,708	1,111
Boarding and lodging house keepers	472	322	150	113	28	9	92	09	22	16	6	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	834	119	715	331	238	146	748	97	651	293	219	139
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	91	10	81	38	20	23	73	4	69	26	20	23
Clerks and copyists	560	79	481	226	182	79	513	62	451	198	176	77
Dressmakers	807	266	541	302	150	89	411	116	295	129	99	67
Housekeepers and stewardesses	180	56	124	82	34	8	89	22	67	41	19	7
Laundresses	111	33	78	32	25	21	44	3	41	9	17	15
Merchants and dealers	86	31	55	31	17	7	34	14	20	9	6	5
Milliners	278	63	215	105	66	44	215	38	177	78	58	41
Musicians and teachers of music	328	76	252	149	75	28	256	51	205	113	66	27
Nurses and midwives	160	48	112	60	28	24	74	20	54	24	15	15
Printers, lithographers, and pressswomen	107	11	96	37	30	29	92	8	84	32	23	29
Saleswomen	706	83	623	264	206	153	631	64	567	223	196	148
Seamstresses	247	62	185	104	50	31	149	25	124	59	38	27
Servants and waitresses	212	44	168	87	44	37	129	16	113	49	36	28
Stenographers and typewriters	573	80	493	242	146	105	545	72	473	227	145	101
Tailoresses	73	16	57	39	13	5	36	9	27	17	7	3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	838	189	649	324	221	104	763	164	599	291	210	98
Telegraph and telephone operators	100	5	95	48	26	21	93	4	89	42	26	21
All other occupations	1,536	357	1,179	545	374	260	1,127	190	931	366	326	236
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	17,061	1,561	15,490	4,177	4,532	6,781	15,372	1,031	14,341	3,560	4,244	6,537
Boarding and lodging house keepers	218	139	79	54	19	6	48	35	13	9	3	1
Bookbinders	678	28	650	122	141	287	661	24	637	117	139	381
Bookkeepers and accountants	1,575	109	1,466	389	404	673	1,533	100	1,433	371	400	662
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	283	12	271	64	70	137	266	10	256	54	67	135
Boxmakers (paper)	309	13	296	74	78	144	301	11	290	69	78	143
Clerks and copyists	836	59	777	198	246	333	798	50	748	187	235	326
Confectioners	264	10	254	48	74	132	259	10	249	47	73	129
Dressmakers	1,773	203	1,570	454	451	665	1,559	137	1,422	373	417	632
Housekeepers and stewardesses	209	35	174	63	56	55	154	20	134	46	45	43
Laundresses	446	80	366	122	89	155	294	25	269	70	66	133
Merchants and dealers	147	45	102	50	28	24	70	15	55	19	17	19
Milliners	482	45	437	141	112	184	437	36	401	122	104	175
Musicians and teachers of music	253	22	231	66	68	97	222	16	206	49	64	93
Nurses and midwives	178	26	150	49	46	55	114	12	102	29	29	44
Packers and shippers	273	9	264	50	96	118	266	8	257	44	96	117
Printers, lithographers, and pressswomen	338	13	325	63	111	151	329	11	318	58	116	150
Saleswomen	2,430	123	2,307	550	691	1,066	2,306	111	2,245	521	671	1,053
Seamstresses	500	61	439	130	120	189	424	37	387	101	108	178
Servants and waitresses	707	97	610	199	171	240	539	43	496	129	146	221
Stenographers and typewriters	795	37	758	207	229	322	785	35	750	203	226	321
Tailoresses	399	56	343	116	115	112	336	41	295	91	100	104
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	662	72	590	187	163	235	634	68	566	175	162	229
Telegraph and telephone operators	284	8	276	61	79	136	281	8	273	61	79	133
Textile mill operatives	539	25	514	108	162	244	510	17	493	102	154	237
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	179	18	161	49	50	71	165	14	151	37	45	69
All other occupations	2,396	216	2,180	572	658	950	2,132	137	1,995	476	611	908
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	11,904	2,449	9,515	3,839	2,709	2,967	7,775	959	6,816	2,252	2,099	2,465
Boarding and lodging house keepers	545	373	272	167	59	46	107	131	36	22	11	3
Bookbinders	140	7	133	34	41	58	132	6	126	30	40	56
Bookkeepers and accountants	366	31	335	91	118	126	342	24	318	81	114	123
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	125	6	119	32	44	43	107	3	104	24	40	40
Clerks and copyists	205	15	190	64	59	67	181	8	173	52	56	65
Confectioners	200	7	193	66	63	64	180	5	175	60	56	59
Dressmakers	1,801	338	1,463	646	414	403	1,263	185	1,078	419	308	351
Housekeepers and stewardesses	265	64	201	92	50	59	131	20	111	55	25	31
Laundresses	1,011	405	606	334	145	127	277	66	171	67	34	70
Merchants and dealers	383	158	225	123	60	42	98	40	58	26	16	16

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BOSTON, MASS.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	933	203	730	541	120	59	1,352	693	559	371	135	53
Boarding and lodging house keepers	109	51	58	49	6	3	271	202	69	48	16	5
Bookkeepers and accountants	53	4	49	30	15	4	33	18	15	8	4	3
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	13	2	11	11			5	4	1	1		
Clerks and copyists	20	4	16	10	4	2	27	13	14	12	2	
Dressmakers	161	21	140	97	29	14	235	129	106	76	22	8
Housekeepers and stewardesses	29	6	23	17	5	1	62	28	34	24	10	
Laundresses	14	2	12	9	2	1	53	28	25	14	6	5
Merchants and dealers	24	6	18	12	4	2	28	11	17	10	7	
Milliners	33	4	29	22	6	1	30	21	9	5	2	2
Musicians and teachers of music	40	4	36	31	5		32	21	11	6	4	1
Nurses and midwives	26	7	19	14	2	3	60	21	39	22	11	6
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	9	1	8	4	4		6	2	4	1	3	
Saleswomen	43	8	35	25	7	3	32	11	21	16	3	2
Seamstresses	38	10	28	20	6	2	60	27	33	25	6	2
Servants and waitresses	41	10	31	23	4	4	42	18	24	15	4	5
Stenographers and typewriters	20	4	16	13		3	8	4	4	2	1	1
Tailoresses	20	1	19	16	2	1	17	6	11	6	4	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	34	8	26	17	5	4	41	17	24	16	6	2
Telegraph and telephone operators	4		4	4			3	1	2	2		
All other occupations	202	50	152	117	24	11	207	111	96	62	24	10
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	727	151	576	325	129	122	962	379	573	232	159	122
Boarding and lodging house keepers	58	28	30	21	5	4	112	76	36	24	11	1
Bookbinders	8	3	5	2	1	2	9	1	8	3	1	4
Bookkeepers and accountants	21	4	17	9	1	7	21	5	16	9	3	4
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	10		10	7	2	1	7	2	5	3	1	1
Boxmakers (paper)	5	1	4	3		1	3	1	2	2		
Clerks and copyists	15	5	10	4	1	5	23	4	19	7	10	2
Confectioners	4		4	1		3	1		1		1	
Dressmakers	81	15	66	38	14	14	133	51	82	43	20	19
Housekeepers and stewardesses	21	5	16	4	8	4	34	10	24	13	3	8
Laundresses	59	13	46	26	9	11	63	42	51	26	14	11
Merchants and dealers	24	3	21	16	3	2	53	27	26	15	8	3
Milliners	22	1	21	11	5	5	23	8	15	8	3	4
Musicians and teachers of music	23	2	21	14	4	3	8	4	4	3		1
Nurses and midwives	15	1	14	8	3	3	47	13	34	12	14	8
Packers and shippers	5	1	4	3	1		3		3	3		
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	4		4	3	1		5	2	3	2		1
Saleswomen	30	7	23	14	5	4	44	5	39	15	15	9
Seamstresses	23	3	20	10	4	6	53	21	32	19	8	5
Servants and waitresses	89	22	67	44	16	7	79	32	47	26	9	12
Stenographers and typewriters	4		4	1	2	1	6	2	4	3	1	
Tailoresses	29	3	26	17	6	3	34	12	22	8	9	5
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	16	2	14	6	5	3	12	2	10	6	1	3
Telegraph and telephone operators	2		2			2	1		1			1
Textile mill operatives	14	3	11	4	4	3	15	5	10	2	4	4
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	6	1	5	2	2	1	8	3	5	1	3	1
All other occupations	139	28	111	57	27	27	125	51	74	39	20	15
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.											
All occupations	1,661	304	1,357	803	290	264	2,528	1,186	1,342	724	380	238
Boarding and lodging house keepers	145	42	103	70	18	15	333	200	133	75	30	28
Bookbinders	3		3	1		2	5	1	4	3	1	
Bookkeepers and accountants	18	3	15	9	3	3	6	4	2	1	1	
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	10		10	4	3	3	8	3	5	4	1	
Clerks and copyists	17	5	12	8	2	2	7	2	5	4	1	
Confectioners	14		14	6	5	3	6	2	4		2	2
Dressmakers	233	25	208	145	42	21	305	128	177	82	64	31
Housekeepers and stewardesses	36	12	24	11	5	8	98	22	68	26	20	20
Laundresses	240	55	185	110	45	30	534	284	250	157	66	27
Merchants and dealers	99	15	84	50	20	14	188	103	85	47	24	14

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BOSTON, MASS.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
FOREIGN BORN WHITE—continued.												
Milliners	222	31	191	58	68	65	178	22	156	40	56	60
Musicians and teachers of music	81	10	71	26	25	20	60	4	56	18	20	18
Nurses and midwives	311	72	239	126	64	49	131	30	101	45	32	24
Packers and shippers	90	3	87	26	30	31	86	3	83	24	30	29
Saleswomen	818	52	766	248	233	285	749	34	715	223	206	286
Seamstresses	598	89	509	184	159	166	427	30	397	111	131	155
Servants and waitresses	1,529	366	1,163	551	309	303	949	158	791	319	226	246
Stenographers and typewriters	170	10	160	47	62	51	162	9	153	42	62	49
Tailoresses	945	98	847	288	247	312	761	55	706	210	210	286
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	111	30	81	37	29	15	90	23	67	31	25	11
Textile mill operatives	269	20	249	68	98	83	216	10	206	51	80	75
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	121	6	115	40	37	38	100	1	99	32	31	36
All other occupations	1,558	258	1,300	491	365	444	1,030	92	938	270	290	378
NEGRO.												
All occupations	1,050	350	700	405	188	107	333	98	235	83	83	69
Dressmakers	79	23	56	31	13	12	28	7	21	4	8	9
Laundresses	370	157	213	141	51	21	63	34	29	15	10	4
Servants and waitresses	335	95	240	133	71	36	131	31	100	37	37	26
All other occupations	266	75	191	100	53	38	111	26	85	27	28	30

BUFFALO, N. Y.

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	17,348	2,420	14,928	5,237	4,642	5,049	13,834	1,176	12,658	3,923	4,074	4,661
Boarding and lodging house keepers	354	209	145	100	33	12	81	64	17	11	5	1
Bookbinders	193	8	185	46	56	83	186	6	179	44	55	80
Bookkeepers and accountants	854	67	787	294	227	266	827	61	766	286	222	258
Clerks and copyists	1,275	94	1,181	366	389	437	1,211	72	1,139	333	375	431
Dressmakers	2,648	377	2,271	809	722	740	2,131	215	1,916	588	537	791
Housekeepers and stewardesses	202	44	158	72	52	34	127	14	113	43	42	28
Laundresses	954	282	672	294	194	184	355	44	311	86	95	130
Merchants and dealers	361	139	222	120	55	47	80	30	50	26	13	11
Milliners	430	25	405	146	126	133	384	17	367	125	116	126
Musicians and teachers of music	276	35	241	114	72	55	225	24	201	87	63	51
Nurses and midwives	370	65	305	141	90	74	203	28	175	70	52	53
Packers and shippers	200	7	193	43	72	78	199	6	193	43	72	78
Saleswomen	1,268	55	1,213	375	390	448	1,185	39	1,146	336	376	434
Seamstresses	629	75	554	173	151	230	503	33	470	130	125	215
Servants and waitresses	1,679	196	1,483	512	432	539	1,370	82	1,288	401	377	510
Stenographers and typewriters	835	75	760	259	267	234	810	69	741	249	264	228
Tailoresses	942	82	860	230	265	365	815	46	769	183	247	339
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,232	180	1,052	430	317	305	1,171	162	1,009	408	302	299
Telegraph and telephone operators	164	15	149	51	38	60	159	14	145	48	37	60
All other occupations	2,482	390	2,092	673	694	725	1,913	150	1,663	426	596	638
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	3,920	612	3,308	1,336	1,075	897	3,224	334	2,890	1,059	979	852
Boarding and lodging house keepers	97	56	41	29	8	4	19	16	3	3		
Bookkeepers and accountants	303	32	271	119	80	72	265	31	264	117	77	70
Clerks and copyists	368	31	332	117	114	101	337	21	316	106	111	99
Dressmakers	494	85	409	177	115	117	364	48	316	114	92	110
Housekeepers and stewardesses	35	11	24	14	5	5	18	2	16	6	5	5

[1] Includes 135 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BOSTON, MASS.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Living in families having—						Living in families having—					
	Total.	Other breadwinners.					Total.	Other breadwinners.				
		No other breadwinners.	Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.		No other breadwinners.	Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
FOREIGN BORN WHITE—continued.												
Milliners	29	4	25	14	7	4	15	5	10	4	5	1
Musicians and teachers of music	13	2	11	6	4	1	8	4	4	2	1	1
Nurses and midwives	47	9	38	28	6	4	133	33	100	53	26	21
Packers and shippers	4		4	2		2						
Saleswomen	45	10	35	17	12	6	24	8	16	8	5	3
Seamstresses	63	10	53	37	11	5	198	49	89	36	17	6
Servants and waitresses	223	46	177	127	33	17	357	162	195	105	50	40
Stenographers and typewriters	4		4	3		1	4	1	3	2		1
Tailoresses	90	8	82	45	24	13	94	35	59	33	13	13
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	6	1	5	2	1	2	15	6	9	4	3	2
Textile mill operatives	28	2	26	12	8	6	35	8	17	5	10	2
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	10	1	9	5	2	2	11	4	7	3	4	
All other occupations	284	54	230	151	39	40	244	112	132	70	36	26
NEGRO.												
All occupations	344	71	273	200	51	22	373	181	192	122	54	16
Dressmakers	27	7	20	17	2	1	24	9	15	10	3	2
Laundresses	137	28	109	80	20	9	170	95	75	40	21	8
Servants and waitresses	103	23	80	59	15	6	101	41	60	37	19	4
All other occupations	77	13	64	44	14	6	78	36	42	29	11	2

BUFFALO, N. Y.

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	1,370	278	1,098	660	255	183	2,138	966	1,172	654	313	205
Boarding and lodging house keepers	88	33	55	38	12	5	185	112	73	51	16	6
Bookbinders	3	1	2	1	1		5	1	4	1		3
Bookkeepers and accountants	14	2	12	7	2	3	13	4	9	1	3	5
Clerks and copyists	36	9	27	15	9	3	28	13	15	7	5	3
Dressmakers	206	25	181	115	41	25	311	137	174	106	44	24
Housekeepers and stewardesses	23	11	12	9	2	1	52	19	33	20	8	5
Laundresses	187	43	144	87	36	21	412	193	219	121	63	33
Merchants and dealers	94	14	80	54	16	10	187	95	92	40	26	26
Milliners	27	5	22	14	3	5	19	3	16	7	7	2
Musicians and teachers of music	33	3	30	19	8	3	18	8	10	8	1	1
Nurses and midwives	63	4	59	31	19	9	104	33	71	40	19	12
Packers and shippers							1	1				
Saleswomen	42	3	39	22	6	11	41	13	28	17	8	3
Seamstresses	42	10	32	13	12	7	84	32	52	30	14	8
Servants and waitresses	117	35	79	44	21	14	192	76	116	67	34	15
Stenographers and typewriters	15		15	8	3	4	10	6	4	2		2
Tailoresses	34	4	30	19	2	9	93	32	61	28	16	17
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	21		21	13	6	2	40	18	22	9	9	4
Telegraph and telephone operators	4		4	3	1		1	1				
All other occupations	327	73	254	143	55	51	342	167	175	99	40	36
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	287	63	224	150	52	22	409	215	194	127	44	23
Boarding and lodging house keepers	27	8	19	12	6	1	51	32	19	14	2	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	4		4	2	1	1	4	1	3		2	1
Clerks and copyists	16	7	9	6	2	1	10	3	7	5	1	1
Dressmakers	57	6	51	33	15	3	73	31	42	30	8	4
Housekeepers and stewardesses	5	2	3	3			12	7	5	5		

[1] Includes 135 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.												
Laundresses	100	35	65	29	17	19	46	5	41	13	11	17
Milliners	115	6	109	47	33	29	108	6	102	43	31	28
Musicians and teachers of music	108	19	89	51	28	10	83	13	70	37	24	9
Nurses and midwives	79	17	62	31	15	16	43	9	34	15	7	12
Saleswomen	328	17	311	118	110	83	304	12	292	106	106	80
Seamstresses	103	12	91	30	28	33	79	2	77	25	23	29
Servants and waitresses	292	30	262	100	86	76	237	11	226	79	76	71
Stenographers and typewriters	299	40	259	104	96	59	287	38	249	97	96	56
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	389	65	324	130	113	81	363	53	310	140	109	61
All other occupations	815	156	659	220	227	212	641	67	574	136	211	205
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	8,778	910	7,868	2,402	2,407	3,059	7,644	547	7,097	1,904	2,185	2,918
Boarding and lodging house keepers	113	69	44	27	15	2	30	23	7	4	3	.....
Bookbinders	124	4	120	32	36	52	120	3	117	32	35	50
Bookkeepers and accountants	446	28	418	149	113	156	434	26	408	144	112	152
Clerks and copyists	738	44	694	187	227	280	716	38	678	181	219	278
Dressmakers	1,411	163	1,248	376	409	463	1,225	103	1,122	304	378	440
Housekeepers and stewardesses	101	17	84	37	30	17	71	6	65	27	24	14
Laundresses	358	78	280	99	83	98	189	16	173	43	50	80
Merchants and dealers	145	46	99	53	26	20	44	14	30	15	7	8
Milliners	235	12	223	71	72	80	213	7	206	62	66	78
Musicians and teachers of music	130	12	118	49	38	31	110	8	102	38	34	30
Nurses and midwives	123	14	109	39	30	40	89	10	79	25	19	35
Packers and shippers	120	4	116	22	39	55	120	4	116	22	39	55
Saleswomen	716	28	688	191	207	290	682	22	660	175	200	285
Seamstresses	344	41	303	90	75	138	292	26	266	69	64	133
Servants and waitresses	770	64	706	180	212	314	683	29	654	180	194	300
Stenographers and typewriters	401	18	383	117	124	142	393	17	376	115	121	140
Tailoresses	545	47	498	118	152	230	486	34	452	96	143	213
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	727	91	636	247	177	212	704	88	616	242	167	207
Telegraph and telephone operators	85	6	79	27	16	36	81	6	75	24	15	36
All other occupations	1,146	124	1,022	293	326	403	962	67	895	216	295	384
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	4,515	846	3,669	1,455	1,140	1,074	2,923	284	2,639	858	902	879
Boarding and lodging house keepers	136	76	60	44	10	6	30	23	7	4	2	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	105	7	98	26	34	38	98	4	94	26	33	35
Clerks and copyists	174	19	155	51	48	56	158	13	145	46	45	54
Dressmakers	727	124	603	262	193	148	536	62	474	169	164	141
Housekeepers and stewardesses	61	14	47	18	17	12	37	6	31	9	13	9
Laundresses	480	163	317	169	91	57	117	22	95	50	32	33
Merchants and dealers	180	76	104	53	26	25	23	11	12	5	5	2
Milliners	80	7	73	28	21	24	63	4	59	20	19	20
Nurses and midwives	165	34	131	68	45	18	70	9	61	29	26	6
Saleswomen	224	10	214	66	73	75	199	5	194	55	70	69
Seamstresses	177	19	158	53	48	57	130	5	125	36	38	51
Servants and waitresses	569	84	485	217	126	142	432	37	395	157	104	134
Stenographers and typewriters	135	17	118	38	47	33	130	14	116	37	47	32
Tailoresses	327	28	299	100	94	105	297	10	287	76	85	26
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	115	24	91	33	27	31	103	21	82	26	26	30
All other occupations	860	144	716	249	240	227	530	38	492	134	193	165

CHICAGO, ILL.

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	88,561	12,631	75,930	26,863	23,556	25,511	68,352	5,451	62,901	18,742	20,501	23,658
Actresses, professional show-woman, etc	265	32	233	114	61	58	141	17	124	51	41	32
Agents	389	107	282	131	77	74	198	32	166	64	50	52
Artists and teachers of art	533	74	459	197	154	108	405	44	361	136	129	96
Barbers and hairdressers	322	63	259	107	67	85	206	24	182	56	60	76
Boarding and lodging house keepers	2,106	1,264	851	546	198	107	350	260	90	59	21	10

[1] Includes 1 Chinese woman.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.												
Laundresses	16	5	11	8	1	2	36	25	13	8	5	
Milliners	4		4	3	1		3		3	1	1	1
Musicians and teachers of music	16	2	14	10	3	1	9	4	5	4	1	
Nurses and midwives	6	1	5	3	2		30	7	23	13	6	4
Saleswomen	13	2	11	6	2	3	11	3	8	6	2	
Seamstresses	9	2	7	3	3	1	15	8	7	2	2	3
Servants and waitresses	21	5	16	12	2	2	34	14	20	9	8	3
Stenographers and typewriters	10		10	7		3	2	2				
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	8		8	6	2		18	12	6	4	2	
All other occupations	76	23	53	36	12	4	99	66	33	26	4	3
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	425	82	343	196	85	62	709	281	428	212	127	79
Boarding and lodging house keepers	23	7	16	11	3	2	60	39	21	12	9	
Bookbinders	2	1	1		1		2		2			2
Bookkeepers and accountants	5		5	4		1	7	2	5	1	1	3
Clerks and copyists	10		10	5	4	1	12	6	6	1	4	1
Dressmakers	67	8	59	34	13	12	119	52	67	38	18	11
Housekeepers and stewardesses	9	4	5	3	2		21	7	14	7	4	3
Laundresses	51	5	46	28	12	6	118	57	61	30	21	10
Merchants and dealers	39	8	31	22	5	4	62	24	38	16	14	8
Milliners	10	3	7	5	1	1	12	2	10	4	5	1
Musicians and teachers of music	13		13	8	4	1	7	4	3	3		
Nurses and midwives	11	1	10	6	3	1	23	3	20	8	8	4
Packers and shippers												
Saleswomen	16	1	15	9	2	4	18	5	13	7	5	1
Seamstresses	18	4	14	5	6	3	34	11	23	16	5	2
Servants and waitresses	40	18	22	4	8	10	47	17	30	16	10	4
Stenographers and typewriters	5		5	1	3	1	3	1	2	1		1
Tailoresses	17	3	14	8	1	5	42	10	32	12	8	12
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	5		5	1	3	1	18	3	15	4	7	4
Telegraph and telephone operators	4		4	3	1							
All other occupations	80	19	61	41	13	7	104	38	66	36	18	12
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	614	116	498	282	110	96	978	446	532	305	128	99
Boarding and lodging house keepers	36	16	20	15	3	2	70	37	33	25	5	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	5	2	3	1	1	1	2	1	1			1
Clerks and copyists	10	2	8	4	3	1	6	4	2	1		1
Dressmakers	78	10	68	46	13	9	113	52	61	37	16	8
Housekeepers and stewardesses	5	3	2	1		1	19	5	14	8	4	2
Laundresses	115	31	84	50	23	11	248	110	138	79	36	23
Merchants and dealers	46	5	41	26	9	6	111	60	51	22	12	17
Milliners	13	2	11	6	1	4	4	1	3	2	1	
Nurses and midwives	44	2	42	20	14	8	51	23	28	19	5	4
Saleswomen	13		13	7	2	4	12	5	7	4	1	2
Seamstresses	14	3	11	5	3	3	33	11	22	12	7	3
Servants and waitresses	41	11	30	22	6	2	96	36	60	38	16	6
Stenographers and typewriters							5	3	2	1		1
Tailoresses	16	1	15	10	1	4	44	17	27	14	8	5
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	8		8	6	1	1	4	3	1	1		
All other occupations	170	28	142	73	30	39	160	78	82	42	17	23

CHICAGO, ILL.

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	8,166	1,349	6,817	4,511	1,370	936	12,043	5,831	6,212	3,610	1,685	917
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	96	8	88	53	16	19	28	7	21	10	4	7
Agents	77	17	60	46	10	4	114	58	56	31	17	8
Artists and teachers of art	74	7	67	46	12	9	54	23	31	15	13	3
Barbers and hairdressers	62	13	49	32	11	6	54	26	28	19	6	3
Boarding and lodging house keepers	392	147	245	171	47	27	1,363	847	516	316	130	70

[1] Includes 1 Chinese woman.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CHICAGO, ILL.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.									
	Aggregate.					Single (including unknown).				
	Total.	Living in families having—				Total.	Living in families having—			
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.				No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.		
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.		Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES[1]—continued.											
Bookbinders	1,284	58	1,226	268	408	550	1,233	45	1,188	250	397	541
Bookkeepers and accountants	4,033	328	3,705	1,217	1,183	1,305	3,734	254	3,480	1,092	1,132	1,256
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	407	32	375	114	114	147	363	23	340	94	104	142
Boxmakers (paper)	704	34	670	136	235	299	679	25	654	129	233	292
Clerks and copyists	6,915	416	6,498	2,053	2,072	2,374	6,514	326	6,188	1,872	1,999	2,317
Confectioners	521	67	454	153	153	148	374	25	349	80	129	140
Dressmakers	10,083	1,835	8,248	3,260	2,448	2,540	7,002	757	6,245	2,028	1,946	2,271
Glovemakers	537	20	517	136	167	214	513	13	500	129	160	211
Housekeepers and stewardesses	995	290	705	340	211	154	431	69	362	155	125	82
Laborers (not specified)	1,004	155	849	294	286	269	615	30	585	142	198	245
Laundresses	5,035	1,522	3,513	1,664	970	879	2,112	276	1,836	587	566	683
Merchants and dealers	1,410	487	923	528	222	173	321	104	217	83	71	63
Milliners	2,611	209	2,402	827	785	790	2,289	127	2,162	676	734	752
Musicians and teachers of music	1,579	213	1,366	598	409	359	1,243	147	1,096	427	349	320
Nurses and midwives	1,471	399	1,072	589	276	207	565	145	420	191	109	120
Packers and shippers	780	30	750	174	268	308	749	20	729	158	264	307
Physicians and surgeons	400	158	248	151	68	29	146	72	74	26	29	19
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	462	32	430	138	140	152	409	23	386	109	122	145
Saleswomen	6,064	353	5,711	1,614	1,863	2,234	5,643	244	5,399	1,433	1,795	2,171
Seamstresses	5,672	699	4,973	1,578	1,491	1,804	4,545	294	4,251	1,222	1,324	1,705
Servants and waitresses	5,846	853	4,993	2,027	1,457	1,509	4,253	339	3,914	1,303	1,227	1,384
Stenographers and typewriters	5,880	500	5,380	1,894	1,791	1,704	5,623	452	5,171	1,766	1,740	1,665
Tailoresses	5,223	469	4,754	1,346	1,497	1,911	4,493	250	4,243	1,016	1,383	1,844
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	5,102	640	4,462	1,619	1,439	1,404	4,522	508	4,014	1,330	1,344	1,340
Telegraph and telephone operators	1,072	61	1,011	299	325	387	1,017	46	971	271	316	384
Textile mill operatives	479	17	462	93	169	200	459	11	448	88	162	198
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	857	86	771	235	252	284	741	47	694	185	238	271
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	597	29	568	129	168	271	541	13	528	105	159	264
All other occupations	7,909	1,109	6,800	2,191	2,152	2,457	5,923	389	5,534	1,426	1,845	2,263
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	15,846	3,107	12,739	5,972	4,024	2,743	11,247	1,422	9,825	4,055	3,380	2,410
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	103	10	93	48	20	25	52	5	47	25	11	11
Agents	169	58	111	62	34	15	73	19	54	20	23	11
Artists and teachers of art	279	55	224	109	69	46	201	32	169	74	54	41
Barbers and hairdressers	52	13	39	12	15	12	26	2	24	5	10	9
Boarding and lodging house keepers	700	436	264	177	62	25	87	75	12	6	6	.....
Bookbinders	146	9	137	43	43	51	134	6	128	37	42	49
Bookkeepers and accountants	987	137	850	333	258	209	864	95	769	331	242	196
Clerks and copyists	1,579	143	1,436	614	495	327	1,438	107	1,331	547	471	313
Dressmakers	1,730	468	1,262	602	376	194	830	152	678	318	222	138
Housekeepers and stewardesses	210	82	128	69	45	14	76	18	57	28	21	8
Laundresses	357	106	251	124	64	63	161	17	144	54	40	50
Merchants and dealers	188	69	119	73	29	17	41	11	30	14	9	7
Milliners	580	64	516	232	168	116	478	30	448	183	158	107
Musicians and teachers of music	674	113	561	280	167	114	516	79	437	190	141	97
Nurses and midwives	312	95	217	124	55	38	129	42	87	44	18	25
Physicians and surgeons	198	72	126	70	43	13	74	32	42	15	20	7
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	120	13	107	47	33	27	97	9	88	34	29	25
Saleswomen	827	80	741	260	274	198	703	48	655	216	253	186
Seamstresses	499	107	392	180	109	103	315	37	278	108	81	89
Servants and waitresses	449	94	355	172	104	79	294	38	256	105	83	68
Stenographers and typewriters	1,848	244	1,604	765	523	316	1,706	214	1,492	685	499	308
Tailoresses	104	18	86	47	17	22	65	8	57	25	14	18
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,780	274	1,506	687	474	345	1,522	216	1,306	546	434	326
Telegraph and telephone operators	241	21	220	91	80	49	220	14	206	79	78	49
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	93	18	75	37	20	18	60	6	60	26	17	17
All other occupations	1,621	302	1,319	575	447	297	1,089	109	980	331	384	265

[1] Includes 1 Chinese woman.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CHICAGO, ILL.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
	ALL CLASSES [1]—continued.											
Bookbinders	29	4	25	13	7	5	22	9	13	5	4	4
Bookkeepers and accountants	165	18	147	80	32	35	134	56	78	45	19	14
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	14	.....	14	8	4	2	30	9	21	12	6	3
Boxmakers (paper)	10	1	9	6	1	2	15	8	7	4	1	2
Clerks and copyists	205	20	185	117	38	30	196	70	126	64	35	27
Confectioners	74	6	68	49	13	6	73	36	37	24	11	2
Dressmakers	1,230	182	1,048	677	232	139	1,351	896	955	555	270	130
Glovemakers	13	2	11	4	6	1	11	5	6	3	1	2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	150	48	102	68	18	16	414	173	241	117	68	56
Laborers (not specified)	215	46	169	107	35	27	174	79	95	45	33	17
Laundresses	944	207	737	501	148	88	1,979	1,039	940	576	256	108
Merchants and dealers	453	65	388	266	69	53	636	318	318	179	82	57
Milliners	171	15	156	104	30	22	151	97	54	47	21	16
Musicians and teachers of music	195	12	183	121	35	27	141	54	87	50	25	12
Nurses and midwives	353	29	324	205	66	53	553	225	328	193	101	34
Packers and shippers	16	3	13	11	2	.....	15	7	8	5	2	1
Physicians and surgeons	140	19	121	88	26	7	120	67	53	34	13	6
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	28	1	27	17	3	7	25	8	17	12	5	.....
Saleswomen	239	37	202	121	45	36	182	72	110	60	23	27
Seamstresses	373	70	303	209	56	38	754	335	419	247	111	61
Servants and waitresses	608	91	517	374	92	51	985	423	562	350	138	74
Stenographers and typewriters	145	10	135	88	22	25	121	38	83	40	29	14
Tailoresses	338	59	279	189	56	34	392	160	232	141	58	33
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	344	23	321	217	57	47	236	109	127	72	38	17
Telegraph and telephone operators	28	2	26	20	6	.....	27	13	14	8	3	3
Textile mill operatives	9	1	8	3	4	1	11	5	6	2	3	1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	62	14	48	33	7	8	54	26	29	17	7	5
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	28	3	25	17	5	3	28	13	15	7	4	4
All other occupations	886	169	717	450	169	108	1,100	551	549	305	148	96
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	1,987	361	1,626	1,109	331	196	2,612	1,324	1,288	808	343	137
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	35	3	32	17	6	9	16	2	14	6	3	5
Agents	38	8	30	22	6	2	58	31	27	20	6	2
Artists and teachers of art	43	5	38	26	8	4	35	18	17	9	7	1
Barbers and hairdressers	14	4	10	4	4	2	12	7	5	3	1	1
Boarding and lodging house keepers	143	57	86	57	23	6	470	304	166	114	33	19
Bookbinders	7	.....	7	5	1	1	5	3	2	1	.....	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	72	11	61	33	10	18	61	31	30	19	6	5
Clerks and copyists	72	10	62	45	10	7	99	26	43	22	14	7
Dressmakers	353	57	301	195	74	32	542	299	283	179	80	24
Housekeepers and stewardesses	48	21	27	15	9	3	86	42	44	26	15	3
Laundresses	70	20	50	38	7	5	126	69	57	32	17	8
Merchants and dealers	65	11	54	36	11	7	82	47	35	23	9	3
Milliners	49	6	43	32	7	4	53	28	25	17	3	5
Musicians and teachers of music	95	9	86	55	15	16	63	25	38	26	11	1
Nurses and midwives	55	5	50	36	9	6	128	48	80	45	28	7
Physicians and surgeons	70	10	60	39	16	5	54	30	24	16	7	1
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	12	1	11	7	2	2	11	3	8	6	2	.....
Saleswomen	69	11	58	37	14	7	55	27	28	16	7	5
Seamstresses	61	15	46	35	5	6	123	55	68	37	23	8
Servants and waitresses	68	15	53	41	8	4	87	41	46	26	13	7
Stenographers and typewriters	80	8	72	50	9	13	62	22	40	20	15	5
Tailoresses	20	5	15	11	3	1	19	5	14	11	.....	3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	159	11	148	110	23	15	99	47	52	31	17	4
Telegraph and telephone operators	10	1	9	8	1	.....	11	6	5	4	1	.....
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	13	7	11	8	2	1	9	5	4	3	1	.....
All other occupations	256	50	206	148	38	20	276	143	133	96	25	12

[1] Includes 1 Chinese woman.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CHICAGO, ILL.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.										
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).				
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—			
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.		
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	42,708	3,722	38,986	11,234	12,520	15,232	38,212	2,186	36,026	9,505	11,794	14,727
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	93	12	81	33	29	19	62	8	54	15	21	15
Agents	142	20	122	43	33	46	99	6	93	28	22	43
Artists and teachers of art	174	9	165	59	57	49	145	6	139	42	52	45
Barbers and hairdressers	140	15	125	48	29	48	120	13	107	36	25	46
Boarding and lodging house keepers	512	318	194	121	47	26	113	85	28	15	8	5
Bookbinders	914	39	875	178	293	404	885	32	853	169	284	400
Bookkeepers and accountants	2,394	145	2,249	643	735	871	2,291	123	2,168	502	710	956
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	277	24	253	74	76	103	263	21	242	66	73	103
Boxmakers (paper)	494	22	472	93	166	213	482	17	465	88	165	212
Clerks and copyists	4,303	206	3,997	1,129	1,246	1,622	4,084	173	3,881	1,068	1,218	1,595
Confectioners	284	28	256	71	96	89	233	15	218	45	87	86
Dressmakers	4,682	611	4,071	1,301	1,262	1,508	3,832	292	3,540	1,004	1,118	1,418
Glovemakers	353	14	339	87	101	151	341	11	330	83	96	151
Housekeepers and stewardesses	293	60	233	88	73	72	182	19	163	58	58	47
Laborers (not specified)	392	24	368	94	122	153	348	10	338	74	115	149
Laundresses	1,391	189	1,202	399	379	424	1,040	43	997	289	321	387
Merchants and dealers	371	113	258	141	58	61	147	29	118	42	32	44
Milliners	1,380	88	1,292	392	427	473	1,274	65	1,209	340	409	460
Musicians and teachers of music	671	62	609	226	183	200	589	45	544	184	171	189
Nurses and midwives	353	85	268	127	72	69	214	44	170	73	48	49
Packers and shippers	521	18	503	103	172	228	511	14	497	104	171	222
Printers, lithographers, and pressewomen	262	15	247	64	81	102	246	12	234	55	79	100
Saleswomen	3,732	182	3,550	926	1,159	1,465	3,574	143	3,431	863	1,132	1,436
Seamstresses	2,691	222	2,469	711	771	987	2,381	116	2,265	590	723	952
Servants and waitresses	2,112	154	1,958	608	597	753	1,894	93	1,801	515	563	723
Stenographers and typewriters	3,323	211	3,112	916	1,047	1,149	3,241	196	3,045	878	1,030	1,137
Tailoresses	2,089	110	1,979	458	664	857	1,971	85	1,886	402	642	842
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	2,766	271	2,495	735	826	934	2,548	226	2,322	634	785	903
Telegraph and telephone operators	692	34	658	165	202	291	668	28	640	156	197	288
Textile mill operatives	322	6	316	65	115	136	318	5	313	65	113	135
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	461	30	431	109	163	159	432	23	409	96	158	155
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	206	9	197	41	65	91	189	3	186	35	62	89
All other occupations	4,018	376	3,642	971	1,176	1,495	3,524	184	3,340	789	1,106	1,445
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.											
All occupations	27,490	5,008	22,482	8,593	6,891	7,298	18,229	1,689	16,540	4,956	5,183	6,401
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	50	8	42	26	11	5	21	4	17	6	8	3
Agents	75	23	47	25	9	13	26	7	19	6	5	8
Barbers and hairdressers	82	18	64	30	12	22	47	3	44	14	9	21
Boarding and lodging house keepers	733	432	301	224	84	53	141	92	49	38	6	5
Bookbinders	226	10	214	47	72	95	214	7	207	44	71	92
Bookkeepers and accountants	643	46	597	138	187	222	581	36	545	157	177	211
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	92	5	87	26	27	34	72	2	70	18	21	31
Boxmakers (paper)	167	8	159	37	55	67	156	5	151	33	54	64
Clerks and copyists	1,110	66	1,044	300	323	421	1,003	45	958	249	304	405
Confectioners	187	33	154	56	46	52	108	7	101	19	34	48
Dressmakers	3,420	696	2,724	1,150	767	807	2,279	305	1,974	680	592	702
Glovemakers	159	5	154	40	52	62	150	2	148	38	51	59
Housekeepers and stewardesses	421	113	308	160	85	63	161	24	137	66	45	26
Laborers (not specified)	510	106	404	156	129	119	224	17	207	53	72	82
Laundresses	2,523	944	1,579	820	429	330	816	170	646	218	195	233
Merchants and dealers	846	304	542	310	137	95	131	64	67	25	30	12
Milliners	643	55	588	202	187	199	530	31	499	152	164	183
Musicians and teachers of music	203	35	168	78	52	38	121	22	99	37	32	30
Nurses and midwives	761	208	553	308	138	107	208	58	150	67	40	43
Packers and shippers	190	7	183	51	66	66	174	4	170	40	64	66
Physicians and surgeons	118	50	68	44	14	10	38	23	12	4	5	3
Saleswomen	1,496	85	1,411	415	427	569	1,359	53	1,306	351	408	547
Seamstresses	2,384	338	2,046	748	593	706	1,816	133	1,683	515	510	658
Servants and waitresses	2,448	378	2,070	879	586	605	1,774	152	1,622	581	498	543

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CHICAGO, ILL.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	1,837	313	1,524	963	319	242	2,659	1,223	1,436	766	407	263
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	26	1	25	14	7	4	5	3	2	1	1	.....
Agents	16	3	13	10	2	1	27	11	16	5	9	2
Artists and teachers of art	16	1	15	12	1	2	13	2	11	5	4	2
Barbers and hairdressers	15	2	13	9	3	1	5	.....	5	3	1	1
Boarding and lodging house keepers	91	40	51	35	10	6	308	193	115	71	29	15
Bookbinders	14	3	11	5	5	1	15	4	11	4	4	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	55	4	51	26	14	11	48	13	30	15	11	4
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	3	.....	3	2	1	.....	11	3	8	6	2	.....
Boxmakers (paper)	4	1	3	3	.....	.....	8	4	4	2	1	1
Clerks and copyists	73	7	66	40	15	11	76	26	50	21	13	16
Confectioners	30	3	27	19	5	3	21	10	11	7	4	.....
Dressmakers	288	49	239	146	49	44	562	270	292	151	95	46
Glovemakers	7	1	6	2	4	.....	5	2	3	2	1	.....
Housekeepers and stewardesses	24	8	16	6	4	6	87	33	54	24	11	19
Laborers (not specified)	23	6	17	13	3	1	21	8	13	7	4	2
Laundresses	137	37	100	57	24	19	214	100	105	53	34	18
Merchants and dealers	97	15	82	69	14	9	127	60	58	40	10	8
Milliners	62	3	59	39	11	9	44	20	24	13	7	4
Musicians and teachers of music	50	2	48	31	8	9	32	15	17	11	4	2
Nurses and midwives	43	6	37	26	4	7	96	35	61	38	20	3
Packers and shippers	5	1	4	3	1	.....	5	3	2	1	.....	1
Printers, lithographers, and presswomen	7	.....	7	4	1	2	9	3	6	5	1	.....
Saleswomen	84	14	70	37	17	16	74	25	49	26	10	13
Seamstresses	101	25	76	50	15	11	209	81	128	71	33	24
Servants and waitresses	86	12	74	43	19	12	132	49	83	50	15	18
Stenographers and typewriters	39	2	37	26	7	4	43	13	30	12	10	8
Telegraph and telephone operators	52	7	45	29	10	6	66	18	48	27	12	9
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	137	8	129	78	28	23	81	37	44	23	13	8
Telegraph and telephone operators	12	1	11	8	3	.....	11	4	7	2	2	3
Textile mill operatives	1	.....	1	.....	1	.....	3	1	2	.....	1	1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	19	4	15	10	2	3	10	3	7	3	3	1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	11	2	9	6	2	1	6	4	2	.....	1	1
All other occupations	209	45	164	115	29	20	285	147	138	67	41	30
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	3,567	595	2,972	1,924	609	439	5,694	2,724	2,970	1,713	799	458
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	24	2	22	17	3	2	5	2	3	3	.....	.....
Agents	21	6	15	13	1	1	28	15	13	6	3	4
Barbers and hairdressers	14	5	9	7	1	1	21	10	11	9	2	.....
Boarding and lodging house keepers	134	36	98	70	13	15	518	304	214	116	65	33
Bookbinders	8	1	7	3	1	3	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bookkeepers and accountants	38	3	35	21	8	6	24	7	17	10	2	5
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	7	.....	7	4	2	1	13	3	10	4	4	2
Boxmakers (paper)	5	.....	5	2	1	2	6	3	3	2	.....	1
Clerks and copyists	56	3	53	30	11	12	51	18	33	21	8	4
Confectioners	35	3	32	24	6	2	44	23	21	13	6	2
Dressmakers	482	71	411	269	93	49	689	320	339	201	82	56
Glovemakers	5	1	4	2	1	1	4	2	2	.....	.....	2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	59	14	45	35	4	6	201	75	126	59	36	31
Laborers (not specified)	168	33	135	78	31	26	118	56	62	25	26	11
Laundresses	494	127	367	244	80	43	1,213	647	566	358	154	54
Merchants and dealers	289	39	250	169	44	37	426	201	225	116	63	46
Milliners	60	6	54	33	12	9	53	18	35	17	11	7
Musicians and teachers of music	41	1	40	29	10	1	41	12	29	12	10	7
Nurses and midwives	249	18	231	138	53	40	304	132	172	103	45	24
Packers and shippers	9	1	8	8	.....	.....	7	2	5	3	2	.....
Physicians and surgeons	42	6	36	29	5	2	41	21	20	11	4	5
Saleswomen	85	12	73	46	14	13	52	20	32	18	5	9
Seamstresses	185	29	156	106	30	21	383	176	207	128	53	26
Servants and waitresses	213	47	166	120	25	21	461	179	282	178	63	41

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CHICAGO, ILL.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
FOREIGN BORN WHITE—continued.												
Stenographers and typewriters	703	43	660	217	218	225	667	41	626	200	209	217
Tailoresses	3,026	340	2,686	838	816	1,032	2,455	157	2,298	587	727	984
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	529	91	438	189	130	119	434	64	370	144	118	108
Telegraph and telephone operators	139	6	133	43	43	47	128	3	125	37	41	47
Textile mill operatives	124	6	118	22	41	55	111	3	108	18	36	54
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	302	37	265	86	69	107	243	18	225	63	63	99
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	385	18	367	85	102	180	347	8	339	68	96	175
All other occupations	2,737	489	2,248	790	684	774	1,697	129	1,568	428	498	642
NEGRO.												
All occupations	2,518	793	1,723	1,064	421	238	664	154	510	226	164	120
Boarding and lodging house keepers	100	68	32	24	5	3	9	8	1	.....	1	.....
Dressmakers	251	60	191	117	43	31	61	8	53	26	14	13
Housekeepers and stewardesses	71	35	36	23	8	5	12	7	5	3	1	1
Laundresses	764	283	481	321	98	62	95	46	49	26	10	13
Seamstresses	98	32	66	39	18	9	32	8	24	9	10	5
Servants and waitresses	836	226	610	368	170	72	291	56	235	102	83	50
All other occupations	396	89	307	172	79	56	163	21	142	60	45	37

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	25,868	4,381	21,487	7,331	6,496	7,660	19,619	2,107	17,512	5,063	5,462	6,987
Boarding and lodging house keepers	311	176	135	75	44	16	90	74	16	7	8	1
Bookbinders	187	29	158	51	43	64	170	24	146	45	42	59
Bookkeepers and accountants	605	57	548	184	171	193	583	52	531	175	166	190
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	1,274	59	1,215	305	380	530	1,213	50	1,163	296	368	509
Boxmakers (paper)	367	18	349	95	128	126	351	12	339	91	125	123
Clerks and copyists	869	77	792	231	288	303	821	60	761	219	246	296
Dressmakers	2,472	431	2,041	737	595	709	1,882	216	1,666	523	485	658
Housekeepers and stewardesses	151	27	124	46	31	44	89	7	82	29	20	33
Laundresses	2,474	836	1,638	812	458	368	739	182	557	172	179	205
Merchants and dealers	406	147	259	129	63	67	96	38	58	26	10	22
Milliners	563	48	515	151	150	214	494	32	462	124	137	201
Musicians and teachers of music	338	63	275	108	78	89	291	46	245	94	59	92
Nurses and midwives	338	110	228	122	57	49	118	26	92	44	21	27
Packers and shippers	334	17	317	89	97	131	302	8	294	78	91	125
Saleswomen	1,744	145	1,599	496	475	628	1,641	123	1,518	452	448	618
Seamstresses	2,516	452	2,064	686	619	757	1,969	245	1,724	488	532	704
Servants and waitresses	2,331	579	1,752	630	517	585	1,593	259	1,334	381	425	528
Stenographers and typewriters	1,100	104	996	325	337	334	1,072	95	977	316	333	328
Tailoresses	1,631	173	1,458	436	479	541	1,306	111	1,195	332	423	500
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,005	152	853	293	282	278	945	142	803	260	272	271
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	1,422	113	1,309	370	373	566	1,287	69	1,218	315	358	545
All other occupations	3,430	567	2,863	935	861	1,067	2,507	236	2,271	605	704	962
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	6,820	1,126	5,694	2,078	1,855	1,761	5,541	605	4,936	1,618	1,673	1,645
Boarding and lodging house keepers	135	87	48	26	15	7	51	41	10	4	5	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	228	26	202	79	73	50	217	25	192	73	71	48
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	340	11	329	83	112	134	330	10	320	80	111	129
Boxmakers (paper)	116	4	112	32	48	32	115	3	112	32	48	32
Clerks and copyists	343	26	317	123	102	92	325	21	304	117	96	91
Dressmakers	606	143	463	183	142	138	303	90	333	108	101	124
Housekeepers and stewardesses	25	10	15	9	2	4	11	3	8	5	1	2
Laundresses	339	108	231	95	72	64	168	27	130	38	49	43
Milliners	152	14	138	47	43	48	131	8	123	30	41	52
Musicians and teachers of music	156	27	129	47	45	37	134	18	116	43	39	34

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CHICAGO, ILL.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
FOREIGN BORN WHITE—continued.												
Stenographers and typewriters	22		22	10	5	7	14	2	12	7	4	1
Tailoresses	264	46	218	148	43	27	307	137	170	103	46	21
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	42	3	39	27	4	8	53	24	29	18	8	3
Telegraph and telephone operators	6		6	4	2		5	3	2	2		
Textile mill operatives	7		7	3	3	1	6	3	3	1	2	
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	24	2	22	15	3	4	35	17	18	11	3	4
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	16	1	15	10	3	2	22	9	13	7	3	3
All other occupations	463	79	384	211	97	76	577	281	296	151	89	56
NEGRO												
All occupations	775	80	695	515	121	59	1,077	559	518	323	136	59
Boarding and lodging house keepers	24	14	10	9	1		67	46	21	15	3	3
Dressmakers	102	5	97	67	16	14	88	47	41	24	13	4
Housekeepers and stewardesses	19	5	14	12	1	1	40	23	17	8	6	3
Laundresses	243	23	220	162	37	21	426	214	212	133	51	28
Seamstresses	26	1	25	19	6		32	22	10	11	2	3
Servants and waitresses	241	17	224	170	40	14	304	153	151	96	47	8
All other occupations	120	15	105	76	20	9	113	53	60	36	14	10

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	2,125	406	1,719	1,042	400	277	4,124	1,868	2,256	1,226	634	396
Boarding and lodging house keepers	69	28	41	22	17	2	152	74	78	46	19	13
Bookbinders	4		4		1	3	13	5	8	6		2
Bookkeepers and accountants	7	1	6	4	2		15	4	11	5	3	3
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	28	2	26	9	4	13	33	7	26	10	8	8
Boxmakers (paper)	9	3	6	3	2	1	7	3	4	1	1	2
Clerks and copyists	21	2	19	5	8	6	27	15	12	7	4	1
Dressmakers	163	26	137	83	40	14	427	189	238	131	70	37
Housekeepers and stewardesses	14	1	13	9	3	1	48	19	29	11	8	10
Laundresses	661	121	540	340	126	74	1,074	532	542	289	153	90
Merchants and dealers	77	13	64	36	14	14	233	96	137	67	39	31
Milliners	33	2	31	15	6	10	36	14	22	12	7	3
Musicians and teachers of music	20	5	15	9	4	2	27	12	15	5	5	5
Nurses and midwives	46	9	37	19	9	9	174	75	99	59	27	13
Packers and shippers	10	1	9	5	1	3	22	8	14	6	5	3
Saleswomen	43	7	36	17	11	8	60	15	45	27	16	2
Seamstresses	138	31	107	63	27	17	409	176	233	137	60	36
Servants and waitresses	253	68	190	133	34	23	485	257	228	136	58	34
Stenographers and typewriters	9		9	3	3	3	19	9	10	6	1	3
Tailoresses	101	6	95	52	21	22	164	58	106	52	35	19
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	24	1	23	12	7	4	36	9	27	21	3	3
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	62	12	50	32	8	10	73	32	41	23	7	11
All other occupations	333	72	261	171	52	38	590	259	331	159	105	67
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	439	115	324	197	72	55	840	406	434	263	110	61
Boarding and lodging house keepers	15	7	8	3	4	1	69	39	30	19	6	5
Bookkeepers and accountants	4		4	3	1		7	1	6	3	1	2
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	8	1	7	2		5	2		2	1	1	
Boxmakers (paper)	1	1										
Clerks and copyists	5		5	2	2	1	13	5	8	4	4	
Dressmakers	71	12	59	35	19	5	142	71	71	40	22	9
Housekeepers and stewardesses	5	1	4	3	1		9	6	3	1		2
Laundresses	68	25	43	27	13	3	105	56	49	30	10	9
Milliners	7		7	1	2	4	14	6	8	7		1
Musicians and teachers of music	9	4	5	3	2	1	13	5	8	2	4	2

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CINCINNATI, OHIO—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.											
Nurses and midwives	93	26	67	40	18	9	36	6	30	16	6	8
Packers and shippers	127	7	120	34	41	45	113	3	110	30	38	42
Saleswomen	515	52	463	189	147	127	485	43	442	147	141	154
Seamstresses	602	138	464	160	169	135	457	69	388	116	150	122
Servants and waitresses	488	100	388	137	111	110	346	45	301	101	100	100
Stenographers and typewriters	428	51	377	158	122	97	414	47	367	152	121	94
Talloresses	264	23	241	72	85	84	211	8	203	49	79	75
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	373	48	325	127	112	86	353	45	308	116	107	85
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	359	39	320	111	102	107	328	21	307	98	100	104
All other occupations	1,161	186	975	356	294	325	930	102	828	254	299	305
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	14,128	1,716	12,412	3,870	3,673	5,069	12,038	1,035	11,003	2,920	3,295	4,788
Bookbinders	118	16	102	30	28	44	107	14	93	26	27	40
Bookkeepers and accountants	349	29	320	97	88	135	338	25	313	94	85	134
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	382	42	340	110	232	378	344	36	308	107	244	357
Boxmakers (paper)	236	13	223	69	77	77	223	8	215	56	74	85
Clerks and copyists	478	49	429	95	140	194	453	37	416	90	136	189
Dressmakers	1,526	199	1,327	429	382	516	1,298	116	1,182	343	344	495
Housekeepers and stewardesses	66	6	63	18	17	28	55	2	53	14	13	26
Laundresses	715	185	530	217	169	144	326	48	278	78	99	101
Merchants and dealers	175	58	117	60	25	32	53	15	38	17	6	15
Milliners	364	28	340	92	96	153	334	19	315	77	89	149
Musicians and teachers of music	160	25	135	56	41	48	142	22	120	48	28	44
Nurses and midwives	113	31	82	43	19	20	55	9	46	23	10	13
Packers and shippers	196	8	188	54	50	84	180	3	177	47	49	81
Saleswomen	1,116	85	1,031	267	301	433	1,062	76	986	274	285	427
Seamstresses	1,576	214	1,362	396	386	580	1,339	142	1,197	312	338	547
Servants and waitresses	1,005	155	850	241	247	362	824	86	738	184	216	338
Stenographers and typewriters	632	49	583	185	204	224	620	44	576	153	202	221
Talloresses	1,124	120	1,004	278	332	394	1,000	88	912	237	299	376
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	524	86	438	133	148	157	508	82	424	124	145	155
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	870	56	814	215	217	382	799	39	760	184	210	366
All other occupations	1,896	262	1,634	496	466	674	1,481	134	1,347	342	396	619
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.											
All occupations	3,124	918	2,206	922	666	618	1,438	251	1,187	387	366	434
Dressmakers	291	72	219	109	63	47	163	29	134	64	35	35
Housekeepers and stewardesses	45	9	36	16	8	12	20	2	18	10	3	5
Laundresses	498	216	282	142	82	58	64	20	44	17	13	14
Merchants and dealers	184	66	118	50	37	31	26	15	11	2	4	5
Nurses and midwives	119	50	69	36	15	18	20	9	11	5	2	4
Saleswomen	112	7	105	40	27	38	93	3	90	31	22	37
Seamstresses	254	80	184	98	51	35	149	28	121	32	38	31
Servants and waitresses	345	134	211	89	58	64	172	44	128	35	39	54
Talloresses	236	32	204	82	62	60	152	15	137	45	45	47
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	65	13	52	23	12	17	43	11	37	12	11	14
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	193	18	175	44	54	77	165	9	156	33	43	75
All other occupations	772	221	551	193	197	161	366	66	300	81	106	113
	NEGRO.											
All occupations	1,796	621	1,175	561	302	312	602	216	386	138	128	120
Laundresses	922	326	596	358	135	103	183	87	96	40	18	38
Servants and waitresses	523	190	333	183	101	49	251	84	167	51	70	36
All other occupations	351	105	246	120	66	60	168	45	123	37	40	46

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CINCINNATI, OHIO—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.												
Nurses and midwives	7	1	6	5		1	50	19	31	19	12	
Packers and shippers	5	1	4	2		2	9	3	6	2	3	1
Saleswomen	12	3	9	4	2	3	18	6	12	8	4	
Seamstresses	32	12	20	9	7	4	113	57	56	35	12	9
Servants and waitresses	37	11	26	17	3	6	75	44	31	19	8	4
Stenographers and typewriters	3		3	1	1	1	11	4	7	5		2
Tailoresses	16	1	15	7	2	6	37	14	23	16	4	3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	7		7	3	4		13	3	10	8	1	1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	18	6	12	9	2	1	18	12	6	4		2
All other occupations	109	29	80	62	7	11	122	55	67	40	18	9
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	646	112	534	300	133	101	1,444	569	875	450	245	180
Bookbinders	3		3		1	2	8	2	6	4		2
Bookkeepers and accountants	3	1	2	1	1		8	3	5	2	2	1
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	16	1	15	6	4	5	22	5	17	7	4	6
Boxmakers (paper)	7	2	5	2	2	1	6	3	3	1	1	1
Clerks and copyists	13	2	11	2	4	5	13	10	3	3		
Dressmakers	55	10	45	29	11	5	173	73	100	57	27	16
Housekeepers and stewardesses	3		3	2	1		11	4	7	2	3	2
Laundresses	110	20	90	46	26	19	279	117	162	93	45	24
Merchants and dealers	32	6	26	15	6	5	90	37	53	28	13	12
Milliners	10	2	17	11	3	3	15	7	8	4	3	1
Musicians and teachers of music	8		8	5	2	1	10	3	7	3	1	3
Nurses and midwives	13	2	11	4	6	1	45	20	25	16	3	6
Packers and shippers	5		5	3	1	1	11	5	6	4		2
Saleswomen	24	4	20	9	7	4	30	5	25	14	9	2
Seamstresses	57	10	47	26	10	11	180	62	118	58	38	22
Servants and waitresses	58	19	39	21	12	6	123	50	73	36	19	18
Stenographers and typewriters	4		4	1	1	2	8	5	3	1	1	1
Tailoresses	46	4	42	22	12	8	78	28	50	19	21	10
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	4		4	3	1		14	4	10	6	2	2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	30	4	26	17	2	7	41	13	28	14	5	9
All other occupations	136	25	111	75	21	15	278	113	166	78	48	40
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	430	82	348	185	95	68	1,256	585	671	350	205	116
Dressmakers	29	4	25	15	8	2	98	39	60	30	20	10
Housekeepers and stewardesses	2		2		1	1	23	7	16	6	4	6
Laundresses	95	20	75	40	20	15	339	176	163	85	49	29
Merchants and dealers	32	3	29	14	7	8	126	48	78	34	26	18
Nurses and midwives	26	6	19	9	3	7	74	35	39	22	10	7
Saleswomen	7		7	4	2	1	12	4	8	5	3	
Seamstresses	21	5	16	10	5	1	94	47	47	36	8	3
Servants and waitresses	25	6	19	13	4	2	148	84	64	41	15	8
Tailoresses	36	1	35	21	7	7	48	16	32	16	10	6
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	10	1	9	5	1	3	7	1	6	6		
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	14	2	12	6	4	2	14	7	7	5	2	
All other occupations	134	34	100	48	33	19	272	121	151	64	58	29
NEGRO.												
All occupations	610	97	513	360	100	53	584	308	276	163	74	39
Laundresses	388	56	332	227	68	37	361	183	168	91	49	28
Servants and waitresses	133	27	106	82	15	9	139	79	60	40	16	4
All other occupations	89	14	75	51	17	7	94	46	48	32	9	7

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.										
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).				
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—			
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.		
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES.												
All occupations	19,075	2,709	17,266	6,154	5,439	5,673	15,661	1,213	14,448	4,453	4,746	5,249
Boarding and lodging house keepers	425	246	179	118	38	23	47	42	5	3	2	
Bookkeepers and accountants	756	71	685	254	205	226	700	55	645	233	195	217
Clerks and copyists	787	52	735	324	251	260	751	41	710	211	244	255
Dressmakers	2,717	365	2,352	834	729	789	2,098	172	1,926	585	623	738
Housekeepers and stewardesses	203	57	146	70	45	31	116	26	90	34	33	23
Laundresses	1,240	350	890	426	237	228	462	56	406	119	124	163
Merchants and dealers	299	100	199	100	59	40	57	23	34	14	12	8
Milliners	692	56	636	201	208	227	608	36	572	165	190	217
Musicians and teachers of music	282	40	242	116	70	56	221	20	201	87	62	52
Nurses and midwives	334	87	247	135	64	48	136	20	116	66	31	29
Packers and shippers	210	6	204	45	78	81	203	6	197	42	76	79
Saleswomen	1,524	106	1,418	466	482	480	1,409	82	1,327	413	452	462
Seamstresses	1,183	137	1,046	330	317	399	987	52	935	355	286	384
Servants and waitresses	1,464	195	1,269	490	407	372	1,128	77	1,051	358	363	342
Stenographers and typewriters	1,109	105	1,004	372	341	291	1,062	89	973	354	332	287
Tailoresses	1,295	81	1,214	320	370	524	1,165	46	1,119	271	348	500
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,288	176	1,112	462	360	290	1,203	161	1,042	421	343	278
Telegraph and telephone operators	317	22	295	98	88	109	308	21	287	92	88	107
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	265	3	262	78	86	100	241	1	240	67	81	92
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	233	9	224	54	79	91	219	4	215	48	77	90
Woolen mill operatives	266	11	255	72	87	96	234	5	229	59	79	91
All other occupations	3,086	434	2,652	902	836	912	2,306	178	2,128	578	715	835
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	4,032	772	3,260	1,554	1,055	651	2,998	396	2,602	1,110	903	589
Boarding and lodging house keepers	161	95	66	46	16	4	20	20				
Bookkeepers and accountants	226	31	195	85	82	28	204	27	177	76	57	44
Clerks and copyists	219	13	206	87	71	48	201	8	193	79	67	47
Dressmakers	518	129	389	190	127	72	302	55	247	97	92	58
Housekeepers and stewardesses	56	24	32	18	10	4	24	10	14	7	6	1
Laundresses	113	35	78	36	23	19	45	6	39	10	14	15
Milliners	188	15	173	79	60	34	162	9	153	68	51	34
Musicians and teachers of music	122	23	99	57	31	11	88	12	76	40	27	9
Nurses and midwives	84	26	58	33	17	8	36	8	28	11	12	5
Saleswomen	332	25	307	122	114	71	299	15	284	109	106	69
Seamstresses	149	38	111	52	34	25	95	15	80	31	18	31
Servants and waitresses	174	25	149	70	52	27	118	12	106	41	42	23
Stenographers and typewriters	375	53	322	161	107	54	350	43	307	151	103	53
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	476	78	398	198	137	63	435	69	366	178	128	60
Telegraph and telephone operators	91	11	80	32	27	21	87	10	77	29	27	21
All other occupations	748	151	597	288	177	132	532	77	455	183	153	119
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	10,106	878	9,228	2,669	2,924	3,635	9,079	531	8,548	2,293	2,745	3,510
Bookkeepers and accountants	468	34	434	152	126	156	444	25	419	143	124	152
Clerks and copyists	463	28	435	108	137	190	451	24	427	106	135	187
Dressmakers	1,473	144	1,329	376	418	535	1,290	82	1,208	296	394	518
Housekeepers and stewardesses	57	13	54	21	18	15	45	6	39	11	15	13
Laundresses	373	66	307	95	85	127	285	21	244	59	68	117
Milliners	388	29	360	83	118	159	363	23	340	73	115	152
Musicians and teachers of music	123	11	112	46	32	34	108	7	101	38	30	33
Nurses and midwives	98	19	79	38	18	23	59	9	50	23	11	16
Packers and shippers	128	3	125	23	48	54	123	3	120	21	47	52
Saleswomen	933	66	867	256	285	326	881	55	826	236	272	318
Seamstresses	686	52	634	173	204	257	620	25	595	155	188	252
Servants and waitresses	619	54	565	187	188	190	536	22	514	168	171	185
Stenographers and typewriters	620	42	578	177	202	199	605	38	567	173	197	197
Tailoresses	745	37	708	145	223	340	705	26	679	133	213	333
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	691	74	617	227	196	194	663	71	592	217	189	186

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES.												
All occupations	1,765	326	1,439	871	340	228	2,549	1,170	1,379	830	353	196
Boarding and lodging house keepers	114	46	68	47	14	7	284	158	106	68	22	16
Bookkeepers and accountants	24	4	20	11	5	4	32	12	20	10	5	5
Clerks and copyists	16	2	14	6	5	3	20	9	11	7	2	2
Dressmakers	253	41	212	137	45	30	366	152	214	132	61	21
Housekeepers and stewardesses	29	7	22	17	2	3	58	24	34	19	10	5
Laundresses	290	57	233	150	52	31	488	237	251	156	61	34
Merchants and dealers	101	13	88	49	24	15	141	64	77	37	23	17
Milliners	37	2	35	23	6	6	47	18	29	13	12	4
Musicians and teachers of music	27	4	23	16	5	2	34	16	18	13	3	2
Nurses and midwives	56	10	46	23	15	8	142	57	85	56	18	11
Packers and shippers	1		1			1	6		6	3	2	1
Saleswomen	57	6	51	25	16	10	58	18	40	18	14	8
Seamstresses	66	20	46	25	15	6	130	65	65	40	16	9
Servants and waitresses	152	25	127	80	27	20	184	93	91	54	27	10
Stenographers and typewriters	21	2	19	11	6	2	26	14	12	7	3	2
Tailoresses	64	8	56	31	11	14	66	27	39	18	11	10
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	47	4	43	25	10	8	26	11	27	16	7	4
Telegraph and telephone operators	2		2	2			7	1	6	4		2
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	8		8	2	2	4	16	2	14	7	3	4
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	7	1	6	4	1	1	7	4	3	2	1	
Woolen mill operatives	19	1	18	9	6	3	13	5	8	4	2	2
All other occupations	374	73	301	178	73	50	406	183	223	146	50	27
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	403	76	327	212	79	36	631	300	331	232	73	26
Boarding and lodging house keepers	46	15	31	21	9	1	95	60	35	25	7	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	9	1	8	4	2	2	13	3	10	5	3	2
Clerks and copyists	4		4	1	2	1	14	5	9	7	2	
Dressmakers	83	16	67	46	13	8	133	58	75	47	22	6
Housekeepers and stewardesses	11	1	10	7	2	1	21	13	8	4	2	2
Laundresses	27	5	22	14	6	2	41	24	17	12	3	2
Milliners	10	1	9	5	4		16	5	11	6	5	
Musicians and teachers of music	13	1	12	8	4		21	10	11	9		2
Nurses and midwives	9	3	6	3	2	1	39	15	24	19	3	2
Saleswomen	13	2	11	6	3	2	20	8	12	7	5	
Seamstresses	15	5	10	6	1	3	39	18	21	15	5	1
Servants and waitresses	26	3	23	16	4	3	30	10	20	13	6	1
Stenographers and typewriters	10		10	7	2	1	15	10	5	3	2	
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	19	2	17	10	6	1	22	7	15	10	3	2
Telegraph and telephone operators	1		1	1			3	1	2	2		
All other occupations	107	21	86	57	19	10	109	53	56	48	5	3
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	454	94	360	199	89	72	573	253	320	177	90	53
Bookkeepers and accountants	7	1	6	5		1	17	8	9	4	2	3
Clerks and copyists	9	2	7	3	2	2	3	2	1			1
Dressmakers	72	18	54	35	10	9	111	44	67	44	14	9
Housekeepers and stewardesses	9	2	7	6		1	13	5	8	4	3	1
Laundresses	42	11	31	17	8	6	66	34	32	19	9	4
Milliners	15		15	9	2	4	10	5	5	1	1	3
Musicians and teachers of music	8	2	6	5		1	7	2	5	3	2	
Nurses and midwives	9		9	4	2	3	30	10	20	11	5	4
Packers and shippers	1		1			1	4		4	2	1	1
Saleswomen	25	4	21	11	6	4	27	7	20	9	7	4
Seamstresses	26	6	20	8	10	2	40	21	19	10	6	3
Servants and waitresses	38	9	29	19	7	3	45	23	22	10	10	2
Stenographers and typewriters	7	1	6	1	4	1	8	3	5	3	1	1
Tailoresses	20	5	15	8	4	3	20	6	14	4	6	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	19	1	18	7	4	7	9	2	7	3	3	1

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CLEVELAND, OHIO—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Telegraph and telephone operators	203	8	195	60	54	81	200	8	192	59	54	79
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	108	.....	108	27	34	47	105	.....	105	26	34	45
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	96	5	91	18	26	47	92	2	90	18	26	46
Woolen mill operatives	123	2	121	27	36	58	123	2	121	27	36	58
All other occupations	1,701	192	1,509	431	478	602	1,401	82	1,319	322	426	571
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	5,397	917	4,480	1,730	1,406	1,342	3,421	242	3,179	994	1,066	1,119
Boarding and lodging house keepers	137	77	60	32	12	16	6	5	1	.....	1	.....
Clerks and copyists	98	10	88	26	40	22	93	9	84	24	39	21
Dressmakers	674	80	594	239	178	177	486	30	456	183	135	138
Housekeepers and stewardesses	72	14	58	29	17	12	42	6	36	15	12	9
Laundresses	629	206	423	234	116	73	130	22	108	40	33	30
Merchants and dealers	183	59	124	62	35	27	21	13	8	6	1	1
Milliners	110	12	98	36	28	34	79	3	76	23	22	31
Nurses and midwives	144	42	102	59	27	16	38	3	35	20	8	7
Saleswomen	254	15	239	76	80	83	224	12	212	66	71	75
Seamstresses	336	44	292	98	88	106	269	12	257	78	79	100
Servants and waitresses	547	77	470	181	154	135	408	24	384	136	129	119
Stenographers and typewriters	113	10	103	34	32	37	106	8	98	30	32	36
Tailoresses	491	30	461	143	138	180	414	10	404	113	127	164
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	115	24	91	35	24	32	101	21	80	26	23	31
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	141	3	138	43	51	44	121	1	120	35	46	39
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	128	4	124	34	50	40	118	2	116	28	48	40
Woolen mill operatives	140	9	131	44	50	37	108	3	105	31	42	32
All other occupations	1,085	201	884	325	288	271	657	58	599	160	213	226
NEGRO.												
All occupations	440	142	298	201	52	45	163	44	119	56	32	31
Laundresses	125	43	82	60	13	9	22	7	15	10	4	1
Servants and waitresses	124	36	88	52	13	20	66	19	47	21	11	15
All other occupations	191	60	131	89	26	16	75	18	57	25	17	15

DETROIT, MICH.

OCCUPATION.	ALL CLASSES.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
All occupations	15,871	1,854	14,017	4,673	4,289	5,055	12,923	900	12,023	3,528	3,776	4,719
Boarding and lodging house keepers	303	142	161	89	47	25	40	21	19	10	4	5
Bookkeepers and accountants	610	42	568	199	190	179	591	38	553	189	188	176
Boxmakers (paper)	242	5	237	46	76	115	237	5	232	45	75	112
Clerks and copyists	1,065	70	995	330	314	351	1,007	54	953	304	302	347
Dressmakers	2,189	325	1,864	646	553	665	1,698	158	1,540	466	463	611
Housekeepers and stewardesses	147	25	122	62	28	32	92	12	80	42	18	20
Laborers (not specified)	220	29	191	48	69	74	108	7	101	31	63	67
Laundresses	823	186	637	256	168	213	368	21	347	76	102	169
Merchants and dealers	274	37	187	100	45	42	79	20	59	25	13	21
Milliners	447	42	405	146	118	141	386	26	360	114	112	134
Musicians and teachers of music	343	41	302	139	94	69	297	28	269	119	86	64
Nurses and midwives	221	65	156	80	46	30	83	15	68	30	21	17
Packers and shippers	235	12	223	64	63	96	226	10	216	62	60	94
Saleswomen	857	54	803	243	263	297	793	41	752	217	246	289
Seamstresses	634	67	567	182	167	218	540	32	508	145	152	211
Servants and waitresses	1,116	122	994	347	269	378	823	59	764	220	203	341
Stenographers and typewriters	716	66	650	209	242	199	693	57	636	198	240	198
Tailoresses	776	64	712	187	225	300	685	39	646	150	209	287
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	875	121	754	311	217	226	827	108	719	290	209	220
Telegraph and telephone operators	288	16	272	77	77	118	279	14	265	74	75	116
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	921	36	885	198	314	373	870	23	847	164	309	374
All other occupations	2,569	237	2,332	724	706	902	2,141	113	2,028	557	626	846

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

CLEVELAND, OHIO—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Telegraph and telephone operators							3		3	1		2
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1		1			1	2		2	1		1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	2	1	1			1	2	2				
Woolen mill operatives												
All other occupations	144	31	113	61	30	22	156	79	77	48	20	9
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	771	127	644	371	161	112	1,305	548	657	365	181	111
Boarding and lodging house keepers	34	16	18	13		5	87	56	41	19	11	11
Clerks and copyists	3		3	2	1		2	1	1			1
Dressmakers	79	7	72	38	21	13	109	43	66	38	22	6
Housekeepers and stewardesses	7	2	5	4		1	23	6	17	10	5	2
Laundresses	175	31	144	92	33	19	324	153	171	102	45	24
Merchants and dealers	61	5	56	31	14	11	101	41	60	25	20	15
Milliners	10	1	9	7		2	21	8	13	6	6	1
Nurses and midwives	36	7	29	14	11	4	70	32	38	25	8	5
Saleswomen	19		19	8	7	4	11	3	8	2	2	4
Seamstresses	20	8	12	7	4	1	47	24	23	13	5	5
Servants and waitresses	54	7	47	23	14	10	85	46	39	22	11	6
Stenographers and typewriters	4	1	3	3			3	1	2	1		1
Tailoresses	41	3	38	21	7	10	36	17	19	9	4	6
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	7	1	6	6			7	2	5	3	1	1
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	7		7	2	2	3	13	2	11	6	3	2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	5		5	4	1		5	2	3	2	1	
Woolen mill operatives	19	1	18	9	6	3	13	5	8	4	2	2
All other occupations	190	37	153	87	40	26	238	106	132	78	35	19
NEGRO.												
All occupations	137	29	108	89	11	8	140	69	71	56	9	6
Laundresses	46	10	36	27	5	4	57	26	31	23	4	4
Servants and waitresses	34	6	28	22	2	4	24	14	10	9		1
All other occupations	57	13	44	40	4		59	29	30	24	5	1

DETROIT, MICH.

ALL CLASSES.

All occupations	1,065	205	860	502	213	145	1,883	749	1,134	643	300	191
Boarding and lodging house keepers	74	26	48	27	13	8	189	95	94	52	30	12
Bookkeepers and accountants	8	1	7	5		2	11	3	8	5	2	1
Boxmakers (paper)	3		3		1	2	2		2	1		1
Clerks and copyists	22	5	17	10	5	2	36	11	25	16	7	2
Dressmakers	170	28	142	82	34	26	321	139	182	98	56	28
Housekeepers and stewardesses	15		15	4	4	7	40	13	27	16	6	5
Laborers (not specified)	24	10	14	6	3	5	28	12	16	11	3	2
Laundresses	127	28	99	65	21	13	328	137	191	115	43	33
Merchants and dealers	68	10	58	30	12	7	127	57	70	36	20	14
Milliners	36	4	32	22	6	4	25	12	13	10		3
Musicians and teachers of music	22	5	17	12	2	3	24	8	16	8	6	2
Nurses and midwives	33	7	26	16	8	2	105	43	62	34	17	11
Packers and shippers	4		4	1	1	2	5	2	3	1	2	
Saleswomen	30	2	28	14	12	2	34	11	23	12	5	6
Seamstresses	35	10	25	13	9	3	59	25	34	24	6	4
Servants and waitresses	102	17	85	50	27	8	191	46	145	77	39	29
Stenographers and typewriters	9	2	7	5	1	1	14	7	7	6	1	
Tailoresses	38	7	31	14	9	8	53	18	35	23	7	5
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	13	2	11	5	5	1	35	11	24	16	3	5
Telegraph and telephone operators	4		4	1	1	2	5	2	3	2	1	
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	28	4	24	17	3	4	23	9	14	7	2	5
All other occupations	200	37	163	94	36	33	228	88	140	73	44	23

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

DETROIT, MICH.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	2,747	431	2,316	1,032	737	547	2,142	228	1,914	785	641	488
Bookkeepers and accountants	132	16	116	55	39	22	126	15	111	52	38	21
Clerks and copyists	286	19	247	103	84	60	241	15	226	88	81	57
Dressmakers	372	92	280	133	87	60	227	32	195	84	63	48
Housekeepers and stewardesses	24	4	20	14	3	3	16	4	12	8	2	2
Milliners	106	11	95	42	27	26	89	8	81	31	26	25
Musicians and teachers of music	116	11	105	58	28	19	100	7	93	60	26	17
Nurses and midwives	46	19	27	17	7	3	15	6	9	3	4	2
Saleswomen	119	7	112	48	37	27	109	6	103	45	33	25
Seamstresses	94	15	79	35	25	19	72	7	65	25	24	16
Servants and waitresses	128	22	106	45	25	36	89	13	76	27	17	32
Stenographers and typewriters	201	21	180	69	79	32	191	18	173	63	78	32
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	301	50	251	127	77	47	282	43	239	120	73	46
All other occupations	842	144	698	286	219	193	585	54	531	189	177	165
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	7,733	619	7,114	1,970	2,202	2,942	7,041	412	6,629	1,706	2,058	2,865
Bookkeepers and accountants	343	17	326	98	111	117	338	16	322	97	110	115
Boxmakers (paper)	172	5	167	27	55	85	171	5	166	27	55	84
Clerks and copyists	592	35	557	156	169	230	576	30	546	154	163	229
Dressmakers	1,049	108	941	269	269	403	916	71	845	223	237	385
Housekeepers and stewardesses	55	5	50	24	11	15	44	3	41	18	9	14
Laborers (not specified)	98	4	94	19	36	39	90	2	88	15	35	38
Laundresses	288	34	254	68	56	100	194	6	188	42	51	95
Milliners	231	19	212	65	62	85	209	10	199	56	61	82
Musicians and teachers of music	149	19	130	49	46	35	142	17	125	45	45	35
Nurses and midwives	46	11	35	15	12	8	23	2	21	8	7	6
Packers and shippers	128	4	124	32	37	55	126	4	122	31	37	54
Saleswomen	514	32	482	131	160	191	487	27	460	120	153	187
Seamstresses	318	25	293	83	74	136	294	17	277	75	89	133
Servants and waitresses	464	30	434	114	115	205	409	17	392	91	103	198
Stenographers and typewriters	383	38	345	96	129	120	372	33	339	92	128	119
Tailoresses	408	33	375	81	122	172	379	24	355	89	117	169
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	454	53	401	147	115	139	437	50	387	139	111	137
Telegraph and telephone operators	160	7	153	45	43	65	156	7	149	43	42	64
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	463	15	448	84	160	204	452	13	439	77	160	202
All other occupations	1,438	125	1,313	365	410	538	1,226	58	1,168	284	366	519
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	5,032	725	4,307	1,520	1,286	1,501	3,581	244	3,337	980	1,036	1,321
Boarding and lodging house keepers	143	64	79	44	19	16	12	7	5	4	.....	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	135	9	126	46	40	40	127	7	120	40	40	40
Clerks and copyists	206	16	190	69	61	60	189	9	180	62	58	60
Dressmakers	729	121	608	224	189	195	528	54	474	146	156	173
Housekeepers and stewardesses	63	14	49	23	14	12	32	5	27	18	7	4
Laborers (not specified)	94	16	78	24	22	32	61	4	57	13	18	26
Laundresses	388	107	281	122	77	82	122	9	120	24	37	59
Merchants and dealers	159	56	103	55	27	21	32	9	23	11	6	6
Milliners	106	12	94	37	29	28	84	8	76	25	26	25
Nurses and midwives	125	35	90	46	26	18	41	7	34	17	9	8
Saleswomen	223	15	208	63	66	79	196	8	188	51	60	77
Seamstresses	206	23	183	58	64	61	166	8	158	42	56	60
Servants and waitresses	400	51	349	140	95	114	259	21	238	83	64	91
Stenographers and typewriters	129	7	122	42	33	47	127	6	121	41	33	47
Tailoresses	306	24	282	84	92	106	257	13	244	64	82	98
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	113	17	96	33	25	38	101	14	87	27	25	35
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	444	19	425	99	150	176	410	10	400	85	146	169
All other occupations	1,063	119	944	311	257	376	830	45	785	229	214	342

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

DETROIT, MICH.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	241	49	192	113	49	30	364	154	210	134	47	29
Bookkeepers and accountants	3	1	2	1	.....	1	3	.....	3	2	1	.....
Clerks and copyists	11	2	9	8	.....	1	14	2	12	7	3	2
Dressmakers	45	7	38	22	9	7	100	53	47	27	15	5
Housekeepers and stewardesses	4	.....	4	2	1	1	4	.....	4	4	.....	.....
Milliners	10	1	9	7	2	.....	7	2	5	4	.....	1
Musicians and teachers of music	8	1	7	5	1	1	8	3	5	3	1	1
Nurses and midwives	6	3	3	2	1	.....	25	10	15	12	2	1
Saleswomen	4	.....	4	1	3	.....	6	1	5	2	1	2
Seamstresses	6	.....	6	5	.....	1	16	8	8	5	1	2
Servants and waitresses	22	5	17	10	6	1	17	4	13	8	2	3
Stenographers and typewriters	4	.....	4	3	1	.....	6	3	3	3	.....	.....
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	4	.....	4	1	2	1	15	7	8	6	2	.....
All other occupations	114	29	85	46	23	16	143	61	82	51	19	12
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	253	52	201	109	56	36	439	155	284	155	88	41
Bookkeepers and accountants	2	.....	2	1	.....	1	3	1	2	.....	1	1
Boxmakers (paper)	1	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clerks and copyists	6	1	5	.....	4	1	10	4	6	4	2	.....
Dressmakers	49	11	38	17	13	8	84	26	58	29	19	10
Housekeepers and stewardesses	4	.....	4	2	1	1	7	2	5	4	1	.....
Laborers (not specified)	4	1	3	2	.....	1	4	1	3	2	1	.....
Laundresses	21	8	13	8	5	.....	53	20	33	18	10	5
Milliners	11	2	9	7	1	1	11	7	4	2	.....	2
Musicians and teachers of music	4	1	3	3	.....	.....	3	1	2	1	1	.....
Nurses and midwives	6	1	5	3	1	1	17	8	9	4	4	1
Packers and shippers	2	.....	2	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Saleswomen	9	.....	9	3	4	2	18	5	13	8	3	2
Seamstresses	8	3	5	1	3	1	16	5	11	7	2	2
Servants and waitresses	20	4	16	7	6	3	35	9	26	16	6	4
Stenographers and typewriters	4	1	3	2	.....	1	7	4	3	2	1	.....
Tailoresses	12	2	10	7	2	1	17	7	10	5	3	2
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	5	1	4	1	3	.....	12	2	10	7	1	2
Telegraph and telephone operators	1	.....	1	.....	.....	1	3	.....	3	2	1	.....
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	7	1	6	5	.....	1	4	1	3	2	.....	1
All other occupations	77	15	62	39	13	10	135	52	83	42	32	9
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	494	95	399	233	96	70	967	396	571	307	154	110
Boarding and lodging house keepers	38	12	26	13	6	7	93	45	48	27	13	8
Bookkeepers and accountants	3	.....	3	3	.....	.....	5	2	3	3	.....	.....
Clerks and copyists	5	2	3	2	1	.....	12	5	7	5	2	.....
Dressmakers	70	9	61	39	12	10	131	58	73	39	22	12
Housekeepers and stewardesses	5	.....	5	.....	2	3	26	9	17	7	5	5
Laborers (not specified)	15	6	9	3	2	4	18	6	12	8	2	2
Laundresses	64	14	50	33	11	6	195	84	111	65	29	17
Merchants and dealers	41	5	36	23	8	5	86	42	44	21	13	10
Milliners	15	1	14	8	3	3	7	3	4	4	.....	.....
Nurses and midwives	21	3	18	11	6	1	63	25	38	18	11	9
Saleswomen	17	2	15	10	5	.....	10	5	5	2	1	2
Seamstresses	19	7	12	6	5	1	21	8	13	10	3	.....
Servants and waitresses	35	7	28	16	9	3	106	23	83	41	22	20
Stenographers and typewriters	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....
Tailoresses	21	4	17	6	6	5	28	7	21	14	4	3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	4	1	3	3	.....	.....	8	2	6	3	.....	3
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	17	2	15	10	2	3	17	7	10	4	2	4
All other occupations	103	19	84	47	18	19	130	55	75	35	25	15

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

DETROIT, MICH.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NEGRO.												
All occupations	359	79	280	151	64	65	159	16	143	57	41	45
Laundresses	116	33	82	50	12	20	24	3	21	6	7	8
Servants and waitresses	124	19	105	48	34	23	66	8	58	19	19	20
All other occupations	120	27	93	53	18	22	69	5	64	32	15	17

FALL RIVER, MASS.

ALL CLASSES.[1]												
All occupations	13,220	1,007	12,213	3,770	3,001	5,442	9,143	522	8,621	1,595	2,253	4,773
Bookkeepers and accountants	125	8	117	38	40	39	114	8	106	30	38	38
Clerks and copyists	149	7	142	40	48	54	140	6	134	37	46	51
Cotton mill operatives	8,944	521	8,423	2,566	1,948	3,909	5,938	267	5,731	909	1,420	3,402
Dressmakers	527	71	456	163	112	181	326	32	293	68	80	145
Hat and cap makers	191	10	181	62	40	89	154	7	147	31	36	80
Housekeepers and stewardesses	132	20	112	48	33	31	61	5	56	20	13	23
Laundresses	159	47	112	37	28	27	50	13	37	8	13	16
Milliners	140	6	134	38	36	60	121	5	116	29	28	59
Nurses and midwives	63	15	48	21	14	13	31	5	26	6	8	12
Saleswomen	238	20	218	66	56	96	207	15	192	50	51	91
Servants and waitresses	154	25	129	39	45	45	83	6	77	17	24	36
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	336	51	285	102	95	88	316	48	268	90	92	86
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1,435	68	1,367	347	365	655	1,179	51	1,128	198	313	617
All other occupations	627	138	489	193	141	155	364	54	310	102	91	117
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	1,049	151	898	379	273	246	787	99	688	248	228	212
Cotton mill operatives	301	19	282	86	83	113	223	7	216	48	73	95
Dressmakers	93	22	71	40	17	14	47	13	34	14	11	9
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	169	34	135	60	53	22	155	34	121	50	50	21
All other occupations	486	76	410	193	120	97	362	45	317	136	94	87
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	4,370	249	4,130	1,063	1,080	1,987	3,608	169	3,439	625	943	1,871
Cotton mill operatives	2,100	105	1,995	516	482	997	1,687	73	1,614	269	410	935
Dressmakers	143	11	132	38	34	60	120	6	114	28	32	54
Saleswomen	107	7	100	20	28	48	97	5	92	26	21	45
Servants and waitresses	45	6	39	10	9	20	36	3	33	8	6	19
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	137	10	127	38	39	50	134	9	125	37	39	49
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1,336	58	1,278	312	340	626	1,096	43	1,053	170	293	590
All other occupations	502	43	459	120	153	186	438	30	408	87	142	179
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	7,759	597	7,162	2,312	1,646	3,204	4,736	251	4,485	716	1,082	2,687
Cotton mill operatives	6,542	396	6,146	1,964	1,383	2,799	4,088	187	3,901	592	937	2,372
Dressmakers	289	37	252	85	60	107	158	13	145	26	37	82
Hat and cap makers	96	4	92	31	16	45	66	2	64	12	15	37
Housekeepers and stewardesses	99	13	86	33	24	29	44	3	41	13	7	21
Laundresses	94	31	63	36	17	10	20	8	12	6	4	2
Servants and waitresses	80	10	70	19	29	22	34	2	32	3	13	16
All other occupations	559	106	453	144	117	192	326	36	290	65	69	156

[1] Includes 42 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME. CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

DETROIT, MICH.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NEGRO.												
All occupations	77	9	68	47	12	9	123	54	69	47	11	11
Laundresses	32	4	28	20	4	4	59	26	33	24	1	8
Servants and waitresses	25	1	24	17	6	1	33	10	23	12	9	2
All other occupations	20	4	16	10	2	4	31	18	13	11	1	1

FALL RIVER, MASS.

ALL CLASSES.[1]												
All occupations	3,210	180	3,030	1,910	565	555	867	305	562	265	183	114
Bookkeepers and accountants	11		11	8	2	1						
Clerks and copyists	8	1	7	2	2	3	1		1	1		
Cotton mill operatives	2,501	111	2,390	1,527	430	433	445	143	302	130	98	74
Dressmakers	138	8	130	78	24	28	64	31	33	17	8	8
Hat and cap makers	33	1	32	19	4	9	4	2	2	2		
Housekeepers and stewardesses	11	4	7	2	4	1	60	11	49	26	16	7
Laundresses	57	11	46	35	4	7	52	23	29	14	11	4
Milliners	14		14	8	5	1	5	1	4	1	3	
Nurses and midwives	9		9	6	3		23	10	13	9	3	1
Saleswomen	21	1	20	14	2	4	10	4	6	2	3	1
Servants and waitresses	40	9	31	15	11	5	31	10	21	7	10	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	10	1	9	6	2	1	10	2	8	6	1	1
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	224	9	215	138	42	35	32	8	24	11	10	3
All other occupations	133	24	109	52	30	27	130	60	70	30	20	11
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	164	15	149	93	26	30	98	37	61	38	19	4
Cotton mill operatives	65	3	62	36	9	17	13	9	4	2	1	1
Dressmakers	25	2	23	16	2	5	21	7	14	10	4	
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	8		8	5	2	1	6		6	5	1	
All other occupations	66	10	56	36	13	7	58	21	37	21	13	3
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	647	33	614	403	113	98	115	38	77	35	24	18
Cotton mill operatives	361	16	345	231	62	52	52	16	36	16	10	10
Dressmakers	16	1	15	9	1	5	7	4	3	1	1	1
Saleswomen	7	1	6	3	1	2	3	1	2		1	1
Servants and waitresses	8	2	6	2	3	1	1	1				
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	2	1	1	1			1		1			1
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	211	7	204	132	38	34	29	8	21	10	9	2
All other occupations	42	5	37	25	8	4	22	8	14	8	3	3
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	2,381	124	2,257	1,408	424	425	642	222	420	188	140	92
Cotton mill operatives	2,074	91	1,983	1,260	359	364	380	118	262	112	87	63
Dressmakers	96	5	91	53	20	18	55	19	16	6	3	7
Hat and cap makers	27	1	26	17	1	8	3	1	2	2		
Housekeepers and stewardesses	6	2	4	1	2	1	49	8	41	19	15	7
Laundresses	33	4	29	22	3	4	41	19	22	9	10	3
Servants and waitresses	21	3	18	9	6	3	25	5	20	7	10	3
All other occupations	124	18	106	46	33	27	109	52	57	33	15	9

[1] Includes 42 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES.												
All occupations	10,487	1,807	8,680	3,578	2,632	2,470	6,740	646	6,094	2,015	2,008	2,071
Boarding and lodging house keepers	450	241	209	138	49	22	35	27	9	3	4	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	385	40	345	118	118	109	351	31	320	100	116	105
Clerks and copyists	296	33	263	105	69	89	256	20	236	86	64	86
Cotton mill operatives	135	5	130	45	33	52	118	1	117	38	31	48
Dressmakers	979	193	786	341	237	208	548	61	487	177	152	158
Housekeepers and stewardesses	100	26	74	37	22	15	53	5	48	21	15	12
Laborers (not specified)	130	13	117	36	36	45	86	5	81	16	26	39
Laundresses	1,158	283	875	433	241	201	299	42	257	89	76	92
Milliners	403	37	366	144	115	107	333	25	308	108	104	96
Musicians and teachers of music	171	25	146	68	46	32	123	13	110	46	36	28
Nurses and midwives	165	46	119	64	30	25	74	18	56	23	18	20
Saleswomen	621	50	571	205	198	168	550	31	519	175	182	162
Seamstresses	916	132	784	300	223	241	609	64	545	161	175	209
Servants and waitresses	1,198	232	966	390	277	299	646	66	580	176	192	212
Stenographers and typewriters	646	64	582	227	180	175	614	58	556	207	176	173
Tailoresses	260	46	214	91	67	56	176	21	155	46	55	54
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	629	79	550	214	197	139	555	65	490	173	182	135
All other occupations	1,845	242	1,603	622	494	487	1,313	93	1,220	370	410	440
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	5,304	962	4,322	1,960	1,312	1,050	3,506	377	3,129	1,208	1,056	865
Boarding and lodging house keepers	307	168	139	93	32	14	25	19	6	3	2	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	247	30	217	90	76	51	222	23	199	77	74	48
Clerks and copyists	182	21	141	56	34	41	139	13	126	53	34	39
Dressmakers	568	131	437	234	122	101	265	32	233	104	61	68
Housekeepers and stewardesses	46	17	29	17	8	4	20	3	17	8	7	2
Laundresses	209	51	158	79	46	33	66	7	59	23	16	20
Milliners	266	26	240	102	78	60	214	17	197	72	71	54
Musicians and teachers of music	107	14	93	49	27	17	74	7	67	33	20	14
Nurses and midwives	94	24	70	40	20	10	40	11	29	15	7	7
Saleswomen	347	33	314	117	117	80	298	20	278	97	107	74
Seamstresses	528	104	424	183	130	109	317	39	278	91	101	86
Servants and waitresses	331	82	249	109	64	76	189	30	159	54	51	54
Stenographers and typewriters	442	46	396	186	114	96	413	40	373	169	110	94
Tailoresses	123	31	92	51	26	15	67	13	54	21	20	13
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	404	58	346	132	136	78	367	48	319	114	130	75
All other occupations	1,103	146	957	430	282	245	790	55	735	274	245	216
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	2,889	321	2,568	771	799	998	2,418	185	2,233	565	707	961
Bookkeepers and accountants	117	10	107	22	38	47	111	8	103	19	37	47
Clerks and copyists	119	9	110	32	31	47	110	7	103	30	27	46
Dressmakers	288	41	247	75	87	85	237	25	212	61	77	74
Laundresses	161	35	126	46	38	42	112	14	98	25	32	41
Milliners	120	7	113	40	32	41	104	5	99	34	28	37
Saleswomen	232	16	216	77	67	72	216	10	206	70	64	72
Seamstresses	297	28	269	77	79	113	249	20	229	54	67	108
Servants and waitresses	180	20	160	50	39	71	145	6	139	37	34	68
Stenographers and typewriters	184	17	167	38	54	75	181	17	164	35	54	75
Tailoresses	113	10	103	30	34	39	96	7	89	18	31	39
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	160	14	146	49	45	52	144	12	132	39	42	51
All other occupations	918	114	804	235	265	314	713	54	659	142	214	303
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	647	139	508	206	152	150	340	28	312	95	99	118
Servants and waitresses	81	9	52	21	12	19	41	2	39	15	12	12
All other occupations	586	130	456	185	140	131	299	26	273	80	87	106

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES.												
All occupations	1,430	190	1,240	776	255	209	2,317	971	1,346	787	369	190
Boarding and lodging house keepers	107	28	79	56	15	8	307	186	121	79	30	12
Bookkeepers and accountants	16	2	14	9	1	4	18	7	11	9	2	
Clerks and copyists	22	4	18	14	2	2	18	9	9	5	3	1
Cotton mill operatives	10	2	8	4		4	7	2	5	3	2	
Dressmakers	154	15	139	81	37	21	277	117	160	83	48	29
Housekeepers and stewardesses	11	5	6	4	1	1	36	16	20	12	6	2
Laborers (not specified)	30	2	28	14	8	6	14	6	8	6	2	
Laundresses	339	50	289	161	68	60	526	191	329	183	97	49
Milliners	33	1	32	21	5	6	37	11	26	15	6	5
Musicians and teachers of music	20	2	18	14	3	1	28	10	18	8	7	3
Nurses and midwives	21	3	18	9	6	3	76	25	45	22	11	2
Saleswomen	37	4	33	22	8	3	34	15	19	8	8	3
Seamstresses	103	16	87	55	19	13	204	72	132	84	29	19
Servants and waitresses	215	30	185	109	31	45	337	136	201	165	54	42
Stenographers and typewriters	14	1	13	10	2	1	18	5	13	10	2	1
Tailoresses	30	2	28	22	5	1	54	23	31	23	7	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	37		37	29	6	2	37	14	23	12	9	2
All other occupations	231	23	208	142	38	28	301	126	175	110	46	19
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	666	89	577	386	165	86	1,132	516	616	386	151	79
Boarding and lodging house keepers	75	22	53	39	8	6	207	127	80	51	22	7
Bookkeepers and accountants	9	1	8	5		3	16	6	10	8	2	
Clerks and copyists	11	1	10	9		1	12	7	5	4		1
Dressmakers	119	10	109	64	30	15	204	89	115	66	31	18
Housekeepers and stewardesses	7	3	4	3		1	19	11	8	6	1	1
Laundresses	47	11	36	22	8	6	96	33	63	34	22	7
Milliners	26	1	25	18	4	3	26	8	18	12	3	3
Musicians and teachers of music	16	2	14	11	2	1	17	5	12	5	5	2
Nurses and midwives	10		10	4	4	2	44	13	31	21	9	1
Saleswomen	23	3	20	13	4	3	26	10	16	7	6	3
Seamstresses	76	12	64	40	15	9	135	53	82	54	14	14
Servants and waitresses	50	8	42	26	5	11	92	44	48	29	8	11
Stenographers and typewriters	12	1	11	8	2	1	17	5	12	9	2	1
Tailoresses	19		19	16	2	1	37	18	19	14	4	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	16		16	13	2	1	21	10	11	5	4	2
All other occupations	159	14	126	95	19	22	163	77	86	61	18	7
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	165	20	145	96	30	19	306	116	190	110	62	18
Bookkeepers and accountants	4	1	3	2	1		2	1	1	1		
Clerks and copyists	3		3	1	1	1	6	2	4	1	3	
Dressmakers	17	2	15	8	3	4	34	14	20	6	7	7
Laundresses	9	2	7	7			40	19	21	14	6	1
Milliners	6		6	3	1	2	10	2	8	3	3	2
Saleswomen	9	1	8	6	2		7	5	2	1	1	
Seamstresses	11	1	10	6	2	2	37	7	30	17	10	3
Servants and waitresses	13	3	10	8	1	1	22	11	11	5	4	2
Stenographers and typewriters	2		2	2			1		1	1		
Tailoresses	8		8	5	3		9	3	6	6		
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	6		6	4	1	1	10	2	8	6	2	
All other occupations	77	10	67	44	15	8	128	50	78	49	26	3
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	101	29	72	40	19	13	206	82	124	71	34	19
Servants and waitresses	6	3	3	1		2	14	4	10	5		5
All other occupations	95	26	69	39	19	11	192	78	114	66	34	14

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
	NEGRO.											
All occupations	1,647	365	1,282	621	369	292	476	56	420	147	146	127
Laundresses	717	179	538	281	141	116	104	20	84	36	22	26
Servants and waitresses	626	121	505	210	162	133	271	28	243	70	95	78
All other occupations	304	65	239	130	66	43	101	8	93	41	29	23

JERSEY CITY, N. J.

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	11,644	1,220	10,424	3,208	3,225	3,991	9,390	522	8,877	2,392	2,814	3,671
Bookbinders	226	9	217	58	73	86	223	9	214	58	73	83
Bookkeepers and accountants	443	21	422	124	150	148	424	19	405	118	144	143
Boxmakers (paper)	230	11	219	57	68	94	221	9	212	51	67	94
Clerks and copyists	360	28	331	114	99	118	324	19	305	99	94	112
Dressmakers	1,333	168	1,165	354	357	454	1,019	72	947	292	294	401
Housekeepers and stewardesses	182	27	155	72	33	50	93	5	88	37	20	31
Laundresses	512	149	363	145	113	105	232	22	201	64	70	67
Merchants and dealers	287	90	197	83	69	45	64	18	46	11	23	13
Milliners	315	19	296	75	94	127	278	12	266	60	85	121
Musicians and teachers of music	170	19	151	75	46	30	150	14	136	65	42	29
Nurses and midwives	216	42	174	83	52	39	73	6	67	24	20	23
Packers and shippers	170	8	162	47	44	71	161	5	156	43	43	70
Saleswomen	1,028	46	982	257	286	439	941	25	916	224	281	411
Seamstresses	498	54	444	145	120	179	416	24	392	117	104	171
Servants and waitresses	665	59	606	203	170	233	495	24	471	136	139	196
Silk mill operatives	292	25	267	81	84	102	242	12	230	57	75	98
Stenographers and typewriters	758	34	724	206	234	282	746	31	715	204	232	279
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	612	65	547	143	198	206	585	59	526	131	191	204
Telegraph and telephone operators	136	5	131	30	45	56	129	3	126	28	44	54
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	386	27	359	93	126	140	332	16	316	70	116	130
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	296	34	262	85	76	101	241	19	222	66	62	94
Trunk and leather-case makers, etc	127	5	122	37	36	49	123	4	119	34	36	49
All other occupations	2,403	275	2,128	639	652	837	1,876	95	1,781	443	560	778
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	2,541	255	2,286	790	821	675	2,131	135	1,996	633	741	622
Bookkeepers and accountants	140	11	129	42	51	36	132	10	122	40	48	34
Clerks and copyists	122	11	111	42	39	30	109	9	100	37	36	27
Dressmakers	248	48	200	79	63	58	155	13	142	51	46	45
Saleswomen	244	7	237	70	81	86	230	3	227	63	80	84
Seamstresses	101	10	91	32	29	30	83	7	76	22	25	29
Servants and waitresses	65	3	62	16	22	24	48	.....	48	9	21	18
Stenographers and typewriters	253	16	237	94	81	62	246	14	232	91	80	61
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	245	26	219	66	93	60	229	21	208	59	90	59
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	152	12	140	48	57	35	130	7	123	38	53	32
All other occupations	971	111	860	301	305	254	769	51	718	223	262	233
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	6,424	450	5,974	1,585	1,806	2,633	5,826	278	5,548	1,343	1,081	2,524
Bookbinders	160	6	154	31	52	71	157	6	151	31	52	68
Bookkeepers and accountants	262	10	252	71	80	101	255	9	246	69	78	99
Boxmakers (paper)	147	8	139	31	45	63	140	6	134	27	44	63
Clerks and copyists	199	15	184	54	52	78	187	10	177	49	52	76
Dressmakers	774	70	704	179	221	304	671	43	628	150	195	283
Housekeepers and stewardesses	68	3	65	26	15	24	52	2	50	21	10	19
Laundresses	161	23	138	37	49	52	115	6	109	30	39	40
Milliners	185	7	178	33	51	94	173	5	168	31	47	90
Packers and shippers	122	5	117	31	25	61	117	4	113	28	24	61
Saleswomen	660	27	633	137	185	311	634	18	616	127	182	307

[1] Includes 222 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NEGRO.												
All occupations	496	52	446	254	101	91	673	257	416	220	122	74
Laundresses	261	29	232	121	59	52	362	130	222	124	60	38
Servants and waitresses	146	16	130	74	25	31	209	77	132	66	42	24
All other occupations	91	7	84	59	17	8	112	50	62	30	20	12

JERSEY CITY, N. J.

ALL CLASSES.[1]												
All occupations	833	132	701	389	170	142	1,412	566	846	427	241	178
Bookbinders	2		2			2	1		1			1
Bookkeepers and accountants	9	1	8	3	3	2	10	1	9	3	3	3
Boxmakers (paper)	1		1	1			8	2	6	5	1	
Clerks and copyists	21	5	16	9	3	4	14	4	10	6	2	2
Dressmakers	121	18	103	55	29	19	193	78	115	47	34	34
Housekeepers and stewardesses	20	3	17	9	3	5	69	19	50	26	10	14
Laundresses	91	20	71	45	13	13	198	107	91	36	30	25
Merchants and dealers	85	17	68	32	17	19	138	55	83	40	30	13
Milliners	16		16	9	3	4	21	7	14	8	6	2
Musicians and teachers of music	8	1	7	5	1	1	12	4	8	5	3	
Nurses and midwives	44	2	42	26	10	4	99	34	65	31	22	12
Packers and shippers	3		3	2	1		6	3	3	2		1
Saleswomen	36	9	27	23	1	3	31	12	19	10	4	5
Seamstresses	13	2	11	7	2	2	69	28	41	21	14	6
Servants and waitresses	62	6	56	19	16	21	108	29	79	48	15	16
Silk mill operatives	37	4	33	21	8	4	13	9	4	3	1	
Stenographers and typewriters	8	1	7	3	1	3	4	2	2	1	1	
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	14	2	12	6	4	2	13	4	9	6	3	
Telegraph and telephone operators	3		3	1	1	1	4	3	2	1		1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	25	2	23	12	6	5	29	9	20	11	4	5
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	22	3	19	10	6	3	33	12	21	9	8	4
Trunk and leather-case makers, etc	1		1	1			3	1	2	2		
All other occupations	191	36	155	88	42	25	336	144	192	108	50	34
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	165	28	137	80	38	19	245	92	153	77	42	34
Bookkeepers and accountants	3		3	2	1		5	1	4		2	2
Clerks and copyists	5	1	4		1	3	8	1	7	5	2	
Dressmakers	29	6	23	14	7	2	64	29	35	14	10	11
Saleswomen	6	1	5	5			8	3	5	3	1	2
Seamstresses	5		5	4	1		13	3	10	6	3	1
Servants and waitresses	8	1	7	3		4	9	2	7	4	1	2
Stenographers and typewriters	4	1	3	2		1	3	1	2	1	1	
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	7	1	6	3	2	1	9	4	5	4	1	
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	11		11	6	2	1	11	5	6	2	2	2
All other occupations	87	17	70	39	24	7	115	43	72	39	19	14
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	233	47	186	88	53	45	365	125	240	104	72	64
Bookbinders	2		2			2	1		1			1
Bookkeepers and accountants	6	1	5	1	2	2	1		1	1		
Boxmakers (paper)							7	2	5	4	1	
Clerks and copyists	9	4	5	4		1	3	1	2	1		1
Dressmakers	50	10	40	18	13	9	53	17	36	11	13	12
Housekeepers and stewardesses	3		3	1	1	1	13	1	12	4	4	4
Laundresses	9	3	6	5	1		37	14	23	2	9	12
Milliners	5		5	1	1	3	7	2	5	1	3	1
Packers and shippers	3		3	2	1		2	1	1	1		
Saleswomen	13	6	7	5	1	1	13	3	10	5	2	3

[1] Includes 322 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

JERSEY CITY, N. J.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.											
Seamstresses	289	24	265	88	70	107	255	13	242	77	63	102
Servants and waitresses	272	13	259	74	65	120	242	7	235	63	62	110
Silk mill operatives	172	14	158	41	50	67	156	8	148	35	46	67
Stenographers and typewriters	465	16	449	101	146	202	461	15	446	100	146	200
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	339	33	306	68	96	142	328	32	296	63	92	141
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	222	14	208	41	72	95	202	10	192	33	69	90
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	209	22	187	53	52	82	187	14	173	47	47	79
All other occupations	1,718	140	1,578	439	490	649	1,494	70	1,424	362	433	629
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.											
All occupations	2,457	462	1,995	804	551	640	1,347	96	1,251	384	368	499
Dressmakers	289	47	242	85	67	90	182	16	166	46	49	71
Housekeepers and stewardesses	75	17	58	28	14	16	26	3	23	10	7	6
Laundresses	226	95	131	63	38	30	55	10	45	13	17	15
Merchants and dealers	178	58	120	53	37	30	24	13	11	5	3	3
Nurses and midwives	89	19	70	40	18	12	10	.....	10	4	2	4
Saleswomen	122	12	110	48	20	42	95	4	91	32	19	40
Seamstresses	105	20	85	23	20	42	77	4	73	17	16	40
Servants and waitresses	269	38	231	102	59	70	170	13	157	60	42	55
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	142	13	129	46	40	43	105	6	99	28	32	39
All other occupations	962	143	819	316	238	265	663	27	576	169	181	226

KANSAS CITY, MO.

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	9,540	1,867	7,673	3,484	2,275	1,914	5,483	587	4,896	1,790	1,582	1,524
Boarding and lodging house keepers	567	303	264	162	70	32	76	65	11	8	3	.....
Bookkeepers and accountants	398	39	359	136	127	96	348	28	320	113	114	93
Clerks and copyists	312	24	288	106	100	82	278	17	261	94	90	77
Dressmakers	914	217	697	341	215	141	404	66	338	114	119	105
Housekeepers and stewardesses	73	23	50	24	10	16	38	7	31	13	5	13
Laundresses	1,725	457	1,268	646	342	280	469	64	405	127	132	146
Milliners	205	25	180	76	51	53	163	12	151	55	45	51
Musicians and teachers of music	199	24	175	96	49	30	143	15	128	69	34	25
Nurses and midwives	136	32	104	64	27	13	42	11	31	16	10	5
Saleswomen	691	35	656	260	193	203	508	18	490	208	182	100
Seamstresses	622	101	521	231	166	124	358	36	322	116	106	100
Servants and waitresses	940	197	743	344	196	203	497	60	437	153	128	156
Stenographers and typewriters	655	69	586	237	190	159	605	57	548	214	181	153
Tailoresses	154	22	132	53	46	33	98	10	88	26	36	26
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	460	54	406	185	118	103	417	45	372	162	110	100
Telegraph and telephone operators	132	13	119	44	41	34	119	10	109	37	39	33
All other occupations	1,357	232	1,125	479	334	312	830	66	764	255	248	261
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	4,647	824	3,823	1,765	1,198	860	2,958	305	2,653	1,031	903	719
Boarding and lodging house keepers	341	186	155	94	43	18	45	40	5	5	.....	.....
Bookkeepers and accountants	244	27	217	95	81	41	212	20	192	80	74	38
Clerks and copyists	201	14	187	73	67	47	178	11	167	64	60	43
Dressmakers	564	138	426	215	136	75	223	41	182	60	73	49
Housekeepers and stewardesses	22	6	16	8	6	2	10	.....	10	5	4	1
Laundresses	304	69	235	100	72	63	151	13	138	42	49	47
Milliners	111	14	97	52	24	21	84	6	78	38	21	19
Musicians and teachers of music	142	16	126	72	35	19	104	11	93	50	27	16

[1] Includes 1 Indian woman.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

JERSEY CITY, N. J.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Seamstresses	6	1	5	2	1	2	28	10	18	9	6	3
Servants and waitresses	15	2	13	4	3	6	15	4	11	7	.....	4
Silk mill operatives	11	3	8	4	4	.....	5	3	2	2	.....	.....
Stenographers and typewriters	3	.....	3	1	.....	2	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	7	1	6	3	2	1	4	.....	4	2	2	.....
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	9	1	8	2	3	3	11	3	8	6	.....	2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	8	2	6	3	2	1	14	6	8	3	3	2
All other occupations	74	13	61	32	18	11	150	57	93	45	29	19
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	384	52	332	194	70	68	726	314	412	226	113	73
Dressmakers	37	1	36	21	7	8	70	30	40	18	11	11
Housekeepers and stewardesses	6	1	5	1	2	2	43	13	30	17	5	8
Laundresses	54	12	42	26	8	8	117	73	44	24	13	7
Merchants and dealers	58	11	47	21	11	15	96	34	62	27	23	12
Nurses and midwives	30	2	28	19	6	3	49	17	32	17	10	5
Saleswomen	17	2	15	13	.....	2	10	6	4	3	1	.....
Seamstresses	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	27	15	12	6	4	2
Servants and waitresses	27	3	24	9	8	7	72	22	50	33	9	8
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	16	1	15	10	3	2	21	6	15	8	5	2
All other occupations	138	18	120	74	25	21	221	98	123	73	32	18

KANSAS CITY, MO.

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	1,681	249	1,432	939	333	160	2,376	1,031	1,345	765	360	220
Boarding and lodging house keepers	141	34	107	65	29	13	350	304	146	89	38	19
Bookkeepers and accountants	27	3	24	13	9	2	23	8	15	10	4	1
Clerks and copyists	18	2	16	8	6	2	16	5	11	4	4	3
Dressmakers	220	26	194	127	53	14	290	128	166	100	43	22
Housekeepers and stewardesses	8	5	3	3	.....	.....	27	11	16	8	5	3
Laundresses	531	67	464	304	96	64	725	326	399	215	114	70
Milliners	25	5	20	16	3	1	17	8	9	5	3	1
Musicians and teachers of music	35	3	32	22	7	3	21	6	15	5	8	2
Nurses and midwives	30	2	28	21	5	2	64	19	45	27	12	6
Saleswomen	53	8	45	31	8	6	40	9	31	21	3	7
Seamstresses	96	17	79	51	21	7	168	48	120	64	39	17
Servants and waitresses	192	30	162	102	39	21	251	107	144	89	29	26
Stenographers and typewriters	17	1	16	6	7	3	33	11	22	17	2	3
Tailoresses	25	1	24	17	4	3	31	11	20	10	6	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	10	.....	10	8	1	1	33	9	24	15	7	2
Telegraph and telephone operators	8	.....	8	6	1	1	5	3	2	1	1	.....
All other occupations	245	45	200	139	44	17	282	121	161	85	42	34
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	690	99	591	396	140	53	999	420	579	336	155	88
Boarding and lodging house keepers	92	26	66	38	19	9	204	120	84	51	24	9
Bookkeepers and accountants	16	1	15	7	6	2	16	6	10	8	1	1
Clerks and copyists	14	1	13	7	4	2	9	2	7	2	3	2
Dressmakers	143	14	129	83	36	10	198	83	115	72	27	16
Housekeepers and stewardesses	4	2	2	2	.....	.....	8	4	4	1	2	1
Laundresses	56	9	47	36	6	5	97	47	50	22	17	11
Milliners	17	3	14	11	2	1	10	5	5	3	1	1
Musicians and teachers of music	24	1	23	18	3	2	14	4	10	4	5	1

[1] Includes 1 Indian woman.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

KANSAS CITY, MO.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.												
Nurses and midwives	71	21	50	34	10	6	28	7	21	10	8	3
Saleswomen	401	21	380	166	111	103	335	12	323	124	108	96
Seamstresses	418	57	361	153	123	85	227	16	211	69	75	67
Servants and waitresses	172	30	142	69	29	44	103	15	88	30	24	34
Stenographers and typewriters	435	39	396	167	128	101	397	31	366	150	119	97
Tailoresses	84	15	69	31	22	16	45	5	40	13	15	12
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	309	33	276	130	82	64	283	28	255	117	76	62
All other occupations	828	138	690	306	229	155	533	49	484	174	175	135
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	2,053	295	1,758	648	519	591	1,564	126	1,438	449	446	543
Boarding and lodging house keepers	99	60	39	26	8	3	19	14	5	2	3	.....
Bookkeepers and accountants	125	9	117	33	38	46	114	7	107	27	34	46
Dressmakers	235	50	185	75	61	49	136	13	123	40	41	42
Laundresses	162	22	140	52	30	58	103	6	97	25	21	50
Saleswomen	232	11	221	72	67	82	212	6	206	63	65	78
Seamstresses	129	29	100	40	30	30	97	13	84	32	25	27
Servants and waitresses	90	9	81	33	24	24	71	4	67	24	21	22
Stenographers and typewriters	198	27	171	61	55	55	187	24	163	55	55	53
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	92	12	80	29	21	30	86	11	75	25	20	30
All other occupations	690	66	624	225	185	214	539	28	511	155	161	195
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	744	183	561	269	141	151	380	57	323	127	78	118
Dressmakers	85	22	63	36	13	15	40	11	29	12	5	12
Servants and waitresses	61	18	43	23	7	13	37	6	31	15	5	11
All other occupations	598	143	455	211	121	123	303	40	263	100	68	95
NEGRO.												
All occupations	2,095	564	1,531	802	417	312	581	99	482	173	155	154
Laundresses	1,196	349	847	467	228	152	193	44	149	51	55	43
Servants and waitresses	617	140	477	219	136	122	286	35	251	84	78	89
All other occupations	282	75	207	116	53	38	102	20	82	38	22	22

LOUISVILLE, KY.

	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	15,893	2,899	12,994	5,040	3,753	4,201	9,604	1,183	8,421	2,487	2,571	3,363
Boarding and lodging house keepers	269	127	142	75	38	29	38	32	6	4	1	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	347	23	324	111	100	113	321	16	305	102	93	110
Clerks and copyists	349	28	321	94	108	119	319	21	298	85	98	115
Dressmakers	1,354	223	1,131	396	321	414	1,005	116	889	261	254	374
Housekeepers and stewardesses	108	22	86	33	29	24	69	9	60	18	24	18
Laundresses	3,405	831	2,574	1,278	708	588	809	212	597	188	187	222
Merchants and dealers	219	73	146	69	41	36	48	10	38	12	13	13
Milliners	277	17	260	85	75	100	250	14	236	71	70	95
Musicians and teachers of music	172	29	143	62	35	46	131	23	108	42	28	38
Nurses and midwives	280	67	213	111	60	42	136	29	114	46	40	28
Saleswomen	530	38	492	175	209	237	612	26	586	158	199	229
Seamstresses	1,027	170	857	297	260	310	715	74	641	182	183	276
Servants and waitresses	2,770	680	2,090	998	556	536	1,312	293	1,019	352	297	370
Stenographers and typewriters	525	46	479	167	150	162	512	43	469	161	148	160
Tailoresses	928	79	849	251	241	357	816	56	760	198	223	339
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	689	101	588	205	199	184	599	75	524	172	181	171
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	195	9	186	44	51	91	179	5	174	30	49	95
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	987	88	899	190	188	221	308	33	275	116	102	57
Woolen mill operatives	321	29	292	92	70	130	290	16	274	56	64	154
All other occupations	1,312	219	1,093	349	324	420	935	87	848	227	257	364

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

KANSAS CITY, MO.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.												
Nurses and midwives	12	1	11	10	1		31	13	18	14	1	3
Saleswomen	24	4	30	24	5	1	32	5	27	18	3	6
Seamstresses	68	11	57	34	17	6	122	30	43	30	31	12
Servants and waitresses	27	3	24	20	1	3	42	12	30	19	4	7
Stenographers and typewriters	15	1	14	6	7	1	23	7	16	11	2	3
Tailoresses	17	1	16	12	2	2	22	9	13	6	5	2
Teachers and professors in college, etc.	3		3	2	1		23	5	18	11	5	2
All other occupations	146	21	127	88	30	9	147	66	79	44	24	11
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	183	31	152	100	34	18	306	138	168	99	39	30
Boarding and lodging house keepers	13	3	12	9	3		65	43	22	17	2	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	8	1	7	5	2		4	1	3	1	2	
Dressmakers	36	7	29	17	9	3	63	30	33	18	11	4
Laundresses	26	3	23	16	3	4	33	13	20	10	6	4
Saleswomen	15	4	11	6	2	3	5	1	4	3		1
Seamstresses	10	4	6	4	2		22	12	10	4	3	3
Servants and waitresses	8		8	4	3	1	11	5	6	5		1
Stenographers and typewriters	2		2			2	9	3	6	6		
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	1		1	1			5	1	4	3	1	
All other occupations	62	9	53	38	10	5	88	29	60	32	14	14
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	129	26	103	67	23	13	235	100	135	75	40	20
Dressmakers	28	3	20	18	3	1	22	8	14	7	5	2
Servants and waitresses	6	1	5	3	1	1	18	11	7	5	1	1
All other occupations	100	22	78	48	19	11	195	81	114	63	34	17
NEGRO.												
All occupations	679	93	586	374	136	76	835	372	463	255	126	82
Laundresses	438	52	386	247	84	55	565	253	312	169	89	54
Servants and waitresses	151	26	125	75	34	16	180	79	101	60	24	17
All other occupations	90	15	75	52	18	5	90	40	50	26	13	11

LOUISVILLE, KY.

	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	2,678	263	2,415	1,440	557	418	3,611	1,453	2,158	1,113	625	420
Boarding and lodging house keepers	61	9	52	30	11	11	170	86	84	41	26	17
Bookkeepers and accountants	8	2	6	3	1	2	18	5	13	6	6	1
Clerks and copyists	8	1	7	2	4	1	22	6	16	7	6	3
Dressmakers	94	8	86	54	20	12	255	99	156	81	47	28
Housekeepers and stewardesses	6	2	4	2	1	1	33	11	22	13	4	5
Laundresses	1,280	113	1,167	689	271	207	1,316	506	810	401	250	159
Merchants and dealers	39	4	35	21	8	6	132	59	73	36	20	17
Milliners	13		13	8	3	2	14	3	11	6	2	3
Musicians and teachers of music	17		17	8	3	6	24	6	18	12	4	2
Nurses and midwives	38	4	34	20	9	5	106	41	65	45	11	9
Saleswomen	21	4	17	8	6	3	26	8	18	9	4	5
Seamstresses	94	11	83	49	25	9	218	85	133	66	42	25
Servants and waitresses	705	71	634	413	130	91	753	316	437	221	129	87
Stenographers and typewriters	2		2	1	1		11	3	8	5	1	2
Tailoresses	30	2	28	16	4	8	82	21	61	37	14	10
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	29	3	26	15	5	6	61	23	38	18	13	7
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	8		8	6	1	1	8	4	4	2	1	1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	80	12	68	41	14	13	99	43	56	33	12	11
Woolen mill operatives	12	1	11	4	4	3	19	12	7	2	2	3
All other occupations	133	16	117	50	36	31	244	116	128	72	31	25

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

LOUISVILLE, KY.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.										
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).				
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—			
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.		
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	4,389	688	3,701	1,328	1,160	1,213	3,315	328	2,987	945	906	1,076
Boarding and lodging house keepers	174	82	92	49	25	18	21	18	3	1	1	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	163	15	148	57	46	45	149	9	140	54	43	43
Clerks and copyists	179	18	161	52	56	53	164	13	151	48	52	51
Dressmakers	515	98	417	172	117	128	338	44	294	105	83	106
Laundresses	170	42	128	53	36	39	76	5	71	22	24	25
Milliners	155	9	146	46	43	57	130	8	131	37	41	53
Nurses and midwives	71	19	52	28	17	7	41	7	34	19	12	3
Saleswomen	256	19	237	71	81	85	231	12	219	61	76	82
Seamstresses	473	84	389	146	113	130	320	34	286	89	82	115
Servants and waitresses	192	49	143	58	34	51	129	28	101	42	23	36
Stenographers and typewriters	268	29	239	93	82	64	259	27	232	89	80	63
Tailoresses	331	23	308	97	96	115	283	14	269	71	86	112
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	325	42	283	104	108	71	289	33	256	90	97	69
Textile mill operatives	115	6	109	37	33	39	103	3	100	21	31	48
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	265	27	238	70	74	94	206	9	200	49	65	86
All other occupations	737	126	611	205	199	207	564	64	500	147	170	183
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	4,711	522	4,189	1,180	1,207	1,802	4,034	318	3,716	940	1,081	1,695
Bookkeepers and accountants	168	8	160	45	53	62	159	7	152	42	49	61
Clerks and copyists	154	10	144	39	46	59	142	8	134	35	42	57
Dressmakers	701	88	613	184	172	257	604	57	547	145	153	249
Laundresses	220	40	180	49	47	84	140	16	125	24	32	69
Milliners	112	7	105	37	28	40	103	5	98	32	26	40
Saleswomen	366	17	349	95	115	139	349	14	335	89	112	134
Seamstresses	407	54	353	88	104	161	341	33	308	68	88	152
Servants and waitresses	207	30	177	62	43	82	169	15	154	42	38	74
Stenographers and typewriters	251	17	234	73	65	96	247	16	231	71	65	95
Tailoresses	543	49	494	129	138	227	494	38	456	110	133	213
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	200	31	175	50	56	69	193	27	166	45	55	66
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	133	6	127	30	31	66	125	3	122	27	30	65
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	341	23	318	63	73	82	303	13	290	45	69	76
Woolen mill operatives	230	17	213	41	50	122	213	12	201	37	47	117
All other occupations	772	125	647	206	186	256	552	55	497	128	142	227
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	805	217	588	261	158	169	371	55	316	110	91	115
Servants and waitresses	81	24	57	23	20	14	52	12	40	12	10	12
All other occupations	724	193	531	238	138	155	319	43	276	98	75	103
NEGRO.												
All occupations	5,888	1,472	4,516	2,271	1,228	1,017	1,884	482	1,402	492	433	477
Laundresses	2,932	716	2,222	1,153	615	454	583	190	393	140	128	125
Nurses and midwives	118	17	101	52	23	26	55	7	48	15	15	18
Seamstresses	101	24	77	41	22	14	34	6	28	13	8	7
Servants and waitresses	2,290	577	1,713	853	459	401	962	238	724	256	220	248
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	139	28	111	44	29	38	102	15	87	31	24	32
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	123	27	96	40	30	26	52	7	45	10	17	18
All other occupations	279	83	196	88	50	58	96	19	77	27	21	29

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

LOUISVILLE, KY.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	322	42	280	154	71	55	752	318	434	229	123	82
Boarding and lodging house keepers	44	3	41	23	11	7	109	61	48	25	13	10
Bookkeepers and accountants	4	1	3	1	1	1	10	5	5	2	2	1
Clerks and copyists	2	1	1			1	13	4	9	4	4	1
Dressmakers	39	1	38	24	7	7	138	53	85	43	27	15
Laundresses	35	8	27	17	4	6	59	29	30	14	8	8
Milliners	7		7	4	1	2	9	1	8	5	1	2
Nurses and midwives	5	1	4		3	1	25	11	14	9	2	3
Saleswomen	10	3	7	4	3		16	4	11	6	2	3
Seamstresses	45	6	39	24	13	2	108	44	64	33	18	13
Servants and waitresses	23	2	21	7	6	8	40	19	21	9	5	7
Stenographers and typewriters	2		2	1	1		7	2	5	3	1	1
Tailoresses	14	1	13	10	1	2	34	8	26	16	9	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	4	1	3	3			32	8	24	11	11	2
Textile mill operatives	7	1	6	4	1	1	5	2	3	2	1	
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	23	3	20	10	5	5	33	15	18	11	4	3
All other occupations	58	10	48	22	14	12	115	52	63	36	15	12
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	184	21	163	81	45	37	493	183	310	189	81	70
Bookkeepers and accountants	3	1	2	1		1	6		6	2	4	
Clerks and copyists	4		4	1	3		8	2	6	3	1	2
Dressmakers	24	5	19	13	5	1	73	26	47	26	14	7
Laundresses	29	4	25	11	6	8	51	21	30	14	9	7
Milliners	6		6	4	2		3	2	1	1		
Saleswomen	9	1	8	3	2	3	8	2	6	3	1	2
Seamstresses	15	2	13	6	4	3	51	19	32	14	12	6
Servants and waitresses	8	2	6	2	1	3	30	13	17	8	4	5
Stenographers and typewriters							4	1	3	2		1
Tailoresses	11	1	10	3	2	5	38	10	28	16	3	9
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	6	1	5	3	1	1	7	3	4	2		2
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	3		3	3			5	3	2		1	1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	10	1	9	5	1	3	26	9	19	13	3	3
Woolen mill operatives	7		7	3	2	2	10	5	5	1	1	3
All other occupations	49	3	46	23	16	7	171	67	104	54	28	22
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	102	19	83	43	19	21	332	143	189	108	48	33
Servants and waitresses	3		3	2	1		26	12	14	9	3	2
All other occupations	99	19	80	41	18	21	306	131	175	99	45	31
NEGRO.												
All occupations	2,070	181	1,889	1,162	422	305	2,034	809	1,225	617	373	235
Laundresses	1,203	95	1,108	658	261	189	1,152	431	721	355	226	140
Nurses and midwives	23		23	17	3	3	40	10	30	20	5	5
Seamstresses	27	1	26	17	6	3	40	17	23	11	8	4
Servants and waitresses	671	67	604	402	122	80	687	272	385	195	117	73
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	17	1	16	9	3	4	20	12	8	4	2	2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	41	6	35	22	8	5	30	14	16	8	5	3
All other occupations	88	11	77	37	19	21	95	53	42	24	10	8

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

LOWELL, MASS.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES.[1]												
All occupations	10,347	1,032	9,315	3,010	2,301	4,004	7,549	555	6,994	1,659	1,812	3,523
Boarding and lodging house keepers	182	85	97	45	22	30	40	24	16	8	2	6
Bookkeepers and accountants	311	36	275	99	86	90	282	32	250	85	80	85
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	118	7	111	29	31	51	89	4	85	16	25	44
Carpet factory operatives	268	25	243	63	65	115	217	16	201	35	57	109
Clerks and copyists	196	19	177	58	54	65	169	14	155	45	48	62
Cotton mill operatives	2,747	207	2,540	867	546	1,127	1,861	103	1,758	399	400	959
Dressmakers	551	95	456	179	119	158	324	47	277	72	79	126
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	1,338	45	1,353	293	350	710	1,219	27	1,192	214	313	665
Housekeepers and stewardesses	172	32	140	48	43	49	90	12	78	22	19	37
Laundresses	144	28	116	58	21	37	43	6	37	13	6	18
Milliners	133	8	125	46	25	54	112	7	105	33	22	50
Nurses and midwives	71	17	54	29	17	8	28	6	22	11	8	3
Saleswomen	333	23	310	96	91	123	270	18	252	58	79	115
Seamstresses	77	20	57	23	13	21	47	7	40	12	9	19
Servants and waitresses	249	45	204	82	51	71	141	20	121	41	29	51
Stenographers and typewriters	99	9	90	35	29	26	96	9	87	33	29	25
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	308	61	247	103	76	68	296	55	241	99	75	67
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1,371	103	1,268	375	246	647	987	57	930	121	180	586
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	128	6	122	34	30	58	95	3	92	18	21	53
Woolen mill operatives	768	50	718	217	209	292	620	30	590	128	185	277
All other occupations	723	111	612	231	177	204	523	58	465	136	146	183
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	1,683	343	1,340	684	391	315	1,197	201	996	414	315	267
Bookkeepers and accountants	123	18	105	54	31	20	108	16	92	45	28	19
Clerks and copyists	97	14	83	38	25	20	83	10	73	33	22	18
Cotton mill operatives	173	32	141	65	40	36	112	17	95	39	28	28
Dressmakers	122	41	81	46	24	11	53	21	32	15	12	5
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	199	17	182	68	56	58	161	10	151	48	49	54
Housekeepers and stewardesses	35	6	29	18	8	3	13	3	10	5	3	2
Saleswomen	66	11	55	28	19	8	53	9	44	19	18	7
Servants and waitresses	49	14	35	20	6	9	27	7	20	9	3	8
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	167	42	125	63	38	24	159	37	122	60	38	24
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	147	19	128	46	44	38	113	14	99	28	38	33
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	71	16	55	33	11	11	43	9	34	19	8	7
All other occupations	434	113	321	155	99	77	272	48	224	94	68	62
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	3,559	241	3,318	870	913	1,535	3,037	167	2,870	626	812	1,432
Bookkeepers and accountants	139	13	126	33	35	58	132	13	119	32	33	54
Carpet factory operatives	147	6	141	28	45	68	133	5	128	21	43	64
Cotton mill operatives	781	43	738	237	181	350	627	28	599	128	152	319
Dressmakers	156	22	134	41	32	61	120	16	104	29	25	50
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	448	10	438	88	120	230	418	8	410	77	113	220
Saleswomen	150	8	142	36	41	65	136	7	128	24	40	64
Servants and waitresses	48	5	43	11	17	15	36	3	32	7	13	12
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	130	17	113	35	35	43	128	17	111	35	34	42
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	516	40	476	136	138	202	420	25	395	93	114	188
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	130	8	122	31	24	67	114	5	109	22	22	65
Woolen mill operatives	330	14	325	89	96	140	305	9	296	63	91	142
All other occupations	576	55	520	144	149	227	470	31	439	95	132	212

[1] Includes 17 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

LOWELL, MASS.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other bread-winners.	Other bread-winners.					No other bread-winners.	Other bread-winners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	1,855	138	1,717	1,053	318	346	943	339	604	293	171	135
Boarding and lodging house keepers	46	9	37	17	10	10	96	52	44	20	10	14
Bookkeepers and accountants	20	1	19	11	3	5	9	3	6	3	3	
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	21		21	12	4	5	8	3	5	1	2	2
Carpet factory operatives	36	4	32	23	6	3	15	5	10	5	2	3
Clerks and copyists	14	1	13	7	3	3	13	4	9	6	3	
Cotton mill operatives	674	41	633	397	97	139	212	63	149	71	49	29
Dressmakers	141	10	131	84	26	21	86	38	48	22	14	11
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	146	6	140	69	32	39	33	12	21	10	5	6
Housekeepers and stewardesses	22	4	18	8	6	4	60	16	44	18	18	8
Laundresses	60	8	52	30	8	14	41	14	27	15	7	5
Milliners	16		16	10	3	3	5	1	4	3		1
Nurses and midwives	15	3	12	7	3	2	28	8	20	11	6	3
Saleswomen	49	2	47	32	9	6	14	3	11	6	3	2
Seamstresses	15	6	9	5	3	1	15	7	8	6	1	1
Servants and waitresses	49	6	43	21	16	6	59	19	40	20	6	14
Stenographers and typewriters	3		3	2		1						
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	5	2	3	2	1		7	4	3	2		1
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	287	15	272	167	49	56	97	31	66	27	17	22
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	26		26	14	8	4	7	3	4	2	1	1
Woolen mill operatives	99	4	95	71	14	10	49	16	33	18	10	5
All other occupations	111	16	95	64	17	14	89	37	52	31	14	7
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	255	39	216	137	43	36	231	103	128	83	33	12
Bookkeepers and accountants	9		9	7	1	1	6	2	4	2	2	
Clerks and copyists	5	1	4	2		2	9	3	6	3	3	
Cotton mill operatives	44	6	38	23	9	6	17	9	8	3	3	2
Dressmakers	37	4	33	19	10	4	32	16	16	12	2	2
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	27	3	24	16	5	3	11	4	7	4	2	1
Housekeepers and stewardesses	7	1	6	4	1	1	15	2	13	9	4	
Saleswomen	7		7	5	1	1	6	2	4	4		
Servants and waitresses	12	2	10	6	3	1	10	5	5	5		
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	3	1	2	2			5	4	1	1		
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	24	2	22	15	3	4	10	3	7	3	3	1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	14	3	11	7	2	2	14	4	10	7	1	2
All other occupations	66	16	50	31	8	11	98	49	47	30	13	4
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	359	22	337	192	74	71	163	52	111	52	27	32
Bookkeepers and accountants	7		7	1	2	4						
Carpet factory operatives	10	1	9	6	1	2	4		4	1	1	2
Cotton mill operatives	115	5	110	64	22	24	39	10	29	15	7	7
Dressmakers	23		23	12	5	6	13	6	7		2	5
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	22		22	8	5	9	8	2	6	3	2	1
Saleswomen	14	1	13	12	1		1		1			1
Servants and waitresses	8		8	3	3	2	5	2	3	1	1	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1		1		1		1		1			1
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	69	4	65	26	18	8	27	11	16	4	6	6
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	11	1	10	6	2	2	5	2	3	3		
Woolen mill operatives	24	2	22	14	3	5	10	3	7	3	2	2
All other occupations	55	8	47	27	11	9	50	16	34	22	6	6

[1] Includes 17 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

LOWELL, MASS.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.										
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).				
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—			
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.		
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.											
All occupations	5,088	446	4,642	1,496	994	2,152	3,306	187	3,119	615	682	1,822
Boarding and lodging house keepers	105	43	62	27	14	21	29	17	12	5	1	6
Carpet factory operatives	106	15	90	32	17	41	72	8	64	13	12	39
Cotton mill operatives	1,793	132	1,661	596	325	741	1,122	58	1,064	232	220	612
Dressmakers	272	32	240	91	63	86	150	10	140	27	42	71
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	751	18	733	137	174	422	640	9	631	80	151	391
Housekeepers and stewardesses	97	19	78	24	26	28	51	6	45	17	11	17
Laundresses	83	16	67	33	14	20	13	3	10	5	2	3
Saleswomen	117	4	113	32	31	50	82	2	80	15	21	44
Servants and waitresses	161	26	135	50	28	47	78	10	68	24	13	31
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	780	54	726	217	79	430	507	24	483	73	41	369
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	133	9	124	36	33	55	95	3	92	20	22	50
Woolen mill operatives	373	30	343	116	101	126	274	18	256	53	83	120
All other occupations	328	48	280	106	80	85	193	19	174	42	63	69

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

	ALL CLASSES.[1]										
All occupations	16,406	1,812	14,594	4,574	4,609	5,420	13,511	869	12,642	3,473	4,077	5,092
Boarding and lodging house keepers	299	145	154	94	37	23	46	27	19	10	5	4
Bookbinders	230	7	223	41	79	103	226	7	219	41	77	101
Bookkeepers and accountants	483	45	438	135	143	160	466	39	427	127	141	159
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	276	16	260	50	91	119	263	10	253	49	86	118
Clerks and copyists	451	19	432	145	139	148	422	16	406	134	127	145
Confectioners	213	21	192	53	59	80	180	8	172	43	52	77
Dressmakers	2,719	267	2,452	804	728	920	2,308	156	2,152	619	651	882
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	574	23	551	102	176	273	557	15	542	98	174	270
Housekeepers and stewardesses	120	33	87	35	30	22	80	19	61	20	24	17
Laundresses	1,027	260	767	334	218	215	377	32	345	92	98	155
Merchants and dealers	240	72	168	84	57	27	53	11	41	15	17	9
Milliners	630	49	581	186	165	230	563	34	529	160	155	214
Musicians and teachers of music	208	28	180	78	53	49	171	17	154	64	68	42
Nurses and midwives	265	54	211	109	56	46	90	16	74	30	20	15
Packers and shippers	199	4	195	45	57	93	197	3	194	44	57	93
Saleswomen	1,396	69	1,327	340	481	506	1,338	63	1,275	316	464	495
Seamstresses	824	94	730	228	219	283	706	40	666	167	199	272
Servants and waitresses	1,085	100	985	318	298	379	949	49	900	272	271	357
Stenographers and typewriters	765	51	714	252	230	232	743	48	695	238	228	229
Tailoresses	656	45	611	178	195	238	569	33	536	136	180	220
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	766	113	653	244	199	210	738	100	638	237	193	208
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	230	10	220	39	78	103	219	6	213	35	76	102
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	206	8	198	49	60	89	196	6	190	44	59	87
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	172	5	167	32	50	85	164	3	161	32	46	83
All other occupations	2,302	274	2,028	599	702	787	1,889	111	1,778	411	629	738
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	2,049	252	1,797	711	612	474	1,713	130	1,583	577	566	440
Bookkeepers and accountants	113	13	100	36	36	28	106	10	96	33	35	28
Clerks and copyists	109	2	107	38	36	33	100	2	98	32	33	33
Dressmakers	258	28	230	98	69	63	203	10	193	76	62	55
Milliners	100	7	93	37	28	28	93	4	89	36	27	26
Nurses and midwives	26	8	18	10	6	2	16	3	13	9	3	1
Saleswoman	226	15	211	62	96	53	217	13	204	61	93	50
Servants and waitresses	103	8	95	33	37	25	90	4	86	29	35	22
Stenographers and typewriters	223	21	202	94	72	36	210	20	190	84	71	35
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	206	33	173	83	50	40	190	26	164	77	47	40
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	113	7	106	42	41	23	100	3	97	35	39	23
All other occupations	572	110	462	178	141	143	383	35	348	105	121	122

[1] Includes 51 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

LOWELL, MASS.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	1,236	77	1,159	719	201	239	546	182	364	162	111	91
Boarding and lodging house keepers	27	3	24	13	7	4	49	23	26	9	6	11
Carpet factory operatives	25	3	22	16	5	1	8	4	4	3		1
Cotton mill operatives	515	30	485	310	66	109	156	44	112	53	39	20
Dressmakers	81	6	75	53	11	11	41	16	25	11	10	4
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	97	3	94	45	22	27	14	6	8	3	1	4
Housekeepers and stewardesses	11	1	10	3	4	3	35	12	23	4	11	8
Laundresses	40	3	37	19	5	13	30	10	20	9	7	4
Saleswomen	28	1	27	15	7	5	7	1	6	2	3	1
Servants and waitresses	29	4	25	12	10	3	44	12	32	14	5	13
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	206	10	196	122	28	46	67	20	47	22	10	15
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	31	2	29	15	10	4	7	4	3	1	1	1
Woolen mill operatives	64	1	63	40	11	3	35	11	24	14	7	3
All other occupations	82	10	72	47	15	10	53	19	34	17	11	6

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

ALL CLASSES.[1]												
All occupations	1,110	170	940	571	214	155	1,785	773	1,012	530	309	173
Boarding and lodging house keepers	71	16	55	37	12	6	182	102	80	47	20	13
Bookbinders	3		3	2	1		1		1			1
Bookkeepers and accountants	4	1	3	1	2		13	5	8	7		1
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	4	4					9	2	7	1	5	1
Clerks and copyists	14	3	11	5	5	1	15		15	8	7	2
Confectioners	16	2	14	8	4	2	17	11	6	2	3	1
Dressmakers	180	18	162	112	37	13	231	93	138	73	40	25
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	7		7	4	1	2	10	8	2		1	1
Housekeepers and stewardesses	14	4	10	6	3	1	26	10	16	9	3	4
Laundresses	212	37	175	111	39	25	438	191	247	131	81	35
Merchants and dealers	53	6	47	25	18	4	135	55	80	44	22	14
Milliners	40	4	36	20	4	12	27	11	16	5	6	4
Musicians and teachers of music	20	3	17	10	1	6	17	8	9	4	4	1
Nurses and midwives	91	8	83	42	21	20	84	30	54	28	15	11
Packers and shippers	1		1	1			1	1				
Saleswomen	37	2	35	16	9	10	21	4	17	8	8	1
Seamstresses	39	10	19	11	3	5	87	44	43	20	17	6
Servants and waitresses	44	8	36	15	10	11	102	43	59	31	17	11
Stenographers and typewriters	7		7	4		3	15	3	12	10	2	
Tailoresses	37	1	36	24	8	4	50	11	39	18	7	14
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	11	3	8	1	5	2	17	10	7	6	1	
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	3		3	3			8	4	4	1	2	1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	4	2	2	2			6		6	3	1	2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	1		1			1	7	2	5		4	1
All other occupations	207	38	169	113	30	26	266	125	141	75	43	23
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	126	21	105	68	20	17	210	101	109	66	26	17
Bookkeepers and accountants	2	1	1		1		5	2	3	3		
Clerks and copyists	4		4	2	2		5		5	4	1	
Dressmakers	21	2	19	14	4	1	29	16	13	8	3	2
Milliners	2	1	1			1	5	2	3	1	1	1
Nurses and midwives	1		1	1			9	5	4		3	1
Saleswomen	5	1	4		1	3	4	1	3	1	2	
Servants and waitresses	4		4	2	1	1	9	4	5	2	1	2
Stenographers and typewriters	3		3	2		1	10	1	9	8	1	
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	5	1	4	1	3		11	6	5	5		
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	3		3	3			10	4	6	4	2	
All other occupations	76	15	61	43	8	10	113	60	53	30	12	11

[1] Includes 51 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	9,905	839	9,064	2,501	2,807	3,756	8,953	528	8,425	2,157	2,633	3,635
Boarding and lodging house keepers	105	46	59	34	14	11	25	12	13	7	3	3
Bookbinders	175	5	170	30	58	82	172	5	167	30	57	80
Bookkeepers and accountants	330	27	303	87	97	119	321	25	296	82	96	118
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	190	12	178	37	67	74	183	9	174	26	85	73
Clerks and copyists	284	14	270	79	89	102	272	12	260	76	84	100
Confectioners	149	11	138	36	40	56	128	5	123	30	37	56
Dressmakers	1,823	163	1,660	499	487	674	1,610	103	1,507	408	445	654
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	352	7	345	55	105	185	347	6	341	54	103	184
Housekeepers and stewardesses	69	15	54	18	21	15	55	12	43	13	17	13
Laundresses	355	76	279	91	82	106	215	16	199	47	60	92
Milliners	455	37	418	127	115	176	420	29	391	110	111	170
Musicians and teachers of music	133	13	120	50	37	33	120	10	110	45	33	32
Nurses and midwives	87	11	76	38	20	18	57	6	51	23	15	13
Packers and shippers	131	2	129	30	29	70	131	2	129	30	29	70
Saleswomen	989	47	942	234	320	388	958	43	915	224	308	383
Seamstresses	521	54	467	128	140	199	463	27	436	112	132	192
Servants and waitresses	640	48	592	173	174	245	589	32	557	161	161	235
Stenographers and typewriters	487	26	461	141	142	178	481	25	456	138	142	176
Tailoresses	380	26	354	93	110	151	355	21	334	83	106	145
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	482	60	422	140	129	153	472	54	418	139	128	151
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	160	3	157	25	51	81	157	3	154	22	51	81
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	142	4	138	27	46	65	138	3	135	25	46	64
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	108	1	107	19	29	59	105	.....	105	19	27	59
All other occupations	1,362	131	1,231	310	405	516	1,179	68	1,111	243	377	491
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.											
All occupations	4,403	698	3,705	1,341	1,175	1,189	2,830	205	2,625	735	874	1,016
Boarding and lodging house keepers	117	57	60	37	16	7	10	7	3	1	1	1
Dressmakers	632	75	557	205	169	183	488	43	445	135	142	168
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	206	15	191	42	64	85	195	8	187	39	64	84
Housekeepers and stewardesses	27	5	22	11	7	4	17	2	15	6	5	4
Laundresses	614	170	444	218	128	98	139	14	125	37	34	54
Merchants and dealers	131	43	88	42	33	14	16	6	10	4	5	1
Nurses and midwives	150	33	117	61	30	26	17	7	10	7	2	1
Saleswomen	181	7	174	44	65	65	163	7	156	31	63	62
Seamstresses	234	34	200	75	57	68	186	10	176	66	46	64
Servants and waitresses	339	39	300	107	84	109	266	12	254	81	73	100
Tailoresses	244	17	227	72	72	83	184	11	173	41	61	71
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	76	19	57	20	20	17	74	19	55	20	18	17
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	125	8	117	40	30	47	95	3	92	29	25	38
All other occupations	1,327	176	1,151	367	401	383	980	56	924	238	335	351

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	9,922	1,879	8,043	3,067	2,429	1,947	7,302	869	6,433	2,624	2,045	1,764
Boarding and lodging house keepers	320	165	155	96	44	15	45	33	12	10	1	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	477	51	426	184	141	101	440	38	402	168	135	99
Clerks and copyists	488	38	450	177	141	132	449	31	418	161	129	128
Dressmakers	1,326	324	1,002	504	282	216	861	146	715	305	223	187
Housekeepers and stewardesses	135	30	105	68	27	10	80	14	66	34	17	15
Laundresses	681	265	416	217	116	83	285	71	214	90	66	58
Milliners	280	22	257	114	71	72	257	14	243	102	63	78
Musicians and teachers of music	257	32	225	108	90	27	209	27	182	77	79	26
Nurses and midwives	269	73	196	116	49	31	113	22	91	48	23	20
Saleswomen	619	62	557	214	195	148	544	47	497	173	181	143

[1] Includes 141 negro and 4 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	367	52	315	176	78	61	583	259	324	168	96	60
Boarding and lodging house keepers	21	4	17	11	3	3	59	30	29	16	8	5
Bookbinders	2		2	1	1		1		1			1
Bookkeepers and accountants	2		2	1	1		7	2	5	4		1
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	2	2					5	1	4	1	2	1
Clerks and copyists	6	2	4	2	2		6		6	1	3	2
Confectioners	7	1	6	4	2		8	5	3	2	1	
Dressmakers	93	10	83	55	21	7	129	50	79	36	21	13
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	3		3	1	1	1	2	1	1		1	
Housekeepers and stewardesses	5		5	2	3		9	3	6	3	1	2
Laundresses	47	9	38	24	7	7	93	51	42	20	15	7
Milliners	21	1	20	14	2	4	14	7	7	3	2	2
Musicians and teachers of music	5	1	4	3		1	8	2	6	2	4	
Nurses and midwives	10	1	9	3	4	2	20	4	16	12	1	3
Packers and shippers												
Saleswomen	17	1	16	4	7	5	14	3	11	6	5	
Seamstresses	18	4	14	8	2	4	40	23	17	8	6	3
Servants and waitresses	20	3	17	2	7	8	31	13	18	10	6	2
Stenographers and typewriters	4		4	2		2	2	1	1	1		
Tailoresses	8		8	4	2	2	17	5	12	6	2	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	4	2	2			2	6	4	2	1	1	
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	2		2	2			1		1	1		
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	1	1					3		3	2		1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives							3	1	2		2	
All other occupations	69	10	59	34	13	12	114	53	61	33	15	13
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	605	95	510	318	115	77	968	398	570	288	186	96
Boarding and lodging house keepers	31	10	21	14	6	1	76	40	36	22	9	5
Dressmakers	65	6	59	42	12	5	79	26	53	28	15	10
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	4		4	3		1	7	7				
Housekeepers and stewardesses	3	1	2	2			7	2	5	3	2	
Laundresses	153	26	127	80	30	17	322	130	192	101	64	27
Merchants and dealers	30	1	29	14	12	3	85	36	49	24	15	10
Nurses and midwives	80	7	73	38	17	18	53	19	34	16	11	7
Saleswomen	15		15	12	1	2	3		3	1	1	1
Seamstresses	8	6	2		1	1	40	18	22	9	10	3
Servants and waitresses	16	4	11	8	1	2	58	23	35	18	10	7
Tailoresses	29	1	28	20	6	2	31	5	26	11	5	10
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	2		2		2							
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	20	3	17	8	2	7	10	2	8	3	3	2
All other occupations	150	30	120	77	25	18	197	90	107	52	41	14

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	1,088	211	877	603	178	96	1,532	799	733	440	206	87
Boarding and lodging house keepers	87	24	63	44	15	4	188	108	80	42	28	10
Bookkeepers and accountants	16	2	14	7	5	2	21	11	10	9	1	
Clerks and copyists	27	3	24	12	9	3	12	4	8	4	3	1
Dressmakers	188	28	160	122	26	12	277	150	127	77	33	17
Housekeepers and stewardesses	9	3	6	2	3	1	46	13	33	22	7	4
Laundresses	135	49	86	59	15	12	261	145	116	68	35	13
Milliners	16	2	14	5	6	3	16	6	10	7	2	1
Musicians and teachers of music	35		35	26	8	1	13	5	8	5	3	
Nurses and midwives	51	8	43	24	10	9	105	43	62	44	16	2
Saleswomen	43	1	42	29	10	3	32	14	18	12	4	2

[1] Includes 141 negro and 4 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES[1]—continued.												
Seamstresses	583	117	566	220	185	161	576	63	513	187	172	154
Servants and waitresses	551	131	520	259	142	119	489	61	428	193	123	112
Stenographers and typewriters	604	60	544	259	166	119	551	53	498	228	159	111
Tailoresses	155	26	129	61	37	31	129	18	111	50	34	27
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	848	116	732	325	204	203	766	92	674	286	193	195
Textile mill operatives	169	15	154	46	39	69	154	9	145	42	38	65
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	133	13	120	51	40	29	110	6	104	41	35	28
All other occupations	1,818	339	1,479	658	460	361	1,244	124	1,120	429	374	317
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	2,754	573	2,181	1,109	693	379	1,897	259	1,638	767	551	320
Bookkeepers and accountants	190	24	166	86	54	26	167	16	151	76	50	25
Clerks and copyists	172	20	152	59	49	44	153	15	137	49	46	42
Dressmakers	304	100	204	114	59	31	128	29	99	46	51	22
Housekeepers and stewardesses	27	11	16	5	6	5	14	6	8	2	2	4
Milliners	75	8	67	35	20	12	62	4	58	31	18	9
Musicians and teachers of music	128	18	110	64	41	5	99	16	83	47	32	4
Nurses and midwives	100	30	70	36	26	8	41	6	35	17	12	6
Saleswomen	168	21	147	65	46	36	144	17	127	49	43	35
Seamstresses	99	32	67	34	23	10	64	14	50	22	18	10
Servants and waitresses	73	18	55	26	16	13	50	6	44	18	14	12
Stenographers and typewriters	240	30	210	110	68	32	201	23	178	89	64	25
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	472	84	388	201	115	72	411	66	345	174	105	66
All other occupations	706	177	529	274	170	85	363	40	323	147	116	60
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	4,158	528	3,630	1,478	1,112	1,040	3,513	302	3,211	1,205	1,016	990
Bookkeepers and accountants	229	24	205	80	67	58	220	20	200	77	65	58
Clerks and copyists	239	13	226	89	72	65	230	11	219	87	68	64
Dressmakers	593	105	488	228	139	121	458	60	398	161	123	114
Housekeepers and stewardesses	44	7	37	21	8	8	28	5	23	12	5	6
Laundresses	140	32	108	45	27	36	88	8	80	31	18	31
Milliners	150	7	143	56	40	47	137	6	131	51	34	46
Musicians and teachers of music	99	6	93	33	44	16	90	6	84	25	43	16
Nurses and midwives	65	13	52	35	8	9	37	4	33	20	7	6
Saleswomen	315	27	288	107	105	76	284	18	266	92	101	73
Seamstresses	333	42	291	98	101	92	288	19	269	85	96	88
Servants and waitresses	248	37	211	99	60	52	212	23	189	84	55	50
Stenographers and typewriters	309	25	284	126	82	76	299	25	274	120	79	75
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	305	23	282	101	73	108	290	20	270	90	72	108
Textile mill operatives	91	5	86	25	25	36	87	2	85	25	25	35
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	106	8	98	44	25	29	89	6	83	34	24	25
All other occupations	892	154	738	291	236	211	676	69	607	211	201	195
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	2,865	732	2,133	1,011	608	514	1,848	299	1,549	629	472	448
Boarding and lodging house keepers	142	72	70	43	20	7	21	15	6	5	1	.....
Dressmakers	418	118	300	154	83	63	271	57	214	95	68	51
Housekeepers and stewardesses	63	12	51	32	12	7	37	3	34	20	9	5
Laundresses	499	207	292	145	70	37	173	57	116	58	39	24
Nurses and midwives	100	28	72	43	15	14	34	12	22	10	4	8
Saleswomen	136	14	122	42	44	36	116	12	104	32	37	35
Seamstresses	249	43	206	86	61	59	224	30	194	80	58	56
Servants and waitresses	266	54	212	104	60	48	207	28	179	82	51	46
Tailoresses	98	20	78	36	22	15	80	14	66	32	19	15
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	70	9	61	22	16	23	64	6	58	21	16	21
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	126	15	111	43	32	36	109	8	101	36	29	36
All other occupations	749	140	608	261	173	169	512	57	455	163	141	151

[1] Includes 141 negro and 4 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES[1]—continued.												
Seamstresses	39	12	27	18	7	2	68	42	26	15	6	5
Servants and waitresses	70	22	48	37	6	5	92	48	44	29	13	2
Stenographers and typewriters	33	1	32	20	6	6	20	6	14	11	1	2
Tailoresses	13	1	12	9	2	1	13	7	6	2	1	3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	40	4	36	25	7	4	42	20	22	14	4	4
Textile mill operatives	5	.....	5	2	.....	3	10	6	4	2	1	1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	8	1	7	5	2	.....	15	6	9	5	3	1
All other occupations	273	50	223	157	41	25	301	165	136	72	45	19
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	373	52	321	205	76	40	484	262	222	137	66	19
Bookkeepers and accountants	9	1	8	4	3	1	14	7	7	6	1	.....
Clerks and copyists	13	1	12	9	1	2	6	3	3	1	2	.....
Dressmakers	76	9	67	47	15	5	100	62	38	21	13	4
Housekeepers and stewardesses	2	1	1	.....	1	.....	11	4	7	3	3	1
Milliners	8	1	7	2	2	3	5	3	2	2	.....	.....
Musicians and teachers of music	23	.....	23	18	7	1	6	2	4	2	2	.....
Nurses and midwives	14	4	10	4	4	2	45	20	25	15	10	.....
Saleswomen	15	.....	15	11	3	1	9	4	5	5	.....	.....
Seamstresses	10	3	7	3	4	.....	25	15	10	9	1	.....
Servants and waitresses	8	3	5	4	.....	1	15	9	6	4	2	.....
Stenographers and typewriters	25	1	24	15	3	6	14	6	8	6	1	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	25	2	23	15	6	2	36	16	20	12	4	4
All other occupations	145	26	119	76	27	16	198	111	87	51	27	9
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	296	59	237	165	53	19	349	167	182	108	43	31
Bookkeepers and accountants	5	1	4	2	2	.....	4	3	1	1	.....	.....
Clerks and copyists	8	2	6	1	4	1	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....
Dressmakers	59	10	49	40	7	2	76	35	41	27	9	5
Housekeepers and stewardesses	4	.....	4	1	2	1	12	2	10	8	1	1
Laundresses	20	8	12	8	3	1	32	16	16	5	6	4
Milliners	6	.....	6	2	4	.....	7	1	6	3	2	1
Musicians and teachers of music	7	.....	7	7	.....	.....	2	.....	2	1	1	.....
Nurses and midwives	8	1	7	5	.....	2	20	8	12	10	1	1
Saleswomen	12	1	11	9	1	1	19	8	11	6	3	2
Seamstresses	21	8	13	9	2	2	24	15	9	4	3	2
Servants and waitresses	17	4	13	8	4	1	19	10	9	7	1	1
Stenographers and typewriters	7	.....	7	4	3	.....	3	.....	3	2	.....	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	11	1	10	9	1	.....	4	2	2	2	.....	.....
Textile mill operatives	1	.....	1	.....	.....	1	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	8	.....	8	6	1	1	9	2	7	4	.....	3
All other occupations	102	23	79	54	19	6	114	62	52	26	16	10
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	369	89	280	203	45	32	648	344	304	179	91	34
Boarding and lodging house keepers	40	13	27	19	6	2	81	44	37	19	13	5
Dressmakers	51	9	42	33	4	5	96	52	44	26	11	7
Housekeepers and stewardesses	3	2	1	1	.....	.....	23	7	16	11	3	2
Laundresses	90	37	53	41	7	5	196	113	83	51	24	8
Nurses and midwives	28	2	26	15	6	5	38	14	24	18	5	1
Saleswomen	16	.....	16	9	6	1	4	2	2	1	1	.....
Seamstresses	6	1	5	4	1	.....	19	12	7	2	2	3
Servants and waitresses	22	8	14	12	1	1	37	18	19	10	8	1
Tailoresses	6	1	5	3	2	.....	7	5	2	1	1	.....
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	4	1	3	1	.....	2	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	5	2	3	3	.....	.....	12	5	7	4	3	.....
All other occupations	98	13	85	62	12	11	133	70	63	36	20	7

[1] Includes 141 negro and 4 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES.												
All occupations	20,578	4,526	16,052	6,803	4,628	4,621	8,996	1,250	7,746	2,303	2,497	2,946
Boarding and lodging house keepers	510	340	170	110	32	28	112	100	12	7	2	3
Clerks and copyists	251	31	220	70	58	92	189	15	184	53	52	79
Cotton mill operatives	315	24	291	87	92	112	258	9	249	68	82	99
Dressmakers	1,377	330	1,047	407	322	318	763	120	643	197	206	240
Housekeepers and stewardesses	118	60	58	26	19	13	41	15	26	11	7	8
Laborers (not specified)	270	79	191	87	58	46	96	17	79	30	31	18
Laundresses	5,533	1,363	4,170	2,121	1,128	921	889	225	664	227	213	224
Merchants and dealers	481	168	313	190	78	45	41	16	25	14	8	3
Milliners	161	22	139	46	35	58	129	16	113	31	26	53
Musicians and teachers of music	269	60	209	79	67	63	179	24	155	61	57	47
Nurses and midwives	422	82	340	147	90	103	162	16	146	39	45	62
Saleswomen	671	66	605	195	175	244	604	49	555	164	161	230
Seamstresses	2,250	436	1,814	659	564	591	1,175	136	1,039	281	351	407
Servants and waitresses	4,890	1,002	3,888	1,664	1,071	1,153	2,147	278	1,869	524	585	760
Stenographers and typewriters	292	28	264	94	73	92	274	23	251	89	74	88
Tailoresses	210	21	189	71	52	66	125	8	117	33	37	47
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	885	111	774	269	258	247	758	78	680	226	226	228
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	381	36	345	88	127	130	354	29	325	79	122	124
All other occupations	1,302	277	1,025	402	324	299	690	76	614	180	209	225
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	3,595	711	2,884	990	930	964	2,523	278	2,245	652	763	830
Boarding and lodging house keepers	170	118	52	35	10	7	41	38	3	2	1	
Clerks and copyists	147	20	127	41	36	50	118	7	111	34	32	45
Cotton mill operatives	135	7	128	35	41	52	121	2	119	31	39	49
Dressmakers	413	94	319	104	106	109	244	30	214	54	74	86
Laundresses	172	47	125	52	40	33	64	7	57	18	20	19
Musicians and teachers of music	108	20	88	34	26	28	80	10	70	25	25	20
Nurses and midwives	40	8	32	18	5	9	20	3	17	6	5	6
Saleswomen	280	29	251	85	67	99	261	21	240	80	62	97
Seamstresses	507	116	391	127	145	119	304	37	267	60	112	95
Servants and waitresses	283	56	227	74	76	77	199	27	172	49	58	65
Stenographers and typewriters	167	17	150	52	43	55	154	14	140	49	40	51
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	338	33	305	99	87	119	298	23	275	88	78	109
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	154	7	147	42	55	50	150	7	143	39	55	49
All other occupations	681	139	542	192	193	157	469	52	417	117	161	139
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	4,236	756	3,480	1,230	1,102	1,148	2,818	332	2,486	745	794	947
Boarding and lodging house keepers	120	72	48	32	9	7	17	15	2	2		
Cotton mill operatives	182	11	151	46	47	58	130	6	124	34	41	49
Dressmakers	523	117	406	158	122	126	339	52	287	98	88	101
Laundresses	228	50	178	79	55	44	70	8	62	23	17	22
Merchants and dealers	168	49	119	74	32	13	22	9	13	7	3	3
Musicians and teachers of music	105	20	85	31	30	24	73	10	63	19	25	19
Saleswomen	363	33	330	91	100	139	326	27	299	76	93	130
Seamstresses	646	115	531	187	161	183	417	57	360	112	111	137
Servants and waitresses	417	70	347	110	110	127	263	28	235	68	61	106
Stenographers and typewriters	125	11	114	42	35	37	120	9	111	40	34	37
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	367	54	313	103	122	88	328	44	284	90	110	84
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	188	19	169	39	65	65	173	15	158	36	61	61
All other occupations	824	135	689	238	214	237	540	52	488	140	150	198
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	1,274	488	786	430	215	141	220	76	144	69	37	38
Dressmakers	120	47	73	43	16	14	36	8	28	17	4	
Laundresses	116	47	69	38	23	8	5	4	1			
Merchants and dealers	239	90	149	88	36	25	4	1	3	3		
Seamstresses	123	33	90	42	25	13	31	9	22	8	6	
Servants and waitresses	117	53	64	38	17	9	37	13	24	13	7	
All other occupations	549	198	351	181	98	72	107	41	66	28	20	1

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES.												
All occupations	4,807	559	4,248	2,523	905	820	6,775	2,717	4,058	1,977	1,226	855
Boarding and lodging house keepers	84	33	51	35	10	6	314	207	107	68	20	19
Clerks and copyists	29	5	24	15	2	7	23	11	12	2	4	6
Cotton mill operatives	18	.....	18	12	3	3	39	15	24	7	7	10
Dressmakers	168	33	135	77	37	21	446	177	269	133	79	57
Housekeepers and stewardesses	17	8	9	5	3	1	60	37	23	10	9	4
Laborers (not specified)	96	24	72	40	15	17	78	38	40	17	12	11
Laundresses	2,184	186	1,998	1,162	448	388	2,460	952	1,508	732	467	309
Merchants and dealers	114	14	100	68	19	13	326	138	188	108	51	29
Milliners	15	1	14	8	3	3	17	5	12	7	3	2
Musicians and teachers of music	26	6	20	14	3	3	54	20	34	14	7	13
Nurses and midwives	101	8	93	58	16	19	159	58	101	50	29	22
Saleswomen	26	6	20	11	4	5	41	11	30	11	10	9
Seamstresses	380	35	345	178	80	87	695	265	430	200	133	97
Servants and waitresses	1,277	150	1,127	713	207	207	1,466	574	892	427	279	186
Stenographers and typewriters	6	1	5	2	1	2	12	4	8	3	3	2
Tailoresses	30	1	29	17	6	6	55	12	43	21	9	13
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	30	3	27	13	8	6	97	30	67	31	24	12
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	9	1	8	4	2	2	18	6	12	5	3	4
All other occupations	197	44	153	91	38	24	415	157	258	131	77	50
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	278	63	215	125	49	41	794	370	424	213	118	93
Boarding and lodging house keepers	22	10	12	8	2	2	107	70	37	25	7	5
Clerks and copyists	12	4	8	6	1	1	17	9	8	1	3	4
Cotton mill operatives	5	.....	5	3	1	1	9	5	4	1	1	2
Dressmakers	35	9	26	13	10	3	124	55	79	37	22	20
Laundresses	35	4	31	14	9	8	73	36	37	20	11	6
Musicians and teachers of music	7	2	5	4	.....	1	21	8	13	5	1	7
Nurses and midwives	6	.....	6	5	.....	1	14	5	9	7	.....	2
Saleswomen	6	3	3	2	1	.....	13	5	8	3	3	2
Seamstresses	37	3	34	22	5	7	166	76	90	45	28	17
Servants and waitresses	24	7	17	8	5	4	60	22	38	17	13	8
Stenographers and typewriters	6	1	5	2	1	2	7	2	5	1	2	2
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	7	.....	7	2	1	4	33	10	23	9	8	6
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	2	.....	2	2	.....	.....	2	.....	2	1	.....	1
All other occupations	74	20	54	34	13	7	128	67	71	41	19	11
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	375	75	300	167	71	62	1,043	349	694	318	237	139
Boarding and lodging house keepers	24	7	17	11	5	1	79	50	29	19	4	6
Cotton mill operatives	10	.....	10	7	1	2	22	5	17	5	5	7
Dressmakers	37	15	22	16	2	4	147	50	97	44	32	21
Laundresses	38	7	31	17	7	7	120	35	85	39	31	15
Merchants and dealers	41	6	35	24	7	4	105	34	71	43	22	6
Musicians and teachers of music	11	2	9	6	2	1	21	8	13	6	3	4
Saleswomen	14	2	12	8	1	3	23	4	19	7	6	6
Seamstresses	56	9	47	17	12	18	173	49	124	58	38	28
Servants and waitresses	31	2	29	13	9	7	122	40	82	29	40	14
Stenographers and typewriters	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	2	3	2	1	.....
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	4	2	2	1	1	.....	35	8	27	12	11	4
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	3	.....	3	.....	2	1	12	4	8	3	2	3
All other occupations	106	23	83	47	22	14	178	60	118	51	42	25
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	219	43	176	103	47	26	835	369	466	258	131	77
Dressmakers	9	3	6	3	3	.....	75	36	39	23	9	7
Laundresses	19	4	15	9	6	.....	92	39	53	29	17	7
Merchants and dealers	50	4	46	32	8	6	185	85	100	53	28	19
Seamstresses	12	2	10	7	3	.....	90	42	48	27	16	5
Servants and waitresses	13	4	9	6	2	1	67	36	31	19	8	4
All other occupations	116	26	90	46	25	19	326	131	195	107	53	35

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
	NEGRO.											
All occupations	11,473	2,571	8,902	4,163	2,381	2,368	3,435	564	2,871	837	903	1,131
Boarding and lodging house keepers	128	87	41	27	4	10	37	30	7	3	1	3
Dressmakers	321	72	249	102	78	69	144	30	114	28	40	46
Housekeepers and stewardesses	61	33	28	13	8	7	23	8	15	9	1	5
Laborers (not specified)	149	42	107	45	30	32	46	10	36	14	12	10
Laundresses	5,017	1,219	3,798	1,952	1,010	836	750	206	544	186	176	182
Nurses and midwives	273	51	222	87	58	77	113	10	103	27	30	46
Seamstresses	964	132	832	303	233	276	423	38	390	101	122	167
Servants and waitresses	4,073	823	3,250	1,442	868	940	1,648	210	1,438	394	459	585
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	146	10	136	55	45	36	118	6	112	43	36	33
All other occupations	341	82	259	127	47	85	133	21	112	32	26	54

NEW YORK, N. Y. (BROOKLYN BOROUGH).

	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	67,927	8,904	59,023	20,354	18,041	20,628	52,815	4,120	48,689	14,463	15,399	18,827
Boarding and lodging house keepers	719	353	366	211	98	57	105	66	39	26	9	4
Bookbinders	1,707	105	1,602	416	470	716	1,614	86	1,528	380	451	697
Bookkeepers and accountants	2,387	144	2,243	715	675	853	2,286	117	2,169	676	659	834
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	667	43	624	163	188	273	610	30	580	140	173	267
Boxmakers (paper)	883	46	837	219	281	337	818	31	787	201	264	322
Clerks and copyists	2,554	211	2,343	714	736	893	2,390	162	2,228	655	707	866
Confectioners	334	72	262	88	77	97	201	20	181	41	55	85
Dressmakers	8,071	1,257	6,814	2,532	2,003	2,279	5,930	636	5,294	1,672	1,600	2,022
Hat and cap makers	385	29	356	121	102	133	344	22	322	103	93	126
Housekeepers and stewardesses	612	91	521	234	131	156	385	39	346	151	84	111
Janitors and sextons	427	101	326	203	88	35	31	7	24	15	4	5
Laborers (not specified)	473	101	372	121	118	133	296	37	259	62	96	111
Laundresses	3,933	1,299	2,634	1,375	711	548	1,142	255	887	330	270	287
Merchants and dealers	1,522	528	994	580	252	182	313	84	229	84	71	74
Milliners	1,547	121	1,426	447	466	513	1,379	71	1,308	387	430	491
Musicians and teachers of music	959	130	829	368	258	203	775	82	693	291	226	176
Nurses and midwives	1,330	372	958	476	262	220	472	88	384	145	118	121
Packers and shippers	870	41	829	224	257	348	832	30	802	214	248	340
Printers, lithographers, and presswomen	414	31	383	112	119	152	385	21	364	102	112	150
Saleswomen	5,813	346	5,467	1,567	1,767	2,133	5,471	279	5,192	1,425	1,687	2,080
Seamstresses	3,029	472	2,557	906	761	890	2,308	214	2,154	676	656	822
Servants and waitresses	3,855	569	3,286	1,232	954	1,100	2,815	219	2,596	865	766	965
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	324	31	293	93	89	112	273	21	252	71	73	108
Silk mill operatives	352	20	332	68	112	152	328	13	313	55	109	149
Stenographers and typewriters	3,362	290	3,282	1,064	1,068	1,150	3,454	255	3,199	1,033	1,037	1,129
Tailoresses	4,962	486	4,476	1,448	1,449	1,579	3,684	200	3,484	864	1,207	1,413
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	3,794	476	3,318	1,179	1,032	1,107	3,537	418	3,119	1,065	986	1,068
Telegraph and telephone operators	819	33	786	268	215	303	798	24	774	263	214	297
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1,206	65	1,141	296	353	492	1,046	40	1,045	249	349	448
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	992	78	914	283	265	366	893	53	840	239	248	353
All other occupations	9,415	973	8,442	2,651	2,655	3,136	7,800	514	7,286	1,983	2,392	2,911
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	14,926	1,892	13,034	4,964	4,170	3,900	12,384	1,077	11,307	3,948	3,718	3,641
Boarding and lodging house keepers	255	121	134	83	39	12	31	17	14	9	4	1
Bookbinders	416	26	389	113	124	152	388	20	368	101	119	148
Bookkeepers and accountants	728	62	666	267	196	203	684	50	634	246	189	199
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	180	9	171	41	51	79	147	7	140	35	47	58
Boxmakers (paper)	193	6	187	48	64	75	182	6	176	46	59	71
Clerks and copyists	930	86	844	300	267	277	868	68	800	275	256	269
Dressmakers	1,494	308	1,186	552	347	287	935	129	806	326	256	244
Housekeepers and stewardesses	117	24	93	42	23	28	74	10	64	28	14	22
Laundresses	290	66	224	107	56	61	144	15	129	50	32	47
Merchants and dealers	176	51	125	59	35	31	80	7	73	28	20	25

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NEGRO.												
All occupations	3,935	378	3,557	2,128	738	691	4,103	1,629	2,474	1,188	740	546
Boarding and lodging house keepers	27	10	17	13	1	3	64	47	17	11	2	4
Dressmakers	87	6	81	45	22	14	90	36	54	29	16	9
Housekeepers and stewardesses	8	5	3	1	2	.....	30	20	10	3	5	2
Laborers (not specified)	64	12	52	26	13	13	39	20	19	5	5	9
Laundresses	2,092	171	1,921	1,122	426	373	2,175	842	1,333	644	408	281
Nurses and midwives	63	4	59	35	9	15	97	37	60	25	19	16
Seamstresses	275	21	254	132	60	62	266	98	168	70	51	47
Servants and waitresses	1,209	137	1,072	686	191	195	1,216	476	740	362	218	160
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	19	1	18	10	6	2	9	3	6	2	3	1
All other occupations	91	11	80	58	8	14	117	50	67	37	13	17

NEW YORK, N. Y. (BROOKLYN BOROUGH).

	ALL CLASSES											
All occupations	5,153	737	4,416	2,684	973	759	9,959	4,041	5,918	3,207	1,669	1,042
Boarding and lodging house keepers	149	49	100	61	24	15	465	238	227	124	65	38
Bookbinders	24	6	18	10	1	7	69	13	56	26	18	12
Bookkeepers and accountants	48	10	38	21	9	8	53	17	36	18	7	11
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	25	2	23	11	8	4	32	11	21	12	7	2
Boxmakers (paper)	18	2	16	7	3	6	47	13	34	11	14	9
Clerks and copyists	76	17	59	32	12	15	88	32	56	27	17	12
Confectioners	35	6	29	17	6	6	98	46	52	30	16	6
Dressmakers	641	90	551	316	144	92	1,500	531	969	545	259	165
Hat and cap makers	9	1	8	4	1	3	32	6	26	14	8	4
Housekeepers and stewardesses	41	4	37	16	13	8	186	48	139	67	34	37
Janitors and sextons	184	14	170	118	32	20	222	80	142	70	52	20
Laborers (not specified)	65	17	48	26	10	12	112	57	55	33	12	10
Laundresses	790	139	651	405	139	107	2,001	905	1,096	640	302	154
Merchants and dealers	398	48	350	234	71	45	811	396	415	242	130	63
Milliners	63	6	57	31	16	10	105	44	61	29	20	12
Musicians and teachers of music	77	7	70	43	15	12	107	41	66	34	17	15
Nurses and midwives	185	24	161	96	39	26	673	260	413	235	105	73
Packers and shippers	11	2	9	3	3	3	27	9	18	7	6	5
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	13	5	8	6	1	1	16	5	11	4	6	1
Saleswomen	150	14	136	74	36	26	192	53	139	68	44	27
Seamstresses	157	31	126	72	34	20	504	227	277	158	71	48
Servants and waitresses	309	64	305	186	62	57	671	286	385	181	126	78
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	22	3	19	9	5	5	29	7	22	13	5	4
Silk mill operatives	8	1	7	5	.....	2	18	4	12	8	3	1
Stenographers and typewriters	44	8	36	15	12	9	64	17	47	18	19	12
Tailoresses	674	86	588	419	123	96	604	250	354	165	119	70
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	102	8	94	54	22	18	155	50	105	60	24	21
Telegraph and telephone operators	10	2	8	3	1	4	11	7	4	2	.....	2
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	53	7	46	22	19	5	67	18	49	26	15	9
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	32	3	29	17	7	5	67	22	45	27	10	8
All other occupations	680	111	569	392	105	112	935	348	587	316	158	113
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	818	132	686	406	189	91	1,724	683	1,041	610	263	168
Boarding and lodging house keepers	59	19	40	25	11	4	165	85	80	49	24	7
Bookbinders	7	3	4	1	1	2	20	3	17	11	4	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	19	2	17	12	4	1	28	10	18	9	3	3
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	6	.....	6	3	3	.....	7	2	5	3	1	1
Boxmakers (paper)	5	.....	5	1	1	3	6	.....	6	1	4	1
Clerks and copyists	27	5	22	15	3	4	35	13	22	10	8	4
Dressmakers	128	29	99	59	31	9	411	150	261	167	60	34
Housekeepers and stewardesses	12	2	10	5	4	1	31	12	19	9	5	5
Laundresses	34	8	26	16	6	4	112	43	69	41	18	10
Merchants and dealers	31	4	27	17	9	1	65	40	25	14	6	5

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (BROOKLYN BOROUGH)—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.												
Milliners	373	33	340	124	106	110	327	18	309	109	95	105
Musicians and teachers of music	377	51	326	165	100	61	303	30	273	134	85	54
Nurses and midwives	306	83	225	111	61	53	126	25	101	41	35	25
Packers and shippers	205	12	193	61	71	61	193	6	187	58	68	61
Printers, lithographers, and pressworkers	129	7	122	49	33	40	122	5	117	46	31	40
Saleswomen	1,443	91	1,352	437	477	438	1,247	80	1,167	394	446	427
Seamstresses	531	98	433	169	128	136	394	42	352	123	110	119
Servants and waitresses	363	46	317	123	99	95	287	20	267	101	82	84
Stenographers and typewriters	1,248	134	1,114	429	384	301	1,200	122	1,078	413	372	293
Tailoresses	346	34	312	96	97	119	292	17	275	72	91	112
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,533	220	1,313	537	435	341	1,432	198	1,234	491	415	328
Telegraph and telephone operators	240	2	238	152	47	39	233	.....	233	149	47	37
Textile mill operatives	284	13	271	61	93	117	271	11	260	53	91	116
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	334	21	313	92	98	123	295	14	281	76	88	117
All other occupations	2,454	288	2,166	746	739	681	2,009	160	1,849	544	666	639
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	34,362	3,124	31,238	9,068	9,611	12,559	30,262	1,910	28,352	7,559	8,835	11,958
Boarding and lodging house keepers	150	77	73	41	18	14	23	16	7	6	1	.....
Bookbinders	1,128	65	1,063	272	297	494	1,076	57	1,019	251	287	481
Bookkeepers and accountants	1,390	70	1,320	376	389	555	1,354	61	1,293	383	366	544
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	440	21	419	102	122	195	416	18	398	92	115	191
Boxmakers (paper)	594	31	563	154	182	227	554	20	534	142	173	219
Clerks and copyists	1,416	108	1,308	343	412	553	1,354	86	1,268	327	401	540
Confectioners	161	24	137	40	39	58	126	12	114	28	33	53
Dressmakers	4,083	466	3,617	1,106	1,055	1,456	3,423	281	3,142	856	931	1,355
Hat and cap makers	241	16	225	80	56	89	223	12	211	70	54	87
Housekeepers and stewardesses	228	27	201	77	56	68	162	14	148	55	41	52
Janitors and sextons	124	26	98	52	31	15	10	1	9	6	1	2
Laborers (not specified)	230	27	203	90	75	68	182	13	169	38	69	62
Laundresses	939	208	731	291	218	222	449	42	407	121	126	160
Merchants and dealers	410	128	282	143	77	62	101	22	79	24	29	28
Milliners	915	65	850	238	289	323	844	44	800	216	271	313
Musicians and teachers of music	451	53	398	153	124	121	391	41	350	126	116	108
Nurses and midwives	396	89	307	127	91	89	198	29	169	62	42	65
Packers and shippers	567	24	543	140	150	253	551	21	530	136	148	246
Printers, lithographers, and pressworkers	262	22	240	59	80	101	243	15	228	53	75	100
Saleswomen	3,549	193	3,356	890	1,052	1,404	3,393	159	3,234	831	1,028	1,375
Seamstresses	1,525	189	1,336	429	397	510	1,310	109	1,201	358	356	487
Servants and waitresses	1,442	109	1,333	369	412	552	1,266	49	1,217	310	392	525
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	198	21	177	55	47	75	175	15	160	45	43	72
Silk mill operatives	235	13	222	43	82	97	226	11	215	37	81	97
Stenographers and typewriters	1,988	123	1,865	545	591	729	1,945	113	1,832	537	576	719
Tailoresses	2,102	204	1,898	529	628	741	1,792	112	1,680	394	576	710
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,987	208	1,779	543	543	693	1,886	186	1,700	504	524	672
Telegraph and telephone operators	516	27	489	108	146	235	504	21	483	106	145	232
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	741	33	708	186	226	296	689	23	666	163	209	294
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	608	45	563	173	166	224	571	37	534	156	159	219
All other occupations	5,346	412	4,934	1,344	1,550	2,040	4,825	270	4,555	1,146	1,457	1,952
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	16,742	3,386	13,356	5,607	3,878	3,871	9,481	1,010	8,471	2,764	2,662	3,05
Boarding and lodging house keepers	307	154	153	84	38	31	49	32	17	11	3	
Bookbinders	183	14	149	31	43	70	149	9	140	28	44	6
Bookkeepers and accountants	267	12	255	72	89	94	247	6	241	67	84	9
Boxmakers (paper)	96	9	87	17	35	35	82	5	77	13	32	3
Clerks and copyists	203	16	187	69	58	62	164	8	156	51	49	5
Confectioners	119	42	77	36	21	20	36	8	28	7	7	1
Dressmakers	2,324	452	1,872	302	561	509	1,473	214	1,259	465	391	40
Housekeepers and stewardesses	266	39	227	114	49	54	140	14	126	68	26	3
Janitors and sextons	240	56	184	116	46	22	13	4	9	6	2	
Laborers (not specified)	128	46	82	32	21	29	50	10	40	10	12	1

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (BROOKLYN BOROUGH)—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.												
Milliners	19	2	17	8	8	1	27	13	14	7	3	4
Musicians and teachers of music	30	2	28	17	7	4	44	19	25	14	8	3
Nurses and midwives	30	3	27	17	6	4	152	56	97	53	20	24
Packers and shippers	3	.....	3	1	2	.....	9	6	3	2	1	.....
Printers, lithographers, and pressworkers	5	2	3	3	.....	.....	2	.....	2	.....	2	.....
Saleswomen	49	4	45	23	15	7	47	7	40	20	16	4
Seamstresses	24	4	20	8	5	7	113	52	61	38	13	10
Servants and waitresses	28	3	25	11	8	6	48	23	25	11	9	5
Stenographers and typewriters	21	5	16	6	6	4	27	7	20	10	6	4
Tailoresses	18	1	17	12	4	1	36	16	20	12	2	6
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	41	4	37	22	7	8	60	18	42	24	13	5
Telegraph and telephone operators	3	.....	3	1	.....	2	4	2	2	2	.....	.....
Textile mill operatives	7	1	6	4	2	.....	6	1	5	4	.....	1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	14	1	13	3	7	3	25	6	19	13	3	3
All other occupations	198	28	170	116	39	15	247	100	147	86	34	27
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	1,349	224	1,125	621	268	236	2,751	990	1,761	888	508	365
Boarding and lodging house keepers	26	10	16	10	4	2	101	51	50	25	13	12
Bookbinders	15	3	12	7	.....	5	37	5	32	14	10	8
Bookkeepers and accountants	18	4	14	6	3	5	18	5	13	7	.....	6
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	9	.....	9	4	2	3	15	3	12	6	5	1
Boxmakers (paper)	11	2	9	5	2	2	29	9	20	7	7	6
Clerks and copyists	28	12	16	6	3	7	34	10	24	10	8	6
Confectioners	11	3	8	4	2	2	24	9	15	8	4	3
Dressmakers	195	29	166	85	45	36	468	156	309	165	79	65
Hat and cap makers	2	.....	2	2	.....	.....	16	4	12	8	2	2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	17	.....	17	8	5	4	49	13	36	14	10	12
Janitors and sextons	48	5	43	24	11	8	66	20	46	23	19	5
Laborers (not specified)	19	2	17	11	1	5	29	12	17	11	5	1
Laundresses	124	21	103	55	26	22	366	145	221	115	66	40
Merchants and dealers	117	16	101	59	24	18	192	90	102	60	24	18
Milliners	20	4	16	7	4	5	51	17	34	15	14	5
Musicians and teachers of music	28	4	24	16	3	5	32	8	24	11	5	8
Nurses and midwives	43	6	37	13	15	9	155	54	101	52	34	15
Packers and shippers	4	1	3	1	.....	2	12	2	10	3	2	5
Printers, lithographers, and pressworkers	8	3	5	3	1	1	11	4	7	3	4	.....
Saleswomen	56	8	48	26	12	10	100	26	74	33	22	19
Seamstresses	47	11	36	21	11	4	168	69	99	50	30	19
Servants and waitresses	51	9	42	24	7	11	126	51	74	35	23	16
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	8	1	7	3	2	2	15	5	10	7	2	1
Silk mill operatives	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	8	2	6	5	1	.....
Stenographers and typewriters	17	2	15	7	4	4	26	8	18	1	11	6
Tailoresses	132	12	120	88	19	13	178	80	98	47	33	18
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	40	3	37	19	10	8	61	19	42	20	9	13
Telegraph and telephone operators	6	2	4	2	1	1	6	4	2	.....	.....	2
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	20	2	18	9	9	.....	32	8	24	14	8	2
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	9	.....	9	6	1	2	28	8	20	11	6	3
All other occupations	219	49	170	89	41	40	302	93	209	109	52	48
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	2,400	303	2,097	1,331	412	354	4,861	2,073	2,788	1,522	804	462
Boarding and lodging house keepers	61	20	41	23	9	9	197	102	95	50	26	19
Bookbinders	2	.....	2	2	.....	.....	12	5	7	1	4	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	11	4	7	3	2	2	9	2	7	2	3	2
Boxmakers (paper)	2	.....	2	1	.....	1	12	4	8	3	3	2
Clerks and copyists	21	.....	21	11	6	4	18	8	10	7	1	2
Confectioners	20	3	17	11	2	4	63	31	32	18	12	2
Dressmakers	266	29	237	139	55	43	585	209	376	198	115	63
Housekeepers and stewardesses	11	2	9	3	4	2	105	23	82	43	19	20
Janitors and sextons	101	6	95	72	14	9	126	46	80	38	30	12
Laborers (not specified)	22	7	15	8	4	3	56	29	27	14	5	8

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (BROOKLYN BOROUGH)—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE—continued.											
Laundresses	1,845	727	1,118	650	290	178	375	138	237	109	71	57
Merchants and dealers	934	348	586	358	140	88	131	55	76	32	22	22
Milliners	258	23	235	84	71	80	207	9	198	61	64	73
Musicians and teachers of music	112	24	88	44	26	18	71	11	60	28	21	13
Nurses and midwives	578	194	384	219	94	71	121	33	88	33	28	27
Packers and shippers	97	5	92	23	35	34	87	3	84	20	31	33
Saleswomen	819	62	757	239	228	290	729	40	689	190	213	277
Seamstresses	910	176	734	279	223	232	632	60	572	183	182	207
Servants and waitresses	1,511	302	1,209	552	324	333	985	108	877	375	229	273
Stenographers and typewriters	323	23	300	89	92	119	306	20	286	82	88	116
Tailoresses	2,507	247	2,260	821	721	718	1,597	71	1,526	396	540	590
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	248	46	202	85	47	70	198	32	166	60	41	65
Textile mill operatives	298	26	272	74	64	104	228	10	218	51	77	90
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	320	35	285	97	88	100	246	18	228	66	75	87
All other occupations	1,879	308	1,571	620	441	510	1,165	92	1,073	335	330	408
	NEGRO.											
All occupations	1,897	502	1,395	715	382	298	688	129	559	202	184	173
Dressmakers	170	31	139	72	40	27	79	12	67	25	22	20
Laundresses	859	298	561	327	147	87	174	60	114	50	41	23
Servants and waitresses	539	112	427	188	119	120	277	42	235	78	73	83
All other occupations	329	61	268	128	76	64	158	15	143	48	48	47

NEW YORK, N. Y. (MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS).

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	138,478	18,591	119,887	42,060	34,712	43,115	103,028	8,340	94,688	26,641	28,974	39,073
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	1,179	258	921	539	216	166	577	139	438	185	138	115
Agents	534	148	386	155	111	120	321	68	253	80	78	95
Artists and teachers of art	520	144	376	171	104	101	393	99	294	111	90	93
Barbers and hairdressers	536	75	460	159	131	170	396	30	366	105	104	157
Boarding and lodging house keepers	1,836	1,058	778	454	202	122	388	262	126	70	35	21
Bookbinders	1,609	112	1,497	408	463	626	1,499	81	1,418	369	441	608
Bookkeepers and accountants	4,389	242	4,147	1,225	1,217	1,705	4,195	204	3,991	1,143	1,184	1,664
Boxmakers (paper)	1,429	81	1,348	371	422	555	1,305	61	1,244	318	388	538
Carpet factory operatives	458	33	425	131	121	173	412	24	388	110	106	172
Clerks and copyists	4,307	312	3,995	1,163	1,262	1,570	3,997	237	3,760	1,039	1,207	1,514
Confectioners	736	72	664	205	228	231	573	23	550	137	203	210
Dressmakers	21,042	2,974	18,068	6,395	5,228	6,445	16,213	1,482	14,731	4,378	4,434	5,919
Hat and cap makers	687	25	662	168	210	284	644	19	625	149	202	274
Housekeepers and stewardesses	1,181	304	877	409	226	242	592	93	499	215	135	149
Hucksters and peddlers	356	104	252	125	75	52	53	4	49	20	16	13
Janitors and sextons	3,495	583	2,912	1,068	623	331	153	51	102	56	32	14
Laborers (not specified)	672	198	474	242	134	98	201	41	160	56	57	47
Laundresses	7,429	2,567	4,862	2,713	1,279	870	2,228	541	1,687	670	544	473
Literary and scientific persons	272	73	199	94	47	58	201	40	161	81	40	40
Manufacturers and officials, etc	383	52	331	128	90	112	243	14	229	72	60	97
Merchants and dealers	2,200	600	1,600	772	428	400	747	114	633	229	183	221
Milliners	4,412	359	4,053	1,188	1,222	1,643	3,948	237	3,711	995	1,146	1,570
Musicians and teachers of music	1,525	262	1,263	534	365	364	1,138	156	982	382	290	32
Nurses and midwives	2,001	615	1,446	754	360	332	824	239	585	238	168	18
Packers and shippers	995	59	936	242	298	395	934	42	892	218	296	37
Saleswomen	12,047	684	11,363	3,038	3,489	4,836	11,367	537	10,830	2,776	3,361	4,69
Seamstresses	10,119	884	9,235	2,582	2,713	3,940	8,774	462	8,312	2,037	2,489	3,78
Servants and waitresses	9,072	1,896	7,176	3,329	1,941	1,906	5,547	838	4,709	1,821	1,369	1,51
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	910	66	844	221	256	367	805	35	770	172	242	35
Silk mill operatives	1,209	89	1,120	329	328	463	1,107	67	1,040	288	305	44

[1] Includes 6 Chinese and 2 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (BROOKLYN BOROUGH)—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
FOREIGN BORN WHITE—continued.												
Laundresses	346	70	276	179	55	42	1,124	519	605	362	164	79
Merchants and dealers	250	28	222	158	38	26	553	265	288	168	80	40
Milliners	24	.....	24	16	4	4	27	14	13	7	3	3
Musicians and teachers of music	13	1	12	9	2	1	28	12	16	9	3	4
Nurses and midwives	108	15	93	63	18	12	349	146	203	123	48	32
Packers and shippers	4	1	3	1	1	1	6	1	5	2	3	.....
Saleswomen	45	2	43	25	9	9	45	20	25	15	6	4
Seamstresses	66	13	53	30	16	7	212	103	109	66	25	18
Servants and waitresses	138	29	109	69	22	18	388	165	223	108	73	42
Stenographers and typewriters	6	1	5	2	2	1	11	2	9	5	2	2
Tailoresses	522	23	499	319	98	82	388	153	235	106	83	46
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	17	1	16	10	4	2	33	13	20	15	2	3
Textile mill operatives	33	5	28	13	8	7	37	11	26	10	9	7
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	30	5	25	16	3	6	44	12	32	15	10	7
All other occupations	281	38	243	148	36	59	433	178	255	137	75	43
NEGRO												
All occupations	586	78	508	326	104	78	623	295	328	187	94	47
Dressmakers	52	3	49	32	13	4	39	16	23	15	5	3
Laundresses	286	40	246	155	52	39	399	198	201	122	54	25
Servants and waitresses	152	23	129	82	25	22	110	47	63	27	21	15
All other occupations	96	12	84	57	14	13	75	34	41	23	14	4

NEW YORK, N. Y. (MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS).

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	16,642	2,009	14,633	9,645	2,852	2,136	18,808	8,242	10,566	5,774	2,886	1,906
Actresses, professional show-women, etc.	468	48	420	317	58	45	134	71	63	37	20	6
Agents	91	17	74	43	15	16	122	63	59	32	18	9
Artists and teachers of art	76	18	58	43	9	6	51	27	24	17	5	2
Barbers and hairdressers	75	15	60	35	16	9	64	30	34	19	11	4
Boarding and lodging house keepers	401	130	271	172	67	32	1,047	666	381	212	100	69
Bookbinders	43	10	33	18	9	6	67	21	46	21	13	12
Bookkeepers and accountants	92	13	86	40	19	27	95	25	70	42	14	14
Boxmakers (paper)	46	4	42	20	15	7	78	16	62	33	19	10
Carpet factory operatives	14	2	12	6	3	3	32	7	25	15	10	.....
Clerks and copyists	164	29	135	69	32	34	146	46	100	55	23	22
Confectioners	68	8	60	39	12	9	95	41	54	29	13	12
Dressmakers	2,017	266	1,751	1,172	334	245	2,812	1,226	1,586	845	450	291
Hat and cap makers	20	1	19	12	3	4	23	5	18	7	5	6
Housekeepers and stewardesses	149	36	113	63	21	29	440	175	265	131	70	64
Hucksters and peddlers	126	22	104	53	29	22	177	78	99	52	30	17
Janitors and sextons	2,115	90	2,025	1,476	364	185	1,227	442	785	426	226	133
Laborers (not specified)	219	45	174	119	34	21	252	112	140	73	43	24
Laundresses	1,740	295	1,445	993	283	169	3,461	1,731	1,730	1,050	442	238
Literary and scientific persons	33	5	28	21	5	2	38	19	19	12	2	5
Manufacturers and officials, etc.	72	9	63	37	19	7	68	29	39	20	11	8
Merchants and dealers	553	97	456	278	90	88	900	389	511	285	155	91
Milliners	317	33	184	114	36	34	247	89	158	79	40	39
Musicians and teachers of music	213	27	186	126	37	23	174	79	95	46	32	17
Nurses and midwives	396	49	347	224	66	57	841	337	504	282	126	86
Packers and shippers	33	7	26	15	2	9	28	10	18	9	1	8
Saleswomen	342	37	305	169	59	77	338	110	228	93	69	66
Seamstresses	476	63	413	259	91	63	869	359	510	286	133	91
Servants and waitresses	1,631	224	1,407	940	266	201	1,894	834	1,060	568	306	186
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	39	7	32	23	3	6	66	24	42	26	11	5
Silk mill operatives	51	6	45	21	14	10	51	16	35	20	9	6

[1] Includes 6 Chinese and 2 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS)—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES[1]—continued.												
Stenographers and typewriters	4,982	334	4,648	1,340	1,400	1,908	4,839	291	4,548	1,282	1,379	1,887
Tailoresses	6,566	405	6,161	1,903	1,802	2,456	4,984	167	4,817	1,182	1,478	2,157
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	5,101	660	4,441	1,451	1,380	1,610	4,745	562	4,183	1,294	1,325	1,564
Telegraph and telephone operators	1,174	55	1,119	260	348	511	1,143	45	1,098	246	344	508
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	962	57	905	250	266	389	879	36	843	221	248	374
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	2,877	218	2,659	716	791	1,152	2,589	158	2,431	579	745	1,107
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	4,957	305	4,652	1,988	1,233	1,436	2,614	87	2,527	819	792	1,116
All other occupations	14,260	1,628	12,632	3,954	3,702	4,976	11,480	775	10,705	2,744	3,311	4,650
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	18,585	3,277	15,308	6,234	4,766	4,308	14,400	1,743	12,657	4,468	4,217	3,972
Actresses, professional show-women, etc.	481	136	345	229	74	42	218	74	144	73	45	26
Agents	144	43	101	49	26	26	88	16	72	27	22	23
Artists and teachers of art	246	91	155	99	38	18	177	67	110	62	31	17
Boarding and lodging house keepers	512	317	195	126	42	27	105	74	31	20	8	3
Bookbinders	270	18	252	76	91	85	253	13	240	70	86	84
Bookkeepers and accountants	870	78	792	313	240	239	806	65	741	284	231	226
Boxmakers (paper)	230	12	218	58	79	81	209	9	200	49	73	78
Clerks and copyists	1,161	118	1,043	368	352	323	1,073	87	986	328	343	315
Dressmakers	2,344	506	1,838	808	543	487	1,576	205	1,371	513	433	425
Housekeepers and stewardesses	203	73	130	70	31	29	92	27	65	29	20	16
Janitors and sextons	268	54	214	152	42	20	17	6	11	5	5	1
Laundresses	386	102	284	140	93	51	184	27	157	85	59	33
Literary and scientific persons	138	43	95	55	21	19	96	27	69	35	16	18
Merchants and dealers	180	57	103	60	26	27	74	13	61	23	18	20
Milliners	616	71	545	195	178	172	538	42	496	183	172	161
Musicians and teachers of music	481	115	366	200	106	60	346	55	291	141	80	51
Nurses and midwives	376	135	241	144	53	44	195	77	118	54	31	33
Packers and shippers	178	10	168	47	62	59	171	8	163	43	62	58
Saleswomen	2,001	159	1,842	582	647	613	1,878	121	1,757	534	625	598
Seamstresses	597	103	494	208	140	146	434	42	392	141	120	131
Servants and waitresses	601	126	475	231	138	106	362	52	310	126	100	84
Silk mill operatives	128	4	124	41	45	38	121	3	118	38	45	35
Stenographers and typewriters	1,271	151	1,120	444	347	329	1,218	131	1,087	422	343	322
Tailoresses	101	17	84	36	30	18	75	7	68	23	27	18
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	1,622	268	1,354	544	462	348	1,477	235	1,242	478	434	330
Telegraph and telephone operators	308	21	287	85	89	113	299	18	281	80	88	113
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	158	10	146	42	44	60	144	5	139	40	41	58
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	313	28	285	86	102	97	274	18	256	69	95	92
All other occupations	2,423	411	2,012	746	625	641	1,900	209	1,691	538	553	600
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	58,302	5,188	53,114	15,306	15,851	21,957	51,189	3,237	47,952	12,441	14,670	20,941
Actresses, professional show-women, etc.	430	71	359	188	91	80	248	39	209	83	66	60
Agents	227	48	179	58	53	68	178	31	147	40	48	59
Artists and teachers of art	187	27	160	44	47	69	141	16	125	33	43	49
Barbers and hairdressers	234	25	209	54	60	95	200	10	190	45	55	90
Boarding and lodging house keepers	334	181	153	100	32	21	75	47	28	19	2	7
Bookbinders	1,124	74	1,050	279	312	459	1,058	55	1,003	258	300	445
Bookkeepers and accountants	2,754	131	2,623	686	783	1,154	2,680	116	2,564	654	769	1,141
Boxmakers (paper)	863	54	809	218	243	348	786	40	746	185	223	338
Carpet factory operatives	312	17	295	91	78	126	289	15	274	80	71	123
Clerks and copyists	2,488	152	2,336	600	743	993	2,368	125	2,243	562	719	962
Confectioners	335	19	316	82	109	125	300	11	289	67	101	121
Dressmakers	9,502	944	8,558	2,494	2,593	3,471	8,383	607	7,776	2,061	2,379	3,316
Hat and cap makers	263	8	255	64	78	113	256	8	248	62	77	109
Housekeepers and stewardesses	387	74	313	128	92	93	230	20	210	66	61	83
Janitors and sextons	776	119	657	417	152	88	57	12	45	20	14	11

[1] Includes 6 Chinese and 2 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 20.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS)—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES[1]—continued.												
Stenographers and typewriters	63	8	55	30	13	12	80	35	45	28	8	9
Tailoresses	1,078	62	1,016	571	229	216	504	176	328	150	95	83
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	144	17	127	88	17	22	212	81	131	69	38	24
Telegraph and telephone operators	14	1	13	12	1		17	9	8	2	3	3
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	39	3	36	16	11	9	44	18	26	13	7	6
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	137	21	116	68	25	23	171	59	112	69	21	22
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	1,849	47	1,802	1,195	354	253	494	171	323	159	87	77
All other occupations	1,331	237	1,094	748	181	165	1,449	616	833	462	210	161
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	1,756	321	1,435	993	259	183	2,429	1,213	1,216	773	290	153
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	195	23	172	135	23	14	68	39	29	21	6	2
Agents	20	3	17	13	2	2	36	24	12	9	2	1
Artists and teachers of art	39	9	30	26	3	1	30	15	15	11	4	
Boarding and lodging house keepers	106	35	71	51	16	4	301	208	93	65	18	10
Bookbinders	5	1	4	1	3		12	4	8	5	2	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	29	6	23	11	6	6	35	7	28	18	3	7
Boxmakers (paper)	10	1	9	4	3	2	11	2	9	5	3	1
Clerks and copyists	45	12	33	23	5	5	43	19	24	17	4	3
Dressmakers	244	48	196	129	37	30	524	253	271	166	73	32
Housekeepers and stewardesses	34	7	27	14	6	7	77	39	38	27	5	6
Janitors and sextons	145	7	138	105	24	9	106	41	65	42	13	10
Laundresses	76	10	66	41	14	11	126	65	61	34	20	7
Literary and scientific persons	20	5	15	13	1	1	22	11	11	7	2	2
Merchants and dealers	39	15	24	16	4	4	47	29	18	11	4	3
Milliners	32	7	25	16	2	7	46	22	24	16	4	4
Musicians and teachers of music	74	14	60	44	10	6	61	36	25	15	7	3
Nurses and midwives	46	8	38	30	4	4	135	50	85	60	18	7
Packers and shippers	2	1	1	1			5	1	4	3		1
Saleswomen	51	7	44	30	7	7	72	31	41	18	15	8
Seamstresses	46	11	35	25	4	6	117	50	67	42	16	9
Servants and waitresses	117	20	97	64	20	13	122	54	68	41	18	9
Silk mill operatives	6		6	3		3	1	1				
Stenographers and typewriters	20	3	17	11	3	3	33	17	16	11	1	4
Tailoresses	16	2	14	12	2		10	3	7	1	1	
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	53	4	49	32	9	8	92	29	63	34	19	10
Telegraph and telephone operators	6		6	5	1		3	3				
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	6	1	5		3	2	8	4	2	2		
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	16	1	15	9	2	4	23	9	14	8	5	1
All other occupations	288	60	198	129	45	24	265	142	123	84	27	12
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	2,978	374	2,604	1,842	518	444	4,135	1,577	2,558	1,223	763	572
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	141	14	127	96	14	17	41	18	23	9	11	3
Agents	25	6	19	11	1	7	24	11	13	7	4	2
Artists and teachers of art	15	4	11	7	4		11	7	4	4		
Barbers and hairdressers	13	3	10	4	2	4	21	12	9	5	3	1
Boarding and lodging house keepers	77	18	59	43	12	4	182	116	66	38	18	10
Bookbinders	25	5	20	12	2	6	41	14	27	9	10	8
Bookkeepers and accountants	34	3	31	15	8	8	40	12	28	17	6	5
Boxmakers (paper)	29	3	26	13	10	3	48	11	37	20	10	7
Carpet factory operatives	9	1	8	4	1	3	14	1	13	7	6	
Clerks and copyists	56	9	47	20	11	16	64	18	46	18	13	15
Confectioners	10		10	6	4		25	8	17	9	4	4
Dressmakers	415	60	355	216	81	58	704	277	427	197	133	97
Hat and cap makers	2		2	1		1	5		5	1	1	3
Housekeepers and stewardesses	29	8	21	11	3	7	128	46	82	31	28	23
Janitors and sextons	454	17	437	308	81	48	265	90	175	89	57	29

[1] Includes 6 Chinese and 2 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS)—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Laborers (not specified)	140	33	107	36	37	34	76	11	65	15	23	27
Laundresses	1,519	328	1,191	522	349	320	811	92	719	243	236	240
Literary and scientific persons	89	21	68	27	13	28	71	14	57	19	12	26
Manufacturers and officials, etc	148	20	128	47	24	57	110	6	104	28	20	56
Merchants and dealers	585	118	467	198	141	128	358	38	320	120	98	102
Milliners	2,415	166	2,249	590	666	1,003	2,268	123	2,135	540	622	973
Musicians and teachers of music	660	79	581	206	155	220	559	58	501	158	139	204
Nurses and midwives	492	109	383	166	106	121	273	43	225	73	65	87
Packers and shippers	608	32	576	138	188	250	387	28	359	130	186	243
Saleswomen	7,568	398	7,170	1,817	2,182	3,171	7,270	335	6,935	1,720	2,122	3,093
Seamstresses	3,093	293	2,800	750	836	1,214	2,780	94	2,686	647	771	1,168
Servants and waitresses	2,311	323	1,988	721	579	688	1,753	163	1,590	492	486	612
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	299	30	269	89	85	95	262	17	245	71	80	94
Silk mill operatives	799	54	745	203	225	317	750	44	706	187	211	308
Stenographers and typewriters	3,014	147	2,867	720	832	1,315	2,962	132	2,830	696	818	1,307
Tailoresses	837	94	743	206	215	322	714	56	658	171	185	302
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	2,873	277	2,596	719	795	1,082	2,783	254	2,529	687	776	1,066
Telegraph and telephone operators	759	31	728	159	228	341	743	27	716	153	295	338
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	628	32	596	155	178	263	587	24	563	139	172	252
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	1,437	107	1,330	351	393	586	1,340	81	1,259	310	379	570
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	969	49	920	272	281	367	793	30	763	170	249	344
All other occupations	6,863	503	6,360	1,721	1,887	2,752	6,110	310	5,800	1,398	1,767	2,635
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	57,130	8,842	48,288	18,614	13,300	16,374	36,112	3,015	33,097	9,307	9,874	13,916
Actresses, professional show-women, etc	229	48	181	100	42	39	99	24	75	26	22	27
Agents	155	55	100	47	28	25	53	21	31	13	5	13
Artists and teachers of art	103	24	79	27	18	34	73	16	57	15	16	27
Barbers and hairdressers	226	26	200	83	57	60	148	9	139	46	39	54
Boarding and lodging house keepers	961	536	415	209	123	83	202	135	67	31	25	11
Bookbinders	215	20	195	53	60	82	188	13	175	41	55	79
Bookkeepers and accountants	760	32	728	225	193	310	706	23	683	204	183	296
Boxmakers (paper)	336	15	321	95	100	126	310	12	298	84	92	122
Carpet factory operatives	93	14	79	25	26	28	71	7	64	16	20	28
Clerks and copyists	644	40	604	189	166	249	546	23	523	146	145	232
Confectioners	334	45	289	109	96	84	217	8	209	60	81	68
Dressmakers	8,772	1,417	7,355	2,986	2,021	2,448	6,104	633	5,471	1,723	1,593	2,155
Hat and cap makers	372	16	356	86	117	153	340	10	330	70	112	148
Housekeepers and stewardesses	511	129	382	186	86	110	242	40	202	95	43	64
Hucksters and peddlers	343	102	241	119	73	49	44	4	40	15	15	10
Janitors and sextons	2,306	381	1,925	1,299	411	215	67	27	40	25	14	1
Laborers (not specified)	407	124	283	153	76	54	90	22	68	23	25	20
Laundresses	3,858	1,577	2,281	1,350	565	366	959	305	654	282	194	178
Manufacturers and officials, etc	160	19	141	47	49	45	82	3	79	21	26	32
Merchants and dealers	1,449	423	1,026	522	269	245	315	63	252	86	67	99
Milliners	1,374	122	1,252	400	384	468	1,149	72	1,077	292	349	436
Musicians and teachers of music	345	64	281	112	92	77	213	31	182	57	62	63
Nurses and midwives	1,093	350	743	413	182	148	309	99	210	98	59	53
Packers and shippers	309	17	192	57	49	86	176	6	170	45	48	77
Saleswomen	2,472	127	2,345	637	668	1,050	2,213	81	2,132	520	612	1,000
Seamstresses	6,312	465	5,847	1,568	1,713	2,566	5,512	219	5,293	1,233	1,585	2,475
Servants and waitresses	4,632	1,041	3,591	1,753	920	918	2,821	487	2,334	1,008	626	700
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	550	27	523	119	152	252	494	10	484	93	147	244
Silk mill operatives	280	31	249	85	58	106	234	20	214	63	49	102
Stenographers and typewriters	690	36	654	173	220	261	663	28	635	162	217	256
Tailoresses	5,622	291	5,331	1,980	1,556	2,115	4,192	104	4,088	987	1,265	1,836
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	576	111	465	178	119	168	461	71	390	122	111	157
Telegraph and telephone operators	107	3	104	16	31	57	101	.....	101	13	31	57
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	231	17	214	68	61	85	200	9	191	56	52	83
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	1,238	93	1,145	308	330	507	1,052	48	1,004	225	299	480
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	3,914	253	3,661	1,677	936	1,048	1,765	56	1,709	428	528	753
All other occupations	5,259	749	4,510	1,580	1,273	1,657	3,702	276	3,426	883	1,063	1,480

ABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS)—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—Continued.												
aborers (not specified)	21	4	17	11	4	2	43	18	25	10	10	5
aundresses	221	38	183	120	35	28	487	198	289	158	78	53
literary and scientific persons	7		7	5	1	1	11	7	4	3		1
anufacturers and officials, etc	21	4	17	14	3		17	10	7	5	1	1
erchants and dealers	97	16	81	50	18	13	130	64	66	28	25	13
illiners	60	10	50	25	17	8	97	33	64	25	17	22
usicians and teachers of music	56	8	48	35	6	7	45	13	32	13	10	9
urses and midwives	45	5	40	19	11	10	174	56	118	64	30	24
ackers and shippers	9	1	8	4	1	3	12	3	9	4	1	4
aleswomen	134	17	117	52	25	40	164	46	118	45	35	38
amstresses	90	11	79	42	22	15	223	88	135	61	43	31
rvants and waitresses	242	34	208	136	37	35	316	126	190	93	56	41
irt, collar, and cuff makers	11	3	8	7	1		26	10	16	11	4	1
lk mill operatives	23	4	19	7	9	3	26	6	20	9	5	6
enographers and typewriters	36	3	33	10	9	4	36	12	24	15	5	4
ilorosses	39	5	34	20	10	4	84	33	51	15	20	16
achers and professors in colleges, etc	29	1	28	15	4	9	61	22	39	17	15	7
legraph and telephone operators	4		4	4			12	4	8	2	3	3
extile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	19		19	10	4	5	22	8	14	6	2	6
extile workers (not otherwise specified)	34	3	31	16	7	8	53	23	40	25	7	8
bacco and cigar factory operatives	120	7	113	87	14	12	56	12	44	15	18	11
l other occupations	336	49	287	186	46	55	417	144	273	137	74	62
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	10,219	1,089	9,130	5,973	1,789	1,368	10,799	4,738	6,061	3,334	1,637	1,090
otresses, professional show-women, etc	106	10	96	68	17	11	24	14	10	6	3	1
gents	42	7	35	18	11	6	61	27	34	16	12	6
rtists and teachers of art	21	4	17	10	2	5	9	4	5	2	1	2
arbers and hairdressers	50	9	41	26	11	4	30	10	20	11	7	2
oarding and lodging house keepers	209	74	135	75	36	24	540	327	213	103	62	48
ookbinders	13	4	9	5	4		14	3	11	7	1	3
ookkeepers and accountants	34	3	31	14	5	12	20	6	14	7	5	2
oxmakers (paper)	7		7	3	2	2	18	3	16	8	6	2
arpet factory operatives	5	1	4	2	2		17	6	11	7	4	
lerks and copyists	61	8	53	25	15	13	37	9	28	18	6	4
onfectioners	53	7	46	31	7	8	64	30	34	18	8	8
ressmakers	1,192	140	1,052	717	191	144	1,476	644	832	446	237	149
at and cap makers	16	1	15	10	3	2	16	5	11	6	2	3
ousekeepers and stewardesses	59	11	48	27	10	11	210	78	132	64	33	35
ucksters and peddlers	123	21	102	52	28	22	176	77	99	52	30	17
anitors and sextons	1,421	63	1,358	991	245	122	818	291	527	283	152	92
aborers (not specified)	148	33	116	76	22	17	189	69	120	54	29	17
aundresses	791	163	628	443	125	60	2,108	1,109	999	625	246	128
anufacturers and officials, etc	40	3	37	17	14	6	38	13	25	9	9	7
erchants and dealers	415	65	350	212	67	71	719	295	424	224	125	75
illiners	121	16	105	70	16	19	104	34	70	38	19	13
usicians and teachers of music	68	4	64	38	17	9	64	29	35	17	13	5
urses and midwives	280	33	247	164	50	43	504	218	286	161	73	52
ackers and shippers	22	5	17	10	1	6	11	6	5	2		3
aleswomen	157	13	144	87	27	30	102	33	69	30	19	20
amstresses	300	37	263	161	60	42	500	209	291	174	68	49
rvants and waitresses	735	92	643	424	113	106	1,076	462	614	321	181	112
irt, collar, and cuff makers	23	4	19	13	1	5	33	13	20	13	4	3
lk mill operatives	22	2	20	11	5	4	24	9	15	11	4	
enographers and typewriters	17	2	15	9	1	5	10	6	4	2	2	
ilorosses	1,022	54	968	539	217	212	408	133	275	134	74	67
achers and professors in colleges, etc	57	10	47	38	4	5	58	30	28	18	4	6
legraph and telephone operators	4	1	3	3			2	2				
extile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	14	2	12	6	4	2	17	6	11	6	5	
extile workers (not otherwise specified)	93	17	76	46	17	13	93	28	65	37	14	14
bacco and cigar factory operatives	1,713	40	1,673	1,097	339	239	434	157	277	152	69	56
l other occupations	763	130	633	445	100	88	794	343	451	252	110	89

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS)—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NEGRO.												
All occupations	4,453	1,282	3,171	1,905	793	473	1,326	345	981	425	313	243
Dressmakers	422	106	316	207	70	39	150	37	113	61	29	23
Housekeepers and stewardesses	80	28	52	25	17	10	28	6	22	5	11	6
Janitors and sextons	145	29	116	90	18	8	12	6	6	6		
Laborers (not specified)	58	20	38	42	11	5	15	5	10	7	2	1
Laundresses	1,665	560	1,105	701	271	133	274	117	157	80	55	22
Nurses and midwives	100	21	79	41	19	19	47	5	42	13	13	16
Seamstresses	117	23	94	56	24	14	48	7	41	16	13	12
Servants and waitresses	1,528	406	1,122	624	304	194	611	136	475	195	157	123
All other occupations	308	79	229	119	59	51	141	26	115	42	33	40

NEWARK, N. J.

	ALL CLASSES											
All occupations	16,165	2,014	14,151	4,653	4,270	5,228	12,831	941	11,890	3,364	3,719	4,807
Boarding and lodging house keepers	235	107	128	89	28	11	33	21	12	5	5	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	483	31	452	129	159	164	465	29	436	123	152	161
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	271	18	253	80	85	108	252	13	239	85	78	106
Boxmakers (paper)	196	12	184	54	61	69	189	12	177	32	57	68
Buttonmakers	267	11	256	88	61	107	248	7	241	53	57	131
Clerks and copyists	614	42	572	192	212	168	578	33	545	175	203	164
Corsetmakers	1,007	70	937	236	254	447	939	47	892	208	246	438
Cotton mill operatives	541	41	500	126	128	246	500	26	474	113	122	239
Dressmakers	1,457	200	1,257	487	367	403	1,068	100	968	325	296	347
Gold and silver workers	510	23	487	120	148	219	487	18	469	112	143	214
Hat and cap makers	478	38	440	125	121	194	434	29	405	109	113	183
Housekeepers and stewardesses	110	17	93	42	27	24	68	7	61	25	18	18
Laborers (not specified)	214	45	169	85	35	49	110	10	100	31	28	41
Laundresses	829	267	562	258	171	133	197	35	162	42	51	69
Merchants and dealers	388	113	275	130	77	68	101	17	84	24	30	30
Milliners	336	25	311	85	91	135	300	16	284	89	89	126
Musicians and teachers of music	165	23	142	61	51	30	137	18	119	48	43	28
Nurses and midwives	278	83	195	100	53	42	102	26	76	27	22	27
Saleswomen	1,126	71	1,055	285	323	447	1,060	55	1,005	266	306	433
Seamstresses	527	77	450	154	134	162	395	28	367	102	116	149
Servants and waitresses	823	132	691	236	210	245	507	41	526	164	170	202
Stenographers and typewriters	622	61	561	207	188	166	603	55	548	199	188	163
Tailoresses	541	78	463	151	133	179	418	42	376	109	108	159
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	682	96	586	294	185	177	646	92	554	204	175	175
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	188	9	179	54	43	82	173	7	166	45	42	79
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	262	30	232	67	83	82	228	16	212	56	77	79
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	201	7	194	47	64	83	191	5	186	45	60	81
All other occupations	2,814	287	2,527	791	778	958	2,342	136	2,206	685	726	895
NATIVE WHITE BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	4,300	545	3,755	1,466	1,231	1,058	3,580	328	3,252	1,162	1,113	977
Boarding and lodging house keepers	101	47	54	36	12	6	21	14	7	2	3	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	188	14	174	67	70	47	188	12	176	63	66	47
Clerks and copyists	282	17	265	108	109	58	274	13	261	100	104	57
Corsetmakers	174	14	160	54	39	67	157	11	146	44	38	64
Dressmakers	433	74	359	105	124	70	290	35	255	109	93	53
Gold and silver workers	110	7	103	25	39	39	106	5	101	24	39	38
Milliners	105	7	98	30	28	40	92	6	86	23	27	36
Musicians and teachers of music	91	12	79	38	27	14	70	8	62	29	21	12
Nurses and midwives	88	23	65	38	15	12	37	9	28	11	6	11
Saleswomen	348	33	315	105	98	112	323	26	297	98	93	106
Seamstresses	168	35	133	53	43	37	117	15	102	34	37	31
Servants and waitresses	101	14	87	33	26	28	80	6	74	30	22	22
Stenographers and typewriters	297	42	255	112	86	57	281	36	245	106	84	55
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	396	56	340	152	113	75	376	54	322	139	108	75
Textile mill operatives	129	5	124	33	41	50	121	5	116	29	39	48
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	183	23	160	55	58	47	152	13	139	44	51	44
All other occupations	1,066	122	944	302	303	299	895	60	835	277	282	276

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEW YORK, N. Y. (MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS)—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NEGRO.												
All occupations	1,685	224	1,461	1,037	285	139	1,442	713	729	443	195	91
Dressmakers	165	18	147	110	24	13	107	51	56	36	17	3
Housekeepers and stewardesses	27	10	17	11	2	4	25	12	13	9	4	.....
Janitors and sextons	95	3	92	72	14	6	38	20	18	12	4	2
Laborers (not specified)	43	7	36	29	5	2	30	18	12	6	4	2
Laundresses	652	84	568	389	119	60	739	359	380	232	97	51
Nurses and midwives	25	3	22	21	1	.....	28	13	15	7	5	3
Seamstresses	40	4	36	31	5	.....	29	12	17	9	6	2
Servants and waitresses	537	78	459	316	96	47	380	192	188	113	51	24
All other occupations	101	17	84	58	19	7	66	30	36	19	7	4

NEWARK, N. J.

ALL CLASSES.

All occupations	1,252	262	990	595	215	180	2,082	811	1,271	684	336	241
Boarding and lodging house keepers	62	15	47	34	7	6	140	71	69	50	16	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	8	1	7	3	3	1	10	1	9	3	4	2
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	4	.....	4	1	2	1	15	5	10	4	5	1
Boxmakers (paper)	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	6	.....	6	1	4	1
Buttonmakers	10	2	8	2	4	2	9	2	7	3	.....	4
Clerks and copyists	18	2	16	7	6	3	18	7	11	7	3	1
Corsetmakers	27	6	21	12	4	5	41	17	24	16	4	4
Cotton mill operatives	9	4	5	2	2	1	32	11	21	11	4	6
Dressmakers	144	24	120	63	31	26	245	76	169	99	40	30
Gold and silver workers	10	1	9	3	2	4	13	4	9	5	3	1
Hat and cap makers	16	2	14	8	3	3	28	7	21	8	5	8
Housekeepers and stewardesses	12	2	10	7	2	1	30	8	22	10	7	5
Laborers (not specified)	47	8	39	32	3	4	57	27	30	22	4	4
Laundresses	216	52	164	101	41	22	416	180	236	115	79	42
Merchants and dealers	108	20	88	56	17	15	179	76	103	50	30	23
Milliners	19	2	17	8	2	7	17	7	10	8	.....	2
Musicians and teachers of music	12	1	11	7	3	1	16	4	12	6	5	1
Nurses and midwives	46	12	34	23	8	3	130	45	85	50	23	12
Saleswomen	33	6	27	9	9	9	33	10	23	10	8	5
Seamstresses	42	9	33	25	3	5	90	40	50	27	15	8
Servants and waitresses	97	24	73	42	12	19	159	67	92	40	28	24
Stenographers and typewriters	8	.....	8	5	2	1	11	6	5	3	.....	2
Tailoresses	44	12	32	13	13	6	79	24	55	29	12	14
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	13	2	11	9	2	.....	23	2	21	11	8	2
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	7	.....	7	5	1	1	8	2	6	4	.....	2
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	12	2	10	6	3	1	22	12	10	5	3	2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	6	.....	6	1	4	1	4	2	2	1	.....	1
All other occupations	221	53	168	110	26	32	251	98	153	96	26	31

NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.

All occupations	268	56	212	124	45	43	452	161	291	180	73	38
Boarding and lodging house keepers	30	9	21	15	4	2	50	24	26	19	5	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	3	1	2	2	.....	.....	7	1	6	2	4	.....
Clerks and copyists	8	.....	8	4	3	1	10	4	6	4	2	.....
Corsetmakers	6	.....	6	4	.....	2	11	3	8	6	1	1
Dressmakers	44	9	35	18	12	5	99	30	69	38	19	12
Gold and silver workers	3	1	2	1	.....	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Milliners	11	1	10	5	1	4	2	.....	2	2	.....	.....
Musicians and teachers of music	9	1	8	4	3	1	12	3	9	5	3	1
Nurses and midwives	11	4	7	5	2	.....	49	10	39	23	7	1
Saleswomen	12	2	10	4	1	5	13	5	8	3	4	1
Seamstresses	15	3	12	8	1	3	36	17	19	11	5	3
Servants and waitresses	9	3	6	1	1	4	12	5	7	2	3	2
Stenographers and typewriters	6	.....	6	4	2	.....	10	6	4	2	.....	2
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	6	1	5	4	1	.....	14	1	13	9	4	.....
Textile mill operatives	1	.....	1	.....	1	.....	7	.....	7	4	1	2
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	10	2	8	5	2	1	21	8	13	6	5	2
All other occupations	84	19	65	40	11	14	167	43	64	45	10	9

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEWARK, N. J.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.										
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).				
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—			
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.		
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	7,739	655	7,084	1,869	2,105	3,110	6,884	407	6,477	1,660	1,936	2,981
Bookkeepers and accountants	252	14	238	54	80	104	247	14	233	53	78	102
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	193	13	180	42	60	78	182	10	172	38	57	77
Boxmakers (paper)	117	8	109	32	40	37	112	8	104	30	38	36
Buttonmakers	173	8	165	35	36	94	162	6	156	33	33	90
Clerks and copyists	276	21	255	69	87	99	265	17	248	68	84	96
Corsetmakers	656	42	614	130	169	315	619	26	593	120	164	309
Cotton mill operatives	351	19	332	69	78	174	332	12	320	75	74	171
Dressmakers	691	70	621	198	189	264	583	45	538	151	153	234
Gold and silver workers	341	14	327	80	88	159	329	12	317	77	84	156
Hat and cap makers	241	21	220	53	52	115	221	16	205	46	49	110
Laundresses	169	34	135	40	43	52	78	8	70	11	21	38
Merchants and dealers	110	26	84	27	29	28	53	5	48	12	14	22
Milliners	176	12	164	40	51	73	166	8	158	35	51	72
Nurses and midwives	67	19	48	15	20	13	43	9	34	13	10	11
Saleswomen	596	24	572	124	174	274	575	21	554	119	166	269
Seamstresses	223	17	206	65	54	87	184	6	178	44	49	85
Servants and waitresses	276	28	248	69	75	104	230	12	218	54	65	99
Stenographers and typewriters	284	13	271	83	88	100	262	13	249	81	88	100
Tailoresses	282	38	244	78	67	99	226	27	199	57	56	86
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	228	28	200	60	59	81	220	27	193	55	57	81
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	107	5	102	32	20	50	104	4	100	30	20	50
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	151	15	136	35	49	52	137	11	126	30	46	50
All other occupations	1,779	166	1,613	426	519	668	1,534	90	1,444	328	479	637
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	3,535	655	2,880	1,089	828	963	2,152	169	1,983	576	613	794
Corsetmakers	177	14	163	52	46	65	163	10	153	44	44	65
Cotton mill operatives	112	18	94	23	27	44	93	10	83	19	24	40
Dressmakers	296	50	246	107	67	72	178	18	160	57	44	59
Hat and cap makers	154	9	145	46	42	57	141	8	133	40	41	52
Housekeepers and stewardesses	29	4	25	10	6	9	15	2	13	5	3	5
Laborers (not specified)	86	23	63	33	11	19	53	3	30	9	7	14
Laundresses	321	121	200	98	68	34	38	9	29	9	12	8
Merchants and dealers	230	73	157	86	36	35	23	7	16	6	6	4
Nurses and midwives	111	36	75	42	17	16	17	7	10	.....	5	5
Saleswomen	182	14	168	56	51	61	162	8	154	49	47	58
Seamstresses	122	23	99	31	34	34	84	5	79	22	28	29
Servants and waitresses	258	55	203	68	63	72	157	14	143	42	48	53
Tailoresses	212	30	182	57	58	67	161	10	151	43	46	62
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	53	10	43	12	12	19	47	10	37	10	9	18
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	110	15	95	33	22	40	84	4	80	25	20	35
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	133	4	129	29	41	59	126	5	121	27	37	57
All other occupations	949	156	793	306	227	260	632	41	591	169	192	230
NEGRO.												
All occupations	591	159	432	229	106	97	215	37	178	66	57	55
Laundresses	267	92	175	100	42	33	53	15	38	16	8	14
Servants and waitresses	188	35	153	56	46	41	100	9	91	28	35	28
All other occupations	136	32	104	63	18	23	62	13	49	22	14	13

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

NEWARK, N. J.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other bread-winners.	Other bread winners.					No other bread-winners.	Other bread winners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	326	69	257	138	62	57	529	179	350	171	107	72
Bookkeepers and accountants	4	.....	4	1	2	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	1
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	10	3	7	3	3	1
Boxmakers (paper)	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	4	.....	4	1	2	1
Buttonmakers	5	2	3	.....	3	.....	6	.....	6	2	.....	4
Clerks and copyists	6	2	4	.....	2	2	5	2	3	1	1	1
Corsetmakers	15	5	10	4	3	3	22	11	11	6	2	3
Cotton mill operatives	3	1	2	.....	1	1	16	6	10	7	1	2
Dressmakers	35	5	30	15	5	10	73	20	53	32	11	10
Gold and silver workers	4	.....	4	1	1	2	8	2	6	2	3	1
Hat and cap makers	8	.....	8	4	2	2	12	5	7	3	1	3
Laundresses	30	5	25	15	4	6	61	21	40	14	18	8
Merchants and dealers	21	7	14	6	7	1	35	14	22	9	8	5
Milliners	4	1	3	2	.....	1	6	3	3	3	.....	.....
Nurses and midwives	5	1	4	1	3	.....	19	9	10	1	7	2
Saleswomen	13	2	11	1	6	4	8	1	7	4	2	1
Seamstresses	18	2	16	14	1	1	21	9	12	7	4	1
Servants and waitresses	19	6	13	6	3	4	27	10	17	9	7	1
Stenographers and typewriters	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....
Tailoresses	16	5	11	8	2	1	40	6	34	13	9	12
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	4	1	3	3	.....	.....	4	.....	4	2	2	.....
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	2	1	1	1	.....	.....
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	4	.....	4	2	2	.....	10	4	6	3	1	2
All other occupations	108	24	84	51	15	18	137	52	85	47	25	13
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	480	104	376	230	86	60	903	382	521	263	129	109
Corsetmakers	6	1	5	4	1	.....	8	3	5	4	1	.....
Cotton mill operatives	6	3	3	2	1	.....	13	5	8	2	2	4
Dressmakers	53	8	45	24	13	8	65	24	41	26	10	5
Hat and cap makers	5	1	4	2	1	1	8	.....	8	4	.....	4
Housekeepers and stewardesses	2	1	1	1	.....	.....	12	1	11	4	3	4
Laborers (not specified)	27	7	20	16	2	2	26	13	13	8	2	3
Laundresses	74	24	50	29	17	4	209	88	121	60	39	22
Merchants and dealers	74	9	65	43	9	13	133	57	76	37	21	18
Nurses and midwives	27	6	21	15	3	3	67	23	44	27	9	8
Saleswomen	8	2	6	4	2	.....	12	4	8	3	2	6
Seamstresses	7	4	3	2	.....	1	31	14	17	7	6	4
Servants and waitresses	28	8	20	11	4	5	73	33	40	15	11	14
Tailoresses	21	6	15	2	9	4	30	14	16	12	3	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	3	.....	3	2	1	.....	3	.....	3	.....	2	1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	10	2	8	4	1	3	16	9	7	4	1	2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	6	.....	6	1	4	1	3	1	2	1	.....	1
All other occupations	123	22	101	68	18	15	194	93	101	69	17	15
NEGRO.												
All occupations	178	33	145	103	22	20	198	89	109	60	27	22
Laundresses	97	20	77	53	15	10	117	57	60	32	19	9
Servants and waitresses	41	7	34	24	4	6	47	19	28	14	7	7
All other occupations	40	6	34	27	3	4	34	13	21	14	1	6

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PATERSON, N. J.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.										
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).				
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—			
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.		
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES.[1]												
All occupations	8,709	849	7,860	2,462	2,247	3,151	6,947	413	6,534	1,671	1,031	2,932
Bookkeepers and accountants	139	4	135	41	40	54	135	4	131	39	39	53
Clerks and copyists	92	7	85	26	28	31	86	6	80	23	28	29
Dressmakers	516	77	439	178	119	142	371	37	334	114	89	131
Hemp and jute mill operatives	109	15	94	25	32	37	70	5	65	12	23	30
Housekeepers and stewardesses	63	6	57	26	14	17	40	5	35	15	8	12
Laundresses	180	50	130	64	37	29	44	8	36	9	12	15
Linen mill operatives	176	31	145	64	30	42	124	17	107	30	31	37
Merchants and dealers	137	45	92	54	16	22	20	8	12	7	1	4
Milliners	137	7	130	36	40	54	126	4	122	31	38	53
Nurses and midwives	82	25	57	24	14	19	24	3	21	5	4	12
Saleswomen	269	16	253	81	67	105	245	11	234	73	60	101
Servants and waitresses	173	31	142	65	39	38	101	6	95	38	26	31
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	295	20	275	80	94	101	258	9	249	55	88	96
Silk mill operatives	4,818	311	4,507	1,247	1,271	1,989	4,121	196	3,925	882	1,145	1,898
Stenographers and typewriters	130	9	121	53	29	39	125	8	117	51	29	37
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	338	39	299	100	94	105	332	35	297	100	92	105
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	428	26	402	105	137	160	382	13	369	71	122	146
All other occupations	627	130	497	193	137	167	373	38	335	97	96	142
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	1,708	190	1,518	591	480	447	1,304	105	1,289	454	420	415
Dressmakers	177	36	141	75	42	24	113	22	91	42	26	23
Saleswomen	90	8	82	33	26	23	83	6	77	30	25	22
Servants and waitresses	23	4	19	8	6	5	15	1	14	6	5	3
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	83	8	75	28	29	18	65	4	61	19	26	16
Silk mill operatives	658	37	621	193	200	228	588	25	563	165	182	216
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	134	13	121	52	39	30	133	12	121	52	39	30
All other occupations	543	84	459	202	138	119	367	35	362	140	117	105
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	3,655	234	3,421	807	972	1,642	3,325	149	3,176	684	910	1,582
Dressmakers	215	21	194	52	55	87	181	10	171	41	48	82
Saleswomen	125	4	121	37	26	58	121	4	117	36	24	57
Servants and waitresses	36	1	35	9	9	17	26	.....	26	5	7	14
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	91	4	87	20	26	41	87	2	85	20	25	40
Silk mill operatives	2,245	112	2,133	477	594	1,062	2,086	77	2,009	413	563	1,033
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	185	21	164	42	52	70	183	19	164	42	52	70
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	244	18	226	47	80	99	219	11	208	36	78	94
All other occupations	514	53	461	123	130	208	422	26	396	91	113	192
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	3,226	368	2,858	1,064	773	1,051	2,188	155	2,033	512	594	927
Dressmakers	121	20	101	48	22	31	75	5	70	29	15	26
Housekeepers and stewardesses	22	1	21	8	7	6	14	.....	14	6	4	4
Laundresses	84	24	60	25	14	21	21	5	16	3	3	10
Linen mill operatives	132	24	108	54	30	24	86	13	73	30	22	21
Servants and waitresses	70	16	54	26	19	9	37	2	35	15	12	8
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	121	8	113	32	39	42	106	3	103	26	37	40
Silk mill operatives	1,915	162	1,753	577	477	699	1,447	94	1,353	304	400	649
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	259	26	233	70	74	89	178	11	167	38	55	74
All other occupations	502	117	385	164	61	160	224	22	202	61	40	95

[1] Includes 120 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PATERSON, N. J.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES.[1]												
All occupations	938	131	807	514	169	124	824	305	519	277	147	95
Bookkeepers and accountants	2		2	2			2		2		1	1
Clerks and copyists	3		3	1		2	3	1	2	2		
Dressmakers	50	5	45	27	15	3	95	35	60	37	15	8
Hemp and jute mill operatives	15	1	14	5	4	5	24	9	15	8	5	2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	9		9	3	4	2	14	1	13	8	2	3
Laundresses	75	19	56	37	11	8	61	23	38	18	14	6
Linen mill operatives	28	2	26	21	2	3	24	12	12	4	6	2
Merchants and dealers	49	8	41	29	6	6	66	20	32	16	3	13
Milliners	4	1	3	2		1	7	2	5	3	2	
Nurses and midwives	24	8	16	10	3	3	34	14	20	9	7	4
Saleswomen	12	3	9	3	4	2	12	2	10	5	3	2
Servants and waitresses	33	10	23	14	6	3	39	15	24	13	7	4
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	24	4	20	11	4	5	13	7	6	4	2	
Silk mill operatives	454	42	412	271	80	61	243	73	170	94	46	30
Stenographers and typewriters	5	1	4	2		2						
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	2	2					4	2	2		2	
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	44	2	42	26	10	6	32	11	21	8	5	8
All other occupations	105	23	82	50	20	12	149	66	80	46	21	13
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	142	22	120	70	30	20	172	63	109	67	30	12
Dressmakers	27	2	25	16	8	1	37	12	25	17	8	
Saleswomen	2	1	1	1			5	1	4	2	1	1
Servants and waitresses	4	1	3	1		2	4	2	2	1	1	
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	12	1	11	8	1	2	6	3	3	1	2	
Silk mill operatives	36	4	32	15	9	8	34	8	26	13	9	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.							1	1				
All other occupations	61	13	48	29	12	7	85	36	49	33	9	7
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	176	29	147	84	35	28	154	56	98	39	27	32
Dressmakers	10	2	8	3	4	1	24	9	15	8	3	4
Saleswomen	1		1		1		3		3	1	1	1
Servants and waitresses	2		2	1	1		8	1	7	3	1	3
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	3	1	2		1	1	1	1				
Silk mill operatives	100	15	85	48	20	17	59	20	39	16	11	12
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	1	1					1	1				
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	10		10	7		3	15	7	8	4	2	2
All other occupations	49	10	39	25	8	6	43	17	26	7	9	10
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	570	66	504	336	93	73	468	177	291	156	84	51
Dressmakers	13	1	12	8	3	1	33	14	19	11	4	4
Housekeepers and stewardesses	4		4	1	1	2	4	1	3	1	2	
Laundresses	34	10	24	16	2	6	29	9	20	6	9	5
Linen mill operatives	25	2	23	20	2	1	21	9	12	4	6	2
Servants and waitresses	13	4	9	6	3		20	10	10	5	4	1
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	9	2	7	3	2	2	6	3	3	3		
Silk mill operatives	318	23	295	208	51	36	150	45	105	65	26	14
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	44	2	42	22	12	8	37	13	24	10	7	7
All other occupations	110	22	88	52	19	17	168	73	95	51	26	18

[1] Includes 120 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.

OCCUPATION.	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two others.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two others.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES.[1]												
All occupations	84,027	8,923	75,104	23,088	21,890	30,126	66,157	4,409	61,748	16,097	18,520	27,131
Artists and teachers of art	357	45	312	113	100	99	321	35	286	101	92	93
Boarding and lodging house keepers	1,330	711	619	358	152	109	260	192	68	44	16	8
Bookbinders	920	45	881	225	270	386	856	36	820	198	259	363
Bookkeepers and accountants	2,564	150	2,414	768	740	906	2,445	122	2,323	721	725	877
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	688	50	606	158	182	266	679	37	642	127	166	249
Boxmakers (paper)	1,082	56	1,026	223	319	484	1,009	40	969	201	305	463
Carpet factory operatives	1,573	108	1,465	349	435	681	1,290	63	1,227	240	378	609
Clerks and copyists	2,314	155	2,159	551	663	945	2,105	119	1,986	508	616	862
Confectioners	488	37	401	106	120	175	366	17	349	80	106	163
Cotton mill operatives	982	49	903	201	279	423	830	27	803	159	252	392
Dressmakers	10,645	1,243	9,402	3,135	2,710	3,557	8,028	645	7,383	2,066	2,180	3,138
Hat and cap makers	352	12	340	100	96	144	310	9	301	82	86	133
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	3,512	119	3,393	702	979	1,712	3,326	93	3,232	633	937	1,662
Housekeepers and stewardesses	1,248	179	1,069	421	295	353	712	73	639	247	182	210
Laborers (not specified)	309	63	336	134	94	108	190	10	180	44	53	83
Laundresses	2,966	640	2,326	1,028	661	637	1,261	133	1,128	342	341	445
Merchants and dealers	2,204	705	1,499	754	396	349	547	167	380	143	101	136
Milliners	1,993	162	1,831	538	556	737	1,769	129	1,640	440	514	686
Musicians and teachers of music	998	125	873	341	274	258	861	96	765	291	241	233
Nurses and midwives	1,293	231	1,062	469	298	295	581	86	495	171	136	188
Packers and shippers	875	37	838	176	281	381	838	28	806	164	278	366
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	436	24	412	101	124	187	398	18	380	84	116	180
Saleswomen	5,913	315	5,598	1,513	1,601	2,304	5,400	250	5,219	1,338	1,600	2,281
Seamstresses	2,463	200	2,163	706	582	875	1,949	151	1,697	461	464	772
Servants and waitresses	5,236	887	4,349	1,777	1,163	1,409	3,176	336	2,837	920	802	1,115
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	1,057	51	1,016	267	276	481	982	30	952	220	270	462
Silk mill operatives	766	37	729	198	207	353	704	20	684	147	211	326
Stenographers and typewriters	2,106	139	1,967	606	640	721	2,062	135	1,917	580	632	705
Tailoresses	2,101	208	1,893	634	562	697	1,591	95	1,496	424	451	621
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	3,648	404	3,244	1,139	1,022	1,083	3,499	373	3,116	1,070	996	1,050
Telegraph and telephone operators	335	12	323	81	108	134	318	10	308	74	103	131
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	7,624	385	7,239	1,655	1,984	3,600	6,674	239	6,435	1,366	1,788	3,281
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	908	53	855	206	234	415	817	34	783	171	217	395
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	834	46	788	221	235	322	686	18	668	161	204	303
Woolen mill operatives	1,007	49	958	201	289	468	884	33	851	163	288	400
All other occupations	10,904	1,091	9,813	2,962	2,901	4,050	8,588	507	8,081	1,967	2,474	3,640
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	30,532	3,298	27,234	9,144	8,460	9,621	24,920	1,857	23,063	6,919	7,480	8,664
Artists and teachers of art	237	36	201	81	62	58	215	29	186	72	58	56
Boarding and lodging house keepers	679	364	315	194	75	46	148	111	37	27	6	4
Bookbinders	399	22	377	112	121	144	368	20	348	98	115	135
Bookkeepers and accountants	1,350	102	1,248	463	423	362	1,281	83	1,198	426	414	348
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	221	15	206	51	63	92	196	11	185	40	61	84
Boxmakers (paper)	399	23	376	100	110	166	372	16	356	88	108	160
Carpet factory operatives	326	22	304	76	106	122	269	14	255	52	93	110
Clerks and copyists	1,278	97	1,181	406	391	384	1,159	74	1,085	359	368	358
Confectioners	175	12	163	45	53	65	151	5	146	39	46	61
Cotton mill operatives	271	13	258	44	91	123	245	8	237	35	85	117
Dressmakers	3,809	556	3,253	1,234	967	1,052	2,696	269	2,427	779	750	898
Hat and cap makers	155	5	150	51	43	56	135	3	132	44	39	49
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	1,203	42	1,161	268	365	528	1,130	31	1,099	240	353	506
Housekeepers and stewardesses	448	81	367	148	87	132	248	31	217	95	62	60
Laborers (not specified)	76	6	70	23	16	31	51	.....	51	16	9	26
Laundresses	530	81	449	166	137	146	312	15	297	79	103	115
Merchants and dealers	469	149	320	170	88	62	160	45	121	46	32	43
Milliners	901	81	820	283	268	269	791	68	723	231	248	244
Musicians and teachers of music	558	73	485	213	153	119	481	56	425	154	135	106
Nurses and midwives	512	80	432	201	126	105	242	39	203	83	59	61

[1] Includes 1 Indian woman.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	7,830	1,120	6,710	3,676	1,526	1,508	10,040	3,394	6,646	3,315	1,844	1,487
Artists and teachers of art	23	3	20	10	6	4	13	7	6	2	2	2
Boarding and lodging house keepers	264	105	159	96	38	25	805	414	392	218	93	76
Bookbinders	33	2	31	16	3	12	37	7	30	11	8	11
Bookkeepers and accountants	59	10	49	28	8	13	60	18	42	19	7	16
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	47	6	41	23	9	9	32	7	25	8	7	10
Boxmakers (paper)	37	7	30	12	6	12	36	9	27	10	8	9
Carpet factory operatives	166	20	146	73	30	43	117	25	92	36	27	29
Clerks and copyists	122	13	109	53	27	29	87	23	64	30	20	14
Confectioners	32	6	26	15	3	8	40	14	26	11	11	4
Cotton mill operatives	65	6	59	30	17	12	57	16	41	12	10	19
Dressmakers	1,239	148	1,091	607	266	218	1,378	450	928	463	264	201
Hat and cap makers	21	.....	21	10	4	7	21	3	18	8	6	4
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	103	13	90	44	18	28	84	13	71	25	24	22
Housekeepers and stewardesses	187	23	164	48	37	79	349	83	266	126	76	64
Laborers (not specified)	134	22	112	60	28	15	75	31	44	21	13	10
Laundresses	724	121	603	366	147	90	981	386	595	320	173	102
Merchants and dealers	530	91	439	242	116	81	1,127	447	680	309	179	133
Milliners	124	8	116	61	23	32	100	25	75	37	19	19
Musicians and teachers of music	80	11	69	33	17	19	57	18	39	17	16	6
Nurses and midwives	183	24	159	87	45	27	529	121	408	211	117	80
Packers and shippers	24	3	21	9	2	10	15	6	9	3	1	5
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	24	2	22	13	5	4	14	4	10	4	3	3
Saleswomen	203	21	182	88	35	59	241	44	197	87	56	54
Seamstresses	182	34	148	71	36	41	433	115	318	174	82	62
Servants and waitresses	994	148	846	523	168	155	1,066	400	666	334	193	139
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	39	3	36	22	5	9	46	18	28	15	3	10
Silk mill operatives	31	10	21	12	1	8	31	7	24	10	5	9
Stenographers and typewriters	34	1	33	17	5	11	20	3	17	9	3	5
Tailoresses	253	31	222	118	56	48	257	82	175	92	55	28
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	56	6	50	28	8	14	103	25	78	41	18	19
Telegraph and telephone operators	10	1	9	5	3	1	7	1	6	2	2	2
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	520	42	478	250	103	125	430	104	326	136	93	94
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	57	9	48	27	9	12	34	10	24	8	8	8
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	90	4	86	52	22	12	58	24	34	18	9	7
Woolen mill operatives	70	5	65	32	9	24	53	11	42	16	12	14
All other occupations	1,070	161	909	486	211	212	1,246	423	823	409	316	198
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.											
All occupations	2,321	361	1,960	1,049	433	478	3,291	1,080	2,211	1,176	556	479
Artists and teachers of art	15	3	12	7	4	1	7	4	3	2	.....	1
Boarding and lodging house keepers	121	43	78	50	18	10	410	210	200	117	51	32
Bookbinders	11	.....	11	7	.....	4	20	2	18	7	6	5
Bookkeepers and accountants	31	6	25	14	4	7	38	13	25	13	5	7
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	16	2	14	9	1	4	9	2	7	3	1	4
Boxmakers (paper)	12	3	9	5	1	3	15	4	11	7	1	3
Carpet factory operatives	33	5	28	14	7	7	24	3	21	10	6	5
Clerks and copyists	66	9	57	31	14	12	43	14	29	16	9	4
Confectioners	9	1	8	2	3	3	15	6	9	4	4	1
Cotton mill operatives	12	1	11	8	3	.....	14	4	10	1	3	6
Dressmakers	497	78	419	240	97	82	616	209	407	215	110	82
Hat and cap makers	10	.....	10	5	1	4	10	2	8	2	3	3
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	37	4	33	17	5	11	36	7	29	11	7	11
Housekeepers and stewardesses	65	10	55	2	1	52	135	40	95	51	24	20
Laborers (not specified)	11	2	9	3	3	3	14	4	10	4	4	2
Laundresses	88	19	67	42	10	15	132	47	85	45	24	16
Merchants and dealers	107	22	85	50	23	12	196	82	114	74	33	7
Milliners	60	2	64	33	14	17	44	11	33	19	6	8
Musicians and teachers of music	42	7	35	18	8	9	35	10	25	11	10	4
Nurses and midwives	53	8	45	22	14	9	217	33	184	96	53	35

[1] Includes 1 Indian woman.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.												
Packers and shippers	407	17	390	92	130	168	386	13	373	86	128	159
Printers, lithographers, and presswomen	218	15	203	64	53	86	196	12	184	51	50	83
Saleswomen	2,470	155	2,315	739	758	818	2,265	127	2,138	661	723	764
Seamstresses	855	109	746	284	195	267	609	53	556	171	157	228
Servants and waitresses	823	113	710	286	193	231	559	50	509	172	146	191
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	240	13	227	64	73	90	207	4	203	60	71	72
Silk mill operatives	202	11	191	50	60	81	182	6	176	44	57	75
Stenographers and typewriters	1,164	84	1,080	387	378	315	1,134	80	1,054	374	374	306
Tailoresses	314	56	258	123	79	56	208	30	178	75	53	50
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	2,193	243	1,950	706	633	612	2,101	226	1,875	668	618	589
Telegraph and telephone operators	190	7	183	51	68	64	183	7	176	48	66	62
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1,779	80	1,699	402	554	743	1,572	44	1,528	332	504	692
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	241	18	225	61	70	94	217	10	207	57	66	84
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	242	14	228	76	65	87	177	4	173	40	54	79
Woolen mill operatives	307	12	295	61	95	139	265	7	258	45	89	124
All other occupations	4,891	493	4,398	1,370	1,330	1,698	3,993	256	3,737	1,012	1,180	1,545
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN												
All occupations	33,681	2,398	31,283	7,652	8,918	14,713	29,514	1,458	28,056	6,194	8,010	13,852
Artists and teachers of art	95	5	90	24	31	35	88	4	84	24	29	31
Boarding and lodging house keepers	246	130	116	57	37	22	55	36	19	7	8	4
Bookbinders	476	20	456	99	141	216	441	13	428	88	136	204
Bookkeepers and accountants	1,053	36	1,017	263	279	477	1,017	32	985	246	273	466
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	357	27	330	82	99	149	325	21	304	69	92	143
Boxmakers (paper)	585	28	557	104	171	282	583	20	533	98	161	274
Carpet factory operatives	830	56	774	163	226	385	715	36	679	123	203	353
Clerks and copyists	885	40	845	202	242	401	821	32	789	181	224	384
Confectioners	210	16	194	46	58	90	189	8	181	38	55	88
Cotton mill operatives	503	24	479	107	142	230	445	14	431	93	127	211
Dressmakers	4,380	323	4,057	1,056	1,164	1,838	3,794	203	3,591	836	1,036	1,719
Hat and cap makers	154	5	149	33	41	75	143	5	138	28	39	71
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	1,846	59	1,787	345	500	942	1,763	47	1,716	318	474	924
Housekeepers and stewardesses	380	41	339	110	105	104	230	18	232	74	77	81
Laborers (not specified)	95	12	83	17	31	35	75	4	71	12	27	32
Laundresses	698	77	621	183	201	237	484	29	455	104	144	207
Merchants and dealers	584	169	415	184	111	120	236	48	188	64	49	75
Milliners	889	56	803	189	227	387	791	44	747	166	211	370
Musicians and teachers of music	337	33	304	97	89	118	306	24	281	88	81	112
Nurses and midwives	342	62	280	112	66	102	183	25	158	47	36	75
Packers and shippers	418	15	403	71	135	197	406	12	394	68	134	192
Printers, lithographers, and presswomen	185	8	177	34	60	83	174	5	169	30	58	81
Saleswomen	2,815	124	2,691	623	758	1,310	2,651	100	2,551	565	717	1,269
Seamstresses	946	85	861	223	244	394	735	48	737	169	202	366
Servants and waitresses	1,008	95	973	299	263	441	820	35	785	187	213	385
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	397	21	376	87	104	185	378	17	359	76	101	182
Silk mill operatives	416	19	397	81	114	202	397	12	385	74	114	197
Stenographers and typewriters	825	46	779	187	234	358	811	46	765	179	232	354
Tailoresses	689	65	594	184	168	242	523	38	485	132	138	215
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,256	133	1,123	373	338	412	1,210	123	1,087	354	330	403
Telegraph and telephone operators	136	4	132	30	36	66	128	3	125	26	34	65
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	4,305	194	4,111	850	1,042	2,219	3,879	140	3,739	907	949	2,093
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	469	25	444	89	122	233	446	20	426	81	117	228
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	267	16	251	60	90	101	236	11	225	49	78	98
Woolen mill operatives	520	29	491	100	129	262	475	19	456	86	121	249
All other occupations	4,102	300	3,802	919	1,120	1,763	3,524	166	3,358	717	990	1,651
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	15,139	2,114	13,025	4,518	3,544	4,963	9,816	777	9,039	2,401	2,547	4,091
Boarding and lodging house keepers	301	141	160	89	34	37	39	30	9	8	1	.....
Bookkeepers and accountants	149	10	139	37	36	66	138	6	132	34	38	6
Boxmakers (paper)	97	5	92	19	37	36	83	4	79	15	35	2
Carpet factory operatives	416	30	386	110	102	174	306	13	293	65	82	14
Clerks and copyists	138	13	125	40	28	57	108	12	96	26	22	4

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
	NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE—continued.											
Packers and shippers	11	2	9	3	1	5	10	2	8	3	1	4
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	15	1	14	11	1	2	7	2	5	2	2	1
Saleswomen	89	7	82	30	17	26	116	21	95	49	18	28
Seamstresses	81	18	63	36	15	12	165	38	127	77	23	27
Servants and waitresses	106	14	92	51	22	19	158	49	109	63	25	21
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	13	1	12	8		4	20	8	12	6	2	4
Silk mill operatives	14	5	9	4	1	4	6		6	2	2	2
Stenographers and typewriters	16	1	15	8	2	5	14	3	11	5	2	4
Tallioresses	34	7	27	17	9	1	72	19	53	31	17	5
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	32	3	29	16	3	10	60	14	46	21	12	13
Telegraph and telephone operators	5		5	3	1	1	2		2		1	1
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	106	8	98	43	30	25	101	28	73	27	20	26
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	15	2	13	4	3	6	9	4	5		1	4
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	36	1	35	26	6	3	29	9	20	10	5	5
Woolen mill operatives	23	3	20	9	4	7	19	2	17	7	2	8
All other occupations	425	63	362	192	87	83	473	174	299	186	63	70
	NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.											
All occupations	1,848	269	1,579	742	400	437	2,319	671	1,648	716	508	424
Artists and teachers of art	4		4		1	3	3	1	2		1	1
Boarding and lodging house keepers	58	24	34	22	8	4	133	70	63	28	21	14
Bookbinders	20	2	18	7	3	8	15	5	10	4	2	4
Bookkeepers and accountants	23	3	20	12	4	4	16	1	14	5	2	7
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	17	3	14	9	3	2	15	3	12	4	4	4
Boxmakers (paper)	18	4	14	4	4	6	14	4	10	2	6	2
Carpet factory operatives	65	11	54	23	12	19	50	9	41	17	11	13
Clerks and copyists	38	4	34	14	9	11	26	4	22	7	9	6
Confectioners	12	4	8	7		1	9	4	5	1	3	1
Cotton mill operatives	33	3	30	9	11	10	25	7	18	5	4	9
Dressmakers	262	24	238	121	62	55	324	96	228	98	66	64
Hat and cap makers	7		7	2	2	3	4		4	3		1
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	46	7	39	18	11	10	37	5	32	9	15	8
Housekeepers and stewardesses	38	6	32	15	9	8	72	17	55	21	19	15
Laborers (not specified)	10	4	6	2	2	2	10	4	6	3	2	1
Laundresses	88	15	73	34	26	13	126	33	93	45	31	17
Merchants and dealers	114	20	94	49	29	16	234	101	133	71	33	29
Milliners	35	4	31	13	7	11	33	8	25	10	9	6
Musicians and teachers of music	21	3	18	7	5	6	11	6	5	2	3	
Nurses and midwives	38	7	31	19	8	4	121	30	91	46	22	23
Packers and shippers	9		9	3	1	5	3	3				
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	5	1	4	2	1	1	6	2	4	2	1	1
Saleswomen	75	10	65	31	14	20	89	14	75	27	27	21
Seamstresses	44	10	34	10	11	13	117	27	90	44	31	15
Servants and waitresses	102	15	87	37	19	31	146	45	101	45	31	25
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	13	1	12	7	3	2	8	3	5	4		1
Silk mill operatives	7	3	4	3		1	12	4	8	4		4
Stenographers and typewriters	9		9	5	1	3	5		5	3	1	1
Tallioresses	67	6	61	30	19	12	69	21	48	22	11	15
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	12	2	10	4	3	3	34	8	26	15	5	6
Telegraph and telephone operators	5	1	4	2	2		3		3	2		1
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	225	20	205	92	40	73	201	34	167	61	53	53
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	12	3	9	4	2	3	11	2	9	4	3	2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	22	2	20	8	9	3	9	3	6	3	3	
Woolen mill operatives	26	2	24	9	4	11	19	3	11	5	4	2
All other occupations	268	45	223	108	55	60	310	80	221	94	75	52
	FOREIGN BORN WHITE.											
All occupations	2,187	259	1,928	1,075	432	421	3,136	1,078	2,058	1,042	565	451
Boarding and lodging house keepers	55	16	39	21	9	9	207	95	112	60	24	28
Bookkeepers and accountants	5	1	4	2		2	6	3	3	1		2
Boxmakers (paper)	7		7	3	1	3	7	1	6	1	1	4
Carpet factory operatives	67	4	63	36	10	17	43	13	30	9	10	11
Clerks and copyists	17		17	8	4	5	13	1	12	6	2	4

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
FOREIGN BORN WHITE—continued.												
Cotton mill operatives	178	12	166	50	46	70	140	5	135	31	40	64
Dressmakers	1,924	262	1,662	644	459	559	1,317	144	1,173	381	331	461
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	463	18	445	89	114	242	432	15	417	75	110	232
Housekeepers and stewardesses	310	35	275	118	68	89	170	19	151	67	32	52
Laborers (not specified)	125	20	105	49	31	25	37	3	34	8	9	17
Laundresses	721	192	529	261	135	133	243	31	212	78	54	80
Merchants and dealers	1,133	381	752	393	193	166	142	72	70	33	19	18
Milliners	225	25	200	63	58	79	180	17	163	40	52	71
Nurses and midwives	354	79	275	127	83	65	104	18	86	25	25	36
Saleswomen	621	36	585	150	170	265	550	23	527	122	168	247
Seamstresses	593	88	505	172	135	198	419	43	376	112	99	165
Servants and waitresses	1,129	201	928	385	248	295	701	82	619	233	161	225
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	430	17	413	106	101	206	399	9	390	94	98	198
Silk mill operatives	148	7	141	38	33	70	125	2	123	29	30	64
Stenographers and typewriters	112	8	104	29	28	47	104	8	96	26	26	44
Tailoresses	1,125	87	1,038	325	314	399	857	27	830	215	259	356
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	115	22	93	31	24	38	106	19	87	26	23	38
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1,538	110	1,428	402	388	638	1,222	54	1,168	237	335	596
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	239	13	226	71	54	101	185	4	181	43	42	96
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	321	16	305	93	76	136	272	3	269	72	72	125
Woolen mill operatives	180	8	172	49	35	97	144	7	137	22	28	87
All other occupations	2,054	278	1,776	587	511	678	1,393	107	1,186	284	368	534
NEGRO.												
All occupations	4,674	1,112	3,562	1,774	969	819	1,907	317	1,590	583	483	524
Boarding and lodging house keepers	104	76	28	18	6	4	18	15	3	2	1	.....
Dressmakers	532	102	430	202	130	98	221	29	192	69	63	60
Housekeepers and stewardesses	130	22	108	45	35	28	44	5	39	11	11	17
Laborers (not specified)	103	25	78	45	16	17	27	3	24	8	8	8
Laundresses	1,017	290	727	418	188	121	222	58	164	83	40	43
Nurses and midwives	85	10	75	29	23	23	52	4	48	16	16	16
Seamstresses	69	18	51	27	8	16	33	7	26	9	6	13
Servants and waitresses	2,216	478	1,738	837	459	442	1,098	172	924	328	282	314
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	84	6	78	30	27	21	72	5	67	22	25	20
All other occupations	334	85	249	123	67	59	120	19	101	37	31	33

PITTSBURG, PA.

	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	13,239	1,727	11,512	3,873	3,573	4,066	10,480	777	9,703	2,846	3,113	3,744
Boarding and lodging house keepers	402	226	176	98	51	27	88	65	23	12	8	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	425	22	403	110	131	162	410	20	390	107	128	155
Clerks and copyists	672	51	621	185	208	228	630	39	591	174	203	214
Dressmakers	1,594	205	1,389	457	416	516	1,315	108	1,207	357	367	483
Housekeepers and stewardesses	249	45	204	103	53	48	171	24	147	67	43	37
Laborers (not specified)	258	37	221	105	59	57	120	9	111	34	39	38
Laundresses	817	201	616	270	158	188	403	41	362	106	98	158
Merchants and dealers	442	142	300	171	77	52	101	33	68	40	12	16
Milliners	331	23	308	78	99	131	298	15	283	67	93	123
Musicians and teachers of music	209	21	188	87	46	55	178	15	163	71	42	50
Nurses and midwives	206	32	174	81	42	51	122	11	111	40	23	42
Packers and shippers	161	5	156	35	55	66	161	5	156	35	55	66
Saleswomen	1,305	56	1,249	336	427	486	1,246	44	1,202	319	410	473
Seamstresses	514	59	455	151	141	163	418	25	393	116	125	152
Servants and waitresses	1,476	172	1,304	454	411	439	1,215	85	1,130	350	366	414
Stenographers and typewriters	617	41	576	181	186	209	596	38	558	173	179	206
Tailoresses	237	19	218	63	69	86	210	12	198	52	65	81
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	987	92	895	295	296	304	946	82	864	296	288	280
Telegraph and telephone operators	219	12	207	65	58	84	211	8	203	63	57	83
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	326	9	317	75	118	126	316	6	310	70	116	124
All other occupations	1,792	257	1,535	483	474	578	1,325	91	1,234	324	390	520

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
FOREIGN BORN WHITE—continued.												
Cotton mill operatives	20	2	18	13	3	2	18	5	13	6	3	4
Dressmakers	284	21	263	148	61	54	323	97	226	115	67	44
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	20	2	18	9	2	7	11	1	10	5	2	3
Housekeepers and stewardesses	37	3	34	7	14	13	103	13	90	44	23	24
Laborers (not specified)	61	7	54	34	17	3	27	10	17	7	5	5
Laundresses	173	28	145	85	36	24	305	133	172	98	45	29
Merchants and dealers	301	48	253	137	63	53	690	261	429	223	111	95
Milliners	23	2	21	15	2	4	22	6	16	8	4	4
Nurses and midwives	89	8	72	38	21	13	170	53	117	64	37	16
Saleswomen	38	4	34	17	4	13	33	9	24	11	8	5
Seamstresses	41	5	36	12	9	15	133	40	93	48	27	18
Servants and waitresses	157	26	131	71	31	29	271	93	178	81	56	41
Shirt, collar, and cuff makers	13	1	12	7	2	3	18	7	11	5	1	5
Silk mill operatives	10	2	8	5	.....	3	13	3	10	4	3	3
Stenographers and typewriters	7	.....	7	2	2	3	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....
Tailoresses	182	18	134	71	28	35	116	42	74	39	27	8
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	5	1	4	3	1	.....	4	2	2	2	.....	.....
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	188	14	174	114	33	27	128	42	86	51	20	15
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	33	4	29	21	5	3	21	5	16	7	7	2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	29	1	28	16	6	6	30	12	8	5	1	2
Woolen mill operatives	21	.....	21	14	1	6	15	1	14	4	6	4
All other occupations	343	41	302	166	67	69	418	130	288	137	76	75
NEGRO.												
All occupations	1,474	231	1,243	810	251	172	1,293	564	729	351	215	163
Boarding and lodging house keepers	30	22	8	2	3	2	56	39	17	13	2	2
Dressmakers	196	25	171	98	46	27	115	48	67	35	21	11
Housekeepers and stewardesses	47	4	43	24	13	6	39	13	26	10	11	5
Laborers (not specified)	52	9	43	30	6	7	24	13	11	7	2	2
Laundresses	377	59	318	205	75	38	418	173	245	132	73	40
Nurses and midwives	12	1	11	8	2	1	21	5	16	5	5	6
Seamstresses	16	1	15	13	1	1	18	10	8	5	1	2
Servants and waitresses	629	93	536	364	96	76	491	213	278	145	81	52
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	7	.....	7	5	1	1	5	1	4	3	1	.....
All other occupations	106	17	91	60	18	13	106	49	57	26	18	13

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	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	1,075	238	837	486	184	167	1,684	712	972	541	276	155
Boarding and lodging house keepers	80	36	44	25	12	7	284	125	109	61	31	17
Bookkeepers and accountants	8	1	7	2	.....	5	7	1	6	1	3	2
Clerks and copyists	19	3	16	6	1	9	23	9	14	5	4	5
Dressmakers	105	23	82	44	21	17	174	74	100	56	28	16
Housekeepers and stewardesses	22	5	17	12	2	3	56	16	40	24	8	8
Laborers (not specified)	105	14	91	60	16	15	33	14	19	11	4	4
Laundresses	152	36	116	78	21	19	262	124	138	88	39	11
Merchants and dealers	114	12	102	55	29	18	227	97	130	76	36	18
Milliners	18	1	17	7	4	6	15	7	8	4	2	2
Musicians and teachers of music	17	1	16	11	1	4	14	5	9	5	3	1
Nurses and midwives	29	4	25	16	7	2	55	17	38	25	6	7
Packers and shippers	23	1	22	7	5	10	36	11	25	10	12	3
Saleswomen	29	6	23	13	6	4	67	28	39	22	10	7
Seamstresses	119	29	90	60	17	13	142	58	84	44	28	12
Servants and waitresses	6	.....	6	2	3	1	15	3	12	6	4	2
Stenographers and typewriters	13	4	9	5	2	2	14	3	11	5	2	3
Tailoresses	12	2	10	5	3	2	29	8	21	11	5	5
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	1	.....	1	.....	.....	1	7	3	4	2	1	1
Telegraph and telephone operators	7	1	6	4	.....	2	3	2	1	1	.....	.....
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	196	39	157	76	34	27	271	107	164	83	50	31
All other occupations												

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PITTSBURG, PA.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	4,005	511	3,494	1,305	1,127	1,062	3,305	276	3,029	1,034	1,009	986
Boarding and lodging house keepers	151	88	63	36	18	9	44	33	11	4	6	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	184	14	170	56	54	60	174	12	162	53	54	55
Clerks and copyists	289	28	261	97	101	63	267	23	244	83	98	63
Dressmakers	495	77	418	162	125	141	376	35	341	106	104	131
Housekeepers and stewardesses	69	12	57	35	14	8	45	5	40	22	11	7
Laundresses	118	23	95	47	18	30	69	6	63	25	11	27
Milliners	121	10	111	40	43	28	108	6	102	33	42	27
Musicians and teachers of music	100	11	89	46	25	18	82	7	75	36	24	15
Nurses and midwives	72	11	61	32	16	13	50	5	45	21	12	12
Saleswomen	439	23	416	126	149	139	414	17	397	121	142	134
Seamstresses	131	20	111	45	33	33	102	9	93	33	29	31
Servants and waitresses	210	22	188	56	75	57	178	11	167	47	68	52
Stenographers and typewriters	347	24	323	122	104	97	329	21	308	116	97	95
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	461	31	430	159	137	134	437	25	412	150	132	130
Telegraph and telephone operators	112	7	105	33	36	36	109	6	103	32	35	36
All other occupations	706	110	596	221	179	196	521	55	466	147	144	175
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	5,980	532	5,448	1,459	1,675	2,314	5,322	319	5,003	1,237	1,552	2,214
Bookkeepers and accountants	205	8	197	37	65	95	202	8	194	37	63	94
Clerks and copyists	324	17	307	76	87	144	309	13	296	78	85	136
Dressmakers	797	73	724	202	221	301	716	49	667	173	207	287
Housekeepers and stewardesses	105	17	88	37	23	28	80	13	67	23	20	24
Laundresses	272	49	223	66	65	92	197	16	181	40	53	88
Merchants and dealers	123	33	90	53	19	18	43	7	36	22	5	9
Milliners	169	9	160	26	41	93	153	7	146	25	40	81
Musicians and teachers of music	90	7	83	33	17	33	83	6	77	30	15	32
Nurses and midwives	73	8	65	20	16	29	56	5	51	12	13	26
Packers and shippers	101	2	99	22	32	45	101	2	99	22	32	45
Saleswomen	706	28	678	161	222	295	682	23	659	156	214	289
Seamstresses	255	25	230	66	75	89	225	13	212	59	69	84
Servants and waitresses	641	43	598	161	184	253	595	29	566	139	173	244
Stenographers and typewriters	239	16	223	53	70	100	237	16	221	52	70	99
Tailoresses	142	9	133	32	44	57	132	8	124	27	43	54
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	474	49	425	108	148	169	464	48	416	103	146	167
Telegraph and telephone operators	100	4	96	29	22	45	95	2	93	28	22	43
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	140	3	137	29	47	61	139	3	136	28	47	61
All other occupations	1,034	132	902	248	277	377	823	51	772	186	235	351
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	2,491	465	2,026	811	644	571	1,554	133	1,421	468	484	469
Boarding and lodging house keepers	120	66	54	33	13	8	12	10	2	1	.....	1
Dressmakers	249	41	208	84	59	65	194	19	175	67	47	61
Housekeepers and stewardesses	50	6	44	22	13	9	36	3	33	19	10	4
Laborers (not specified)	100	14	86	46	23	18	31	4	27	6	11	10
Laundresses	233	66	167	81	50	36	98	12	86	27	30	29
Merchants and dealers	244	88	156	88	38	30	32	17	15	11	.....	4
Nurses and midwives	51	12	39	22	10	7	15	1	14	6	4	4
Saleswomen	158	5	153	45	56	52	149	4	145	41	54	50
Seamstresses	105	9	96	30	29	37	80	3	77	20	24	33
Servants and waitresses	349	40	309	131	96	82	306	21	285	117	88	80
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	47	12	35	15	11	9	41	9	32	14	10	8
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	148	4	144	33	59	52	142	2	140	31	59	50
All other occupations	637	102	535	182	187	166	418	28	390	108	147	135
NEGRO.												
All occupations	763	219	544	298	127	119	299	49	250	107	68	75
Laundresses	194	63	131	76	25	30	39	7	32	14	4	14
Servants and waitresses	276	67	209	106	56	47	146	24	122	47	37	38
All other occupations	293	89	204	116	46	42	114	18	96	46	27	23

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PITTSBURG, PA.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	266	55	211	127	47	37	434	180	254	144	71	39
Boarding and lodging house keepers	23	12	11	8	2	1	84	43	41	24	10	7
Bookkeepers and accountants	6	1	5	2		3	4	1	3	1		2
Clerks and copyists	10	1	9	5	1	3	12	4	8	4	2	2
Dressmakers	45	8	37	21	11	5	74	34	40	25	10	5
Housekeepers and stewardesses	6		6	4	1	1	18	7	11	9	2	
Laundresses	15	3	12	8	2	2	34	14	20	14	5	1
Milliners	6	1	5	4		1	7	3	4	3	1	
Musicians and teachers of music	10		10	8		2	8	4	4	2	1	1
Nurses and midwives	5	1	4	2	2		17	5	12	9	2	1
Saleswomen	11	1	10	4	2	4	14	5	9	3	5	1
Seamstresses	7	1	6	4	1	1	22	10	12	8	3	1
Servants and waitresses	14	4	10	4	3	3	18	7	11	5	4	2
Stenographers and typewriters	5		5	1	3	1	13	3	10	5	4	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	6	2	4	2	2		18	4	14	7	3	4
Telegraph and telephone operators							3	1	2	1	1	
All other occupations	97	20	77	50	17	10	88	35	53	24	18	11
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	224	58	166	74	46	46	434	155	279	148	77	54
Bookkeepers and accountants	1		1			1	2		2		2	
Clerks and copyists	6	1	5			5	9	3	6	1	2	3
Dressmakers	27	5	22	11	5	6	54	19	35	18	9	8
Housekeepers and stewardesses	8	2	6	4	1	1	17	2	15	10	2	3
Laundresses	19	6	13	7	3	3	56	27	29	19	9	1
Merchants and dealers	27	4	23	11	5	7	53	22	31	20	9	2
Milliners	3		3	1	1	1	3	2	1			1
Musicians and teachers of music	4	1	3	1	1	1	3		3	2	1	
Nurses and midwives	4		4	3	1		13	3	10	5	2	3
Packers and shippers												
Saleswomen	6		6		2	4	18	5	13	5	6	2
Seamstresses	8	2	6	1	3	2	22	10	12	6	3	3
Servants and waitresses	19	5	14	6	5	3	37	9	28	16	6	6
Stenographers and typewriters	1		1	1			1		1			1
Tailoresses	4		4	2	1	1	6	1	5	3		2
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	4		4	1	1	2	6	1	5	4	1	
Telegraph and telephone operators	1		1			1	4	2	2	1		1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	1		1	1								
All other occupations	81	32	49	24	17	8	130	49	81	38	25	18
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	341	63	278	161	63	54	596	269	327	182	97	48
Boarding and lodging house keepers	24	8	16	10	3	3	84	48	36	22	10	4
Dressmakers	15	6	9	4	4	1	40	16	24	13	8	3
Housekeepers and stewardesses	2		2	1		1	12	3	9	2	3	4
Laborers (not specified)	55	5	50	34	9	7	14	5	9	5	3	1
Laundresses	51	14	37	26	7	4	84	40	44	28	13	3
Merchants and dealers	57	6	51	25	15	11	153	65	90	52	23	15
Nurses and midwives	15	2	13	8	4	1	21	9	12	8	2	2
Saleswomen	5		5	2	1	2	4	1	3	2	1	
Seamstresses	10	2	8	6	1	1	15	4	11	4	4	3
Servants and waitresses	14	1	13	9	3	1	29	18	11	5	5	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1		1	1			5	3	2		1	1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	3		3	1		2	3	2	1	1		
All other occupations	89	19	70	34	16	20	130	55	75	40	24	11
NEGRO.												
All occupations	244	62	182	124	28	30	220	108	112	67	31	14
Laundresses	67	13	54	35	9	10	88	43	45	27	12	6
Servants and waitresses	72	19	53	41	6	6	58	24	34	18	13	3
All other occupations	105	30	75	48	13	14	74	41	33	22	6	5

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.										
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).				
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—			
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.		
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES.[1]												
All occupations	15,056	1,874	13,182	4,442	3,626	5,114	11,713	983	10,730	2,967	3,060	4,673
Boarding and lodging house keepers	371	220	151	80	43	28	67	54	13	7	4	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	659	55	604	207	187	210	628	48	580	185	183	202
Boxmakers (paper)	204	12	192	51	55	85	186	10	176	44	53	79
Clerks and copyists	527	41	486	168	154	164	487	32	455	152	149	154
Cotton mill operatives	486	36	450	131	139	180	394	21	373	85	120	168
Dressmakers	1,373	247	1,126	492	268	366	882	115	767	284	188	295
Gold and silver workers	1,473	69	1,404	342	391	671	1,377	55	1,322	305	373	644
Housekeepers and stewardesses	241	52	189	83	65	41	134	21	113	46	39	28
Laundresses	747	186	561	324	133	104	202	42	160	50	53	57
Merchants and dealers	187	61	126	78	30	18	49	20	29	12	9	8
Milliners	300	30	270	91	82	97	247	17	230	67	71	92
Musicians and teachers of music	208	22	186	80	49	57	175	16	159	66	43	50
Nurses and midwives	204	34	170	107	36	27	85	14	71	42	13	16
Packers and shippers	201	16	185	44	62	79	194	13	181	41	62	78
Rubber factory operatives	286	11	275	54	70	151	259	7	252	45	63	144
Saleswomen	677	42	635	198	162	275	619	32	587	165	156	266
Seamstresses	322	53	269	111	67	91	231	26	205	70	50	85
Servants and waitresses	656	130	526	231	143	152	387	57	330	138	91	121
Stenographers and typewriters	289	30	259	101	91	67	273	27	246	96	87	63
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	703	111	592	262	181	149	668	101	567	245	177	145
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	1,449	78	1,371	323	342	706	1,278	52	1,226	245	307	674
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	254	35	219	65	60	94	188	23	175	42	47	86
Woolen mill operatives	1,375	90	1,285	329	350	606	1,169	55	1,114	235	309	570
Worsted mill operatives	315	14	301	68	84	149	280	10	270	53	79	138
All other occupations	1,549	199	1,350	422	381	547	1,244	115	1,129	287	334	508
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	3,797	657	3,140	1,421	950	769	2,874	367	2,507	1,029	807	671
Boarding and lodging house keepers	152	96	56	38	15	3	30	25	5	2	3	.....
Bookkeepers and accountants	294	32	262	124	82	56	273	26	247	126	70	52
Clerks and copyists	270	31	239	103	78	58	244	24	220	93	74	53
Dressmakers	424	113	311	172	81	58	198	45	153	77	44	32
Gold and silver workers	330	21	309	109	90	110	301	15	286	99	86	101
Housekeepers and stewardesses	84	19	65	33	21	11	38	8	30	18	8	4
Milliners	116	15	101	44	35	22	89	7	82	31	30	21
Musicians and teachers of music	115	17	98	43	31	24	91	12	79	35	25	19
Nurses and midwives	75	10	65	48	13	4	30	3	27	17	8	2
Saleswomen	176	15	161	74	39	48	156	10	146	61	39	46
Seamstresses	30	26	63	40	15	8	40	9	31	16	8	7
Servants and waitresses	75	17	58	24	19	15	46	7	39	14	12	13
Stenographers and typewriters	183	26	157	71	60	26	171	23	148	66	57	25
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	448	91	357	184	123	50	421	83	338	170	119	49
Textile mill operatives	282	11	271	75	84	112	249	7	242	59	78	105
All other occupations	684	117	567	241	164	162	497	63	434	155	137	142
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	6,624	492	6,132	1,529	1,823	2,980	5,920	332	5,588	1,249	1,483	2,856
Bookkeepers and accountants	311	10	292	69	93	130	307	18	289	67	93	129
Boxmakers (paper)	110	5	105	27	29	49	107	4	103	27	28	48
Clerks and copyists	221	10	211	57	62	92	213	8	205	54	61	90
Cotton mill operatives	259	15	244	67	78	99	227	12	215	49	70	96
Dressmakers	552	68	484	164	112	208	450	40	410	121	96	193
Gold and silver workers	889	40	849	172	227	450	848	34	814	158	219	437
Housekeepers and stewardesses	61	12	49	21	16	12	41	6	35	13	12	10
Laundresses	130	19	111	40	34	37	78	8	70	17	21	32
Milliners	131	13	118	29	36	53	114	9	105	24	32	49
Packers and shippers	110	8	102	19	31	52	107	8	99	16	31	52
Rubber factory operatives	159	3	156	29	33	94	152	3	149	26	31	92
Saleswomen	382	17	365	73	98	194	368	16	352	66	94	192
Seamstresses	147	14	133	49	32	52	134	11	123	42	39	52

[1] Includes 2 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES.[1]												
All occupations	1,616	194	1,422	880	280	262	1,727	697	1,030	565	286	179
Boarding and lodging house keepers	96	39	57	35	12	10	208	127	81	38	27	16
Bookkeepers and accountants	19	4	15	7	2	6	12	3	9	5	2	2
Boxmakers (paper)	12	.....	12	6	2	4	6	2	4	1	1	2
Clerks and copyists	17	3	14	5	1	8	23	6	17	11	4	2
Cotton mill operatives	53	5	48	36	8	4	39	10	29	10	11	8
Dressmakers	336	26	310	123	42	45	255	106	149	55	38	26
Gold and silver workers	51	1	50	23	10	17	45	13	32	14	8	10
Housekeepers and stewardesses	25	5	20	11	8	1	82	26	56	26	18	12
Laundresses	282	32	250	178	46	26	263	112	151	96	34	21
Merchants and dealers	73	9	64	46	12	6	65	32	33	20	9	4
Milliners	30	1	29	18	8	3	23	12	11	6	3	2
Musicians and teachers of music	22	.....	22	12	5	5	11	6	5	2	1	2
Nurses and midwives	27	1	26	15	6	5	92	19	73	50	17	6
Packers and shippers	2	.....	2	1	.....	1	5	3	2	2	.....	.....
Rubber factory operatives	16	2	14	5	3	6	11	2	9	4	4	1
Saleswomen	38	3	35	26	2	7	20	7	13	7	4	2
Seamstresses	28	2	26	13	10	3	63	25	38	28	7	3
Servants and waitresses	128	16	112	66	29	17	141	57	84	47	23	14
Stenographers and typewriters	12	.....	12	5	3	4	4	3	1	.....	1	.....
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	12	1	11	8	.....	3	23	9	14	9	4	1
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	100	6	94	59	16	19	71	20	51	19	19	13
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	31	4	27	18	5	4	25	8	17	5	8	4
Woolen mill operatives	141	14	127	76	25	26	86	21	44	18	16	10
Worsted mill operatives	24	1	23	12	3	8	11	3	8	3	2	3
All other occupations	141	19	122	76	22	24	164	65	99	59	25	15
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	372	67	305	189	65	51	551	223	328	203	78	47
Boarding and lodging house keepers	40	18	22	17	4	1	82	53	29	17	8	4
Bookkeepers and accountants	10	3	7	3	1	3	11	3	8	5	2	1
Clerks and copyists	10	3	7	3	1	3	16	4	12	7	3	2
Dressmakers	92	12	80	48	20	12	134	56	78	47	17	14
Gold and silver workers	13	1	12	5	.....	7	16	5	11	5	4	2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	10	4	6	3	3	.....	36	7	29	12	10	7
Milliners	16	.....	16	10	5	1	11	8	3	3	.....	.....
Musicians and teachers of music	15	.....	15	6	5	4	9	5	4	2	1	1
Nurses and midwives	7	.....	7	6	1	.....	38	7	31	25	4	2
Saleswomen	12	1	11	10	.....	1	8	4	4	3	.....	1
Seamstresses	11	2	9	5	3	1	38	15	23	19	4	.....
Servants and waitresses	14	3	11	5	5	1	15	7	8	5	2	1
Stenographers and typewriters	8	.....	8	5	2	1	4	3	1	.....	1	.....
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	8	1	7	6	.....	1	19	7	12	8	4	.....
Textile mill operatives	18	2	16	10	3	3	15	2	13	6	3	4
All other occupations	88	17	71	47	12	12	99	37	62	39	15	8
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	364	38	326	180	69	77	340	122	218	100	71	47
Bookkeepers and accountants	3	1	2	2	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	1
Boxmakers (paper)	2	.....	2	.....	1	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clerks and copyists	3	.....	3	1	.....	2	5	2	3	2	1	.....
Cotton mill operatives	20	.....	20	15	4	1	12	3	9	3	4	2
Dressmakers	45	5	40	23	7	10	57	23	34	20	9	5
Gold and silver workers	22	.....	22	9	6	7	19	6	13	5	2	6
Housekeepers and stewardesses	5	.....	5	3	2	.....	15	6	9	5	2	2
Laundresses	24	3	21	14	5	2	28	8	20	9	8	3
Milliners	7	.....	7	3	2	2	10	4	6	2	2	2
Packers and shippers	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	2	.....	2	2	.....	.....
Rubber factory operatives	5	.....	5	2	1	2	2	.....	2	1	1	.....
Saleswomen	7	1	6	4	.....	2	7	.....	7	3	4	.....
Seamstresses	7	.....	7	4	3	.....	6	3	3	3	.....	.....

[1] Includes 2 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Servants and waitresses	165	19	146	49	41	56	112	6	106	34	25	47
Stenographers and typewriters	91	2	89	27	22	40	87	2	85	27	21	37
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	220	14	206	67	54	85	215	13	202	64	54	84
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	800	36	764	155	182	427	741	27	714	130	168	416
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	124	14	110	32	23	55	107	12	95	24	21	50
Woolen mill operatives	536	37	499	138	148	313	481	30	451	115	136	300
Worsted mill operatives	166	4	162	31	49	82	153	3	150	25	47	78
All other occupations	960	123	837	214	223	400	778	62	716	150	194	372
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	3,984	572	3,412	1,206	932	1,274	2,709	240	2,469	864	711	1,094
Boarding and lodging house keepers	137	73	64	28	19	17	24	18	6	3	1	2
Cotton mill operatives	177	21	156	47	49	60	132	9	123	27	40	56
Dressmakers	341	55	286	132	62	92	210	26	184	76	41	67
Gold and silver workers	254	8	246	61	74	111	228	6	222	48	68	106
Housekeepers and stewardesses	79	16	63	24	22	17	51	7	44	13	17	14
Laundresses	267	69	198	102	49	37	73	15	58	21	21	16
Merchants and dealers	125	42	83	54	20	9	25	11	14	7	4	3
Nurses and midwives	79	18	61	39	13	9	25	6	19	14	1	4
Rubber factory operatives	89	8	81	16	26	39	76	4	72	13	24	35
Saleswomen	115	10	105	51	22	32	91	6	85	38	20	27
Servants and waitresses	242	63	179	95	44	40	137	29	108	50	28	30
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	519	36	483	135	120	228	416	20	396	87	101	208
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	212	25	187	55	52	80	160	14	146	34	37	75
Woolen mill operatives	661	48	613	172	179	262	518	23	495	103	152	240
Worsted mill operatives	123	10	113	30	25	58	102	7	95	22	22	51
All other occupations	574	70	504	165	156	183	441	39	402	108	134	160
NEGRO.												
All occupations	649	153	496	284	121	91	210	44	166	55	59	52
Laundresses	311	89	222	160	40	22	40	19	21	10	7	4
Servants and waitresses	174	31	143	63	39	41	92	15	77	20	26	31
All other occupations	164	33	131	61	42	28	78	10	68	25	26	17

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	12,955	1,485	11,470	3,643	3,260	4,567	10,350	802	9,548	2,671	2,865	4,212
Bookkeepers and accountants	566	42	524	161	183	180	542	37	505	152	176	177
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	1,146	58	1,088	243	308	537	1,072	42	1,030	216	291	523
Boxmakers (paper)	299	8	291	56	85	150	284	6	278	50	84	144
Clerks and copyists	592	44	548	177	159	212	561	34	527	166	151	210
Dressmakers	1,305	216	1,089	436	273	380	922	102	820	270	222	328
Housekeepers and stewardesses	104	18	86	40	23	24	60	9	51	20	14	17
Laundresses	487	116	371	166	88	117	199	22	177	47	49	81
Milliners	266	24	242	86	66	90	235	19	216	69	63	84
Musicians and teachers of music	189	30	159	74	40	38	153	20	133	60	40	33
Nurses and midwives	173	37	136	56	35	45	80	15	65	13	22	30
Saleswomen	471	31	440	144	139	157	425	24	401	120	133	148
Seamstresses	413	83	330	120	108	102	298	38	260	79	86	95
Servants and waitresses	466	91	375	164	81	130	285	35	250	89	61	110
Stenographers and typewriters	551	49	502	173	156	173	524	42	482	162	152	168
Tailoresses	2,337	180	2,157	510	606	1,041	1,982	104	1,878	366	541	971
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	795	103	692	280	215	197	763	98	665	262	210	193
Textile mill operatives	297	15	282	67	91	124	272	11	261	59	82	120
All other occupations	2,498	340	2,158	690	596	872	1,883	144	1,739	471	490	778

[1] Includes 48 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Living in families having—						Living in families having—					
	Total.	No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.				Total.	No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Servants and waitresses	31	7	24	9	9	6	22	6	16	6	7	3
Stenographers and typewriters	4	.....	4	.....	1	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	3	.....	3	2	.....	1	2	1	1	1	.....	.....
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	36	2	34	21	8	5	23	7	16	4	6	6
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	9	1	8	5	1	2	8	1	7	3	1	3
Woolen mill operatives	41	4	37	20	7	10	14	3	11	3	5	3
Worsted mill operatives	10	1	9	4	1	4	3	.....	3	2	1	.....
All other occupations	79	13	66	38	11	17	103	48	55	26	18	11
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	633	71	562	347	100	115	642	261	381	195	121	65
Boarding and lodging house keepers	34	10	24	12	5	7	79	45	34	13	13	8
Cotton mill operatives	26	5	21	17	3	1	19	7	12	3	6	3
Dressmakers	78	8	70	41	10	19	53	21	32	15	11	6
Gold and silver workers	16	.....	16	9	4	3	10	2	8	4	2	2
Housekeepers and stewardesses	5	1	4	2	1	1	23	8	15	9	4	2
Laundresses	80	10	70	46	11	13	104	44	60	35	17	8
Merchants and dealers	52	6	46	33	10	3	48	25	23	14	6	3
Nurses and midwives	11	1	10	4	3	3	43	11	32	21	9	2
Rubber factory operatives	8	2	6	2	.....	4	5	2	3	1	2	.....
Saleswomen	19	1	18	12	2	4	5	3	2	1	.....	1
Servants and waitresses	38	3	35	22	7	6	67	31	36	23	9	4
Textile mill operatives (not otherwise specified)	59	3	56	35	8	13	44	13	31	13	11	7
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	28	4	24	13	8	3	24	7	17	8	7	2
Woolen mill operatives	95	9	86	54	16	16	48	16	32	15	11	6
Worsted mill operatives	13	.....	13	7	2	4	8	3	5	1	1	3
All other occupations	71	8	63	38	10	15	62	23	39	19	12	8
NEGRO.												
All occupations	247	18	229	164	46	19	192	91	101	65	16	20
Laundresses	158	14	144	106	28	10	113	56	57	44	5	8
Servants and waitresses	45	3	42	30	8	4	37	13	24	13	5	6
All other occupations	44	1	43	28	10	5	42	22	20	8	6	6

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

ALL CLASSES.[1]

All occupations	1,112	150	962	554	198	210	1,293	533	760	418	197	145
Bookkeepers and accountants	14	1	13	6	5	2	10	4	6	3	2	1
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	35	2	33	14	9	10	39	14	25	13	8	4
Boxmakers (paper)	9	.....	9	5	.....	4	6	2	4	1	1	2
Clerks and copyists	15	2	13	7	4	2	16	8	8	4	4	.....
Dressmakers	176	27	149	101	29	19	207	87	120	65	22	33
Housekeepers and stewardesses	14	1	13	7	2	4	30	8	22	13	6	3
Laundresses	121	23	98	56	21	21	167	71	96	63	18	15
Milliners	22	.....	22	15	2	5	9	5	4	2	2	.....
Musicians and teachers of music	18	2	16	7	6	3	18	8	10	7	3	.....
Nurses and midwives	36	4	32	19	6	7	57	18	39	24	7	8
Saleswomen	23	.....	23	14	5	4	23	7	16	10	2	4
Seamstresses	45	12	33	22	9	2	70	33	37	19	13	5
Servants and waitresses	77	10	67	43	13	11	94	46	48	32	7	9
Stenographers and typewriters	11	.....	11	7	1	3	16	7	9	4	3	2
Tailoresses	212	22	190	102	38	50	143	54	89	42	27	20
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	10	1	9	6	1	2	23	4	18	12	4	2
Textile mill operatives	15	.....	15	7	5	3	10	4	6	1	4	1
All other occupations	259	43	216	116	42	58	356	153	203	103	64	36

[1] Includes 48 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	3,556	506	3,050	1,201	928	921	2,875	281	2,594	912	832	850
Bookkeepers and accountants	195	19	176	82	56	39	184	17	167	77	52	38
Boot and shoemakers and repairers	273	16	257	56	87	114	260	10	240	80	53	107
Clerks and copyists	204	21	183	79	55	49	190	16	174	74	54	46
Dressmakers	356	92	264	120	64	70	198	33	165	62	46	57
Housekeepers and stewardesses	29	9	20	10	4	6	14	3	11	4	3	4
Laundresses	100	26	74	40	14	20	42	6	36	14	10	12
Musicians and teachers of music	108	22	86	49	26	11	83	14	69	40	20	9
Nurses and midwives	61	12	49	20	15	14	34	7	27	3	11	13
Saleswomen	150	9	141	48	49	44	138	6	132	43	47	42
Seamstresses	121	23	98	40	30	28	88	8	80	29	26	25
Servants and waitresses	119	25	94	51	21	22	87	6	81	28	14	19
Stenographers and typewriters	242	23	219	93	66	58	224	19	205	86	63	56
Tailoresses	235	13	222	51	95	76	198	7	191	40	63	88
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	372	59	313	146	109	58	356	57	299	135	106	58
All other occupations	991	137	854	296	267	292	809	72	737	227	234	276
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	6,791	570	6,221	1,651	1,740	2,830	5,926	380	5,546	1,306	1,585	2,676
Bookkeepers and accountants	320	21	299	62	108	129	311	19	292	60	104	128
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	712	32	680	138	185	357	676	23	653	125	177	351
Boxmakers (paper)	184	4	180	35	42	103	178	3	175	33	42	100
Clerks and copyists	330	15	315	81	92	142	320	12	308	78	88	142
Dressmakers	710	88	622	214	180	228	570	51	519	157	138	224
Housekeepers and stewardesses	37	4	33	14	13	6	26	3	23	9	9	5
Laundresses	183	27	156	57	39	60	103	7	96	18	28	50
Milliners	142	10	132	40	36	56	130	9	121	35	34	52
Nurses and midwives	51	5	46	18	8	20	28	3	25	6	5	14
Saleswomen	250	19	231	74	72	85	226	16	210	61	69	80
Seamstresses	214	37	177	57	57	63	160	17	143	37	47	59
Servants and waitresses	157	15	142	30	38	55	124	10	114	26	33	56
Stenographers and typewriters	269	22	247	84	78	95	251	19	232	62	78	92
Tailoresses	1,463	111	1,352	306	355	691	1,263	70	1,193	280	312	551
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	397	38	359	125	100	134	398	38	350	120	98	132
Textile mill operatives	181	9	172	51	60	61	170	6	164	28	57	79
All other occupations	1,201	113	1,088	296	297	495	1,004	58	946	221	266	461
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	2,560	399	2,161	773	582	806	1,738	168	1,570	454	446	670
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	161	10	151	49	36	66	146	9	137	41	31	65
Clerks and copyists	58	8	50	17	11	22	51	5	45	14	9	22
Dressmakers	225	34	201	91	49	61	152	17	135	51	38	46
Housekeepers and stewardesses	38	5	33	16	5	12	20	3	17	7	2	8
Laundresses	189	59	130	66	29	35	53	9	44	15	11	18
Nurses and midwives	61	20	41	18	12	11	18	5	13	4	6	3
Seamstresses	77	23	54	22	21	11	50	13	37	13	13	11
Servants and waitresses	168	49	119	53	19	37	99	18	81	36	13	32
Tailoresses	629	56	573	143	186	254	521	27	494	98	166	232
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	26	6	20	10	6	4	21	5	16	7	6	3
All other occupations	908	129	779	278	208	293	907	46	861	170	151	240

ST. LOUIS, MO.

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	33,334	5,055	28,279	10,003	8,463	9,813	23,626	2,002	21,624	6,117	6,830	8,677
Boarding and lodging house keepers	1,066	519	547	350	123	74	121	38	83	20	7	6
Bookbinders	412	34	378	91	114	173	389	25	364	87	110	167
Bookkeepers and accountants	749	72	677	225	228	224	690	62	628	201	214	213
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	1,292	56	1,236	263	399	574	1,248	51	1,197	249	387	561
Clerks and copyists	771	66	705	197	225	283	707	49	658	178	211	269

[1] Includes 5 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	326	53	273	177	52	44	355	172	183	112	44	27
Bookkeepers and accountants	5	.....	5	3	2	.....	6	2	4	2	1	1
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	12	.....	12	4	3	5	11	6	5	2	1	2
Clerks and copyists	9	2	7	4	1	2	5	3	2	1	1	.....
Dressmakers	79	17	62	45	11	6	79	42	37	23	7	7
Housekeepers and stewardesses	7	1	6	4	.....	2	8	5	3	2	1	.....
Laundresses	27	4	23	15	2	6	31	16	15	11	2	2
Musicians and teachers of music	12	2	10	4	4	2	13	6	7	5	2	.....
Nurses and midwives	13	1	12	9	3	.....	14	4	10	8	1	1
Saleswomen	6	.....	6	4	2	.....	6	3	3	1	.....	2
Seamstresses	11	3	8	6	1	1	22	12	10	5	3	2
Servants and waitresses	23	5	18	11	6	1	29	14	15	12	1	2
Stenographers and typewriters	7	.....	7	5	1	1	11	4	7	4	2	1
Tailoresses	25	1	24	15	2	7	12	5	7	6	.....	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	4	.....	4	3	.....	1	12	2	10	7	3	.....
All other occupations	86	17	69	45	14	10	96	48	48	23	19	6
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	403	45	358	189	79	90	462	165	297	157	76	64
Bookkeepers and accountants	6	1	5	1	3	1	3	1	2	1	1	.....
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	15	2	13	7	2	4	21	7	14	6	6	2
Boxmakers (paper)	2	.....	2	1	.....	1	4	1	3	1	.....	2
Clerks and copyists	3	.....	3	2	1	.....	7	3	4	1	3	.....
Dressmakers	58	7	51	31	13	7	82	30	52	26	9	17
Housekeepers and stewardesses	2	.....	2	.....	1	1	9	1	8	5	3	.....
Laundresses	34	4	30	19	6	5	46	16	30	20	5	5
Milliners	11	.....	11	5	2	4	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nurses and midwives	7	.....	7	3	1	3	16	2	14	9	2	3
Saleswomen	11	.....	11	6	2	3	13	3	10	7	1	2
Seamstresses	24	7	17	10	6	1	30	13	17	10	4	3
Servants and waitresses	15	.....	15	8	2	5	18	5	13	6	3	4
Stenographers and typewriters	4	.....	4	2	.....	2	4	3	1	.....	.....	1
Tailoresses	116	11	105	53	24	28	84	30	54	23	19	12
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	4	.....	4	2	1	1	7	2	5	3	1	1
Textile mill operatives	6	.....	6	3	2	1	5	3	2	.....	1	1
All other occupations	85	13	72	36	13	23	112	44	68	39	16	11
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	350	52	307	175	59	73	463	189	274	144	77	53
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	8	.....	8	3	4	1	7	1	6	5	1	.....
Clerks and copyists	3	.....	3	1	2	.....	4	2	2	2	.....	.....
Dressmakers	39	3	36	25	5	6	44	14	30	15	6	9
Housekeepers and stewardesses	5	.....	5	3	1	1	13	2	11	6	2	3
Laundresses	52	15	37	20	7	10	84	35	49	31	11	7
Nurses and midwives	16	3	13	7	2	4	27	12	15	7	4	4
Seamstresses	9	2	7	5	2	.....	18	8	10	4	6	.....
Servants and waitresses	25	5	20	15	3	2	44	26	18	12	3	3
Tailoresses	71	10	61	34	12	15	47	19	28	13	8	7
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	2	1	1	1	.....	.....	3	.....	3	2	.....	1
All other occupations	129	13	116	61	21	34	172	70	102	47	36	19

ST. LOUIS, MO.

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	3,578	577	3,301	2,028	715	558	5,830	2,476	3,354	1,858	918	578
Boarding and lodging house keepers	264	64	200	133	47	20	681	367	314	197	69	48
Bookbinders	9	2	7	2	2	3	14	7	7	2	2	3
Bookkeepers and accountants	29	4	25	13	5	7	30	6	24	11	9	4
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	20	2	18	5	5	8	24	3	21	9	7	5
Clerks and copyists	36	6	30	12	8	10	28	11	17	7	6	4

[1] Includes 5 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.										
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).				
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—			
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.		
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES[1]—continued.												
Dressmakers	3,038	541	2,497	961	733	803	2,118	252	1,866	593	563	710
Housekeepers and stewardesses	280	45	235	105	88	42	173	12	161	63	66	32
Laborers (not specified)	312	63	249	86	76	87	184	19	165	36	55	74
Laundresses	4,255	1,137	3,118	1,538	813	767	1,168	180	988	282	309	397
Merchants and dealers	469	141	328	184	81	63	98	29	69	29	22	18
Milliners	977	74	903	288	274	341	872	51	821	237	258	326
Musicians and teachers of music	434	53	381	181	109	91	346	33	313	134	97	83
Nurses and midwives	578	109	469	214	141	114	140	16	124	37	37	50
Packers and shippers	427	13	414	91	125	198	412	10	402	87	121	194
Saleswomen	2,101	169	1,932	560	626	746	1,921	139	1,782	487	590	715
Seamstresses	3,396	445	2,951	925	877	1,149	2,666	190	2,467	650	761	1,056
Servants and waitresses	2,616	384	2,232	899	610	753	1,796	144	1,652	517	468	667
Stenographers and typewriters	1,839	168	1,671	519	560	592	1,767	147	1,620	487	549	584
Tailoresses	1,168	110	1,058	324	318	416	993	64	929	251	281	397
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,648	203	1,445	502	454	489	1,525	182	1,343	444	428	471
Textile mill operatives	259	11	248	67	78	103	233	4	229	62	71	96
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	324	23	301	84	113	104	286	13	273	71	102	100
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	980	75	905	253	280	370	833	34	799	197	251	351
All other occupations	3,943	544	3,399	1,124	1,018	1,257	2,940	209	2,731	718	872	1,141
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	7,882	1,229	6,653	2,528	2,208	1,917	5,797	484	5,313	1,706	1,891	1,716
Boarding and lodging house keepers	418	217	201	137	41	23	46	38	8	7	.....	1
Bookbinders	94	9	85	25	19	41	84	4	80	24	18	38
Bookkeepers and accountants	270	24	246	99	90	57	244	22	222	84	85	53
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	290	10	280	63	121	96	276	9	267	80	115	92
Clerks and copyists	293	27	266	84	102	80	260	18	242	73	94	75
Dressmakers	773	181	592	272	180	140	404	57	347	124	119	104
Housekeepers and stewardesses	60	18	42	20	14	8	29	4	25	10	10	5
Laundresses	380	98	282	97	75	90	176	23	153	28	50	75
Milliners	304	18	286	103	82	101	274	8	266	91	81	94
Musicians and teachers of music	157	22	135	73	41	21	122	10	112	54	38	20
Nurses and midwives	108	21	87	42	24	19	33	7	26	11	7	8
Packers and shippers	104	3	101	23	38	40	101	2	99	23	38	38
Saleswomen	559	37	522	178	190	154	503	27	476	130	179	147
Seamstresses	770	114	656	262	189	205	543	37	506	165	158	183
Servants and waitresses	390	62	328	119	100	109	287	26	261	80	91	90
Stenographers and typewriters	715	74	641	243	239	159	661	56	605	218	233	154
Tailoresses	184	28	156	38	54	44	127	13	114	30	43	41
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	558	61	497	197	172	128	509	53	456	172	163	121
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	166	11	155	46	45	64	136	4	132	34	40	58
All other occupations	1,331	194	1,137	407	363	347	982	66	916	268	329	319
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	17,166	1,829	15,337	4,483	4,561	6,293	14,645	1,066	13,579	3,519	4,099	5,961
Boarding and lodging house keepers	252	114	138	92	29	17	49	22	18	9	7	2
Bookbinders	290	22	268	61	89	118	279	19	260	58	87	115
Bookkeepers and accountants	431	43	388	114	123	151	404	36	368	108	114	146
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	993	43	950	188	262	440	908	30	880	180	256	444
Clerks and copyists	436	35	401	99	116	186	414	29	385	92	112	181
Dressmakers	1,787	247	1,540	518	448	574	1,465	150	1,315	398	375	542
Housekeepers and stewardesses	130	12	118	47	49	22	100	7	93	33	41	19
Laborers (not specified)	131	14	117	34	28	55	102	6	96	20	26	50
Laundresses	913	169	744	256	231	257	696	34	662	117	146	199
Merchants and dealers	173	52	121	63	29	29	67	15	52	22	15	15
Milliners	592	43	549	158	173	218	544	37	507	132	162	213
Musicians and teachers of music	234	25	209	84	61	64	203	20	183	69	54	60
Nurses and midwives	211	38	173	75	53	45	71	6	65	17	21	27
Packers and shippers	283	8	275	61	78	136	275	7	268	57	77	134
Saleswomen	1,347	116	1,231	335	378	518	1,261	93	1,168	301	362	505

[1] Includes 5 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Living in families having—						Living in families having—					
	Total.	No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.				Total.	No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES[1]—continued.												
Dressmakers	343	47	296	186	68	42	577	242	335	182	102	51
Housekeepers and stewardesses	28	7	21	12	8	1	79	26	53	30	14	9
Laborers (not specified)	60	15	45	30	11	4	68	29	39	20	10	9
Laundresses	1,302	180	1,122	705	223	194	1,785	777	1,008	551	281	176
Merchants and dealers	132	18	114	81	18	15	239	94	145	74	41	30
Milliners	52	6	46	30	7	9	53	17	36	21	9	6
Musicians and teachers of music	42	6	36	26	6	4	46	14	32	21	6	5
Nurses and midwives	192	10	182	99	50	40	239	83	156	73	54	24
Packers and shippers	10	2	8	3	2	3	5	1	4	1	2	1
Saleswomen	81	9	72	39	16	17	99	31	68	34	20	14
Seamstresses	240	43	197	105	49	43	490	203	287	170	67	50
Servants and waitresses	365	62	303	183	63	47	455	178	277	159	79	39
Stenographers and typewriters	31	6	25	16	3	6	41	15	26	16	8	2
Tailoresses	69	5	64	36	20	8	106	41	65	37	17	11
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	35	2	33	20	4	9	88	19	69	38	22	9
Textile mill operatives	14	1	13	3	7	3	12	6	6	2	.....	4
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	16	3	13	6	5	2	22	7	15	7	6	2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	80	15	65	39	16	10	67	26	41	19	13	9
All other occupations	421	62	359	234	72	53	582	273	309	172	74	63
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	792	142	650	409	140	101	1,293	603	690	413	177	100
Boarding and lodging house keepers	110	29	81	55	18	8	262	150	112	75	23	14
Bookbinders	4	1	3	1	.....	2	6	4	2	.....	1	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	11	1	10	7	.....	3	15	1	14	8	5	1
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	6	1	5	.....	3	2	8	.....	8	3	3	2
Clerks and copyists	15	3	12	5	4	3	18	6	12	6	4	2
Dressmakers	136	17	119	78	24	17	233	107	126	70	37	19
Housekeepers and stewardesses	6	2	4	2	2	.....	25	12	13	8	2	3
Laundresses	68	14	54	33	12	9	116	61	55	36	13	6
Milliners	11	3	8	3	1	4	19	7	12	9	.....	3
Musicians and teachers of music	17	4	13	10	2	1	18	8	10	9	1	.....
Nurses and midwives	23	2	21	12	6	3	50	12	38	19	11	8
Packers and shippers	1	.....	1	.....	.....	1	2	1	1	.....	.....	1
Saleswomen	28	3	25	16	6	3	28	7	21	12	5	4
Seamstresses	74	15	59	38	12	9	153	62	91	59	19	13
Servants and waitresses	44	5	39	27	8	4	39	31	28	12	10	6
Stenographers and typewriters	22	6	16	10	2	4	32	12	20	15	4	1
Tailoresses	13	3	10	3	6	1	24	12	12	5	5	2
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	18	2	16	10	1	5	31	6	25	15	8	2
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	16	3	13	6	3	4	14	4	10	6	2	2
All other occupations	169	28	141	93	30	18	180	100	80	46	24	10
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	932	149	783	445	191	147	1,589	614	975	519	271	185
Boarding and lodging house keepers	61	14	47	33	9	5	181	78	73	50	13	10
Bookbinders	4	.....	4	1	2	1	7	3	4	2	.....	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	13	3	10	3	5	2	14	4	10	3	4	3
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	11	1	10	3	2	5	14	3	11	5	4	2
Clerks and copyists	13	1	12	6	2	4	9	5	4	1	2	1
Dressmakers	114	20	94	53	30	11	208	77	131	67	43	21
Housekeepers and stewardesses	14	3	11	6	4	1	16	2	14	8	4	2
Laborers (not specified)	14	4	10	8	1	1	15	4	11	6	1	4
Laundresses	132	24	108	55	30	23	285	111	174	84	55	35
Merchants and dealers	37	5	32	21	4	7	69	32	37	20	10	7
Milliners	28	1	27	19	5	3	20	5	15	7	6	2
Musicians and teachers of music	13	1	12	8	3	1	18	4	14	7	4	3
Nurses and midwives	59	2	57	33	15	9	81	30	51	25	17	9
Packers and shippers	7	1	6	3	1	2	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....
Saleswomen	32	3	29	17	6	6	54	20	34	17	10	7

[1] Includes 5 Indian women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—Continued

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Seamstresses	2,090	225	1,865	501	557	807	1,806	137	1,669	400	512	757
Servants and waitresses	1,027	96	931	287	248	396	870	48	822	223	222	377
Stenographers and typewriters	1,065	85	970	260	303	407	1,039	83	956	253	299	404
Tailoresses	761	54	707	207	201	299	687	34	653	168	193	292
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	904	103	801	245	237	319	865	96	769	226	230	313
Textile mill operatives	160	5	155	48	45	62	146	3	143	45	41	57
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	204	15	189	47	74	68	190	9	181	43	70	68
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	553	36	517	130	149	238	497	17	480	113	137	230
All other occupations	2,269	229	2,040	573	600	867	1,915	119	1,797	435	540	822
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	4,282	969	3,313	1,377	953	983	2,071	241	1,830	558	567	705
Boarding and lodging house keepers	263	120	163	92	42	29	13	8	5	2	.....	3
Dressmakers	407	88	319	145	91	83	231	39	192	66	64	62
Housekeepers and stewardesses	73	9	64	32	23	10	37	1	36	17	13	6
Laundresses	373	212	361	173	104	84	95	20	75	19	24	32
Merchants and dealers	233	64	169	97	42	30	15	9	6	3	2	1
Nurses and midwives	212	43	169	79	51	39	18	3	15	5	5	5
Saleswomen	192	16	176	45	57	74	157	9	148	35	49	63
Seamstresses	450	84	366	132	109	125	297	21	276	81	85	110
Servants and waitresses	300	73	227	116	48	63	186	23	163	75	32	56
Tailoresses	240	27	213	77	63	73	178	16	162	53	45	64
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	77	28	49	18	21	10	57	24	33	10	14	9
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	125	16	109	42	33	34	84	9	75	24	24	27
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	203	14	189	54	73	62	171	9	162	39	64	59
All other occupations	914	175	739	275	197	267	532	50	482	128	146	208
NEGRO.												
All occupations	3,999	1,028	2,971	1,613	739	619	1,111	211	900	333	273	294
Boarding and lodging house keepers	113	68	45	29	11	5	22	20	2	2	.....	.....
Laundresses	2,409	658	1,751	1,012	403	336	401	103	298	118	89	91
Seamstresses	85	22	63	30	21	12	20	4	16	4	6	6
Servants and waitresses	898	153	745	347	204	194	453	47	406	139	123	144
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	108	11	97	42	24	31	93	9	84	36	21	27
All other occupations	386	116	270	153	76	41	122	28	94	34	34	26

ST. PAUL, MINN.

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	7,819	1,178	6,641	2,361	1,923	2,357	6,284	585	5,699	1,785	1,690	2,224
Boarding and lodging house keepers	177	105	72	42	20	10	32	23	9	6	2	1
Bookkeepers and accountants	262	22	240	80	74	86	248	15	233	76	72	85
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	169	12	157	45	48	64	104	10	154	43	48	63
Clerks and copyists	571	57	514	190	183	241	517	41	476	167	174	235
Dressmakers	891	177	714	301	192	221	660	93	567	206	157	206
Housekeepers and stewardesses	71	18	53	25	17	11	47	7	40	20	11	9
Laundresses	463	135	328	156	81	91	212	31	181	64	50	67
Milliners	229	21	208	74	62	72	212	16	196	66	59	71
Musicians and teachers of music	136	19	117	66	23	28	108	11	97	50	20	27
Nurses and midwives	184	48	136	67	35	34	87	11	76	34	16	26
Saleswomen	349	29	320	107	81	132	316	16	300	92	79	129
Seamstresses	741	96	645	202	169	274	636	57	579	167	147	265
Servants and waitresses	682	115	567	216	155	196	546	56	489	153	145	191
Stenographers and typewriters	623	52	571	176	188	207	601	48	553	167	185	201
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	545	63	482	173	146	163	500	45	455	158	140	157
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	192	15	177	50	57	70	175	11	164	45	52	67
All other occupations	1,434	194	1,240	391	392	457	1,124	94	1,030	272	333	425

[1] Includes 107 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN—continued.												
Seamstresses	92	20	72	31	16	25	192	68	124	70	29	25
Servants and waitresses	59	15	44	26	11	7	98	33	65	38	15	12
Stenographers and typewriters	8		8	6		2	8	2	6	1	4	1
Tailoresses	27	2	25	17	5	3	47	18	29	22	3	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	8		8	4	1	3	31	7	24	15	6	3
Textile mill operatives	10	1	9	2	4	3	4	1	3	1		2
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	6	2	4	2	2		8	4	4	2	2	
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	25	6	19	9	7	3	31	13	18	8	5	5
All other occupations	145	26	125	79	26	20	208	90	118	59	34	25
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	743	110	633	370	145	118	1,468	618	850	449	241	160
Boarding and lodging house keepers	64	10	54	30	18	6	206	102	104	60	24	20
Dressmakers	63	6	57	38	8	11	113	43	70	41	19	10
Housekeepers and stewardesses	3		3	2	1		33	8	25	13	8	4
Laundresses	121	33	88	49	21	18	357	159	198	105	59	34
Merchants and dealers	77	10	67	47	13	7	141	45	96	47	27	22
Nurses and midwives	106	6	100	48	27	27	88	34	54	23	19	7
Saleswomen	19	3	16	4	4	8	16	4	12	5	4	3
Seamstresses	40	6	34	18	10	6	113	57	56	33	14	9
Servants and waitresses	39	11	28	21	3	4	75	39	36	20	13	3
Tailoresses	29		29	16	9	4	33	11	22	8	9	5
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	3		3	2	1		17	4	13	6	6	1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	18	1	18	10	4	4	22	6	16	8	5	3
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	17	1	16	11	3	2	15	4	11	4	6	1
All other occupations	143	23	120	76	23	21	239	103	137	71	28	38
NEGRO.												
All occupations	1,410	176	1,234	804	238	192	1,478	641	837	476	228	133
Boarding and lodging house keepers	29	11	18	15	2	1	62	37	25	12	9	4
Laundresses	981	109	872	568	160	144	1,027	446	581	326	154	101
Seamstresses	33	2	31	18	10	3	32	16	16	8	5	3
Servants and waitresses	223	31	192	119	41	32	222	75	147	89	40	18
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	6		6	4	1	1	9	2	7	2	2	3
All other occupations	138	23	115	80	24	11	126	65	61	39	18	4

ST. PAUL, MINN.

	ALL CLASSES.[1]											
All occupations	671	144	527	327	124	76	864	449	415	249	109	57
Boarding and lodging house keepers	36	17	19	13	6		109	66	44	23	12	9
Bookkeepers and accountants	3	1	4	2	1	1	9	6	3	2	1	
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	1		1	1			4	2	2	1		1
Clerks and copyists	32	5	27	16	6	5	22	11	11	7	3	1
Dressmakers	107	18	89	58	22	11	124	66	58	40	13	5
Housekeepers and stewardesses	8	2	6	1	3	2	16	9	7	4	3	
Laundresses	110	26	84	54	17	13	141	78	63	38	14	11
Milliners	8	3	5	3	1	1	9	2	7	5	2	
Musicians and teachers of music	15	1	14	12	1	1	13	7	6	4	2	
Nurses and midwives	38	7	31	15	12	4	59	30	29	18	7	4
Saleswomen	12	2	10	10			21	11	10	5	2	3
Seamstresses	37	5	32	20	8	4	68	34	34	15	14	5
Servants and waitresses	61	14	47	36	7	4	76	45	31	27	3	1
Stenographers and typewriters	8	1	7	3	2	2	14	3	11	6	1	4
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	20	8	12	5	2	5	25	10	15	10	4	1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	10		10	3	5	2	7	4	3	2		1
All other occupations	163	34	129	77	31	21	147	66	81	42	28	11

[1] Includes 107 negro women, for whom figures are not shown separately in this table.

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ST. PAUL, MINN.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	1,446	274	1,172	529	363	280	1,106	128	978	403	317	258
Bookkeepers and accountants	70	10	60	21	20	19	64	6	58	21	19	18
Clerks and copyists	163	15	148	59	44	45	146	9	137	53	40	44
Dressmakers	118	33	85	46	28	11	67	16	51	25	17	9
Nurses and midwives	44	14	30	16	9	5	25	3	22	10	7	5
Saleswomen	66	9	57	22	23	12	54	3	51	19	22	10
Seamstresses	68	19	49	24	14	11	42	8	34	12	11	11
Servants and waitresses	74	12	62	33	9	20	59	9	50	24	7	19
Stenographers and typewriters	195	24	171	81	60	30	180	20	160	74	57	29
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	209	21	188	86	62	40	187	15	172	77	58	37
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	51	6	45	16	16	13	48	5	43	15	16	12
All other occupations	388	111	277	125	78	74	234	34	200	73	63	64
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	3,956	448	3,508	1,097	982	1,429	3,532	284	3,248	945	918	1,385
Bookkeepers and accountants	158	11	147	48	41	58	152	9	143	44	41	58
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	115	9	106	26	36	42	114	8	106	26	36	42
Clerks and copyists	388	30	358	100	112	146	364	23	341	90	109	142
Dressmakers	466	81	385	149	101	135	395	50	345	122	93	130
Housekeepers and stewardesses	32	7	25	12	8	5	24	2	22	11	6	5
Laundresses	123	30	93	41	23	29	86	10	76	30	21	25
Milliners	129	8	121	44	31	46	125	7	118	43	30	46
Nurses and midwives	59	8	51	21	9	21	36	.....	36	12	6	18
Saleswomen	219	15	204	61	39	104	205	9	196	54	39	103
Seamstresses	424	50	374	103	86	185	379	32	347	92	75	180
Servants and waitresses	296	38	258	82	84	92	261	23	238	65	83	90
Stenographers and typewriters	338	23	315	78	93	144	333	23	310	78	93	141
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	274	34	240	74	63	103	259	27	232	70	61	101
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	105	3	102	26	30	46	99	2	97	24	28	45
All other occupations	830	101	729	230	226	273	700	59	641	185	197	259
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	2,310	414	1,896	695	563	638	1,614	164	1,450	428	449	573
Clerks and copyists	118	11	107	31	26	50	106	9	97	24	24	49
Dressmakers	296	61	235	101	62	72	195	27	168	58	47	63
Housekeepers and stewardesses	24	6	18	7	8	3	16	2	14	7	4	3
Laundresses	301	88	213	106	52	55	112	19	93	30	26	37
Nurses and midwives	76	25	51	27	16	8	25	8	17	11	3	3
Seamstresses	348	27	321	74	69	78	215	17	198	63	61	74
Servants and waitresses	275	51	224	83	57	84	214	20	194	59	53	82
Stenographers and typewriters	87	5	82	17	34	31	87	5	82	17	34	31
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	60	8	52	13	19	20	52	3	49	11	19	19
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	134	19	115	38	42	35	113	13	100	30	37	33
All other occupations	691	113	578	198	178	202	479	41	438	118	141	179

WASHINGTON, D. C.

	ALL CLASSES.											
All occupations	25,770	3,891	21,879	8,887	6,235	6,757	12,958	1,447	11,511	3,602	3,590	4,319
Boarding and lodging house keepers	474	277	197	123	40	34	114	98	16	11	3	2
Bookbinders	218	44	174	79	49	46	139	19	120	46	33	41
Bookkeepers and accountants	391	23	368	101	135	132	368	17	351	90	132	129
Clerks and copyists	3,153	589	2,564	1,118	766	680	2,307	324	1,983	776	613	594
Dressmakers	2,387	305	2,082	928	603	551	1,247	123	1,124	419	353	352
Housekeepers and stewardesses	185	51	134	59	34	41	76	21	55	17	13	25
Laborers (not specified)	199	31	168	72	46	50	92	6	86	33	23	30
Laundresses	6,204	945	5,259	2,332	1,395	1,532	1,072	166	906	243	261	402
Merchants and dealers	402	109	293	183	71	39	57	18	39	16	10	13
Milliners	264	15	249	67	92	90	238	9	229	60	85	84

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

ST. PAUL, MINN.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	146	35	111	71	26	14	194	111	83	55	20	8
Bookkeepers and accountants	1		1			1	5	4	1		1	
Clerks and copyists	13	3	10	5	4	1	4	3	1	1		
Dressmakers	22	1	21	12	8	1	29	16	13	9	3	1
Nurses and midwives	4	3	1	1			15	8	7	5	2	
Saleswomen	2		2	2			10	6	4	1	1	2
Seamstresses	8	3	5	4	1		18	8	10	8	2	
Servants and waitresses	9		9	6	2	1	6	3	3	3		
Stenographers and typewriters	5	1	4	2	2		10	3	7	5	1	1
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	8	1	7	4	1	2	14	5	9	5	3	1
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	2		2	1		1	1	1				
All other occupations	72	23	49	34	8	7	82	54	28	18	7	3
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	190	53	137	87	28	22	234	111	123	65	36	22
Bookkeepers and accountants	3	1	2	2			3	1	2	2		
Boot and shoe makers and repairers							1	1				
Clerks and copyists	11	1	10	6	1	3	13	6	7	4	2	1
Dressmakers	33	7	26	17	4	5	38	24	14	10	4	
Housekeepers and stewardesses	2	1	1		1		6	4	2	1	1	
Laundresses	15	8	7	6		1	22	12	10	8	2	3
Milliners	3	1	2	1	1		1		1	1		
Nurses and midwives	5		5	2	2	1	18	8	10	7	1	2
Saleswomen	6	2	4	4			8	4	4	3		1
Seamstresses	17	1	16	10	4	2	28	17	11	1	7	3
Servants and waitresses	18	5	13	11	1	1	17	10	7	6		1
Stenographers and typewriters	5		1	1			4		4	1		3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	10	7	3		1	2	5		5	4	1	
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	4		4	1	2	1	2	1	1	1		
All other occupations	62	19	43	26	11	6	68	23	45	19	18	8
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	306	52	254	182	64	38	390	198	192	115	50	27
Clerks and copyists	8	1	7	5	1	1	4	1	3	2	1	
Dressmakers	48	9	39	25	9	5	53	25	28	18	6	4
Housekeepers and stewardesses	2		2		2		6	4	2		2	
Laundresses	83	13	70	45	15	10	106	56	50	31	11	8
Nurses and midwives	28	4	24	12	9	3	23	13	10	4	4	2
Seamstresses	12	1	11	6	3	2	21	9	12	5	5	2
Servants and waitresses	22	8	14	10	2	2	39	23	16	14	2	
Stenographers and typewriters												
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	2		2	1		1	6	5	1	1		
Textile workers (not otherwise specified)	9	2	7	3	3	1	12	4	8	3	2	1
All other occupations	92	14	78	45	20	13	120	58	62	33	17	10

WASHINGTON, D. C.

ALL CLASSES.

All occupations	6,917	592	6,325	3,396	1,453	1,476	5,895	1,852	4,043	1,889	1,192	962
Boarding and lodging house keepers	113	50	63	40	13	10	247	129	118	72	24	22
Bookbinders	11	1	10	5	4	1	68	24	44	28	12	4
Bookkeepers and accountants	10	1	9	6	2	1	13	5	8	5	1	2
Clerks and copyists	209	45	164	97	37	30	537	220	417	245	116	56
Dressmakers	690	44	646	364	155	127	460	138	312	145	95	72
Housekeepers and stewardesses	38	6	32	16	9	7	71	24	47	26	12	9
Laborers (not specified)	44	11	33	16	7	10	63	14	49	23	16	10
Laundresses	3,093	191	2,902	1,492	667	743	2,039	588	1,451	597	467	387
Merchants and dealers	154	15	139	83	34	22	191	76	115	64	27	24
Milliners	14	2	12	8	5	2	12	4	8	2	2	4

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.											
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES—continued.												
Musicians and teachers of music	251	23	228	95	71	62	194	18	176	65	54	57
Nurses and midwives	546	70	476	194	118	164	239	30	209	66	47	96
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	391	51	340	127	107	106	325	31	294	106	97	91
Saleswomen	1,067	47	1,020	296	330	361	988	38	950	270	310	370
Seamstresses	588	87	501	199	146	156	309	27	282	81	89	112
Servants and waitresses	6,079	796	5,283	1,976	1,409	1,898	2,941	263	2,678	621	785	1,272
Stenographers and typewriters	518	47	471	192	148	131	478	38	440	171	142	127
Tailoresses	167	15	152	60	45	47	118	6	112	37	36	39
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	1,164	131	1,033	353	359	321	1,088	109	979	329	338	312
All other occupations	1,122	236	887	350	271	266	568	86	482	145	166	171
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	7,467	1,296	6,151	2,605	1,894	1,652	5,218	633	4,585	1,737	1,485	1,363
Boarding and lodging house keepers	308	179	129	82	24	23	75	64	11	7	2	2
Bookbinders	138	29	99	47	33	19	81	13	68	28	23	17
Bookkeepers and accountants	262	13	249	78	83	88	245	8	237	67	83	87
Clerks and copyists	2,245	455	1,790	823	522	435	1,614	253	1,361	567	419	375
Dressmakers	886	128	758	365	237	156	480	44	436	204	144	88
Housekeepers and stewardesses	63	19	44	22	10	12	24	7	17	8	3	6
Laundresses	131	23	108	40	41	27	58	6	52	11	22	19
Merchants and dealers	119	38	81	42	20	19	24	7	17	5	4	8
Milliners	148	11	137	39	46	52	130	6	124	36	41	47
Musicians and teachers of music	142	9	133	53	49	31	112	8	104	38	37	29
Nurses and midwives	123	22	101	49	22	30	62	12	50	18	14	18
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	316	28	187	71	62	54	171	16	155	57	55	43
Saleswomen	689	29	551	199	213	239	630	22	608	181	202	225
Seamstresses	183	36	147	59	46	42	108	10	98	33	31	34
Servants and waitresses	180	40	140	66	33	41	100	17	83	32	22	29
Stenographers and typewriters	357	33	324	152	87	85	324	26	298	135	82	81
Tailoresses	81	13	68	26	16	26	61	6	55	20	12	23
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	590	75	515	195	180	140	557	60	497	189	173	135
All other occupations	616	116	500	200	158	142	362	48	314	101	116	97
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	2,926	365	2,560	824	830	906	2,303	206	2,097	579	704	814
Bookkeepers and accountants	113	8	105	22	46	37	108	7	101	20	45	36
Clerks and copyists	740	100	640	225	203	212	588	56	532	168	170	194
Dressmakers	348	49	299	102	91	106	255	30	225	65	70	90
Milliners	102	4	98	24	41	33	97	3	94	22	40	32
Nurses and midwives	37	3	34	16	11	7	18	1	17	7	6	4
Printers, lithographers, and pressmen	145	17	128	47	34	47	129	11	118	42	31	45
Saleswomen	338	14	324	81	102	141	316	13	303	73	95	135
Seamstresses	85	11	74	18	28	28	56	6	50	8	16	26
Servants and waitresses	82	19	63	21	19	23	49	5	44	9	18	2
Stenographers and typewriters	135	10	125	32	54	39	130	9	121	29	53	3
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	177	23	154	37	61	56	169	22	147	33	59	5
All other occupations	623	107	516	199	140	177	388	43	345	106	101	13
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	968	250	718	361	196	161	377	80	297	122	91	8
Clerks and copyists	108	21	87	47	20	20	68	8	60	29	16	1
Dressmakers	125	25	100	49	29	22	71	14	57	23	17	1
Merchants and dealers	151	45	106	55	28	23	7	3	4	3	1	.....
Nurses and midwives	25	9	16	10	5	1	6	5	1	.....	1	.....
Servants and waitresses	88	28	60	31	16	13	25	7	18	12	5	1
All other occupations	471	122	349	169	98	82	200	43	157	55	51	5

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.											
	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
ALL CLASSES—continued.												
Musicians and teachers of music	35	1	34	21	10	3	22	4	18	9	7	2
Nurses and midwives	120	2	118	56	32	30	187	38	149	72	39	38
Printers, lithographers, and pressewomen	20	6	14	10	1	3	46	14	32	11	9	12
Saleswomen	41	1	40	17	13	10	38	8	30	12	7	11
Seamstresses	145	12	133	79	25	29	134	46	86	39	32	15
Servants and waitresses	1,853	164	1,689	927	369	393	1,285	369	916	428	255	233
Stenographers and typewriters	21	2	19	14	4	1	19	7	12	7	2	3
Tailoresses	30	5	25	15	4	6	19	4	15	8	5	2
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	25	1	24	11	8	5	51	21	30	13	13	4
All other occupations	251	32	219	122	54	43	303	117	186	83	51	52
NATIVE WHITE—BOTH PARENTS NATIVE.												
All occupations	827	140	687	381	172	134	1,412	523	889	487	237	165
Boarding and lodging house keepers	76	30	46	27	9	10	157	85	72	42	13	11
Bookbinders	5	1	4	1	3	.....	42	15	27	18	7	2
Bookkeepers and accountants	7	.....	7	5	1	1	10	5	5	3	1	1
Clerks and copyists	156	33	123	76	26	21	475	169	306	180	87	39
Dressmakers	195	18	177	93	45	39	211	66	145	68	48	29
Housekeepers and stewardesses	9	3	6	2	2	2	30	9	21	12	5	4
Laundresses	37	6	31	16	11	4	36	11	25	13	8	4
Merchants and dealers	43	5	38	20	12	6	52	26	26	17	4	5
Milliners	9	2	7	2	3	2	9	3	6	1	2	3
Musicians and teachers of music	18	.....	18	11	6	1	12	1	11	4	6	1
Nurses and midwives	16	.....	16	8	3	5	45	10	35	23	5	7
Printers, lithographers, and pressewomen	15	6	9	6	1	2	20	6	23	8	6	9
Saleswomen	22	.....	22	8	7	7	28	7	21	10	4	7
Seamstresses	26	6	20	12	4	4	49	20	29	14	11	4
Servants and waitresses	34	7	27	15	8	4	46	16	30	19	3	8
Stenographers and typewriters	18	2	16	11	4	1	15	5	10	6	1	3
Tailoresses	11	5	6	2	1	3	9	2	7	4	3	.....
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	11	1	10	4	3	3	22	14	8	2	4	2
All other occupations	119	15	104	62	23	19	135	53	82	37	19	26
NATIVE WHITE—ONE OR BOTH PARENTS FOREIGN BORN.												
All occupations	234	36	198	118	50	30	388	123	265	127	76	62
Bookkeepers and accountants	3	1	2	1	1	.....	2	.....	2	1	.....	1
Clerks and copyists	37	9	28	14	8	6	115	35	80	43	25	12
Dressmakers	42	3	39	22	13	4	51	16	35	15	8	12
Milliners	3	.....	3	2	1	.....	2	1	1	.....	.....	1
Nurses and midwives	6	.....	6	4	1	1	13	2	11	5	4	2
Printers, lithographers, and pressewomen	3	.....	3	2	.....	1	13	6	7	3	3	1
Saleswomen	13	.....	13	7	4	2	9	1	8	1	3	4
Seamstresses	8	1	7	4	2	1	21	4	17	6	10	1
Servants and waitresses	10	3	7	6	1	.....	23	11	12	9	.....	3
Stenographers and typewriters	2	.....	2	2	.....	.....	3	1	2	1	1	.....
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	3	.....	3	2	1	.....	5	1	4	2	1	1
All other occupations	104	19	85	53	18	15	131	45	86	41	21	24
FOREIGN BORN WHITE.												
All occupations	200	28	172	106	38	28	391	142	249	133	67	49
Clerks and copyists	10	1	9	3	3	3	30	12	18	15	1	2
Dressmakers	30	2	28	16	7	5	24	9	15	10	5	.....
Merchants and dealers	45	7	38	18	9	11	99	35	64	34	18	12
Nurses and midwives	4	.....	4	4	.....	.....	15	4	11	6	4	1
Servants and waitresses	17	4	13	8	2	3	46	17	29	11	9	9
All other occupations	94	14	80	57	17	6	177	65	112	57	30	25

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME.										
	Aggregate.						Single (including unknown).				
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—			
		No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.					No other breadwinners.	Other breadwinners.		
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
	NEGRO.										
All occupations	14,420	1,980	12,440	5,097	3,315	4,028	5,060	528	4,532	1,164	1,310	2,058
Dressmakers	1,028	103	925	412	246	267	441	35	406	127	122	157
Housekeepers and stewardesses	85	18	67	26	16	25	29	5	24	3	5	16
Laborers (not specified)	73	16	57	27	16	14	24	1	23	9	6	8
Laundresses	5,988	909	5,079	2,258	1,331	1,490	982	158	824	225	225	374
Nurses and midwives	361	36	325	119	80	126	153	12	141	41	26	74
Seamstresses	292	37	255	113	67	75	128	10	118	36	38	44
Servants and waitresses	5,729	709	5,020	1,858	1,341	1,821	2,767	234	2,533	571	740	1,222
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	368	29	339	111	108	120	341	24	317	102	97	118
All other occupations	496	123	373	173	110	90	195	49	146	50	51	45

TABLE 29.—FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME, CLASSIFIED BY NUMBER OF OTHER BREADWINNERS IN THE FAMILY, AND BY RACE, NATIVITY, MARITAL CONDITION, AND OCCUPATION, FOR SELECTED CITIES: 1900—Continued.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Continued.

FEMALE BREADWINNERS 16 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER LIVING AT HOME—continued.

OCCUPATION.	Married.						Widowed and divorced.					
	Total.	Living in families having—					Total.	Living in families having—				
		No other bread-winners.	Other breadwinners.					No other bread-winners.	Other breadwinners.			
			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.			Total.	One other.	Two other.	More than two other.
	NEGRO.											
All occupations	5,656	388	5,268	2,791	1,193	1,284	3,704	1,064	2,640	1,142	812	686
Dressmakers	423	21	402	233	90	79	164	47	117	52	34	31
Housekeepers and stewardesses	24	1	23	13	6	4	32	12	20	10	5	5
Laborers (not specified)	28	8	20	9	6	5	21	7	14	9	4	1
Laundresses	3,027	183	2,844	1,456	651	737	1,979	568	1,411	577	455	379
Nurses and midwives	94	2	92	40	28	24	114	22	92	38	26	28
Seamstresses	108	5	103	60	19	24	56	22	34	17	10	7
Servants and waitresses	1,792	150	1,642	898	358	386	1,170	325	845	369	243	213
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc	10		10	4	4	2	17	5	12	5	7	
All other occupations	150	18	132	78	31	23	151	56	95	45	28	22

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